14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

REPRESENTATIVE OF UNITED STATES WILL SUPPORT GERMAN CONTENTION AT THE CONFERENCE OVER MOROCCO

Both for Open Door and International Policing of Country.

Now Seems Probable That German View May be Adopted.

Influence of the Vatican is Said to be Against France.

London, Jan. 15.—The Associated Press is advised that Ambassador White representing the United States at the Moroccan conference at Algeciras will support the German contention both as to the open door in Morocco and as to an international commission to control the policing of the country. It is suggested that this may make the adoption of the German view probable particularly in the light of the fact that Russia has shown marked indifference to the appeal of France for support. The influence of the vatican is also understood to be hostile to France.

Algeciras, Spain, Jan. 15.—Amid the roar of the guns of the Spanish warships Mohammed El Torres, the Moroccan minister of foreign affairs, who will represent Morocco in the conference, landed here yesterday afternoon. It was a picturesque scene suggestive of the struggle about to begin among the powers over Morocco. The entire population, made up mainly of throngs of Moors and Spaniards, packed the quays to witness the debarkation of the Moroccan statesman and his suite from the Spanish cruiser Rio Del Plata. The party consisted of sixty-one persons, all richly garbed in flowing white robes and wearing white and red turbans. The Spanish state coaches, which were brought from Seville, received Mohammed El Torres and his suite and took them to a villa alongside those set apart for the British and French delegations.

Gibraltar was another center of activity today, owing to the presence of many fleets. The American blue jackets were conspicuous about the streets, where they fraternized with the British sailors. Many of the American sailors attended the dress parade of the British garrison at the citadel.

The empire of Morocco, an absolute despotism, has been in a state of turmoil for many years past, owing to the natural course of events in a country unrestricted by any laws, civil or religious, and also on account of the steady warfare which the sultan, Mulai Abd-el-Aziz, has had to wage against the pretenders to the throne. This caused a feeling of uneasiness among the Arab tribes in Algeria, the adjoining French territory, and led to efforts on the part of France to assume a guardianship over Morocco. Germany was not willing to unreservedly agree to this, being second only to Great Britain in the extent of her interests in Morocco. In 1902 the imports of the three powers in Morocco were Great Britain $6,210,000, Germany $1,850,000 and France $850,000. The exports of Morocco to the three powers in 1902 were to Great Britain $2,950,000, to Germany $535,000 and to France $85,000.

France, pursuing her Moroccan policy, sent a special mission to Fez last year. Germany and Great Britain did the same. The German emperor went still further. He visited Tangier March 31, 1905 on the imperial yacht Hohenzollern, but remained ashore barely two hours. During that time, he made a speech of which several versions were published. The substance of his majesty's remarks, however, was that he assured the German residents that the sovereignty and integrity of Morocco would be maintained. The same day the French minister of foreign affairs, M. Delcasse, made a magnificent speech in the senate at Paris, during which, after referring to the sultan's weakness and the anarchy resulting therefrom, "prejudicial to everybody and especially to France and Algeria," he declared that "resistance in interested quarters would not cause France to modify her policy" in Morocco. This sentiment called forth vigorous applause.

These utterances aroused both Germany and France and caused excitement throughout Europe, resulting later in a strained state of affairs and in the proposition to hold an international conference on Morocco.

France and Great Britain, April 8, 1904, signed an agreement by which the latter in substance gave France a free hand in Morocco in return for a free hand in Egypt and the settlement of the Newfoundland fisheries disputes. Great Britain also agreed to support France in her Moroccan policy.

But, in the meanwhile, M. Delcasse was compelled to resign June 6, 1905, after directing the foreign affairs of France since June 28, 1898, and Premier Rouvier took the foreign portfolio. Subsequent developments showed that the change in the Foreign Office probably averted war between Germany and France, as the former country was pressing the latter very severely, diplomatically.

After considerable further fencing between Germany and France, those two powers on July 6, 1905, agreed on the basis of a program for the proposed international conference and without entering into details of the reforms proposed it may be said that the main and most dangerous point to be discussed at the conference is the question whether France is or is not entitled to have a special and privileged position in Morocco. This is the vital issue and the minor questions, it has been pointed out, can be adjusted once this point is definitely settled. Germany, it is understood, will seek to secure international control of the police, the customs and other matters, and an "open door" as to commerce.

On Dec. 11 the French government issued a yellow book setting forth its side of the controversy and Jan. 8 the German government publish a white book giving its version of the dispute.

PRESIDENT CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.



WALTER FITCH

Who has been elected president of the Chicago Board of Trade, has been a member of the institution twelve years, served on the directory two years, and during the last twelve months was vice president. He is a member of the firm of Pringle, Fitch & Rankin. Mr. Fitch was born at Fox Lake, Wis., in 1861, and began his business life at Ashland, Wis., as a buyer for the Northern Grain company, in which concern he still retains an interest. He came to Chicago in 1887. His name is on the roster of several clubs and his home is at 4939 Woodlawn avenue. Mr. Fitch is well known and is held in the highest esteem for his many sterling qualities. He has lived for some time in Superior.

TWO MEN ELECTROCUTED BY LIVE WIRES IN THE EAST.

New York, Jan. 15.—Two persons met death in the storm which swept over New York and New Jersey early Sunday. Both were electrocuted by fallen ligthing wires. Sleet, snow and rain, which froze as it fell, created a condition in the streets which threatened to tie up traffic. Many electric lighting, telephone and telegraph wires, heavily coated with ice, gave way under the strain and thrashed about the streets. One man was killed in Long Island City at almost the same time, and another met a similar fate in Newark, N. J.

DID WHITEMAN WORK WITH SETON?

Useless Stock Certificate That Figured in Buffalo Deal.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Norfolk & Western railroad stock was used in Buffalo over a year ago to negotiate a loan of $1,000 by Edward H. Wickwire, who was one of the witnesses in the Whiteman-Boothman cases. It is said by the Watts Detective agency that a certificate for fifty shares was put up for the loan. The certificate was numbered 8280 and the money was borrowed from a Buffalo bank. The Watts Detective agency which investigated the transaction, refused to give out the name of the bank. They say this will not be done unless the authorities in New York desire the information. This stock figures in the alleged big Wall street swindle for which Augustus Seton is under arrest. The note for which this certificate was put up as security was negotiated in July, 1904. The stock of the Norfolk & Western at that time was selling at 90.

The certificate was of the date of January, 1905, and had lost its value because of foreclosure proceedings and a reorganization of the company.

Where he got the certificate Wickwire never explained. He had another certificate for 100 shares which was taken from him by the Watts agency. It is said that within the last six months friends of Wickwire have made attempts to have this certificate returned. No attempt was ever made to prosecute Wickwire. He said he supposed the certificate was good and made good the money to the indorser of the note.

In August, or a month following the negotiation of the note, Wickwire was rested in Rochester for an alleged attempt to pass a check for $1,000 drawn on the raised-draft account in the Fidelity Trust company for which Whiteman and Boothman were arrested and later convicted. He was one of the witnesses against the pair.

Wickwire came here from Lancaster and was connected with the Buffalo Soap company, which organized in 1903 with John O. Moissinac and Joseph Hart among the officers. This company was broken up by the Watts Detective agency. It was at about this time that the valueless shares were floating around.

CUPID WINS ON THIRD DOWN

DeWitt of Yale Weds Character Actress in Iowa.

New York, Jan. 15.—Friends of Clarence DeWitt in this city and Hartford, Conn., were surprised to learn through a wedding announcement published yesterday in the newspapers that the young man had married on Jan. 5 in West Union, Iowa, Miss Eleanor Vaughn Kinsey, a clever character actress.

DeWitt, who has lived in this city, is a graduate of Yale university of the class of '95. After leaving college, where he played halfback on the varsity football team, DeWitt came to this city and engaged in a brokerage business. His parents live in Hartford, Conn. His mother was a Miss Hawley, a cousin of Senator Hawley of Connecticut. In November, 1900, his engagement to Miss Gertrude Wiltbank, daughter of Judge Wiltbank of Philadelphia, was announced, although according to Miss Helen Smythe of this city he must at that time have been engaged to her.

Miss Kinsey is a granddaughter of the late Bishop Vaughn. She is a niece of the late Cardinal Vaughn of London. In February of last year she appeared at Memmerstein's with Walter Dyette of the Stroller's club, in "Wanted—a Groom."

ST. PAUL MAN LOSES LIFE

Is Smothered by Smoke While Sleeping Over a Saloon.

Had Been Taken to Hall Over Saloon By Friends.

St. Paul, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thomas Conley, 38 years old, was burned to death in a fire in the second story of 71 West Third street, at 11:30 o'clock last night. Conley was sleeping in a hall above Charles Hiller's saloon, and was probably smothered by the smoke before he awakened.

His body was not found until the fire was extinguished and the members of the fire patrol were cleaning up.

Conley had been drinking in Hiller's saloon. About 10:30 he was taken to the hall above the saloon, which is used by the Army and Navy union. George Ritter and Frank Smith, who took him up stairs, said he was sleeping when they left him. An hour later fire was discovered.

RELATIONS NOT YET SEVERED

French Charge Has Not Been Withdrawn From Venezuela.

Paris, Jan. 15.—The positive statement was made at the foreign office this morning that diplomatic relations between France and Venezuela have not yet been officially broken off. M. Taigny, the French charge, still remains at Caracas. A rupture, however, is imminent, though the order to sever relations with Venezuela has not been dispatched. All communications, owing to the interruption of direct telegraphic connection with Caracas pass through Washington, with which capital an understanding exists. The American minister, Mr. Russell, will take charge of French interests in Venezuela, when the official notification of the cessation of diplomatic relations is given.

The reports that the French squadron is proceeding to Venezuelan waters are not confirmed, but on the other hand they are not denied, the officials here maintaining the strictest discretion relative to the measures France is likely to adopt.

New York, Jan. 15.—The latest information from Caracas regarding the Critchfield claim against Venezuela, which dispaches from Washingon say will be pressed by the state department, is that is will be satisfactory adjusted between the government of Venezuela and the United States and Venezuela company, which now operates the Critchfield concession, says the Tribune. The claim grows out of the shutting down by the government of the asphalt property "El Inclarte" near Marcaibo, for failure to pay an export tax imposed on the product by President Castro. The claim is for $1,500,000.

FAMILY OF CHICAGO'S MERCHANT PRINCE, MARSHALL FIELD, GATHER AROUND BEDSIDE AWAITING END



LATEST PICTURE OF MARSHALL FIELD.

Well Known Man Dying at Holland House, New York.

Is Stricken With Pneumonia While Visiting the Metropolis.

Physicians Say That Death is But a Matter of Hours.

New York, Jan. 15.—It was admitted at the Holland house where he is a patient ill with pneumonia this morning, that hope for the ultimate recovery of Marshall Field, the Chicago merchant had been generally abandoned. The physicians in attendance, however, refused to commit themselves beyond the statement that Mr. Field's condition was less favorable than yesterday.

At 4 o'clock this morning, one of the physicians who left the patient long enough to have his breakfast served in an adjoining room to the sick chamber, said:

"Mr. Field is no better and no worse than when our last bulletin was issued last night. So far as I can see his condition has not changed since midnight."

Doctors Riggs, James, Janeway and Billings remained at or within easy summons of the bedside of the stricken merchant throughout the night. Preparations to administer oxygen as a last expedient were made and this was taken by those about the hotel to mean that the end was near.

Mr. Field's condition at 10:30 o'clock was practically unchanged save that he was perceptibly weaker, and that his death appeared only a matter of hours. Mr. Field was conscious, however, at that time and all his relatives who are in the city were at his bedside by his request.

Those at Mr. Field's bedside this forenoon were: Mrs. Field, his wife; Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., Stanley Field and Mrs. Stanley Field, Mrs. Henry Dibble, a sister of the sick man; Norman B. Ream, William G. Beale, Paul Morton and Robert T. Lincoln.

Just before 11 o'clock, Dr. Billings, when asked if there had been any change in Mr. Field's condition, replied: "Mr. Field is in extreme danger."

Mr. Field's friends, who were near his bedside all last night, said at noon today that Mr. Field had a good sleep this morning, and awoke from it refreshed, and that this is regarded as a point in his favor.

The following bulletin was issued by Mr. Field's physicians just after 1 o'clock:

"There is no change for the better in Mr. Field's condition. He continues to grow weaker."

IS VERY LOW.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 15.—Rev. W. N. Cleveland, brother of Former President Grover Cleveland, who has been stricken with paralysis, is in an unconscious condition at the home of his son, here, today, and the doctor's verdict is that his death is only a matter of a few hours. He is a retired minister of the Presbyterian church.

WAS WITHOUT ACCOMPLICES

Young Ivins Says That He Murdered Mrs. Hollister Alone.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Richard G. Ivins, self-confessed murderer of Mrs. Franklin C. Hollister, was today subjected to a severe examination by the police in the effort to obtain from him the names of his accomplices, it being thought possible that Mrs. Hollister was kept a prisoner during a part of the day. Ivins declared that he had no accomplices, and that he alone committed the crime. During the examination the aged father of Ivins sat in the room, with the tears streaming down his face, hoping that mitigation of his son's offense might be found in the fact that others were with him at the time the woman was killed. When the examination was concluded, the old man asked his son: "Did you really do this alone?"

"Yes, I did it alone," replied the son.

It is the intention of the police to push the case against Ivins with as much rapidity as possible, and an indictment is expected against him some time today.

BROKER'S LIABILITIES MAY REACH $1,500,000.

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 15.—Regarding the total liabilities and assets of the firm of Denison, Prior & Co., and the chances for a distribution for the creditors, a member of the bankers' committee made the following statement, based on the information gleaned from the books up to the close of the examination Saturday: The indicated liabilities, aside from the forged bonds known to be outstanding, will amount to between $800,000 and $900,000. The indicated assets are between $400,000 and $500,000. There will be a loss to the creditors of about $500,000, according to the outlook and the information in the hands of the committee. In addition to this, there are bond frauds amounting to $700,000 already known, so that the combined deficit will be from $1,250,000 to $1,500,000.

The private safe of Mr. Prior has not been opened, notwithstanding that efforts have been made to force it.



LOST IN THE WOODS.

REFORMS IN THE LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS

That Would Do Much to Guard Policyholders in the Future.

Claimed That, as a System, Insurance Grafting is Now Obsolete.

New York, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Reforms for insurance are being very rapidly, though quietly, worked out in the big companies which were most affected by the public agitation at the close of 1905. With the effacement of Alexander and Hyde, the McCalls and McCurdys as factors, the last obstructions have been removed and the new men who are now in control are unmistakably in earnest in their intention to purge the business of the evils which lately threatened its extinction. Some of the newspapers do not fairly credit the companies with their new purposes, nor acknowledge the good work which is being done; yet when the legislature of New York, in its coming endeavor to ratify the work of the Armstrong committee, settles down to business, it will be found that all the high insurance officials and a large majority of the men holding political places of authority in the premises, from President Roosevelt to Governor Higgins and the members of the legislature, are acting, and intend in the future to act, in the fullest harmony with reform public opinion.

Paul Morton, Charles A. Peabody and Alexander E. Orr are now reconstructing the Equitable, Mutual and New York Life in strictest accordance with the reform views of President Roosevelt and Governor Higgins. Thomas F. Ryan took the initiative in that direction on the day he bought the majority stock in the Equitable from James Hazen Hyde. In the developments attending, and resulting from the Armstrong investigation, Mr. Ryan's influence has been vigorously, if unostentatiously, exerted to bring the insurance business of the country into responsive accord with the national feeling against loose financial practices, graft, the exercise of illegitimate political power and the whole list of public evils which the president has habitually condemned. It has taken the public

(Continued on page 7, first column.)

DULUTH WEATHER.
Snow flurries and much colder, with cold wave tonight; Tuesday, generally fair, with probably zero weather; brisk and high north to northwest winds.

Our January Clearance Sale

A SALE THAT'S THOROUGHLY FAIR



THE public often suffers through sales—goods are often marked at false prices to make the reductions appear greater — oftentimes the regular lines are removed and inferior merchandise substituted. Sales at this store are free from all underhanded methods.

Alfred Benjamin & Co. and Adler Sons & Co. $35.00, $30.00, $27.50, $25 and $22.00 Overcoats now at one price $14.75

$9.75 now buys one of our fancy Overcoats that sold earlier for $20, $18, $16.50 and $15 **$9.75**

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

WIFE TELLS HER STORY

Mrs. Olive Korby Swears She Only Feared John Chesser.

Only Wanted to Get Away From Him and Virginia.

Sitting in the witness chair during all the morning session of court, facing John Chesser, whom she accuses of being the cause of her domestic troubles, and her husband, John Korby, who is suing Chesser for $10,000 for alleged alienation of his wife's affections, Mrs. Olive Korby told the jury of the attentions that Chesser is said to have forced on her.

Mrs. Korby, who is a young and attractive woman, told her story without hesitation and without any seeming reservation. According to her testimony, she never reciprocated Chesser's alleged love for her, but was afraid of him and only borrowed money from him in order to get away from Virginia and his attentions.

She testified emphatically that Chesser was at the bottom of all the troubles of the Korby family and that it was his attentions to herself that angered her husband and finally drove him to drink.

Mrs. Korby related how Chesser began to call at her house to get water and to bring the mail and how the visits increased in frequency until the conditions became such that he stayed around Korby's kitchen pretty much all the time.

She claimed that he used every opportunity to poison her mind against her husband by telling her that Korby did not care for her, that he drank and had hilarious times when away from home.

Mrs. Korby says that these insinuations were kept up so long that finally, when Korby did lapse from sobriety, she began to believe some of the things Chesser told her and determined to leave Virginia, where everybody seemed against her, and go to her sister's at Milwaukee.

She testified that Chesser solicited her time and time again to go out to the Pacific coast with him, quit her husband and establish herself on a claim, and that she finally agreed to, in order to get $50 from him with which to get away from Virginia, not intending any of the time to keep her promise.

Mrs. Korby says that Chesser told her he never knew what love was till he met her and that she was the only woman in Virginia that had any attraction for him. Mrs. Chesser, she said, came to the Korby home on many occasions to get her husband.

Mrs. Korby says that Chesser kissed her three or four times when she was not expecting such a thing, and that when she told him he would get into trouble if he did not let her alone he responded that he was looking for trouble and the sooner it came the better.

One of the remarks that Mrs. Korby credited to Chesser, when she told him she was going to live in Duluth, was: "Every time you talk about Duluth it gives me a weak heart." She says Chesser declared he would move to Duluth if she did.

Mrs. Korby said she told Chesser that he was not to visit the house so often, and that her father and mother, when visiting her, gave him the same warning, but he paid no heed to it. She claimed her husband gave her all the money she needed and wanted, and treated her well up to the time that Chesser brought trouble between them.

Reference was made to her Milwaukee trip, when the Korbys seemed to have become reunited and came back to Duluth to live. Mrs. Korby says they got along all right until Chesser wrote the letter dated Feb. 21, 1905, containing the endearing terms and stating he would rather have her than the $50.

This letter, Mrs. Korby testified, fell into her husband's hands and he read it to her almost daily, the contents causing another break in their domestic happiness. She claimed that she would have nothing more to do with Chesser and even refused to answer the telephones when she knew he was in Duluth.

Mrs. Korby's examination was not finished when the noon adjournment was taken.

DRY WOOD

For Sale at Murray & Jones' Yard, 41st Avenue West.

Red Cliff Lumber Co.

WAS TREATING HORSE CRUELLY

John Miller Held by Indignant Citizens Until Officer Arrived.

Accused of having driven a horse until it was almost ready to drop from exhaustion, John A. Miller, a barber, was arrested by the police yesterday and charged with cruelty to animals.

Complaints were telephoned into police headquarters yesterday by a number of residents in the West end that Miller had been seen driving the horse and whipping it until the animal was dripping with prespiration and completely exhausted. An officer was sent out to look for him, but some citizens took matters into their own hands and held the man until the officer arrived.

He pleaded guilty in court this morning and Judge Cutting fined him $20 and costs with the alternative of spending twenty days in the county jail.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nerve tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

PRESIDENT WILL NOT INTERFERE.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 15.—Advices received from Fort Leavenworth from Washington state that President Roosevelt has declined to interfere with the findings of the courtmartial in the case of Lieutenant Burbank, Sixth Infantry, recently sentenced in the Philliippines to fifteen months imprisonment and dismissal from the army. Burbank was convicted of deserting his Filipino wife who some time ago was granted a divorce and allmony.

1-30th

of the entire Quinine production of the World is consumed every year by the makers of

Laxative Bromo Quinine

"Cures a Cold in One Day"

E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c

CURLERS ALL READY FOR OPENING OF BONSPIEL

Mild Weather Delays Drawings for First Event on Program.

Cold Wave is Coming—Fifty Rinks Will be Entered.

The soft, languorous breezes of Duluth's bana belt clime have swelled the membership in the famous "fireside rink" to abnormal proportions, and some 200 impatient curlers are anxiously watching the mercury and worrying the weather man into an early grave.

The welcome news was given out this morning, however, that a cold wave was expected this afternoon, and that by tonight, or tomorrow morning at least, there would be plenty of weather to satisfy all.

At noon today thirty-four rinks were registered with Secretary Nettleton for the Northwestern Curling association bonspiel, and eight or nine others were either in the city, or on their way here. It is confidently expected that fifty rinks in all will be entered in the spiel by tomorrow night.

The ice at the rink is in fine shape, considering the mild temperature, but the ice committee decided that it would be better not to us it this morning, as it might put it in bad shape for the entire week, whereas if it were left undisturbed, an hour or two of freezing weather would put it in the best of shape. Accordingly, the drawings for the Duluth Curling club trophy were not made this morning. If the cold wave arrives on scheduled time, the first games will be played this evening, but otherwise they will be postponed until tomorrow morning.

Meanwhile the visitors do not seem to be suffering from melancholia. Yesterday afternoon a number of them were taken for a drive to Lakewood to view the Crescent City, and this morning they were occupied in viewing the city.

All visitors have been provided with special membership tickets to the Commercial club, and they are granted all privileges of the club during their stay in the city.

• • •

The little city of Bowesmount, N. D., is represented by two rinks in the bonspiel. The club boasts of sixteen members, and eight of them are in Duluth at the present time. Those that came were apologizing for the absence of the others, saying that they had planned to come, but were unable to leave their business at the last moment. Somebody had to stay behind to run the town during the week, or the entire sixteen would have hit the trail for Duluth. They left the Methodist minister, two merchants, a lawyer, a doctor, an undertaker, a policeman and a judge behind. The rest are "sooping 'er up."

• • •

It fell to the lot of one of Winnipeg's veterans to board a car in charge of a curly haired son of Sweden this morning. The latter had been here but a few brief months, and the Scotch dialect was a new on him.

"Does this car-r-r-r stop at the cur-r-ling r-r-rink?" inquired the Scotchman.

"Eh?"

"Does this car-r-r stop at the cur-r-r-ling r-rink?" repeated the Scotchman, becoming heated at the ignorance of the conductor.

"Ay no tank ve have such a place," responded the conductor.

At this juncture a citizen, who was smoking on the rear of the car, interposed and told the tsranger that the curling rink was on that line.

"Ay tank he better learn to spake English," said the irate conductor, as the Scotchman disappeared inside the car.

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Among the rinks which will bear watching at the spiel are the Pitblado and Braden rinks from Winnipeg and the McLean rink from Holland, Manitoba. The Braden rink has twice won the grand challenge prize at the big Winnipeg bonspiel, and the Holland rink has captured the same trophy once. The Pitblado rink also cuts a considerable quantity of ice among the subjects of King Edward.

• • •

J. M. Lamb, the manager of the Winnipeg baseball club, is among the visitors.

"You have got one of the best arranged curling club houses here, that I have ever seen," he said, "and I have attended a good many bonspiels. The arrangement of having an observation room in the center allowing you to watch both sides, is an excellent idea. The club is certainly to be congratulated on its comfortable quarters."

• • •

Four curlers comprising a rink from Kenora, Ontario, brought along a manager and a man to look after the manager and carry back the prizes.

• • •

The Canucks could be distinguished by their fur coats, fur caps, and the awed manner in which they regarded the slush in the middle of January.

"Too bad we didn't bring along some Winnipeg weather in packages," said one.

"Wait," said a Duluth curler.

• • •

About a dozen rinks are in the city and not yet registered with the secretary, or have been heard from on their way to Duluth. Among them are: one rink from Milwaukee, two from Houghton, one from Hancock, one from Calumet, one from Sault Ste. Marie, one from Minneapolis, one from Virginia, one from Fort William, one from Detroit, Mich., one from Beaver Dam, Wis., and one from Superior. Another Duluth rink will also probably enter the bonspiel before tomorrow.

• • •

Ten Canadian rinks will be available for the big international event on Wednesday. There are four rinks from the Winnipeg Thistles, two from the Winnipeg Granites, one from Fort William, one from Kenora, one from Sault Ste. Marie and one from Holland. They will be opposed by an equal number of American rinks, and the winning side will play down for the trophy.

• • •

The following is a complete list of the rinks and players who had registered with the secretary up to noon today.

WINNIPEG.

Thistles—J. Stalker, J. H. Holman, C. E. Christie, J. R. Gowler, skip.

Thistles—T. G. Heckley, F. Roy, F. Cassidy, D. M. Braden, skip.

Thistles—W. McLean, A. T. Macfarlane, George Broon, Dr. Jameson, skip.

Thistles—J. M. Lamb, H. Gilmour, W. Boggs, George Neil, skip.

Granites—B. W. Latimer, Dr. Howie, E. G. Bassett, J. Pitblado, skip.

Granites—C. W. Wellband, D. Morrison, J. R. Grundy, E. J. Rochon, skip.

MINNEAPOLIS.

Van B. Clark, C. H. Chadburne, James McCutcheon, skip.

A. F. Shuler, J. Hunter, G. K. LaBatt, Sam Hastings, skip.

ST. PAUL.

Capitols—Toni Pratt, J. B. Adamson, W. W. Lorimer, skip.

Capitols—Judge Cory, W. A. Cameron, William Rees, S. F. Fullerton, skip.

Nishkas—H. M. Agnew, Dr. A. McGregor, Charles McGregor, Tom Cameron, skip.

SUPERIOR.

H. E. Stavebury, P. G. Stratton, H. J. Russell, A. K. Smith, skip.

T. B. Mills, R. J. Tipton, Rufus Stephenson, A. H. Grace, skip.

H. E. Rogers, L. A. Nichols, J. S. Gates, James Chisholm, skip.

DULUTH.

S. H. Jones, A. H. Smith, H. Hurdon, R. J. McLeod, skip.

W. C. Sherwood, F. A. Brewer, Joseph Catlin, Ron Smith, skip.

Sam Cleveland, C. F. West, W. E. Magner, J. C. Myron, skip.

E. P. Towne, W. B. Silvey, H. Y. Cutler, C. B. Woodruff, skip.

C. J. McBride or D. J. Cutler, W. L. McLennan, G. F. Mackenzie, H. W. Stocking, skip.

E. D. Field, M. A. McLennan, F. A. Day, Alex Macrae, skip.

C. A. Payne, E. Jacoby, F. R. Kennedy, F. A. Greene, skip.

M. F. Jamar, John Tresise, J. M. Oldham, R. D. Bradley, skip.

H. Feetham, Dr. C. C. Staacke, Roy Hoople, W. R. Dunlop, skip.

WEST DULUTH.

A. Hewitt, Martin Meldahl, M. J. Fillatrault, A. G. Macauley, skip.

L. A. Barnes, Alex Stewart, E. P. Zanft, Dick Hanchett, skip.

BOWESMOUNT, N. D.

Robert Irwin, William Somers, Alex Mitchell, Charles Dunbar, skip.

William McConnell, John McConnell, O. W. Thomson, John Halcrow, skip.

OTHER TOWNS.

Sault Ste. Marie—C. H. L. Jones, J. E. McLurg, George W. Goodwin, C. V. Campbell, skip.

Kenora, Ont.—M. Portlee, G. Pagon, J. P. Lynch, Dr. Sinnarr, skip.

Phillips, Wis.—D. Ivey, C. C. Williams, H. Schmeid, George B. Reedel, skip.

Winnipago City—M. N. Knopf, A. J. Wasgatt, H. W. Kramer, John Sharp, skip.

Holland, Man.—L. F. Sherwin, F. H. Dagg, William Dickson, H. J. McLean, skip.

STRONG EVIDENCE GIVEN AGAINST REV. G. G. WARE

Omaha, Jan. 15.—The trial of Rev. George G. Ware, president of the U. B. I. Cattle company, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government of public lands, was resumed here today. Frank Lambert, one of Ware's alleged co-conspirators, took the stand as a government witness. He fully confirmed the testimony of J. C. Blue, an inmate of the soldiers' home, to the effect that he induced Blue and about twenty inmates of the soldiers' home to file on homesteads and give 99 year leases to the U. B. I. company. Lambert said he paid them $150 each and received from Mr. Ware $50 for each lease secured. This fee he divided equally with Harry Welch, who was aiding him. Welch, who with Lambert pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy some days ago, is expected to testify for the government.

Harmony Hall, Lester Park.

For rent to sleigh ride parties, five dollars private dancing parties, seven dollars including the use of the piano. Zenith 'phone 6035.

RAILWAY COMPANY IS GROWING INDEPENDENT.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—The city of Chicago and the Chicago city railway company, which operates all of the street railways on the South side of the city, have reached a deadlock on the terms upon which the franchises of the company are to be renewed. The negotiations have been in progress for two years and this morning the railway company informed the local transportation committee of the city council that it would not accept the extension ordinance as it has been drawn by the committee and declared also they would not discuss any longer any amendments, which the committee might make.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

UGLY GIRL SHOW.

Tit-Bits: An interesting showman in Milan, who has more than once organized successful beauty shows, recently struck out in a new line by arranging what might be styled an "ugly" show, whereat a number of women and girls competed for three prizes which were offered for the three ugliest competitors. And strange to say, the show was a decided success which goes to prove that, contrary to a common belief, there are some women sufficiently ugly to be conscious of their defect.

There were fourteen competitors and by all accounts every one of them deserved a prize; indeed some one suggested that while considering to whom to award the prizes the judges had worn smoked glasses in order to save their feelings. However that may have been, the winner of the first prize—a young woman of 24—was the wife of a local frame maker and the mother of five children.

In the German town of Haschmann it is an annual custom to award cash prizes to the ugliest girl of the year, also to the most crippled and to the woman of more than 40 summers who has had at least two lovers at different times but lost them.

These prizes are provided by the interest derived from a sum of money left by a wealthy Haschmann philanthropist, and are really intended to encourage local men to marry the ugly, the crippled and the rejected; but in this matter they do not appear to be very effective, though the prize to the ugliest girl generally amounts to about £15, and that to the cripple to some £12, while £10 usually falls to the woman of blighted affection.

HAM TOO OLD.

Boston Herald: Deacon S., a resident of one of the South Shore villages, was blessed with a wife who was very thrifty. One of her rules was that no fresh meat could be bought until all that was already in the house was eaten. The deacon did not exactly like this, and one day he rebelled.

The pastor of his church came home to dinner with him one Sunday, and it so happened that there was only the remains of a ham in the cupboard. It was put on the table. His wife waited for the usual blessing to be asked, and was greatly astonished to see the deacon proceed to serve the ham.

"Why, father," she said, "you have not asked a blessing yet."

"No," he answered, "and I'm not going to ask God to bless that old ham any more."

FREE Credit at Gately's

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

The house of Gately's stands foremost among all clothing and furniture houses. *It does the largest clothing and furniture business in the world.* It is backed not only by the largest capital, but also by the well deserved confidence of all its customers, for it has never *failed to fulfill its promises.* Our slogan has been at all times: *Better goods at cash prices on easy payments.* Do not buy a single article before you look at our goods and compare styles and prices.

GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.



DINING CHAIRS.
Solid oak, highly polished and fancy scrolled high backs with good cane seats — regular price $9 for 6 — special tomorrow

$6.00 for 6

A small payment down.

Buy your family Clothing, Hats, Caps and Shoes here.

AN EXCESS OF IMPORTS

Over Exports is a Feature of Our Trade With France.

Total Commerce For Last Fiscal Year Reached $160,000,000.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Trade of the United States with France differs somewhat from that with many others of the leading countries of Europe. France produces a large proportion of the breadstuffs and provisions required by her own people, and draws also large supplies from her colonies, especially Algeria, with which she has a free interchange of products unrestricted by tariff. Her imports of wheat amounted last year to only about $8,000,000, of which about 70 per cent was drawn from Algeria and Tunis. Her imports of flour amounted to a little over $1,000,000, of which a large part was drawn from Algeria. Her imports of corn amounted to about $7,000,000, of which a less proportion was drawn from her own colonies, more than half of the imports of corn coming from Argentina. Of provisions her imports are small, amounting last year to only about $4,000,000 in value. It is not surprising, then, that in breadstuffs and provisions the exports from the United States to France are and have been for many years small, except in years of abnormal conditions, such, for instance, as 1898, when the value of wheat exported from the United States to France was $32,000,000, against only $185,000 in the immediately preceding year, and $1,675,339 in the year immediately following.

The total commerce between the United States and France, as shown by figures compiled by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, amounts in round terms to $160,000,000, this being the figure of the fiscal year 1905, of which $76,000,000 was the value of exports to France and $90,000,000 imports from that country. This is another peculiarity of our trade with France, that in many years our imports from that country exceed our exports thereto. This fact is explained in part by the fact noted above, that France is not a large importer of breadstuffs or provisions, which have for many years formed an important factor in our export trade, and in part by the fact that France is a large producer o fcertain high-grade manufactures of which we still continue to be large importers, such as velvets, plushes, laces and embroideries of silk cotton, dress goods of silk, wool and cotton; jewelry and cut diamonds; feathers, natural or artificial, and materials for hats and bonnets; chinaware, wines, kid gloves and materials for use in their manufacture, eac.

Only two or three of the other important countries of Europe show less of imports from the United States than of exports to us, and this in the case of Switzerland and Turkey is due in part to the fact that many of the shipments from the United States destined for those countries are billed only to the ports at which they are transferred from steamship to railway, and that our official records of exports to those countries, therefore, fail in many cases to show the entire quantity of merchandise destined to finally reach their consumers; while in the case of Portugal our imports from that country exceed our exports thereto by reason of the fact that she supplies to us large quantities of india rubber drawn from her African colonies. In the case of France, however, our relatively small exports thereto as compared with our imports therefrom are largely due, as above indicated, to the fact that she draws most of her supplies of breadstuffs from her own territory or that of her colonies, and that her manufactures of an artistic character, whether dress goods, jewelry, china and glassware, or paintings and statuary, find a ready and large market in this country.

Of our total exportation of $76,000,000 worth of merchandise to France in the fiscal year 1905, by far the largest items were copper and raw cotton, while the United States produces half the world's copper and three-fourths of its cotton. As a consequence, our exports of copper to France in the fiscal year 1905 amounted to $11,500,000, against $2,500,000 a decade ago, in the fiscal year 1895. Our exports of cotton to France in the fiscal year 1905 amounted to $36,000,000, against $22,000,000 in 1895, and the figures for 1905 would have been much larger but for the low price per pound of exported cotton in that year, as compared with immediately preceding years. In 1904, for instance, the 367,000,000 pounds of cotton exported from the United States to France was valued at $43,000,000, while the 499,000,000 sent to that country in 1905 was valued at but $36,000,000, the quantity in 1905 being considerably more than that of 1904 and the value $7,000,000 less.

Oils, mineral and vegetable, are the next important items in the list of articles exported from the United States to France, and in these trade conditions are also peculiar. France is about the only country of the world which imports her mineral oil in a crude condition, in any considerable quantities at least. Her imports of mineral oil amount to $12,000,000 per annum, and considerably more than half of this is imported in a crude state and refined at home, while most countries importing oil import it in the refined state. Of the 125,000,000 gallons of crude mineral oil exported from the United States in the fiscal year 1905, 47,000,000 went to France and no more than 20,000,000 to any other single country; while of the 951,000,000 gallons of refined mineral oil exported in that year, only 27,500,000 went to France, against 142,000,000 to Germany and 221,000,000 to the United Kingdom. The value of crude mineral oil exported from the United States to France in 1905 was $2,666,333, and of refined oils, including lubricating oil, napthas, and illuminating oil, about $2,500,000, and these figures do not differ materially from those of 1895, when the value of crude oil sent to France from this country was $3,333,000 and of refined oils a little more than $1,000,000.

Agricultural implements hold the next rank after copper, cotton and mineral oils in the value of our exports to France, amounting in 1905 to less than $3,000,000, against about $500,000 in 1895. There has been a steady growth in our exports of agricultural implements to France during the decade, having been $330,197 in 1895, $1,252,167 in 1898, $2,101,697 in 1902, and $2,817,998 in 1905.

Unmanufactured tobacco is about equal in value in 1905 to the item of agricultural implements, but has not shown the growth during the decade that is apparent in the exports of agricultural implements, the value of unmanufactured tobacco sent to France from the United States having been $2,914,420 in 1905, against $2,091,-998 in 1895. Cotton seed oil is also an important item in our exports to France, amounting in 1905 to $2,750,000, against $750,-000 in 1895.

Breadstuffs as already indicated, form a small factor in our exports to France, and have been so continually for many years, except in years of abnormal conditions, when short crops in that country or its colonies have necessitated large importations. The total value of breadstuffs sent to France from the United States in the fiscal year 1905 was but $1,-495,112, against $1,267,251 in 1895, while during the last decade the only year in which the value of breadstuffs exported from the United States to France has been considerable was, as already noted, 1898, when, owing to the shortage of crops in that country, 20,000,000 bushels of wheat, valued at $32,000,000, were exported thereto from the United States, 10,000,000 bushels of oats, valued at nearly $3,000,000, and 11,500,000 bushels of corn, valued at nearly $4,000,000, which brought our total exports to France in that year to $35,-500,000 a figure which has been exceeded but twice in the history of our trade relations with that country.

Provisions exported to France from the United States range between $1,000,000 and $3,000,000 annually, but even these small sums form a large proportion of her imports of provisions, which amount to only about $4,000,000 annually. Wood and manufactures of wood are a much larger item in the imports of France, amounting annually to over $30,000,000, though a considerable part of this is of tropical or subtropical production and drawn largely from her own colonies, the amount supplied by the United States being about $2,500,000 in value in 1905 against a little over $1,000,000 in 1895.

The comparatively slow growth in the exports from the United States to France is due, apparently, to the fact that France is not materially increasing her imports, rather than to any indisposition upon her part to import from the United States. The imports of France for the consumption of her own people were, in 1884, $826,-000,000 and in 1904, $868,000,000. During that period of twenty years there has been, of course, more or less fluctuation, the imports falling in some years as low as $718,000,000 and on two or three occasions exceeding $900,000,000, but considering the period as a whole imports show but a slight growth, while the exports of the United States to France in that same period show an increase of 50 per cent, the figures for 1884 being, in round terms, $51,-000,000, and in the fiscal year 1905, the share supplied by the United States of the imports of France has slightly increased. The official figures of the French government show that the imports of France from the United States formed, in 1894, 8.5 per cent of the total imports and, in 1904, 10.7 per cent of the total imports.

Turning to the question of our own imports from France, the figures for 1905 show a larger total than in any year in the history of our trade with that country except the years 1883 and 1903, being in round terms $90,000,000 in 1905 against $61,000,000 in 1895 and $57,000,000 in 1885. This large and growing importation from France consists, as above indicated, chiefly of such high-grade articles of manufacture that they may not be improperly classed as specimens of art work, whether in the form of paintings, statuary, china, glassware, or manufactures of silk, wool or cotton. In cotton laces and embroideries, for example, the imports from France have steadily grown from over $1,000,000 in 1895 to over $6,000,000 last year, and of silk laces, embroideries, velvets, plushes, ribbons, piece goods, etc., a total of more than $16,000,000 was imported in 1905 compared with about $11,-000,000 in 1895. In chinaware the imports of the year from France are above $5,000,-000 against $1,333,000 a decade earlier; of jewelry and cut diamonds, nearly $7,000,-000 against $1,500,000; of glass and glassware, about $1,000,000; art works, about $1,500,000. In addition to these there are woolen goods, including cloths, dress goods and clothing, amounting to about $3,000,000; gloves, about $2,000,000; hides and skins, more than $4,000,000, of which over one-half were goat skins; vegetable oils, over $1,500,000, of which nearly one-half is olive oil; raw silk, about $2,000,000; wines, over $6,000,000, chiefly champagne and other sparkling wines; feathers, dressed and undressed, colored and uncolored, something more than $1,500,000, while chemicals amount to about $3,500,000.

Imports from France formed, in the fiscal year 1905, 8.96 per cent of the total importations into the United States, and exports to that country in the same year formed 5.01 per cent of the otal exports from the United tSates. France's figures show that imports from the United States in 1904 formed 10.72 per cent of her total imports, and that exports to the United States formed 5.63 per cent of her total exports. Of the total imports of France from all parts of the world 18.15 per cent is foodstuffs, 63.57 per cent raw materials for use in manufacturing, and 18.48 per cent manufactures. Of her total exports of domestic products to all parts of the world, 57 per cent is manufactures.

ROMANCE IN LIFE OF AMELIA GUNTON

Is Revealed By Two Suits Filed in New York.

New York Jan. 15.—The tragedy in the romance of Mrs. Amelia R. Gunton, whose husband, Prof George Gunton, divorced her in order to wed Mrs. Rebecca Lowe, a younger woman, was revealed by two suits she filed against him.

The first Mrs. Gunton is a white-haired woman more than 70 years old, sixteen years Prof. Gunton's senior. She was a widow with two children when she married Gunton in 1887. She was a student of economic questions. One of her friends was writing an important book, but died before it was finished. It was decided that Gunton, who was then a struggling young writer on economics and labor matter, was the one to complete the book.

Mrs. Amelia Gunton, her friends assert, went so far as to lay out a course of reading for Gunton to fit him for his new task. They collaborated on the work and were thrown much together. Finally the widow consented to become Mrs. Gunton. She aided him financially, assisted him in his studies and helped him write his books.

Trouble did not loom up until after the election of Mrs. Rebecca Lowe of Atlanta to the presidency of the National Federation of Women's clubs. The professor and Mrs. Lowe met at the Los Angeles convention in 1902.

After the convention Mrs. Lowe came to New York and took apartments in an expensive hotel and Prof. Gunton was a frequent visitor. As soon as Mrs. Amelia Gunton learned of the visits she protested. Finally Mrs. Gunton went to see Mrs. Lowe herself and, it is said, there was a scene, which was followed on June 10, 1903, by a break between Prof. Gunton and his wife. He went to South Dakota, obtained a divorce and then married Mrs. Lowe.

Then Mrs. Gunton No. 1 began two suits, one for legal separation from Prof. Gunton, contending that the divorce he obtained from her in South Dakota in 1903 is invalid and his subsequent marriage to Mrs. Rebecca Lowe therefore void. The other is for damages from Rebecca Lowe Gunton for alienating the affections of Prof. Gunton.

Justice Gildersleeve in the supreme court decided that the summonses in the suits were served legally when they were thrown into an automobile in which the Guntons and a woman friend were riding.

The papers landed in the lap of the woman friend.

TWO MORE MURDERS OCCUR IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Two more murders were added last night to the long list of crime that has taken place in this city of late. Anton Spychalsky, who was attacked by two robbers at the corner of Washington boulevard and Sangamon street showed fight and was shot. He died two hours afterwards. Jos Kane was attacked by bandits at the intersection of May and Randolph streets and so terribly beaten that he died within a short time.

Moneyweight Scale Co.

Dayton scales—56 different kinds. Highest award and gold medal St. Louis World's Fair 1904.

G. C. ADAMS, Sales Agent.

Winthrop Blk., Cor. Fourth Ave. West and First St., Duluth, Minn.

D. E. H., Jan. 15, 1906.



A WARM SPIEL!

It takes "cauld, cauld frosty weather" for a roaring hot game, and the long-established reputation of Duluth for furnishing first-class rinks for "tee parties" during six months of the year is being swept into the Banana Belt. The curlers are likely to become cursers, unless the weather man hurries along with the cold wave which he is kind enough to predict for tomorrow.

The visitors to the Bonspiel have the deep-felt sympathy of the dealers in clothing and coal. Here we are with an offer of every cloth and fur coat at January price reductions that make the purchase of the finest Stein-Bloch coats easy to every one and all we can do is to sell nice shirts, fine ties and new hats, because no one even buttons his overcoat these warm January days.

Our friends from Canada will find that we sell elegant American shirts and neckwear for a third less than they are obliged to pay for them in Winnipeg, and we advise them to take a supply home.

For the benefit of the home curlers we imported a lot of genuine Scotch "Prince Charlie" Caps. They cost $1.50 in Winnipeg and although we had to pay Uncle Sam about 90 per cent duty we are selling them to members of curling clubs for $2.00 a cap.

Don't forget that our January clearing price for our finest $25 and $28 Stein-Bloch suits is only $17.50.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: Walk in Hanan Shoes.

WHERE IS THE PROFIT?

Rev. M. S. Rice Addresses Pertinent Words at His Revival Meeting.

Dr. Rice preached last evening to an immense audience at the First Methodist church from Matt. xvi.: "For what is a man profiteth, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul?" He spoke in part as follows: "'What shall a man give in exchange for his soul?' Great question this. It goes straight to our attention. You may say that text is threadbare from use. I know it would be impossible for me to choose a more familiar passage than it. And still that fact is but a tribute to the fact that here sure may be found valuable fact. Men go in never diminishing companies where truth is found. Best things are never too old to be good. When I see pavements worn into grooves by multiplied roll of heavy wheels, I know that there has rolled the business of the city. In the stone floor of Westminster Abbey paths have been worn by the multitudes who have walked past famous graves. Where many men go, there is something worth finding out. Well, this old text has many marks of favor upon it. It is the center point of many Christian lives. I heard a woman say once, she was converted by simply seeing that printed on a placard. I witnessed the conversion of a man one night, a result of simply reading that. I am very sure that the day has never been when the sentiment here couched was so apt in its meaning as it is this very day. It needs to be shouted about the earth. Men are riding this down, to despair, and then after the consummation of their hungry ambition has been reached, they sit down to hold their aching brows in tired hands and looking at their treasures and recognizing the price they have paid, they ask in deep earnest, perhaps all in secret, but asked just the same, what has it profited me?

"The principle contained in this text is very open and direct. All fundamentals of religion are evident. The things over which our theologians worry us are not the vital things of our salvation. This is vital. The other day, standing on a street of a city in conversation with a gentleman, a poor miserable, wretched-looking man hobbled his weary way by us and was soon lost in the rapidly changing crowds of the busy streets, and the question that leaped to both our lips was, is life worth living to him! And suddenly there clattered by the fine carriage of a man of wealth. We saw the attention of the passing crowds turned on the man in the carriage. We saw the other pushed out of the way and cursed because he could not get out of the way any more promptly, and naturally said, 'After all, what profiteth it, or what does the world really think it profiteth?' Either the world is wrong, or this word is wrong. And in the seeming defiance of the strenuous effort of our determined day, the proposition put directly and fearlessly by this text is, 'What would be the net profit to a man, even if he gained the world, and lost his soul?' That's very personal. Ah, my dear friends, if you will but follow the indirect reasoning so finely concealed in this fine clause, you will discover that the secret lies here why men so often chafe under the things of this world. Thou art so big that measure rods of an earth cannot space thee. And the philosopher that God has driven into the text is bound up in that. What can be the wages of a sould expressed in world terms, 'What profit, oh my soul?' The infinite in us all scourges us and clamors at us, as we endeavor to cover it up with the celods of the finite. 'The still small voice of human greatness is awfully piereing when it cries from under neglect.'"

At the close of the sermon, a male quartet of young men sang a very beautiful selection.

The special meetings will be continued every evening this week except Saturday. Dr. Rice will deliver a sermon on each occasion.

Association Prosperous.

A very prosperous condition of affairs is shown by the annual report of the Duluth Firemen's Relief association which was filed with the city clerk this morning.

The association has a balance of $86,458.50 invested in United tSates bonds and first mortgage loans.

The soothing and comforting effects of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, when applied to piles, sores, cuts, boils, etc, subdues pain almost instantly. Sold by all druggists.

Great Clearance Sale at TREADWELL SHOE STORE.

Greatest Shoe Bargains ever offered. This is positively on every pair of shoes in the store. Note big discount on all goods:

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $5.00 and $6.00 Shoes in the store at	$3.79
Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $4.00 Shoes in the store at	$3.15
Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $3.50 Shoes in the store at	$2.90
Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $3.00 Shoes in the store at	$2.48
Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $2.50 Shoes in the store at	$1.98
Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $2.00 Shoes in the store at	$1.79

This sale is genuine and includes the best makes of shoes in this country. Sale begins Tuesday, Jan. 16, at 9 a. m. Some discounts on all Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's Shoes. Rubber and Felt Shoes at less than cost. Attend the shoe sale at the leading shoe store.

Treadwell Shoe Store,

DULUTH—SUPERIOR.

WEST DULUTH

SPEAKS ON GLADSTONE

Rev. R. J. Mooney Takes English Statesman as Sermon Subject.

Much Fun Scheduled for Samaritan Installation —Other News.

At Holy Apostles Episcopal church, Rev. Roderick J. Mooney preached before a large audience on "William E. Gladstone." The text was from Ecclesiastis xxii, 3: "Fear God and Keep His Commandments; for this is the whole duty of man." He said in part:

"These words are the epitome of a great life, pre-eminent in all the qualifications which stand for the overcoming of obstacles and the commanding of the respect of the world. The Divine Master's ambition for all is that they be great. Greatness is altogether too big a thing to be mortgaged to the few. The greatness to which I allude is the reward of the life which does great things, as the Bible would define them. True greatness is in a private virtue removed from the notion of pomp and vanity. Mr. Gladstone, being asked on one occasion to name the marked change in his time, replied, 'In the decay of the sense of sin.' No man or woman can be great who entertains a decayed sense of sin. In the analysis of William E. Gladstone's greatness the lines are clearly drawn.

"He was the child of Godly and common sense parents. His father is described as one of the men that 'whatsoever his hand found to do, he did it,' and did it to the very best of his ability. His mother was a rare combination of the sweetness, piety and genuine Christian womanhood. They taught their boy to be God-fearing, orderly and conscientious.

"His life was that of a most scientific type of Christian. Everything with him was brought to the bar of wisdom. Unselfishness was his charming virtue. He gave religion a paramount place in his life. He rigorously reserved the Sunday for religious purposes. Theologically he stood for scientific Christianity.

"He had a popular love for power, but it was not the vulgar eagerness for place or pay. He was a large man, and needed a large place to exercise his gifts. He was at his best in his home. There every glory of his life shone with effulgence, the very incarnation of devotion to wife and children. Nothing which was for the betterment of home, or that could add to its legitimate pleasure, was too small to demand of him the fullest attention.

"After a splendid life, it is singuar how clearly the great Italian poet describes the closing day of his life, where he writes, 'And the noble soul is like a good mariner, for when he draws near the port, he lowers his sail and enters it softly, with gentle steerage.'"

SAMARITANS INSTALL.

Many Doings Scheduled at Wade's Hall For Installation.

Tonight there will be held a joint installation of officers of the West Duluth Council, No. 4, Modern Samaritans and the sister lodge, Beneficient Degree, at Wade's hall. An excellent program has been prepared after when there will be a dance.

The officers to be installed are: West Duluth Council, No. 4—Good Samaritan, M. J. Filiatrault; vice good samaritan, J. H. Cook; scribe E. D. Nickerson; treasurer, W. A. Pond; high priest, J. A. Scott; levite, J. H. Erickson; inkeeper, F. E. Watson; chief messenger, John Cashin; junior messenger, Joseph Beck; centurion, F. E Beeren; watchman, A. J. Briggs.

Beneficent Degree—Lady good samaritan, Anna Cook; vice good samaritan, Caroline Hanchett; high priestess, Bertha Norman; chief messenger, Minnie Anderson; junior messenger, Helma Henderson; levite, Ellen N Salter; centurion, Lena Booren; watchman, J. H. Cook.

Foresters Install.

A joint installation of court West Duluth and Companion Court Earnest Workers, Independent Order of Foresters, at Carlson's hall. The following officers were installed:

Court West Duluth, No. 797: Chief ranger, C. H. Mathews; vice chief ranger, J. E. Brotherton; recording-secretary, George C. O'Brien; financial-secretary, A. R. Armstrong; treasurer, Louis Gramzou; court deputy, Chris Burk; physician, Dr. D. Graham; senior woodward, Ben Grosheck; junior woodward, R. Gerlack; junior beadle, Emil Krause; senior beadle, John Peterson.

Companion Court, No. 228, Earnest Workers: Chief ranger, Mrs. Mammie Armstrong; vice chief ranger, Josaphene Haleen; recording-secretary, Mary Petruschke; financial-secretary, Eliza Brotherton; orator, Clara Gibbons; treasurer, Nancy Walton; court deputy, Anna Zell; junior woodward, Paulina Jewett; senior woodward, Regna Powell; junior beadle, Mary Kruger; senior beadle, Sarah Clancey. Refreshments were served, followed by cards and dancing.

Prof. C. O. Larson of Chicago to Sing.

The choir and male quartett of the Third Swedish Baptist church are preparing for a grand song festival to be held Wednesday evening, Jan. 31, at the church. Through efforts of Rev. C. A. Alden, the choir has secured, as their main attraction, Prof. C. O. Larson of Chicago. Prof. C. O. Larson has delighted large audiences in West Duluth before with his rich baritone voice and skilled piano playing, and will be welcomed in general by lovers of music. The program for the festival promises to be one of the most attractive yet rendered at the church. The choir will be assisted by the male quartett of the church, Prof. C. O. Larson, Mrs. J. H. Jern and other local talent.

Celebrate Success.

The Irving School Alumni association will celebrate its success as minstrels by giving a sleigh ride to its members and those who assisted them in getting up its show, next Friday evening. They expect to have three sleighs and will meet at the Irving school at 7:30 and drive to the home of Prof. S. A. Foster, at Lakeside, where refreshments will be served. Those who have the management of the affair request all intending to go to leafe word at Spencer's or Nygren's pharmacy.

The Finest Cafes at Head of the Lakes Are in connection with

The Spalding and Hotel Superior

Special Monthly Rates for the Winter now in effect at both Hotels.

American or European Plans.

Republican Club Meets.

At the meeting of the Republican club Saturday night plans were laid for work in the Eighth ward. J. E. Foubister was indorsed as Republican nominee for alderman and was pledged the hearty support of the club. Speeches were made by Thomas Olafson, Alderman William Chesney, Alderaman L. A. Barnes, G. J. Mallory and J. E. Foubister. Thomas Olafson was elected ward manager for the Republican campaign and as he has been very prominent in the political field for many years the club is confident that under his leadership it will make a good showing.

West Duluth Briefs.

John Myers and son left today for St. Paul, where he expects to spend two weeks' vacation with relatives.

Miss T. Brophy left this morning for Abbottsford, Wis., to attend her sister who is very sick.

A boy was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Peter.

Nels Wilner, a young farmer from Kilsey, Minn., was in town. He intended to meet Carl Mattson, the champion wrestler of the Northwest, but after witnessing the Mattson-Johnson match, he has given up that idea as he says the methods used by him and professionals are somewhat different.

The Ladies Aid society of the Congregational church will meet on Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Fargo.

Miss Alice Bailey returned to Carlton this morning after a short visit with her parents.

The Christian Endeavor of the Westminster Presbyterian church will give a sleigh ride to New Duluth this week.

A. P. Freeburg of 216 North Sixty-fourth avenue west has recovered after a week's illness with grip.

John Winness is in town from his camp at the forty-six mile post on the Duluth & Iron Range.

Sam Fredrickson is visiting his family, after a month's absence at the ninety mile post on the Duluth, Massabe & Northern, where he is running a logging camp. He reports good prospects for a large turn-out of logs, and says he has just closed a nice contract for mining timber.

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Rev. Father Forget of Montreal brother of the late Albert Forget, left yesterday after a week's visit with relaitves.

Charles Gasper of Fond du Lac, whose death is noticed in another column, died of cerebral hemorrhage resulting from cerebros meningites from which he had suffered for some time. Cerebral tumor mentioned as the cause of death is erroneous.

De Witt's Little Early Risers simply expel all putrid matter and bile, thus allowing the liver to assume normal activity. Good for the complexion. Sold by all druggists.

LINCOLN PARK ROLLER RINK!

Series of three Skating Races for Championship of the Northwest.

WIGGINS vs. MATTHEWS.

Jan. 15—Monday, 2 mile race.
Jan. 17—Wednesday, 1 mile race.
Jan. 19—Friday, pursuit race.

HEIDE GIVES PLEASURE.

Violinist is Given Warm Reception at Sunday Band Concert.

The seven numbers and the numerous encores given by the Third Regiment band at the Lyceum yesterday afternoon seemed to thoroughly appeal to the large audience which gave ear. The audience filled the parquet and dress circles to their full capacity and over-flowed into the family circles where quite a number sat.

The violin solos by Harold Heide, who was the feature, were certainly superb and the audience seemed to appreciate it to the full. He was down for a double number, the beautiful "Romanza Andaluza" by Sarastae and "Ave Marie" by Schubert-Wilhelmi and when he had finished a perfect storm of applause demanded another number. He responded and again at the close the applause broke forth with greater energy than before and a second encore had to be given before the audience would cease its demands.

As to the rest of the program there were four "first time" numbers and two repeated by request. Whoever requested the repetition of the two numbers, showed good taste. One was that exquisite little intermezzo "Forget-Me-Not" and the other was a magnificent grand selection from "Attila," Verdi's splendid masterpiece. Both of these were excellently played. An overture "Hungarian Comedy" and a pretty air "Language of the Roses" were two of the "first time" contributions that pleased. They were deserving of the applause they received. A march from "Tannhauser" completed the program.

Dyspeplets Quickly relieve Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nausea, and all other discomforts of indigestion and dyspepsia. Sugar-coated tablets. 10c. or 25c. Druggists or by mail.

Catarrlets Give instant relief in Nasal Catarrh—allay inflammation, heal mucous membrane, sweeten breath. Best gargle sore throat. 50c. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

If Made by Hood It's Good.

RAILROADS

STOP FREE CARRYING

Express Companies Decide to Stop Dead-heading of Matter

Rule Will Save Operating Companies Much Money.

Local offices of railway express companies have been notified that, beginning today, a rule goes into effect throughout the country abolishing the dead-heading of matter except for railroads which have contracts requiring it. This is another blow to free business in the transportation line, which was hard hit recently by Eastern railroad companies forbidding the issuance of passes and similar favors.

The new rule is sweeping in its scope, and is directly in line with the policy of transportation concerns to cut down to the narrowest margin the free business that heretofore has been a feature of operation. The decision of the railway express companies is the result of the steady growth of free business, which has been accompanied by extraordinary demands from interests of every description, and the further fact that several states have passed laws prohibiting the carrying of express matter free.

The companies which have decided to put the rule into effect include the Adams, National, Nortern Pacific, Pacific, Wells-Fargo, United States and Southern Pacific. It is expected that the Great Northern and Globe companies will take similar action.

Requests for "dead-heading" have been made upon express companies during a long period of years. For a long time officials of the different concerns have sought a means for at least checking the growth of the practice, and numerous remedies were suggested and tried. All of them failed, however.

It was at last decided that the time for temporizing and half-way measures had gone by. Any trimmings or reductions in the amount of free business, it was agreed among the officials, would immediately result in charges of discrimination and the making of enemies. In order that uniform action might be taken, it was decided that the separate rules issued by each company, which differ in a number of particulars, but in the main cover the same ground, should go into effect today. Franks will be issued as usual to officials of railroad companies over whose lines express matter is sent, and the rule will not apply to roads having contracts requiring the issuance of franks.

As an outcome of the new rule it is estimated that more than $1,000,000 will be added to the treasuries of the railway express companies every year. In Duluth alone the increase will amount to several thousand dollars yearly.

SNOW INDICATIONS.

Weather Man Says Railroads Haven't Much Cause for Worry.

The railroad men are watching the snow indications with anxious eyes, and wondering whether the storm will attain to very serious proportions. Weather Forecaster Richardson says the snow flurries will probably continue tonight, but that a blizzard is not looked for, although a high wind that is expected to develop from the northwest, will probably drift what loose snow there is pretty badly.

A storm just now, with enough snow to interfere with traffic on the railroads, would be a hard blow, for the several lines have all the business they can attend to, and any obstacles weather might put in their way would result in a serious tangle. The roads have been peculiarly fortunate thus far this winter so far as bad weather is concerned. Only two storms have interfered with operations, and their effects lasted only a day or two, where last winter one storm along about the first of the year, with high wind and drifting snow, almost tied up the freight departments for a week or two, and seriously interfered with passenger business for some time.

The wind is expected to develop late tonight or early tomorrow, and with it will come zero weather, according to Forecaster Richardson.

Milwaukee Extension.

The Milwaukee road has put in operation a new piece of track between Armour and Stickney, S. D., a distance of twenty-one miles.

TO VINDICATE BYRON'S WIFE.

The Poet's Grandson, Earl of Lovelace, Writes a Book.

London, Jan. 15.—One of the greatest literary sensations of recent years is likely to follow the revelation of the contents of a book written for private circulation by the earl of Lovelace about his grandfather, Lord Byron. Lovelace's mother was Ada, Byron's only legitimate child, and the object of the earl is to vindicate his grandmother, the poet's wife, concerning whom the opinion has become stereotyped, owing to the general trend of Byronic literature, that she caused Byron's exile and wrecked his career by her harsh, unsympathetic attitude.

Lord Lovelace's reply is the astounding disclosure that the allegation, made originally in 1870 by Harriet Beecher Stowe, of Byron's relations with his half-sister, Augusta, whom he met only when both were grown up and she was married, rested not on suspicion or malicious gossip, but upon a confession made to Lady Byron by Augusta herself, and that Lady Byron thereupon justifiably refused ever to see her husband again, but out of consideration for Augusta, to whom she ever afterward remained a devoted friend, she preserved inviolate their dreadful secret, bearing in heroic silence criticisms and misrepresentations which a word from her could instantly have dispelled.

The earl of Lovelace is now 66 years old, a man of rather morose and eccentric disposition, and evidently consumed by virulent animosity toward Lord Byron's memory.

Apart from the appalling charge he solemnly makes on what he claims to be irrefutable evidence, he bitterly assails Byron's character generally, asserting that, as known through Byronic literature, it is purely fictitious, a creation made to suit booksellers' requirements.

Byronic authorities are profoundly agitated by Lovelace's revelations and refuse to accept them without fullest inquiry, but it always has been recognized, not only from the theme of "Manfred" and other writings of the poet, and, most of all, because of John Murray's destruction of Byron's diary, an act Augusta strongly encouraged, if not solicited, that the mystery surrounding this painful episode in the poet's life never has satisfactorily been dissipated.

A BIG SUBSCRIPTION.

Paris Over-Subscribes for Arizona & Eastern Stock.

The Arizona & Eastern Consolidated Mining company has scored a great hit in Paris. An offer to take over $40,000 worth of the company's stock was submitted to a Paris banking house a few months ago. The bankers secured an option on the stock, subject to an investigation. Their expert has made his report and Sunday the contracts arrived for signature.

When Maj. DeLestry, secretary and general manager of the company, opened the letters he was astounded at their contents. One of the clauses read as follows:

"Major, you must exercise a little more patience. We could not think of floating an issue involving so large a sum of money without making an investigation. This investigation has proven quite satisfactory, and we have offered the stock to our clients at par. Instead of $40,000, we have a total subscription exceeding $80,000. How much of the over subscription will you accept? We insist, however, that you do at once advance the price in your country to par. We are ready to call in the money as soon as you sign and return enclosed contracts."

This is a great triumph for Maj. DeLestry, who has been the soul and only hard worker the company has had. In accordance with the terms of the contracts the price of stock will be advanced to par on next Saturday evening, but the stock will be taken off the market as far as the company is concerned. It has accepted $60,000 of the deal, which, with the other funds, will give the company nearly $80,000 working fund.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The Sale *of* Fine Fur Boas *and* Fur-lined Coats at Exactly Half Price

brought throngs of people to our store Saturday, and many fine bargains were snapped up—in fact we had difficulty in waiting on the trade. The sudden announcement of such radical reductions on so staple an article as furs took many by surprise, and although hundreds attended the sale Saturday we look for even greater crowds this week. Nothing is reserved—your pick of our entire stock at exactly half of regular prices. And remember that The Silberstein & Bondy Company guarantee is back of every piece bought. The sale continues all this week.

The Sale of White

enters on its second week with promise of renewed brisk selling and enthusiasm. Everybody is talking of the lovely undermuslins on the third floor—and the linens—towels, napkins, bedspreads and other household needs—besides the hundreds of yards of fine white materials. The list tomorrow is condensed, with new items added, so your interest will not lag a single moment.

WHITE FABRICS.

Special Lot—Imported Mercerized Waistings—soft effect—dainty small designs—value 35c—special **25c yard.**

Special Lot—Imported Swisses. The latest effects—checks with dots, stripes with dots—value $1.00—special, **75c yard.**

Special Lot—Irish homespun linen suitings. For suits and dresses, 28 inches—value 50c—special, **39c yard.**

Special Lot—Imported French Madras. The new effects. Beautifully mercerized—value 50c—special, **39c yard.**

Special—Extra fine quality Victoria Lawn—45 inch. Pretty linen finish—value 35c—special, **25c yard.**

LINENS.

2½x2½ yards—Fine Damask pattern cloths. Excellent new designs—value $10—special **$8.00.**

27 inch Napkins to match—value $10—special, **$8.50 dozen.**

72 inch Fine Bleached Satin Damasks, New, large designs. Soft and free from dressing—value $2.00—special, **$1.50 yard.**

24 inch Napkins to match—value $6.00—special, **$4.85 dozen.**

36 inch Fine Bleached Damask Tea Cloths—value $2.00—special, **$1.35.**

24 inch Fine Bleached Damask Napkins—value $5.50—Special, **$4.00 dozen.**

18x54 inch Plain Round Thread Linen Scarfs—Hand-stitched, pure linen—value $1.25—special, **89c each.**

18x27 inch Bleached Damask Tray cloth. Pure linen—dainty designs—value 65c—special, **49c each.**

Dress Goods Sale.

Many additional lots will be found in the collection for this week's selling. Come before the best values are all gone. Some of the choice snaps are as follows:

75c Colored Cheviots—for	50c
$1.25 fancy mixtures—for	69c
$1.25 54-inch Meltons—for	75c
$1.50 black and colored Panamas—for	$1.00
$1.50 Mannish Suitings—for	$1.00
$1.75 Satin Cheviots in black and colors—for	$1.00
$1.75 54-inch Suitings—for	$1.25
$2.50 Rain Proof Suitings—for	$1.50

LININGS.

35c values in mercerized Satins, full line of colors—at 25c
25c values in Spun Glass linings—at 15c

MORE NEW WASH FABRICS.

New Organdies in all the new shades—20c yard.
New Silk Mulls—washable, soft and dainty—75c yard.
New Batistes, in dots—small and large effects—18c yard.
New Tartan plaids and checks. Mercerized—25c and 45c yard.
New Chiffonettes—plain colors. All popular shades—25c yard.
New Linens in all the popular shades—20c to 75c.
New Ginghams in checks, stripes and plaids—in all the new color combinations—10c and 12½c yard.
New Zephyr Ginghams in the new stripe and plain effects—12½c yard.

The Store of Quality — Silberstein & Bondy Company — The Store of Quality

DISPOSED OF CASE QUICKLY

Jury Hears Evidence and Returns Verdict in Two Hours.

The suit of Emma Swanson against M. Gernet was called for jury trial in Judge Dibell's room this morning and by noon a verdict had been returned in favor of the defendant. The action was one in which it was sought to recover a balance claimed to be due in wages as cook.

In the same court room there was started for trial, this afternoon, the personal injury case of Rudolph Franovich against Butler Brothers. This case was brought on for trial last term, but was not completed, being taken from the jury and continued over the term.

The jury in the damage action of William Everett against the Great Northern Railway company retired shortly after 9:30 o'clock this morning and had not reached an agreement at a late hour this afternoon.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

AMUSEMENTS.

Star Lecture Course

Friday evening, Jan. 19, First Methodist Church,

GOV. J. FRANK HANLY.

of Indiana.

Lecture: "The Patriotism of Peace."

Tickets for course of six, $2; single admission, 50c. Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

THE
GOLDEN RULE
Money's Worth or Money Back.

300 Pairs of Men's Arctics, regular price $1.25, special for tomorrow—

89c

Women's, Misses' and Children's Rubbers at greatly reduced price. All sizes on hand.

GLEE CLUB AT BANQUET

Many Svea Singers Gather Around the Festive Board.

Two Hundred and Fifty Persons Are Present at Affair.

Sweden's clear flag, the one that has been flying over her possessions since her falling out with Norway, was unfurled with considerable ceremony and applause at the annual banquet of the Svea Glee club in Kalamazoo hall last evening, when 250 members and guests sat down to the tables. This is the first clear Swedish flag to be unfurled in Duluth.

It was distinctly a Swedish-American affair, and all of the speeches and musical numbers were contributed by Americans who were either born in the old country or in these United States, of Swedish parents.

The unfurling of the flag was the feature of the occasion. The Svea quartet sang Wennerberg's "Hor Oss Svea," at the conclusion of which the clear, beautiful flag was unfurled and waved over the heads of the cheering throng. Three rousing cheers for Sweden and three for the Svea Glee club were given.

The principal speakers of the evening were Joseph Nylander, director of the Swedish Dramatic society; John Brandt, Oscar Lonnegren, O. N. Lundberg, Karl J. Lundberg, who also gave a piano solo; A. L. Norberg and G. E. Lundberg, who told some short stories.

Vocal numbers were contributed by Roy Pryle, John Wallen, Mr. Olson, Joseph Linander and the Svea Glee club quartet and Charles Hilmar gave a beautiful cornet solo.

The hall was handsomely decorated with Swedish and American flags, and an excellent portrait of King Oscar was hung in a prominent place. Editor Lindstrand of the Duluth Posten was toastmaster.

MIDDY COFFIN IS DISMISSED

Secretary Bonaparte Approves Findings of the Courtmartial.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Secretary Bonaparte today approved the sentence of dismissal imposed by court-martial at Annapolis in the case of Midshipman Trenmor Coffin on conviction of hazing and ordered his dismissal from the academy.

Annapolis, Jan. 15.—The trial of the case of Midshipman John P. Miller, first class, on the charge of hazing fourth classmen was resumed today. Miller is a leading student in the class which will graduate on Feb. 12 next, and is also captain of one of the companies.

The next case to be tried is that of Miner Meriweather, Jr., charged with hazing in six instances. Meriweather is serving a sentence of one year's confinement to the academies grounds for offences connected with a fight with Midshipman James R Branch. The latter died two days after the fight.

Later, the court announced a verdict had been found and it will be forwarded to the superintendent of the naval academy. At 2 o'clock Midshipman Miner Meriweather, Jr., was brought before the court.

ENGINEER VISITS DULUTH.

G. H. Banks of Houghton Tells of Work on New Bridge.

George H. Banks, of Houghton, Mich., junior engineer in local charge of the government work on the Portage Lake canals, arrived in the city this morning to spend several days at Major Charles L. Potter's office in connection with the canal statistical report. Mr. Banks says that the ice is about eight or nine inches thick on the big lake but only about seven inches thick in the canal where the new railroad bridge is being constructed between Houghton and Hancock. A small force of men is at work at the present time, but everything is being put in readiness to push the construction work forward as fast as possible. The big concrete center pier has been completed and the timber protection work is well underway. As soon as the concrete is dried out the work of laying the steel will begin.

NOMINATION BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The president today sent the following nomination to the senate: Chief of bureau of equipment navy department, Capt. William S. Cowles, United States navy.

THREE ARE BOUND OVER

Municipal Court Judges Furnish Work for Grand Jury.

Phillip Prue Arraigned on Charge of Stealing a Jacket.

The municipal court furnished plenty of grist for the grand jury mill this morning. Three prisoners were bound over to await the action of the jurors by the municipal court judges, on various charges.

Phillip Prue was arrested by the police on the charge of stealing a sealskin jacket from one of the inmates of a St. Croix avenue resort. The man is claimed to have thrown the coat from the window of one of the rooms, while the owner was absent for a few moments, and when he left the house a short time later, he went around beneath the window and picked it up.

He is claimed to have taken it to the St. Louis hotel and to have checked it with one of the boys in the cloak room.

The police got trace of it, recovered it, and arrested Prue.

When arraigned in court this morning he waived preliminary examination and was bound over to the grand jury.

* * *

The hearing of Albert Apostolakis the Greek, who was accused of having assaulted a fellow countryman Friday evening in a candy kitchen at 307 West Superior street, was also held this morning, and after the testimony of the state's witnesses was heard, the prisoner was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of assault in the second degree.

D. M. De Vore represented the prisoner and County Attorney McClintock had charge of the prosecution.

The third case was that of August Johnson, the woodsman, who was charged with having stolen $55 from his companion, Hans Olson.

The theft is claimed to have been committeed while Olson was asleep in one of the Bowery lodging houses, and when Johnson was arrested he was found to have $48.41 in his possession. He denied having committed the crime, but after hearing the evidence collected by the police, the court bound the prisoner over to the grand jury on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. County Attorney McClintock had charge of this prosecution also.

McCUTCHEON CASE IS NEXT

Will Come Up in Federal Court in Day or Two.

The suit of Mrs. Mary A. McCutcheon against Albert H. Powers will be called for trial possibly tomorrow or next day in the United States court. It was agreed between the court and C. O. Baldwin, attorney for Mr. Powers, this morning that this case will be called next before Judge Morris.

Today the suit of Joseph Collyred as guardian ad litem of Carlo Depaoli against the Drake & Stratton company, a matter of personal damage, was called for trial today and is now occupying Judge Morris' attention. The agreement was made at the opening of court this morning to call the McCutcheon case next. Following that will come the personal damage suit of Peter Johnson against the Itasca Paper company of Grand Rapids, Minn.

The McCutcheon case is that in which Mrs. McCutcheon of Superior accuses Albert H. Powers of Hibbing of seducing her daughter, Flossie, for which she asks $50,000 damages. The case was tried at the January term one year ago and the jury disagreed.

At this trial, fortunately, the curious mob which attended the other trial of the case, cannot attend as Judge Morris is holding court in the grand jury room which is pretty well crowded by the judge's desk, the table for the attorneys and stenographer and the jury.

The suit of J. M. Gray and R. J. Hartley against the Pine Tree Lumber company which was on trial before Judge Morris, Friday and Saturday, was settled this morning by stipulation and the jury was directed to return a verdict for $200 in favor of the plaintiffs without costs. The dispute was over a logging contract, the plaintiffs claiming $2,700 and the defendant entering a counter claim for $3,200.

COMMODORE McMANN DEAD.

New Rochelle, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Commodore William P. McMann, U. S. N., retired, died today, aged 75. He was a native of Kentucky and served on the gulf blockading squadron during the Civil war.

SCOTT SUCCEEDS PENFIELD.

Washington, Jan. 15.—James Brown Scott of California, professor of law at Columbia university, New York, has been appointed solicitor for the state department to succeed Judge Penfield, resigned.

The fact-stories in Everybody's put the fiction-stories on their mettle.

Lawson — with his daring revelations of Frenzied Finance and the Insurance-Grafters.

Russell—with his astonishing tale of how the English make money out of their public utilities, turn that money into reducing taxation, and get better service beside.

Everybody's for January.

Everybody's Magazine 15 cents
$1.50 a year

Special representatives wanted for Everybody's Magazine in towns where there are no dealers.

LOUIS RIETZ PASSES AWAY

Prominent Swedish Minister and Druggist Dies of Kidney Troubles.

Rev. Louis Rietz, proprietor of the White Swan drug store, died this morning, about 10:15 o'clock, at his home, 325 Forty-second avenue east, after a lingering illness.

An operation was performed yesterday afternoon by Drs. Eklund and Tilderquist for a swelling of the lymphatic glands of the neck. Mr. Rietz stood the operation well, but this morning he began to sink rapidly, owing to a complication of kidney troubles.



REV. LOUIS RIETZ.

Mr. Rietz was born at Lund, Sweden, Sept. 2, 1849, and came to this country in 1876. He lived at Galesburg, Ill., for a short time, and then moved to the western part of this state, coming to Duluth in 1885. He has been engaged in the drug business here since that time, and was one of the first candidates in Minnesota to take the examination for pharmacist before the Minnesota state board.

He was ordained as a minister on May 16, 1902, in St. Paul's Episcopal church, by Bishop J. D. Morrison, and since that time has been in charge of St. Peter's Episcopal church in the West end. He was educated in the university city of his birth, and has always been active in educational and religious matters.

He is survived by his wife and four daughters, Mrs. N. A. Linderberg and the Misses Clara, Agda and Lauretta. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

LABORITES MAKE GAINS

Will Have More Seats in Parliament Than Ever Before.

London, Jan. 15.—The announcement this afternoon of the re-election of Sir George Doughty, Unionist, for Great Grimsby, with a majority of 2,300, an increase of 550 over the result of the last contest, in 1898, proved a welcome "pick up" to the Unionists, who were somewhat panicky after Saturday's landslide.

A number of unopposed returns were made this morning, the most notable being Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, in the Stirling district; Timothy M. Healy, Irish Nationalist, North Louth and Joseph Irish Nationalist, North Louth, and Joseph

Including today's returns the result of the elections is as follows: Liberals, 45; Unionists, 16; Irish Nationalists, 12; Laborites, 7.

The independent labor party has thus already secured more seats than it held in the previous house of commons.

The Laborites won under the dual flag of "Liberal" and "Labor," and was found ranged with the Liberals on all labor questions. The early successes of the Laborites, foreshadowing the presence in the next parliament of a united labor body of considerable strength, form one of the main surprises of the elections thus far. The Labor party can be depended upon to take an independent course under the leadership of James Kier Hardie, chairman of the independent labor party and Socialist and Laborite member for Merthr-Tydvil. So all the older factions will have to reckon with the Laborites hereafter.

There is polling today in twenty-two London districts and forty-eight provincial boroughs, returning in all seventy-eight members.

STRONG MARKET AGAIN PREVAILS

Calumet & Pittsburg Enlivens After a Period of Dullness.

The copper stock market was active today, and most of the listed stocks were stronger. North Butte opened at $90.50, sold as high as $92.50, and closed at $89 75 bid and $90 asked.

There seemed to be a general livening up among the Bisbee and other unlisted stocks. All of them have been rather inactive for some time. Calumet & Arizona closed at $121 bid and $124 asked; Calumet & Pittsburg was active at $37, closing at $36.50 bid and $37 asked; Junction sold at $27.50 and closed at $28 bid and $29 asked; Lake Superior & Pittsburg was $51 bid and $52 asked, and closed there, and Pittsburg & Duluth sold at $26.50, closing at $27 asked.

A good deal of trading was done in Black Mountain at $15, and the closing price was $14 bid and $15 asked. Keweenaw seems to be brightening up, selling today at $18, and closed at $18 asked. Warren sold at $14 and closed at $14 bid, and Sullivan $2.50 bid.

MARSHALL FIELD HAS SLIGHT RALLY.

New York, Jan. 15.—At 3 o'clock this afternoon Marshall Field's physicians announced that he had rallied considerably.

At 4 o'clock it was said that Mr. Field's rally continued and the physician announced that it had been decide dto take his temperature at 7 o'clock and hold a consultation. For two days hypodermic injections of digitalis have been administered to the patient.

INSURGENTS ARE GAINING

Opponents in House to Joint Statehood Are Growing Bolder.

Movement Said to Have Gained Strength Since Saturday.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Opposition in the house to joint statehood seems to be gaining ground and insurgents are growing bolder in their denunciation of the proposed administration measure. Representative Babcock (Wisconsin) the leader of the insurrection and his lieutenants said their movement has gained strength since Saturday.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 15.—When the house met today Mr. Babcock at once took the floor on a question of personal privileges. He based this on a statement in a local newspaper entitled "How Came Babcock to Rebel" and which gave as a reason for his opposition to joining Arizona and New Mexico as one state his pique at not being made chairman of the appropriations committee. Mr. Payne, the Republican floor leader, said while he should not object in this instance he did not want a precedent made of this case as he did not regard the story as raising a question of personal privilege.

"If I am not entitled to the floor on a question of personal privilege I do not want it," replied Mr. Babcock with some feeling. "If when a member is totally misrepresented, if that is not a matter of personal privilege, I don't know what is."

Speaker Cannon remarked that as no objection had been made he was not called upon to pass upon whether the matter presented was or was not one of privilege. "The gentleman will proceed," he said.

The statement, Mr. Babcock repeated, totally misrepresented him and he also believed the so-called "Stalwarts" which he understood meant the house organization. He had, he said, never been an applicant for the chairmanship of the appropriations committee. He had not wanted that chairmanship and had it been tendered him should have declined it, "as I did not feel that under the circumstances I could have filled it to the satisfaction of the house." As to statehood Mr. Babcock said he had always been opposed to joining Arizona and New Mexico as one state and had always opposed it. At the last session, he supported the rules committee of the house joining the statehood question as the best means of killing the bill.

As to the views on the tariff, Mr. Babcock said they had not changed. He presented a resolution adopted by the Wisconsin delegation in congress, Jan. 14, 1905, in favor of the revision and said while bowing as a party man to the program, he still adhered to the opinion that revision should be had. There was no reply to Mr. Babcock's statement and when he concluded some of his colleagues applauded.

A five minute speech against the Philippine tariff bill was made by Mr. Goebel on the ground that we should be just before we are generous.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 15.—In the senate today, a bill reported by Mr. Smoot giving to homesteaders on the recently opened Uintah reservation an extension until May 15, 1906, to establish residences was passed.

Mr. Bacon introduced the following resolution: "Resolved by the senate that interference with or participation in any controversy between European governments relating to European international questions is a violation of the well settled, well defined policy of this government which had been recognized and observed for more than a century past."

Mr. Bacon stated frankly that he had been induced to offer the resolution by the action taken by the senate on his Moroccan resolution. He commented on an article in the Washington Post, which told of permission given by Secretary Root to the writer to examine all the papers relating to the participation of the United States in the Algeciras, Spain, conference and said he had no doubt that statements in the article were inspired by the secretary of state. Mr. Lodge asked Mr. Bacon if he was prepared to say that the article was entirely upon the authority of Secretary Root. Mr. Bacon challenged Mr. Lodge and later Mr. Aldrich to obtain from Secretary Root a disavowal of that portion of the article which he held to be disrespectful to the senate. Mr. Lodge said he did not care to follow a suggestion by Mr. Tillman that he (Lodge) call up Mr. Root by telephone and ask for a disavowal. Mr. Bacon said it was disrespectful for Secretary Root to withhold papers from the senate and at the same time display them to newspapermen.

Mr. Tillman said he thought an explanation due in order not to do Secretary Root an injustice and called attention to the fact that the secretary had not refused the Moroccan papers for reason that the senate had not asked for them as the resolutions had not been adopted. Both Mr. Bacon and Mr. Tillman referred to Mr. Lodge as the defender of cabinet members.

CORONER'S JURY BEGINS INVESTIGATION OF FIRE.

Minneapolis, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The coroner's jury, which was impanelled to investigate the cause of the West hotel fire of last Wednesday, as a result of which ten lives were lost, met today at the county morgue. After Drs. J. M. Little and U. G. Williams had given their testimony as to the cause of the death of J. P. Peisinger, one of the victims, the jury went to the West hotel and made an inspection of the building. The jury then adjourned its sitting for one week.

COL. LOWE DEAD.

Galveston, Tex., Jan. 15.—Col. E. G. Lowe, owner and publisher of the Galveston News, died today after a short illness. Col. Lowe was born in Scotland about 70 years ago and came to this country in the late fifties, and located in Shreveport, La. During the war he was in the Confederate army and attained the rank of major. After the war he settled in Galveston, bought an interest in the News which he has owned ever since. He also started the Dallas News. He leaves a widow, two sons and three daughters.

THE OLD YELL TO BE DROPPED

High School Athletic Association Planning to Get New Slogan.

If the plans which the athletic association of the high school is considering at present, are carried into effect the high school yell, "And a Bie Bo," the slogan which has echoed over gridiron, diamond and track ever since the founding of the athletic association, must give place to another. The objections to the old yell are that it is too long and by the time the rooters are half way through, their wind is gone and the rest of the yell trails off into nothingness. Also it is becoming so common among the smaller high schools in Minnesota and Wisconsin, that it is thought best to dispense with it. Ashland uses it and Ironwood also has it upon its list of noise makers, while there are half a dozen smaller schools whose yell is identical with Duluth's. It is doubtful, however, if "And a Bie Bo" will ever be completely dropped, though on the field the new one may take its place.

Besides appointing a yell committee at the meeting this afternoon, the association decided to elect the track manager and chose Ben Frink for the place. A committee of three, Charles McLennan, Frank Crassweller and Elmer McDevitt was appointed to select "D's" for the football, hockey and track teams and fix rules governing the awarding of the letters. The yell committee consists of Ed Borden, Charles Cannon and Donald Holmes. Treasurer Crassweller reported $6.32 in the treasury.

STEWARDS OF GRAND CIRCUIT HOLD MEETING.

New York, Jan. 15.—The stewards of the grand circuit (harness racing) held an adjourned meeting today and elected George Hayt of Binghamton presiding judge for the coming season, and Robert N. Newton of Yorkville, Ill., starting judge. A committee of three which had been appointed at the last meeting, consisting of C. M. Jewett, De Forest Settle and Secretary Moore presented a report which set forth that it was the sense of this association that, owing to the difference in local conditions, it is inexpedient for the grand circuit to adopt a fixed or arbitrary method of racing, and, owing to the diversion of opinion obtaining among the members as to entrance fees, that the rules of the National Trotting association should be followed. The report was accepted. A committee of three on rules was appointed to confer with the like committees of the National Trotting association and the American Trotting association. It consisted of C. K. G. Billings of Memphis, H. K. Devereaux of Cleveland and G. R. Bentley of Buffalo.

FOOTBALL GAMES ARE PROHIBITED BY HARVARD.

Boston, Jan. 15.—Official announcement that intercollegiate football has been prohibited at Harvard by vote of the board of overseers, until the game is reformed, was made today. The announcement made known the action by the board at their secret meeting held last week.

SERENA'S HAND

By Lorena M. Page.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

To all the men of the gang save one, Don Vincent, their leader, was away on his wedding journey.

Barney Crispin was the one man who knew what the chief's errand really was, for he was with him from start to finish when it all happened.

Today as Barney rode with the escort from Parsight, with supplies for the "Cock-pit-in-the-crags," he was thinking of the morning months since, when the boss had first seen Serena Green behind the bar in the main saloon in the town far behind. The keeper of the place had said that she reached there the day before and asked for something to do; when he found that she had a handiness for mixing drinks and dealing them out, that few men possessed, he had engaged her.

Serena Green was what most men would have called a "good looker," but from the first Barney had not liked the blond hue of her hair, the green tint in her eyes, nor the red and white on her face. When Don Vincent had gone over to Farsight six days out of seven—the day missed being between the first two—and had taken her home with him on the seventh, he had known that no good would come of it—nor had there.

Barney raised his hand to touch the vivid slash upon his cheek, still painful at times, as a memento of the windup of the affair.

When Barney and his companions reached their destination with the supplies, a crowd of men surrounded them.

"Got any word from the chief?" was the first question.

Barney shook his head.

"Barney, who was it that tied the knot for the boss?" asked the preacher who had fled with funds from the East and landed in the "Cock-pit-in-the-crags" out West. "The three of you were missing when we woke up that morning—isn't it about time to tell the straight of things?" "You'll have to wait till the chief shows up, or till I hear that he has—oh, you'll know about it sometime," Barney stammered.

The minister was looking over the newspaper that had come with the bundle of "navy plug." He was a good reader and often stayed the flow of reminiscent conversation to give the boys an extract which he thought might prove entertaining.

Before the final interruption, the men were discussing the daring work when the Great Northern express was held up in one of the most remarkable robberies on record.

"Listen to this," commanded the one-time preacher suddenly. "Now here is something new in our line:

"'Bombay, July 20.—A remarkable incident of railway traveling in India is reported by the Indian Daily News.

"'An American woman was reclining in a first-class compartment of a train near Sitkein, with one arm hanging out of the window, when a man passed along the footboard of the car and cut the limb clean off, apparently with a sharp sword. The lost hand was covered with rings and bangles, so that robbery was evidently the motive of the outrage.

"'The man who perpetrated the crime wore a dark moustache and had a scar upon his chin. He was extremely tall, was dressed in gray his face was shaded by a wide soft hat of the same color. To all appearances he was of the woman's nationality.

"'He escaped and is still at large.'"

"Just such a fellow as the boss, looks and all, and he had his familiar way of taking things that he felt it his duty to own," someone concluded.

Barney Crispin's eyes were ablaze with excitement; his hand was stroking the wound upon his cheek.

"Say, just read that again—slow," he demanded.

His request was complied with.

"So he's kept his word," he remarked, grimly, when the second reading was finished.

"What in thunder is the matter with you?" one of the men asked.

"Nothing," he blurted out, "but something is the matter with Serena Green."

"Serena Green!" a chorus exclaimed.

"Serena Vincent," Bluff Henderson corrected.

"No. Plain Serena Green," Barney declared.

"Let us have it, Crispin—the whole of it," bawled Bluff Henderson.

"The time has come, boys, when I can talk," Barney declared, as they gathered around him, eager for the explanation that they knew was coming.

The organ-like pealing from the adjoining grotto, made by the wind passing through the red and white onyx of stalactites and stalagmites, alone broke the silence with its solemn dirge in the silence that preceded the story.

"It was my watch after midnight the night they went away," Barney commenced slowly. "When I came on duty the chief and Serena Green were still sitting here in the light. She called me by name and stopped me as I was making my way to the single-file cut out there. She'd rigged up in some of the finery we'd found laying around in baggage cars, and I had to own myself that she looked all right, and, boys, I'd never seen the boss quite like he was then—the rough marks that we fellows pick up with our plunder had left his face, and he was that handsome and changed that I could hardly keep my eyes off from him. 'We're going to be married by the preacher tomorrow,' says he, looking at her as she sat running her little white fingers through the box of jewelry before her—he meant you, parson," said aBrney to the one-time-leader-of-a-flock.

"Go on; go on," shouted a dozen voices.

"Well, I stood there stupid-like, and he tells me, 'Barney, she's promised me her hand.' 'Yes,' says she, playful-like, 'just my hand, Barney; he'll have more trouble to get my heart.' 'I'll be satisfied with the hand first; for I know the heart will follow,' he told her, like a gentleman, 'but the hand I'll have, now it's promised, if I have to go around the world for it.' I turned away then to make for the look-out, but she nailed me again. 'Come back, Barney,' says she, 'it's my treat tonight—you know I'm an old hand at mixing the drinks,' and with that she goes to the cupboard and in no time she comes back with the finest tanglefoot I ever tasted—it was a tanglepate, too, boys, for that was the last I knew till the boss let me have a kick in the ribs that raised me off the floor. 'She's doped us,' says he, quiet-like; 'she's gone with all the jewelry and money she can carry and the lay of the "Cockpit" to sell to the man-hunter that will pay her the best for it.' The devil was loose in him. 'I don't care,' says he, 'for all the information she can give, for the whole of Uncle Sam's pea-shooters can't storm us out; and, as for the things she's carted away, there's plenty more where they came from—but to be fooled by a woman!' He ordered me to follow, and when we got to where the horses were tied, his own critter was missing. We struck the trail on the two next best animals and made for Farsight. When we pounded up to the station his own horse was there and the train was just moving out. He threw his lines to me. I dropped them with my own ribbons over a post and kept to his heels. As the passenger coach came slipping past, a little white hand, covered with jewels and knick-knacks, was thrown out and waved him as pretty a farewell as you ever saw. His short sword was drawn, and like a flash he struck. He missed the jeweled thing he aimed at and fell. I got the blow he aimed at her upon the cheek. The train swung out of sight around the curve. He dressed my wound, which had found the bone, with steady fingers that were cold. 'You heard her say her hand was mine?' he asked me, 'and me tell her that I'd go around the world to claim it?' I told him that I had. 'The next train takes me after it,' says he, 'and, if she leads me to hades, I'll have it!' I stayed with him till the flyer carried him off. He told me never to tell what he was after till I knew he'd got it, but just to say that he'd gone on the last wedding trip he'd ever take.'"

It was the preacher who finally broke the silence.

"And he followed her to Idda for it?" he soliloquized.

"He'll have her heart next," Bluff Henderson predicted.

"He may," Barney commented, thoughtfully, "when he'd go half way round the world to take her hand."

FIRE AT MANITOWOC, WIS.

Milwaukee, Jan. 15.—A special to the Daily News from Manitowoc, Wis., says: Fire Saturday night destroyed the plant of the Wisconsin Veneering company. The loss is estimated at $100,000, fully covered by insurance. Fireman John Hall died from injuries received when the building collapsed.

BROKERS TO LIQUIDATE.

Cleveland, Jan. 15.—P. R. Fahey & Co., stock and grain brokers announced today that the firm will go into liquidation and retire from business owing to the peculations of a trusted employe and the continued ill health of the senior member, P. R. Fahey.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

WALTER W. CARR, BROKER,
MANHATTAN BUILDING.
Phones 1205.
Reference—City National Bank.

Unlisted Copper Letter.

Jan. 15, 1906.

	Bid	Asked
C. & A.	121½	123¼
C. & P.	36½	37
L. S. & P.	51	52
P. & D.	26¾	27¼
Junction	27½	28¼
American	.....	20
Black Mountain	.....	15¼
Comanche	.....	92
Chir.	.....	14
East Butte	9¾	10¼
Keweenaw	16½	17½
Manhattan	.....	12
Warren	13	.....
Wolv. & Ariz.	6¼	6¾

Our wires have been down all day on account of the weather conditions. Market purely local and almost stationary.

Influence of the Library in Municipal Progress

By Arthur E. Bostwick of the New York Public Library.

The functions of a public library may be divided roughly into two classes—the educational and the recreational. The professional librarian is apt to dwell upon the former; the public, which uses the library, lays more stress on the latter. That this is so would appear from the fact that more than half the books drawn from a public library are works of fiction. Of course a work of fiction may be educative in the truest sense; but on the other hand many works not classified as fiction are read purely for amusement. Probably it would be correct to say that nine-tenths of the books read by patrons of a public library are read with the purpose of obtaining recreation, and that on the other hand, nine-tenths add in some way to the education of the readers either by increasing their stock of information or by directing their thought into new channels.

This, of course, is only to say what is now beginning to be recognized everywhere—that the part played by recreation in education is very important. Physiologists are learning that the psychical features of digestion—appetite and the enjoyment of food—are quite as important to nutrition as the physical ones—the chemical composition of the food-substance and the quantity and quality of the digestive juices. In like manner educators are recognizing that interest is a very important factor in the acquisition of knowledge, and that to ascertain the best way of arousing interest in his subject is a fundamental duty of the teacher.

A very large part, therefore, of what we have called the recreational part of the library's work should be so classified only from the standpoint of the reader's motive; from the point of view of the results attained it belongs in the other division.

To increase public interest in the public library so that it may attract more readers, and at the same time to make its educational content better and greater may be called the fundamental problem of the public librarian, so far as his relationship to the municipality is concerned.

That it is for the public interest to educate children at the public expense is no longer a matter of controversy. That it is equally necessary to do something to sustain and direct the desires awakened by such a training is now recognized almost everywhere. The public library is not the only agency for doing this, but it is surely one of the most important. Libraries are as old as civilization, but the tendency of the modern public library movement, which is a thing of yesterday, has always been toward bringing the man and the book closer together. All the distinctive features of the up-to-date library—its branch buildings and collections scattered thickly over our cities; its traveling libraries; the opening of its bookshelves to the public, so that its stock may be freely seen and handled; its facilities for special use by children and young people; its efforts to work hand in hand with the school and the teacher;—these and many others may be summed up as so many efforts in different directions to bring about this same result.

And it cannot be too strongly emphasized that such efforts are responses, whether made knowingly or not, to a public need. A common view of the recent spread of public libraries, held by people who have not come into close contact with library work, is that it has been stimulated somewhat artificially by large donations. Yet we never hear the suggestion that university growth has been similarly stimulated by gifts like those of Mr. Rockefeller to the University of Chicago. The fact is that in both cases the direction of the gifts has been influenced by a perception of the popular need, and that instead of artificially creating the demand they have followed it, and not too closely. Our universities could doubtless receive and assimilate many times the large amounts that they are annually receiving; our libraries certainly could not do so. A plethora of libraries is even far less likely than a plethora of universities, for the largest part of recent library donations has been conditioned on the promise of municipal aid and support. That this support is rarely given where it should not be given is rendered probable by the fact that gifts made on such conditions are not infrequently refused, on the ground of inability to meet them. We may, therefore, be reasonably sure that in the large number of cases where they have been accepted there has been proper consideration, and that the acceptance has been due to a belief that the needs and wishes of the public have demanded it.

In the same manner, the popularization of the library, as shown in all the directions alluded to above, is due, not so much to the leadership of the librarian—although the librarian often gives himself credit for it—as to the fact that he has "kept his ear to the ground"—that he has been quick to hear the rumble of popular opinion, to discard the frivolous and capricious overtones and to attune his work to the fundamental note. For this he should certainly receive praise.

Doubtless we have not reached the end of this progress in bringing together the man and the book. Of various propositions made from time to time, such as the assumption by the library of some of the functions of the bookstore, or the combination of kindergarten or museum work with its more fundamental duties, many will doubtless be discarded and some adopted; but we may hope that this will always be done in accordance with the principle that the public library is an institution for popular education in the widest sense.

And it is greatly to be desired that this conception of the public library should be recognized not only by the general public, but especially by those who make, print and sell books. At present it is a widely prevalent opinion among publishers and booksellers that libraries injure them by furnishing facilities for the reading of books without purchase. The adoption of the present rules of the American Publishers' association regarding the maintenance of net prices has involved a reduction of discount to libraries and an average increase of cost, owing to which the money voted by a municipality for the purpose of reading-matter does not go nearly as far today as it did five years ago. Booksellers are of opinion that even this is not enough, and their official organization has advocated the withdrawal of discount privileges from libraries altogether. Librarians argue that these measures are unjust, and that the net result of their labors, looking at it in a broad way, has been to encourage reading in literature, with the result that all the industries connected with the making and distribution of books have been benfited.

A book is a storage battery of ideas, and the placing of books where all who will may read them and where even those who are indifferent are induced to go where their interest may be aroused, will continue to be a factor in municipal progress that cannot be overlooked. That our large cities and towns have so freely and generously recognized this is a hopeful sign, and amid some others of less bright omen it may be dwelt upon with satisfaction.

New York city.

WILL LAST THIS WEEK

Trial of L. J. Hopkins Will Have Mass of Evidence.

Testimony of State's Witness Marked by Much Forgetfulness.

The trial of L. J. Hopkins in the Swallow & Hopkins land cases in which the government is prosecuting, is still on in United States court and will probably take up all of the present week. The case began Thursday morning and a mass of evidence is going in. The government is not nearly through with its side of the case, and following that the defense will have a large number of witnesses. It is five years since the alleged conspiracy to defraud the government out of land took place and failing memory troubles most of the witnesses as to details. Only one thus far has established anything like firm assertion which might tend to prove conspiracy, while most of the other witnesses who were among those who took up the land in question have rather given the defendant the best of it.

This morning Miss Ellen Phillips was put on the stand. Miss Phillips demonstrated a greater knowledge than some of the others as to what she was signing when she signed her mortgage and, later, her timber deed, but her testimony tended seemingly more to prove that so far as her part of it was concerned, no conspiracy was entered into. She testified that she went with the party to view the lands on Basswood lake because of a talk she had with Mr. Beckthol, a friend of hers who told her that a party was going up and there was a chance for her to get a timber and stone claim and make some money. He said that Mr. Olson was organizing the party and that "there was $50 in it" for her. She said that when she took the land she did not feel bound to sell the land to anybody. She borrowed the money with which to prove up, from Ross L. Mahon and signed a deed therefore and shortly afterwards heard that some of the others in the party were selling their timber to Swallow & Hopkins and getting about $50 over and above the amount of the mortgage for the timber. She said she looked up Olson and asked him about it and he made an appointment to go with her to Swallow & Hopkins' office and dispose of the timber on her claim. She accordingly went and sold her timber, getting a check for $50 for the same. She did not see either Mr. Hopkins or Mr. Swallow, both of whom stood up in court to be identified, but said that the deed was made out and the check paid by a "large man with bushy hair," who was in an adjoining office. Mr. Washburn asked her if this was William E. Richardson, but she said she did not know.

In reply to questions, she testified that she understood that she was selling subject to a mortgage; that she felt free to sell to any person who offered her the best price; and that when she testified in the land office that nobody else had any interest in the land other than that held by the mortgagee, she was testifying to the truth. On redirect examination Miss Phillips was asked if, when she went to see the land, she expected to get any more than $50. She replied, "If I could get more I would certainly take it." This was not satisfactory to Mr. Haupt, who pressed the question again, but this was objected to and sustained.

On Saturday afternoon James Everington was on the stand and testified that he got his information concerning the land being obtainable and about Olson's party from Albert B. King. He was not sure who he deeded the land to, but thought it was to Swallow & Hopkins. He was not allowed to tell what was said to him by King, because the latter is in the case only as a witness. He understood that he was to get $50 for the timber that was on the claim, being informed of that by Mr. King. He was asked from whom he got his check for $50 and said he did not know. He failed to identify Mr. Hopkins as the man who gave it, although Albert B. King, who was with him at the time, said he got the check from Hopkins.

There were several cross-examinations and several redirect examinations, and on these Everington got rather mixed. At one time he would testify that he knew he was deeding the land subject to a mortgage, and again would testify that he did not know what that meant.

Miss Phillips was on the stand at the noon hour.

FOUND GUILTY OF PERJURY

Decision Rendered Against Millionaire Mine Owner of Montona.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Edward R. Tufts, reputed to be a millionaire and owner of valuable mines in Montana and other Northwestern states, was today found guilty of perjury and unless he obtains a new trial will be compelled to serve an indeterminate sentence of from one to fourteen years in the penitentiary. The legal troubles of Mr. Tufts originated with a divorce suit which he instituted against his wife, whom he had married while he was a "cow-puncher" on a Western ranch. He gained a fortune through mining enterprises and later, it is declared, while his wife was in New York, Tufts came to this city and obtained a divorce on the grounds of desertion. When Mrs. Tufts heard of the divorce she returned to Chicago and secured the indictment of her husband, charging that she had not deserted him, and that his evidence to that effect was perjured. During the trial which has just closed, Tufts took the stand and swore that all the evidence he had given at the divorce trial was true.

He was released on bail pending an appeal to the higher courts.

DIAMONDS and OTHER GEMS

Our prices are based on actual worth, and when QUALITY is considered they are THE LOWEST.

F. D. DAY & CO.
Established Quarter of a Century
315 West Superior St.

Our Department Managers Are Still on the Rampage

rummaging, searching and weeding out every article, item or piece of merchandise that is in any way mussed, soiled, damaged, shop-worn or slow-selling. Each manager is making his best efforts to "carry off the persimmons" or get the credit of having the cleanest and most up-to-date stocks when we take our annual inventory the last of January.

You have had, at our expense, a two-day's "Rummage Sale" in our basement, and two days on our main floor. The crowds that came and the great amount of goods disposed of, were no surprise to us. WE knew we had your confidence and YOU knew we would not abuse it. And you knew too, from past experience, that a rummage sale at the Glass Block means a sale of unusual importance.

Tuesday is the second day of the RUMMAGE SALE on our second floor

and it is bound to be a hummer. *Read every item carefully.* Read our advertisements every day. Keep posted on what we are doing. Don't come in and tell us you "didn't know we were having a sale of this magnitude until some of your neighbors told you."

BE ALIVE TO YOUR OWN INTERESTS. ENOUGH SAID. NOW READ!

SECOND FLOOR
RUMMAGE
TUESDAY!

SHIRTWAISTS 25c.

When this sale opens Tuesday morning we will have one lot of about 10 dozen ladies' white and colored shirt waists and shirts, all more or less mussed and soiled, but they have sold as high as $2.00. Some are Madras cloth, some Scotch flannels, some Bedford cords and some Matalasse. You can have any waist, while they last, for—

25c

SHIRTWAISTS 98c.

Another big Rummage bargain you'll find in a lot of French flannel shirt waists—plain and embroidered Brilliantine, waists and nuns' veiling waists, all nicely made up and in splendid condition. But the lots are broken—only one or two of a kind—Yet there are all sizes. The cheapest ones sold for $1.98, while many sold up to $3.00. Take your pick in the rummage, for—

98c

SILK WAISTS $4.98.

One small lot of ladies' fine white silk shirt waists, plain tailor made or fancy trimmed. This is a lot that originally sold up to $8.50. The rummage price for choice of the lot is only—

$4.98

SLIPPER SALE.

There are about 300 pairs of ladies', misses' and men's slippers. We don't want to know, in writing this ad., how much they cost or what they sold for. We simply put a rummage price on them to make sure of their disposal.

The ladies' and misses' slippers come in plush, velvet, velour and felt, with soles of leather, felt or carpet.

The men's slippers are Everetts in patent leather, velvet, alligator and other fancy leathers.

All are odd lots and sizes, but from the variety you will have no trouble in getting fitted. The rummage price for any pair in the lot is—

25c

SECOND FLOOR
RUMMAGE
TUESDAY.

SHOE SALE.

One lot of women's, misses', youths' and children's shoes, consisting of lace and button styles in kid stock. The lines are broken ones that we will not carry. Consequently they are in our way and we will make one price on the lot and that price right—

98c

LADIES' SHOES.

Five styles of St. Regis and Du Barry shoes for ladies, lace and button styles, patent kid, vici kid and box calf leathers, light or heavy soles. We have decided to drop these lines. The shoes are worth up to $3.00 a pair. Take your choice of any pair of shoes in this lot for—

$1.98

PIECES IN FURS.

About 100 pieces, all told, in small furs, go into the Rummage sale Tuesday morning. These are Scarfs, Stoles, Zazas and Collars, made up in all the most modern, up-to-date shapes, all this season's goods, only one or two of a kind. They come in Russian Squirrel, Krimmer, Coney, Opossum, Near-seal, Imitation Ermine, Imitation Moleskin, and other pelts. There are pieces in the lot that sold up to $6.00. You can take any piece in the lot, while they last, for—

$2.89

FOR OLD LADIES— A CAPE SALE.

In placing our advance orders last fall for old ladies' capes, we bought entirely too many. We don't know whether the older ladies of Duluth will wear capes next winter. We can't take chances, so we will turn these capes into cash tomorrow. They come in black cheviots, black kerseys, black astrakhan cloth and black velvets. Two lots will clear them at these prices—

Lot 1, formerly $7.50 to $12.00 — **$4.69**

Lot 2 formerly $13.50 to $25.00 — **$8.95**

A RUMMAGE BARGAIN!

From one of the best suit manufacturers in New York. Our cloak and suit buyer is now in New York and on hunting the market for advance spring creations, ran into a snap of

31 Beautiful Street Suits—

All man-tailored—and he immediately expressed them to us. LISTEN: They are made of English broadcloth, cheviots, serges and Panama cloths. The jackets are 24 to 50 inches long—fancy braid or strap trimmed and are half, three-quarters or full satin lined. The skirts are full pleated or full gored and come in black, navy, red and grey in sizes 32 to 42—there is not a suit in the lot worth less than $39.50—most of them are worth $45.00, $47.50, $50.00 and $55.00—not two alike. We have decided to put one price on the lot and alterations will be charged for according to the amount of work on them. We ought to, and will, sell every one of them in a short time after the doors open Tuesday morning—price only—

$19.50

They are strictly up-to-date and the price does not pay for the cloth that is in them

OUR ANNUAL WHITE SALE

Burst into bloom nearly two weeks ago, and the interest early buyers have taken in this annual selling of all kinds of white merchandise has more than repaid us for our early efforts in bringing together the choicest aggregation of white fabrics ever shown in this section.

And the sale still goes on!

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

From the best manufacturers in America. They are not made in sweat shops, neither are they made by country girls or farm hands, but by manufacturers that understand their business and employ the most modern methods and most competent help to be found.

WHITE GOODS—From France, Switzerland, England, Scotland and America.

LINENS—From the best manufacturers of Ireland, Scotland and France.

EMBROIDERIES—From the famous looms of St. Gall, Switzerland—all of our own importation—and the sale still goes on.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

SECOND FLOOR
RUMMAGE
TUESDAY!

OUR MILLINERY

Department was never as thoroughly cleaned up since we have been in business as it is today. In Rummaging through this stock we can make up only a few lots of undesirable or unusual, clean, up-to-date goods. Consequently we have decided to put such ridiculously low prices on what is "bad" from our point of view as will close it all out in half a day.

TABLE NO. 1—INFANTS' BONNETS—On this table we will show infants' bonnets of silk and fancy materials, all nicely trimmed with laces, ribbons, furs and swansdown, and worth up to $2.75.

BOYS' AND MISSES' TAMS.

On the same table we show odds and ends of misses' and boys' tams in cloth and velvet, plain and fancy trimmed and worth up to 75c. Your pick of this table—for **10c**

LADIES' HATS.

TABLE NO. 2—Contains one lot of ladies' untrimmed felt hats, also a fair assortment of ladies' and misses' ready-to-wear hats. We don't make any pretensions on their good looks, but we do make pretensions on the price we put on them. Take one or all of them, for, each **5c**

MISSES' HATS.

TABLE NO. 3—Here we have about 100 ladies' and misses' ready-to-wear winter hats and untrimmed, high-class beavers and felts, all this season's goods, that sold up to $4.50. How's this for a rummage price? Your pick for **59c**

OSTRICH TIPS, 25c—Grand Rummage sale of Prince of Wales black ostrich tips, (3 in a bunch). Have found them slow selling during last season and fully realize that to sell them we must practically give them away. That's what we are going to do. They are blacks only, different sizes and sold for 75c and 95c. Take your pick of them Tuesday, or as long as they last, for **25c**

CORSETS FOR 25c.

We have about 50 pairs of ladies' corsets, that come in small sizes. Also some in large sizes. Again some in medium sizes in corsets that are slightly soiled. If you can find your fit or what you want, take it while they last, for—

25c

SECOND FLOOR
RUMMAGE
TUESDAY!

WINTER COATS, $1.00. CHILDREN'S DRESSES.

We find, on going carefully through our cloak stock, about 25 **Misses' Cloth Coats** and about 15 **Ladies' Jackets** and 100 **Children's Dresses.** They are last year's shapes and last year's cloths, but they are as warm and will wear as well as the most modern. None was less than $5.00, and some sold as high as $15.00. If you are here at 8:30 Tuesday morning and can get in line you can have the coat you want for—

$1.00

MORE COATS.

Another lot of winter coats containing about 25 garments consists of fine coats for misses and ladies, that sold from $20.00 to $15.00. You can take your pick if you are here in time, for—

$5.98

BOYS' CLOTHING.

The pick-ups are just what many an economical mother is looking for these winter days.

WOOL SWEATERS.

TABLE NO. 1—A lot of boys' all wool sweaters that sold up to $1.75. They come in assorted colors, but the lots are broken. There are all sizes on the table though.

On the same table there are boys' flannelette night shirts, slightly soiled; boys' waists in flannels and percales; "Mother's Friend" shirt waists, slightly soiled. Goods that sold for 50c to 75c. Your pick of this table **25c**

BOYS' WINTER CAPS.

TABLE NO 2.—Our entire stock of odd lots of boys' winter caps—black and colors—with ear folders from outside or inside. Orignally they were 50c and 75c. Choice of this lot while they last—for **25c**

YOUTHS' LONG PANTS.

We find on going through our Boys' Clothing Department about 45 pairs of youths' clothing, as we confine this department strictly to boys' goods. This is just an odd lot and they are in our way. Take one pair or the entire lot when the sale opens, at, per pair **98c**

PRICES OF STUMPAGE

Big Advance in Northwest During the Past Twenty Years.

Prediction That Future Operations Will Mean Larger Investments.

The high prices that white pine stumpage is commanding today throughout the Northwest has called out some interesting figures showing the gradual but steady increase in prices during the last twenty years, as the timber has as steadily disappeared.

In Michigan, the prices of pine stumpage, on an acre basis twenty years ago, as taken from the files of lumber journals of that date show that in 1866 white pine was worth from $1 to $1.25 per acre. In Wisconsin and Minnesota, twenty years ago pine timber lands could be bought for 25 cents al 50 cents per thousand feet.

Today, a thousand feet basis pine commands from $10 to $25 in Michigan and from $4 to $15 in Minnesota and Wisconsin.

There are three controlling factors, the lumbermen claim, regulating the value of timber. These are location and accessibility; quality and density of growth. In some locations it is said that the operator would have to pay an extra dollar in order to conduct his operations and in such case the timber is considered worth that much less. In other tracts the timber is faulty, or with natural defects and in still other localities the timber is so scattered, both conditions that must be considered in arriving at a value when a prospective purchaser puts in his estimators.

From 1850 to 1860 it is said that white pine was sold entirely by the acre and between 1860 and 1870 the prices were adjusted on a stumpage basis running from 25 cents to 75 cents per thousand feet.

Between the years 1870 and 1879 prices grew stronger so that by 1880 they were generally around the marks of $1 to $1.50 per thousand feet. From 1879 to 1884 there was a marked stiffening in stumpage values and by 1885 lumbermen were paying from $2 to $4 per thousand. After that it was not long before the prices mounted steadily upword past the $5, the $6 and the $7 marks. At the present time the price is not narrowly circumscribed. It is said that sales of Minnesota pine have been made as low as $4 and as high as $20 per thousand feet.

Attention has been called to the fact that the difference between the present prices and hose obtained forty or fifty years ago is not explained fully by price variation, for the reason that tracts of pine that would today bring from $8 to $10 per thousand feet could not have been sold thirty years ago at any price. In the early days the lumbermen logged only the first class timber as was the only kind saleable At the present time they log everything and scarcely leave the leaves and tops.

Commenting on the variation of prices the American Lumberman says but little pine is left in either the upper or lower peninsula of Michigan. Wisconsin has yielded the greater portion of its pine and Minnesota contributed more than half the amount that it contained originally.

Experienced lumbermen say that tracts of pure white pine timber are hard to get at any figure nowdays, that some of the stumpage sold contains about equal quantities of white pine, Norway and tamarack and prices vary with the proportion each timber bears to the total amount.

"The ratio of increase in timber prices has been greater in the past than seems possible in the future," says the Lumberman.

Timber bought at $2.50 per acre ten years ago and sold at $15, or valued at that, shows a gain in price of 600 per cent. The same ratio of increase on purchases made today would mean a price of $90 per acre in ten years and not even the most optomistic timber holders has set the mark so high. While the price per acre probably will show a greater gain during the next period just ended, the percentage of increase will be much smaller and the amounts invested much greater. While future records may and probably will show earnings as large as those of the past they will represent a smaller per cent of profit on the greater amount of capital employed and render it difficult for the man or concern of small means to secure a foothold."

Hunyadi János

Not a medicine but a Natural Laxative Water for sluggish bowels. Get quick, positive relief by taking half a glass on arising.
Hunyadi János

FOR CONSTIPATION

THE CHEROKEE IS STILL HARD AGROUND.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 15.—The Clyde line steamer Cherokee, from Santo Domingo for New York, which grounded near the South Brigantine life-saving station on Friday, is still hard aground. A dense fog hangs over the stranded vessel today and no word has been received from it since last evening. Capt. Archibald, two mates and the ship's carpenter are still aboard the Cherokee, the passengers and crew having been removed yesterday.

Gidding's Special Sales Continue to Attract Attention.

That the interest in the January sales held by the Gidding establishment seems to be more manifest every day is quite evident by the splendid business the Gidding store is doing. Not only is their special January clearance of outer garments and furs attracting much attention, but their exhibit and sale of beautiful white wear for women and children's and infants' white and colored dresses bring many new faces into their store, for, as one woman, who was buying many things for the family's contemplated trip South, expressed herself: "I am through with worrying over my sewing. I come here and pick out what I need for myself and the girls and that ends it, for really nowadays outside of the expense of competent seamstresses, the very thought of the bother takes away the pleasure of one's contemplated trip."

A GAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Etching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

TAKEN FROM THE WRECK

Passengers and Crew Removed From Steamer Cherokee.

Spend Twenty-Four Hours of Terrible Anxiety During Storm.

Atlantic City, N. J., Jan. 15.—After spending twenty-four hours in terrible anxiety, the passengers and crew, sixty in all, of the Clyde Line steamer Cherokee, which went aground on the Brigantine shoals Friday, were rescued late yesterday afternoon and landed at the inlet here. Captain Archibald, two mates annd the ship's carpenter elected to remain on board the stranded steamer. The rescue was accomplished by Captain Mark Caste and a picked crew in the sloop yacht Alberta, and their experience was almost as thrilling as that of the stranded passengers. More than a thousand persons greeted the storm tossed party as the sloop sailed into the inlet with the report that all hands were safe. Not in years have the inhabitants of Brigantine and Absecon beaches been so wrought up for the safety of a stranded ship's company and never were so many attempts made nor perilous chances taken to effect a rescue in the face of a fierce northeast Atlantic storm as were ventured in the rescue of the Cherokee's party. When the Cherokee ran its nose into the sand of treacherous Brigantine shoals, there was no fear for the safety of the vessel or those on board. The sea was comparatively smooth and the wind was so light that it was expected she would be floated at the next high tide. Life crews from Atlantic City, Absecon, South Brigantine and Brigantine immediately went to the relief, but they were assured there was no danger. Some of the passengers, of whom there were ten, became a little anxious and wanted to be landed, but as the captain would not permit this without orders from the company, they decided to make the best of it. At the request of the captain, the South Brigantine life savers remained about the steamer.

During the night a moderate northeast storm set in, causing the sea to become choppy, and sending the vessel deeper into the sand. Daylight Saturday found the storm in full blast, making it impossible to launch a boat, or for a boat to come near the steamer. Heavy rain set in, and later in the day the fog settled down and the vessel was lost to view. The wind rose until it reached a velocity of thirty-three miles, churning up the sea and dashing waves against the vessel with such violence that the passengers and crew were driven below.

It was not known until dawn yesterday the fate of the party. A signal from the steamer reported all hands on board. During the night the watchers at the life station watched for a moderation of the storm, but it did not come until noon, when there was a perceptible fall in the wind. Then it was decided that the Alberta, with Capt. Caste and a picked crew on board should make an attempt to reach the Cherokee. The Alberta got over the inlet bar in safety, and then went pitching up the coast towards the stranded vessel. Her progress was followed by hundreds of persons with marine glasses. When abreast of the stranded steamer a small boat was launched, and several of the crew made the perilous trip to the steamer. They found the passengers and most of the crew in a state of anxiety bordering on panic. The women were weeping and the men were pleading that something be done. Some of the passengers feared to make the trip in the small boat, but when they found that the trip from the steamer to the tossing yacht was not so perilous as it looked, they readily consented to leave the ship. Only four or five were taken at a time, and after nearly two hours' work all but the captain and three of his crew were safely aboard the Alberta.

From the shore of Brigantine beach hundreds watched the rescue, while way off at the Atlantic City inlet a number of men with strong glasses kept the anxious crowd there informed of the progress of the work.

Most of the rescued persons were in an exhausted condition, not having had any sleep for fortyeight hours. Agents of the company sent the passengers and crew to hotels, where physicians prescribed for some.

Among those landed was Lieut. H. M. L. Walker, formerly of the United States cruiser Yankee, who was returning to Washington from Puerta Plata. He said that all of Saturday night and Sunday morning the passengers and crew huddled about a fire in the galley. The terrific pounding the vessel had received from the waves had caused the vessel to strain and leak badly. Early Saturday night ten feet of water was in the steamer, and all fires went out with the exception of the one in the galley.

The Cherokee, while in a perilous position, is in no immediate danger of breaking up, unless another storm should set in. The vessel's nose is deep in the sand, and it will be difficult to float her. The wrecking tug North America is standing by and will take off the captain and his three men if there is danger of the vessel going to pieces. Other wrecking tugs will arrive today, and if the sea moderates an attempt will be made to float the steamer on the high tide.

A friend of the Home—
A foe of the Trust

Calumet Baking Powder

Moderate in price—Makes purest food.

BEER BROUGHT PEACE.

A Washington man who has just returned from a trip to Texas, and who had been in the habit of visiting that state in its lawless days, was much impressed by the law-abiding habits of present day Texans, says the Kansas City Journal. Texas is as tame as New England. He asked the reason why. "One old citizen," he says, "with whom I talked, told me the philosophy of the change. He said that it was due to the substitution of beer for whisky. Thirty years ago there wasn't a brewery in Texas, and but little lager beer imported. The men drank red liquor to excess then, and under its influence became wild and violent and ready to shoot at the drop of the hat. Nowadays, with beer the popular drink, the temper of the population has undergone a change, and tragedies, once so frequent, are of rare occurrence."

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

DULUTH SHOULD LEAD.

The meeting at the Commercial club last Saturday night at which the needs of Northern Minnesota were explained should be the beginning of a strong systematic and effective campaign to settle this part of the state, with Duluth, as the capital of this great empire, leading in the work.

It was shown at that meeting that the soil of Northern Minnesota is as good as any in the world; that the swamps can be drained and their places taken by tilled and fruitful acres; and that to settle the lands two processes must be undertaken—to prepare the way and to attract settlers by advertising.

One of the first things to be done in preparing the way is to relieve the northern part of the state from the effects of attacks made upon it by impractical enthusiasts who are trying to keep it an unproductive wilderness, in order that they may prosecute their hair-brained schemes of reforestration and park creation, and who are, in this attempt, stooping to falsehood, forgery and slander. To bolster up their case in behalf of forest reserve and park building, they are sending out broadcast statements that the land is worthless, stony and unproductive, and the first work must be to offset the damage from these attacks by showing the true facts.

In the meantime, however, there is much land that is available, some of which the government offers to settlers, some of which is offered for sale by private owners, and some of which belongs to the state. The state's offerings, which will be made at sales to be held next spring in a large area in Northeastern Minnesota, were the basis for most of the talk Saturday night. State Auditor Iverson appealed to the Duluth Commercial club to help advertise these sales, and it could take up no better work than this. It should not only help advertise the sale in St. Louis county, but it should also advertise those to be held in all the neighboring counties, since the settlement of this entire area will work to the benefit of Duluth.

The commercial clubs, newspapers and citizens of Duluth and Northern Minnesota should overlook no opportunity to oppose the campaign of slander that has been started by the forestry and park fanatics and to push the sale and settlement of farming lands in this section of the state.

PUZZLE IN KINSHIP.

A puzzle in relationship that threatens to sadly tangle the wits of those who try to follow out its mazes and labyrinths is furnished by a New York family living in the town of Gouverneur. The story is told in a dispatch to the New York World.

In 1900 Francis L. Brown, widower, and Electa M. Price, widow, each with three children, were married, and the two families were merged. In spite of gloomy forebodings by their neighbors, who foresaw trouble in amalgamating the two sets of children, they merged charmingly, and all was peace and harmony. Two years ago Earl Brown and his stepsister, Alice Price, fell in love and were married. A few days ago Eugene Price, brother of Alice Price Brown, married Lena Brown, sister of his brother-in-law, Lena taking as her husband her own brother-in-law. By the marriage of her brother to Alice Price, her stepsister, she became th sister-in-law of her full brother, besides being doubl sister-in-law to Alice Price Brown. Lena's father and her stepmother, are, through her marriage, her father-in-law and her mother-in-law, and the same rule applies to all four of the children who have married.

That is the foundation for a series of calculations that have agitated the wits of the neighbors. Some of them are trying to discount the future and trace the relationships of the children that may come to Alice Price Brown and Lena Brown Price, and there are serious fears for the mental stability of those who have entered upon this maddening pursuit. There are still left unmarried one child of each set, a boy and a girl. They are too young to marry, but a strong attachment has grown up, and no doubt they will repeat the experience of their sisters and brothers, stepsisters and stepbrothers, sisters-in-law and brothers-in-law, etc.

There is talk of a possible necessity of enlarging the nearest insane asylum if children come to triplicate the complexity of these relationships.

THEY SHOULD RETRACT.

The commercial clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis have been made parties to an attack upon Northern Minnesota which appears to be based upon a deliberate fraud, and since this attack has been scattered broadcast in pamphlet form, these clubs should be called upon to make a proper amend, and to see that it gets as great a circulation as the original document had.

A few weeks ago a circular was issued and widely distributed, containing resolutions purporting to have been adopted by these clubs, favoring the Leech Lake forest reserve and setting forth arguments along this line which included false and slanderous reflections upon the soil of Northern Minnesota and its availability for agriculture. Accompanying the resolutions was a petition, purporting to have been signed by 380 Indians, asking that the forest reserve be continued, as it was in their interest to have it maintained.

Attention is called to an affidavit by Rev. Charles T. Wright, an Indian minister, contained in a dispatch to The Herald from Cass Lake published on another page. Mr. Wright's story is that last November, while he was carrying a petition signed by 370 Indians asking for a re-allotment of Indian lands, he visited at the home of Dr. Leo M. Crafts in Minneapolis. While there Dr. Crafts and Mrs. Lydia M. Williams, both forestry enthusiasts, had access to the petition. Later, after he had secured about ten more signatures, they asked to have the petition again. At one of these meetings Dr. Crafts drew up a heading for a petition asking for the Morris law to remain intact, and later this petition appeared signed by the 380 Indians whose names were signed to Mr. Wright's petition.

Mr. Wright, according to his affidavit, swears that the names are the same, that his own name heads both lists, that he never signed the forestry petition, that the other Indians never signed it, and that no such petition was ever circulated.

This is the petition which accompanies the resolutions of the Twin City commercial clubs, and upon which, in part, those resolutions were based. According to the affidavit of Mr. Wright, the signatures to the petition are rank forgeries, one and all. Not content with falsehood and slander, the forestry fanatics have descended to crime to accomplish their ends.

The commercial clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis should retract the circular sent out in their name, or suffer the consequences of deliberate participation in a fraud designed to condemn to perpetual isolation and desolation a large and valuable area in Northern Minnesota.

"STRONG MEN NEEDED."

Eveleth Star: Are the "strong men," of whom The Duluth Herald speaks so highly, Democrats? Furnish a list of strong men, please.

It really seems too bad to take up so much of the time of Editor and Representative Dowling in this little controversy over The Herald's appeal to Northern Minnesota to send her strongest men to the next state legislature. The Herald, of course, has nothing better to do, and could hardly spend its time to greater advantage than in engaging in friendly and sociable confab with the editor and representative. Yet it hopes that nobody will believe from this that it has had any personal reference, in its discussions of the need of a strong representation, to Mr. Dowling.

Are The Herald's "strong men" Democrats? Let the Eveleth Star be assured that that is the very least of The Herald's troubles. It has said nothing about the politics of the men that should be sent, and hereafter it will say nothing more than it is going to say now on that subject. It does not care whether they are Democrats or Republicans so long as they are strong men. Yet, in view of the fact that Minnesota is a Republican state and that the legislature is overwhelmingly Republican, possibly it might be said that, all other things being equal, membership in the dominant party might be listed as an advantage to a legislator seeking to do things for Northern Minnesota.

In other words, given two candidates of equal strength, one a Democrat and the other a Republican, there would be some reason in chosing the Republican, because he would be a member of the party in control of the legislature, and this might be an advantage to him in seeking the good of his part of the state. Given a weak Republican and a strong Democrat, beyond all question the Democrat should be sent.

In short, The Herald wants Northern Minnesota to send her strongest men to the legislature, and except as stated above partisanship is no measure of personal strength. Everybody knows that the ideal men for legislative positions seldom seek them, and this is the time when they should.

"Furnish a list of strong men, please," politely requests the Star. Not this evening, dear Star. The Herald can fancy the Star twinkling merrily as it makes the request, knowing that if The Herald acceded it would be disobeying a hint heretofore given by the Star when it said: "Fortunately, the people choose their legislators now," or words to that effect. Fortunately, indeed, the people do make their own choice, and The Herald will not presume to do it for them. It will simply appeal to them, as it has done in the past, to make their choice carefully, wisely and with their own best interests in view, and not the interests of the self-seeking gentlemen who sometimes slip into prominent place when the people are busily engaged in other things.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Mr. Hadley is from Missouri, but Rogers refused to "show him," just the same.

* * *

The charms of music are often apparent only to the ears of those that make it.

* * *

Liquor glasses are poor things to look through in seeking to make out the future.

* * *

The December death rate bears out Duluth's claim to be the healthiest city in the world.

* * *

Don't take anything for granted in an election. Register and do your duty as a citizen by voting.

* * *

Only three weeks more before the mayoralty election, and nobody appears to have become agitated over it yet.

* * *

South America has twice the area and half the population of the United States, but it has no John D. Rockefeller or Thomas W. Lawson.

* * *

With the new year political discussion in the state press waxes hotter, and it bids fair to encroach on the space devoted to the mail order houses.

* * *

A. G. Bernard, in order to devote his entire time to drainage, has leased his Cass Lake Voice to E. R. Sundberg. Mr. Bernard is now in Washington.

* * *

The report of Duluth's receipts by lake shows that 10,030 tons of "oil cake" came in last year. If that is a new breakfast food it must have struck the popular taste.

* * *

That recent "investigation" of the Cass Lake forest reserve seems to have been much like the proceedings and findings of a grand jury composed of attorneys for the defendants.

* * *

A. B. Allen, well known to Minnesota press people, has taken charge of the Bemidji Sentinel, which he recently bought from H. G. Hays, and he starts out by issuing a bright, lively and interesting newspaper.

* * *

W. A. Nolan, author of the reciprocal demurrage bill in the last legislature, would be lieutenant-governor and preside over the senate. Most house members will be contented with a simple promotion to the upper house.

* * *

The postoffice authorities have arrested a man for calling his wife a "rare old bird" on a postal card. Evidently he thought discretion was the better part of valor when he opened a discussion with his wife with a postal route between them.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Hunting with a camera is more sport and not so cruel as hunting with a gun," said L. I. Spicer of Grand Rapids, Mich., at the Lenox. "Every year more people do their hunting with a camera. Not only is it more exciting and less vicious in nature, but the results are more satisfying and more lasting. If I shoot a deer, for instance, I have nothing but a carcass, that must either be eaten within a few days or thrown away. In a few weeks I have nothing to show for it, unless the head is mounted in the unnatural fashion of the average taxidermist at great expense.

"But if get a photograph of that same deer, I work harder to do it, and the results I get are lasting, for I may take out the photograph years afterwards and show it to my friends, and it will recall an experience well worth remembering. And then there is the satisfaction of knowing that I didn't have to kill the animal to get the picture. Of course, there are people who cannot get any fun out of hunting without committing a few murders, but I claim to have graduated from that class, and to get just as much pleasure out of my trips into the woods and fields as they do.

"When you strap a camera and tripod to your back and go through the fields looking for natural history subjects, you must not have the expectations so high as to be discouraged by failure. You meet success when least you expect it. If you are a lover of nature and not searching for anything special, you easily can find subjects for your attention. The wild creatures, however, even the common little birds, are unwilling subjects, and will not pose at your order. Patience and care are necessary. For every good picture secured there are many failures and disappointments. But the harder a man has to work to shoot or photograph a bird or animal the more sport he gets out of it. This appears to be the law of the woods.

"Then, when you are fortunate in finding desired subjects, weather conditions are often unfavorable for satisfactory results. It may be fairly bright in the open country, but the dark, deep shadows of the forest must be considered when the camera is used there. Much of my time in the woods has been spent trying to photograph the ruffed grouse, hawks and owls, all very interesting and difficult subjects. By infinite work and pains, however, I have reached some excellent results. I get more pleasure out of working in the woods with these easily-frightened species than in spending the same time in the orchards or fields, where the opportunity of finding some of the common varieties is so much greater."

* * *

The clerk at the St. Louis hotel was smiling broadly last evening, and a caller asked the reason for it.

"Why, it's a story a fellow from Minneapolis who is staying with us just told me about a friend of his who is a well-known business man here in Duluth."

"Give us the story," said the caller.

"Sure," said the clerk, "only we'll have to keep names out of it. This business man is sometimes given to brief sessions with the cup that both cheers and inebriates, and while returning from such a session a short time ago he made up his mind that he would not disturb his wife.

"On reaching home he was successful in finding the keyhole, and after careful effort he successfully navigated his way up the stairs. Here he saw, or thought he saw, which is just as much to the point, in the dim light which the electric lamp outside shed through the window, the 5-months-old baby sitting up in his rocker, while the man's wife was comfortably sleeping in the bed beyond. Softly creeping over to the rocker, he took the baby in his arms and began to rock her to sleep, when his wife awakened.

"'John,' she said, 'what are you doing there?'

"'Sh! m' dear,' whispered John, 'I'm rocking baby to sleep.'

"'Baby's been asleep for over an hour,' said the patient wife, reproachfully. 'John, put down that doll and come to bed. I rather think you need a little sleep.'"

* * *

"Automobiles have been adopted for postoffice service in Detroit," said W. E. Nelson of Detroit, Mich., at the McKay. "The commercial vehicle is coming more to the front right along, and during Christmas week several of them were put in the postal service. Expert drivers were placed at the levers and an emergency understanding arrived at with the police, by which the scorching regulations were waived for the time. It has been shown that this use of the automobile resulted not only in an actual financial saving, but also improved the service to the sub-stations fully 50 per cent.

"There are now in progress in Detroit a number of carefully managed tests of motor vehicles in competition with the horse-drawn variety. In several cases the results proved so conclusive during the recent holiday rush that large orders for the present year's trade will be the outcome."

* * *

At the Spalding: G. D. Taylor, St. Paul; K. A. Penkus, Minneapolis; N. W. Stone, J. M. Rieburn, Chicago; C. S. Whittaker, M. Wolfe, Minneapolis; F. J. Buckley, Bay City, Mich.; G. L. Knapp, Indianapolis; E. Wieblem, Hancock, Mich.; A. C. Adoit, Grand Rapids, Mich.; H. H. Bradley, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. R. Buchanan, J. M. Lauder, Scotland; L. B. Gisen, Ashland; M. Rino, Lewiston, Mont.; G. B. Rice, Washington, D. C.; J. E. Saint, Albuquerque, N. M.; R. L. McCormick, Tacoma, Wash.; T. A. Reyer, Ann Arbor, Mich.; G. E. Luce, D. E. Clark, Minneapolis; F. G. Schroeder, Perham; H. Adams and child, Dubuque, Iowa.

* * *

At the St. Louis: A. Stevenson, W. N. Drutlen, Hancock, Mich.; F. F. Brown, Hancock; C. F. Caldwell, Kansas; G. Goodwin, C. Campbell, H. Eheland, Sault Ste. Marie; J. C. Chisholm, Winnipeg; G. H. Spear, Grand Rapids; A. S. Decarle, Minneapolis; F. P. Seaman, Deer River; C. Ingram, N. Helman, Escanaba; E. P. Moore, Atkin, Minn.; G. B. Reedal, Phillips, Wis.; R. Ivey, Phillips, Wis.; F. Hiller, Oshkosh, Wis.; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Cameron, St. Paul; M. H. Millett, Ashland; F. E. Thayer, C. McGregor, St. Paul; Mrs. A. Bushe, Winnipeg; G. Carlson, Hibbing; J. D. Caldwell, Cass Lake; J. L. Corguff, Ladysmith, Wis.; H. L. Jones, Sault Ste. Marie; P. Pikklado, C. W. Walland, Winnipeg; E. Turin, H. Shawy, Port Arthur; Mr. and Mrs. J. Butler, Hibbing; Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Grain, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Lenox: A. Wider, Pittsburg; M. J. Emerson, Luverne, Minn.; O. W. Thomson, Bowesmont, N. D.; R. T. Hubbard, Buffalo; E. E. Somerville, Waukesha, Wis.; F. E. Gilmore, Leland Junction, Wis.; Miss Jessie Delmater, Miss Anyrma Delmater, Hibbing; Miss Alyce Martin, Bangor, Wis.; O. E. Hulehan, Deer River, Minn.; J. H. Don, Philadelphia; G. Neil, Hibbing; J. J. Cameron, Bemidji; G. Matchett, St. Charles; D. Simpson, Grand Rapids; A. T. Shuler, J. McCutcheon, Minneapolis; J. Adamson, St. Paul; A. E. Toole, Omaha; S. J. Keefe, Sioux City, Iowa; J. A. Hunter, S. Hastings, Minneapolis; C. Wushard, Albern, Minn.; J. C. McLean, Winnipeg; J. L. Saylor, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the McKay: W. C. Church, Des Moines, Iowa; W. S. Faenam, Little Falls; Mrs. Smiley, Stevens Point, Wis.; A. Cameron, Eau Claire; E. J. Hebert, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; R. Murray, Hibbing; O. E. Holmes, Aitkin, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. C. Andrews, C. Boyle, Chicago; R. J. Willcuts, Holyoke, Minn.; L. H. Nord, W. D. Gregory, W. J. Jennison, Minneapolis; C. Frolin, Crookston.

Be Careful.

'T is fraught with peril slight to call a rat
A rat, but easy go when doing that.
I've known the times—they number by the scores—
When they were better called just pompadours—
Soft, golden-yellow, fluffy pompadours.
—Puck.

Joke on the Rebel.

New York Tribune: In the early days of Kansas Judge Strang was district judge on the bench in Dodge City. Every time he was absent the lawyers of Dodge City would elect an old ex-Confederate colonel, practicing law there, as judge pro tem. A stranger drifted into Dodge City and soon noticed that the old "rebel" was always chosen judge pro tem. He couldn't understand it. He asked Mike Sutton how it came about.

"Oh, we do it because we like to see the old soudine take the oath of allegiance to the United States," said Sutton.

THE WEATHER

Surely there is enough snow now to satisfy anybody. It snowed most of Saturday afternoon and part of Saturday night. Sunday it remained cloudy and threatening all day, and occasionally the clouds sifted down some fine flakes of snow. Last night it started again, and this morning the trees were covered with deposits of soft, wet snow that clung tightly and made them look like forestry in Fairyland. It was warm, rather too warm, in fact. There was a very narrow range of temperature in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning, the lowest being 30 degrees and the highest 32 degrees. The weather man expects to see snow flurries keep up tonight, when it will be much colder, amounting to a cold wave. The winds will be brisk and high northwest. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"A storm of much energy is central over Iowa with a secondary depression off the Oregon coast. These disturbances have caused mild weather in the lake region and central valleys, with snow or rain in the western lake region, Upper Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys, Western Canada and districts west of the Rockies. The Iowa storm is followed by high pressures and cold wave conditions north of the Dakotas and Montana with zero weather in the Red River valley, Assiniboia and Saskatchewan. The easterly movement of these conditions will be attended by cold wave and snow flurries in this locality tonight, followed by fair Tuesday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	42	Medicine Hat	8
Miles City	12	Milwaukee	34
Bismarck	12	Minnedosa	—2
Boston	24	Modena	30
Buffalo	33	Montgomery	46
Calgary	2	Moorhead	32
Charleston	46	New York	32
Chicago	28	Norfolk	36
Cincinnati	40	North Platte	30
Davenport	36	Oklahoma	42
Denver	36	Omaha	32
Devils Lake	0	Phoenix	38
Dodge	34	Pittsburg	36
Duluth	30	Port Arthur	20
Edmonton	—6	Portland	36
El Paso	44	Prince Albert	—8
Escanaba	32	Qu'Appelle	0
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	16
Havre	4	St. Louis	46
Helena	32	St. Paul	32
Houghton	32	San Francisco	46
Huron	22	Santa Fe	28
Jacksonville	22	Sault Ste. Marie	32
Kamloops	30	Spokane	22
Kansas City	38	Swift Current	0
Knoxville	34	Washington	34
La Crosse	34	Williston	10
Lander	4	Winnemucca	24
Los Angeles	52	Winnipeg	—2
Marquette	52		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Jan. 15.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Snow flurries and much colder, with cold wave tonight; Tuesday generally fair, with probably zero weather; brisk and high north to northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Rain turning to snow flurries and colder tonight; Tuesday fair, with colder in east portion.

Minnesota—Threatening and colder tonight, with snow in east portion; cold wave in northeast portion; Tuesday fair.

The Dakotas—Fair, tonight and Tuesday; colder tonight; warmer Tuesday.

Tides of Broadway.

New York correspondence of the Pittsburg Dispatch: No clocks are needed to tell the time on Broadway. Between 5 and 6 o'clock the flow of the current is uptown and marks the swiftest movement of the whole in the whole twenty-four hours. By 6:15 there is a marked decrease in the volume of this tide, and at 6:30 one notices countless little whirls and flourishes of the tide as the first of the pleasure seekers begun to make their way to the various restaurants. Then the flood begins again, this time pouring up from the Subway station at Longacre square, out of the street cars, hansoms and motor cars, coming in tributary rills from the elevated stations and the side streets. This movement is like no other of the currents, for it moves up and down, debouching into the brilliant entrances of the theaters in such a volume that by 8:30 the sidewalks seem comparatively deserted. By 9 o'clock they are almost totally so, and for two hours again the current is at slack water. Eleven o'clock witnesses the final flurry of this tide that ebbs for another half hour. Between the restaurants and the home-going crowds the tide is absorbed. From 11:30 to 12:30 is a faint movement of the current. After 12:30, whisper it softly, Broadway is as quiet as any sleep-loving citizen would wish.

In a Standard Oil Family.

"Oh, son, who went and stole the jam?
Now tell me if you can, sir."
"Upon advice of counsel, ma,
I must decline to answer."

"Oh, daughter, who was that who stayed
Beyond the latest dancer?"
"Upon advice of counsel, pa,
I must decline to answer."

"Oh, James, why came you home so late?
Explain, if you're a man, sir."
"Upon advice of counsel, wife,
I must decline to answer."

"Oh, cook, how came the steak to burn,
Fair siren and entrancer?"
"Upon advice av counshel, mum,
Oi must decloine to answer."
—McLANDBURGH WILSON in New York Sun.

A Letter From Lincoln.

Law Notes: Simeon Draper, who during the Civil War was collector of the port of New York, on one occasion sent one of his constituents to President Lincoln with a letter of introduction. Shortly after he received the following letter, the original of which is said to be in the possession of a New York lawyer:

"Simeon Draper, Esq., Collector of the Port of New York.

"My Dear Sir: Your friend —— called upon me when he arrived in Washington and presented your letter. As I have no influence with this administration, I sent him to Chase. Chase told him to go to the devil, and he came back to me.

"Yours truly,
"A. LINCOLN."

French Economy.

Brooklyn Eagle: In France, Franklin's maxim, "take care of the pennies and the pounds will take care of themselves," is generally followed. Four cents' worth of wine a day is allowed to the house physicians in the clinics and hospitals, and those who do not drink any have asked for 365 times 4 cents in money, which, being 73 francs, is a sufficiently large sum for a badly paid house physician to put into his pocket. "What picayune economics!" I hear you exclaim. Well, it is these savings that make France the richest country in Europe, and when other countries are "hard up," they come to France to borrow money. Has not Baudin called France "the bank of Europe?"

Coming to Senator Depew

Kansas City Star: There is due to Chauncey M. Depew, who will be requested by the legislature of New York to resign from the United States senate, the sincere compassion excited by the spectacle of a man well advanced in life, who has wrecked what ought to have been an illustrious and honorable career, and who has forfeited ample and unusual opportunities for meritorious distinction.

There is also due to Senator Depew the reckoning which is earned by the man who betrays the confidence of the people who elevate him to power, and who practices bad faith with the state which has placed within his hands the chance to make himself a benefactor to society.

A Curiosity.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Over in Ohio they have Democratic governors so seldom that when they get one they put him in a glass case.

Persistence.

Napoleon: A given force applied for a given time upon a given point is bound to win.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***Frank Lazier, clerk on the Holt line of steamers during the past season, will spend the winter at his home in Detroit.

***George N. LaVaque was elected grand standard bearer at the grand lodge of Free Masons held in St. Paul.

***It was reported in St. Paul yesterday that J. J. Hill had bought the franchise of the Grand Forks, Crookston & Lake Superior railway, incorporated two years ago.

***Judge Stearns has fixed the bail of William Streeter, accused of murder and in whose the jury failed to agree, at $1,000. He will probably be able to furnish it.

***Messrs. Shannon, Clague and Young have made their debut in the circuit court this session.

***Ex-Alderman Carroll is announced as a candidate for village recorder.

***Quite a sensation was caused in court today when Mr. Ensign announced that there was to be a breach of promise case. The interest somewhat subsided when he announced that it would be simply a question of damages as there was no defense. He said that John Jansen became engaged to Olese J. Gustad in Norway nine years ago, but he had since proved faithless and married another. Miss Gustad was called to the stand and told her story. The jury returned a verdict for $2,000 damages. Jansen is a carpenter about 30 years old.

***Judge Martin says that, if he had been defeated in the recent election, President Cleveland had notified him that the governorship of Utah was at his option.

***Daniel E. Little, who has been considered at death's door for several weeks, is very low today.

***J. H. Emerson, foreman for J. J. Costello, left this morning with a party of ten men for Washburn where Mr. Costello has the contract for ironing the new elevator.

***Nelson & Matthews, grocers, have assigned to Nels Hall. The liabilities are said to be $4,300 and the assets $3,200.

***A fire at Superior last night completely consumed Harvey's saloon. Superior is bound to get up a reputation of some kind.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

International Falls Border Budget: Adjt. Gen. Wood of the state militia wants a military reserve set aside for the boys to maneuver on. The high and lofty hills on the Mississippi below St. Paul, that are well beaten with cow paths, would make an ideal reserve. It would be handy to town and the boys could hurry home when shot.

Fergus Falls Journal: The Republicans of the state might just as well recognize first as last that if they are going to defeat Governor Johnson at the polls they have got to put up a man of the highest character and ability in order to do it. There is not any doubt about his high character, his honesty of purpose, his courage and he is not very shy when it comes to ability. This is the general estimate of him held by the people of the state, unbiased by partisan feeling.

Mankato Free Press: Every dollar that is expended among local merchants helps to enrich the people as a whole.

St. Cloud Journal Press: There is no more sense in sticking to the same tariff schedule forever than to expect the price of wheat to be always square on the dollar mark.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: Are some of the gubernatorial candidates playing for a third term of the offices they now hold?

Little Falls Transcript: The best fight a man can make to get the next Republican nomination for governor is to defeat any ambition he has to organize a campaign to get delegates.

Minneapolis Telegram: Why should the people give valuable franchises to public service corporations and allow them to dodge taxes most shamefully year after year?

Northfield News: The railroads now have a literary bureau in St. Paul which doesn't make quite as much noise as the old one. The recipients of "cash items" among the newspapers will soon be recognized by what they print.

Virginia Enterprise: Another proposition for retarding the development of Northern Minnesota is the setting aside of a 5,000-acre park as a military park, in which the state militia may perform its maneuvers. Between forest reserves, game preserves and park propositions it bids fair for the residents of this richest section of the state being forced to pack their turkey and wander to new fields.

Sauk Center Herald: The McKinley bill was the most complete, thorough, and far reaching tariff revision bill ever passed by an American congress. It put hundreds of articles on the protected list that were free before. It raised duties and it lowered duties right and left. It was a scientific tariff revision bill framed to meet the conditions as they then existed. Why not have such a bill now?

Red Lake Courier: Republicans are scurrying to cover on the tariff revision proposition, with the exception of the little school master, McCleary, and he don't know it is raining.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The way to build up a good city is to boost the things that help the city—that give employment to labor, that tend to make better citizens, and to cultivate the spirit of brotherly love. No town can do its best when the citizens are not united for those things that promote the moral and material prosperity of its citizens.

History in A. D. 2906.

"Who was this man called Teddy, pa,
That men do call him great?
Did he invent a motor car
Or run a syndicate?"
"Nay, nay, my child, he was a wight
Who had a wondrous way
Of mixing in with every fight
That came up in his day.

"There never was a piece of pie,
Back in the age of Tin,
'Pon which he did not fix his eye
And have a finger in.
When Russia fought the Japanese
For freedom a la Russe
He laid them both across his knees
And spanked them like the deuce.

"The great canal of Panama
He dug with his steel pen;
And in great Cuba's Holy War,
Was hero of Say When.*
He wrote the strict Parental Law,
By which all men who fail
To have of children three or four
Must spend ten years in jail.

"But of his wondrous deeds the best—
'Tis taught us in our schools—
He was the Man who dared suggest
A change in Foot Ball Rules,
So that to him we owe the fact—
All hail his glorious name!—
What once was but a brutal act
Is now a Parlor Game."

*Believed to be a corrupt form of St. Juan.—Ed.

—Puck.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: When a woman trusts her husband it is a sign she doesn't let him know it.

People can be friends as long as they don't try to prove anything to each other.

Generally a girl picks out the wrong man to fall in love with once; but the man does it a hundred times.

Lots more bachelors would become husbands if their married friends weren't always trying to convince them that it isn't all misery.

The difference between a man and a woman with money is that she can have just as much fun spending ten dollars as a hundred if she can spend every cent of it.

Cruel "Uncle Joe."

Washington Life: "Uncle Joe Cannon is sometimes too homely and direct and harsh in his comments," said a young journalist. "I was not at all pleased with the remark he made to me while I was speaking at the X banquet. Of course, I am an inexperienced speaker. I can't rattle off words like the veterans of the senate and house. I began, if I remember:

"'Gentlemen, my opinion is that the generality of mankind in general is disposed to take advantage of the generality of—'

"Here Uncle Joe interrupted me.

"'Sit down, son,' he said. 'You are coming out of the same hole you went in at.'"

A Helpful Hint.

New York World: There may be a helpful hint for other executives in the foot-warmers upon which Governor Pattison of Ohio stood for his inauguration. Any poker player can tell the peril of getting cold feet.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Cleveland Leader: "I have always maintained," declared Clarence, "that no two people on earth think alike."

"You'll change your mind," said Florence, "when you look over our wedding presents."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "Yes, indeed, he is the homeliest man in public life today. Haven't you ever seen him?"

"No, but I've seen caricatures of him."

"Oh! they flatter him. You should see him."

Philadelphia Ledger: She held out her hand to the jeweler. On the third finger glistened a diamond.

"Please tell me," she said, "if this is a good stone?"

Assured that is was of first water, she smiled radiantly.

"And to think," she murmured, "that I had doubted George's affections!"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "His business methods are like those of an industrious pig."

"What do you mean by that?"

"Too much routine."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "I tell you, man was not intended to live alone. The young man in business who is not married is seriously handicapped."

"That's what! Not being able to put his property in his wife's name, he's at the mercy of his creditors."

The Sage of Sauk Center.

Frank M. Eddy in Sauk Center Herald: Men do things every day that they would divorce their wives for if they did them once.

There is more genuine satisfaction to a man in the woes of matrimony than in the joys of bachelorhood.

If the "stand-patters" are so sure of victory and the backing of the country, why don't they permit it to come up in congress and settle it by a vote, instead of moving heaven and earth to prevent any discussion of the subject? Men sure of a triumph always welcome a battle.

Matrimony is a co-partnership, but the wife is never the silent partner.

A man never fully realizes how inefficient he is till he tries to hook up his wife's gown the first time.

A "dual" tariff with the minimum at the present rates and the maximum limit the blue sky is about as satisfactory to the business, farmers and working men of the country as the presentation of a train-load of hard coal would be to his satanic majesty.

Nothing looks so foolish as a woman trying to appear as a girl except a girl trying to make believe she is a grown-up woman.

A girl likes a mustache on her lips, but not very long at a time.

"Jacobson is coy," says a city daily. Should "Jake" be elected governor, we will bet our photograph that the city dailies will not register any complaints about his bashfulness.

A woman is as old as she looks, and she never looks any older than she can help.

There is many a wealthy lantern-jawed young lady who would give a thousand dollars for the dimple on the chin of a round-faced young man that he would give a thousand dollars to get rid of.

A man who dare not express any view on public questions till his party has promulgated its platform is only a pitiable imitation of a citizen.

Business and Speculation.

Louisville Courier-Journal: It is impossible to prevent speculation, and there are some phases of it that it is not desirable to prohibit. So long as the speculators use their own money and harm only themselves the general public has small cause for complaint. But so close is the connection of legitimate business with speculative activity that the one must largely influence the other. Thus business prosperity stimulates speculation, and the excesses of the latter imperil legitimate business. It is impossible wholly to avoid this danger, but it would be enormously reduced by any measures which would prevent the use of trust funds for purposes of speculation. For this there is no excuse. It greatly intensifies the peril which prosperity inevitably brings. The country has received adequate warning, and if the future bring disaster it will be by reason of a failure to heed the cautionary signals which have been so abundantly displayed.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM TONIGHT Price 25c-$1.00

JESSIE MACLACHLAN,

Scottish prima donna, assisted by John McLinden, 'cellist, and Robert Buchanan, pianist. Prices, 25c-$1.00. Tuesday, Wednesday, with a Wednesday matinee. It's a large company—mostly girls—in the "Wizard of Oz." See the Tin Man. See the Scare Crow. Seats now. Matinee, 25c-$1.00. Night, 25c-$1.50. Jan. 19-20—"The Sho-Gun." Seats Wednesday, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

METROPOLITAN

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK, INCLUDING SATURDAY,

THE YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS

PRETTY PERFECT PATRIOTS.

Matinees Tuesday, Thursday (Ladies' Souvenir Performance), Friday and Saturday. Prices, 20c and 30c. Nights, 15c, 30c and 50c.

GRAND CONCERT!

Given by Norway's Most Celebrated Violinist,

HARALD HEIDE

From the National Theater, Christiana.

AT THE FLAATEN AUDITORIUM, 212-214 West First Street.

Assisted by Miss Josephine Northmore, Vocalist; Mrs. C. B. Miller, Accompanist.

Wednesday, January 17, At 8:15 o'Clock. Tickets, 50 Cents.

Grand Clearing and Closing Out Sale of

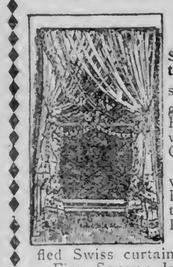
Fine High-Class Furniture

Never before have the Duluth people had offered such a splendid opportunity to secure strictly high-class furniture as placed before them during our Great Clearing Sale. Mr. Bayha leaves for the Eastern markets this week and contemplates changing several of our present lines. His instructions are to Close Out the Entire Line of Iron Beds at a great Sacrifice. A word to the wise—make your selection for the Spring now. All goods sold during this sale will be stored free of charge until wanted. We cannot place here all the many bargains throughout the whole store. There are numerous other rare bargains which we will gladly show you. All goods sold during this sale are on our Easy Payment System—a little down, a little a week, fortnight or month, to suit your own convenience.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS

Specials In Our Lace Curtain and Drapery Depts.



Our Half Price Sale is still continued. There are still some rare good values left. Buy now; don't wait till Spring Cleaning.

One lot of white ruffled Bobinett curtains at Half Price.

One lot of ruffled Swiss curtains at Half Price.

Fine Saxony Irish Point and Swiss lace curtains going during this sale at 20 per cent reduction.

Special sale of couch covers in fine tapestry and Oriental designs—rich color effects.

Regular $5.75 Couch Covers for $2.97.

Regular $6.75 Couch Covers for $3.97.

Regular $8.50 Couch Covers for $5.10.

And so on through the whole line.

Special Sale of Foot Stools.

See display in Window No. 11. Just what you have been asking for—Gilt Footstool, with heavy Wilton covered tops—assorted colors. Regular 75c footstool for..... **33c**

Special Sale of Enameled Ware.

See display in Window No. 12. This enameled ware is of fine steel, body triple plated—every piece first quality—all pieces worth from 15c to 25c—for **9c**

These are rare good bargains.

We Lead! Others Follow. Watch Us!

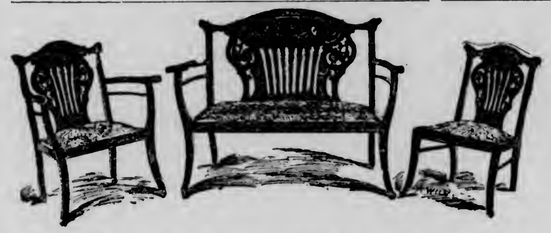
Corner Second Ave. W. and First St.



"Duluth's Largest Furniture Store"

Corner Second Ave. W. and First St.

Goods Sold to Non-Residents on Easy Payment Plan.



Three Special Bargains in Parlor Suites.

One entire floor of our mammoth store is devoted to parlor furniture. Many beautiful odd Chairs, China Rockers and Corner Chairs, marked down during this sale. We quote below only three of the special values: One 3-piece parlor suite in mahogany finished frame, highly polished, upholstered in fancy Verona plush, oil tempered springs, loose cushion seats. Regular price $31.50. Sale price..... **$22.78**

Another 3-piece suite as above. Regular price $37.50. Sale price—only **$26.75**

One 3-piece mahogany suite, covered in genuine leather, spring seat, all hair stuffed and very handsomely carved. Regular price $73.50. Sale price **$52.00**

Three Specials in Iron Beds.

SIX ONLY—Bed, very heavy, with long brass spindle at head and foot—in green and cream combination. Regular price $7.00—sale price **$4.67**

FOUR ONLY—Bed, 1¾ inch post, heavy—interior fillings, with brass knobs and spindles. Regular price $6.00—Sale price **$4.33**

FIVE ONLY—Bed, with brass rail across head and foot—brass spindle and knobs. Regular price $4.50—Sale price **$3.33**

Throughout this stock are great reductions during this sale.

Carpets and Rugs.

Five rolls of strictly all wool ingrain carpet—made of the finest worsted yarn—no short wool used. Regular 90c per yard—sale price **65c**

Three rolls of tapestry Brussel carpet. The latest designs in Oriental patterns and floral effects. Regular price $1.35—sale price **95c**

Two rolls of Wilton velvet carpet; rich in color and designs, with borders to match. Regular price $1.65—Sale price—per yard **$1.10**

Two rolls of Wilton velvet—very choice pattern. Regular price $1.35 per yard—sale price—per yard **85c**

Three rolls of Wilton velvet carpet—was $1.25 per yard. Sale price—per yard **65c**

Six only—Brussel rugs—9 feet by 12 feet—in assorted patterns and colors. Regular price $16.00; sale price ... **$10.78**

Six strictly all wool Art Squares—made of finest worsted spun yarn—no short wool used—regular price $13.00—sale price **$8.87**

Special discount on all rugs during this sale.

OUR CREDIT DEPT.

Customers say to us, "Your credit system is the best offered. We like to trade with Bayha, because he does not press in trouble, in time of sickness and in the event of the wage-earner passing away after a certain period, furnishes a clear receipt." This is an insurance to those who are left.

BAYHA & CO.

Corner Second Avenue West and First Street.

OUT-OF-TOWN CREDIT.

We solicit non-residents who want credit to look into our special arrangement for them. No need to pay the high prices asked by Eastern houses for credit; no extra charge made here. Our credit system is within the reach of all.

PASTOR EKBLAD MAY ACCEPT

Will Visit Duluth and Bethany Church This Week.

Rev. A. Theodore Ekblad of Rock Island, Ill., who has been called to the pastorate of Bethany Lutheran church of Twenty-third avenue west and Third street will be here next Sunday to preach to the Bethany congregation and while he does not give out positively that he will or will not accept the call, the fact that he has decided to visit here in answer to the call sent him is taken as a favorable sign.

It is quite likely that Mr. Ekblad will be here Thursday or Friday in order to get acquainted and find out the feeling among Bethanyites, and he will remain over Sunday and will probably give his decision before his return to Rock Island. He is at present solicitor for the Augustana college and Theological seminary and is said to be a man of considerable ability.

REFORMS IN THE LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS

(Continued from page 1.)

longer than it ought, perhaps, to discern this fundamental fact in the insurance situation, but it is now perfectly clear that a distinctive Roosevelt policy, the first step in which was the election of Paul Morton to the presidency of the Equitable, is being carried out by Mr. Ryan and his fellow heads of the big companies.

It is an interesting development in high finance, a great change in the personal alignments of the rich and powerful, a reversal of conditions thought to have been stable, an establishment of a new era. Nobody doubts the reality of it who knows the truth of the situation. And perhaps the most interesting thing about it, the greatest change, the most significant reversal, and the chief assurance that American business affairs are to be conducted in a new atmosphere, on new plans, and with new objectives, is the fact that Mr. Ryan's implacable personality is in it and surrounded by all these guarantees. To most people Mr. Ryan is known, like Morgan and Rockefeller, as a money maker only. In the days of William C. Whitney, he was first known as a promoter and organizer of corporations. Since Mr. Whitney died he has become the strongest unifying force in Wall street. The recent Belmont-Ryan merger of the New York transportation companies, the Ryan chain of metropolitan banks and trust companies, the Consolidated Gas company, the illuminating companies of Chicago, the seabord and associated railroads, all show the validity of his claim to this title.

Some cabinet officers were discussing the Equitable in Washington when the Hyde-Alexander row was at white heat. One of them said:

"It won't be long before Rockefeller has it."

"Why?" was asked.

"Because he is the only man big enough to put it on its feet," was the reply.

"What's the matter with Tom Ryan?" asked another.

The man who put the last question was Paul Morton, who was then a member of the president's official family and his close personal friend. When he was offered the presidency of the Equitable by Mr. Ryan two months later he asked the president's advice, and was told to accept it. He then knew that a searching investigation of the big insurance companies was to be made by the New York Republican state administration and that its revelations would precipitate far-reaching changes in the business. A few days later he met ex-President Cleveland in New York and outlined to him Mr. Ryan's plans for the reorganization of the insurance business.

"Do you consider Mr. Ryan's plans feasible?" he asked Mr. Cleveland.

"Perfectly," said Mr. Cleveland. "It is merely a proposition to restore the insurance business to an honest base. The thing required is courage, and Ryan has it."

Testifying before the Armstrong committee in December, Mr. Ryan said:

"I have been making money all my life. I want to do something better."

"Reform in the life insurance business has commenced in earnest," said Mr. Morton, in announcing the designation of Mr. Cleveland as referee in rebate cases. "The three big companies—the New York Life, the Equitable and the Mutual—have entered into an ironclad agreement with one another that rebating of premiums must cease, and any agent found rebating will be summarily dismissed from the company's service and will not be re-employed by any of the companies that are parties to the agreement. All questions in dispute in regard to such matters will be referred to the Hon. Grover Cleveland, who has been chosen as referee, with a salary of $12,000 per annum, to be paid jointly by the three companies. This is the position once occupied by the Hon. Thomas B. Reed. It is the intention of the three big companies to secure the co-operation of all life insurance companies in this agreement. Mr. Cleveland has agreed to accept the position, with the distinct understanding that he is to be seconded in his efforts to stop rebating by the officers of all the companies participating in the agreement. There is an opinion among officers and agents that if rebating can be entirely abolished, first year's premiums can be reduced."

Most significant among the annual messages of the governors are those of Governor Higgins of New York and Governor Cummins of Iowa. These measures suggest the statutory measures which best accord in a general way with the judgment of President Roosevelt and the people at large, and which will be in the same general way acceptable to Messrs. Ryan, Morton, Peabody and Orr and their associates in the new insurance regime.

"The eyes of the whole world," said Governor Higgins, "are turned toward New York, and if this legislature does not produce an insurance law which shall be courageous, but not hysterical, it will not meet the expectations of those who have confidence in the ability of popular government to solve its own problems as they arise.

"Future effective action by congress or the federal government is not probable and the possibility of such action should not retard for an instant the work of the state.

"While life insurance has received almost exclusive attention, it cannot be assumed that other corporations dealing in indemnity and investment contracts have been blameless, and wise action may not be amiss regarding assessment associations, accident insurance companies, co-operative fire insurance companies and the like.

"Better allow free and unregulated insurance than permit such concerns to exist under laws which do not protect our citizens, but enable the promoter of doubtful schemes to beguile the investor to financial disappointment and fatten himself on false promises and deluded hopes.

"The policy holder now demands from the state something better than a guarantee of solvency. He has learned his insurance will be cheaper and safer when companies are compelled to invest their assets for his benefit exclusively, and are prevented from diverting funds to individual undertakings of speculative directors and the payment of unjust salaries and exhorbitant commissions, gratuities to men of influence and contributions for political campaign purposes. He invokes the power of the state to shield him more effectively and curb insurance companies and their directors.

"You will be called upon to make a radical revision of the law for the benefit of investors in life insurance and for the regulation and restraint of the companies. We may well consider at this time the expediency of providing for a more thorough regulation of the department of insurance."

Governor Cummins is scarcely less explicit.

"The surplus," he says, "is not reckoned as a liability, for the reason that no policy, so far as I have been able to ascertain, contains any more positive assurance of distribution than that the policyholder shall be entitled to such share of the surplus as the directors of the company shall determine. The whole scheme of deferred dividends has a tendency to lead the business away from the field of investment—a tendency which is altogether too prominent, and which should be checked by such reasonable regulations as can be prescribed without injuring the legitimate enterprise of insurance."

"I recommend that the law be so strengthened as to require an annual accounting between each company and its policyholders, so that at the close of each year the policyholders will be notified of their respective shares in the surplus of the preceding year. In so recommending, it must be understood that I do not advocate the distribution, annually, of the entire surplus. It would be unwise to insist that the assets of the company shall at all times be no more than its liabilities. There must be a margin of safety to cover unexpected and extraordinary conditions.

"There is more fraud and deception, sometimes intentional and sometimes unintentional, practiced upon policyholders by reason of the variety of the forms of life insurance contracts than in any other way.

The effect is to create an atmosphere of mystery about the entire life insurance business. I believe that there should be a standard form of policies. They should be uniform in all companies—plain, simple and direct. The obligations should easily be understood."

To meet these requirements, the insurance committee of the New York legislature proposes:

The elimination of the "investment feature" from insurance policies, limiting companies to a straight life insurance business.

The elimination of the "tontine" policy, requiring an annual apportionment of the dividend earnings to each policyholder; and the assignment to the credit of each policyholder of the excess of "loading" over actual cost, and a 5-year apportionment of this money.

A standard form of policy, neither ambiguous nor freighted with surplus words, after the fashion of fire insurance policies, and containing guarantees, but not estimates.

Make it a felony to misrepresent, falsify or deceive an applicant for insurance, and make the company responsible for the acts of its agents.

Make it a felony for any trustee, director or stockholder in any insurance company to be interested directly or indirectly in the loan of insurance moneys to banks or on real estate or other mortgages in which they are interested, or to any corporate or private business in which they are interested, or in any trust company.

Admit the investment of the funds of insurance companies in approved bonds in a sum not exceeding 10 per cent of the premiums of any single year, and the investment of the balance in real estate first mortgages. Apply as far as feasible the restrictions of savings bank legislation to the insurance companies.

Require the utmost publicity and open the way for accredited committees of a fixed number, by petition filed with the insurance commissioner, to examine themselves, or have examined, the reports of the officers of the company, the investments, etc.

Prohibit, under penalty of imprisonment, the diversion of insurance funds to any other use than that to which administrators, executors or trustees may now put the money in their keeping.

These reforms carried into law and enforced would surely do much to guard the policyholder in the future.

Whatever opposition there will be to the proposed insurance reforms will be from the remnant of the old-time insurance grafters in the smaller companies, whose littleness has up to this time exempted them from exposure and retirement. As a system, insurance grafting is obsolete. It cannot possibly be revived under the new guardians of the insurance business and the prohibitions of law by which they will be aided and protected in their reform work. Henceforth the life insurance business will be as safely and conservatively conducted as the savings banks. For this relief we shall be indebted to President Roosevelt and the New York legislative investigating committee, to Mr. Ryan and Presidents Morton, Peabody and Orr, and to the popular clamor for reform to which these men have given direction. There are some promising signs, too, that the welcome fiduciary changes in the insurance companies symptomize equally far-reaching reforms in other branches of financial activity, and in the industrial and railway corporations.

N. O. F.

TO PROMOTE INTERESTS

Commercial Club Will Advance Development of the State.

Campaign of Education Decided on at Saturday's Meeting.

Drain the swamp lands.

Do away with reforestration.

Advertise agricultural resources.

At the Commercial club meeting Saturday evening, called for the purpose of deciding upon plans for bringing about the more rapid and complete development and settlement of Northeastern Minnesota, these three steps were urged as necessary to accomplish the desired results. The hearty support and co-operation of the club and of Duluth as a whole, was promised the movement by more than forty prominent business men who were present.

The speakers were State Auditor S. G. Iverson, C. H. Warner, state superintendent of immigration; Representative A. L. Cole of Walker, Judge Frank Ives, editor of the Cass Lake Times; W. E. Culkin, register of the United States land office in Duluth, and G. G. Hartley. Senator George R. Laybourn presided, affording considerable satisfaction by his clear and incisive manner of introducing speakers and keeping all talks strictly confined to the subject under discussion.

The speakers pointed to the fact that Northern Minnesota as a whole, and the northeastern section of the state in particular has been greatly injured by a variety of entirely false statements that have been made concerning it by the forest reserve enthusiasts, and that where they say the land is good for nothing except reforestration, it affords some of the best opportunities for farming, with all natural conditions, including a wonderful fertility of the soil, especially adapted to agricultural needs. It was argued that a campaign of education was necessary to bring the people to a realization that Northern Minnesota had been "vilely slandered," as one of the speakers expressed it.

C. H. Warner was the first speaker. He talked along the line of improvement and development, and spoke of the possibilities in an agricultural and dairying way of the section under discussion. He told of the need of drainage and suggested that the Commercial club prepare a map of St. Louis county for distribution, as has been done by other commercial bodies in the Northern counties, showing the state lands that are to be offered for sale, with particulars as to dates, locations, etc. The expense of doing this will not be large in single instances but if the state looked after the matter as a whole the total would take a good share of the money appropriated for promoting the interests of the region, and there would be little left for anything else. The sum is almost discouragingly small as it is.

"Two hundred and sixty acres will be offered for sale at $5, $6 and $7 an acre next spring," said Mr. Warner. "We must advertise as widely as possible the fact that this land is very desirable for farming purposes, and that it can be obtained on very reasonable terms. Minnesota is the best dairy state in the union, beyond all question of a doubt, and eminent authorities have gone on record as saying that the Northern half of the state would surpass the Southern half in the quality and quantity of its dairy products. I believe this to be true.

"Last winter the legislature appropriated $7,000 a year to advance the sale of state lands, and arouse interest in the lands up here. This sum is not a very large one, and it will not go far. We need the assistance and co-operation of all local interests in the work. Individual letters to friends in distant parts of the country, giving facts as they are, will do more good than any amount of other advertising. We urge farmers and individuals all through the Northern region to write their friends elsewhere and tell them of the truly wonderful possibilities of Northern Minnesota. We want to keep the settlers we have and add to their numbers as rapidly as possible.

"It is generally agreed among authorities who have visited this part of the country that the upper Mississippi valley is the best diversified farming district in the world, and Northeastern Minnesota is just as good in this respect as any part of the entire Mississippi valley. All that is necessary is to let the people know about this and they will be eager enough to settle on the lands. Duluth has done a lot of good work for the Northern half of the state, and now she is in a position to do a lot more good. The whole of Northern Minnesota will join hands with your city in the present campaign. I particularly want to complement the press of Duluth for the way it has consistently boosted the interests of this part of the state, giving the lie to any false statements that may have been made by the Twin City papers and individual knockers.

"The idea has gone abroad to a hurtful degree that the lands of Northern Minnesota are unfit for agriculture and that the swamp lands are not worth reclaiming. All this is a gross libel on the state at large and the Northern half in particular."

Representative A. L. Cole of Walker, one of the active promoters of Northern Minnesota, both in the legislature and out of it, was next introduced by Senator Laybourn.

"The auditor's office," began Mr. Cole, "in July and August spent $6,000 or $7,000 in advertising the sale of state lands, and the returns were $100,000, which I considered very good investment. Mr. Iverson and Mr. Warner have done fine work in this connection, and I want to thank them publicly for it.

"One-third of Minnesota is at present in an undeveloped state. All the desirable homesteads are gone, and land that will be taken hereafter must be bought, unless the swamps, which, if drained, would be homesteads, are drained. The Commercial clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis have worked great damage to the state by circulating a pamphlet containing slanders upon Northern Minnesota which the Duluth Commercial club and other like organizations through the territory interested and affected should call upon them to rectify. We have got to arouse public sentiment to favor development and settlement, and make the general public acquainted in matters with the real facts of the case. Everything of any importance in matters of this kind is brought about through public sentiment, and without this sentiment being in our favor we can accomplish nothing. Arouse public sentiment and desired legislation or whatever else is wanted is practically accomplished.

"Future governors of the state and legislators must favor this settlement and development, with drainage and other matters in this connection, before they can be selected. It should and will be made a plank in the platforms of the political parties of the state. The reserving of mineral rights on land sold retards the development, for one thing. Such action disgusts intelligent men of the kind wanted and them turn away without buying land. There should be some legislation against the pratice."

Mr. Warner gave attention, in no uncertain terms, to George F. Maxwell of Chicago, who, posing as a drainage expert in Minneapolis, described Northern Minnesota as a region unfit for farming, and urged against the drainage of swamp lands as a danger. Mr. Wrner proved to the satisfaction of those present that Mr. Maxwell did not know what he was talking about.

Mr. Iverson expressed his pleasure at being able to appear before the Commercial club, and got down to business right away. He said he was here with the other speakers to enlist the assistance and co-operation of Duluth in boosting Northern Minnesota. He told of the $7,000 appropriation for this purpose, and told how insufficent it was for the purpose designed. He spoke of the great importance of the settlement and development of the undeveloped portion of the state, and the necessity of advertising the resources, agricultural and otherwise of this section. He advised advertising on an extensive scale. Advertising was the keynote of his address.

He told how the desired development would mean much to Duluth, and said he had already received substantial evidence that Duluth realized this to be a fact. The encouragement of manufacturing is one of the big advantages that will come to Duluth through the development of Northern Minnesota. Mr. Iverson explained how a map of the county, of the kind mentioned, could be prepared at small cost, but that the state could not very well do it for all of the counties interested, without using a good deal more money than had been appropriated for these purposes.

"The state," continued Mr. Iverson, "sells its land one day in the year. Duluth real estate men have more than 300 days in the year when they may sell the farm lands they control through the Northern part of the state. Much of this land is being sold through the good work of these men, and Duluth as a whole should help them advertise. This nonsensical talk about Northern Minnesota not being fitted for agriculture must be talked and advertised down. The region under discussion is more productive than Northwestern Canada, and we should be getting the settlers who are going there. This is a pleasing country. The land is flowing with milk and honey. Everything well adapted to agriculture."

Mr. Iverson told of trips he had made through Northern Minnesota and described some of the many fine farms he had observed on these trips. He expressed surprise that Washington officials were under the impression that Minnesota people favored the establishment in the state of a forest reserve. The establishment of a forest reserve near Cass Lake he characterized as being the result of a campaign of misguided sentimental notions. "If they know in Washington what I know of the magnificent agricultural possibilities of that part of the state which has been made into a forest reserve, there would be no reserve," he said, afterwords relating the history of the case of the state in getting possession of the swamp lands in the Leech lake and Winnibigoshish reservations, and the starting of the forest reserve.

"If you will do your part we will do ours," concluded the state auditor. "The only way you can successfully bring Northern Minnesota to the front is to advertise. We are firm believers in advertising. Canada is today getting so many settlers because she is the best advertised country in the world. Literature praising the Dominion and her resources is to be found in all parts of the world."

* * *

G. G. Hartley took occasion to warmly roast the forest reserve promoters. He said they were worrying about the wilderness being cut away, when, by coming to the north shore of Lake Superior, they could lose themselves for ten years in the wilderness that extends for 1,000 miles east along the shore. He told how the swamp lands, forest reserves and Indian reservations retard development, and advised drainage of swamps, killing the forest reserve idea, and the opening of Indian reservations to settlement.

"It has been declared," he said, "by promoters of the forest reserve that the land of the upper Mississippi is unfit for cultivation, but I have observed that when a small lot of Indian land was thrown open for settlement at Cass Lake last summer men stood in line for two weeks to get into the land office. That don't much look as if the land was poor.

"The Indians selected the reservations for themselves and they selected good lands. The promoters of the forest reserve have declared that the Indian lands are stony and unfit for cultivation, but there is not ten acres of stony land within the boundaries of the reservation. Every foot of it is suited for farming, and well suited for it. These promoters would tie up 450,000 acres of land in order to make a playground for a lot of people who reside elsewhere and have no interest in Minnesota, and the people who are entitled to get these lands to make homes for themselves and develop the country are barred from enjoying their rights. Even forgery has been resorted to in order to carry through the forest reserve scheme. It is all right to advertise, as advised by Mr. Iverson, but we have got to clean out this forestry scheme, get drainage to reclaim the swamp lands and open the reservations or you cannot do much toward settling up Northern Minnesota. Do away with these obstacles and the settlers will come in fast enough. The large holdings of the several lumber companies is another big obstacle in the way of development."

Mr. Hartley dwelt on the misguided efforts of the Twin City press, and told of the ignorance which prompted papers of St. Paul and Minneapolis to do all they could to injure the northern half of the state, not knowing what they were wrighting about. As an instance of this ignorance, he said the Pioneer Press recently advised irrigation for certain parts of Northern Minnesota that are known to be nothing but swamp.

Former Senator Culkin, register of the land office, said Northern Minnesota had never done anything for itself heretofore, and that it was now time this part of the state was taking some action to benefit itself. He told of the opening, last August, of the Fond du Lac Indian reservation, and of how the 24,000 acres have been practically all taken now. The next few weeks will see all of the land gone. This, he thought, was a pretty good indication that the claims of the forestry people regarding the unfertility of the soil were without foundation, for the people would hardly be so eager to settle on the land if it wasn't good for something. He said it was a mistake for the government or state to withhold land from settlement. Mr. Culkin told of the fine farms that are to be found through Northern Minnesota, and said that in Carlton county alone there were 7,000 or 8,000 farmers.

Judge Ives said the forestry promoters had forged the names of 380 Indians to a petition. He accused them of doing everything that was unfair, and told how the reserve so near Cass Lake would kill the town. He said the forest reserve itself offered some of the very best farming lands of the state, and, in saying it, told how he did not own a foot of land in or about Cass Lake, that he was taking the stand he did because he thought it was his duty. He admitted there was some sand in the soil, but said it was there in just sufficient quantities to add to its fertility. He said sand was necessary to a certain degree for the growing of crops in this cold climate.

Senator Laybourn, at the close of the meeting, asured the speakers that Duluth would do everything possible to boost the good cause along.

LIQUOR HABIT Cured by Orrine, a safe, sure and harmless specific; a simple home treatment; no sanitarium treatment or publicity; can be given without patient's knowledge. If desired. Price, $1 per box; cure effected or money refunded.

F. W. KUGLER,
108 West Superior St., Duluth.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment---They Look for Something Else to Do.

The broad-gauged man of today does not get blue just because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it, has either a small nature of some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity—resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected, prove beyond the shadow of a doubt their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are Nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and posses the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hinderance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves but made the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tables. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it. Their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact you forget you have a stomach when you begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box.

BALFOUR LOSES; CHURCHILL WINS

Results of Saturday's Elections for Parliament in England.

London, Jan. 15.—The political may of England Saturday underwent a striking change as the result of the parliamentary elections held in thirty-nine constituencies in widely scattered but important centers and in which the Liberals gained eighteen seats. The Laborites, who are counted among the Liberal gains, secured four new seats against Unionist candidates.

In the eastern division of Manchester, Arthur J. Balfour, the former prime minister, was defeated by T. G. Horidge, Liberal, who was conceded, even by the Liberals, a weak candidate against such a person as Mr. Balfour. Mr. Horidge secured the remarkable majority of 1,980. This victory, notwithstanding the Liberal predictions, was a decidedly sensational outcome of the day's polling and will, it is believed, enormously affect the elections which will continue for a fortnight.

Winston Churchill, Liberal and free trader, won the seat for the Northwest division of Manchester from W. Johnson Hicks, Conservative, by a majority of 1,241.

Everywhere the Liberal majorities were increased and the net result of the first day's contest between the great political parties was overwhelmingly in favor of the present government.

CALLAHAN CONVICTED.

Found Guilty of Criminal Assault on Mary Kirsting.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Jan. 18.—The jury in the case of the State vs. Michael Callahan, returned a verdict of guilty of assault in second degree Saturday night. An application was immediately made by Attorney Frank W. Price, of the defense, for a new trial. Pending a decision on the motion made, bail was fixed at $6,000 by Judge Spooner.

Callahan is charged with assaulting Mary Kirsting, 22 years old, on the night of Sept. 22 last while coming down the Mississippi river from Vermillion to Cohasset. She was alone with Callahan in the latter's launch. Ten days were consumed in the trial of the case.

THE CAPTAIN QUELLED MUTINY WITH REVOLVER.

New York, Jan. 15.—The American line steamer St. Paul, which arrived last night from Southampton and Cherbourg, brought Capt. Sheppard and crew of nine men of the American bark Edyward L. Mayberry, which was abandoned at sea, Dec. 15, when 250 miles east of Cape Hatteras. The men of the Mayberry's crew were rescued by the American bark Statia, and were landed at Havre. According to Capt. Sheppard, his crew was for four days in practical mutiny. When the Mayberry became unmanageable, on Dec. 10, the crew, negroes, shipped in the South, collected a butt of water, some pork, flour and beans, and carried them to the top of the deck house. Later, four of the negroes declared that they were going to desert the ship.

Capt. Sheppard, with a revolver, kept them at bay until Dec. 15.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema, or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the mots delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Watch this Paper for the Announcement of the Sale of

KROJANKER'S BANKRUPT STOCK

of Fine Furs, Fur Coats, Fur Lined Coats, Men's Fur Gloves and Caps, Cloth Coats, Dresses, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Silk and Cotton Underskirts, Muslin and Flannel Underwear and Millinery.

Bear In Mind That the Goods are All This Season's. No Old Stock.

EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES WANTED. Apply at Store, 20 W. Superior St.

Gray-Tallant Co

Riddance Sale

Every department manager has made ruthless cuts in prices in order to get rid of the balance of things left in stock, before he starts to make out his inventory sheets. The shorter the lot the quicker and

Bigger the Reduction.

Make hay while the sun shines—save money while these liberal January bargains are plentiful, for they'll vanish quickly at such absurdly dwarfed prices.

Keep in Mind That

the White Sale prices on sheeting, pillow cases, muslins and cambrics are lower than elsewhere.

That ready-made sheets and pillow cases are a special feature of the White Sale.

That you save 25 per cent on Nainsooks and long cloth, and table linen, during the White Sale.

We still have sample bedspreads, lunch and tray cloths and scarfs at White Sale prices.

That we still have a large lot of odd dozen napkins at special reductions.

That we are still selling mussed lines of undermuslins—on the second floor—at large concessions.

Social, Musical and Club Circles.

The charity ball which will be given Thursday evening of this week at the large hall of the old Masonic Temple will be of more than ordinary interest in view of the fact that the people who will be benefited by the proceeds are Russian refugees, who were among the few who escaped the massacre in Odessa. The family consists of the father, mother and four children and their romantic escape from death and their present plight was told Mrs. I. Freimuth of this city, who immediately interested herself in them. Tickets for their journey from Odessa to Duluth have already been sent them and the ball for Thursday evening is planned that further aid may be extended them when they reach this country. A large number of tickets have been issued for the ball are a widespread interest is being shown in the affair.

Birthday Party.

Mrs. A. A. Fider entertained at a charming little birthday party Saturday afternoon at her home, 912 East Sixth street in honor of the seventh birthday anniversary of her little daughter, Ruth. The afternoon was spent with games and music and luncheon was served at a table prettily decorated in pink and green. Covers were laid for:

Misses—
Dorothy Thompson, Janet Welbanks,
Loretta St. Germain, Rebecca Freimuth,
Dorothy Erieson, Leonore St. Germain
Garnet Lowe, Clura Fider,
Ruth Ellson, Alice Lamb,
Jennie Hart,
Master Clarence Lowe.

Unity Club.

The second meeting of the year of the Unity club will be held this evening at the Unitarian church on East First street. "Education From the Point of View of the Home, the School and Society" will be the subject of the evening's discussion and the speakers will be Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Charles Alden Smith and Rev. J. W. Powell.

Events of Interest.

The travel class of the Twentieth Century club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the club room of the library. The lecturer for the afternoon will be Prof. R. E. Denfeld who will talk on "Japan's Relative Position in the Orient; Why Should Japan Hold Korea?" Any one interested in the subject is invited to be a guest of the members of the class at tomorrow afternoon's meeting.

• • •

The Ladies Aid society of the Central Baptist church will meet Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Burt A. Parker of 24 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock with Mrs. James A. Wharton of 5707 Otsego street. Mrs. T. Hollister will be the leader for the afternoon and "Walt Whiteman and Other Minor Writers" will be the subject of the afternoon's study.

• • •

An important meeting of the Women's council will be held tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the club room of the library. All the members are urged to be in attendance as matters of much importance will come up for discussion.

• • •

The next meeting of the Evening Browning class of the Twentieth Century club will be one week from tonight at the club room of the library. A change of date has been necessary and the members are requested to note this change.

A Newspaper Glossary.

New York Sun: Snug Sum-Money.

Crisp Five Dollar Bill—Five dollars.

Cosey—Adjective always applied to home to which the remains are taken.

Wuz—Synonymous with "was," but indicates dialect.

Hurled—Motion of passenger, cars and cab at the time of the accident.

Faint—Course taken by all the women within six blocks of the accident.

Scream—See "faint" above.

Wild Panic—Inevitable result of the accident.

Dash—Gait of the crowd at the time of the accident. "Rush" is synonymous. "Run" is not good usage.

D——n—Damn.

Heir—Child having $300 coming to him from a life insurance policy.

Ring Out—What shots should always do.

Hurtle—Verb of motion of any falling object, especially a brick or suicide.

Havoc—Good word to use almost anywhere.

High—Adjective which must be prefixed to noun "noon" in the account of a fashionable wedding.

Trust—Any money not owned by the proprietor.

Slay—Synonymous with obselete verb "kill."

Juggle—What is always done with the funds of a bank or trust company.

Ironmaster—See Andrew Carnegie.

Bandit—Person guilty of crime against property for which the penalty is more than ten days in jail.

College Girl—Any woman who has ever gone to school.

Portia—See Rosalie Loew.

Burly—Adjective always applied to a male negro.

Prominent—Descriptive adjective applied to farmers, plumbers and dentists.

Bourdoir—Any bedroom the rent of which is more than $1.50 a week.

Globe Trotter—Any one who has been to Hohokus, N. J.; Kittery, Me., or Peru, Ind.

Raffles—Any thief who wears a collar.

Deal—Any business transaction which involves more than $1,000.

Gems—Personal ornaments worth more than $1.75.

Peril—A great word to use anywhere It tones up the story.

Goes Into Society.

Mrs. John Graham Phelps Stokes, formerly Miss Rose Pastor, made her formal bow to fashionable society in Sherry's last night, where her mother-in-law, Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, gave a dance and cotillion, says the New York World.

The entertainment was ostensibly for the Misses Mildred and Helen Stokes, but the young daughter-in-law, who once worked in a cigar factory, was of greater interest. She who had elevated herself above sordid surroundings by her alert mind and fine principles met in the white and gold ballroom in Sherry's the cream of New York society and chattered on terms of equality with the bediamonded dowagers who make social history in New York. Feted debutantes in spangles and chiffons bowed before the former cigar-factory girl as she stood with the Stockeses.

But for all this the young Mrs. Stokes cares nothing. As the daughter-in-law of Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes she must sustain her position, and she drove from the heart of the great East Side to the contrasting exclusiveness of Sherry's. She had been only to family dinners and small teas since she was married at Noroton to the young millionaire last summer. But it was necessary for her to appear at the cotillon which Mrs. Stokes gives annually. In a white, simple made satin gown and with her hair parted and worn low on her neck she stood beside the hostess. She made no display of jewels. Her prosperity has not altered her taste and avoidance of ostentation.

The young Mrs. Stokes went alone from her flat, in East Broadway. Her husband was attending a charity meeting and was late.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Cranberries, 20 cents a quart.

Radishes, 8 cents a bunch.

Spanish onions, 8 cents a lb.

Western apples, 60 cents a peck.

Sausages, 12½ cents a lb.

Did you ever since the time you took a needle which your mother labeled a "crowbar," threaded with a long white thread, and laboriously pushed it through pretty red cranberries with much help from a fat and obliging forefinger, hear of such a thing as cranberries being 20 cents a quart? It seems preposterous and impossible and suggests trusts and boycotts and things and also suggests that you'll not have any for some time to come and in addition an undercurrent of thankfulness makes it self felt that Christmas is past and that you had the red sauce with your turkey when they sold for something less than 20 cents a quart. Cranberries are quoted in Chicago at wholesale at $20 and $21 per barrel and the market man says it's because the crop has been a failure for two years and he also says that in all his experience he has never known of cranberries being such a price.

The only apples in the market that are fit to look at or eat are the Western apples and they are at very high price. Pineapples are still at the prices where the great common people can not indulge their longings and in few things does the market offer a change. But if you don't know what you want and can't find a change, go into the florist's and get a pot of tulips. They are the most refreshing and delightful things seen during a journey down town. They are grown white with the most delicate pink tinges, of a bright scarlet or a scarlet and yellow and with four of these growing straight and lovely out of a little earthern pot, for the centerpiece for your table, anything will taste good and good things will taste better.

CHARLES GASPER DIES SUDDENLY

Prominent Fond du Lac Man Victim of Brain Tumor.

Charles Gaspar, store and hotelkeeper at Fond du Lac, died early yesterday morning from cerebral hemorrhage from a brain tumor which had been growing some time. Mr. Gaspar was in his usual health until Saturday morning when he was taken sick. Being a single man and without relatives in this part of the country at least, he was taken care of by two neighbors, who did not believe him seriously ill, nor did he think so himself, evidently. In fact it was not until a few hours before his death that the case was considered so dangerous that a doctor was called and then it was too late to do anything for the man. He died early yesterday morning and an autopsy performed by Dr. Graham of West Duluth at Fitzatrault's morgue determined the cause of death to be hemorrhage from a brain tumor as has been stated.

Mr. Gasper was at the time of his death, one of the oldest residents of Fond du Lac, having arrived there almost twenty-five years ago from Germany. For a time he followed his trade, that of shoemaker, but later started in the business which he was in at the time of his death. He had prospered and besides being worth some considerable money was possessor of about 600 acres of land across the river at Fond du Lac. He was 47 years of age.

Mr. Gaspar was twice nominated by the Democratic party as candidate for the legislature and has been prominent in every way in his part of the city.

Mr. Gaspar being without kith or kin in this country, so far as known, the probate court will appoint an administrator of his estate today after which funeral arrangements will be made.

DIES IN COUNTY JAIL.

John Magnuson, Sent Up for Drunkenness, Collapses Sunday Afternoon.

John Magnuson, a laborer aged 49 years, sent up to the county jail for drunkenness, died at that institution yesterday afternoon. Magnuson was unconscious for several hours preceding his death. Excessive alcoholism is believed to be the cause of death.

The authorities know very little about Magnuson. He was found wandering about the streets in a drunken condition last Friday and began serving his ten-day sentence Saturday. Magnuson appeared to be ill when admitted to jail. He refused to eat or talk and finally collapsed, falling to the floor.

Coroner McCuen will endeavor to locate some of his relatives.

WILL RECEIVE PRINTING BIDS

County Board Will Have Special Meeting Next Monday.

One week from today the board of county commissioners will hold a special session for the purpose of opening new bids for the supplies of printed forms and stationery for the various departments of the county during the coming year. If any of the bids are acceptable the contract for the printing will be awarded at that meeting. Bids for the supplies mentioned were submitted at the annual meeting held Jan. 2, but the figures were not satisfactory to the board, and new bids were called for.

It is likely that the board will also take up and dispose of a number of other matters at the meeting next week, that being the understanding when an adjournment was taken, Jan. 3. Among the things scheduled to come up are some personal property taxes. Some instances are understood to have come to the attention of the board where the taxes on certain personal property in this city were levied on the wrong person, and it is probable that a correction will be made. Some of the persons said to be wrongly assessed have promised to appear before the board, and have intimated that some interesting disclosures may be made.

MONEY IN SOCK.

Police Find Wad on Prisoner Who is Searched at Headquarters.

Hidden in the toe of his sock, a roll of bills and small change amounting to $48.41 was found on August Johnson when searched by the police Saturday night, after he had been arrested on the charge of stealing $55 from his roommate, Hans Olson.

Olson and Johnson came in from the woods together on Friday and slept together in a lodging house Friday night. Olson says that when he awoke both his money and his partner were missing. When Johnson was arrested by the police he vigorously asserted that he had no money, and maintained that he was innocent, but a thorough search at headquarters disclosed the money hidden in the sock.

Johnson had a check for $15 of his own, and he claimed to have purchased a suit of clothes, which would account for the difference between the amount found on him and the amount claimed to have been stolen.

He will be arraigned on a grand larceny charge.

GREENBERG NOT GUILTY OF MURDER, SAYS JURY.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 15.—The jury in the Greenberg murder case late Saturday night returned a verdict of not guilty, after retirement of a little more than six hours. The verdict is believed to be based on the plea of insanity which was urged by the defense, as confessions of the accused were introduced as evidence during the trial.

Greenberg was accused of having put "soldering fluid," a mixture of muriatic acid and zinc, into a glass of whisky which he poured for Halvord Nyman, on whose farm he and his wife have been living for the last two or three years. Nyman, who was an aged man, died within a few hours after drinking the liquor. After Greenberg was arrested he was alleged to have made a confession to the police, in which he said that he needed money, and that the only way in which he could get it was through the death of the old man.

GIVE HER A CHANCE

Old Dame Nature Knows How.

"Old dame nature has a sure way of curing sick people by food if the kind she wants is supplied the body and the persons don't interfere with drugs.

She prescribes such things as fresh air and sunshine, exercise and right food as her principal agencies.

Grape-Nuts is a natural food, prepared from wholesome grains, with no drugs nor chemical ingredients or processes, and is shipped from the factory in such predigested fitness that the weakest stomach will readily assimilate it.

An Ohio woman who suffered for twelve years from nervous prostration, night sweats, imperfect circulation, insomnia, etc., tells how Grape-Nuts food restored her to health and happiness in less than twelve weeks.

"I was so reduced in strength with untold suffering, without vitality or ambition, bed-ridden and unable to even wait on myself, that I felt obliged to doctor all the time, taking one prescription after another, but deriving no permanent benefit from any. Sometimes I would feel better for a while, but soon the effects of the medicine would pass away and I would lapse back to my former condition.

"Last May at my mother's solicitation I concluded to quit medicine and try Grape-Nuts food. It did not work a miracle at once, but slowly and surely, day by day, it built me up and strengthened me. I soon began to sit up, then to work a little, then to get out to see my friends, gaining meanwhile in sleep, till at last, by the end of June I was able to leave home for a visit, (taking my Grape-Nuts with me, be sure,) returning after a few weeks, completely restored, with a healthy interest in my domestic duties, and, thank Heaven, the strength to perform them!

"That is so, and that I am stronger in mind also and quicker and more vigorous intellectually, is due to the use of Grape-Nuts food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SOME MARINE NEWS.

Steamer Libel and Two Reports on Wrecks Are Made.

The steamer Estelle, owned by Napoleon Grignon of Duluth, has been libelled by Harvey D. Wood, formerly engineer of the boat. He charges that wages to the amount of $236, due between July 20 and Oct. 15, 1904, have not been paid.

Work on the wreck of the steamer George Spencer, which went ashore at Thomasville, on the north shore, in the big storm of Nov. 28, has been abandoned. Whitney Bros. of Superior, who had the contract, saved the coal, of which there was 1,700 tons, but find the bottom of the hull of the boat so badly stove that she cannot be saved.

Capt. Reid of Sarnia, who is wrecking the Manila on Encampment island, is jacking the boat up, and after raising her about three feet will skid her off.

The Employment Agents.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The reply of Employment Agent to Woodsman's article in The Herald is amusing to read, pleading how the poor souls (employment agents) have been victimized by woodsmen, also saying they were swamped with orders for men and were really unable to meet the demand. Such assertions cause surprise, when it is known that such is not the case. People daily passing these employment bureaus know that in front of their offices are posted signs or orders that have remained there for many months, with no late orders for men.

As an illustration of the business they conduct: The writer was one of a party of nine hired for a point on the Iron Range road. On arriving at camp, the foreman said he did not order these men, and so endorsed on each ticket. After walking about twenty-three miles, three of us returned, being out $3.50 each. The balance, being short of money, said they would seek work elsewhere. Instead of these agents being victimized, it is the workingmen that are swindled by just such methods in vogue by Duluth employment agents.

A READER OF THE HERALD,
Duluth, Jan. 15.

A Modern Miracle.

"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Mollie Holt of this place," writes J. C. R. Hooper, Woodford, Tenn., "she was so wasted by coughing up pus from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that her family had watched by her bedside forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request, Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman today." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. 50c and $1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The farm residence of H. A. Brazill, in the Portage La Prairie, Man., district, was burned Saturday at midnight. Three children, the eldest aged 15, and one aged 1 month, were cremated. The parents escaped with difficulty.

The body of Dr. William Hainey Harper, late president of the University of Chicago, was laid to rest Sunday in a vault in Oakwood cemetery. The final resting place of the distinguished educator will, however, be on the university campus, where it is planned to build a memorial chapel and crypt.

James A. Doran of St. Paul, doing business as a broker under the firm name of James A. Doran & Co., announced his suspension Sunday night. Mr. Doran says his liabilities will exceed $200,000, but declines to make a detailed statement. The failure is attributed to the firm's having been on the wrong side of the stock market.

Dr. Douglas Hyde, president of the Gaelic league, who is engaged in an effort to revive the Gaelic language in Ireland, spoke to an audience of about 1,600 persons on that subject at the Colonial theater at Cleveland Sunday night.

Friends of Dr. F. D. Hart have been advised that he and the two other defendants, Richardson and Mason, under sentence of death in Chihuahua, Mex., for poisoning two Americans, policyholders of the New York Life, will not be executed, but will be sent to convict stockades to serve terms of twenty years each.

Marine experts on the coast believe that the schooner Samuel L. Russell has gone to pieces in Hampton Roads and that Capt. Jones and four men are lost. Tugs coming in report wreckage which has been identified as being timbers from the Russell. A sixty-mile gale has been blowing off the coast for several days.

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs Jennie Duncan of Waynesville, Mo., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of Chronic Dyspepsia of twenty years' standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver diseases, Blood disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all drug stores. Price only 50c.

BEGIN ICE HARVEST.

Large Crew Starts Work Cutting a Crop on Spirit Lake.

The Duluth ice companies today began to harvest their ice crop at Spirit Lake, a force of about seventy-five men being employed. The companies will put in approximately 60,000 tons of ice for consumption during the coming season. On account of the lateness in the freeze-up on Lake Superior the ice companies began about two years ago cutting ice on Spirit lake, where the ice formation comes earlier and can be depended on. This year the ice is said to be about sixteen inches thick and of good quality.

The companies expect to keep up their operations at Spirit lake for about three weeks, after which they will begin filling contracts for filling ice houses of the packing companies, the breweries and the railroads.

It is expected by those in the business of getting ice that Lake Superior will be froze over near the shore at Twenty-first avenue east by the middle of February. Cutting will go on near that point for about twenty days, until the East end ice houses are filled.

"LID" ON AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Jan. 15.—According to the police, the "lid" was down tight in Omaha yesterday for the first time in many years, not one of the 245 saloons in the city being open. This is the result of a vigorous campaign recently inaugurated by the Civic federation. The saloon men had agreed to keep their places closed a week ago Sunday, but many of them violated the agreement, with the result that twenty-two of them were arrested and their cases are now pending. Convinced that the federation is in earnest, the saloonkeepers yesterday made no effort to resist.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup cures cough and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.



Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.50. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 257, Duluth, Minn.

Temple Roller Rink

Open every week day. Afternoons, 2 to 5 p. m. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30 p. m. Music every evening by La Brosse's band and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Children's matinee Saturday afternoons.

OUR LEADERS—

Straight Whiskies—Cedar Brook and Maryland Rye.

Blended Whiskies—Old Cabinet and Live Oak.

COOK'S BUFFET

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD



APPLIED AS A COLD CREAM ACTS AS A MEDICINE.

Wherever applied, its healing and nourishment is instantly absorbed by the pores. It strengthens and builds up the tissues underlying the skin and Firm, Healthy Flesh is the result.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is no new experiment. It has been in use for more than fifty years and during that time thousands of women and men have used it with entire satisfaction.

That it is not to be classed with "Cold Creams" and other things of like superficial potency is proved by the fact that it is prescribed by leading physicians and used in hospitals for the nutrition of invalids whose stomachs are too weak to digest food.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD should be used by every woman who has the least desire to be attractive. It is the only preparation that will round out hollowed, thin cheeks or scrawny neck with Firm, Healthy Flesh and Remove Wrinkles from the face and hands, no matter how deep the furrow.

FOR DEVELOPING THE IMMATURE BUST or to make the breast firm, large and beautiful nothing can equal it. To prevent the breasts from shrinking, after weaning baby, mothers should always use DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD. It will also restore a bosom to its natural contour and beauty lost through nursing and sickness.

ON SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is $1.00 a box, but to introduce it into thousands of new homes we have decided to send Two (2) boxes to all who answer this advertisement and send us $1.00. All packages are sent in plain wrapper, postage prepaid.

FREE. A Sample Box—just enough to convince you of the great merit of DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD—will be sent free for 10 cents, which pays for cost of mailing. With this sample we will also send you our illustrated Book, "Art of Massage," which contains all the proper movements for Massaging the face, neck and arms and full directions for developing the bust. Address

DR. CHARLES CO., 108 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

NONE SUCH MOST DELICIOUS PIES, FRUIT CAKES, PUDDINGS AND COOKIES. IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES. MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK MINCE MEAT

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BUDWEISER



This huge building, 347 feet long, 98 feet wide and 7 stories high, contains:

200 mammoth **Glass Enameled** Steel Tanks used solely for the lagering (ageing) of Budweiser.

Each Glass Tank weighs 16 Tons, is 70 feet long, 9 feet in diameter, and holds 1,000 barrels of beer.

The combined capacity of the 200 tanks is 200,000 Barrels, or 62,000,000 Bottles of Budweiser.

These Glass Enameled Steel Tanks were manufactured and installed by

The Pfaudler Co.
Rochester N. Y.

at a cost of over half a million dollars.

It required eight months' time to manufacture them, and over five miles of freight cars to deliver them to the Brewery.

This however is only the first installment. The proved superiority of glass over wood for the lagering and storing of Beer has decided the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n to equip the entire brewery with these Glass Enameled Tanks.

In Glass from the Kettle to the Lip

Budweiser as it leaves the brew kettles is conveyed into Glass-Enameled fermenting vats. After fermentation it is lagered (aged) from four to five months in Glass-Lined Steel Tanks before it is bottled. 200 mammoth Glass Tanks in this building (Stock House No. 10) are required for this purpose. The capacity of these tanks is 200,000 barrels or 62,000,000 bottles of Budweiser.

Budweiser is, therefore, in Glass from the time it is brewed until it is consumed.

Budweiser

The King of Bottled Beers

in 1905 scored a sale of

137,722,150 Bottles

Cleanliness, unceasing Care, Knowledge and Skill have resulted in a Beer so GOOD, and of such UNVARYING QUALITY, that it has made possible the building and maintenance of

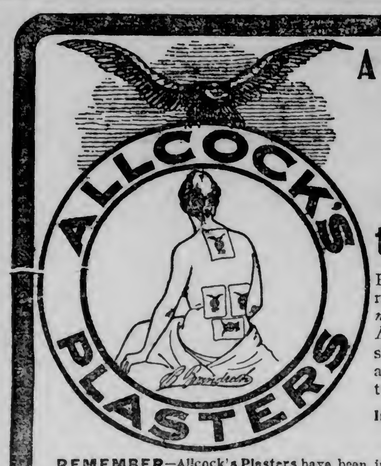
The Largest Brewery in the World

Covers 128 Acres—more than 70 City Blocks
Total Storing Capacity — 600,000 Barrels
Gives employment to more than 6,000 people

Sales for 1905—1,403,788 Barrels of Beer

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n - St. Louis, U.S.A.

Ideal Beer Hall Co., and W. A. Wagner, Distributors, = Duluth



A Universal Remedy for Pains in the Back

For pains in the region of the *Kidneys* or for a *Weak Back* the plaster should be applied as shown in illustration.

Insist Upon Having **Allcock's**

REMEMBER—Allcock's Plasters have been in use over 58 years. They are the original and genuine porous plasters and have never been equalled as a pain-curer Guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

Brandreth's Pills

The Great Blood Purifier and Tonic. For Constipation, Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion, etc.

Established 1782

B. Brandreth

CLEAR CASE OF FORGERY

Signatures of Indians to Forest Reserve Petitions Forged.

Rev. Charles T. Wright Accuses Dr. Crafts of Minneapolis.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Something of a sensation has been caused here by the publication of an affidavit signed by Rev. Charles Wright, the Indian preacher who is in charge of the Cass Lake Indian mission (and who is the hereditary chief of the Chippewa nation), in which the reverend gentleman repudiates the statement that he had signed a petition which has been quite generally circulated by the commercial clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis. The petition in question was in effect a prayer to the senate and house of representatives heartily commending the provisions of the Morris Chippewa law, and more especially the provisions of that measure which secured the establishing of the Minnesota national forest reserve, which almost wholly surrounds the village of Cass Lake, the circulators of the pamphlet containing the petition having the names of some 300 Indians of the White Earth reservation, which it was claimed had been personally subscribed to the document. Claim was made here, several days ago, that there was proof forthcoming that the document was a forgery, and in substantiating this claim, the following affidavit signed by Mr. Wright, whose name appears on the petition, has been produced:

"State of Minnesota, County of Cass—ss: Rev. Charles Wright, being first duly sworn, on his oath, says: I am a Chippewa Indian, 45 years of age, belonging to the White Earth band, and residing at the Indian mission on the shore of Cass Lake. In November last I spent a few days in the city of Minneapolis, and while there stayed at the home of Dr. Leo M. Crafts. Previous to going to Minneapolis, having been dissatisfied with the allotment of lands on the White Earth reservation to the members of the White Earth band, I had interested myself in trying to secure a re-allotment of said lands and to this end had had Pendeguigishig and Moshkenush, two members of said band, secure the signatures of over 370 names to a petition asking for a re-allotment, such petition being addressed to the honorable secretary of the interior and to the honorable commissioner of Indian affairs. The signers of this petition were Chippewa Indians. While I was at Dr. Crafts' house, Dr. Crafts and Mrs. Lydia Williams talked with me frequently in favor of the maintenance of the forest reserve on our reservation and used strong efforts to persuade me to believe that it was best for my people that said reserve, covering 231,400 acres of our lands, should remain as established by the terms of the Morris law. During these conversations, Dr. Crafts and Mrs. Williams asked to see my re-allotment petition above referred to, containing over 370 names. While I was at Dr. Crafts' house, Dr. Crafts drew the heading to a petition to the members of the senate and house of representatives in congress, setting out that it would be for their interests, that is, the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota, to have the Morris bill remain in full effect, because under its operation, we, the Chippewa Indians, have received about five times as much for our timber as we received on the old law for timber and land together, and because it permitted us to remain on our allotments to fish and hunt and gather wild rice and berries, and because, through the greatly increased number of tourists, we would be given the opportunity to make money acting as guides and workmen, and selling our produce. Dr. Crafts gave me a copy of this heading, which copy is hereto attached. One night, while I was at Dr. Crafts' house, when I went to bed, I left my re-allotment petition, containing said names, numbering over 370, on the table down stairs. In the morning, when I came down stairs, I found it on the table and put it in my pocket.

"At the end of my stay in Minneapolis, about the 20th of November, I went to White Earth, Minnesota, and while there had a meeting with not to exceed twenty of the Chippewa Indians there for the purpose of discussing my going to Washington to try and secure a re-allotment. At that meeting, I secured the signatures of a few more Indians to my re-allotment petition. Shortly after this, I started for Washington, and stopped at Minneapolis on my way and saw Dr. Crafts, and while at the house let him take my re-allotment petition, having said extra names attached thereto. I have recently had shown to me a copy of a 'Memorial and Appeal,' a pamphlet issued by the Commercial clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis, and as 'Appendix I' therefore to have seen what purports to be a petition signed by 389 names. (Petition given, contents as above stated, relative to forest reserve and allowing Indians to remain on allotments, etc.) Printed in as signers to this petition, in said 'Apendix I,' I have seen list of 380 Indians, beginning with my name and ending with that of Waibjah-nebinid, and following said list of names, I have seen the following certificate: 'We—Pendeguigishig and Moshkenush, hereby certify that we personally interviewed each and every member of the foregoing named Indians and made them familiar with the contents of the foregoing petition so that they thoroughly understood the same and appreciated its effects, and that thereafter, signified and stated to us that said petition expressed their views and that they wished us to indicate the same by annexing their names thereto. (Signed) His (X) Mark. His (X) Mark.' On seeing the heading to this petition, and reading it over and comparing it with the heading of Dr. Crafts' petition (a copy of which he gave me, as above stated) and after carefully going over the list of names printed as signers thereto, and after carefully reading the certificate above quoted and comparing it with a typewritten copy of my original re-allotment petition, (which copy I have in my possession and attach hereto, complete with the list of names, except the last few secured at White Earth on the trip there above referred to) I am satisfied that the heading is the identical heading written by Dr. Crafts to his petition, and I identify the names of those purporting to be signed to this petition as the same as those signed to my re-allotment petition, with some very slight changes in arrangement; and I recognize the certificate added thereto, as quoted above, as absolutely identical with the certificate to my re-allotment petition, and signed by Pendeguigishig and Moshkenaush. I know of my own knowledge that no such petition as the one quoted above was ever circulated by Pendeguigishig and Moshkenaush or any other Indians among the Chippewa Indians, on the Chippewa reservations, and that the Indians whose names are shown as signers thereto never signed any such petition, and I never signed such petition. I can speak and read and write the English language. (Signed) CHARLES T. WRIGHT."

The affidavit is duly signed and witnessed before a local justice of the peace. There are also affidavits from the two chiefs mentioned above, in which they state emphatically that never saw, signed or circulated any such document as the Twin City Commercial clubs are sending broadcast. It is up to the members of the Commercial clubs and others who are circulating the signatures to explain.

Washington, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Several affidavits have reached Washington in which charges are made that a petition which was recently sent to congress by the Commercial Clubs of St. Paul and Minneapolis in favor of retaining the national forest reserve in Northern Minnesota is fraudulent and the names signed to it are forgeries. Two leading chiefs and Rev. Charles Wright, an educated Indian, sweear that the petition was never circulated on the reservation, but was written in Minneapolis, and the names purposting to be attached to it were taken bodily from a document which Mr. Wright himself was bringing to Washington. An investigation will follow.

FIRE AT CLARKSVILLE, TENN.

Clarksville, Tenn., Jan. 15.—The Dunlop Milling company's plant was damaged by fire this morning to the extent of $250,000, with insurance of $175,000.

WILD WITH ITCHING HUMOR

Eruption Broke Out in Spots All Over Body—Caused a Continual Itching for Two Years—Doctor's Medicine Did no Good—Cured at Expense of only $1.25 and Now

THANKS CUTICURA FOR COMPLETE CURE

"Some time ago I wrote you for a book on the Cuticura Remedies and received it O. K. and went and bought the Soap, Ointment, and Pills. They did me more good than any medicine I ever used. They cured me of my skin disease, and I am very thankful to you. My trouble was eruption of the skin, which broke out in spots all over my body, and caused a continual itching which nearly drove me wild at times. I got medicine of a doctor, but it did not cure me, and when I saw in a paper your ad., I sent to you for the Cuticura book and I studied my case in it. I then went to the drug store and bought one cake of Cuticura Soap, one box of Cuticura Ointment, and one vial of Cuticura Pills. From the first application I received relief. I used the first set and two extra cakes of Cuticura Soap, and was completely cured. I had suffered for two years, and I again thank Cuticura for my cure. If you wish, you may publish this. Your friend forever, Claude N. Johnson, Maple Grove Farm, R. F. D. 2, Walnut, Kan., June 15, 1905."

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! This is the condition of thousands of skin-tortured men, women, and children, who may be instantly relieved and speedily cured by warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure, and mild doses of Cuticura Resolvent Pills, when physicians and all else fail.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

The World of Sports

RACE WHILE SNOW FALLS

Storm Prevents Time Being Taken at Saturday's Ice Matinee.

Captain S. and Dick Are Winners in Their Respective Classes.

Captain S. James Sullivan's bay gelding, had no difficulty in winning out in the first race in the free for all class, against Beulah Smith, James Henderson's black gelding, Saturday afternoon on the ice track at the foot of Twenty-first avenue west.

The race was run in a driving snow storm which made it impossible for the timekeepers to see the starter's flag, and no accurate time could be taken.

The race was witnessed by a large crowd of spectators, and so great was the interest displayed that it was found very difficult to keep the track clear. T. R. Kyle acted as starter.

The limited class proved to be of much greater interest than the free for all, and it developed into a very exciting contest between Dick, Richard Sellwood's bay gelding, Vera Dell, D. Case's bay mare, and Sam Russell's bay mare Kitty Birchwood.

Dick took the highest number of points, winning two firsts and two thirds, but the award of the race was held up pending an investigation of the claim that the horse has a mark of 2:10 which would bar him from the class.

Dick won the first heat with Vera Dell second, Kitty Blackwood third and Prince R. fourth. In the second heat Vera Dell and Kitty Blackwood each moved up a notch, and Dick fell back to third place. In the third heat Kitty Birchwood took a first, Vera Dell second, and Dick was again third.

With each of the three horses holding a first, the fourth heat was waited for with intense interest. It was captured by Dick with Vera second and Kitty Birchwood third.

Next Saturday the winner will be matched against three new horses in the same class, and should the owners of any of the three losing horses on Saturday, desire to enter again, they can do so by paying $3 to the race committee.

The free for all class is open to any Duluth horses, and entry can be made when the races are started at 2 o'clock each Saturday afternoon.

"CAP" IS PRESIDENT.

Amalgamated Gun Clubs Hold First Meeting and Elect Officers.

A. A. Farrington will be the first president of the amalgamated gun clubs.

He was chosen Saturday evening at the meeting of the members of the new organization. G. H. Feetham of the Highland club was chosen vice president, and John Nelson, who was a member of both clubs, was chosen field captain, with G. R. Clarke as lieutenant, W. J. Webb of the Highland club was chosen secretary-treasurer.

The location of the grounds of the new club has not yet been decided upon, but it was left in the hands of the newly elected officers, who will meet shortly and take the matter up.

AFTER CHAMPIONSHIP.

Charles Rankin Challenges Edward Smith and Carl Alroth.

Edward Smith, who claims the one mile skating championship of the city, is matched to race Charles Rankin at the Central ice rink, February 2.

George E. Pratt has offered a purse of $15 to the winner, the race to be for two of three heats, and the winner to take all.

Rankin has also challenged Carl Alroth of Superior to a match. Mr. Pratt has offered a purse of $20 if the race is pulled off at the Central rink, and Rankin offers to add a side bet of $25 if Alroth will accept.

Roller Skating Race.

The first series of roller skating races for a purse of $100 will be skated tonight at the Lincoln Park rink, between Wiggins who won the medal offered by the Temple rink management, and Matthews, who claims the championship of the Lincoln Park ring.

The race will be for one mile and will be followed Wednesday evening by a two mile race and Friday evening by a pursuit race.

The secret of successfully ridding the system of a cold is a thorough evacuation of the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar does this—Liquid Cold Cure, drives all cold out of the system. Best for Coughs, Croup, etc. Sold by all druggists.

GOVERNOR HANLY.

One of Leading Governors of the Country Coming Here.

The opening reservation of seats for the Star lecture course at the First Methodist church took place Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock and there were a fairly large number taken. They can now be had at Chamberlain & Taylor's. The first lecture in the course will be delivered Friday evening by Governor J. Frank Hanly of Indiana. He is one of the governors of the present time who are attracting attention because of an apparent determinion to enforce the laws. Recently he spoke in Chicago at one of the afternoon meetings of the Y. M. C. A. and the secretary wrote here with reference to his coming to Dpiuth:

"I congratulate you on having Gov. Hanly for your lecture course. His address on 'The Patriotism of Peace' was one of the strongest and most effective we have had during the past two or three years. He is certainly a man with a message and his message is of fascinating interest in these days of 'frenzied finance' and politics."

TAKE TROUT THROUGH ICE

Illegal Fishermen at Work in Miller and Lester Creeks.

Sportsmen Complain Against Such Wanton Violations of Law.

The destruction of brook trout in Miller's creek and in the Lester park stream is causing the sportsmen of the city to ask vigorously for action by the game wardens.

One West End gentleman stated yesterday that he had seen a fisherman bringing in a string of half a dozen fine trout from Miller's creek. The fish had been caught in the upper waters of the stream above the hilltop. A hole had been sawed in the ice over the stream, and the fisherman had been able to haul up his string of beauties in half an hour's time.

Some fishing of the same nature is said to have been done in Lester creek during the last month.

The incentive for such fishing is claimed to be the price which brook trout are bringing from a small coterie of epicures, who are offering seventy-five cents to $1 per pound for their favorite dish.

The action of the illegal fishermen is therefore a violation of the game laws in two ways. It is prohibited, under the laws, to sell brook trout at any season of the year, and it is also unlawful to catch them at any time except between the dates of April 15 and Sept. 1.

The genuine sportsmen in the city are very jealous of the Miller and Lester park streams. It is very seldom that a city the size of Duluth can offer trout fishing within a short walk of the city limits, or even inside of the limits, and the fishermen are anxious that the streams be very carefully guarded during the closed season. Taking trout at this season of the year and through the ice is a violation of all the laws in the code of a sportsman, and if any definite information can be secured against the men who are doing it, it will fare hard with them. As yet no proof has been secured against the violators of the law, but if any evidence can be gathered it will at once be laid before the game wardens.

Informal Dance
TONIGHT
Prof. Dooley's. Bluett's Orchestra

STATE PAPERS BACK FACULTY

Wisconsin Press Sustains the Plan to Suspend Football.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 15.—While the students and many alumni of the University of Wisconsin are shouting themselves hoarse in opposition to the proposition of the faculty that intercollegiate football contests be suspended for two years, it develops that the action of the faculty is meeting with approval from the general press of the state. A clipping department has been added to the university press bureau, in charge of Dr. Willard G. Bleyer. So far as editorial comment on the faculty's action is concerned, not one adverse expression has been found. All the country editors declare in favor of suspending the game, as the next best thing to utter abolition of the "bloodthirsty" sport, as some designate it.

A committee of twenty-five representative students has been organized to formulate the sentiment of the student body and make representations to the faculty accordingly. Other departments than football have been most aggressive in opposition to the proposition to lay the game away for two seasons. All other departments of Wisconsin university athletics, including track work, crews and baseball, are maintained at a loss to the athletic association, and it is the football department, with its rich revenues from the big championship contests, that supports all the other departments.

The aquatic end of Wisconsin athletics is the most expensive of all save football, and it is operated at a dead loss, for there are no receipts whatever from the crews, except the voluntary subscriptions of students and alumni. The cost of the crew department is approximately $5,000 a year, not counting a contribution of $1,000 made by the regents toward the salary of Crew Coach Andrew M. O'Dea. Outside of the few who are directly interested in aquatics, there is a determined sentiment in favor of abolishing crew work, both on account of the cost, the fact that less than three dozen students are benefited by the work, and also that aquatic sports take good material from other athletic teams.

The Madison alumni are deeply interested in the question of reform in athletics, and have decided to hold a banquet to discuss and take action by resolutions. Some 500 students of the university will be present.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER

Offers to Sell Name for Quarter of Million Dollars.

London, Jan. 15.—Mrs. James Brown Potter, the second, who was Miss Handy of Baltimore, is distressed by the fact that her husband's former wife, the actress, still uses the name of Mrs. James Brown Potter.

A few days ago Charles B. Honey of Honey & Keith, lawyers of New York, called upon the Messrs. Wontner, lawyers of Mrs. James Brown Potter, and said he had come to see them in behalf of the present wife of James Brown Potter, who wishes to know if Mrs. Cora Urquhart Brown Potter could not be persuaded to use some other name in order to oblige Mrs. Brown Potter of New York. The actress and the New York woman, he said, are constantly mixed in the imaginations of ignorant persons. Mr. Honey suggested that possibly she might be open to inducement.

"Certainly," responded Mr. Wontner, who knew his client's view on this point, "if you want to buy a trademark you must pay for it. Mrs. Brown Potter will not call herself Mrs. Cora Jones or Miss Cora Urquhart, or any other undistinguishing title unless she be paid $250,000 in cash."

So far no further proposition has been laid before Mrs. Brown Potter's lawyers.

EAGLE MOUNTAIN MINING CO.'S GOLD PROPERTY

BUFFALO HUMP DISTRICT



THE EAGLE MOUNTAIN MINING COMPANY

This company announces that beginning Thursday, January 18th, at 10 o'clock, at its office, 102 Board of Trade Building, Duluth, Minnesota, and in the offices of local brokers, it will receive subscriptions to the amount of 50,000 shares of its Treasury stock. Shares being offered at par, $5.00.

This company owns twenty-seven claims, about 500 acres, in the Buffalo Hump Mining District, Idaho County, State of Idaho. It has ready for milling over ten millions of tons of ore, that will run better than $15.00 per ton gold. This can be reduced to bullion at a cost not to exceed one dollar per ton.

The proceeds of this sale of Treasury stock will be applied exclusively to the erection and equipment of a mill on its property for the reduction of its ore, which will be in operation by August 1st, 1906. From and after that date large dividends are assured.

THE EAGLE MOUNTAIN MINING CO.,
102 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Organized Labor Will Fight Carriers' Ultimatum Regarding Mates.

Sault Ste. Marie—The action of the Lake Carriers' association at Detroit may result in another tie-up of shipping in the spring if the association refuses to employ mates affiliated with any labor organization.

Capt. Henry Thorn, formerly of Cleveland, who is an organizer for the Lake Pilots' Protective association, said today that the organization is affiliated with the longshoremen and not a cargo of anything will move in the spring unless the lake carriers change their attitude. He said the men will refuse to load or unload boats and that advices from other ports on Lake Superior are to the same effect.

Max Schoeneman of the Soo claims possession of the only cross-eyed dog in the city. It is a brown cocker spaniel and came direct from the Netherlands as a present. The transportation and care of the dog on its trip to the Soo was $57.80 and the canine is valued at $300. It is a handsome animal and shows unusual intelligence.

When the circuit court granted the motion for a new trial in the Isaac Eagle case, Eagle, the Soo man last year found guilty of the murder of his wife, was made an unconvicted man. At present his status in the eyes of the law is that of a man who has just been arrested and awaits trial. Under these circumstances it will be necessary to transfer the prisoner from the Jackson prison to the jail of Chippewa county to await trial. The court has not as yet given a copy of the order for a new trial to the sheriff or the warden of the prison, but when this is done an officer will be sent to Jackson to bring Eagle to the Soo. This will probably be done soon.

Marquette—Judge J. W. Stone of the twenty-fifth judicial circuit, sitting in the case of White vs. Shaw, a suit brought in chancery to compel reconveyance of a tax title, has handed down an opinion deciding an important point of the statutory tax notice law.

The decision, in brief, is that where land is owned by several persons in undivided interests, each owner has the right to redeem from the tax title until all the owners have been served with a statutory notice and the six months' period for redemption has expired.

The decision will be of general interest throughout the state, as a great many lands, especially in the upper peninsula, are owned by undivided interests, and the question decided by Judge Stone has been a mooted one among lawyers for many years.

Menominee—Andrew Graff of the town of Lusias has just devised a new method for tempering copper quickly. In one second he can make copper as hard as steel. A coil of copper wire can be transformed into a hard spring. Graff has worked on this problem since his boyhood days, when he was a machinist in the railroad shops at Pittsburg. His father began experimenting in the same line as early as 1801, but was unable to devise a quick method.

Stephenson—A suit has been started by Della Bedore of Stephenson, Menominee county, against Joseph Boucher, a saloon keeper of the same place, and his bondsmen, Antoine Thorpe, Camille Colpin, Charles Demille and Jacot Rosenberg. The case will come up at the February term of circuit court. Mrs. Bedore sues for $4,000, which she claims is due her for the sale of liquors to her fourteen-year-old son, Ernest Bedore. Mrs. Bedore states that liquor was sold to the boy on the Fourth of July, 1903, and a number of times since that date. She says in her suit that the expense of the boy's staying at home and not doing his work has been a burden to her.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss. Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

JERSEY CITY MAN

Declares Masculine Teachers Necessary to Save the Nation.

Jersey City, N. J., Jan. 15.—The American mother may be superior to the president of the United States, according to Congressman Shepard of Texas, but the American woman is not the proper person to teach the young idea to shoot, in the opinion of Joel Stevens, spokesman of the Tenth Ward Improvement association.

The Tenth Ward Improvement association would turn all women teachers out of their places and substitute men teachers. Why? Simply, he says, because the existence of the bully among children is due to women's methods, and the boys who ar enot bullies are effeminate. Things were different in Mr. Stevens' young days. Here is the discovery he has made:

"Women teachers make boys effeminate. When they come out of the class room the first boys they meet scare them and they are afraid to hit back. I have watched public school children in the street, and I find they are not hardy children, such as we had when men taught us.

"The public school boy and the public school girl are on a par as far as courage is concerned. They are always seeking to hit some one smaller than themselves. I think this physical cowardice is brought about by being taught by women. In the near future our boys will jump on chairs when a mouse enters the room. Men should teach the children. One man is worth ten women."

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Man Beaten Unmercifully Until He Signed Check Demanded.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Minot — Beaten unmercifully and threatened with instant death by two neighbors unless he signed a check for $19 is the substance of a complaint made by Philip Glunt, a farmer living five miles north of Berthold, to State's Attorney George McGee. Glunt, who is a man of 60 years, claims that two brothers named Furley came to his farm and tried to compel him to give them an order on a Berthold bank for $19, which they claimed he owed them.

Glunt denied that he owed them anything and refused to sign the check. Then, according to his story, they took him into the barn and beat him unmercifully and threatened to kill him unless he complied with their demands. Glunt says he believed the men meant to carry out their threats, and so at last he signed the order, but wrote on it that it was signed under duress. Glunt hitched up his team as soon as he was able and drove to the bank to stop payment on the check, but found that it had been paid. He then came here and lodged a complaint with the state's attorney. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of the Furley brothers.

Northwood—Chris Watterud, watchman at the railroad windmill here, had a miraculous escape from being instantly killed by an explosion of a gasolene tank. As it was, his face and hands were severely burned and not a hair was left on his head.

Watterud has charge of the pump, run by a gasolene engine. He noticed that something was going wrong with the engine and was going down into the well to disconnect it. When half way down he lowered his lantern and instantly there was a terrific explosion which threw him out of the well and through the door of his shanty.

He ran down the track, his clothing ablaze, until he reached the section house, where he received assistance in extinguishing the flames.

The first explosion set the framework of the windmill afire and drove the gas, which is supposed to have leaked into the well from a defective tank, through a small pipe tunnel leading under the water tank. Here another terrific explosion ocurred, tearing up eight or ten thicknesses of boards and rending great planks in two. The fire that followed was quickly extinguished.

Chaffee—Chris Nelson, a local delivery man, is in a serious condition, resultant from inhaling coal gas. He was overcome by the fumes in his room at a livery stable. Adolph Massonie of Fargo, who happened into the stable, discovered the odor of gas and kicked in the door. Nelson may recover.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—In circuit court at Pierre Harry Graham was sentenced to six months in jail and a fine of $100, and Samuel Strayer to thirty days in jail and a fine of $100 for assault with a dangerous weapon. The men are both prominent stock men of Stanley county, and the acse is the outgrowth of a neighborhood row in which Joseph Jupiter, a Russian ,was shot.

Sioux Falls—Persons returning from the interior of Lyman county, through which the Milwaukee railroad is extending its line from Chamberlain to the Black Hills, and ultimately to the Pacific coast, report that the people of the towns along the line of the new extension are anticipating a great boom in that part of the state when spring opens. Great activity prevails at all the towns and especially at Presho, which aspires to become the county seat of one of the new counties that ultimately are expected to be formed within the present limits of Lyman county. Arrangements have been completed to incorporate the town, and the county board will soon be petitioned to grant the desired incorporation.

Huron—John Capalino, who stabbed Gayo Bekich in a fight, was given a preliminary hearing before the police court, charged with assault with intent to kill. The case was adjourned for a week, and Capalino was held in bonds of $2,500. Bokich probably will recover, although he has been seriously wounded and is in a critical condition.

Evarts—Indian Agent Warner of Cheyenne agency left here today for Washington with Chief Hump and Iron Lightning of Cherry Creek, Cheyenne agency. It is supposed the chiefs have been called to Washington for consultation regarding the price per head to be charged for stock passing over the public trail on this agency. The price has been 25 cents per head, but at a general council this winter the Indians demanded 50 cents. At 25 cents, the trail has paid the Indians over $25,000 a year.

The location of the permanent bridge over the Missouri river at this place has not been decided as yet, but the drillers are not finding any satisfactory bottom at the five-mile point north of town, having gone forty feet through sand with no indication of striking shale. At the north end of Fox island, a mile north of town, there appears to be a good shale bottom of sufficient depth. It is generally conceded that this is where the temporary and permanent bridges will be built.

FORMER OFFICERS HELD AT 'FRISCO.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—Alexander Goehr and Harry J. Collins, at one time officers in the United States army were arrested here on the arrival of the transport Sherman. C. R. Trowbridge, head of the secret service at Manila had sent a letter in advance of the visitors to the police here saying that both men have bad records. They will be held here pending investigation.

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous and troubled mentality, upsets the entire physical system. The body is a net-work of nerves. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and rebuilds the entire system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

INJECTION
TRADE MARK
MALYDOR
THE HYGIENIC LOTION
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, Piles and all Unhealthy Discharges.
NO PAIN. NO STAIN.
NO STRICTURE. FREE SYRINGE.
A Sure Preventive of Disease.
At Druggists, or sent anywhere for $1.00.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.



Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.
FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at E. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

Superior Street and 1st Ave. W.

Giddings

The January Clearance of Furs and Outer Garments and the Exhibit and Sale of White Wear

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Continue to Be the Mid-Winter Trade Events!

We've never before received such splendid recognition of our efforts to give our patrons high-class merchandise at small cost.

The Exhibit and Sale of White Wear Continues.

Heaps and heaps of beautiful fluffy white wear for the woman who knows what pretty and tasty things are! Fine, sheer materials, beautiful laces and embroideries, all put together with exquisite taste and at prices that are fair beyond a question. We can't too strongly urge you to see, even if you've no intention of buying. Many very good suggestions are to be had even if you intend looking after your own sewing! And the welcome is just as hearty in either case.

Special values are to be had in Corset Covers, Chemise, Drawers, Gowns and White Petticoats. Prices began at 25c and 50c for very excellent kinds and run to $35 or dainty and exquisite bridal sets at $10 and running to $50.

Big and Little Girls' White and Colored Dresses.

The daintiest and prettiest things mothers have ever seen in a Duluth store; designed by experts and made by children's garment makers of national reputation.

GIRLS' NEW WHITE DRESSES—beautifully trimmed with lace, embroidery and insertion; prices $2.50 to $8.50.

GIRLS' COLORED DRESSES—Among the styles for the coming summer are the suspender dresses, surplice dresses and two-piece Russian dresses—made up in color and in plaids—sizes 6 to 14.

GUIMPES FOR GIRLS—White lawn and India linon guimpes; daintily trimmed; sizes 6 to 14; prices 75c to $2.75.

COLORED DRESSES FOR INFANTS—New plaids, checks and stripes, in all colors; short and long sleeves; ages 2 to 5; prices $1.00 to $4.50.

BLOOMER SUITS FOR LITTLE BOYS—In all the new colors and styles; made to fit boys from 2 to 6 years; prices $1.25 to $4.00.

CHILDREN'S DRESSES AT HALF—(Slightly soiled.) (Annex.) All our white and colored dresses and bloomer suits, slightly soiled, at exactly half price; sizes 2 to 5.



Beautifully Tailored Dress and Walking Skirts at Half.

Voiles, Panamas, London Twines, Serges, Cheviots, Black and White Checks, Novelty Mixtures and Taffeta Silk—shades are blue, black, brown, dark green, reseda green, tan, light and dark gray and cream—possibly fifty different styles in all, embracing every staple and novelty of the season—a clean-up of the season's lines at half.

$7.50 KINDS AT $3.75.
$10.00 KINDS AT $5.00.
$12.50 KINDS AT $6.25.
$15.00 KINDS AT $7.50.
$20.00 KINDS AT $10.00.
$25.00 KINDS AT $12.50.

None sent on approval. Alterations at cost.

Finely Tailored Suits On Sale at Ridiculous Prices—

All in the fine Long Coat Models. Divided into three lots as follows: $32.50 to $39.50 Suits at $15.00. $42.50 to $49.50 Suits at $19.50. $57.50 to $69.50 Suits at $27.50. The sizes and shades are fairly well assorted, and splendid choosing for those that want a fine garment at small cost!

Be on hand early, for at these prices they won't last long!

Positively none sent on approval—alterations at cost.

RICH AND BEAUTIFUL FURS HAVE TUMBLED AGAIN—Close to half for our choicest things—Neck Scarfs, Muffs, Boas, Fur Coats.

All of our Most Beautiful
Fur Sets now on Sale at close to Half Regular Prices.

Of Chinchilla, Mink, Ermine, Kolinsky Sable, Persian Lamb, Black Lynx, Gray Lynx, Eastern Mink and various novelty furs—all at close to half regular prices.

NOTE—It will pay one to buy furs now, even if one wishes to hold them over till next season, as all kinds of fine furs have advanced, and are advancing and will be much higher next season.

Lovely Neck Furs, Muffs
at Close to Half Price.

At $5.75 that were $10.00.
At $7.50 that were $12.50.
At $10.00 that were $18.50.
At $12.50 that were $22.50.

Scarfs and Muffs of Eastern Mink, Blended and Natural Squirrel, Beaver, Otter, Persian Lamb and various other kinds of furs.

Final Clean-Up of Beautiful Waists at Exactly Half Their Former Prices.

Taffeta Silks, Novelty Silks, All Over Lace or Net, Radium Silk, Nuns' Veiling, Albatross, Linens, etc.—plain tailored lingerie styles and fancy trimmed. No reason why they shouldn't be full price excepting that we want to start the next season with a clean sheet—that's why you can buy those that were $5.00 at $2.50; $7.50 at $3.75; $10 ones at $5.00; $15 ones at $7.50; $20 ones at $10.00.

Exquisite Silk Petticoats Close to Half Price.

Almost every color of the rainbow, and all of our highest novelties are included in the sale.

$7.50 kinds at $3.50.
$5.00 kinds at $3.75.
$10.00 kinds at $6.50.
$12.50 kinds at $8.50.

And the same proportionate reductions right on through the line.

Street Coats and Handsome Dress Coats on the Final Rounds of the Half Price Sale.

Long and loose, long and tight-fitting, long semi-fitting Paddocks and semi-Paddocks in nobby mixtures, gray or tan coverts and black. Also many loose coats in the delicate shades of tan, gray, cream, light green and old rose. Assortments are still good—but don't delay too long if you expect to get a coat of your choice.

$15 kinds, $7.50. $25 kinds, $12.50. $35 kinds, $17.50.

It's a Splendid Time to Get a Fine Gown!

We've been rather reluctant about parting with our most elegant things at any great sacrifice, because they will be just as good style a year from now as they are today—but, our business policy compels us to turn them into cash—so we're willing to take our loss gracefully. TOMORROW THE FOLLOWING GOWNS go on sale at these prices:

Lace Gown.

$200 LACE GOWN—$125—White Renaissance lace made over chiffon and taffeta silk.

White Chiffon Gown.

$150 WHITE CHIFFON GOWN—$110—White Chiffon gown—daintily trimmed with French lace and garlands of pink rose buds.

Black Lace and Jet Gown.

$115 BLACK LACE AND JET GOWN—$82.50—Elegant black lace and jet gown—three-quarter sleeves—made with chiffon and taffeta silk drop.

White Radium Silk Gown.

$125 WHITE RADIUM SILK GOWN—$29.50 — Elaborately shirred model—beautifully trimmed with Cluny and Valencinnes lace.

All the balance of handsome gowns ranging in price from $65 to $97.50 will be placed on sale at the same proportionate prices.

Brand New Gowns.

BRAND NEW $85 GOWNS ON SALE AT $39.50—Fourteen very handsome dresses were sent on by our Mr. Nat Gidding, who is now in the East—the maker wanted to cut up the last of certain lots of silk and lace, of Radium silk over taffeta, trimmed with beautiful lace, light green, light blue, pink, violet, corn and white; sizes are 34, 36, 38 and 40 bust; they would regularly sell for $85.00 We shall place them on sale tomorrow for $39.50.

And it certainly is a splendid opportunity for one to get a lovely gown at less than the material and trimmings alone would cost.

TAKES OVER THE BRIDGE

City Will Make Repairs and Charge Cost to Company.

Officials Become Disgusted With Delays and Will Act Themselves.

The aerial bridge is running again.

The modern steel structural company gave the opportunity Saturday evening for the city authorities legally to get control of the bridge, and they figurativey and literally jumped at the chance.

For several weeks the city officials have been trying to get the company either to proceed more rapidly with the repairs to the bridge as required by the city engineer or to quit and let the city officials make them. The repairs required have been such that two or three crews of men could have been worked at the same time, thus expediting the work very materially. Instead of this, only one crew was worked, and it was generally shorthanded. Delays for one excuse and another followed without much genuine progress being made. The city couldn't do anything but urge more and larger crews, and the company demurred and worked just enough men to keep control of the situation. The city has not yet paid the balance due on the bridge and holds $65,000 of the contract price pending the making of the repairs, required by the city engineer and the settlement of certain other disputed maters with C. A. P. Turner and others. So it was decided that if the opportunity offered it would make the repairs itself and charge them up to the company. They are not very extensive and can be completed within a week or less time and at comparatively little expense.

But as the city would require some time to get proper persons to complete the repairs, it was decided, this morning, to operate the bridge this afternoon, tomorrow and Wednesday, from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m., to carry freight, as the resfdents of Park Point are very much in need of fuel and other things that cannot conveniently be transported on a ferryboat. The bridge will, therefore, make trips between the hours named, until 6 p. m. Wednesday, whenever there is any freight to carry or wagons to cross.

By Thursday morning a crew of machinists will be put to work on the final repairs, and within a week thereafter the bridge will be on a regular schedule again, both for passengers and freight. In the meantime the ferryboat will be kept running to accommodate the traffic, if it should be found that the bridge would have to be closed again for any reason.

The expert employed by the city to pass upon the bridge before its acceptance by the city has wired that he can be here Jan. 28. By that time the bridge will have been running a sufficient length of time to test the new repairs, and as soon as the expert makes his report, the bridge will be accepted, if it is favorable, and the city will again assume control of it.

MRS. GRACE TAGGART EN ROUTE TO EUROPE.

Cincinnati, Jan. 15.—The Times-Star today published a story to the effect that Mrs. Grace Taggart, who was to have appeared in the Wooster court today in connection with her recent divorce from Capt. E. F. Taggart, U. S. A., is on board the steamship Cedric with her two sons en route to Europe. She is said to have been booked as Mrs. Grace Thompson, and was accompanied by a trained nurse. The arrangements for her sailing are said to have been made by her friends without her knowledge, and that she was afterward persuaded to make the trip abroad in order to be out of Capt. Taggart's reach until after his departure for the Philippines. Mrs. Taggart is en route to Paris, where her friends have arranged for a visit of uncertain length. The letters received at Wooster from California are declared to have been written while Mrs. Taggart was staying in Alexandria, Ky., and mailed under cover for remailing by friends on the coast.

Claims Husband Was Cruel.

Alleging cruel and abusive treatment, Louise Grace Willette of this city has started an action for a divorce from Andrew Willette. They were married in Duluth, Feb. 5, 1904, and are 28 and 32 years old respectively.

Mrs. Willette alleges in her complaint that on one occasion her husband was so abusive that she had him arrested, and he was given a 60-day jail term. After serving his time, she claims he assaulted her again, but never when there was anybody else around to witness it. Mrs. Willette asks that she be granted temporary allmony, and, in case of a decree, her maiden name of Goodyear.

CITY BRIEFS

In the presence of more than 400 relatives and friends, the last services were held over the body of Judge N. A. Gearhart at the Masonic Temple Saturday afternoon. The services were in charge of the Grand Army and the Masonic order.

Mrs. Annie Snellman, known to the police as Annie Wall and Maud Wallace, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Irvine and Schulte on the charge of robbing Otto Sjoblom of $9. Sjoblom says he met the woman in Christopher's saloon Saturday night and bought a bottle of beer at her request. He claims that she took the change from a $10 bill, in a joking manner, and later refused to return it to him.

Giddings announce for tomorrow, in addition to the January clearance of outer garments, a special sale of beautiful costumes for party, theater, dinner and reception wear.

The sight of a man vigorously resisting several police officers who were trying to arrest him, attracted a crowd of 200 to 300 people about 3 o'clock this afternoon on Superior street. The prisoner's name was Frank O'Brien and he was booked up under a charge of resisting an officer.

The Unity club will hold a meeting tonight, at the Unitarian church; subject, "Education from the Point of View of the Home, the School and Society." The speakers will be Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Principal Charles Alden Smith and Rev. John W. Powell, Jr. The meeting is open to the public.

Articles of incorporation of the Baker-Cannon company were filed today with the register of deeds. The incorporators are: Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon. The company is capitalized at $20,000 and purposes to do a general commission and produce business.

For the convenience of the members of the Ski club and others who indulge in the sport, the street railway company has installed ski holders on several of the large double truck cars. These holders are placed at the rear end of the cars and will carry a large number of skis.

A stipulation dismissing the civil action brought by Patrick Culligan against H. C. Mead, was filed today in district court.

The body of John Matheson, who died in the county jail yesterday, is being held at the undertaking rooms of Stock & Dennison on East Fourth street. The man, apparently, had no relatives in the city, and an effort is being made to locate some of his friends.

A. Rosine of West Duluth stayed the limit with Carl Mattson at the Metropolitan theater Saturday afternoon, in an exhibition wrestling match, and gave the Minneapolis wrestler a hard tussle. Mattson was tired after his match with Johnson the night before, and the usual forfeit was not posted on the match. In the evening Rosine was anxious to meet Mattson again, but the latter was not in good shape, and asked to be excused.

Don't forget the half price picture sale at Engels' art store.

CHINK MURDERER EXECUTED.

Chefu, Jan. 15.—Three Chinese who confessed to the murder of Military Attaches Von Guggenheim and De Cuverville on their return from Port Arthur prior to the capitulation of that place, were executed today.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Yoakun of Kelsey are spending the day in Duluth.

C. M. Stevens of Kelsey is in Duluth today.

Capt. and Mrs. John Monaghan left yesterday for the East. Mrs. Monaghan will accompany the captain as far as Detroit and will then go to Marine City, Mich., where she will remain until the captain returns. He will proceed to Cleveland, Buffalo and other points and will be away all until Feb. 1.

G. N. Bennerson leaves tomorrow morning over the Northern Pacific for Pacific coast points.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Simonds left for the Twin Cities today.

Mrs. F. W. Paine left today for the Twin Cities.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Baird left yesterday for Phoenix, Ariz.

P. C. Hanley of Hibbing is a guest at the St. Louis.

H. A. Rider of Little Falls, Minn., is at the St. Louis.

Dr. Simpson of Grand Rapids, Minn., is registered at the Lenox.

Mrs. R. J. Sewall of Nashwauk, Minn., is a guest at the Spalding.

Mrs. O. B. Warren of Hibbing is registered at the Spalding.

REDUCING WEIGHT.

Six Methods Guaranteed to Keep the Waist Down.

Does your waist line suit you? Is it all right as to size and position? Or would you like to have it a little lower, or a little higher, or a little smaller?

The present fashions require a pretty waist to be exhibited at their best, says the New York Sun. Knowing this, the beauty and physical culture specialists have been at work seeing what they could do.

Six new ways of reducing the waist line have been discovered. All are working well when properly selected, for each case needs its particular reduction method, and what will reduce one will have no effect upon another.

If the waist is too large on account of fat, pure and simple, exercise is the thing. Let the woman wrap a piece of flannel around her and exercise. The room must be very warm; a Turkish bath would be the best place in which to exercise. She must exercise until she has brought out perspiration from every pore.

Another method is to use medicated flannel, which is flannel that has been steeped in sweet herbs and spices. This is bound around the one exercising.

There is a new German reduction method which calls for a rubber blanket in which the woman is wrapped. Sometimes she is put into a rubber suit. And with this so tight that it both compresses and causes her to perspire, she does her exercise.

The result is a rapid loss of weight. And particularly does this weight disappear around the belt line.

Of gymnastics intended to lessen the waist line the most important is the bending exercise. The woman should lie flat upon the floor and elevate her feet. She can stand or bend over. She can lie upon the floor and lift one foot, then the other.

The rope gymnastics are very good indeed. A rope is slipped over the foot and the handles are held in the hand. The rope is seesawed by the handles and the patient is strengthened as to her back and broadened as to her shoulders.

The second of the rope exercises is taken lying flat upon the back. The patient lies down, lifts one foot, throws a rope over it and seesaws it, pulling the handles back and fourth. This is for the reduction of the belt line proper. Incidentally it develops the chest.

There are people who cannot reduce by simple exercise, and these must take the diet cures. There are dozens of these. The latest embraces cheese and all sorts of milk concoctions, but cuts out meat almost entirely. The one who is dieting may take meat once a day in limited quantity, but no more.

The reduction diet, according to this idea, is to eat cheeses of all kinds, provided they are pure, and to make a meal of them. Nothing at all to drink is permitted.

Bananas, fruit of all kinds, ice cream, custards and such may be eaten. But the patient must not drink anything for two hours after meals. Then she may take a pint of water is she likes. But she must not drink just before or after meals.

She may eat one orthodox meal every day, consisting of meat, vegetables and a salad. But she must drink nothing while eating, unless a very little sour wine.

The fruit cures are all right, if they work, but there are very few who can get along with them. They don't agree with everybody.

The chocolate cures are better, for they agree with more people. And if the patient likes chocolate and cocoa she can live upon them, eating fruit in between meals. This is warranted to bring her down if she will walk ten miles a day besides dieting.

The late-to-bed and early-to-rise reduction method is recommended for the reduction of the belt line. The patient is encouraged to go to the theater and to stay out as late as possible. She must not seek her couch much before midnight.

Then she should have a good soft bed and be permitted to sink into a heavy sleep. This may last until 6 o'clock in the morning, but no longer. Six hours is long enough for anybody to sleep according to this treatment.

At 6 o'clock she is up and by 8 o'clock she has dressed, breakfasted and is out taking her constitutional. She walks until almost noon, sitting down occasionally to rest, and when she comes back she is ready for fruit luncheon, with one little cup of tea and a nap of fifteen minutes.

The afternoon is spent very much in the same manner. And when evening comes the patient is taken to the opera. It is a strenuously healthy life, and she gets thin and strong.

It is the aim of the new reduction methods to reduce the weight without reducing the strength, and thus far they have succeeded very well as a rule.

Another reduction method is dancing. The patient dances four hours a day. She practices two hours in the morning and two in the afternoon.

There are teachers who have taken up dancing as a reduction specialty, and these are the ones who teach you how to get the most and the best good from dancing.

Engage a good dancing teacher, a chorus girl teacher, one who understands all about the ballet and who knows how to train the toes of those who are going to dance. Then pay her well and ask her to give you private lessons until you have progressed sufficiently to join her ballet class. While you are leraning you are reducing.

Dancing is one of the very best exercises a woman ever had. It makes the waist line slim and the feet nimble.

There is the climbing exercise, but this is taken in a gymnasium. The patient runs up and down a straight up and down ladder. The woman who is reducing will find it a great exercise, but it strains every muscle and she must go at it carefully.

AIR BEATS DRUGS.

Monkeys, ourangoutangs, baboons and their kindred, confined in cages for the amusement of park visitors, need have no further fear of tuberculosis, says the Vegetarian Magazine. Open air is the deadly foe and exterminator of such germs. This has been established by Cy De Vry, keeper of the Lincoln Park Zoo, in Chicago. In cages there he has forty simian specimens, and they are as healthy as country children.

Last winter Mr. De Vry turned his animals out in the snow. They were pitiable looking objects for awhile. It was enough to move en's head to see them sitting on cakes of ice eating bananas and other articles of their diet with the thermometer below zero. They shivered, chattered, shook, wept and begged for the heat of their sleeping cages. But the experiment was on and Mr. De Vry refused to be moved by their mute appeals.

And what was the result? There has not been a death among the tribe at the Zoo in ten months. There are monkeys there now that will live for years, in face of the records heretofore that one rarely exists in confinement longer than eighteen months. It has been discovered that in the open air one may live to an advanced age. But in closed quarters they die as if attacked with bubonic plague—die always from consumption. The Zoo has been losing from ten to fifteen a year since its establishment. Medicines have seemed to do little good. They shriveled up, became anemic and wasted away, galloped off in the grip of that most dreaded of all diseases, and there was no help for them.

And it shows, too, that if an outdoor life will prevent the ravages of tuberculosis in monkeys it will do the same for humans. Air and sunshine are the foes of all such germs.

THE BLACK FOREST.

The cow is a very useful beast in the Schwarzwald; in addition to her universal duties she is a beast of burden, only the more prosperous farmers using ox-teams, while horses are never seen in the fields; once in a while one comes to town hitched to the typical Schwarzwald turnout, green wheels and framework, with a basket body, bearing the whole family to some festivity, says a writer in the Meropolitan Magazine. The wagon is fitted with a tongue instead of shafts, but the lop-sided hitching never seems to bother them.

The country is most inviting. You walk along the pleasant roads shaded by slim poplar trees, beside wide grass meadows cut in every direction by irrigating ditches and gay with the red bodices of women tossing grass into piles and helping the men load it on carts. You cross the rapid-running Kinzig by a tall, slender foot-bridge withh sloping approaches which recalls those Japanese bridges in the color prints. Every peasant you pass has his "Tag!" which is short for Guten Tag; they do their duty but haven't the elaborateness of the French, even the children, who always have time for their "Bon jour, Madame." Now and again you step aside to let a heavily laden cart pass, the oxen swinging lazily along, prodded by father or mother, while the children ride on top. You stroll through a little village and are followed by the children just out of school, on their backs funny knapsacks decorated with brightly colored pictures of Red Ridinghood, prancing steeds, Christmas trees, and with sponges and pencils hanging out by strings. The staring is reciprocal.

AUCTIONS IN INDIA.

London Daily Mail: In the course of an interesting paper on shellac, communicated to the Pharmaceutical society, Sir George Watt, C. I. E., described the quaint practice adopted at the auctions in India.

The buyers and sellers join hands and sit facing each other, a cloth being thrown over the hands. The buyer presses certain figures of the seller's hand, thus making an offer. This is usually rejected by a motion of the head, and further finger pressing ensues.

Finally the bargain is struck without a word having been uttered. The advantage claimed for this system is that the buyer may proceed from one seller to another and make his purchases without his price being known to other dealers.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

FOR RENT—THREE WARM ROOMS for light housekeeping. 223 Sixth avenue West. Call 529½ West Superior street.

BIRTHS.

BROWN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Gordon Brown of 1746 London road, Jan. 13.

BJORNAIS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Bjornais of 1924 West Fifth street, aJn. 13.

CARLSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Carlson of 2614 West Third street, Jan. 7.

FUHEN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Neis Fuhen of 601 Twenty-third avenue west, aJn. 9.

LINDBURG—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Lindberg of 2117 West Fourth street, Jan. 10.

JONES—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Stephen H. Jones, 1215 East Second street, Jan. 14.

DEATHS.

FRALICKS—Wilks Fralicks, aged 80 years, died Jan. 12, at his home on Garfield avenue, of old age.

WALKER—Corey, the fourteen-year-old son of Mrs. Mary L. Walker, of 524 West Fourth street, died yesterday at 3:15 p. m. of heart trouble. The lad was a grandson of Capt. A. Taul, formerly of this cit, but now a resident of Gainesville, Fla. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

WHEAT HAS AN ADVANCE

Foreign Strength Leads to Buying and Higher Prices Here.

Flax Again Stronger Though Foreign Markets Are Without Change.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 15.—Liverpool was firmer this morning owing to the unfavorable Indian and Argentine conditions, and this started buying on this side that kept prices up all morning with Southwestern markets a little the firmest. The advance at Liverpool was 3/4d, Paris was 1/2c higher and Antwerp unchanged. There was not very much interest during the morning, but the buying kept the market steady at all times.

The May option gained 3/8c in Duluth and Minneapolis, 3/8-1/2c in Chicago, 5/8c in St. Louis, 1/2c in New York and 1/2-5/8c in Kansas City.

Corn was lower in Chicago, the May option being down 1/8-1/4c, but Liverpool was 1/2d higher. May oats in Chicago closed a shade lower.

World's shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week of last year were as follows:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Last Year.
WHEAT.			
America	4,140,000	3,808,000	896,000
Russia	544,000	1,064,000	1,896,000
Danube	1,704,000	2,008,000	456,000
India	160,000	72,000	2,720,000
Argentina	752,000	751,000	216,000
Australia	72,000	576,000	776,000
Austra-Hung	128,000	40,000	.....
Chili, N. At.	56,000	32,000	232,000
Total	8,656,000	8,112,000	7,232,000
CORN.			
America	5,150,000	5,029,000	3,568,000
Russia	41,000	32,000	94,000
Danube	57,000	154,000	.....
Argentina	301,000	650,000	1,810,000
Total	5,558,000	5,865,000	5,472,000

The amount of wheat on passage last week decreased 682,000 bus and corn decreased 764,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 131 against 25 last year, and at Minneapolis 681 against 605 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 816 against 630 last year. Chicago received 25 against 19 last year. Winnipeg receipts were 126 against 94 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 1,163,000 bus, last year 873,000 bus. Shipments 205,000 bus, last year 204,000 bus.

The visible supply last week increased 1,688,000 bus, and is now 47,021,000 bus, against 39,585,000 bus last year.

Primary receipts of corn were 925,000 bus, last year 555,000 bus. Shipments 559,000 bus, last year 369,000 bus. The visible last week was 942,000 bus and is now 13,761,000 bus, against 11,279,000 bus last year.

The trading in wheat was light in the Duluth market today. May wheat was stronger, opening 1/4c higher at 86 3/8c, going to 86 3/4 at 9:45 and falling to 86 1/2c at 9:55. At 12:15 the price had climbed to 86 7/8c and at 12:35 fallen to 86 1/4c, which was the closing price and a gain of 3/8c over Saturday. July wheat was inactive and closed at 87 1/4c, a gain of 3/8c over Saturday.

The flax market was strong again today. London and Antwerp closed unchanged. Some export business was done here. The crushing interests seem to be coming into the market after flax today, for the first time since the present advance began.

May flax opened 3/8c lower at $1.29 1/2 and fell to $1.27 1/2 after which the prive advanced steadily to $1.29 1/4, dropping to $1.27 1/2 and advancing to $1.28 1/4. The closing price was $1.28, a gain of 1 1/8c over Saturday. July flax opened 3/8 higher at $1.28 1/4 and advanced to $1.30 1/4, closing at $1.29 1/4, a gain of 1 1/8c over Saturday. September flax opened 1/4c higher at $1.27 1/2 and advanced to $1.29 1/2, closing at $1.28, a gain of 3/4c over Saturday.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive: No. 1 northern, 84 1/4c; No. 2 northern, 82c. On track: No. 1 northern, 84 1/4c; No. 2 northern, 82c; May, 86 3/4c; July, 87 1/4c; durum No. 1, 72 1/2c; No. 2, 68 3/4c. Flax to arrive, $1; on track, $1; May, $1.28; July, $1.29 1/4; September, $1.28; October, $1.25 1/4. Oats to arrive, 29 1/2c; on track, 29 1/4c. Rye, 60c. Barley, 35-46c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 131; last year, 25; oats, 26; rye, 1; barley, 9; flax, 58; last year, 26.

Receipts: Wheat, 124,209 bus; oats, 51,021 bus; barley, 21,936 bus; rye, 4,098 bus; flax, 48,037 bus.

Shipments: Wheat, 6,846 bus; corn, 1,358 bus; oats, 6,155 bus; barley, 30,424 bus; flax, 8.

Cash Sales Monday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 13 cars.....$0.84 3/8
No. 1 hard, 4 cars 84
No. 1 hard, 11 cars 85
No. 1 northern wheat, 13 cars 84 1/2
No. 1 northern, 37 cars 84 1/4
No. 1 northern, 7 cars 84
No. 1 northern 10 cars 84 1/2
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus..... 84 3/8
No. 1 northern, 18,000 bus..... 84 1/4
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus..... 84
No. 1 northern, 2,000 bus..... 84 1/2
No. 1 northern, 1 car, mixed..... 83 1/4
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car 81 1/2
No. 2 northern, 3 cars 81 3/8
No. 2 northern, 9 cars 83
No. 2 northern, 9 cars..... 82 1/4
No. 2 northern, 2,000 bus 82
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars..... 80
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 78 3/4
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars 79
No. 3 wheat, 5 cars 79 1/2
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars 79 3/4
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars 79 1/2
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 79 3/4
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 79 1/4
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars 80 1/4
Rejected wheat, 1 car 78
No. 4 wheat, 1 car..... 76
No. 4 wheat, 1 car 78 3/4
Durum wheat, 5 cars, No. 1..... 72 1/4
Durum, 2 cars, No. 2..... 68 1/2
Durum, 2 cars, No. 3..... 65 1/2
Oats, 1 car, No. 2 white..... 30 1/4
Oats, 1 car, No. 3 white..... 30
Oats, 1 car, No. 4 white 29
Rye, 31 cars, No. 2 60
Flax, 2 cars 1.29
Flax, 2 cars 1.29 1/4
Flax, 1 car 1.29 1/2
Flax, 1 cars 1.24
Flax, 6 cars 1.24 1/4
Flax, 1 car 1.24 1/2
Flax, 1 car 1.25
Flax, 2 cars..... 1.25 1/4
Flax, 7 cars 1.25 1/2
Flax, 6,000 bus 1.29 1/2
Flax, 1,500 bus 1.28 1/4
Flax, 3,000 bus 1.27 1/2
Flax, 2,400 bus 1.25
Barley, 1 car 37
Barley, 3 cars 38
Barley, 1 car 38 1/2
Barley, 7 cars 39
Barley, 1 car 39 1/2
Barley, 1 car 40
Barley, 1 car 40 1/2

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Active Demand Imparts Considerable Strength to Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Active demand by commission houses and shorts imparted strength today to the local wheat market. May opened 1/4@3/8c to 3/8@1/2c higher at 88 3/8c to 88 5/8c and later sold at 88 5/8@7/8c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 841 cars against 704 cars last week and 649 cars a year ago.

Firm cables, continued good export demand and wet weather in the middle west created bullish sentiment in the corn market. May opened a shade to 1/8@1/4c higher at 45 1/2c to 45 3/8c and for a time held within the opening range. Local receipts 241 cars, with 28 of contract grade.

Firmness of wheat and corn were the chief factor affecting the oats market. May opened unchanged to a shade higher at 32@32 1/8c to 32 1/4c and sold at 32 1/4c. Local receipts were 250 cars.

On moderate profit-taking the price of May declined to 88 3/4c, but on renewed buying advanced to 89c. The close was firm, with May up 3/8@1/2c at 88 7/8c.

The market became weak on predictions of a cold wave in Missouri and Southern Illinois. May fell to 45 3/4c. The close was easy, with May off 1/4@1/2c at 45 1/4c.

Provisions were steady. May pork was $14.20, lard $7.72 1/2 and ribs $7.65@7.67 1/2.

Close: Wheat—May, 88 3/4c; July, 85 5/8@3/4c. Corn—May, 45 1/4c; July, 45 5/8c. Oats—May, 32c; July, 30 3/8c. Pork—January, $13.75; May, $14.12 1/2; July, $14.22 1/2. Lard—January, $7.52 1/2; May, $7.70; July, $7.82 1/2. Ribs—January, $7.50; May, $7.62 1/2@7.65; July, $7.75@7.77 1/2. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.25; southwestern, $1.15; May, $1.26. Clover—Cash, $13.25. Barley—Cash, 38@54c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 88 1/4@90 1/4c; 3 red, 87 3/4@89c; 2 hard, 84 1/4@86 1/4c; 3 hard, 83 1/2@84c; 1 northern, 86 3/4@88c; 2 northern, 85 1/4@86c; 3 spring, 82@87 1/2c. Cash corn—No. 2, 43c; 3, 42 3/4c. Oats—No. 2, 31c; 3, 30 1/4c.

Grain in Store

At Duluth, Saturday, Jan. 13:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	2,542
No. 1 northern	105,234
No. 2 northern	4,993
No. 3 spring	15,388
No. 4 spring	1,397
Rejected	981
Special bin	4,919,975
No. 1 and No. 2 durum	45,681
Total	5,095,768
Increase during week	625,307
Stocks a year ago	4,308,290

Coarse grain stocks:

Corn, new	1,358
Decrease	5,421,922
Oats	276,647
Increase	150,593
Rye	14,005
Increase	860,405
Barley	80,338
Increase	2,402,928
Flax	248,253
Increase	

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 23; No. 1 northern, 49; No. 2 northern, 16; No. 3 spring, 30; No.

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North Butte Copper Stocks
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OPHIR TUNNEL
has been knocked.

Who knocked it and why? Have the Buckhorn and Ophir Consolidated? What is that "gentlemen's agreement?" Who will give us the facts? The public has been cautioned against

Ophir Tunnel Advertisements
(We say read ours.)

We want to publish the reports made by Atwater and Jennings and the minutes of the meeting at which the consolidation is said to have been effected. If we have advertised anything but facts we want to retract and apologize, and we stand ready to use a full page of the Duluth Herald in setting forth the facts which every stockholder and prospective purchaser of Ophir Tunnel stock has a right to know. We mean business.

Don't sell your Ophir to a knocker or his representative.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main Floor Palladio. Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82-L.

A Shipping Mine!
400 Tons Already Gone To the Smelter—$55.00 a Ton.

Sixteen mining claims—$150,000 expended already in tunneling, trams, buildings and other improvements. This is the record of the H. T. & F. Mining Co. A block of 50,000 shares is now offered to investors at very low rate. Call or write.

The Happy Thought and Fairview Minning Co.
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Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 15.—Close: Wheat—May, 86 1/2c; July, 87 1/4c; No. 1 hard, 84 1/2c; 1 northern, 84c; 2 northern, 81 1/4c.

New York Grain.

New York, Jan. 15.—Close: Wheat—May, 93c; July, 90 3/4c. Corn—January, 54 1/2c; May, 51 1/4c; July, 51 1/2c.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Jan. 15.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 7d; futures steady; March, 7s 3 1/2d; May, 6s 10 3/4d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 4s 4d; American mixed old, 4s 3 1/2d; futures quiet; January, 4s 3 1/2d; March, 4s 3 3/4d; May, 4s 4d.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	86 5/8	86 3/8-1/2	88 3/4-7/8	93
High	86 7/8	86 3/4	89	93 1/4
Low	86 1/2	86 1/4	88 5/8	92 1/8
Close	86 3/4	86 1/2 B	88 7/8 B	93 1/8
Close, 13th	87 1/8	87 1/8	88-3/4	90 1/8
July—				
Open	86 5/8	87 3/4	85 1/4-3/4	90 1/2
High	88	88	86 7/8	90 3/4
Low	87 5/8	87 5/8	85 1/4	90 1/8
Close	87 3/4 N	87 5/8 A	86 3/8-3/4 B	90 3/8 B
Close, 13th	87 3/8	87 3/8	86-1/4	90 1/8

St. Louis—	Close 15	Close 13
May	87 3/8	86 3/4
July	83 1/8	82 1/2

Kansas City—		
May	81	80 3/4-1/4
July	77 3/8-78	77 1/2

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	32 1/4	45 3/8	$14.20
High	32 1/4	45 3/8	14.27
Low	31 3/4-7/8	45 1/8-1/4	14.10
Close	32 A	45 1/4 A	14.12

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Calcago: Wheat—The trade today took its cue from higher cables and falling off in the Russian movement, as shown in the world's shipments the past week. America contributed more than 50 per cent of the total, with Russia less than three quarters of a million; India too, shows a big decrease, something over a million less in her shipments this week compared with a year ago. These changes are significant; Russia for some time has been shipping wheat out in large volume. The unsettled state of the country made it advisable for holders of wheat to convert it into cash. The small amount contributed by India seems to bear out reports of serious damage from drouth and a late cable from Broomhall today, claims the situation in India is worse, notwithstanding that light rains have fallen in the droughty districts. The increase in the visible was just about as expected by the trade and had no effect on price making. The market today was strong throughout; at the least sign of weakening market ra nto resting orders in large volume which seemed to be in the hands of commission houses generally. At the 86 cent market for May, small holders took profits quite liberally and the fact that such liberal selling speaks volumes for its strength. There continues to be an expanding trade, with the public more inclined to act than to stand and look on. There is enough in the foreign situation, or our minds, to bring about a sharp improvement in our wheat prices. We feel the wise traders are buying wheat on the moderate reactions.

Corn—The fact that a prominent cash concern led the selling in May gave the trade the impression that there must be an easing off in the cash demand, with resultant shading of prices and possibly a large movement from first hands. Selling, however, was not over active, the market losing 1/4@1/2c for the day. At the moment we are inclined to look for a trading market.

Oats closed unchanged to 1/4c lower; trade light and unimportant. The decrease in the visible was disappointing, as it was generally expected the fluctuations would show a greater falling off. We look for a moderate sculping market.

Provisions closed unchanged to 5c higher. Commission houses seemed to be on both sides, and at times a scarcity of offerings caused a little bidding up. The strong underlying conditions are still in force and seem to offer an assurance of profit to buyers on the soft spots.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.—Wheat: Reports of a bullish nature caused the market to open fractionally higher this morning. Additional reports were received of damage to crops in the Argentine, and India is still complaining of lack of rain, so it is now believed the damage will be very extensive. The visible wheat increase amounts to 1,688,000 bushels, prices are strong and higher, and perhaps this bulge has gone far enough temporary and on the soft spots wheat may again be bought safely.

Flax opened off some this morning, but rallied sharply, regaining the lost ground, and establishing a new high level for the May option. The strength of the flax market appears to lie chiefly in the foreign situation, and domestic quotations follow the lead of European prices closely. There is a strong demand from new crushers. It is difficult to tell just how far this foreign crop will fall behind last year's, but in the provinces of Santa Fe and Cordova in Argentina, which last year produced 130,000 tons out of a total of 670,000 tons, there seems to be a 30 per cent shortage, or about 39,000 tons. Definite news as to damage in India is rather meager, but the average crop there for the last five years has been about 400,000 tons, with last year only 342,000 tons. This year's crop bids fair to be decidedly under last year's, or something less than 300,000 tons. European demand has not decreased—in fact, has increased; therefore, there must be an ever increasing market for American flax, and we believe the present bulge is fully warranted by conditions, and that the prices will go considerably higher, subject to occasional temporary breaks, of course, but ultimately working upward.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report: General market for the week has been very active, stimulated by the arrival of several outside buyers; receipts were light but of A1 quality. Last week marks the closing of the market in loggers, which has been the most prosperous we have ever had. Receipts of this class of horses were of A1 quality, and sales were free. There is an earlier demand for farm horses for the North Dakota trade than at any time heretofore. All classes moving freely at the following values:

Drafters, extra	$190@225
Drafters' choice	160@190
Drafters, common to good	135@160
Farm mares, extra	150@170
Farm mares, choice	135@150
Farm mares, common to good	110@135
Drivers, extra	150@250
Drivers, good	125@150
Delivery, choice	135@175
Delevery, common to good	100@135

Chicago Live Stock:

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Cattle: Receipts, 36,000; best, steady, others 10c lower; beeves, $3.75@6.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.60; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Texans, $3.50@4.35. Hogs: Receipts, 48,000; estimated tomorrow, 34,000; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.55; good heavy, $5.25@5.37 1/2; rough heavy, $5.10@5.20; light, $5.05@5.27 1/2; pigs, $4.75@5.25; bulk of sales, $5.25@5.35. Sheep: Receipts, 25,000; steady; sheep, $4.00@5.85; lambs, $4.75@7.55.

New York Money.

New York, aJn. 15.—Money on call, firm, 4@6 per cent, ruling rate, 4 1/2@5, closing bid 5, offered at 6. Time loans easier, 60 and 90 days, 5@5 1/4, 6 months, 5. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.50@65 for demand, and at $4.83.30@35 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83 1/2@4.84 and $4.87@ 1/2; commercial bills, $4.82 1/4. Bar silver, 65 3/4c; Mexican dollars, 50 1/2c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds firm.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 15.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of 9@13 points and worked to a net advance of 14@16 points during the early session on Wall street bull support, covering and buying through commission houses in response to higher cables and further reports of holding by spot owners in the south. Later the market turned somewhat irregular and lost 5 or 6 points of the gain.

Cotton spot closed quiet; 10 points higher; mid ups, 12.05; do gulf, 12.30. Sales 812 bales. Futures closed steady, aJnuary, 11.47; February, 11.50; March, 11.63; April, 11.67; May, 11.72; June, 11.76; July, 11.77; August, 11.65; September, 10.94; October, 10.79.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	27	@	28
Creamery, in tubs	26	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Renovated	22		
Packing stock	16		
EGGS.			
Fresh	22	@	25
Storage	20	@	22
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14 1/2		
Block and wheel Swiss	14 1/2	@	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger full cream cheese	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb	16 1/2		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12 1/2		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 1/2@		8
Chestnuts, per lb	11		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	4 75		
Greenings	4 50		
Pikes	5 00		
York State Spies	5 00		
Baldwins	4 50		
York State Russets	4 50		
Colman Sweets	4 50		
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 75		
Missouri Pippins, per box	2 25		
Colorado Winsape, per box	2 50		
Bananas, per bunch	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries	18 00		
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb box	1 35		
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50		
Catawbas, pony basket	22		
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 25	@	3 50
Oranges, Floridas	2 50		
California Navels	2 75	@	3 00
California pears, per box	2 25		
GREEN VEGETABLES.			
Beans, wax, per bus	5 00		
Navy beans	2 00		
Green hothouse beans	4 50		
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz	1 00		
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 00		
Cabbage, per lb	3 1/2		
Cauliflower, per box	6		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35		
Carrots, per cwt	3 75		
Egg plant, per doz	1 00		
Horseradish, per lb	12		
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 50		
Onions, per cwt	1 75	@	1 85
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00		
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 00		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	50
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 75		
Potatoes, per bus	67	@	70
Radishes, round, per doz	75		
Spinach, per box	1 00	@	1 25
California tomatoes, crate	2 25		
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3 1/2		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
MEATS.			
Beef	5	@	8
Mutton	8 1/2@		9 1/2
Lard	8 1/4		
Pork loins	10		
Veal	9	@	9 1/2
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb	14		
Hens, per lb	14		
Spring ducks	14		
Turkeys	20		
Geese	12	@	13
HAY.			
Timothy, per ton	9 00	@	10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00	@	11 00
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	14 50		
Oats, per bus	31		
Shorts, per ton	15 00		
FISH.			
Trout, per lb	10		
Pike, per lb	10		
White, per lb	10	@	12 1/2
Fresh salmon, per lb	14		
Halibut, per lb	15		
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85		

New York.

New York, Jan. 15.—Butter steady to firm; receipts 4,599. Street prices, extra creamery, 27c; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 18@25c; ditto, held, 19@24c; state dairy, common to extra, 17@25c; renovated, common to extra, 15 1/2@21c; western factory, common to firsts, 15 1/2@ 18 1/2c; western imitation creamery, extra, 21@22c; ditto, firsts, 18@19c. Cheese firm; receipts 1,032; state full cream, small and large, colored and white, fancy, 14 1/2c; ditto, October, best, 13 1/2@14c; ditto, late made small, colored and white average best, 12 1/2c; ditto, large, 12 1/2c; ditto, fair, 11 1/2@12c; skims, full to light, 3 1/2@11 1/2c. Eggs easy; receipts 8,566. State, Pennsylvania and nearby fancy selected white, 28@29c; ditto, choice, 26@27c; ditto, mixed, extra, 24@25c; western firsts, 21 1/2@22c; ditto seconds, 20@21c; southerns, 18@22c.

Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Butter, steady; creameries, 18@26 1/2c; dairies, 18@22c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 18@19c. Cheese, firm; dalsies, 13c; twins, 11 1/2@13c; young Americas, 13c.

The total sales were 1,718,000 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market is closing irregular, in spots sharply lower, but all things considered, the tone could not at all be pronounced weak. The United States Steel stocks were active and gave strength to the rest of the list during early dealings, but during last hour traders took advantage of the halting tendency to attack prices, bringing about much irregularity. The action of the market in failing to respond to Saturday's excellent bank statement was disappointing. Money rates, however, are easier. The powers that be are still confidently predicting higher prices for the rails and industrials. On a reasonable reaction think stocks can be bought.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Jan. 15.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $142,471,057; gold, $86,504,070; gold certificates, $35,702,080.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Jan. 15.—Cattle—Receipts 750; 10c to 25c lower. Grain-fed steers, $3.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.30@4.25; stock steers, $2@3.50; calves, $2@5.50. Hogs—Receipts 2,600; steady. Range, $5@5.20; bulk, $5.10@5.15. Sheep—Receipts 700; lambs, $4.50@7.

BANK ABANDONED.

Philadelphia, Jan. 15.—The steamship Olaf Kyrre, from Shields, arrived here today with the crew of the bark Cordillera from St. Johns, N. B., for Buenos Ayres. The twelve men were taken off the bark on Jan 5. The Cordilera was abandoned waterlogged and dismasted in latitude 34.41 north, longitude 41.56 west.

CLOSE WAS IRREGULAR

In Stock Market But Fairly Steady and Very Active.

Money Rates Easier—Steel Stocks Strong in Early Dealings.

New York, Jan. 15.—Prices started upwards today at the opening of the stock market, through most of the list, the Pacifics and Coppers showing some signs of realizing. Northwestern was lifted 2 1/4, Great Northern preferred 1 3/4, Sloss Sheffield Steel 1 1/2, Metropolitan Securities 1 1/4, L. & N., Chicago & Alton and St. Paul about a point and Missouri Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Southern Railway, Kansas City Southern preferred and Locomotive, International Paper, Pressed Steel Car and Pacific Mail large fractions.

There were many stocks showing newly awakened strength while active profit-taking proceeded at other points, especially the Pacifics, Copper and some of the coalers. Northwestern rose buoyantly 5 1/4, the preferred 10, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha 4, Great Northern preferred 2 3/4, Long Island 2 3/4, United States Rubber 1, the preferred 2 1/4, the second preferred 3 1/4, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo, Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis, Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Republic Steel preferred 1 1/2, United Rubber preferred 1 1/4 and Southern Railway, Norfolk & Western, St. Louis & Southwestern, Colorado Southern, Virginia Iron, Colorado Fuel, Brooklyn Transit and others a point or more. The evidence of the realizing in the Pacifics checked the advance and there were some reactions. Anaconda lost 3/4, St. Paul preferred 2, Sugar 1/8 and Delaware & Hudson, National Biscuit, Smelting and Cotton Oil 1. The market became quieter when the advance was checked.

The rally in the market was notable for the strength of the low-priced industrials and miscellaneous stocks which held the general list firm with some further comprehensive advances. St. Paul got up 1/8, Northwestern preferred gained 12, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha preferred 7, and Long Island 3/8. Bonds were firm at noon.

Stocks that ordinarily show little prominence in the market, were dealt in almost to the exclusion of the regular favorites. Hardly any of the well known stocks moved more than 1/4 away from the midday prices. Long Island improved 6, Colorado Fuel 4, Pressed Steel Car 3, National Enameling, Smelting and Railway Steel Spring 2 to 2 1/2 and American Car, Pressed Steel Car preferred, Steel Foundries preferred and Atlantic Coast, Amalgamated Copper and Union Pacific a point was accomplished without disturbing the general list much. The resiliency of the general market encouraged further efforts on the long side and there were some important additions to the day's advances. Smelter, Sugar and a large consignment of the low-priced stocks were bought steadily. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred fell off 2.

The recovery in Union Pacific carried it to within a shade of 158, and there was heavy buying of the Erie. Selling became general later and the whole market sold off. Amalgamated Copper, Brooklyn Transit and General Electric were carried 1% under Saturday, Westinghouse Electric 4%, Minneapolis & St. Louis and Great Northern preferred 1 to 1 3/8 and Chicago & Alton and Sloss-Sheffield Steel a point. Advances in Long Island reached 8, Lackawanna 5, Atlantic Coast Line and Rubber Goods preferred 1 3/4 and Erie first preferred and American Car preferred about 1. There were fractional rallies, with evidence of some support, Erie and Reading rising large fractions. The closing was very active and fairly steady.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	104	104	104
do com	96 3/4	95 7/8	96
Smelter com	169 1/4	163 7/8	168
American Woolen	40 1/2	40	40 1/2
Amalgamated Copper	114 3/8	112 7/8	113 3/8
B. & O. Ry	115 3/8	114 3/4	115 1/4
B. R. T.	92 3/4	90	90 1/4
Canadian Pacific Ry.	175 1/4	174 3/8	174 3/8
Chesapeake & Ohio	67 1/2	66 7/8	67 3/8
C. F. I.	64 3/8	60 7/8	63 1/2
C. G. W. com	22 1/4	21 7/8	22
Erie 1st pfd	83	81 1/4	83
Erie com	50 1/2	48 3/8	50 1/2
Illinois Central	179	178 1/2	178 3/4
Central Leather	49 1/4	48	48 3/8
Louisville & Nashville	154 3/8	153 3/4	153 3/4
Mexican Central	26	25 3/8	25 1/2
Metropolitan Ry	129 3/4	125 7/8	125 7/8
Missouri Pacific	106 1/4	103 7/8	104
Norfolk & Western	89	88 3/8	88 1/2
New York Central	154 7/8	153 3/4	154
Ontario & Western	53 1/4	53 1/2	53 3/8
Peoples Gas	101 1/4	100 3/8	100 1/2
Pacific Mail	50	48	49
Pennsylvania Ry	145 3/8	144 7/8	144 7/8
Rock Island com	24 1/2	23 3/4	24
Rock Island, pfd	62 1/2	62 1/8	62 3/4
Reading, com	142 3/8	141 1/4	142 3/4
R. I. & S., pfd	108 1/2	107 3/4	108 1/4
R. I. & S., com	37 3/4	37	37 3/8
Rubber, com	57	54 5/8	56
St. Paul	185	183 3/4	184
Sugar	151 7/8	148 3/4	150 3/8
So. Railway, com	39 1/4	38 1/4	38 7/8
So. Pacific	69	68 1/2	68 5/8
Soo, com	161 1/2	160	160
T. C. & I.	161 1/2	160	161
Texas Pacific	36 1/4	35 7/8	35 7/8
U. S. Steel, pfd	109 3/8	108 1/2	108 3/8
U. S. Steel, com	45 1/4	44 3/4	44 3/4
Union Pac., com	157 3/8	156 1/2	156 1/2
Wis. Cent., com	32 1/2	31	31 3/4
Wis. Cent., pfd	64	62	63
Western Union	93 3/4	93 1/4	93 1/4
Wabash, com	28 3/4	27 1/4	27 1/2
Wabash, pfd	43 7/8	42 1/4	43 3/8
Nor. Pacific	211	209	210
Twin City R. T.	119 3/4	119	119
Erie, 2nd	75 1/2	75	75 1/8
M. K. & T.	39 3/8	39 1/4	39 1/2
American Locomotive	77 3/4	76 1/2	77
U. S. S. & A., com	22 3/8	21 3/8	21 3/8
Great Northern	321 3/8	317 1/2	318 1/2

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	113 1/8	113 3/4
American Dev. Co		39
Atlantic	26 1/4	26 1/2
Arcadian	5	5 1/4
Adventure	5 3/4	6
Allouez	44	44 1/2
Bingham	34 3/4	35
Black Mountain	14	15
Copper Range	84 1/4	84 1/2
Calumet & Hecla	712

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NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

BOYCOTT HOLDS STRONG AS EVER

Missionary in China Writes of the Anti-Foreign Feeling.

New York, Jan. 15.—In response to an inquiry sent him from the office of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions in this city, the Rev. Dr. Henry V. Noyes, who is stationed in Canton, China, and has represented the board for over forty years, writes about the "boycott" in a letter received from him today. The letter has been several weeks on the way, but it makes evident the fact that the feeling against foreign goods is in no sense abating. Dr. Noyes says:

"The boycott still seems to hold out as strong as ever. I asked Mr. Burkwall, the agent of the British and Foreign Bible society, who has recently been more than 400 miles up the West river, how he found conditions. He said he could make very few sales. Everybody said they would not buy those foreign books. He said his colporteurs make similar reports of other localities, and this is a good index of the feeling, as compared with a year ago, when sales were large.

"One very singular feature of the boycott is that it started in Peking and not in South China, from whence goes all, or at least ninety-nine hundredths of the emigration to the United States. It was not, therefore, a direct cry from those in trouble, or it would have come from the four districts of the Kwangtung Province near the sea. As Dr. Ashmore has gently said: 'If there had been no Japanese war with Russia there would have been no boycott in China.' But that war has made it seem possible to China also to rise up in a somewhat angry protest against the indignities which she has so long received from the strong nations of the West. Quite likely she is relying on help from Japan, especially in the way of training an army for self-protection, which is not a matter of many years if undertaken in earnest.

"The movement commenced in Peking, where a meeting was held, attended by about 200 leading men from all parts of the Empire. Thence it went to Tientsin and Shanghai, and then to Canton.

"There is a good deal of real patriotism in it, and a good deal of justice also. Surely, if the United States singles out China among all the nations of the earth, and holds her doors closed against Chinese people, she has much right to complain if China holds her doors closed against United States merchandise.

"The trouble is, however, that the thing has been carried too far. If the Chinese had contented themselves with simply refraining from purchasing United States goods, they would have had the approval of many. But those who have a purpose in view to incite hatred against Americans first, and then all foreigners, have been persistently issuing placards and publishing inflammatory articles in the papers which are in large part untrue, but which have produced a strong anti-foreign feeling in many places.

"Immense memorial meetings have been held in honor of the young man who committed suicide on the steps of the United States consul general's office in Shanghai. His name was Fung Ha Wai. He was originally from the Kwangtung Province and had spent ten years in the United States.

"The Viceroy says that the way to stop the boycott is to make a just and fair treaty. Then it will die a natural death.

"Notwithstanding all, however, there does not seem to me to be any present indication of a general outbreak."

HOW VENEZUELA FORGIVES REBELS

When a Revolution Ceases All Past Sins Are Pardoned.

New York, Jan. 15.—Translations just received in this country of the pleadings in the Venezuelan courts, in the matter of the suit brought by that government against the New York & Bermudez (Asphalt) company for $11,000,000 damages suffered by reason of the company's alleged complicity in the Matos revolution of 1901, bring out many unique features.

Conspicuous among these is the fact that the laws of Venezuela are so framed as to restore political offenders to full rights after disorders have been put down. As the laws stand, if you are caught while a revolution is going on, you must take the consequences. Once the revolt is quelled, all past sins are forgiven.

The local Venezuela attorney for the company at Caracas shows up these points very clearly. They are of particular interest in view of the fact that this suit is absolutely unique in international proceedings. The Matos revolution took place in 1901, yet in 1904 the government brings a suit for damages against a foreign corporation for complicity in that movement. The government does not claim that the company's property was outlawed or liable to seizure for the proceeding, but damages are demanded for the financial injuries suffered.

In the pleading of the Caracas attorney, he states, quoting Venezuelan laws:

"The law of June, 13, 1895, establishes in Article 16 that public order, disturbed by political offenses, being restored, all criminal proceedings shall cease, and all persons prosecuted on whom judgment has been passed or not, shall be free from punishment.

"The code of 1897 resolved that in such cases on revolutionary offenses, proceedings should abate, and prisoners be restored to liberty, public order once reestablished, according to the terms of the above-mentioned constitution, a provision which can be found in the same words, in the penal code now in force in the republic.

"The foregoing quotations, clearly and plainly prove that it is social and political interests which have led our legislators to override, in what refers to that kind of public offenses, the general rules of common law in criminal matters.

"What the state wanted on annulling in connection with this, the general rules of common law, was to appease the minds, to give examples of indulgence and magnaminity, to make hatred be forgotten, to sweeten ungrateful recollections, and to try to make that peace, obtained by the end of the struggle, to become peace of mind, spiritual peace, in one word; moral and social peace.

"When the international trouble was on in December, 1902, President Cipriano Castro advised the country by a patriotic address, in part as follows:

"'And since this, the Fatherland, can only be great and powerful in an atmosphere of fraternity among the natives, and circumstances necessitate the efforts of every one of them, both in the name of those my feelings and of its needs, I lay the doors of all the prisons of the republic open to those who for political reasons are arrested. I also hereby open the doors of the country to all Venezuelans who for the same above-mentioned reasons are abroad, and return all revolutionists to the enjoyment of their property which has been sequestrated by reasons of public order.'

"Such a provision means nothing less than pardon, desistance, an amnesty in fact, which the state grants by law to all persons convicted of a political offense, yielding to circumstances of public order and general convenience."

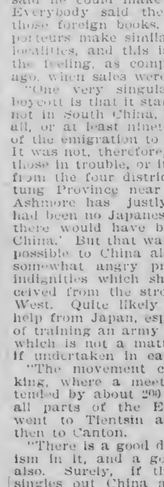
RECENT DEATHS.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 15—(Special to The Herald.)—O. A. Felt, a prominent attorney and mayor of Evansville, died suddenly Saturday morning, of pneumonia. He has been sick but a few days and his death was not expected.

Mrs. Skyberg, wife of Rev. Mr. Skyberg, of Aastad, died in this city late Friday night, from complications following an attack of pneumonia. She was 36 years of age, and leaves the husband and six children.

The Safe and Helpful Beverage—

GOOD beer helps the stomach to perform its offices. It aids the digestion. The percentage of alcohol in *good* beer is very small. *GOOD* beer—Wiener—quenches the thirst and refreshes instantly and naturally. Athletes drink Wiener beer when in training. They know that it is good for them.



BLATZ WIENER BEER

The absolute wholesomeness of Blatz Beers is predetermined by the Blatz Method, months before it comes to you. Pure, sparkling water—hops—barley malt—brewed and matured in the good Blatz way. The ideal home beverage.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch

Lake Avenue and Railroad Street. Tel. 62

Always the Same Good Old "Blatz"

REDUCING ESTIMATES

Seems to be Impossible With the Government Departments.

How Appropriations for Department of Agriculture Grew.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—The program of economy in appropriations which was outlined at the beginning of the present congress is meeting with many obstacles because the departments cannot, apparently, get down to the basis of reducing estimates. In no branch of the government is this so apparent as in the agricultural department. The scientific and semi-scientific bureaus of this big division of the government are presided over by enthusiastic experimentalists who labor under the impression that the particular work upon which they are engaged is the most important in the country. Some of them maintain "literary bureaus" through which they send out appeals to individuals and agricultural organizations in every section urging the recipients to intercede with their congressional representative for further appropriations. The result of such appeals is seen on the floor of the house or in the senate when efforts are made to cut down extravagant appropriations. These efforts almost invariably fail. It is largely because of this peculiar system of lobbying that the appropriations for the department of agriculture have grown from $3,300,000 for the fiscal year 1896 to $6,692,000 for the current year. But even this large suit is not enough to satisfy the "scientific experts" of the department for the estimates upon which the committee is now working call for a total of $7,726,000 for the next fiscal year.

Some of the methods for boosting appropriations are unique. For instance: There is one employe of the department who for years has been known as "the editor." His work has increased until now he has several assistants and this year he asks the committee to change the designation of his office so that he will be known as "editor in Chief." The change will not involve any additional outlay on the part of the government this year and his request will come to congress next year and ask an increase of $5,000 "in order that the salary of the office may be made commensurate with the dignity of the position." That's the way they do.

* * *

The agricultural department has undoubtedly accomplished incalculable good for the farmers and ranchers of the country and many of the experiments conducted under its auspices have paid the cost a hundred fold. But it is doubtful if the tea experiments in South Carolina can be classed with these. It was in the appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1900 that an appropriation was first made to enable the secretary of agriculture to carry on experiments for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not tea may be profitably grown in the Southern states. That appropriation was $1,000. Next year it was increased to $5,000. The year following $7,000 was allowed and for the next three years $10,000 each year. The fund allowed for the current twelve months is $8,500 and a similar sum is asked for next year. In seven years the department has expended $51,500 in tea culture. It is said that the experiments have been successful in that tea has been successfully grown, cured and sold in large quantities. But no one has ever learned what became of the proceeds of the sale of the South Carolina tea product. Inasmuch as the experiments are made upon a private plantation it would appear that the government has gone quite far enough. It has expended more than $50,000 and if, as reported, the experiment has proved a success it would seem that the owner of the plantation may carry on tea culture now without further aid from the federal treasury.

In the hearings before the committee in 1903 Mr. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry, testified that the product of the South Carolina tea plantation that year would be about 9,000 pounds, and he added: 'This year we had the various lots grown tested, and a price fixed on the tea. The prices range all the way from 40 cents to $5 per pound. Teas are grown down there that will bring on the market probably $5 per pound. I have here a sample of green tea that will probably bring $1 or $1.50."

Mr. Galloway said that the average cost of production of tea in South Carolina is 16 cents a pound, and that the bulk of the product is sold at 40 cents. According to the testimony of this gentleman, there was apparently $3,600 worth of tea grown and cured in 1903, and since that year congress has given $28,500 more with which to carry on the work. That is to say, enough to pay for the production of 178,125 pounds at 16 cents per pound, which sold at the minimum price mentioned—40 cents per pound—should have produced $71,250. Some of the officials of the department will be asked by the agricultural committee to explain what has become of the money received from the sale of tea. The treasury records certainly contain no such item as $71,250 from the sale of tea grown by the agricultural department under the head of miscellaneous receipts.

* * *

The congressional committees having control of bills affecting the postal service are trying to frame a measure which will prevent the abuse of the franking privilege. It is asserted by the postal authorities that hundreds of tons of matter are annually sent through the mails improperly. Two or three years ago a Wisconsin member sent a quantity of Limburger cheese to Washington under his frank, and at the present time there is a quantity of mail matter addressed to a North Carolina member from his home "held for postage" in the Washington postoffice. It consists of three sections of a sectional bookcase, each of which is filled with various kinds of merchandise, not frankable under the law. A few years ago a congressional box, with a congressional frank on the outside, was accidentally dropped in the postoffice. It broke open, and in addition to various other articles of household economy, three flat irons fell out.

The trouble with the present law under which the franking privilege is granted to members and senators is, that no penalty for violation of the privilege is provided. If a "penalty envelope," such as used in the executive department, is used for private purposes and to avoid the payment of postage the user is liable to pay a fine of $300. But any one may use a congressional franked envelope without liability for criminal prosecution.

* * *

Economy did not "meet up" with the printing office when the first semi-monthly index of the present session of congress began. John Berg, foreman of the Congressional Record, who is president of the Typographical union of this city, and who comes from Nebraska, had charge of the composition of the semi-monthly index of the Congressional Record. This semi-monthly index was the biggest ever published, and covered the period from the beginning of congress to Jan. 4. It took 149 rolls of paper to print this semi-monthly index, and there are 4,000 yards in each roll of paper used in the government printing office. The first index of the Fifty-ninth congress contained 640 pages, or eighty signatures, as they call it in the printing trade. It took three and a half carloads of paper to print this index, and it cost in the neighborhood of $12,000 to set and print the first semi-monthly index of the Congressional Record.

Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Jessie McLachlan Concert company.
METROPOLITAN — "Yankee Doodle Girls."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM — Tuesday and Wednesday, "Wizard of Oz."
LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "The Sho Gun."

HAVERLY'S MINSTRELS.

Conventional But Fairly Good Performance is Given.

Heverly's Minstrels gave a conventional but apparently satisfactory black face show before an audience of good dimensions at the Lyceum theater Saturday evening. The first part was sufficiently entertaining, most of the jokes being old enough and most of the songs being pretty. Richard Hunter sang "The Sweetest Flower that Grows in Tennessee;" Bruce Waiman, "Mama's Boy;" Walter A. Wolf, "King of the Winds Am I;" George T. Martin, "Good-Bye, Sweetheart, Good-Bye;" Billy Pearl, "Tommy," and Billy Beard, "Who's There." There were some other musical numbers, but they were unimportant.

Marlon and Pearl headed the olio with a good talking and acrobatic act, and Gaaden and Somers made a big hit with their musical specialty. Mr. Somers is a Duluth boy. Marselles gives an ordinary contortion turn, with here and there a bit of originality. Billy Beary, who appears to have been the principal comedian of the company, although there were others in the bunch who were much better, sang some parodies and told a few yaks, and the performance closed with one of those awful minstrel afterpieces, "Moonlight in Dixie." The minstrels evidently do much of their own housework, and in consequence the settings did not seem to be properly adjusted on the Lyceum's stage. People expected that something would take place, but there was nothing doing. The moon batted both eyes and the scenery looked as if it had been painted "befo' de wah."

JESSIE McLACHLAN.

Jessie McLachlan and her Scottish Concert company will give a recital at the Lyceum this evening, and a large house will probably be on hand to greet her. Miss McLachlan and her company have appeared here several times and are great local favorites. Her program this season is said to be particularly rich with old country numbers.

YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS.

The Yankee Doodle Girls will begin their engagement at the Metropolitan this evening, and from the sale of seats at the box office, it looks as if a large number of the faithful would be on hand to greet them when the curtain goes up. The Girls will give a matinee tomorrow, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the Thursday afternoon performance being particularly for women, and every one attending will be presented with a handsome souvenir. The company will remain until Saturday.

"WIZARD OF OZ."

The popularity of "The Wizard of Oz" never seems to wane, and the coming engagement of the piece tomorrow and Wednesday nights at the Lyceum will probably be as successful as any which have been played there by the wizard, the scarecrow, the tin woodman, Dorothy Gale and the rest of the crowd which came out of Chicago and started afresh in the hearts of the American theater-going public a desire for extravaganza. After the success of "The Wizard of Oz," Hamlin and Mitchell produced "Babes in Toyland," also at the Grand Opera house in Chicago, and that piece was quite as big a hit as its predecessor. And now, this season, their latest production, "Wonderland," seems to have caught on.

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Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

FAVORABLY IMPRESSED

Irish Educator Speaks Highly of Conditions Over Here.

Rev. James J. Ryan a Guest of Bishop McGolrick.

Rev. James J. Ryan, president of St. Patrick's college, Thurles, Ireland, who was last week a guest of Archbishop Ireland at St. Paul, was the guest of Rt. Rev. Bishop McGolrick, Friday and Saturday, leaving Saturday evening for Fargo.

Since he came to the United States he has visited friends in New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago, Dubuque and St. Louis as well. In the diocese of Chicago, St. Louis, Dubuque and St. Paul are many of Dr. Ryan's former seminarians, as well as in other places throughout the Western part of the United States.

Asked the object of his visit to the United States, Mr. Ryan said:

"I came to acquaint myself with the working of the Catholic church in this great republic of the West, and to acquire knowledge from bishops and rectors of seminaries as to how seminarians at home can be best prepared for their future duties among the American people. I desired to greet our former students and see for myself how they have succeeded—and also I have in view the opening up of new fields for the missionary labors of our young apostles.

"Our seminary is not large. We can only accommodate a little more than 100 students, but we are now adding a new building to provide for an increase in the candidates for the ministry. In addition to the many dioceses in the East, our college has supplied priests to St. Paul, Helena, Great Falls, Australia and New Zealand."

"How do you think your priests succeed, and how do they find American life?" asked the reporter.

"I have some hesitation in replying to the first part of this question," replied Dr. Ryan; "not because I cannot give a most satisfactory answer, but it looks inquisitorial."

"I do not wish to pry into church matters," assured the reporter.

"I think I see the gist of the question. You wish to know how 'old country' schooled clerics fill the ticket over here; how they like life under the Stars and Stripes. Well, I am pleased to say that everywhere I have met our priests, I noted that they formed part and parcel of the diocese clergy; they occupied positions according to their years, either as assistants or pastors, and their superiors and equals were pleased with them. Of course, they like American life, of which they form a part, and in which they are so much absorbed. Our people readily assimilate ideas and fall in the way of life here, and in doing so they discharge a duty common to all who have made the United States of America the land of their adoption. I must not be taken to say that they do not cherish, or ought to forget their native land.

"Know Archbishop Ireland? Who is not acquainted with the name of the great archbishop of the Northwest. From St. Paul to London, from the White House to the Vatican, Archbishop Ireland is known and honored. He is a towering figure in every phase of American life. In the pulpit or on the platform he is equally at ease, and he is no less at home on the continent of Europe than in the valley of the Mississippi.

"At Washington I had lately the honor of an interview with the president of the United States, who, when I spoke of Archbishop Ireland, said that I mentioned the name of one most dear to him.

"I have long enjoyed the favor and advantage of his grace's acquaintance. Twelve years ago I visited St. Paul. Now I find none of the old landmarks of that city, which has pushed itself far into the country. Now I observe many new splendid buildings in and around the city. I noted the archbishop's college and seminary, with 500 students, and the new ladies' college of St. Catherine. I have seen no schools better housed or more adequately equipped than these homes of learning. No young man or woman need travel east of St. Paul to find an all around and up-to-date education.

"I was pleased to have an evidence of the public spirit which animates the citizens of all your Northwestern cities at St. Paul. I attended a meeting of the Commercial club there, at which Archbishop Ireland delivered an address, which was followed by others. The record of the past year, and the program for the coming one, displayed the work and ambition of the St. Paulites, and would have filled the bill for an old country city for nearly half a century. When the archbishop referred to the million-dollar cathedral he is about to erect on Summit avenue, as a crowning glory to the city and an expression of the highest art in architecture, he was applauded by his fellow citizens as one of the makers of St. Paul.

"How do I find Duluth? Your city appears to me to be most favorably situated for commerce and growth. Built on the edge of your great inland sea, Lake Superior, and backed by such a great producing country, Duluth ought, in the near future, to double and treble its present dimensions. I hope to return soon to Duluth."

Dr. Ryan will probably visit the Philippines and look into church conditions before returning to Ireland.

MAN SHOT WHILE DEFENDING WOMAN.

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Patrick Coyle, 28 years old, was shot and probably fatally injured in his home here last night by one of four men who entered the house and attacked Frances De Pew, 23 years old, of Milwaukee, a visitor at the Coyle home. Coyle, his son, Frank, and Miss De Pew, according to the police, were seated in the dining room of the house when the four men entered. One of the men is said to have attempted to drag the young woman from the room, when Coyle interfered. A fight ensued, and Coyle was shot in the abdomen. Miss De Pew refused to talk of the shooting further than to deny ever having seen any of the assailants before.



Good Cigars are Grown, Not Made.

Different processes of tobacco culture ripen, cure and ferment the leaf, gradually and thoroughly maturing and *blending* it *before* making into the

ANNA HELD Cigar—5c.

These processes — exclusive with the American Cigar Company—remove every last lingering trace of the original harshness that spoils the aroma, the bitterness that ruins the flavor, and the "earthiness" that makes the cigar burn unevenly.

The new *fermenting* and *blending* processes thoroughly combine the goodness characteristic of the various required tobaccos —thus insuring a rich, even, full-flavored, well-balanced, uniform smoke.

Sold by All Dealers in Good Cigars.

Trade Supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

This Triangle A on a box of "Anna Held" cigars, is the distinguishing mark of excellence. It identifies the product of this new system of making better cigars for the smokers' money, no matter what the price.

ENGINEERS TO HAVE CLUBHOUSE

That Will Be Monument of Architect's and Builder's Art.

New York, Jan. 15.—Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, a few days ago, laid the foundation stone of the Engineers' club, for the erection of which Andrew Carnegie gave $1,500,000. When finished it will be an imposing structure, thirteen stories high, with a frontage of 199 feet, overlooking Bryant Park and New York public library.

The idea which led to its erection was to bring together the various engineering societies of the United States, where they would have a common ground for annual meetings and conventions, scientific lectures and demonstrations, and to provide quarters for the national Societies of Mechanical, Electrical and Mining Engineers, as well as for such associate societies as might require headquarters in New York. While each is to maintain its individual character, all are to unite to advance the engineering arts and sciences.

The location of the building is near the Grand Central Railroad station, in the heart of the hotel district and of everything characteristic of the varied life of the metropolis.

The building itself will contain a large auditorium, capable of seating 1,000 persons. Provision has been made for assembly rooms and lecture halls suitable for ordinary meetings and demonstrations. Space has also been provided for receptions and conversaziones.

It was seen that the club would become a storehouse of most valuable scientific records and materials and that if these were to be adequately protected from fire it would be necessary to construct a building that, above all else, would not burn. The architects made an exhaustive investigation into the merits of terra cotta and concrete fireproofing and finally fixed upon hollow tile construction as being the best. The building, accordingly, will be of standard hollow terra cotta construction, the floors of segmental arches, and the girders, columns and structural iron covered with porous terra cotta.

The crowning feature will be the free public library on the top floor. Heretofore, owing to the headquarters of the various societies being scattered, there had been a great deal of duplication in their libraries. Under the new arrangements all the libraries will be brought together. This concentration will give the Engineers' club the finest and most complete library of its kind in the country.

Suggestions for Harbor Improvements.

To the Editor of The Herad:

In the latter part of November, 1872, the old-timers at the Head fo the Lakes witnessed one of the worst storms on Lake Superior when four vessels went ashore between the outer dock and south of the canal, but with no loss of life. During this storm the spray dashed clear over the smokestack of Elevator A, at a height of some 104 feet, and the sea swept over the docks to a depth of two feet. The great storm of Nov. 28, 1905, eclipsed this record because of the great loss of life as well as property. As a result of this catastrophe, numerous views have been advanced to prevent a future occurrence by protecting the canal entrance.

An outside breakwater has been the subject of controversy, but eliminating the most of such a ponderous undertaking, would it not offer perhaps even greater danger to vessels than do the present canal piers; what difference it a boat strikes the one or the other? During a third of a century's residence at the Head of the Lakes, in the experience of the writer, and other old residents, since the construction of the original canal, it has been a well-known fact that the current from the St. Louis river has been diverted through it. It was on this account that the people of Wisconsin forced a bill through congress compelling the city of Duluth to construct a dike between Minnesota and Rice's Points, on the ground that the deflection of the current of the St. Louis river had caused the filling up of the Superior entry. This dike was built at a cost of about $100,000, and was hardly completed, when at the instigation of the Wisconsin people, through an act of congress, the city of Duluth was again ordered to make a breach in it to accommodate the people of Superior—it was left to them to blow it open, which they did. Now all this is ancient history to the old Duluthians, but may lead up to the argument, as when this dike existed, the current of the St. Louis river flowed in another direction. No government or any other engineer can dispute the fact that a strong current flows through our canal. This current meeting a northeast sea creates a sort of whirlpool some hundred or so feet outside the canal entrance, and here is where vessel-men encounter their worst enemy; it is here where the rudder seems to lose its usefulness, but when once the boat is fairly within the canal the danger is past.

To overcome this difficulty, the first suggestion would be to turn, if possible, this current through a central part of Minnesota point.

Another suggestion—flare out the piers on the lake side of the canal which would make the entrance easier, and straighten out the funnel in the bay end of the piers, which in its nature sends the seas broadcast over the whole harbor to the detriment of shipping.

Before this funnel shaped inner entrance to the harbor was made, little inconvenience to the loading or unloading of vessels was experienced.

These remarks and suggestions must not be taken as criticizing the government engineers, as the structural work of our new canal, aside from the changes suggested, is a piece of engineering that any country should be proud of, but they have not had the opportunity to observe local conditions as well as others who have spent their lives in Duluth.

D. A. PETRE.

Duluth, an. 15.

Manicuring, hairdressing, facial massage. Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug store).

SORES-ULCERS—THE BLOOD DISEASED—SYSTEM DISORDERED

When a Sore or Ulcer is slow in healing it is the best evidence of a diseased condition of the blood and a disordered system. They show that the bodily impurities, which should pass off through the natural channels of nature, are being retained in the system from some cause. The blood absorbing the waste matters becomes steeped in poison which finds an outlet through the Sore or Ulcer, keeping it inflamed, painful and festering. As the blood constantly discharges its poison into these places, they eat deeper into the surrounding flesh and tissues, growing larger and more offensive in spite of all the sufferer can do, until the entire health is affected. Washes, salves, powders and such treatment are desirable for the reason that they are cleansing and also help to relieve the pain, but they are in no way curative. The blood is filled with poison, and until it is removed the sore cannot heal. S. S. S. is the only cure for these evidences of impure blood. It goes down to the root of the trouble and cleanses the circulation of all poisons and impurities. S. S. S. enriches the blood and reinvigorates the different members of the body so that the impurities and waste matters can pass off as nature intended. Then the discharge ceases, the sore scabs over, new flesh is formed, and the place heals permanently. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice you need without charge.

I have not words strong enough to praise your great medicine. I had a sore on my left temple for years. It would itch, burn and bleed, and I could not get it to heal. After taking S. S. S. awhile it began to discharge, and when the poisonous matter was out it healed. this was about ten years ago and I have never seen any sign of it since.
Gant, Mo. JOSEPHUS REID.

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PURELY VEGETABLE.

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The most representative lists are in The Herald
If you desire a change of residence, watch 'em

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Boyce	163	163
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ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	983
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Waggerts & Son.	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
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FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — THE CLUB RESTAURANT, located at 217 West Superior street, including all fixtures; capacity, fifty people, and a good living room; will rent cheap until May 1 to good tenant. Inquire downstairs, or P. Benetean, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED house on East Superior street, 12 rooms, hot water heat. Will rent for four or five months. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT — TWENTY-ONE-ROOM boarding house and furniture complete; good location. M 15, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 206 Lyceum building.

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WANTED TO RENT—A FURNISHED flat, close in. I 84, Herald.

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Stehway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

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Fair, healthy, satin skin bestowed by Satin skin cream and Satin skin powder. 25c.

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$2200 Only $800 cash for 12-room house, stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, etc., on car line. Rentals pay over 12 per cent on total price, or 25 per cent on cash investment. 48-15

$2600 Half cash, 10-room house, barn, chicken house, etc.; lot 50x140. Splendid opening for boarding house or renting rooms. 48-16

$7000 Three houses on lot 30x100 feet, near two car lines, water, sewer, etc., rented at price which pays 10 per cent net on this valuation. 49-1

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$4000 A frame house arranged in three flats, with conveniences, hardwood floors throughout, building two years old, present income $45 per month; lot 25x140 on East Fourth street, near Fifth avenue. This is an exceptionally good investment.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,

220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

A QUAINT EGOTIST.

If there was one mosque in Kairwan to which curiosity alone led me it was that of the modern, agnostical marabout, Sidi Amor Abbada, says the Metropolitan Magazine. In the district of the Zlass tribe, in the eastern part of the town, rises this tomb-mosque. Its plain interior would not particularly commend it to one's attention, but its five domes, Turkish in their architectural aspect, and its association with its founder and builder, Abbada, make it unique among the mosques of Kairwan.

Sidi Amor Abbada was a man of a great idea. Perhaps he felt he was overlooked in the natural order of things, a Zaccheus among his brethren. However that may be, his life was spent in taking thought so that men thereafter should add many cubits to his stature. To prove his sanctity and his greatness he spent his life making and collecting about him, by means as original as they were childlike, objects of colossal size which would stand as monuments to his physical bigness. Today the natives will tell you, as the old Arab of his mosque told me: "Yes, it is really true; Sidi Abbada was a giant."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

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L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; modern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 104 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with steam heat and bath, with or without board by day, week or month. 210 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for man and wife or two men; steam heated; also board. 521 West Second street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms; electric light and heat. Rent reasonable. 106 East Second street.

FOR RENT—WARM NICELY FURnished room with board. Tel. 725-R.

PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room for rent. 131 East Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms. 344 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping allowed. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room. 117 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND alcove, 519 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 356 London Road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, hot and cold water, bath and gas. Call at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT. CALL at 220 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT NO. 1320 Sixth avenue West, $15. William E. Richardson, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER PHONE

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION ---OF--- Baker-Cannon Company.

The undersigned do hereby associate themselves together, and adopt and sign these articles for the purpose of forming a corporation according to the provisions of Title Two (2) of Chapter Thirty-four (34), General Statutes of Minnesota 1894, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be Baker-Cannon Company, and the general nature of its business shall be buying, selling and dealing in farm produce, dairy products, meats and meat products, vegetables, fruits, butter, eggs, poultry and such other goods as are usually handled and dealt in by commission dealers, at wholesale or retail, either for itself or on commission and consignment, and to do all things and acts usual and necessary, convenient or expedient in conducting and managing the business of said corporation. The principal place of business of this corporation shall be the City of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be January 20th, A. D. 1906, and shall continue for a period of thirty (30) years.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Twenty thousand ($20,000) Dollars, to be paid in in cash or property, or both, at such times and in such amounts and manner as may be determined by the Board of Directors, provided that this corporation shall be authorized to commence business when Two thousand ($2,000.00) Dollars of said capital stock is subscribed for.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Twenty thousand ($20,000.00) Dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, each residing in the City of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of three directors, all of whom shall be stockholders, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at their annual meeting, to be held on the second Tuesday in January of each year, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and in a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, who shall be elected by the Board of Directors, at a time and in a manner prescribed by the By-Laws. The president shall also be known as the general manager, and shall have supervision and management of the affairs of said company. The office of the secretary and treasurer may be held by the same person. The names of the first Board of Directors are Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, and until their successors are elected the officers shall be Edward D. Baker, President and General Manager; John R. Olson, Vice-President, and George H. Cannon, Secretary and Treasurer.

Article VII. The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into two hundred (200) shares of the par value of One hundred ($100.00) Dollars each.

Witness our hands and seals this 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.

EDWARD D. BAKER, (Seal.)
JOHN R. OLSON. (Seal.)
GEORGE H. CANNON. (Seal.)

Signed and Sealed in Presence of:
C. H. TOWNSEND,
C. W. STILSON.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss:

On this 11th day of January, 1906, before me, a notary public within and for said county and state, personally appeared Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

(Notarial Seal) C. W. STILSON,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
My commission expires May 28th, 1911.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 15-16.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.

When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.

Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY Rent—Will you call on us or will we call on you and show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? It costs you nothing to talk with us and let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. No investment that brings the returns that this does every day. S. S. Williamson, 416 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 136. Duluth 'phone 1357.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
231 Manhattan Building.
New 'phone, 995. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.
MINNESOTA LOAN CO.,
205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS
On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.
$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay $1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$50 pay $2.25 weekly or $9.00 month.
Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
201 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolmon, 669 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A. CARLSON WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Friday, Jan. 12, Twelfth street and Twenty-second avenue west. Zenith 1654-D.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. S. A. Nelson, East Superior, Wis.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows, some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 1287.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—Dr. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adam street, Chicago, Ill.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ONE OF THE BEST HOMESTEAD RELinquishments for sale near Ashawa. Inquire of Mrs. B. Edin, Ashawa, Minn.

FOR SALE—ONE IRON FOLDING BED; other iron beds at 8 Mason Flats.

FOR SALE—FREE, FOR NOTHING, INformation relating to insurance matters. Address Wm. Kaiser, Duluth, Minn.

$125 CASH AND $8 A MONTH WILL build or buy a $1,000 house. Address M 99, care Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—SCHOLARSHIP IN Business university. Address M 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—TELL FOR NOTHING, INformation relating to insurance matters. Address Wm. Kaiser, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,600, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

FOR SALE — TWO PAIR OF LIGHT sleighs. Lewis' Blacksmith shop, 111 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE. TEN rooms. 16 Second avenue West.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once; sizes 3, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 25, Herald.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU THAT it would be profitable to prowl around our book store or write for what you want? We buy, sell, exchange all kinds of books. Lundeberg & Stone, 22 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF Cuyuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—5,000 ACRES FARM AND mineral land, near Deerwood, in townships 46-25 and 29. Address Box 55, Deerwood.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND 8¾x10 double cylinder, double drum Ledgerwood hoisting engine, in good condition. Clyde Iron Works.

FOR SALE — HARDWOOD, $5 PER cord. Leave orders at Thatcher's grocery, 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone, 747-X.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FINE PLUSH UPholstered two-seated fanny sleigh—good as new. S. Motherad, 1351 West Superior street.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 625 West Superior street.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE—SMALL, SOUND AND ACtive team of horses. 117 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — TWO HEAVY LOGGING teams. Apply 3824 West Oneota street.

RECEIVED, SATURDAY, DEC. 23, TWO carloads of logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

I HAVE A CAR OF HORSES JUST IN. Come and see me before buying. I will save you money. Barn, Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibell.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 35c a lesson. Address V 25, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER, Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with F. D. Day & Co.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

The Herald "Want Ad" Way

IS THE BEST WAY TO BUY, SELL OR TRADE ANYTHING, THE BEST WAY TO OBTAIN A POSITION—THE BEST WAY TO SECURE THE RIGHT KIND OF HELP—THE BEST WAY TO FILL ANY AND ALL YOUR "WANTS" EFFECTIVELY AND CHEAPLY—TRY IT TOMORROW.

One Cent a Word

Phone Your Ad—324 Both 'Phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — DRAUGHTSMAN, NORTHwestern Engineering company, 403 Torrey building.

WANTED—GIRL FIFTEEN OR SIXteen years of age to assist in light housework. 920 East Fifth street.

WANTED—MAN OF EXPERIENCE TO distribute circulars. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

WANTED — YOUNG BUSINESS MAN well acquainted in Duluth, with $1,000 to invest. Business established. Investigate at once. Address A 72, Herald.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY TO WORK IN Delaware hotel, from 12 o'clock until 10 at night.

WANTED — A WELL DUG AT PROCtor; contract preferred. Address M 96, Herald.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

100 LABORERS AND STATION MEN, Chicago & Northwestern railroad, near Green Bay, Wis.; all winter; sandy country. Laborers, teamsters and station men for new railroad work in Minnesota; all winter; free fare. Woods crews, pulpwood cutters, cedar cutters, extra gangs; South; city work, etc. National Employment company, 471 West Michigan street.

ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, FIREmen, machinists, etc. Send for new 52-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers; sent free. George A. Zeller Book Co., 115 S. 4th, St. Louis.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all private troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRSTclass trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "Free" Ill. catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS. VIRGINIA Foundry & Machine Co., Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

FIRST-CLASS MEAT AND PASTRY cook wants place to work. Address Mae Robinson, 249 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIence, wishes position as stenographer and assistant bookkeeper. Address S. A. J., Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

TWO COMFORTABLE ROOMS, MODern house, $6 and $7 per month; board if desired. 224 Second avenue East.

STEAM - HEATED ROOMS, WITH board; bath, gas and telephone; moderate rates. 301 East Third street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD AT 521 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 117 East Third street.

FINELY FURNISHED SUITE OF TWO rooms, steam heated, with board. Address R 75, Herald.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for A1 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 125 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

BOOKS AUDITED.

BOOKS OPENED UP, BALANCED and audited by expert accountant. Address M 11, Herald.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID, POLICIES NOS. 15557 and 15558, issued by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, both on the life of John McLean Oldham. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. John McLean Oldham, 801 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

LOST — YOUNG WHITE AND BLACK spotted setter. Head nearly all black. Return to Thirty-eighth avenue east and Superior street, or 306 Lonsdale. Reward.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY HILLSIDE LOT, Fourth street or above, from owner. X-73, Herald.

LOST — LINK MUFF ON FIRST street. Return to 1905 East First street for reward.

LOST—BROWN LEATHER POCKETbook containing money, on Fourth street, near Fifth avenue east, Saturday noon. Return to 409 Masonic Temple; reward.

WANTED—TO BUY HOUSE AND LOT on Fifth street, between Third avenue west and Tenth avenue east, not to exceed $2,600. W 99, Herald.

PILE DRIVER OUTFIT. E. DOWNIE, Western Labor & Supply Co.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM ROSCOE, 1025 TOWER. ROOM 315. Superior.

PATENTS.

PATENTED AND UNPATENTED Inventions bought and sold. Lucas & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. Parker Paine, 1128 East Third street.

WANTED — TO TAKE CARE OF silverware. Call Vienna Bakery, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK. APply 302 Sixteenth avenue East.

WANTED — SKIRT HANDS; GOOD ones; no dead ones need apply. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. F. D. Knight, Proctor, Minn. Old 'phone No. 65.

NIGHT SCHOOL FOR DRESSMAKING; three lessons a week, at $3 a month; work on your own materials. U. S. block, flat 17.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 725 East Third street.

GIRLS WANTED—M. S. SHORE MFG. Co., 26 East Superior street, over Tribune office.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL BETWEEN 13 AND 15 to help care for baby. 824 East Fifth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 2025 East First St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 220 South Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. MRS. CUTler, 251 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT child nurse. Elderly lady preferred. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kruger. Your Druggist, 105 West Superior street.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somers Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer, Zenith 887, Bell 359-L.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. D. MOORE, 327 EAST SUPERIOR street. Sewing by the day; good references.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2053 W. Sup. St. Old 1511-L; Zenith 1504.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1934.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPOR COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. East. Old phone, 1694; Zenith, 1225.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 58th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG.

Miss Nagle, 210 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING HOTEL, including contents, lease on building and good will; snap; owner leaving city. Twentieth Avenue hotel, Twentieth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED — YOUNG BUSINESS MAN well acquainted in Duluth, with $1,000 to invest. Business established. Investigate at once. Address X 72, Herald.

BUSINESS CHANCE — BIG WATER power development at International Falls, Minn., shown in handsomely illustrated "Anniversary" number of International Falls Echo, just published. Ten cents per copy.

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING, ELECTROLYSIS, FAcial massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 76, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 10, 1906. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE. Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 18th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. George W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Wednesday in K. O. T. M. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Beneficent degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. W. Penstermacher, receiver; O. J. Murvold, financier, 21 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street, J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Jan. 19, 1906. Joint installation of officers, Jan. 10, 1906. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 76, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2295, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets every first and third Tuesdays of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting Jan. 16. J. B. Gelineau, C. R.; 224, Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1696, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, A. J. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnitke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local Union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gillard; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

For Rent--Rooms--Houses--

The most representative lists are in The Herald
If you desire a change of residence, watch 'em

One Cent a Word Each Insertion--No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious.	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbin~ & Heating Co.	815	983
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. W.ggerts & Son.	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — THE CLUB RESTAURant, located at 217 West Superior street, including all fixtures; capacity, fifty people, and a good living room; will rent cheap until May 1 to good tenant. Inquire downstairs, or P. Benetean, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED house on East Superior street, 12 rooms, hot water heat. Will rent for four or five months. Steyker, Manley & Buck.

FOR RENT — TWENTY-ONE-ROOM boarding house and furniture complete; good location. M 15, Herald.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 205 Lyceum building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A FURNISHED flat, close in. 1 84, Herald.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway Hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 202 Pal. Bldg.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Fair, healthy, satin skin bestowed by Satin skin cream and Satin skin powder. 25c.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Washington, D. C., established 1861. Booklet free. Highest references.

LITTLE & NOLTE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE. ESTABLISHED 1883.

West End Bargains

$2600 Two houses, 7 and 11 rooms, on lot 50x146, near car line. Rentals pay over 12 per cent. 48-10

$2200 Only $500 cash for 12-room house, stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, etc., on car line. Rents pay over 12 per cent on total price, or 25 per cent on cash investment. 48-15

$2600 Half cash, 10-room house, barn, chicken house, etc.; lot 50x140. Splendid opening for boarding house or renting rooms. 48-16

$7000 Three houses on lot 50x100 feet, near two car lines; water, sewer, etc., rented at price which pays 10 per cent net on this valuation. 49-1

$2300 A dwelling of six rooms and bath in first-class repair, on East First street, near Seventh avenue.

$3000 A good eight-room house, with bath, toilet, etc., on East First street, near Sixth avenue.

$4000 A frame house arranged in three flats, with conveniences, hardwood floors throughout, building two years old, present income $45 per month; lot 25x140 East Fourth street, near Fifth avenue. This is an exceptionally good investment.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

A QUAINT EGOTIST.

If there was one mosque in Kairwan to which curiosity alone led me it was that of the modern, egotistical marabout, Sidi Amor Abbada, says the Metropolitan Magazine. In the district of the Zlass tribe, in the eastern part of the town, rises this tomb-mosque. Its plain interior would not particularly commend it to one's attention, but its five domes, Turkish in their architectural aspect, and its association with its founder and builder, Abbada, make it unique among the mosques of Kairwan.

Sidi Amor Abbada was a man of a great idea. Perhaps he felt he was overlooked in the natural order of things, a Zaccheus among his brethren. However that may be, his life was spent in taking thought so that men thereafter should add many cubits to his stature. To prove his sanctity and his greatness he spent his life making and collecting about him, by means as original as they were childlike, objects of colossal size which would stand as monuments to his physical bigness. Today the natives will tell you, as the old Arab of his mosque told me: "Yes, it is really true; Sidi Abbada was a giant."

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence. 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; MODern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 104 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with steam heat and bath, with or without board by day, week or month. 210 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for man and wife or two men; steam heated; also board. 521 West Second street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED rooms; electric light and heat. Rent reasonable. 106 East Second street.

FOR RENT—WARM NICELY FURnished room with board. Tel. 725-R.

PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room for rent. 131 East Third street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms. 344 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping allowed. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room. 117 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished rooms for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove, 519 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 1502 London Road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, hot and cold water, bath and gas. Call at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor Torrey building.

FOR RENT — FIVE-ROOM FLAT. CALL at 220 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT NO. 320 Sixth avenue West, $15. William E. Richardson, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 204 Exchange building.

ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER PHONE

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION ---OF--- Baker-Cannon Company.

The undersigned do hereby associate themselves together, and adopt and sign these articles for the purpose of forming a corporation according to the provisions of Title Two (2) of Chapter Thirty-four (34), General Statutes of Minnesota 1894, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto.

Article I. The name of this corporation shall be Baker-Cannon Company, and the general nature of its business shall be buying, selling and dealing in farm produce, dairy products, meats and meat products, vegetables, fruits, butter, eggs, poultry and such other goods as are usually handled and dealt in by commission dealers, at wholesale or retail, either for itself or on commission and consignment, and to do all things and acts usual and necessary, convenient or expedient in conducting and managing the business of said corporation. The principal place of business of this corporation shall be the City of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article II. The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be January 20th, A. D. 1906, and shall continue for a period of thirty (30) years.

Article III. The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be Twenty thousand ($20,000) Dollars, to be paid in in cash or property, or both, at such times and in such amounts and manner as may be determined by the Board of Directors, provided that this corporation shall be authorized to commence business when Two thousand ($2,000.00) Dollars of said capital stock is subscribed for.

Article IV. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be Twenty thousand ($20,000.00) Dollars.

Article V. The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, each residing in the City of Duluth, Minnesota.

Article VI. The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of three directors, all of whom shall be stockholders, and who shall be elected annually by the stockholders at their annual meeting, to be held on the second Tuesday in January of each year, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and in a president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, who shall be elected by the Board of Directors, at a time and in a manner prescribed by the By-Laws. The president shall also be known as the general manager, and shall have supervision and management of the affairs of said company. The office of the secretary and treasurer may be held by the same person. The names of the first Board of Directors are Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, and until their successors are elected the officers shall be Edward D. Baker, President and General Manager; John R. Olson, Vice-President, and George H. Cannon, Secretary and Treasurer.

Article VII. The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into two hundred (200) shares of the par value of One hundred ($100.00) Dollars each.

Witness our hands and seals this 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.

EDWARD D. BAKER. (Seal.)
JOHN R. OLSON. (Seal.)
GEORGE H. CANNON. (Seal.)

Signed and Sealed in Presence of:
C. H. TOWNSEND,
C. W. STILSON.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss:

On this 11th day of January, 1906, before me, a notary public within and for said county and state, personally appeared Edward D. Baker, John R. Olson and George H. Cannon, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

(Notarial Seal.) C. W. STILSON,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
My commission expires May 28th, 1911.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 15-16.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.

When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.

Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY Rent—Will you call on us or will we call on you and show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? It costs you nothing to talk with us and let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. No investment that brings the returns that this does every day. S. S. Williamson, 425 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 135. Duluth 'phone 1357.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY, 521 Manhattan Building. New 'phone, 936. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.
MINNESOTA LOAN CO., 205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS
On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.
$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay $1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$60 pay $2.75 weekly or $10.00 month.
Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO., 301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 509 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A. CARLSON WILL ARRIVE WITH A carload of fresh milch cows Friday, Jan. 12, Twelfth street and Twenty-second avenue west. Zenith 1054-D.

FOR SALE—FRESH MILCH COW. S. A. Nelson, East Superior, Wis.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows, some Jerseys among them. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 1387.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adam street, Chicago, Ill.

The Herald "Want Ad" Way

IS THE BEST WAY TO BUY, SELL OR TRADE ANYTHING, THE BEST WAY TO OBTAIN A POSITION—THE BEST WAY TO SECURE THE RIGHT KIND OF HELP—THE BEST WAY TO FILL ANY AND ALL YOUR "WANTS" EFFECTIVELY AND CHEAPLY—TRY IT TOMORROW.

One Cent a Word
Phone Your Ad—324 Both 'Phones.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ONE OF THE BEST HOMESTEAD RElinquishments for sale near Ashawa. Inquire of Mrs. B. Edin, Ashawa, Minn.

FOR SALE—ONE IRON FOLDING BED; other iron beds at 8 Mason Flats.

FOR SALE—FREE, FOR NOTHING, INformation relating to insurance matters. Address Wm. Kaiser, Duluth, Minn.

$155 CASH AND $8 A MONTH WILL build or buy a $1,000 house. Address M 99, care Herald.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—SCHOLARSHIP IN Business university. Address M 24, Herald.

FOR SALE—TELL FOR NOTHING, INformation relating to insurance matters. Address Wm. Kaiser, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,000, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

FOR SALE — TWO PAIR OF LIGHT sleighs. Lewis' Blacksmith shop, 111 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE CHEAP — NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE—ROOMING HOUSE. TEN rooms. 16 Second avenue west.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once; sizes 3, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 25, Herald.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU THAT it would be profitable to prowl around our book store or write for what you want? We buy, sell, exchange all kinds of books. Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUyuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—5,000 ACRES FARM AND mineral land, near Deerwood, in townships 46-25 and 29. Address Box 55, Deerwood.

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND 8½x10 double cylinder, double drum Ledgerwood hoisting engine, in good condition. Clyde Iron Works.

FOR SALE — HARDWOOD, $5 PER cord. Leave orders at Thatcher's grocery, 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone, 47-X.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FINE PLUSH UPholstered two-seated family sleigh—good as new. S. Moreland, 1931 West Superior street.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new Government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 625 West Superior street.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE—SMALL, SOUND AND ACtive team of horses. 117 East Superior street.

FOR SALE — TWO HEAVY LOGGING teams. Apply 3824 West Oneota street.

RECEIVED, SATURDAY, DEC. 23, TWO carloads of logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel company.

I HAVE A CAR OF HORSES JUST IN. Come and see me before buying. I will save you money. Barn, Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibell.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both phones.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 35c a lesson. Address V 25, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER, Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with E. D. Day & Co.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — DRAUGHTSMAN, NORTHwestern Engineering company, 403 Torrey building.

WANTED—GIRL FIFTEEN OR SIXteen years of age to assist in light housework. 920 East Fifth street.

WANTED—MAN OF EXPERIENCE TO distribute circulars. H. E. Smith & Co., Palladio building.

WANTED — YOUNG BUSINESS MAN well acquainted in Duluth, with $1,000 to invest. Business established. Investigate at once. Address A 72, Herald.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY TO WORK IN Delaware hotel, from 12 o'clock until 10 at night.

WANTED — A WELL DUG AT PROCtor; contract preferred. Address M 96, Herald.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

100 LABORERS AND STATION MEN, Chicago & Northwestern railroad, near Green Bay, Wis.; all winter; sandy country. Laborers, teamsters and station men for new railroad work in Minnesota; all winter; free fare. Woods crews, pulpwood cutters, cedar cutters, extra gangs; South; city work, etc. National Employment company, 471 West Michigan street.

ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, FIREmen, machinists, etc. Send for new 52-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers; sent free. George A. Zeller Book Co., 115 S. 4th, St. Louis.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Progressive Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRSTclass trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "free" ill. catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS. VIRGINIA Foundry & Machine Co., Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English; marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

FIRST-CLASS MEAT AND PASTRY cook wants place to work. Address Mac Robinson, 249 Lake avenue south.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIence, wishes position as stenographer and assistant bookkeeper. Address S. A. J., Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

TWO COMFORTABLE ROOMS, MODern house, $6 and $7 per month; board if desired. 224 Second avenue East.

STEAM - HEATED ROOMS, WITH board; bath, gas and telephone; moderate rates. 301 East Third street.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE BOARD AT 521 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 117 East Third street.

FINELY FURNISHED SUITE OF TWO rooms, steam heated, with board. Address R 75, Herald.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for A1 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 123 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

BOOKS AUDITED.

BOOKS OPENED UP, BALANCED and audited by expert accountant. Address M-11, Herald.

ACCOUNTANT.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR MISLAID, POLICIES NOS. 155557 and 15338, issued by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, both on the life of John McLean Oldham. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. John McLean Oldham, 801 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

LOST — YOUNG WHITE AND BLACK spotted setter. Head nearly all black. Return to Thirty-eighth avenue east and Superior street, or 306 Lonsdale. Reward.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY HILLSIDE LOT, Fourth street or above, from owner. X-73, Herald.

LOST — LINK MUFF ON FIRST street. Return to 1005 East First street for reward.

LOST—BROWN LEATHER POCKETbook containing money, on Fourth street, near Fifth avenue east, Saturday noon. Return to 409 Masonic Temple; reward.

WANTED—TO BUY HOUSE AND LOT on Fifth street, between Third avenue west and Tenth avenue east, not to exceed $2,600. W 99, Herald.

PILE DRIVER OUTFIT. E. DOWNIE, Western Labor & Supply Co.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM ROSCOE, 1022 TOWER. ROOM 315, Superior.

PATENTS.

PATENTED AND UNPATENTED INventions bought and sold. Lucas & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. Parker Paine, 1128 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF silverware. Call Vienna Bakery, 207 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COOK. APply 302 Sixteenth avenue East.

WANTED — SKIRT HANDS; GOOD ones; no dead ones need apply. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. F. D. Knight, Proctor, Minn. Old 'phone No. 65.

NIGHT SCHOOL FOR DRESSMAKING; three lessons a week, at $3 a month; work on your own materials. U. S. block, flat 17.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 725 East Third street.

GIRLS WANTED—M. S. SHORE MFG. Co., 26 East Superior street, over Tribune office.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL BETWEEN 18 AND 15 to help care for baby. 924 East Fifth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 2025 East First St.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Call 220 South Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. MRS. CUTler, 231 West Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT child nurse. Elderly lady preferred. 1422 East Second street.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler. Your Druggist, 105 West Superior street.

COOK, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Scherr's Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer, Zenith 187, Bell 3.5-L.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. D. MOORE, 32 EAST SUPERIOR street. Sewing by the day; good references.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old 1031-L; Zenith 1084.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1034.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPOR COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2005 West Superior street.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. East. Old phone, 1694; Zenith, 1225.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 58th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG. Miss Nagle, 210 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING HOTEL, including contents, lease on building and good will; snap; owner leaving city. Twentieth Avenue hotel, Twentieth avenue west and Michigan street.

WANTED — YOUNG BUSINESS MAN well acquainted in Duluth, with $1,500 to invest. Business established. Investigate at once. Address X 72, Herald.

BUSINESS CHANCE — BIG WATER power development at International Falls, Minn., shown in handsomely illustrated "Anniversary" number of International Falls Echo, just published. Ten cents per copy.

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING, ELECTROLYSIS, FAcial massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 10, 1906. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE. Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 26th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. George W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleacy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Beneficent degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Pray, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murveld, financier, 21 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.
COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Jan. 19, 1906. Joint installation of officers, Jan. 10, 1906. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79. MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2295, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Jan. 17.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. F. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1010, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, A. J. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local Union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 3, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gillard; treasurer, C. J. Wenzel; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.
COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets every first and third Tuesdays of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting Jan. 16. J. B. Gelineau, C. R.; 224 Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 17, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MOHAMMEDANS FEAR THE POWERS WILL NOT AGREE ON THE QUESTIONS AFFECTING THE FUTURE OF MOROCCO

Sultan Cannot Accept Anything That Will Insult the Faith of His People.

Moor Delegate Wonders Why Powers Do Not Establish Order in Russia.

Foreign Delegates Spend Day of Leisure While Secretaries Get Ready.

Algeciras, Jan. 17.—Delegates of the Moroccan conference today took a day of leisure to enable the secretaries to get ready for their work, and indulged in private conversations among themselves, or spent the time in preparing, with their junior colleagues, for the discussion of the surveillance of contraband arms in Morocco, the first question to be discussed at the next meeeting.

Ambassador White visited Gibraltar after he and Minister Gummere had gone over the present situation in Morocco regarding illicit trade in arms. When the conference shall agree on regulations for the punishment of foreigners engaged in smuggling arms into Morocco, most of the countries, including the United States, will have to legislate on the subject, as only Great Britain and Spain can, by orders in council, penalize their subjects abroad.

While the talk among the ambassadors is all of conciliation and harmony, Mohammed El Torres, the Moroccan foreign minister and head of the mission of Morocco, and Morki, the sultan's principal agent, do not believe the conference will agree.

Budgett Meakin, an eminent authority on Morocco, had a prolonged conversation today, in Arabic, with Mohammed El Torres, and repeated to the Associated Press the Moorish view, as follows:

"Mohammed El Torres will be a passive observer at the conference until it enters the last stage. If the powers do not agree, the conference will fall to pieces of itself, without the Moors lifting a finger. If, however, the powers accept a general plan of control of Morocco, the sultan cannot be asked to submit anything that will insult the faith or provoke a rebellion among his own people. The powers will hesitate before facing an international military occupation of Morocco to impose a scheme of administration. The Moors expect some power to take their view point, even were a general agreement attained. They pray much of the time for the almighty to protect his faithful, and they trust that the powers of evil will fall into confusion. The whole of the Islam world is somewhat excited over the fate of Morocco, as it is the last independent Mussulman kingdom of Africa.

In concluding the conversation, Mohammed El Torres used the following expressive sentence as indicating the inconsistency of the powers:

"Why don't they hold a conference upon Russia and establish order there?"

FORBIDDEN TO RETURN

The French Charge at Caracas Embarks Without Permission.

Reported German Intrigues With Venezuela Are Denied.

Caracas, Venez., Monday, Jan. 15, via Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Jan. 17.—M. Taigny, the former French charge, having gone on board the French line steamer Martinique at La Guaira yesterday, without legal permission, the Venezuelan authorities have prohibited his landing again in Venezuela and he must go to Colon.

Berlin, Jan. 17.—The foreign office calls the attention of the Associated Press to a London dispatch, which asserts upon an ostensibly excellent Paris authority that President Castro's attitude toward France is due to German intrigues. The foreign office says this is absolutely false. Germany has not interfered by a single word in France's controversy with Venezuela.

NIXON COMPLETES TEN BOATS FOR CZAR.

New York, Jan. 17.—Louis Nixon, who has completed the building of ten torpedo boats at a port on the Black sea for the Russian government, arrived from Europe today on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. He said he had finished all his contracts with the Russian government, and expected to make no new ones until conditions are quieter in Russia. Mr. Nixon said he was in St. Petersburg for four months, and intends to return there. The revolution in that city, he said, did not afford as much excitement as a general election in New York.

The Kaiser Wilhelm II had a stormy winter passage of six days and eighteen hours, and had to run under reduced speed for seventy-six hours.

NEGRO ASSAILANT IS REMOVED TO SAFER JAIL.

Milford, Del., Jan. 17.—John Long, the negro who was arrested yesterday for assaulting Miss Flora Booze, a school teacher, was removed to the Dover jail today to prevent any further attempt at lynching. The mob which last night tried to take Long from the lockup here, remained about the building until nearly 3 o'clock this morning, but the fact that Company B, of the Delaware National Guard, was kept on guard all night prevented further attacks on the lockup.

After the mob had dispersed, the sheriff placed Long in a carriage and took him to the Dover jail.

BIG STORES WILL CLOSE

State Street Will be Quiet During Funeral of Field.

Merchant's Body En Route to Chicago on Special Train.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Out of respect to the memory of Marshall Field, who died yesterday in New York, the Field wholesale and retail establishments in Chicago were closed today and will remain shut until Saturday.

All the stores on State street, Chicago's greatest retail street, and probably the largest establishments elsewhere in the business district will be closed for two hours Friday.

Directors of the Field museum of natural history have ordered the institution closed all day Friday. Attaches of the museum will wear badges of mourning for thirty days.

New York, Jan. 17.—The special train bearing the body of Marshall Field to Chicago left at 11 o'clock and, its route is over the New York Central and the Lake Shore railroads. It is expected that the party will arrive in Chicago about noon tomorrow. The special train consists of five cars, a baggage car, two sleepers, a dining car and observation car. Dr. Frank Billings, Mr. Field's family physician, who is one of the party returning to Chicago on the special train, said today that all the members of Mr. Field's family were in good health, that they had borne well the strain of watching at his bedside during his illness.

Those who went on the special train today are Mrs. Marshall Field, Mrs. Marshall Field, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Field, Mr. and Mrs. John C. King, Mrs. Henry Dibble, Mrs. Preston Gibson, Augustus N. Eddy, Mr. Field's brother-in-law; Miss Catherine Eddy, Arthur Jones, Mr. Field's private secretary; Robert T. Lincoln, Miss Gillette, Mr. Field's niece, all of Chicago, and Robert N. Fair, Mr. Field's former partner; Norman B. Ream, Mrs. L. D. James, Mr. Field's sister, and Philip James, his nephew.

It was announced today that Mr. Field would be buried in Graceland cemetery. It is still undecided whether the funeral will be held from his residence at 1900 Prairie avenue or from the First Presbyterian church.

The Field party left the Holland house about 10:30 o'clock. To escape as much as possible the observations of a crowd which collected on Fifth avenue in front of this hotel, the party was divided into small detachments leaving by twos and threes in carriages, with short intervals of time separating each departure. Mr. Field's coffin was taken out of the hotel by a side entrance on Thirtieth street and placed in a hearse, being taken to the train before the members of the funeral party left the hotel.

TO SELECT A PRESIDENT FOR HOWARD UNIVERSITY.

Washington, Jan. 17.—At a meeting yesterday of trustees of the Howard university, a committee was appointed to select a new president to succeed Rev. John Gordon, who recently resigned as a result of differences with the students. The committee consists of Judge Job Barnard of the district supreme court, Francis H. Smith, Gen. O. O. Howard, J. F. Cook and Rev. Francis J. Grimke.

M. FALLIERES ELECTED PRESIDENT OF FRANCE TO SUCCEED LOUBET, WHO POSITIVELY REFUSED TO RUN AGAIN

Fallieres Chosen on the First Ballot, Receiving 449 Votes.

M. Doumer Came in Second, Receiving 371 of the Ballots.

Fallieres a Strong Anti-Royalist and Was President of Senate.

Paris, Jan. 17.—M. Fallieres was elected on the first ballot. The revised figures are as follows: M. Fallieres, 449; M. Doumer, 371.

The new president of France is the son of a magistrate's clerk, and is the grandson of a blacksmith.

M. Clement Armand Fallieres was born Nov. 6, 1841, at Mezin, department of Lot-et-Garonne. He studied law, and was called to the bar at Merac, of which town he became mayor, retaining that office until 1875. In the following year he was elected to the chamber of deputies as a Republican, and affiliated himself with the Republican Left group in the chamber. He distinguished himself as an orator, and was re-elected in 1877 and in 1878.

In 1880 M. Fallieres was named as under secretary to the minister of the interior, and he was again re-elected to the assembly in 1881. He retired from the ministry at the time of the fall of the Jules Ferry cabinet, but returned to power the following year, and was made president of the council and ad interim minister of foreign affairs. Subsequently M. Fallieres was successively minister of public instructions, minister of the interior and minister of justice. He was elected senator in 1890, a position which he has held since that time, and was re-elected to the presidency of the senate in 1899. He was re-elected in 1900, and was again re-elected Jan. 11 of the present year. M. Fallieres took an active part in the religious question, opposing at first the proposition for the separation of church and state, but later energetically advocated the repression of the clergy.

Paris, Jan. 17.—The national assembly met at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the congress hall of the royal palace at Versailles for the election of a president of the republic. The assembly consists nominally of 591 deputies and 300 senators, but owing to deaths, illness and the passage of some of the deputies to the senate, leaving their seats vacant, the number present was decreased to about 860, making 430 votes necessary to elect a new president. The greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings, which, however, were very prolonged. The members of the assembly voted in alphabetical order. Those waiting their turn discussed excitedly the prospects of their favorites. Although several candidates are mentioned for the presidency in succession to M. Loubet, including M. Fallieres, president of the senate, M. Doumer, president of the chamber of deputies, M. Sarren, former minister of justice, and M. Leon Bourgeois, the former premier, the real contest is between MM. Fallieres and Doumer.

ACTOR SHOOTS ACTOR.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Joseph Brennan, an actor, was shot and probably fatally wounded today in a quarrel with Michael J. Walsh, also an actor. Walsh surrendered to the police. He says he acted in self-defense.

PUBLICLY DISMISSED

Three Midshipmen Fired From the Navy for Hazing.

The Trial of Midshipman Meriwether Continued Before Courtmartial.

Annapolis, Jan. 17.—At noon today when the full brigade of midshipmen were paraded for the regular dinner formation, Midshipman Pettersen Barto Marsoni, and W. W. Foster of the first class, and Trenmor Coffin, Jr., of the third class, were publicly dismissed from the United States navy for hazing "plebes" or fourth class men. The order of the secretary of the navy was a short one and in each case was addressed personally to the midshipman directly concerned.

The trial of Midshipman Minor Meriwether, Jr., on the charge of hazing was resumed today. A number of members of the fourth class testified that Meriwether had treated them with consideration and that he acted towards them in a friendly and good natured manner. It was made clear by the line adopted by the defense that Meriwether is anxious to relieve his name from the opprobrium of cruelty.

SON IS HELD

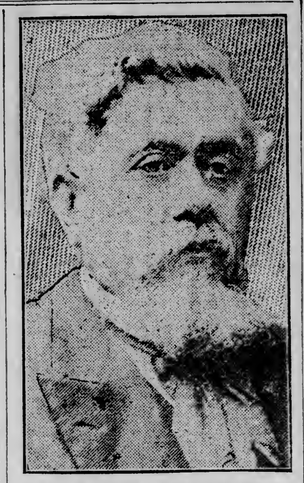
On Suspicion of Causing the Death of His Mother.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—John McMurrow, son of Mrs. A. N. McMurrow, known as the Countess De Bettancourt, was today committed to prison to await the coroner's inquest into the death of his mother. Mrs. McMurrow died suddenly yesterday, and the police say that a short time previous to her death she had quarreled with her son. Mrs. McMurrow's body is said to be bruised. At the hearing today, McMurrow declared that he was in no manner responsible for his mother's death, but the police and coroner are conducting an investigation because of the stories told by neighbors of numerous disagreements between mother and son over money matters.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Woodsman is Killed in a Logging Camp Near Blackduck.

Bemidji, Minn., Jan. 17.—Samuel Crummie, a woodsman, was almost instantly killed at the camps of Hay & Townsend, six miles west of Blackduck. Crummie was a loader and was in the act of loading a sleigh when the rollway from which the load was being taken broke and the logs rolled upon him, crushing out his life in a moment. His body was shipped to Little Falls, where relatives reside.



PRESIDENT FALLIERES.

POST SCHOOLS

Desired For Children of Enlisted Men at Remote Stations.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The secretary of war has sent a letter to the speaker of the house of representatives, calling attention to the matter of post schools for the children of enlisted men at remote military posts, where no other educational facilities are available.

Prior to the war with Spain such schools were maintained as branches of the post schools for enlisted men, authorized under the provisions of section 1231, revised statutes. As legislative sanction is necessary for the re-establishment of such post schools, suggestion is made as to how such sanction could be given in the army appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1907.

SOME CHANGES IN 'FRISCO CONSULATES.

San Francisco, Jan. 17.—Some important changes are announced in local foreign consulates. The local Belgian consul, Rene Halewyck, has been promoted to the position of consul general at Yokohama and will leave for his new post on Feb. 13. M. E. Burr, whom he succeeds will take charge of the consulate here. The local Italian consul general, Chevalier C. F. Serra, has been promoted to the position of Minister at Caracas, Venezuela. Commander De Amello of Rome has arrived here to succeed Chevalier Serra.

YOUNG MAN AND WOMAN DIE IN CHICAGO HOTEL.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—The bodies of a young man and young woman were found today in a room in the St. James hotel, Washington boulevard and Halsted street. Each of them had been killed by a bullet, fired into the mouth. The revolver was lying upon the bed, but it is impossible to tell which one of the two used it.

The man registered as Ralph Rose, and is thought to have come from Algonquin, Ill. The name of the woman is not known.

The couple came to the hotel at 10:30 last night, and immediately retired. No shots were heard from the room, and the tragedy was not discovered until this morning, when it was necessary to break into the room to fix a gas meter.

FURTHER IMPROVEMENT OF THE CANAL ENTRANCE

Ex-Senator Dougherty Has an Interview With the Chief of Engineers.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-Senator F. B. Daugherty and son of Duluth are in Washington, en route to Florida, where they will spend the remainder of the winter. Mr. Daugherty and his son, finding Washington weather rather salubrious just at present, will not leave for the South land until the latter part of the week. This morning, Mr. Daugherty, who is greatly interested in the further improvement of Duluth's harbor, with Congressman J. Adam Bede, called upon Gen. Mackenzie, chief of engineers of the war department, to discuss various plans which those familiar with the conditions at Duluth think feasible to alleviate the situation. It appears that when a northeaster strikes heavy currents which set in and out of the canal a dangerous cross sea is formed and quite a number of vessels have met disaster endeavoring to make port. It was suggested by Senator Daugherty that, if the land side of the canal breakwater was extended out about a quarter of a mile, it would serve as a buffer for the heavy seas kicked up by these northeasters and leave the mouth of the entrance of the canal a safe and comparatively smooth waterway. Still another proposition was suggested, and that is, to line the concrete walls of the canal breakwater with wooden fenders which, even were the vessels driven against the walls of the breakwater, would prevent the vessels' sides from being crushed, as has occurred to some vessels in the past.

Senator Daugherty also urged that the mouth of the canal be dredged to deepen the channel.

Gen. McKenzie who is familiar with necessity of some scheme being evolved to further safeguard shipping. Of course it is up to congress, and Congressman Bede, who is a member of the committee on rivers and harbors, is quietly at work among his fellows on the committee to secure at least the appointment of a board of engineers to go to Duluth to look over the situation.

* * *

The senate yesterday confirmed the nomination of O. K. Anderson to be postmaster at Superior. Senator Spooner, it is said, for personal reasons, held up this nomination, but was finally induced to withdraw his objections and confirmation followed.

* * *

O. D. Kinney of Duluth, who was in Washington yesterday for the purpose of securing passports at the state department, left for New York last night, from which port he will sail for Europe to spend the remainder of the winter in France.

COMPROMISE IS PRESENTED

By Board of Trade in Resolutions on Rate Making.

Washington, Jan. 17.—At today's session of the National Board of Trade the committee on interstate commerce law presented its report which Chairman Certes of Philadelphia declared to be a compromise. It was stated that some of the members of the committee were opposed to any government interference with the railroads in the matter of rate-making, while other members were in favor of more drastic legislation than that proposed by the resolution. Others, the chairman said, believed in giving to the interstate commerce commission original rate-making power, subject to review by the courts, instead of giving the courts original jurisdiction of the question of the reasonableness of rates, as proposed in the resolution. After a general discussion in which these several views were expressed, the following compromise report was adopted by a large majority:

"The National Board of Trade, believing that the interests of the people demand not only that the rates of transportation should be reasonable and that there shall be no unjust discriminations or preferences, but also that there shall be effective governmental supervision of all interstate transportation, expresses the earnest hope that congress will, in its wisdom and as speedily as possible, enact such further legislation as may be necessary, with justice to all concerned, to secure prompt and complete correction of any abuses in transportation methods or operations which may, upon due inquiry, be found to exist; and to that end, that rebates and personal discriminations, in whatever form they may occur and by whatever device they may be accomplished, be prohibited; the corporations and individuals who in any manner participate in them be subjected to severe penalties, and the most effective machinery practicable be provided for their detection and punishment.

"Also believing that the government should, in the interest of the general public, including the purchasers of transportation as well as the carriers, possess means to prevent the gaining of excessive rates in the schedules, it is recommended that whenever a United States court of competent jurisdiction, upon complaint of the interstate commerce commission (which complaint shall be given precedence) shall have determined that an existing rate is excessive, the commission, or some other competent authority, be given power to compel the substitution of a reasonable maximum rate, such rate to go into effect within a reasonable time and to remain in force for such period, not longer than one year, as may be determined, the rate to be fixed to be subject to revision in the proper federal court upon proof that such rate is less than reasonable compensation."

Chairman Biddle of Philadelphia made a majority report from the committee on federal control of interstate insurance favoring such action by congress as will bring interstate insurance under national supervision. Mr. Hamlin of Boston presented a minority report opposing the majority report principally on the ground that the courts had repeatedly held that interstate insurance was not interstate commerce and hence could not be reached by congress except through an amendment to the constitution. The minority report was adopted.

ANNIVERSARY OF FRANKLIN.

Boston, Jan. 17.—The state of Massachusetts and the city of Boston united in celebrating the 200th anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin. Public exercises were held in Symphony hall in the presence of a large company. The program included the singing of historical and patriotic selections by a chorus of pupils from the Boston public schools and addresses by prominent men.

TRIAL POSTPONED.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—The trial of the "Beef trust" cases, which was to have commenced this morning in the federal court, before Judge Humphrey, was postponed until Thursday, because of the illness of one of the attorneys for the packers.



WHO WILL GET THE WISH?

CHAMBERLAIN IS MAKING THE EFFORT OF HIS LIFE

He and His Wife Drive Through His Constituency and Are Well Received.

Birmingham, Eng., Jan. 17.—For the first time since 1885 all the seven parliamentary divisions of this city are being contested, and in view of the rising torrent of Liberal successes throughout the country the fight is evoking extraordinary interest. So keen is the battle that at the urgent request of his supporters, Mr. Chamberlain, accompanied by his wife, even took the unusual course of driving through his constituency, which he had never before been known to do on a day of polling. He was accorded a splendid reception. The workingmen lined the streets and shouted and cheered the candidate. The district of West Birmingham is being hotly contested, but Mr. Chamberlain's personality may carry him through. The business community at the town hall, where Mr. Chamberlain stopped to cast his vote for the Unionist candidate for Central Birmingham, gave him a rousing reception. Mr. Chamberlain and his wife both appeared to be in the best of humor. After touring his own district, Mr. Chamberlain visited the other divisions, particularly East Birmingham, where it is feared that Sir John Stone, Conservative (who was a commissioner to the St. Louis exposition) will be defeated.

Mr. Chamberlain's personal popularity is being utilized by the Unionists for all it's worth.

There was some rowdyism in the west division, where mud slinging was indulged in at the expense of the Liberals. Mrs. L. R. Outhwaite, wife of Mr. Chamberlain's opponent, a Liberal, was one of the victims.

London, Jan. 17.—The pollings today are the heaviest of the present elections. They affect ninety-two seats. Attention naturally centers in Joseph Chamberlain's contest in West Birmingham, but among the interesting candidates who, today, are defending their seats are Sidney Buxton, the postmaster general, in the Poplar division of the Tower hamlets; William St. John Bredrick, the former secretary of state for India, in the Guildford division of Surrey; Sir Samuel Evans, Liberal, in the middle division of Glamorganshire, and Sir William Evans-Gordon, Conservative, in the Stepney division of the Tower hamlets. Sir William is the author of the aliens exclusion bill on account of which the Jews in Stepney are up in arms against him.

The present indications are that Former Premier Balfour will not seek another seat in parliment until after the elections, when one of the newly elected members will probably retire in his favor so as to allow Mr. Balfour to try to enter the house by means of a by election.

DULUTH WEATHER.

Snow tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight, with temperature between 15 and 20 degs. Thursday morning. Colder Thursday afternoon and night. Brisk easterly winds shifting to high westerly Thursday.

Subtract

$9.75

From $20

and you will see just how much you save during our present clearance sale of swagger fancy overcoats.

For we are selling these fine $20 garments at the reduced price of $9.75.

We are not selling only 10 or 15 garments at this reduced price, but every one in every $20 assortment, embracing an unlimited variety of styles and patterns. It's an opportunity seldom placed before you. You'll realize that when you see the garments.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE

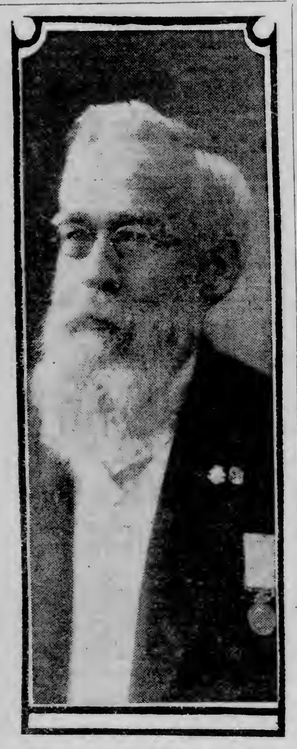
Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Corner 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.

BETHANY CHURCH LECTURE.

Dr. Enander of Chicago to Speak on Swedish Fatherland.

Tomorrow evening Dr. John A. Enander, a prominent Swedish editor of Chicago, will lecture in Bethany Lutheran church, Twenty-third avenue west and Third street. His subject will be, "Our Old and New Fatherland," and the lecture will be in the Swedish language. Dr. Enander is one of the most prominent Swedish journalists of



DR. JOHN A. ENANDER.

America, and is held in high regard by Swedish Americans as representing the best element of their race. It is claimed that as a lecturer he is strong and able, and it is expected that the subject of his lecture tomorrow night will afford him an opportunity to show himself at his best.

Bethany Lutheran church is running a lecture course this winter, this being the second of the series. Some excellent material will be heard during the winter months.

1-30th

of the entire Quinine production of the World is consumed every year by the makers of

Laxative Bromo Quinine

"Cures a Cold in One Day"

E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 25c

CONFIDENCE NOT SHAKEN

Ophir Tunnel Stockholders Claim to be Well Satisfied.

Say Everything Points to Fine Future for Their Property.

The leading stockholders in the company controlling the Ophir Tunnel properties claim to be very well satisfied with developments in connection with the mine. They say that some parties, evidently with the purpose of depressing the prices of stock, and possibly with the idea that they might freeze out some of the leading stockholders, have been steadily and consistently knocking the stock in various ways, without meeting with very good success in their efforts in this direction.

Highly encouraging and satifying reports are now being received by stockholders regarding operations, and they are jubilant over the showing that is being made, and express confidence that, despite all obstacles that have been placed in their way, they will come out on top. The property is responding in fine shape to the development now under way, according to reports, and those interested most directly feel they have good cause to be elated. The work is in charge of A. L. Kern of Milwaukee, Wis., who has been selected as the financial head of the Ophir Tunnel company stockholders. The Ophir people say there will be a meeting of all parties interested within the next two weeks, when the Buckhorn Ore company will be organized and that Ophir Tunnel stockholders will come in share for share in the new organization.

The Salt Lake Herald, referring, in the issue of Jan. 12, to the change to be made in the mine's management, says:

"Up to the present time, the Western Exploration company, the vendors in the Buckhorn end of the deal, has been looking after work at the properties through its own engineering department, in behalf of the Buckhorn Ore company, the title of the purchasing syndicate. The change, it is said, will come with the installation of R. W. Atwater as general manager of the properties. Mr. Atwater hails from Helena and he is one of the engineers who reported upon the mines when the deal was made. He was formerly connected with the London Exploration company's staff and, as an engineer and mine manager, he is spoken of in the highest terms. He is expected here within the next few hours, and upon his arrival the management of the entire proposition will be turned over to him as the representative of the purchasing combination.

"During the last sixty days shipments have been made from the properties and a big mill run test has been made on the second grade ores at Senator W. A. Clark's Ophir Hill mill for the purpose of learning just what the mines could be depended upon to do in a commercial way. So eminently satisfactory have these tests of the property's worth been that it is understood no further shipments will be made during the winter months, at least, while every effort will be directed in the further development and opening up of the various veins in which mining has been carried on through the Buckhorn, and the extension of the Ophir Tunnel's long avenue from the east side of the hill, in order that all of the ledges may be quickly opened at great depth from that side.

"Engineer E. P. Jennings, who has had charge of operations since the deal was made, stated yesterday that the concentrates made in the test run at the Clark mill sold for over $3,700 and, most satisfactory though the test was, in his judgment the bulk of the ores from the mines could be marketed direct at greater profit, on the whole, than by going to the expense of sorting and milling a portion of the product. The character of the ore is such that it is greatly desired by the smelters for its fluxing qualities and the prices of lead, silver and copper, the principal metals in the ore, are such that a magnificent profit will result from its marketing in crude form."

The same paper, on Jan. 14, chronicled the arrival at Salt Lake City, and the departure from there to Ophir, of the new manager of the Buckhorn Ore company's properties, R. M. Atwater.

STANDING OF RINKS IN THE CURLING BONSPIEL

Duluth Curling Club Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.	
Charles Dunbar,	8				
W. B. Dunlop,	14	14. Dunlop.			
John McLeod,	18	9.			
Dr. Lenont,	10				
Ron Smith,	11	11. Smith.			
G. B. Reedal,	9				
H. H. Grace,	18	6.			
A. Macrae,	2				
D. W. Stocking,	15	8.			
John Halcrow,	7				
F. A. Green,	8				
C. W. Campbell,	14	10. Campbell.			
J. McCutcheon,	10	10. McCutcheon.			
T. F. McGilvray,	9				
Dr. Jamieson,		9.			
John Sharp,	10	Hastings.	9		
Sam Hasting,	13			Hastings.	
Geo. Neil,	7	Myron,	6		
J. C. Myron,	12				
R. J. McLeod,	12	McLeod,	7		
J. R. Gowler,	5			Schnarr.	
Dr. Schnarr,	16	Schmarr.	8		
R. D. Bradley,	9				
A. Stevenson,	7	Smith.			
A. K. Smith,	16				
Tom Cameron,	7	Weir.			
W. J. Wier,	9				
J. C. Wall,	8	Whalen.			
W. H. Whalen,	14				
C. A. Duncan,	13	Duncan.			
D. M. Braden,	9				
H. J. McLean,	5	Rochon.			
E. J. Rochon,	10				
S. F. Fullerton,	13	Fullerton.			
S. D. Hanchett,	8				
James Chisholm,	14	Chisholm,	14		
I. Pitblado,	6			Chisholm.	
A. G. McAuley,	5	Lorimer,	12		
W. W. Lorimer,	12				

Canadian Soo Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.	
Reedal,	13				
McCutcheon,	8				
Braden,	5				
Schnarr,	12				
Lorimer,	2				
Stocking,	12				
Duncan,	12				
Fullerton,	14				
Jamieson,	10				
Dunbar,	7				
Neil,	13				
Macaulay,	6				
Bradley,	5				
Rochon,	12				
Campbell.					
Grace,	13	Grace.			
Gawler,	8				
Whalen,	13	Whalen.			
Chisholm,	6				
Wall,	11	Macrae,	6		
Macrae,	12				
A. K. Smith,	17	Smith,	15	Smith.	
Stevenson,	7				
Myron,	11	Myron.			
Halcrow,	8				
Dunlop,	15	Dunlop.			
Meir,	6				
Ron Smith,	10	Smith.			
John McLeod,	7				
R. J. McLeod,	9	Hastings.			
Hastings,	10				
Sharp,	9	McLean,	8		
McLean,	14				
Cameron,	11	Cameron,	9	Cameron.	
Greene,	4				
Pitblado,	19	Pitblado,	23		
Hanchett,	8				
C. D. Fairbairn,	12	Fairbairn,	4	Pitblado.	
T. F. McGilvray.	8				

WEST DULUTH

On Monday evening the West Duluth Tent No. 2, K. O. T. M., will hold an installation of officers at the Great Eastern hall. The committees in charge are: Arrangements—Alex Stewart, M. J. Filiatrault, J. N. McDonald, S. W. Hanchett, Oliver Buell, and G. W. Bouth. Reception—G. J. Mallory, V. R. Method, H. Skelton, L. A. Barnes, H. W. Lanners and W. E. Kern.

The installing officer will be G. J. Mallory. The officers for the coming year are: Commander, Oliver Buell; lieutenant commander, Henry H. Trotz; record and finance keeper, Alex Stewart; chaplain, John Bethune; sergeant, Samuel Onsgard; master-at-arms, J. D. Larrivle; first master of the guard, William Yax; second master of the guard, Simeon Frank; sentinel, Mitchell Yax; picket, Louis Water; physicians, Dr. D. Graham and Dr. Keyes; trustees, G. J. Mallory, I. Deatherage, and S. W. Hanchett.

After the installation ceremonies progressive cards will be played and refreshments served.

Chas. Gasper's Funeral.

Funeral services over the remains of the late Charles Gasper of Fond du Lac, who died Sunday morning, will take place tomorrow at 12 o'clock at his hotel building in Fond du Lac, Rev. P. Knudsen of New Duluth officiating.

The New Duluth lodge of Knights of Pythias will attend in a body. Interment will be at Oneota cemetery.

Mothers' Meeting.

Tomorrow afternoon the W. C. T. U. will hold a "Mothers' Meeting" at the Irving school to which all mothers are invited. The business meeting will take place at 3:30 and the program will begin at 4:00. Mrs. Greeley and Mrs. Brewer will render a piano duet, after which Rev. Grice of the Asbury M. E. church will deliver an address on "The Value of a Christian Character." Mrs. Jerns will sing, accompanied by a violin obligato.

West Duluth Briefs.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Chabot have returned from Bemidji where they have been visiting relatives. They will soon leave for Cuba where Mr. Chabot has considerable property.

The C. E. society of the Second Presbyterian church will give a skating carnival soon at the Lincoln Park Roller rink.

Mrs. L. Witton has moved to 5119 Gosnold street, where she will start a boarding house.

Alfred Hendrickson was arrested last night by Officer Stahl and will be brought into court on a charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

Mr. West has returned to his home in Kansas City, Mo., after visiting for a few days with Richard Schell.

The members of the class of 1902, of the Longfellow school surprised Mrs. W. W. Benner at her home, 622 North Fifty-eighth avenue west. Mrs. Benner was Miss Mae Fisher and a very prominent and popular member of that class. There were about twenty present including Miss Schield, a former teacher. Games were played and refreshments served.

Lost—Brown water spaniel dog, 3½ months old. Return to Charles Petruschke, 5 No. Fifty-third avenue W.

WILL MEET THIS WEEK.

Y. M. C. A. Building Committee Likely to Decide Definitely on Site.

Some time this week it is expected that the building committee of the Y. M. C. A. will meet and decide upon a site for the handsome new home for the organization which will soon be built with funds which were raised by popular subscription. On the committee are John Miller, president; C. F. How, treasurer; Phil Bevis, secretary; Watson S. Moore, F. E. House and John D. Stryker.

The committee's report for the past six months of collections for the building fund shows that of 1,200 subscribers, 167 have paid their pledges in full and 725 have partly paid, leaving only 408 subscriptions upon which no payment has been made. More than $60,000 of the total amount of $180,000 has been paid in.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Blue Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.



Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Panturen Divorce May be Set Aside by the Court.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—John Penterun has been granted a divorce from Mary Penturen on the grounds of desertion. The couple was married about midnight April 6, last, and the woman claims that she only consented to marry Penterun to please her mother, and that she had told her husband she would never live with him. She claims that she has not and has made no effort to keep her husband from securing the decree. Shortly after Judge Fisk signed the document a man visited his chambers, presumably a friend of Mrs. Penturen, and advised the court that Penturen was not a resident of the city or state, but that he lived in Winnipeg, suggesting that the decree should be set aside. A petition would probably result in such action. An investigation is promised. Mrs. Penturen has made application to the rabbi who performed the ceremony and also to the district rabbi in Minneapolis to have the marriage set aside. She has been living in Chicago for some time.

Judge Fisk of the district court has granted a writ of mandamus petitioned for by G. L. Bickford against J. W. Fabrick, auditor of Ward county.

Bickford served as superintendent of schools of Ward county in 1901 and 1902, and in the fall of 1902 was a candidate for re-election. He was defeated by Miss Flora J. Frost and contested her election, it being shown conclusively that she was not a legal resident of the county. Bickford continued to serve as superintendent in 1903 and 1904, but was not paid for his services, the county auditor contending that he did not fill the position or do the work of county superintendent. Bickford then brought mandamus proceedings against the official.

The decision compels the county auditor to pay Bickford's salary for two years.

Fargo—The indications are that there will be some interesting features to the case of T. R. Crowell of this city, who is suing several Cincinnati persons, including Judson Harmon, C. A. Bosworth and L. C. Black, for $30,000 in fees alleged to be due for conducting the sale of the Fort Stevenson lands. Much depends on whether Crowell was the authorized agent of the purchasers. There were others who wanted some of the 45,000 acres of land on the reservation, but it is said they were headed off from bidding on the promise of Crowell that they could have the lands they wanted on payment of a 15 per cent advance on the purchase price. This was agreeable and there was no competition. After the sale, it is alleged, the Cincinnati capitalists declined to transfer any of the land and claimed Crowell had no authority to make such promises. An investigation was had and Crowell admitted that he had no authority and merely made the promise as a bluff. Later, it is claimed, he told certain United States land officials that he would make a different statement if assured of immunity from prosecution.

The action was not brought by Crowell until after the expiration of the time in which the statute of limitation would apply. It is probable the defendants will insist that the case be transferred to the United States court.

The resignation of Col. I. Steen is reported at Standing Rock. He was appointed Indian agent there about a year ago. For many years he was a resident of Fargo and later of Bismarck. Afterwards he went to Mayville, where he practiced law and dealt in real estate till his appointment.

Efforts are being made by State Health Officer Healy to secure more accurate vital statistics. The statistics are notoriously incomplete on deaths and births and Dr. Healy calls attention, in a circular, of the county auditors to the penalty provided for the failure to report these matters, and also to the fact that the auditors are required to publish the vital statistics law in the official county papers.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—D. B. Cropp is in jail here awaiting the sitting of the regular March term of circuit court. He was brought from Denver by Shcriff Young of this county, and is charged with grand larceny. The complaint states that some months ago in a land deal with W. V. Yousse of Beadle county, he obtaine da note for $1,700, the difference in a price of a piece of land in Hand county, which Cropp claimed to own, and the Yousse land in Beadle county. Later it is said the discovery was made that Cropp had no title to the Hand county tract, and that Yousse, in making the deed to the Beadle county tract made a mistake in the description, and therefore did not deed his farm as supposed. Cropp, however, got the $1,700 note, and, it is charged, succeeded in getting it cashed. Now Yousse seeks to punish him for the transaction. Cropp formerly lived at Mitchell, and had a reputation as an athlete of much ability.

Aberdeen—The prohibition state committee has completed arrangements for carrying on special work among the Indians of South Dakota, who by reason of taking their allotments of land have acquired the rights of citizenship. The special temperance work first will be taken up among the Indians of the Cheyenne river reservation, and will be carried on by J. G. Innes, who for some time has been connected with the Good Will Indian mission on that reservation.

The December report of vital statistics for Brown county shows that there were thirty-five births, eleven deaths and thirteen marriages during the month.

Pierre—The Washington Life Insurance company of New York has withdrawn from this state. The company in 1904 received in the state premiums to the amount of $30,625, and paid out losses to the amount of $1,900.

None of the large outside companies has yet filed the required annual statement of 1905 business with the insurance commissioner. Local companies show a general gain of business over the previous year.

Governor Elrod has appointed Charles Hall Adams of Boston as commissioner of deeds for South Dakota in Massachusetts.

Readwood—"Well, boyss, I've kept this poison for cats long enough. Now I'm going to kill myself." So saying, Edna Landsbury, an insane patient in the jail, swallowed a large dose of strychnine, and was dead in a few minutes. For the last ten years, the woman has been a slave to whisky and morphine, and at the time of her death was confined in the county jail awaiting the arrival of an attendant at Yankton to take her to the asylum.

Miller—Inspired to action by reading of Mrs. Carrie Nation, three boys pelted the St. Lawrence poolroom windows with stones. The proprietor had them arrested, and fined, in all amounting to $10 apiece.

Andrew Thompson's 14-year-old boy, David, planted, tended, gathered, and sold $84.50 worth of popcorn from three-fourths of an acre of ground, saving 159 pounds for use at home during the winter.

Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema, or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

OUR LEADERS—

Straight Whiskies—Cedar Brook and Maryland Rye.

Blended Whiskies—Old Cabinet and Live Oak.

COOK'S BUFFET

DRINK

Bars Men from Employment

Every line of business is beginning to shut its doors absolutely to drinking men. Business competition has become so keen that only men of steadfast habits can find employment.

Employers do not want men that are addicted to drink. A drinking man is not in fit condition to handle responsible work. Continual drinking diseases the nerve system. No "will power" can cure; treatment is necessary.

ORRINE

Cures Whiskey and Beer Habit

Take ORRINE Quietly at Home!

To cure without patient's knowledge, buy ORRINE No. 1; for voluntary treatment, buy ORRINE No. 2. Price, $1.00 per box.

Cure Effected or Money Refunded

Book on "Drunkenness" (sealed) free on request. ORRINE mailed (sealed) on receipt of $1 by THE ORRINE CO., Inc., Washington, D. C., or sold in this city by

F. W. KUGLER, 108 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Krojanker's Bankrupt Sale In Full Swing!

All day the store was crowded with eager shoppers, bent on securing a share of the many rare values offered in

Fine Furs, Fur Coats, Fur Lined Coats, Men's Fur Gloves and Caps, Cloth Coats, Dresses, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Silk and Cotton Underskirts, Muslin and Flannel Underwear, and Fine Millinery.

Heaps of good things left. Don't fail to buy everything you need in the above lines when you can save so much by doing so.

No Alterations...No Deliveries
No exchanges...No Refunds

REMEMBER THE NUMBER:

20 W. Superior Street

MORE SALESPEOPLE WANTED

RUBBERS

COVER YOUR FEET

With a pair of our superior Rubbers or Overshoes. The keeping of your feet warm and dry means less sickness and less money for doctor's bills. All sorts of ills come from damp feet. To be sure, if you went barefoot, Nature would help you out, but when you come to shoes, Nature says, "Excuse me." And the burden is yours.

Every kind of Rubber footwear is here—Sandals, Footholds, Storm Rubbers, Overs, Alaskas, Arctics. Rubbers for Men, Women, Misses, Boys and Children. Nothing left out of our line of Rubbers that's worth having.

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

D. E. H., Jan. 17, 1906.

FINE FUR COATS



For Automobilers, Drivers, Insurace Agents, Candidates for Public Office, and all men who have to face the cold world.

Fur Coats which we sold during the fore part of the season at $12 up to the finest dark skinned Coon Coat at $60. Now, during The Columbia January Sales we give a rebate of 20 per cent on the lowest regular fur coat prices ever known in Duluth, bringing the range of prices down to $9.60 for the cheapest to $48 for the best fur coat—and no tonic required to keep the hair from falling off Columbia Coats.

All that remains of fur-lined coats goes at real reductions that make buying the best easy.

Some Automobiler can get a fine gray fur-lined coat with rain-proof shell, for $60 — worth every cent of $75.

Take a look at the underwear specials we just placed in our show window.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note:—Walk in Hanan Shoes.

DIVORCE IS DEFENDED

Gunton Declares Affection Died Before He Met New Wife.

Mrs. Gunton Explains Relinquishment of Active Club Life.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 17.—Prof. George Gunton and his wife are at Aiken. When asked concerning the suit of Mrs. Amelia Gunton, Prof. Gunton said:

"As to the divorce, I obtained it in perfectly open, legal form, and for very good and substantial reasons, and not at all for desertion, as has been stated.

"She was fully advised and notified to appear. The statement that she received no service is wholly untrue. She was personally served and the writ regularly returned, but she declined to appear. And, as proof that she was fully informed, she had a long letter written to Judge Benbett, the trial Judge in South Dakota, asking him not to grant the decree, but refusing to appear in person or by counsel.

"The long rigamarole about her having helped in my literary works is mere stuff," declared the professor. "She never wrote a line nor suggested a line. Moreover if her life depended on it she could not write a page."

Prof. Gunton said he was not disposed to discuss the matter at length. "The only thing I care to say," he went on, "is that my whole proceeding has been regular and open and for abundantly good reasons."

"It might have been well when she admitted her friends to talk to have informed them that she has been divorced three times, so that my proceeding is not altogether novel."

"On what grounds does she base her action?" asked the reporter.

"New York is not in the habit of recognizing Dakota divorces, the theory being that there must be personal service on both parties within the jurisdiction of the trial court. In this case, however, personal service was made upon Mrs. Gunton and service by advertisement also.

When asked what was the former Mrs Gunton's maiden name, the professor said:

"I do not remember her name, but at the proper time her full history and character will be revealed."

"What about the suit against your present wife for the alleged alienation of your affections?"

"That can be nothing but an effort to annoy and extort money. There is no fraction of ground for that. The alienation took place years before I knew the present Mrs. Gunton, as will be shown by the testimony of my own children at the trial."

Mrs. Gunton sat throughout the interview. At its conclusion she was asked:

"Is it true that women's clubs, indignant at your marriage to Prof. Gunton, declined to re-elect you an honorary vice president of the federation?"

"If I was ever honorary vice-president I never knew it. All I know is that an article was sent to me which said that two women with whom I had been closely associated in club work were responsible for railroading through some kind of a motion ousting all honorary vice-presidents and immediately thereafter putting through another motion making Mrs. Ellen Henretin of Chicago and Mrs. Charles H. Jenison of New York the only honorary vice-presidents. My name was never mentioned.

"Suppose I did marry a divorced man," she said with some warmth. "Suppose they did not approve of my marriage. Is my personal life to be moulded by any body of women?"

"Was your marriage the cause of your retirement from club life?"

"No, no; not by any means; it had nothing to do whatever with my retirement from public life, which dates from the end of the Los Angeles convention in 1902. I retired from club life voluntarily, the main reason being that my health was completely broken by the work I had done as president of the General Federation.

"I never wanted the office and did everything in my power to escape it. They nominated me during my absence, and I was absolutely forced into it. I refused the nomination at Milwaukee for a second term and thought I was safe from election, when at 1 o'clock in the morning I was awakened by a body of women who importuned me to accept. I did so on condition that Mrs. Denison should be made vice-president. I had brought her to the front and found her a good worker. I finally accepted the office on condition that Mrs. Denison would do the work for one year, while I was regaining my health.

"I would rather raise cabbage any time," said Mrs. Gunton.

"Do you miss club life after such active service?"

"No, sir; I have had enough. I have retired to the country and have a farm near Hot Springs, Va., and in this charming life I have regained my health and find ample diversion raising cabbages, chickens, lambs and riding horseback.

"I am fond of society, but not heartless, ultra-fashionable social life. To my mind the only social life worth having must be where congeniality reigns. In this you will recognize the Southern women by birth and by inheritance.

"I am fond of domesticity and entertaining—that life which the world says the new woman never possesses. This is the strongest part of my character.

"My early ancestors in Virginia were the Moselys, Robertsons and Douglasses. My immediate ancestors came to South Carolina and lived near the old Calhoun settlement, where Clomson college is now located and where my father flourished in social life for many years. Two of my grandmother's aunts married brothers of John C. Calhoun, thus bringing them i ntouch with the old time period."

ELKS!

All members and visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend lodge tonight. There will be things doing.

NEW PASSENGER LINE.

Graham & Morton of Chicago to Get Into Lake Superior.

The Graham & Morton Transportation company of Chicago announces that when the navigation season opens it will be in a new freight and passenger service between Chicago, Houghton and Port Arthur and for that purpose is negotiating for two new steamers to be put on the route. The following schedule will be followed:

A steamer will leave Chicago every Thursday night and will arrive in Portage Lake Sunday, stopping at Dollar Bay, Hancock and Houghton docks. The steamer will leave Monday morning for Port Arthur and Duluth and, returning, will reach Portage Lake again on Sunday. A freight service will be provided between Portage Lake points and Duluth, and the boats will be of sufficient size to handle any Copper country freight out of Chicago or intermediate ports.

WILL ALSO INVESTIGATE FRATERNAL INSURANCE.

La Crosse, Jan. 17.—Assemblyman Herman Ekern, secretary of the legislative committee investigating insurance conditions, announced here today, that it had been decided to investigate fraternal as well as old line insurance. The investigation will be thorough and will determine what fraternal insurance companies are operating on what is considered a safe and permanent basis. Mr. Ekern is a member of a substitute committee which is about to start for New York to confer with the Armstrong committee as to the best methods of procedure.

Read Our Bargains
IN THIS PAPER
FRIDAY EVENING
Oppel's Grocery

RAILROADS

WORK WILL SOON BEGIN

Non-Arrival of Trackage Delays the Southeastern Contract.

Feb. 1 Will See Large Crew of Men Working.

Word has been received in Duluth that actual construction work will begin on the upper end of the Lake Superior & Southeastern road Feb. 1, or possibly a few days before. Crews of men were to have been started on the line Jan. 1, but a delay in the arrival of rails and other track appurtenances made it impossible for this to be done. The cars necessary for carrying on the work were received in time, but they were of no use without a track to run them on.

About 500 men will probably be put on the job, beginning forty miles south of Duluth, in Northern Wisconsin, where there are several big sand cuts to be made. A job of this nature can be carried on as well during the cold weather as in the summer time, because sandy soil can be worked in at any season of the year. The work will be particularly easy this winter, owing to the fact that the ground is hardly frozen at all, having been well covered with snow before the cold weather set in. Little construction work will be done at the extreme north end of the line before spring.

It is considered likely that difficulty will be experienced in procuring enough men to put on the contract. There is so much work of all kinds to be done in Northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, principally on the railroads and in the woods, that men are scarce, a very unusual condition of affairs for this season of the year, and any new contracts have to go begging for labor.

It is stated on absolute authority that a large percentage of the logging camps through this section are working with undersized crews of men, due, in most cases, to the fact that woodsmen are not obtainable in sufficient numbers to meet all demands, despite the claims to the contrary of a certain individual who occasionally gets into print, and who, the employment agents say, is afraid to sign his name to communications contributed, knowing that legitimate employment agents will insist upon his trying to prove his allegations, which, according to railroad and logging contractors who are in a position to know what they are talking about, are without any foundation whatever. Aside from the demand for woodsmen, there is still a demand for more men for railroad work.

TRAIN DELAYS FEW.

Snow Storm Only Slightly Interfering With Traffic as Yet.

Up to early this afternoon the storm had not interefered to any very great extent with traffic on the railroads entering Duluth, but if much more snow falls, and if the wind keeps blowing, the delays will probably be more serious tonight and tomorrow, particularly so far as the freight trains are concerned.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic train from Marquette, due here at 8:55 a. m., was only ten minutes late in arriving. The Northern Pacific passenger train from the Twin Cities, due in Duluth at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, was half an hour late. The morning Omaha passenger train from Chicago was running 15 minutes behind schedule, and the Great Northern passenger from the Twin Cities, due here at 2 o'clock, was ten minutes late. The freights are a little further behind than this. Much more snow will badly tangle up the freight situation, it is expected.

THE COMMISSION HEARING.

Railroads Object to the New Maximum Merchandise Rates.

Representatives of twelve railroads operating in Minnesota appeared yesterday at a session of the state railroad and warehouse commissioners in St. Paul, and were presented with copies of the proposed new maximum merchandise rates. The time for presenting any testimony regarding the rates was set for Thursday, Feb. 1.

The railroad men were not at all pleased with the new schedule which makes a general cut almost all along the line in the average rates now in force on the railroads operating in Minnesota. For instance, the average rate charged for transporting 100 pounds of first-class freight 100 miles in Minnesota, terminal rate, is 38 2-7 cents, whereas the new schedule cuts down the maximum that can be charged for such service to 30.62 cents. Commissioner Ira B. Mills explained that the railroads would be allowed to charge 5 cents over the terminal rate in fixing a distance rate.

Pere Marquette Lease.

Cincinnati, Jan. 17.—As a step towards the separation of the Great Central system into its component parts an order was issued by United States circuit court Judge Horace H. Lurton yesterday directing Receiver Judson Harmon of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad, not to adopt the Pere Marquette lease, but to surrender such leasehold estate to the Pere Marquette or to its receiver, and also stock of the Pere Marquette received by the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton in pursuance of the terms of such lease.

The petition for the order was filed by Walter B. Horn of New York, who was the original complainant in the receivership proceedings.

LIFE CONVICTS GAIN LIBERTY

Break Handcuffs and Escape From Deputy Sheriff in Missouri.

Carthage, Mo., Jan. 17.—John Franklin and Teddy Daly, life convicts in the Missouri penitentiary brought here Monday morning to testify against Estill H. Butler, charged with murdering Policeman Claude Price in Joplin, escaped today.

The men were in custody of Deputy Sheriff Ezra Marquis and were being transferred from Joplin where the Butler trial is in progress to the county jail in this city.

Just as Marquis reached the door of the jail, Franklin shouted: "Here we go, Teddy." The men broke the handcuffs which held them together and managed to get away.

JURORS ARE STARTLED

Telephone Lineman Goes Through Ceiling Over Their Heads.

Proceedings in District Court Room No. 1 Are Disturbed.

Twelve jurors who were sitting on an alleged breach of contract case were given a sudden start this morning, when the legs of a lineman employed by one of the local telephone companies came through the ceiling of courtroom No. 1 with a crash, dangling over their heads until he could pull himself back on the rafters, and showering them with plaster and dust.

So sudden was the apparition that some of the jurors sat up and rubbed their eyes, thinking they were either having a special visitation or else the old courthouse had begun to fall down about their heads.

The incident broke up proceedings for several minutes, but justice resumed the even tenor of its way as soon as it was learned that the lineman was not hurt. He was at work in the attic of the building and made a mis-step, falling partially astraddle a rafter and causing a considerable loss of cuticle from one of his legs. The hole in the ceiling is about four feet lang by a foot wide.

This is said to be the second time within about five or six years that an accident of the kind has happened. In the first instance an electrician repairing the overhead wires in the building stepped off the rafters and came through the ceiling almost directly over the clerk's desk.

The case on trial was that of H. H. Borgen against E. F. Barker and others, a suit in which it is sought to recover on an alleged breach of contract regarding a lease of a building.

The Krojanker Sale.

Despite the blizzard which kept many from attending, the Krojanker Bankrupt Sale attracted hundreds until eager buyers from early morning until the closing of the store. To say that the store was packed every hour since its opening is putting it mildly. The large force of salespeople was entirely inadequate and additional ones have been secured for tomorrow. The opportunity to secure high class merchandise at such phenomenally low prices is an unusual one.

TRAFFIC IS DIFFICULT

Snow Storm to Last Into Thursday With High Winds.

Fifty-Mile Gale Promised —Temperature Rising —Colder Thursday.

The snowstorm which started this morning cannot be boasted of in Duluth exclusively. St. Paul, Minneapolis and other places throughout the Northwest are getting theirs just as well as is Duluth. The storm started central over Montana this morning and headed this way. By tomorrow morning Weather Forecaster Richardson predicts the storm center will be in this locality somewhere. Not only is the Northwest in general getting it, but pretty much the whole of the Lake Superior region is enjoying the January white goods display.

The storm promises to extend throughout tonight and into tomorrow, and before it ceases it is expected that a 50-mile-an-hour gale from the east, shifting to westerly, will result, and that that point will be reached tonight. However, the temperature will become higher tonight and tomorrow morning, but will again drop by tomorrow night, at which time it is expected the snowfall will have ceased.

At the time of going to press, about three inches of snow had fallen today, and about one inch every three or four hours is coming down. It is drifting badly and is making traffic hard. The railroads were all notified of the snowfall before it started, and were warned that trains will be delayed and possibly held up by the snowdrifts. This was done in order that the roads might take whatever measures possible to prevent a protraction of the blockade.

The Finest Cafes at Head of the Lakes Are in connection with

The Spalding and Hotel Superior

Special Monthly Rates for the Winter now in effect at both Hotels.

American or European Plans.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | *SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.*

A Continuation of the Great Sale of Fur Boas and Fur Lined Coats at Exactly ½ Price

The throngs of eager buyers who daily visit this department shows the appreciation of the splendid values we are offering. One of the choicest collections of fine furs ever shown in Duluth is offered in this sale at exactly one-half of former price.

Waist Special for Thursday

$9.50 AND $12.50 LADIES' WAISTS FOR $3.75.

About three dozen to select from—all sizes—made in latest style of fine taffeta, fine net, or all-over lace, in colors of ecru, light blue or brown.

Silk Petticoats.

$6.75 SAMPSON SILK PETTICOATS AT $2.75.

About two dozen of these guaranteed silk Petticoats left. In order to give them a speedy clearance we place them on sale at these exceptionally low prices.

$35.00 and $45.00 Swell Man-Tailored Ladies' Suits at $7.50.

Only twelve odd Suits left—and in order to bid them a speedy goodbye they go at the ridiculously low price of $7.50.

$45.00 Suits at $18.00.

$45.00 50 and 52-inch Long Coat Suits at $18.00—handsomely made of Scotch fabrics or plain material. A collection of the handsomest long coat suits in this section, to be sold at $18.00.

Stylish Millinery For Thursday's Sale.

Splendid opportunity to select choice headwear, both of imported and domestic manufacture, at **less than one-half of original selling price.**

$2.00 Swell Suit Hats—new shapes; regular $6, $7 and $8 values—reduced to $2.00.

$4.75 Stylish Dress Hats, including all the new models, formerly sold for $10 and $12—now they go at $4.75.

$7.50 Imported Pattern Hats, the latest ideas in millinery creations—$15 and $22 qualities go at $7.50.

75c Includes Caps, Toques and Tam o' Shanters—new fancy patterns; $1.25 value at 75c.

$1.50 French Rep Waists at 75c.

Made of guaranteed washable material—in white or colors—very fine tailored models, suitable for everyday wear.

Silberstein & Bondy Company *Silberstein & Bondy Company*

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMPAIGN

Democratic City Committee Opens Offices in Manhattan Building.

Headquarters of the Democratic party campaign committee have been established on the first floor of the Manhatten building, and M. M. Clark has been ensconsced as manager.

He has issued an invitation to all voters who don't believe that Mayor Cullum has given the city the best administration it ever had, to drop in and talk it over. Those that do think the mayor's administration has been about the proper thing in municipal government, are also invited to drop in and help tell the others why they think so.

Democrats, of course, will be given the glad hand and made to feel at home in the office, but Republicans will also be treated as the prodigal son or the missing sheep, and given shelter from the blizzard at least.

The workers of the party held a meeting last evening, and organized for a vigorous campaign to get out the registration on the two remaining days. The members of the committee feel that the lack of interest in the campaign is likely to keep down the registration, and they are determined to get out as full a Democratic vote as possible.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL DIVIDEND.

New York, Jan. 17.—The directors of the Illinois Central railroad declared today the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent and an extra dividend of ½ per cent. Similar extra dividends were declared at the last two preceding semi-annual meetings.

ELECTRICIANS MEET.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Delegates to the fourteenth annual convention of the Northwestern Electrical association met here today. Nearly 200 chiefs of railway stations in the principal cities of the Northwest were present. A number of addresses were made and the remainder of the session was occupied by the reading of technical papers.

Are you usually suspended "between the hammer and the anvil?"—the hammer of too-big-expenses and the anvil of too-small-income? There are many little ways in which, by Herald want advertising, you can reduce the size and weight of the hammer and increase the size and resiliency of the anvil.

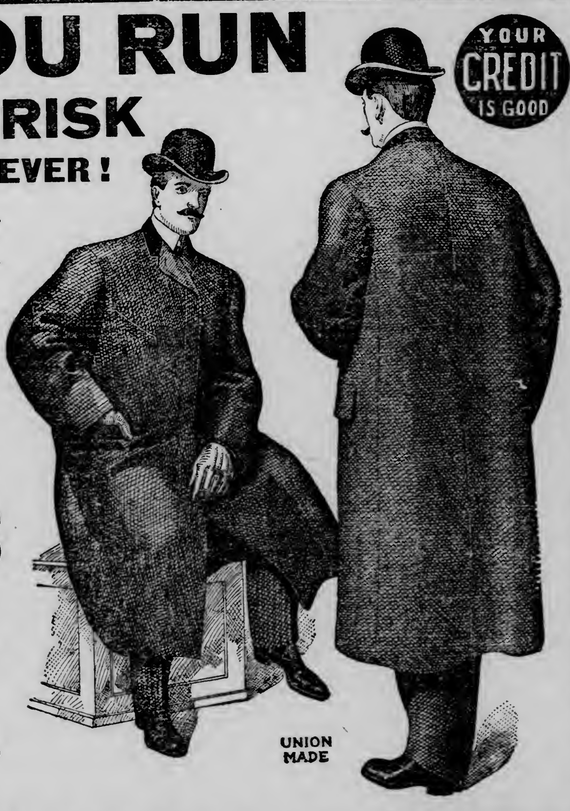
GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

YOU RUN NO RISK WHATEVER!

We make it easy for you to buy your overcoat here.

MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS 1/3 OFF

If you want one, act quickly.



GATELY'S

8 East Superior Street.

WE FURNISH YOUR HOME ON EASY PAYMENTS

Social, Musical and Club Circles.

At the meeting yesterday afternoon of the Travel class of the Twentieth Century club, the lecturer for the afternoon was Prof. R. E. Denfeld, who spoke to the members of the class on "Japan's Relative Position in the Orient." Mr. Denfeld has always been one of the speakers before the class on some phase of the life of the country upon which the class was engaged, and he is one of the most welcome of speakers for he presents in a concise way and at the same time in an intensely interesting manner one of the most instructive and delightful lectures that the class hears during the year. He said in part: "Japan has been and is in the minds of the nations of the world as no other nation of the world has been within the past few years. It has been brought to the front in the world's notice in a way that makes its history one of interest to us. Its early history is mythological, a sort of fairy story and its history bears in evolution that which all nations of the world have borne. The four revolutions through which all nations must pass are coming to Japan and in the third revolution, that of the power of the military, Japan has developed itself in thirty years for which other nations took three hundred. Japan has back of her 2,500 years of unbroken history and although the earliest history is tradition, like a fairy story, it is a fairy story that appeals to us. They probably came from Korea, nobody knows how long ago, but the fact now is that they are here and have made themselves masters and are now proceeding with a world historic movement. Their first religion was probably Shintoism, the development of the ghist idea which involves the worships of ancestors. All peoples have done this until something more rational or more ethical came to them. Then the Bhudistic tendencies came to the people, never, however, displacing Shintoism, and Confucianism and Christianit yhave all been brought to them.

"The Japanese have four great problems to solve. They have been wakened, as on of their number has said, and was accomplished in as short a time as possible those things which other nations have taken 300 years to accomplish. And their methods of going at these tasks and problems must prove that they are not copyists only as has been said. The accusation may be true to a certain extent but back of this there is character in the people which will work its way out and be their salvation.

"They have been a people of priests and warriors and national patriotism has been a cardinal virtue. The sacredness of the emperor has been established and he has been made the symbol of all power. But in the changing government conditions of the past few years, the tendency will be for the members of the bureaucracy to arrogate to itself revenue and eventually become as corrupt as the Russian bureaucracy. This problem must be worked out by the people.

"Then Japan has been a nation given in great part to the development and love of art for art's sake. With the new needs of the people, the necessity of greater industrial activities, with factories, and labor laws, strikes and socialistic activities, we see the tremendous problem of saving the old art idealism among the new industrial activities.

"Then Japan needs new ideals and new customs to re-establish a social purity. She must realize that woman is not a servant to be tolerated but must become a respected helpmeet. The moral ideas which of necessity are those of exalting the warrior during 1,200 years must give place to new ethical ideas and conditions and a new religous spirit must be infused into this country to keep it with the march of the nations. And the concluding question is, if Japan through its development, brings to Asia the great ideals of the West, at the cost of destroying its own world old beauty and art, will the world have gained?"

PILGRIM CHURCH.

Annual Supper, Meeting and Election is Held.

The annual meeting of the members of Pilgrim Congregational church was held last evening in the church parlors. Supper was served the 200 members present, and the annual reports of the organizations and officers of the church were given. In all departments gains were reported, and the church is in a most prosperous condition. The reports of the treasurer, trustees, clerk and pastor wer given, as were those of the Christian Endeavor society, Alturian club, Friends in Council, Missionary society, Ladies' union and Benovelent work.

A silver bread tray was presented William I. Thompson, who has served the congregation as clerk for twenty-one years, and the election of officers resulted as follows:

Treasurer, Henry W. Nichols; benevolent treasurer, Mrs. W. W. McMillan; clerk, F. R. LeRoy; trustees, Oscar Mitchell, W. G. Hegardt, William I. Prince; standing committee, Mrs. E. L. Phillips, Mrs. H. L. Paddock; music committee, J. P. Johnson, Mrs. W. D. Bailey, Mrs. A. D. Gooodman; deasons, T. H. Hawkes, Jr., C. A. Smith.

Art History Class.

Tomorrow evening the Evening Art History class will meet at 7:30 o'clock at the club room of the library. "Romanesque Architecture" will be the subject of the evening's study, with Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour as leader.

Shakespeare Class.

The Morning Shakespeare class of the Twentieth Century club will meet tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, at the club room of the library. The class has completed the reading of "King Lear," and at tomorrow's meeting Prof. R. E. Denfeld will lecture to the class on this great tragedy. As many women in the city will be interested in the lecture who have not attended the class, a very cordial invitation is extended any one interested to attend.

Heide Recital.

Harald Heide, the Norwegian violinist, will be heard in a violin recital this evening at the Flaaten auditorium. He was heard at the Sunday concert and roused great enthusiasm. Miss Josephine Northmore, tenor, will assist. The program for this evening is as follows:

Wieniawsky—"Polonaise de Concert"..
"Legende" .....
Harald Heide.
Trotere—"Leonore" .....
Miss Josephine Northmore.
Sarasate—"Zigeuneweisin" .....
Mr. Heide.
Mascheroni—"Where Roses Glean"....
Miss Josephine Northmore.
Moller Gutten—"Holje Dale" .....
"Brollups March" .....
"Salerjenten Sondag"..
Mr. Heide.

For Charity.

Tomorrow evening the charity ball for the benefit of the family of Russian refugees will be given at the large dancing hall of the old Masonic Temple. The affair promises to be a most brilliant one, and it is expected that a large sum will be realized for the unfortunate family. Mrs. I. Freimuth is patroness of the affair, and those having tickets are urged to send the money or the tickets to Mrs. Freimuth not later than Friday, in order that the money may be forwarded at once.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Abraham of 1426 East First street are spending the week in Minneapolis.

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Dr. Lucy Dailey has as her guest Mrs. John M. Rettenhouse of Minneapolis.

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Mr. and Mrs. William Oppel and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Atkins of Tower are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oppel of 609 East Sixth street.

VALUE OF SUNLIGHT.

Windows Must Not be Burdened With Draperies.

So much has been written about the health-giving properties of sunlight and air that people are at last beginning to realize that the windows of the home must be kept open, if the health of the family is to be the first essential in good home-making. If our homes are to be wholesome and cheerful we must make arrangements for the admittance of the best of nature's gifts, says the Pittsburg Leader.

We must therefore not have curtains so costly that we dread sun, air or dust, neither must we have windows so heavy that it is a labor to open them. The solution of many difficulties has been met in the casement windows now so much in evidence in modern home building. Not only are they artistic, but the ease with which they respond to the slightest touch makes them of practical value.

The casement should open inwards so as to allow the use of fly screens, which if opening outwards have to be dispensed with. Another advantage is they are more easily washed when opening inwards. Some time ago they were usually made to open outwards; the consequence was that they were difficult to keep clean, and therefore did not increase in popularity.

There are many ways of building casement windows and the one generally seen is the recessed bay window. It is often used in conjunction with a window seat; sometimes the seat has a high back of wainscot and the casements appear above, about seven feet high. At this height they let in light but are too high to see out of. This may be an advantage if there is only a neighbor's wall to look over. It is useful above a sideboard built into the recess in place of the window seat. It also gives opportunity for the use of leaded glass.

There are several good ways of curtaining these windows. A sash curtain can be hung on a rod which is made on purpose for casement windows. It is fastened securely at one side and has a rough rubber disc at the other end making it unnecessary to take down the curtain every time the window is washed.

As shades cannot be used with these windows, it is desirable to have a pair of curtains wide enough to cover all the casements, these to be drawn back entirely in the day time. One long rod supported in the middle is fastened on the casing and can be used in conjunction with sash curtains on each casement window, or the sash curtains can be dispensed with altogether. When this is done, there should be a deep valance, as this takes away the glare from above which is trying when no shades are there.

SEWING CLUBS.

Latest Fad That Has Taken Possession of New Yorkers.

A Woman's Sewing club is the latest and most practical idea which has been originated, relates Pictorial Review. It was recently started in New York by two women as club directors, and their object is to assist women who are obliged to economize in dress, yet wish something a little more individual than a ready-made costume. One of them has explained the scope of the club in the following terms:

"We provide sewing parlors, machines, fashion plates and the service of an experienced cutter and fitter. A member may bring materials for any garment—a shirtwaist, walking suit or ball gown—to the clubrooms, have it cut in real tailor fashion and fitted perfectly, and then may finish the garment at home if competent to do so.

"A woman who does not understand dressmaking at all may come here time after time to finish a garment, and she will be directed how to proceed; but she must be able to do good plain sewing and to run a sewing machine.

"A session or meeting lasts four hours, either in the morning or the afternoon, and we do not allow more than ten women to attend a session, or any women to have more than one garment cut and fitted during that time.

"A member is entitled to attend ten sessions. She may arrange for one each week or each month for two a week, or she may choose so long as those meetings have not already been spoken for by their full number of workers.

"A woman who wishes only one garment cut and fitted may attend a single meeting by paying $1.50. Often a woman living alone will see a piece of silk for a waist, or some pretty material for an evening or house gown, which is a real bargain.

"She would purchase it, were it not for the fact that the making would cost quite as much as the material, and she is not able to cut the garment or fit it for herself. The club will enable such a woman to have the dress at little more expense than the price of the material.

"We will try to advise members concerning pretty, effective trimming for gowns which require adornment of the kind and will save them the bother of shopping for linings and findings when they desire it.

"The idea is not original with us, but it is planned along new lines."

Did Not Cover All.

The bride enacted but one promise from her husband when they were married. This was that he should not drink whisky. It is needless to state that when she made him promise this she thought she had made of him a teetotaler. Whisky to her mind covered the whole field, says the Baltimore News.

One night shortly after the honeymoon was over, when the bridegroom came home and kissed his new wife, his breath was unmistakably redolent of something alcoholic.

"You've been drinking," replied the little lady aghast.

"Only a gin rickey," replied the bridegroom, but watching anxiously the effects of this announcement.

"Oh!" said the wife, relieved, "I thought it was something that might make you drunk."

It was two or three days later that the bride burst in upon the groom with fire in her eyes. "You have deceived me," she gasped. "You promised me you would not drink whisky, and, then, after all, you went and drank a gin rickey, and Mrs. Brown tells me they are the same thing, and I shall never trust you again."

Then the bridegroom began to explain, but he has not yet succeeded in convincing his unworldly spouse that in renouncing whisky he did not renounce the whole family of inebriating drinks, and he's very careful now about his cloves.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Parsley, 5 cents a bunch.

Grape fruit, 15 to 25 cents each.

Bananas, 20 to 25 cents a dozen.

Veal stew, 10 cents a lb.

Did you ever eat an old country "Pastie"? Of course you've heard of them and if you don't know, learn now, that it takes the much vaunted "born" cook to make one, of just the right rich lusciousness. The way they go about it is something like this. Some nice stewing meat, either beef or veal is cut up into bits, not too small, but just small enough, and together with bits of potatoes, carrots, and o-n-ions,—well all right then, if you don't want any onions in, they'll stay out—and then bits of butter and pepper to the right amount and some salt, then moistened a bit with water and the whole thing is filled into pastry the right size for individual pies and baked until the juice is out of the meat, the hardness out of the vegetables, the juices soaked into each other, until, when you taste it, troubles are forgotten and you forget temporarily that you can't make one like it. For to make a pastie properly, is an inheritance of the Welsh, or English or Cornish, and the women of this race, whichever it is can no more help making this delectable thing than can all other women help but fail when they attempt. If you have a friend who can make one of these things, cajole her into making you one, there's no use in asking her for the receipt, or recipe, which ever you prefer, for you can't make it right. No, you can't either. It doesn't make any difference, how good the fudges are that you concoct, so there! If your nerves are beginning to wear to frazzles, and you are already looking forward to the spring fishing trip or outing, eat grape fruit, somebody advises, for in addition to being just about the nicest beginning for breakfast that you can get at present, word comes from somewhere that grape fruit is an excellent nerve tonic.

Calumet Baking Powder

A wonderful powder of rare merit and unrivaled strength.

DR. LAZAIRE.

By Philip Martin.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The large brass plate bore the name, "Dr. Lazaire."

Dr. Anatole Berdesne, demonstrator of anatomy, L'Ecole du Medicin, Paris, stopped before the pretentious mansion. Then he walked on, repeating the name in a meditative way. It was the most fashionable part of the city, and the home of Dr. Lazaire gave every evidence of redundant wealth. Suddenly he retraced his steps until he again stood before the mansion, which bore the inscription, "Dr. Lazaire." Ascending the steps he rang the bell. The door was opened by a negro boy in page's uniform.

In a moment the two men stood facing each other. Dr. Lazaire, an elderly, reserved man, with a dignified manner, looked intently at his visitor.

"Anatole Berdesne!" he exclaimed, holding out both hands in the excess of his welcome. "Anatole Berdesne! I need not tell you how rejoiced I am to see you! I have longed to see you, as only old friends can hunger for the familiar face! Come in, come in!" Dr. Lazaire took his guest by the arm and led him into the sursery. "How did you find me out?"

Dr. Berdesne scrutinized his newly found friend. "I have seen nearly half of the doctors of your city, already. This is the way I am spending my holiday. If you were alive I was determined to find you! I knew you would change your name, therefore I did not look for the old one; that you would drift into your profession, I was assured; and, you always had dreams of America. I have never forgotten you, but have always looked forward to our meeting!"

"You are kinder than I deserve! I wrote to you from a little village in Germany when I thought I could safely do so, and waited three months for an answer. As none came I concluded that you had determined to have nothing more to do with me."

"I never received your letter, or I would have found means of answering it. Well, I am glad to see you! I was prepared for a change of name, but you have changed more than your name. I would scarcely have known you!"

"I have changed," said Dr. Lazaire, sadly. "I changed my name when I left St. Maurice. I wandered over half the earth. I drifted here. I found friends. I became Dr. Lazaire, and as such I have prospered." Anatole Berdesne was closely scanning his friend's face. The troubled man noticed it. "Any news?" he asked apprehensively, in a lower tone and with a meaning look.

"No news," answered Dr. Berdesne, still gazing into the face of his friend. He stepped nearer and placed his hand on the shoulder of Dr. Lazaire. It is fifteen years since I have looked on your face! Per Dieu! That was a dreadful time!"

Dr. Lazaire sighed deeply and closed his hand spasmodically over that of his friend. "Have you seen them since? Where are they?" The question was asked in a hoarse whisper.

"Three years ago they were in Paris. She was playing accompaniments on the mandolin in a cafe. He was the same as ever! No better; if anything, worse. I gave them the money that you left, but it only kept them a short time. She nursed him until he got better, and then they left St. Maurice together. Her own people refused to have anything to do with her. They drifted to Paris, where I had already established myself. There I met them frequently; she, always devoted; he careless and brutal."

"Ah, my dear Berdesne, there was none happier than I until that fearful night. I idolized my wife! I loved Andre with all his faults! I knew that he was reckless where a woman was concerned, but I believed in Guelda! You know the treachery!"

"Guelda did very wrong," answered Anatole Berdesne, "but her sin has brought its punishment."

"Poor Guelda! I pity her!"

"She deserves pity! She has been so faithful to Andre! She has worked for him, cared for him, and bore patiently with all his abuse, for he has never been good to her!"

"I am sorry for her. The knowledge that she has suffered softens my vindictive feelings, Anatole. But why should I be lenient? She wrecked my life! I can never forget that morning! After leaving Andre to your care, I hurried home. Guelda was standing at the top of the stairs. She was deadly pale. "What have you done to Andre?" she asked. "Shot him!" I answered briefly. She raved at me. She confessed that she had never loved me, that it was Andre whom she loved, and it was only at the express command of her father that she married me! I had no time to answer. My horse was waiting and I left forever."

"I have become very successful here, and enjoy the luxury that it brings, though I have but few idle hours. There's nothing like work, Anatole, to clear the brain and lighten the heart! You, too, have been very successful?"

"Yes, slowly but steadily. Every step that I have taken has been earned by close application and hard work."

"Just so, anything worth getting must be striven for! At the present time I am in the heat of a battle. I claim to have a more certain method of diagnosting, and a simpler mode of appendiceotomy, when the operation has to be resorted to."

A gentle tapping at the door interrupted the conversation, and the boy handed his master a note. Dith a bow of apology, Dr. Lazaire tore it open.

"Aha, aha! Now, for it!" He rubbed his hands gleefully. "You must stay, Anatole, and dine with me, and witness my triumph! You were with me in my direst trouble, now the Fates havo sent you to witness my exaltation! I know that I shall be successful, for I had twenty subjects before I gave my theory to the profession. I have tried it again and again! I did not want to drag a tangled thread amongst their fingers! I threw my whole energy into the work! Dr. Brown, the house surgeon of St. Catherine's hospital, had always been enlisted on my side, and I made arrangements that as soon as a subject could be procured that I would demonstrate it to all interested. A man suffering from well-defined appendicitis was admitted to the ward a few days ago. He was too weak to undergo the operation. Brown told him of his condition, and what do you think, the fellow straightway offered his body to any school of anatomy for twenty dollars! Brown remembered me, and I have just received a note saying the man is dead. I must send the money, as it is to be given to his wife to keep her from starving."

The dinner passed quickly. Dr. Lazaire was brilliant, and jubilant. Dr. Berdesne calm and sympathetic.

As the time for setting out drew near, Dr. Lazaire took out his notes and prepared them anew. There must be no hesitation or blundering. It was to be a great triumph. Anatole Berdesne, who had been his friend from childhood, who had stood beside him when he shot down his twin brother for stealing the affections of his wife, who had defended him as an exile, who had tended night and day on the wounded spendthrift to shield him from a heinous charge; this friend was once more to stand beside him and see the success of a once ruined life. Dr. Lazaire rejoiced as only one can who has toiled for dreary months to perfect a dream.

They drove along in the cool night air. A moist sea-breeze and a salt odor of the tide stilled the excitement of the doctor. He was cool, calm and collected when they reached the building. The place was familiar, and he took the arm of his friend as they entered the wide portico. Leisurely mounting the steps, he led the way to the room where he knew that he was awaited with more or less anxiety, for there were to be present strong adherents as well as dissentients.

On the table lay the body, covered by a cloth.

Dr. Brown hurried forward and welcomed the new-comers warmly. With greetings to many, Dr. Lazaire introduced Dr. Berdesne. "This is my oldest friend, a physician like ourselves. I am glad, gentlemen, that he is here to witness the assumption that I have made. I need make no further explanations. You all know it."

He threw aside his coat, loosened his cuffs, and turned up his shirt sleeves. Then he made a selection of his instruments and handed them to an assistant, who drew aside the covering and exposed the body of a middle-aged man, thin to emaciation.

Dr. Lazaire prepared to make the incision. The group of eager faces crowdcision. The group of eager faces crowded around and looked anxiously at the surgeon. With a cry of suppressed dismay the instrument dropped to the floor, and the operator shrank aside.

"Andre! Andre!" His lips framed the words as he gazed into the dead face.

His conferes gathered around. He pointed to the bare arm of the cadaver, around which was the birthmark of a bracelet, like a shrivelled thread, and to the same on his own right arm. The dead a reflex of the living.

SCOTTISH RITE DEGREES.

New Class Begins Work Next Thursday Night at Temple.

Those who have been elected to take the Scottish Rite degrees with the next class of Masons have been notified to show up at the Masonic Temple on Jan. 28, at which time the fourth, fifth and sixth degrees will be conferred, and on each Thursday night thereafter degrees will be worked as follows:

Jan. 25, 9th and 10th; Feb. 1, 14th; Feb. 8, 15th; Feb. 15, 16th; Feb. 22, 18th; March 21, 21st; March 8, 25th; March 15, 26th; March 22, 27th, and March 29, 30th.

The Shriners are preparing for a big ceremonial session on Feb. 14, at which time the imperial potentate, Harry A. Collins of Toronto, Ont., will be present.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES — FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Contain nothing injurious. Relieve bronchial irritation. Cure sore throat. In boxes only.

CLEAN-UP BARGAINS

Are thick around this store now. It is just the chance you have been awaiting to get good merchandise at substantial reductions. Do not delay—early callers get the best selections.



Parlor Lamps

There is a big selection for you here. The regular prices, $1.00 to $15.00, are disregarded. Note the cut prices:

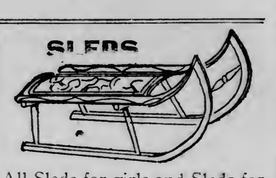
$1.00 Lamps for only..... 66c
$1.50 Lamps for only.....$1.00
$1.75 Lamps for only.....$1.23
$3.25 Lamps for only.....$2.22
$3.50 Lamps for only.....$2.45
$5.00 Lamps for only.....$3.34
$8.00 Lamps for only.....$5.33
$10.00 Lamps for only.....$6.66
$15.00 Lamps for only.....$10.00

1-3 reduction on any fancy lamp.



Reductions on All JARDINIERE STANDS at 1/3 cut.

ODD PIECES PARLOR FURNITURE at cuts 20 to 50%



All Sleds for girls and Sleds for boys at cut prices.
Regular 25c, now at only 18c
Regular 50c, now at only 37c
Regular 65c, now at only 49c
Regular $1.00, now at only 74c
Regular $1.25, now at only 96c
Regular $1.75, now go at $1.31
Regular $2.25, now go at $1.69

One-quarter reduction on any Sled in our stock.

CHILDREN'S CUTTERS—prices $1.65 to $12.50—ONE-QUARTER REDUCTION.
$1.65 Cutters cost you but $1.23
$2.25 Cutters cost you but $1.69
$3.50 Cutters cost you but $2.62
$4.50 Cutters cost you but $3.38
$5.50 Cutters cost you but $4.11
$12.50 Cutters cost you..$8.99

WE HAVE SOME BARGAINS IN HEATING STOVES

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

21st Avenue West on Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

R. R. Forward & Co. HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

"WE TRUST THE PEOPLE"

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

TWELVE MILLION PACKAGES LAST YEAR; SOME ONE WAS SATISFIED.

MERRELL-SOULE COMPANY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Wizard of Oz."
METROPOLITAN—Yankee Doodle Girls.

COMING ATTRACTION.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "The Sho Gun."

"WIZARD OF OZ."

Pleasing Performance is Given at the Lyceum.

CAST.

Dorothy Gale.....Ethel De Marcy
The Cow .....Fred Woodward
Cynthia Cynch.....Kathrine Lyon
Sir Dashmeoff Daily.....Almorah Hallam
Army of Pastoria.....Fred Rogers
Gen. Riskitt.....George Mansfield
Pastoria II.....Lute Vrohman
Tryxie Tryfle.....Violet McMillen
The Scarecrow.....George A. Rock
Sir Wylie Gyle.....R. Brosee
Nick Chopper.....Fred J. Nice
The Cowardly Lion.....Joe A. West
Oz.....Dan Barrett

"The Wizard of Oz," a pleasing mixture of musical comedy, extravaganza and a little of everything else, delighted an audience of fair proportions last evening at the Lyceum, and for nearly three-quarters of an hour there was uproarious laughter at the antics of the Scarecrow, the Tin Woodman, the Cow and the Cowardly Lion. The company is a very fair one, especially in point of comedians, of whom there are several of excellent abilities. George Rock as the Scarecrow is the leader in the fun-making, and he is deliciously funny in make-up, dancing, songs and every appurtenance that goes to make the pleasing comedian. He is ably seconded by Fred J. Nice as the Tin Woodman. Fred Woodward as the Cow and Joe West as the Lion are very funny, and by their ridiculous actions create much of the laughter. Dan Barrett is exceptionally clever as a dancer and has an Irish brogue of the broadest kind, and a red whisker and make-up of the kind that caused the Irish-American citizens of Butte to rise en masse recently.

As to the singing ability of the company the less said the better, but it is not unlike the average musical comedy in that respect. Violet McMillen and Ethel De Marcy are two young women who try to sing with more or less success, but they are pleasing and take well with the crowd. The old gag of singing to the embarrassed man in the box (always one of the company) has been worked to a frazzle, but it was tried again last night.

The company will give another performance this evening.

YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS.

The Yankee Doodle Girls will give their first performance for ladies at the Metropolitan tomorrow afternoon. Handsome souvenirs will be presented to all women attending. The Thursday evening performance will also be for ladies as well as men, and no smoking will be permitted. Souvenirs will be given away in the evening too.

"THE SHO GUN."

In the comic opera "The Sho Gun," which will be seen at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday, Henry W. Savage takes the play-goers on a two and a half hours' trip to Korea, where beauty, both of person and country, abounds, and where happiness seems to be as much a part of the daily life as the more strenuous existence of this country is here. The opera is a decided novelty, and when it was shown in a few of the principal cities last season it met with the unqualified endorsement of the most captious of critics, not a single adverse comment being made on it, and it was due to the excellence of the cast, the beauty of the production and the worth of the lyrics and music that the commendation was won.

SVENSON STILL MISSING.

Bemidji, Minn., Jan. 17.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance from his home in Eddy township, Clearwater county, of John Svenson, on Dec. 28, is still unsolved, and although a vigorous search has been kept up in an attempt to locate the missing man, no clue leading to his whereabouts has been found.

STARTS ORGANIZATION.

West End Has Many Members for Athletic Association.

The meeting held last evening in the lecture room of the Second Presbyterian church, at Fifteenth avenue west, was a very great success. The meeting was held, as announced in last evening's Herald that it would be, for the purpose of forming an athletic association. Eighty-seven young men attended, and more were prevented from attending by several occurrences. More enthusiasm developed at this meeting than was hoped for by those who started the movement, and the young men of the West end seem to have acquired a veritable passion for some place in which to raise a muscle.

Each young man present at last evening's meeting agreed to join at once, and to get more to join than had shown up. Quite a sum of money was secured, and the merchants of the West end have agreed to help out liberally; so on the strength of this a committee was appointed last night to make arrangements for an athletic outfit.

Rev. S. F. Sharpless was chosen president pro tem and Guy E. Williams temporary secretary. Another meeting will be held in the same place this evening and further arrangements made.

DRUGGISTS ELECT OFFICERS.

J. S. Hadley of Superior Now Heads the Association.

J. S. Hadle of superior was elected president of the Head of the Lakes Druggists' association at the annual meeting of the organization held yesterday at the Spalding. The other officers elected were: Vice president, A. C. LeRichieux; treasurer, Mrs. L. B. Mattix and secretary, W. A. Abbett.

Aside from the election of officers, no business of importance was transacted by the druggists yesterday. The association was formed two years ago and has a large membership in Duluth and Superior, both of which were well represented at the annual meeting. The regular meetings are subject to the call of the secretary and the president.

"Where Values Reign Supreme"

STACK & CO.

107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Sacrifice Sale of Winter Shirt Waists

All our Winter Shirt Waists are remarked and reduced in price to close them out. You can buy

75c, 85c AND $1.00 WAISTS FOR 50c
$1.25 AND $1.50 WAISTS FOR 75c
$1.95 AND $2.25 WAISTS FOR $1.25

This season's Silk Waists are also included in this sale, and every silk waist in the house tomorrow, from $3.50 to $5.95, will be all for one price—your choice **$2.39**

50c and 69c Kimonos—sale price 25c
$1.25 Eiderdown Kimonos, slightly soiled.....50c
95c and $1.25 heavy, fleece-lined Kimonos.....50c

Sacrifice Sale Winter Furs

Every fur in our store has undergone the mark-down process of disposing of them quickly. Big bargains can be secured here tomorrow in furs for little money.

Sacrifice Sale of Winter Cloaks, Coats and Jackets

$5.00 nice all-wool Jackets, closing-out price $2.50
$7.50 nice Cloth Wraps, for only $3.50
$10.50 ladies' and misses' Three-Quarter Coats $5.00
$11.00 Long Coats, in fancy wool mixtures $5.50
$15.00 heavy Kersey Cloth Coats, long lengths $8.75
$18.50 Ladies' Long Coats, all colors $12.50

CURLERS BEGIN PLAY FOR ST. PAUL JOBBERS' TROPHY

Three Duluth Rinks Go Down on the First Draw.

List of Rinks for the Big International Competition.

Play for the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy began this morning, and ten games in the preliminary and first rounds were run off.

Three Duluth rinks were put out of the event, and one West Duluth rink succumbed to its opponent.

The Stevenson rink of Houghton defeated the J. M. Oldham rink in a very close contest, winning by the score of 11 to 10.

The Fairbairne rink of Virginia had no trouble with the F. A. Greene rink of the Duluth club, winning by the score of 16 to 6.

Tom Cameron's rink of St. Paul defeated H. H. Grace of Superior in comparatively easy fashion by the score of 14 to 7. Cameron started off with a rush, making five in the first two ends, and added two more in the fourth and four in the sixth, giving him a lead of eleven points, which Grace was unable to pull down.

One of the interesting games of the morning was that between the H. McLean rink of Holland, Man., and the Gawler rink of Winnipeg. McLean drew first blood, but Gawler made a big end on the second, scoring four. McLean came back with four in the third end, and Gawler again took the lead with two in the fourth end. McLean regained the lead with two in the fifth end, and cinched the game with a four in the sixth end. Gawler made three in the eleventh end, but it was too late.

The J. C. Wall rink of Milwaukee won out from Dr. Jamieson of Winnipeg in easy style, scoring fifteen in eleven ends. With a lead of nine points, the twelfth end was not necessary.

The Macauley rink put up a good fight against W. J. Weir of Calumet, losing by but three points, the score being 12 to 9. Weir got a big lead at the start, and in spite of a four end, Macauley was unable to regain the lost ground.

The Ron Smith rink of Duluth downed the S. F. Fullerton rink of St. Paul by the score of 9 to 5, in a very interesting game. The first eight ends were very closely fought, none of them resulting in more than one point for either rink. At the close of the eighth end each side had scored four points, one at a time, but on the ninth end Smith played for a big end and got it, scoring three. He added another on the tenth end, allowed Fullerton one on the eleventh, and made one on the last. The game brought out some very pretty curling.

The C. V. Campbell rink of the Canadian Soo and George Neil of Winnipeg, had a very close, but rather loosely played game. Neil started off with a six end, and it looked as if the game would develop into a farce, but Campbell came back with one in the second, four in the third, one in the fourth, and took the lead with one in the fifth. Neil took a big brace and ran eight points in the next three ends, apparently cinching the game. But Campbell's rink still had a surprise coming, and in the last four ends, ran nine points, winning out by the score of 16 to 14.

D. M. Braden's rink of Winnipeg, showed its old time form this morning, and disposed of the Sharp rink of Winnebago City in proper style, scoring 18 points to Sharp's 4.

The Rochon rink of Winnipeg and the Macrae rink of Duluth had a weird contest. At the end of the eleventh end the score was 13 to 5 in favor of the Canadians, but Macrae's rink got a six end at the finish, and came within two of tying the score.

The following is a summary of this morning's games, all of which were in the first draw of the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy:

Stevenson, 11; Oldham, 10.
Fairbairne, 16; Greene, 6.
Cameron, 14; Grace, 7.
McLean, 15; Gawler, 12.
Wall, 15; Jamieson, 6.
Weir, 12; Macauley, 9.
Ron Smith, 9; Fullerton, 5.
Campbell, 16; Neil, 14.
Braden, 18; Sharp, 4.
Rochon, 13; Macrae, 11.

* * *

The following is a summary of the play in the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy, including all games played up to noon today:

PRELIMINARY.		FIRST ROUND.
Oldham, Stevenson,	10 11	Stevenson.
Green, Fairbairn,	6 16	Fairbairn.
Grace, Cameron,	7 14	Cameron.
Halcrow, Hanchett.		
Gawler, McLean,	12 16	McLean.
Wall, Jamieson,	15 6	Wall.
Whalen, McLeod.		

FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.
Chisholm.		
Duncan,		
John McLeod.		
Macauley,	9	Weir.
Weir,	12	
Stocking,		
Hastings.		
Fullerton,	5	Ron Smith.
Ron Smith,	9	
Campbell,	16	Campbell.
Neil,	14	
McGilvray,		
Dunbar.		
A. K. Smith,		
McCutcheon.		
Dunlop,		
Lorrimer.		
Macrae,	11	Rochon.
Rochon,	13	
Braden,	18	Braden.
Sharp,	4	
Schnarr,		
Pitblado.		
Reedal,		
Myron.		

Drawings were made this morning for the international trophy, which is the big event of the bonspiel. The ten Canadian rinks in the bonspiel will be matched against ten American rinks and the winning side will play down for the possession of the trophy and the prizes connected with it.

Four Duluth rinks will take part in the event. They are the Mackenzie, MacLeod, Ron Smith and Duncan rinks. The Chisholm rink of Superior will also take part. The Cameron and Fullerton rinks from St. Paul have been chosen, and the other three rinks are from Minneapolis, Bowesmount and Phillips, Wis.

The following is a complete list of the curlers who will take part in the match, beginning at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

AMERICAN.	CANADIAN.
A. F. Schuler,	T. F. Kelley,
J. A. Hunter,	H. Ohlagan,
J. K. La Batt,	Vincent Bowell,
Sam Hastings, —Minneapolis.	W. H. Whalen, —Fort William.
Gilbert Cutler,	B. W. Latimer,
W. L. McLennan,	Dr. Harvie,
D. W. Stocking,	E. G. Bassett,
Geo. F. Mackenzie, —Duluth.	I. Pitblado, —Winnipeg.
S. H. Jones,	C. H. L. Jones,
A. H. Smith,	J. E. McLurg,
H. Hurdon,	G. W. Goodwin,
R. J. MacLeod, —Duluth.	C. W. Campbell, —Sault Ste. Marie.
D. Irne,	J. Stalker,
O. C. Williams,	J. H. Holman,
G. B. Reedal.	J. H. Holman,
H. F. Schmmel, —Phillips.	C. E. Christie, J. R. Fowler, —Winnipeg.
H. M. Agnew,	W. McLean,
Dr. A. McGregor,	A. J. Macfarlane,
Chas. McGregor,	George Brown,
Tom Cameron, —St. Paul.	Dr. Jamieson, Winnipeg.
Judge Cory,	L. F. Sherrin,
W. A. Cameron,	F. H. Dagg,
William Rees,	William Dickson,
S. F. Fullerton, —St. Paul.	H. McLean, —Holland.
Robt. Irvine,	T. G. Hackley,
Wm. Somers,	T. Roy,
Chas. Dunbar,	F. Cassidy,
Alex Mitchell, —Bowesmount.	H. M. Braden, —Winnipeg.
W. E. Rogers,	M. Portice,
L. A. Nichols,	G. Pagon,
J. S. Gates,	J. P. Lynch,
Jas. Chisholm, —Superior.	H. Schnarr, —Kenora.
W. C. Sherwood,	J. M. Lamb,
F. A. Brewer,	H. Gilman,
Joe Catlin,	W. Beggs,
Ron Smith, —Duluth.	Geo. Neil, —Winnipeg.
W. E. Richardson,	C. W. Wellband,
A. W. Frick,	H. Morrison,
E. N. Bradley,	J. R. Grundy,
Chas. Duncan, —Duluth.	E. J. Rochon, —Winnipeg.

No games will be played this evening, owing to the fact that all of the visiting curlers will be entertained at a banquet at the Commercial club at 8 o'clock.

There are still two trophy contests to be commenced, the J. E. Meyers trophy and the Flour City Curling club trophy. Drawings for these two contests will probably be made tonight or tomorrow morning.

Temple Roller Rink

Open every week day. Afternoons, 2 to 5 p. m. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30 p. m. Music every evening by La Brosse's band and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Children's matinee Saturday afternoons.

The Sale of Men's Shoes

Continues. Those that bought are well pleased. Men's $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes—good styles, heavy sole and some leather lined. Just the shoe for the winter—at—

$2.95

Rubbers and Overshoes for all, at lowest prices.

Wieland Shoe Co.

PROFITABLE RUMMAGING CONTINUES THURSDAY!

The snow storm didn't put a damper on our third floor rummage sale today. As usual, people were waiting for the store to open, and we have had to put extra salespeople into all our third floor departments, in order that the crowds could be properly served.

Tomorrow, Thursday, will be the second third-floor day

and if you stayed away today, let nothing interfere with your attendance tomorrow. Most of the large RUMMAGE LOTS are just as good picking as when the sale started.

Drapery rummage.

½ for all remnants of curtain and drapery goods.

½ for a lot of plush and velour table covers.

5c per yard for your pick of odds and ends in fringes and cords that sold from 15c to 75c a yard.

Mattresses.

Ridiculous cut prices for a small number of fine hair mattresses slightly soiled. Here's your chance to get a real hair mattress that you have been wishing for so long.

Small rugs.

$1.48 for choice from a small lot of small rugs originally sold up to $3.50.

Blanket rummage.

Every pair that is at all soiled or mussed, from the cheap cotton ones to the finest wool, have Rummage prices on them that are delighting the wise women who came today. Get yours tomorrow.

Baby robes.

Make Your Babies Comfortable.

$1.95 will buy fur lambswool baby carriage robes originally up to $4.25.

Portieres.

½ for odd portiers of various kinds originally up to $14.75.

Satchels.

35c is all you need pay for choice from a lot of odds and ends of satchels or traveling bags originally up to 89c.

Sewing machines.

59c for Victor sewing machines—the little ones that attach to the table. They do good work—actual sewing. Closing out this "Victor" pattern on the 3rd floor. They originally sold at $2.75.

Harness.

Ridiculous prices on a few sets of single and double harness—we are going out of the harness business—that's why.

Horse goods.

If you own a horse, you owe it to yourself to take these goods away from us. You'll not get another such chance.

25c each, for a lot of horse collars combined with sweat pads.

98c for leather collars originally up to $2.75.

$1.98 for five collars, originally up to $4.50.

10c for choice of whips, worth up to $2.50.

Axle Grease and odd pieces of strap work, halters, etc., at ¼ wholesale prices.

Curtain rummage.

69c for odds and ends of lace curtains originally up to $2.50.

$1.48 for odd pairs of lace curtains originally up to $3.95.

$1.98 for odd pairs of lace curtains originally up to $5.50.

$4.95 for odd pairs of lace curtains originally up to $10.50.

$10.00 for a few pairs of fine ones originally up to $27.50.

Carpet rummage.

25c per yard for remnants of ingrains worth up to 75c a yard.

50c per yard for remnants of velvets, Axminsters, etc., worth up to $1.75.

10c per yard for remnants of mattings worth up to 35c.

25c per square yard for remnants of oil cloths and linoleums worth up to $1.25.

Wall papers.

Snaps still left in the odd lots. Good Rummaging for thrifty people.

1c for some double rolls worth up to 50c.

2c for some double rolls worth up to 25c.

5c to 99c for bunches of paper enough for from 1 to 3 rooms in a bunch.

10c for 40c and 25c cans of Neal's Enamels and Varnish Stains.

Picture rummage.

1c for one lot of pictures worth up to 15c.

5c for framed pictures worth up to 25c.

10c for framed photogravures worth up to 69c.

95c for genuine hand painted water colors — framed—originally up to $2.75.

5c to 50c for picture frames originally 35c to $1.00.

Smart Suits, Just Bought.

That's the kind of suits we offer you in the choice little lot our cloak buyer picked up in New York while placing orders for Spring goods. He certainly wouldn't have taken them unless they were the extra good values which they are.

Handsome English broadcloths, cheviots, serges and Panama cloths; jackets 24 to 50 inches long, fancy trimmed and satin lined; full pleated or gored skirts; the colors are black, navy, red and gray, and the sizes 32 to 42. Not one in the lot worth less than $45 and some worth $55. Some of the very best are left for the early comers Thursday morning. The price is only—

$19.50

Strictly up-to-date. The cloth alone is worth more than this price.

Alterations will be charged for according to amount of work required.

Ladies' Suits for $5.75 to $8.75.

We have a few complete tailored Suits left that we will sell at above prices; You can readily see that it's giving them away, for these prices wouldn't half pay for the cloth in some of them.

Original prices of these suits were up to $32.50. Now will you come and take your pick—if we can fit you?

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Dressing Sacque Snap.

Thursday morning we give you a new rummage bargain. Beautiful eiderdown dressing sacques that sold up to $3.98 — all colors — embroidery, silk, applique, ribbon and crochet trimmed—your pick of the lot for. **$1.89**

AMASSING OF WEALTH

Not What It's Cracked Up to Be, Says Shevlin.

Says Boys Should be Limited to Small Yearly Income.

Interviewed on the subject of "The Self-Made Father of a College-Made Son," in the St. Paul Trade Journal, Thomas H. Shevlin, head of the Shevlin-Carpenter Lumber company of Minneapolis, propounds sound advice, admits startling sentiments for one so successful and introduces a droll humor that makes him a most interesting philosopher.

When "Tom" Shevlin is introduced, it means to two-thirds of the city's population one of the most prosperous examples of self-made men in the whole Northwest; to the other third, the followers of sport records, the name might suggest that some new athletic triumph, or petty romance, has been added to the long list of achievements of the strenuous big son of the founder of the fortune.

"What's the use?" is the favorite expression of the man—now 54—who started, when a boy, as a day laborer in a lumber yard, and has since amassed a fortune of some twelve or fifteen millions. The mad struggle for wealth wearies him. He says people will go ahead lambasting coporate ownership until they will stir up a panic and revive the dollar-and-a-quarter days. He does not like that. He'd rather pay twice that, for he believes cheap wages make cheap men and he can make more with $2.50 men than he did when he paid only $1.25. It's a hard tight to scale the ladder, and then a man dies. How completely, utterly a man is wiped out when he dies," Mr. Shevlin reflects.

All that causes Mr. Shevlin to question if it's worth while, and his conclusion is negative. He says the man who gets the fortune is "cussed" for having it and wealth becomes, in the common mind, evidence that a man is crooked. Again he remarks, "What's the use?"

"Now, I'll tell you what," Mr. Shevlin is quoted as saying, "I am through trying to correct false impressions. The public doesn't want to be corrected. I'm through trying to direct legislation that is aimed at me. I am in favor of all legislation that it passed for correcting evils. I was told that a bill had been introduced providing that lumber must all be sawed an inch thick for inch boards. I didn't hustle up to the capitol to head it off. I told them to go ahead; that I would give $5,000 to see the bill passed. I would keep one mill going sawing lumber for Minnesota and ship the rest of the product out of the state. The law would keep the other fellows out.

"And I am in favor of restrictive legislation. They can't pass too much of it for me. When the smash comes I don't expect to be down and out. And I am really in favor of an inheritance tax. That is the only way to collect taxes from the rich. Wealth is not tangible enough for the tax gatherer, when the owner is alive. And I'm not sure it wouldn't be better for the sons of rich men if they were compelled to get along on a limited income—say $5,000. If they knew they never could get more, it would teach them to economize.

"There is that boy of mine. He is twenty-two and spends—." The sum mentioned has at least four figures, and would keep an average family in good circumstances. "He does it decently, without drinking or gambling. Now a boy must be educated up to that. When I look at the bill of fare I read the prices. I doubt if he ever gets beyond the name and only knows the price when he sees the check.

"The fact that we are getting up a class of men and women that knows what to do with leisure and money doesn't help us fellows who are accumulating money. I can't get away from this desk. Here is where I belong and here I relax myself by making more money that I don't want and don't know what to do with. Go away and rest? Why, when I get away to rest I begin to look up transportation back. A man must be educated up to a fine point in leisurely life before he can spend money so that he can enjoy it. Buy a yacht? What's the use? I want my own people to associate with. Take a bunch of them with me? Yes, and every cuss would desert the ship at the first port we touched and chase himself back to his office in Minneapolis.

"Now, I am not worrying about dying disgracefully rich or any of that rot, but I am not going to try any such foolishness as to engage in a discussion which might enlighten the public or correct the public attitude toward the rich.

"And as to what the public thinks of me, that is nothing. After all, if we stand right with the people whose regard we care for—our friends and neighbors—what difference does it make about the rest? And if I could change the attitude of the man whom I know not at all and who is going about declaring that I am a son-of-a-gun, I would not try to do it. He wouldn't change his opinion if he was convinced. He would just stop hollering—and I don't care about him anyway."

STILL ON TRIAL.

Collyred Damage Suit Occupying Judge Morris' Attention.

In United States court before Judge Morris, the suit of Joseph Collyred against the Drake & Stratton company for personal damages is still on trial. The defense is putting in its testimony and expects to be through this afternoon, after which the case will be given to the jury.

Following the Collyred case the McCutcheon-Powers difference is scheduled. Whether or not Mr. Hollister for the plaintiff will be ready for the trial to come up then is not yet known. He has promised to indicate the condition to the court, but has not yet done so.

The suit of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company against the Johnson Mercantile company of Grand Marais has been settled and dismissed. This was a suit for a balance due on a bill of goods.

Smith Wins Race.

In the race at the Central ice rink last evening between Ed Smith and Antonle, the ice runner, the first heat was won by Antonle, Smith slipping on the corner and running into the side of the rink.

The second heat was won by Smith, Antonle claiming to have sprained his ankle turning a corner in the last lap. He was unable to continue.

The race was not under the auspices of the rink, the ice being chartered by by Antonle and Smith.

Mental Accuracy

Comes up when

Grape-Nuts

IS THE FOOD.

"There's a Reason."

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

All Hope for Men Shut Up in Mine is Abandoned.

Calumet—All hope for the men shut up in the burning portion of the Tamarack mine was abandoned Tuesday. The company sealed the mouth of three shafts connected with the burning mines, Numbers 1, 2 and 5 being covered with planks at the surface and the crevices filled with clay. In this manner ventilation will be cut off when the fire exhausts the oxygen in the air and the gases will smother the flames. Lanterns lowered in No. 2 shaft Tuesday, went out near the surface, whereas Monday they remained lighted to a depth of 2,000 feet. This indicates that the fire has taken a turn for the worse.

Wells—Arthur St. Cyr, aged 22 years, was killed while engaged in unloading logs at Wells. His body was crushed by logs rolling over it, and death occurred fifteen minutes after the accident. He was a single man and his home was in Escanaba.

Escanaba—The following upper peninsula postmasters have been appointed: Thomas H. Barnum, Iron River; Henry W. Coburn, Escanaba; Ross Leighton, Newberry. In two cases, it is said, the present incumbents were applicants for reappointment, but failed to win out. At Escanaba, M. J. Ryan, the present occupant of the office, has lately taken the position of credit man with the National Grocery company. W. J. Blair has been postmaster at Iron River.

Iron River—L. F. McGillis, father of Mrs. J. M. Crippen of Iron River was painfully burned last week by a fire which destroyed Dan Barnett's house, north of town, where he had been stopping for some time. Before going to the village in the afternoon he filled the heating stove with green chunks. On returning, he opened up the draft, and went out to take care of his horse. When he returned to the house he noticed smoke coming through the door and windows, and mistrusted that something was wrong. He opened the door quickly, and as he did so a flame of fire struck him in the face and he fell over backward. He was quite badly burned about the face. The building and all its contents, including all of Mr. McGillis' clothes, were destroyed.

LETS JOY BE UNCONFINED.

Host Keeps From Guests Death of Gardener in Explosion.

Greenwich, Conn., Jan. 17.—Assured that an explosion which had shaken the house was only a trivial affair, the guests of Charles H. Mallory at Bryam Shore continued their merriment. It was several hours later that they learned that in the explosion James Mackey, Mr. Mallory's head gardener, had lost his life, and that several thousand dollars' worth of damage had been done.

Mr. Mallory, who is the head of the steamship line of that name, and his brothers, Henry and George, have a large estate at Bryam Shore, near those of Joseph Milbank and Chauncey Anderson. The three are fond of flowers and landscape gardener, and scattered over their property are greenhouses and heating apparatus for them. The houses and stables are lighted by electricity, but there is a substitute, an acetylene gas plant, about 350 feet from Charles Mallory's residence. This is only used in case of emergency.

Mr. Mallory had a score of friends from New York and Brooklyn for a house party and they had just begun to play when the explosion came. The acetylene tank had blown up.

The detonation was heard for five miles. It shattered every glass in the greenhouses on the estate and the windows on one side of the home of Charles Mallory. It blew a servant off his feet and brought the guests from their seats. Mackey's body was found 100 feet from the explosion by his wife, who had gone in search of him. Mr. Mallory immediately sent for the proper authorities and medical assistance, but decided not to alarm his guests, who had been frightened at first by the explosion.

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous and troubled mentality, upsets the entire physical system. The body is a net-work of nerves. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and rebuilds the entire system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

Snow Shovels

Keep your sidewalks clean. By doing so you keep in the good graces of your fellow citizens.

SHOVELING SNOW is splendid exercise and brings the bloom of youth back to your faces.

The right kinds of snow shovels can be found here and at the right prices.

500 snow shovels, steel tipped, bent or straight blade with straight handles; made of selected woods—

Price 25c each.

We have better ones at 29c and 39c. Other houses ask 39c and 49c. When you buy such goods here you buy them right.

Steel sidewalk cleaners or scrapers, **29c.**

All kinds of steel shovels for snow, barn or furnace use—

35c and up

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT



DENTISTRY

By the Alveolus Method.

Originated and Used Only By Us.

There is no longer any necessity for false teeth. Loose and sore teeth are made firm and strong for years. All dental work is accomplished in one-half the ordinary time and without pain.

Our success is due to the high grade work done by us. The test of time tells. Ask our patients everywhere what they think of our work. Our prices are no combination and within reach of all, and are for the very best guaranteed work.

Gold Crowns ..... $5 and $6
Porcelain $5
Silver fillings 75c
Full Set Teeth ..... $5 up

LEE & TURLEY,

(Over Folz.) 114-16 WEST SUPERIOR STREET. Open Evenings.
Other offices—Minneapolis, Sioux City, Omaha.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT?

Though a citizen of the United States, I am of foreign birth, and it is a perpetual wonder to me how the people of this country, the only country on earth where the franchise is universal, and where freedom is so absolute, have suffered themselves to be downtrodden and oppressed almost as much as the people of any absolute monarchy in Europe. I don't blame the trusts; if I had been in their places I might have done the same thing. I blame the people, who have permitted this condition to come about.

These words of an intelligent workingman of Duluth, addressed to The Herald, are worth thinking about. It is true that the machinery of government in this country provides for the fullest freedom. The control of affairs is entirely in the hands of the people. All men, rich and poor alike, have votes, and the poor man's vote is as good and as powerful as the rich man's vote. Yet in spite of this the vast majority of the people are much worse off than they ought to be, and a large minority are ever so much better off than they have any right to be.

What has brought this condition about? What have the people been doing with their ballots that the large concerns whose interests are hostile to those of the people should have so much power and can use it so shamelessly?

For one thing, they have been wasting their ballots, a large part of them, in permitting themselves to be deluded into using them for the benefit of a party instead of for the benefit of their country and themselves. Blind partisanship has been the parent of many existing evils. If a voter saw a condition that should be remedied, and went to his party leaders to see about it, they told him they knew it was not just right, but for the sake of the party it would have to be overlooked for the present, because the beneficiaries from the injustice were large contributors to the party campaign funds, and if anything was done they would become resentful and withdraw their contributions. So the citizen, taught to adore his party above his country, has swallowed his convictions and voted once more against his own interests.

Partisanship has been used to pull the wool over the eyes of the American people. If they had insisted upon party rectitude, and rebuked their party by an adverse vote every time it failed to serve their interests, they would still govern. Instead, by blindly idolizing a party they have turned the reins of government over to bosses who have in turn, for their own personal profit, turned them over to the large interests. Now these large interests sit behind the government and loudly protest against any attempt to curb their arrogant demands.

The remedy, as Governor Johnson pointed out in his recent speech before the Minnesota Municipal league, is an enlightened use of the ballot. Let the people, by using the ballot in their own interests instead of in the interests of their party or a pack of party bosses, use it to restore to their own hands, where it belongs, the government of the nation.

THE INHERITANCE TAX.

State Auditor Iverson has sent out circulars of instruction to county officers on the inheritance tax law which has just been upheld by the state supreme court, and in them there is information of interest to the public.

It is made clear, for one thing, that the tax does not apply to estates in gross, and that it applies only to the distributive shares into which the estate is divided. For instance, if John Doe died leaving an estate of $45,000, with but one heir, the tax would apply to all over $10,000 of the bequest, or $35,000. However, if there were five heirs, each receiving $9,000, there would be no tax, because each inheritance would fall below the $10,000 exemption. If he left $75,000, with legacies of $1,000 each to ten persons and the remainder, $65,000, to one person, there would be a tax of 3 per cent on $55,000 of the $65,000 so received, and none on the ten small legacies. In short, the tax is assessed only upon the amount in excess of $10,000 for each inheritance.

The law is not retroactive, of course, and since the bill was signed by the governor April 19, 1905, and became effective then, it applies only to the estates of persons whose death has occurred since that date. The tax becomes a lien upon the estate upon the death of the decedent, and is payable one year from such death. To parcel out one's estate, in anticipation of death, would not exempt the gifts from tax, since the law uses the word "gifts" in such a manner as to clearly cover such transactions.

Since the tax goes to the state, the law is another step toward the separation of state taxes from local taxes. Ultimately, it is hoped that the entire state tax may be raised from other sources than the real and personal property tax, so that there shall then be no direct state tax. In that event each locality will be able to arrange its assessment and taxation devices according to its own needs and desires.

THE MOROCCO SQUABBLE.

The conference of the powers over the Morocco question has been awaited with great interest by all the world, because of the possibility that a failure to bring about an agreement between France and Germany may result in war. This contingency is improbable, however, since the very fact that there is danger of war will lead to great precautions on both sides against it.

Germany, with an eye to her foreign trade, is trying to keep Morocco from falling under French control, since if it becomes a French province Germany fears that France will impose tariff restrictions that would give French merchants a monopoly of the trade of Northwest Africa. The probability of French control arises from the fact that France now holds Algeria and Tunis, adjoining Morocco on the east, and is, therefore, naturally interested in developing trade between the three and in suppressing the conditions of disorder that exist under the reigning sultan of Morocco. France maintains 70,000 troops in Northern Africa, and if they were sent into Morocco to quiet the disorders, France would be in a position to claim control.

Morocco is an absolute monarchy, subject to restrictions imposed by a convention of the principal European powers and the United States in a congress at Madrid in 1880. This agreement, besides regulating property rights and giving the powers jurisdiction over their subjects in Morocco, provides for equality of trade privileges.

Since France is likely to claim a special interest in Morocco because of its relations with Algeria, and Germany is certain to claim that its interests are equal to those of the French, there is a nice chance for disagreement, and it will take the greatest caution and the utmost deliberation to prevent a serious falling out over the conference. The United States will be represented at the conference of the powers by the ambassador to Italy and the minister to Morocco, but it will not take an active part unless some unforeseen contingency should make it necessary. It is reported that it will favor the German view of the situation.

From all this it may be imagined that the Morocco trade is worth while, and it is, though more because of its prospects than because of its present state. The total trade is now only about $20,000,000 a year, but the country is capable of immense development.

MARSHALL FIELD.

In the passing of Marshall Field, the merchant prince of Chicago, death has removed from the fields of his activities perhaps the most striking figure in the business world. In many respects, he typified the American business man—far seeing, solid, conservative yet venturing his money in wise speculations founded upon his belief in the future, public-spirited, progressive, basing his business methods not on what others had done, but striking out for himself along new paths which are better than the old.

Marshall Field was a self-made man of the best type. A farmer's boy, educated in the common schools, he entered business as a clerk at the age of 17. His capacity for business showed itself at an early date, and when he went to Chicago he proved his right to partnership in the wholesale drygoods firm of Cooley, Wadsworth & Co. after only four years' service as an employe. In 1865, five years after he became a partner, he and Levi Z. Leiter withdrew, and associating themselves with Potter Palmer they organized the firm of Field, Palmer & Leiter. Mr. Palmer withdrew in 1867 and Mr. Leiter in 1881, when the world famed house of Marshall Field & Co. was established. It became the greatest concern of its sort in the world, with a mammoth wholesale house and a retail establishment that is a model to the world, and with numerous branches in Europe and Asia.

It was the Marshall Field methods that created this great business enterprise. Marshall Field and his business house grew up with Chicago and the West. He saw with that insight or instinct, call it whatever you will, which makes the successful fortune-founder, the future of the West and Chicago. Early in the history of the city he began to place his profits in Chicago real estate, much as the founder of the Astor fortunes acquired Manhattan real estate, and a large portion of his fortune, which is estimated all the way from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000, is due to the growth in value of these holdings of real property. His investments covered a wide area, and at one time he was a director in the Minnesota Iron company, the meetings of which brought him to Duluth on several occasions.

He was one of the few very rich men of America upon whom no taint of fraud or oppression of the people has ever rested. The growth of his fortune was due almost entirely to his enlightened business methods, and to the fact that he backed up his faith in Chicago's future by putting his earnings into Chicago property. Therefore his riches grew not through the squeezing of painful dollars from the necessities of the common people, but through the normal, legitimate growth in value of the property he acquired, and through the accumulation of legitimate profits which his business methods earned him.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The best way to keep your friends is not to lend them any money.

* * *

The good die young, but most of us need not worry on that account.

* * *

The European dogs of war are growling over the Morocco bone.

* * *

Will winter kindly continue to do its duty while the curlers are in town?

* * *

The ruling power in the United States senate might be called an oiligarchy.

* * *

"Plough deep while sluggards sleep," Poor Richard's advice, has been well heeded by the trusts.

* * *

"Three removes are as bad as a fire," but that does not apply to the McCall, McCurdy and Hyde case.

* * *

There is a fresh influx of announcements of candidacy for Republican nominations for state offices.

* * *

And now Harvard has abolished football, at least till it can be overhauled and subjected to civilizing reforms.

* * *

Boosters build while knockers tear down. A town full of boosters can't be headed off except by changing the boosters to knockers.

* * *

The people have been drugged by partisanship into somnolent submission to the encroachments of the "specially privileged," but they are coming to.

* * *

This is to be Duluth's best year and every citizen can help make it better by putting his shoulder to the wheel of progress.

* * *

In picking out your strong men to send to the legislature from Northern Minnesota, be sure they are strong for state drainage, good roads and the settlement of public lands.

* * *

The resolution requesting Chauncey M. Depew to resign his membership was beaten 34 to 1 in the New York senate. Evidently these state senators know how it is themselves.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"Many cities through the country, especially those in the West, have taken up the subject of municipal improvements and are carrying the work ahead," said Charles E. Smith of Chicago at the McKay. "Cleveland has gone ahead on a scheme that involves the expenditure of $13,000,000 in the civic center alone. This includes the creation of a mall, with the public buildings grouped around it, and a union railroad station at the head, so that visitors when they arrive in the city will get an excellent impression from first sight of the town.

"Western cities, more particularly those in the Middle West, or a little east of the Middle West, are going ahead and will probably outstrip the Easterners before they get through with it. They show more enterprise and a greater liberality in their views in respect to public improvements, and their opportunities are greater because of the comparative newness.

"It is sometimes the cities that take the longest time to work out a plan, however, that get the best results in the end. Edinburgh, now one of the most beautiful of cities, adopted a plan sixty years ago, and I undersand it is not entirely worked out yet. The founders of a town very seldom have an eye to the future, so far as beauty is concerned, and the result is an unnecessary expenditure of a vast amount of extra money when the time arrives for beautifying the city. If the starters of a town on a site where there is likely to spring up a great city would have a little forethought, and try to please the eye as well as the pocketbook, it would be better for all concerned.

"There is a striking lack of this forethought, especially in some towns of the West, that have grown up in such a hurry that the business men in them haven't had time to even think of anything beautiful. The dollar occupies the whole of their vision, until some man with different tastes calls their attention to the fact that their home town is behind the times, in that it is offensive to the eye, besides being inconveniently laid out in many respects.

"By that time, though, these same promoters have most of them made enough money to spend small fortunes in the desired improvements, where $100 in the same direction would have come a good deal harder fifteen or twenty years before. It is money first and beauty afterwards with them."

* * *

"Prospects for a good passenger business on the Western railroads during the year 1906 are excellent," said C. C. Carpenter of Minneapolis, traveling passenger agent of the Santa Fe road, at the Spalding. "Last year was a good one, and this season will be another to gladden the hearts of the railway officials.

"The matter of free transportation in connection with railroads is just now occupying a prominent position in the public eye. The ideal of some railway managers and of a few ethical reformers, which is to be realized only in the absolute equality of all men in the matter of railway transportation, everybody paying the same as everybody else, and nobody riding without having paid cash down, has not yet been reached, although a notable start has been made in that direction.

"A short time ago all the roads belonging to the Trunk Line association agreed that no free transportation schould be issued after Dec. 31, 1905. As to just what was meant by free transportation there appears to have been some slight difference of opinion. But on the general proposition that no passes or tickets shall be issued gratuitously for the purpose of influencing legislation or securing the favor of any public official, or for influencing the movement of railway traffic in any form, the lines are agreed and are acting on their agreement.

"Outside of the trunk line territory no such agreement has been made, but there appears to be a general determination to cut out the use of transportation for influencing business."

* * *

At the McKay: Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Leach, Cloquet; F. S. Monroe, Chicago; H. J. Gole, Chisholm, Minn.; W. Froland, Crookston, W. J. Jennison, Minneapolis; D. P. McIntyre, Eveleth; L. R. Erickson, Bertha Shea, Two Harbors; F. Ingalls, A. Haas, Jamestown; G. J. O'Connor, Two Harbors; P. E. Fletcher, Cloquet; W. H. Gary, S. H. Nelson, E. E. Jones, Milwaukee; T. Ivens, Sioux City, Iowa; N. Ellis, C. L. Weis, La Crosse, Wis.; J. H. Chisholm, Cloquet; M. H. Townsend, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Spalding: H. H. Osborn, Chicago; H. Thompson, F. B. Rowland, C. F. Poehler, C. A. Fitch, Minneapolis; C. E. Fralley, Minneapolis; H. Bartian, St. Paul; A. E. Klehn, East Lake, Ohio; L. J. Gechesend, Canton, Ohio; C. L. Whitney, New Haven, Conn.; J. P. Kelly, Charleston; W. A. Hoggoth, Idaho Springs; Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Monroe, Chicago; E. Lindeman, Hibbing; N. P. Flodin, Marquette; J. H. McLean, Ironwood, Mich.; J. F. Nelson, Cloquet; T. Gill, Virginia; C. T. Fairbairn, Virginia; F. B. Smith, B. Moeller, W. W. Watherson, Cleveland; W. C. Pfeffer, Chicago.

* * *

At the Lenox: N. McPhee, Two Harbors; E. L. Farrington, Winnebago, Minn. H. Robinson, Chicago; H. D. Gee, Minneapolis; J. N. Ingraham, Sandstone, Minn.; J. Johnson, Port Wing, Wis.; O. M. Benson, G. O. Hawley, Minneapolis; C. Fiegler, Milwaukee; F. F. Levan, St. Paul; F. C. Horn, Oshkosh, Wis.; E. Stromwall, Forreston, Minn.; W. B. Woodward, Two Harbors; J. Gavon, Ashland; A. W. Rankin, Minneapolis; C. Clayton, Columbus, Ohio; T. B. Cram, Chicago; H. J. Credicott, St. Paul; G. G. Gillett, Winthrop, N. Y.; Mrs. E. R. Fetch, Two Harbors; R. E. Paul, Minneapolis; C. W. Cobb, Green Bay; C. Mattson, Ashland; H. A. Sundberg, C. C. Carpenter, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the St. Louis: A. W. Lounsbery, T. H. Simmons, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; H. A. Rider, Little Falls, Minn.; J. D. Sibhald, Revelstoke, B. C.; Mrs. O. Burger, H. McGuire, Minneapolis; C. M. Makenzie, Sparta, Minn.; W. Luger, Ashland; A. Hunter, D. Holden, O. Budd, J. D. Budd, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. M. Larson, Eveleth; J. D. McCormick, Rush City, Minn.; F. W. Tufts, Cass Lake; W. J. Cowan, Hibbing; G. N. Good, Winton, Minn.; E. L. Colvey, Pine City, Minn.; J. Boyle, Minneapolis; E. Niles, Oconto, Wis.; Mrs. F. J. Files and daughter, Oconto, Wis.; W. H. Smith, Cleveland; A. J. Connolley, Hibbing; F. L. Underhill, Winton, Minn.; O. E. Erickson, Crookston; Mr. and Mrs. W. S. McCracken, Two Harbors; D. J. Mahoney, St. Paul; S. C. Carter, Jr., Deer River, Minn.; F. B. Rossom, Virginia.

A Good Law.

Chicago Record-Herald: The case of the children who were awarded $17,500 against three saloonkeepers who sold liquor to their father directs attention to a very comprehensive act of the legislature, which we will quote in part:

"Every husband, wife, child, parent, guardian, employer or other person, who shall be injured in person or property or means of support, by any intoxicated person, or in consequence of the intoxication, habitual or otherwise, of any person, shall have a right of action in his or her name, severally or jointly, against any person or persons who shall, by selling or giving intoxicating liquors, have caused the intoxication in whole or in part of such person or persons."

Damages may be recovered against the vendor and also against "any person owning, renting, leasing or permitting the occupation of any building or premises, and having knowledge that intoxicating liquors are to be sold therein, or who, having leased the same for other purposes, shall knowingly permit therein the sale of any intoxicating liquors that have caused in whole or in part the intoxication of any person."

Probably we shall hear much more of the law now that it has been enforced in such an exemplary manner, and all those who may be caught by it had better give it their careful study. They may feel certain that where the wrong is proved the damages cannot be too heavy to please the vast majority of their fellow citizens.

The President's Measure.

Chicago Tribune: It deserves to be recorded that a Methodist audience vigorously applauded a distinguished preacher in this city last Sunday evening when he said of President Roosevelt that $50,000 a year was a beggarly salary to pay a man who was "worth more than any half dozen kings on earth."

THE WEATHER

"Now we're getting it," said Mr. Kicker, as he poked his gloomy countenance out of doors this morning and wrinkled up his nose in discontent. "A regular, old-fashioned blizzard, and it will probably keep up for two or three days. Didn't I tell you this climate wasn't fit to live in?" Yet Mr. Kicker has been dolefully protesting all winter that the mild weather was unseasonable and unhealthy, and that everybody would be sick if there was not some real winter weather pretty soon.

It was cold this morning, almost too cold to make snow likely, but it came just the same, and came harder every minute during the forenoon, pushed by a brisk wind from the northeast. The lowest temperature last night was 2 deg. above and the highest yesterday was 12 deg. The weather man says there will be snow tonight and tomorrow, and warmer weather tonight, with temperature between 15 and 20 deg. tomorrow morning. Brisk easterly winds will change to high westerly tomorrow, and it will be colder tomorrow afternoon. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The storm that has just passed over the lake region is central this morning over the St. Lawrence valley. The British Columbia storm has moved its center to Northeastern Montana, causing warmer weather in all districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains. Both these disturbances caused more or less snow in extreme Northern districts Tuesday or last night and rain along the Pacific coast. It is colder in states east of the Mississippi river, with high pressures in the Carolinas. Some zero weather still prevails in Manitoba and Saskatchewan. The Montana disturbance will likely cause considerable snowfall in this locality today, tonight and Thursday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	52	Medicine Hat	6
Atlanta	38	Miles City	18
Battleford	—6	Milwaukee	14
Bismarck	4	Minnedosa	—10
Boston	36	Modena	32
Buffgomery	28	Montgomery	40
Calgary	8	Moorhead	—2
Charleston	42	New Orleans	56
Chicago	16	New York	34
Cincinnati	28	Norfolk	40
Davenport	16	Northfield	30
Denver	20	North Platte	32
Detroit	24	Oklahoma	46
Devils Lake	—6	Omaha	18
Dodge	32	Phoenix	42
Duluth	2	Pierre	20
Edmonton	0	Pittsburg	26
El Paso	30	Port Arthur	6
Escanaba	18	Portland	34
Galveston	56	Prince Albert	—10
Green Bay	8	Qu'Appelle	0
Havre	18	Rapid City	32
Helena	24	St. Louis	34
Houghton	18	St. Paul	4
Huron	4	San Francisco	46
Jacksonville	50	Santa Fe	26
Kamloops	32	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Kansas City	32	Shreveport	46
Knoxville	32	Spokane	34
La Crosse	8	Swift Current	0
Lander	28	Washington	34
Little Rock	44	Williston	6
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	28
Marquette	14	Winnipeg	—6

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Jan. 17.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Thursday: Duluth, Superior and Vicinity: Snow tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight with temperature between 15 and 20 deg. Thursday morning. Colder Thursday afternoon and night. Brisk easterly winds shifting to high westerly Thursday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Snow or possibly rain tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight. Colder in west portion Thursday.

Minnesota—Snow tonight and Thursday. Warmer in southeast, colder in northwest portions tonight. Colder Thursday.

South Dakota—Partly cloudy and colder tonight and Thursdya.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Baltimore American: She—I am sorry, Mr. Jones, that I cannot accept your affection.

He—Then all you have to do, my dear madam, is to return it.

Cleveland Leader: The Bride—Oh, George, mother has been c-c-cruel to me! I made some biscuits for you and she s-s-said I'd better try them on the dog first!

The Groom—Very nasty of her. And I thought she was so fond of dogs, too.

Philadelphia Press: Casey—The docthor sez what I have is "insomny."

Cassidy—Oh, shure, Oi've had thot trouble mesel' an' there's only wan cure fur it.

Casey—What's thot? What d'ye do?

Cassidy—Jisht go to sleep an' furgit all about it.

Puck: "Well," replied the up-to-date manager, after a moment's thought, "I don't see why we shouldn't be ready to open in two weeks. Another rehearsal or two will give our star a good grip on her new mannerism and after that there's nothing left but to write a play around it. Two weeks, I should say, at the outside."

Philadelphia Ledger: The senator had been arrested for felony, but resented the suggestion of resigning.

"Why!" he exclaimed, "amputate myself from a salary just when there's no chance for grafting? I may be crooked, but I'm not daft."

So all they could do was to bounce him from the committees.

Washington Star: "Were you annoyed while on the witness stand?"

"Slightly," answered the great corporation magnate. "The judge and one or two other people in the court room seemed to think they were quite as important as myself."

The Bravest Battle.

The bravest battle that ever was fought,
Shall I tell you where and when?
On the maps of the world you will find it not;
'Twas fought by the mother of men.

Nay, not with a cannon or battle shot,
With sword or nobler pen;
Nay, not with eloquent words or thought,
From mouths of wonderful men;

But deep in a walled-up woman's heart—
Of woman that would not yield,
But bravely, silently bore her part—
Lo, there was the battlefield.

No marshaling troops, no bivouac song
No banner to gleam and wave;
But, oh! these battles, they last so long,
From babyhood to the grave.

Yet faithful still as a bridge of stars,
She fights in her walled-up town—
Fights on and in the endless wars,
Then silent, unseen—goes down.

Oh, ye with banners and battle shot,
And soldiers to shout and praise,
I tell you the kingliest victories fought
Were fought in these silent ways.

Oh, spotless woman in a world of shame!
With a splendid and silent scorn,
Go back to God as white as you came,
The kingliest warrior born!

—JOAQUIN MILLER.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: The best thing to give color to a girl's lips is a man's.

More money is wasted trying to invent things to save it than in any other way.

To be engaged and then not get married makes a girl kind of shopworn for next time.

The way mother used to make things to eat depended a lot on the appetite her children had.

The Courteous Conductor.

"Oh, lady fair!"
His voice rang out,
"Oh, lady, fare!
Or else get out."

—Yale Record.

The Foolkiller's Vacation.

The fools begin to multiply;
This weather is, we note,
Too warm to skate near danger signs,
Too cold to rock the boat.

—New York Sun.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1885.

***L. O. Wile and H. C. Kendall will go to St. Paul tonight. They will read signs there until Monday.

***Cards have been issued announcing the wedding of Samuel Russell, formerly of Duluth, to Miss Logan, of St. Louis.

***The dance at the West End hotel on Tuesday was well attended. It is not stated that Messrs. Armstrong, Cullen and Butchart, the recent aldermanic rivals, danced in the same set, but jollity was the order of the night. To this dance came people from Superior, West Superior and Brainerd, including Frank Stewart, McCabe, Wesley Young, A. McPherson, Green, H. M. Wood and E. A. Colnon.

***C. L. Catlin returned from St. Paul this morning.

***J. W. Foley of the Northern Pacific Refrigerator company, who has been in the city for several days past, left yesterday for Helena and Bismarck.

***J. N. Quinby of Quinby & Tulloch, left this morning for Boston. He will be absent until March, during which time he will purchase the latest improved machinery for the granite works here.

***The following real estate transfers have been recorded:

Michael Fink to A. Ebner, lots 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, in block 132, Third division, $200.

Michael Fink to James S. Farreber, all of fractional block 129, Third division, $180.

James A. Stevens to Della S. Monroe, part of lot 112, block 22, Third division, $500.

Eva Taylor and William W. Taylor to Charles N. Parkhurst, lots 147, 149, block 43, Third division, $500.

H. H. Hawkins to Charles M. Parkhurst, lots 88, 91, 95, block 95, Third division, $900.

***There will be great fun at the masquerade ball of the Duluth Turners' society on the 25th inst. The committee announces that it has "secured the attendance of all nations of the globe from the North to the South pole. The crowned heads of Europe have expressed a desire to be with us, and if for any reason, such as disharmony in the family, they cannot attend, each one will have a duly accredited representative."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Chisholm Herald: State Treasurer Block has his eye on the governorship, and he is wandering around over the state interviewing the people as to matters and things in a gubernatorial way, seeking to discover as to whether the lightning is likely to strike him. We are afraid that he has not found anything very hopeful thus far and that his candidacy is doomed to die a-bornin'.

Grand Rapids Independent: We want all kinds of drainage up this way and would willingly part with plenty of water to drench the whole cactus-scourged Southwest and not require a cent in return from the government.

Ely Miner: Fourteen more have been mentioned for governor since the beginning of the year and yet there are more to follow. The names of candidates alphabetically arranged will make quite a list.

Moorhead Independent: If there is anything else that Rockefeller would like someone ought to pass the hat and buy it for him.

Hutchinson Leader: That "laugh and the world laughs with you, weep and you weep alone" is good enough in rhyme, but is not entirely true. It's our experience that whether you're sad or glad the feeling that possesses you is transmitted.

Mankato Free Press: Whatever else may be said of him, James J. Hill is regarded by everyone as a level-headed and practical business man, and his remarks in regard to reciprocity come from honest convictions. He knows whereof he speaks, and his views are not founded upon theories, but are the result of long experience in the world of commerce.

Warroad Plaindealer: It is really amusing, the way two or three newspapers are trying to make it appear that J. F. Jacobson was always in favor of drainage. It's of no use, boys; the people of the North know Jacobson's record and know where to find it. The men who sat in the legislature with him, from the northern part of the state, and who labored for drainage, know who fought them.

Hawley Herald: Throwing aside all political feeling, no one can dispute the fact that John A. Johnson has made a good governor. He has been honest and eminently fair in all his official dealings, and the flaw pickers have had little or nothing to do.

Red Wing Republican: Revolutions never go backward. Out of all the tragedy, desolation and death today there will emerge a better Russia.

Minneota Mascot: The last decade has seen a most marked improvement in the country press of this state. Few states can boast a better class of rural newspapers than Minnesota.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The enemies you make by being right are as much a compliment to you as the friends you gain. It is the man who goes right ahead doing his duty that is complimented by the right kind of enemies and the right kind of friends.

Blunders by Foreigners.

A writer in the Boston Transcript recalls some amusing blunders foreigners make in using English. A Hungarian journalist, leading up to an account of an earthquake, told how merrily the evening had passed. Just before the crash came the ladies had retired to their rooms, whereas "we man was remaining in the coffee." A French dressmaker advertised her work as "grand, elegant and swell." A polite and sympathetic lap wrote: "I'm rather sorry you have been so ill," and a Parisian lady asked to be recommended as a teacher of French, and added, with exquisite naivete, "I am not obliged to earn my life, but want to have too strings to my arc." An excited Italian, when he had sent a manuscript with a page missing, wrote: "If anything like this happens again, notify me suddenly." These infelicities recall also the Mexican diplomat at Washington who affably remarked: "Your climate in Buffalo is wat you call deeficoolt—eh?"

Helped His Daughter Elope.

Providence Journal: "The late Bishop Thomas Frederick Davies of Detroit," said a Detroit man, "once told me an interesting story of an elopement. He figured in this elopement as the officiating clergyman. It was in Philadelphia, during his rectorship of St. Peter's.

"It seems that the proprietor of one of the largest dry goods houses in Philadelphia had noticed for some months the melancholy attitude of his head clerk, a young man whom he held in high regard.

"The clerk's pallor and increasing leanness, his frequent sighs and absentmindedness, worried the millionaire proprietor. He questioned the young man daily. And finally the clerk admitted that he was in love.

"'Well,' said the head, 'marry her. Your salary is big enough.'

"'Ah,' said the clerk, sadly, 'you don't understand. She belongs to one of the first families of Philadelphia, and her father is a millionaire.'

"'Well, maybe he wasn't when he married. You have a good position and a good name. You are a fair match for any girl,' said the other.

"'It's no use,' sighed the clerk. 'Her parents wouldn't listen to me for one moment.'

"'Then,' said the head, 'elope with her.'

"'Do you advise that?' the clerk asked excitedly.

"'Certainly I do. Is she—— Do I know her?'

"'Yes. She will be at your dance at Devon, tomorrow night.'

"'Well, see here,' said the head, 'I'll have my coachman out in front of my gate at 9:30. Rush the girl off into town and marry her. I'll arrange with a clergyman for you.'

"'By Jove,' said the clerk, 'I'll do it!'

"And he did. The next night Dr. Davies performed the ceremony, and an hour or two later the millionaire found his daughter missing and was telegraphing in every direction to the young couple to come home and all would be forgiven."

Epigrams from the Big Fork.

A. M. Greeley in Ripple Compass: A light purse maketh a heavy heart.

The party whip has lost its cracker.

Talk, when it is cheap, is never as cheap as the talker.

To properly feel for the poor, one must feel for the pocketbook.

Ten years ago it was free silver. The issue of 1906 will be tainted gold.

The roar of the grafter proclaiming his innocence is drowned by the slamming of lids in towns and cities.

In politics the best man is the one who can swing the most votes. The best man is often the worst citizen.

BOOSTING NORTHERN MINNESOTA.

Sauk Center Herald: Every hundred and sixty acres of swamp lands drained and located upon by a sturdy agriculturalist means the establishment of a citizen factory where the best citizens in the world are produced.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: Drainage and good roads is the prayer of the people of Northern Minnesota. The prayer will be answered if these same people work as well as pray, and send the right men to the legislature.

Pine City Pioneer: Boosting Northern Minnesota sticks out like a bump on a log in most of the Northern Minnesota newspapers, with the Duluth papers setting a good example. There are a good many things that this end of the "bread and butter" state needs—it needs good legislators who can do something besides break lawmaking records; it needs drainage agitation; good roads movements; a few more good, live settlers—and a scarcity of knockers. And this is no letter to Santa Claus.

Brookston Herald: Boost drainage in the right way and everyone in Northern Minnesota will help the cause along, but all will not agree on the methods of the lobbyists.

Turtle River Independent: To drain the swamps means to swell the purse.

Eveleth Star: Inquiries for Northern Minnesota land are frequent. It is only a question of time until the agricultural possibility of the territory is realized.

Roseau Region: Drainage is the keynote to the whole situation in the Northwest, just as irrigation is out West.

Crookston Times: Whoever makes two trees grow where but one grew before has lived to some purpose, but he who makes two farmers grow where one grew before is a real benefactor of mankind.

Ripple Compass: Northern Minnesota needs less idle lands and more busy settlers; in other words, drainage and immigration

Virginia Enterprise: There are theoretical farmers and actual settlers. The theoretical farmer has no particular need of good roads, but the actual settlers residing in the fertile valleys to the north of the city are entitled to every possible consideration on this score, and should be encouraged in every manner in their work of redeeming the wilderness. Good roads will put more courage into the work of the settler than any other agency.

Walker Pilot: It's up to the north country press to educate the Twin Cities on drainage and reforestration. White pine doesn't grow in swamps.

Walker Pilot: State drainage is bound to be an issue in the next state campaign. Candidates for state offices who expect the support of the north end of the state have got to be in sympathy with this movement.

War on Lobbyists.

New York Sun: However much the lobbyists may have swindled their employers, it cannot be denied that they have also swindled the public and thwarted the popular will many times, and the revolt against them, showing strength in many states at one time, is a comforting symptom of the awakened public spirit now manifest throughout the country. Legislative agents will always be maintained by those whose interests are involved in proposed legislation. There is no cause to prevent such from pursuing their calling unmolested. They may be of real and positive advantage to the state on account of their intimate knowledge of the subjects with which they deal and of the information they can procure. But these are of a different class from the pass distributing, influence wielding lobbyists too familiar about many American legislative halls, whose passing would be a reason for real and general thanksgiving.

Fighting Bob Has the Floor.

San Francisco Chronicle: Fighting Bob Evans has achieved a great reputation as a talker. If he tries to answer all the comments passed upon his unsailorlike job of Sunday, when he managed to run aground and ram the greater part of his fleet, he will have an admirable opportunity to exercise his particular talent.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM

LAST TIME TONIGHT—The Tin Man—The Scare Crow—Little Dorothy in the

"WIZARD OF OZ"

Night, 25c to $1.50.

Jan. 19, 20—"The Sho-Gun"—Seats Now.
Jan. 22, 23—"The County Chairman."

METROPOLITAN

TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK, SATURDAY INCLUDED,

THE YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS

THURSDAY NIGHT FOR LADIES!

LADIES' SOUVENIRS TOMORROW.

Both afternoon and evening performances Thursday will be for ladies and no smoking will be permitted. Regular matinees Friday and Saturday.

Star Lecture Course

Friday evening, Jan. 19, First Methodist Church,

GOV. J. FRANK HANLY.

of Indiana.

Lecture: "The Patriotism of Peace."

Tickets for course of six, $2; single admission, 50c. Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

The Big Duluth is Selling Any Suit of Clothes or Any Overcoat in the Store for only

$15

Many are buying for next winter's wear.

IT'S A BIG PAYING INVESTMENT.

BUILDING PROBLEMS

Courthouse Commission Will Have Many Questions to Solve.

Disposition of the Present County Jail One of Them.

The courthouse commission of St. Louis county, when it is appointed and shall have organized, will be confronted with the usual number of problems that are connected with the erection of a public building of any considerable size.

The questions of a proper site and of the style of architecture have already been discussed by many of the taxpayers, some of whom have even given public expression of their views through the columns of the press.

Among the other questions that are bound to confront the commissioners very early in the stage of preliminary work on the new courthouse will be the advisability of having a courthouse and jail combined, or under one roof, or of having two separate buildings. This phase of the building proposition has been receiving much attention of late from the taxpayers, now that the new courthouse is an assured thing, and there is a decided difference of opinion. So far as any inquiry has been made it would seem that public opinion is pretty evenly divided, some arguing that it would be a serious mistake to put the county jail under the same roof as the courthouse, either as an annex or to have it occupy a top floor, while many others urge that such an idea is far more economical and practicable than to build and maintain two separate buildings.

The plans for the new building, in all its details lie entirely within the judgment of the courthouse commission and the taxpayers will have to accept the style of building the commission decides to accept after the architects' plans have been submitted and passed on, but it is believed that the members of that body so far as they can consistently do so, will follow the general lines of building that seem to be most favored by the taxpayers who will have to pay for it.

St. Louis county has never had a courthouse and jail under the same roof. Even in the "olden days" when the county looked with pride on its courthouse building that has by reason of its numerous "additions" become so unsightly, the jail was maintained in a separate one story brick structure that faced Sixth avenue East between Second and Third streets.

When the exigencies demanded that a larger jail be provided for the detention of lawbreakers, the county board, as the records show, had no idea of annexing the jail to the courthouse. A combined building is claimed to be the modern idea, however. Among the notable examples of this idea is Hennepin county's fine new courthouse, the top floor of which is devoted to jail purposes, with an elevator to carry prisoners between the jail floor and and the court rooms.

That the new courthouse for this county will be located on a down town site seems to be beyond much doubt and the disposition of the present jail building, which is still in excellent condition, may have an influence on the question of whether the jail building and courthouse will be under the same roof or separate buildings.

Local contractors who are familiar with the present jail building state that it is well built and there is no reason why, with the proper handling it could not be removed intact to another site even though it is a brick structure. They claim that the moving of large brick buildings has been brought down to a science nowadays and that it is a common occurrence to see it done in large cities, with scarcely the loosening of a brick. It is further claimed that the cost of moving might be far less than the cost of a new building. One of the arguments in favor of using the old jail building is that it is still in good condition and would mean a larger part of the appropriation that was voted by the county board, available toward a new building for courthouse purposes alone.

As a rule those who have expressed an opinion as to the desirability of having the two institutions under the same roof favor a "dead wall" between, with but one opening for a door between. This plan, it is urged, would obviate the possibility of noises from the jail tenants or cooking smells from the jail kitchen. The idea of having a jail in the top floor of the new courthouse does not, so far as inquiry shows, meet with popular favor.

Those who favor separate buildings for the jail and the courthouse argue that the more completely the two are isolated the more satisfactory will be the plan to all concerned, that there are times when the jail noises would penetrate the courtrooms were the two under the same roof and cause annoyance. One official has suggested that if the courthouse and jail are separated there should be a detention cell provided in the new courthouse where persons tried for crimes might be held during the time the jury is deliberating over the evidence. Under the present conditions the sheriff has frequently taken a prisoner from the courtroom over to the jail only to be notified that the prisoner is wanted again in the courtroom to listen to the reading of the verdict.

CHECK IS RAISED AND NEARLY $2,000 SECURED.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—A check on the First National bank for $1 was raised to $1,987 and cashed at a local bank Saturday. Detectives are now searching for Thomas F. Murphy, an employe of D. Marks & Son, East Fourth street, who is accused, in a warrant, of being the person who manipulated the paper.

Murphy has not been seen since Saturday. He was bookkeeper for the firm named above and had charge of all the checks. The check was cashed Saturday, but did not come through the clearing house until yesterday, when the fraud was discovered. Members of the firm refuse to give any details of the transaction beyond admitting that it had occurred.

CLEVELAND GIVES UP TRIP TO OHIO.

New York, Jan. 17.—Former President Cleveland came to New York yesterday from his home in Princeton and later was joined by Mrs. Cleveland. It was said last night that while Mr. Cleveland is not ill, he is not feeling in the best of health.

When Mr. Cleveland arrived in New York yesterday he found that there were no rooms in the hotel where he usually makes his headquarters. He then went to the home of Paul Morton, where he was a guest last night.

Dr. J. D. Bryant, Mr. Cleveland's physician, was a guest at the Morton home last night. Speaking of the former president's health, he said:

"Mr. Cleveland is slightly indisposed, but is not by any means ill. I will give you my word he is not ill. The trip to Ohio is so long and so tedious that I advised Mr. Cleveland not to go. He reluctantly consented no to do so and will remain at Mr. Morton's house most of this morning and then both Mrs. Cleveland and Mr. Cleveland will return to Princeton."

Have You Got One?

The 1906 World Almanac and Encyclopedia is a tabloid library of reference. It fits the pocket both in size and price and there is more solid fact and figures in its 680 pages than in a whole shelf full of costly encyclopedias. That is why the voluminous publications are "shelved." The Almanac buyer carries his reference library in his pocket. It is a "people's book"—for the man who cannot afford a library display and for the man who can afford it, but wants practical knowledge quickly. It is not written beyond the understanding of any man. To see it is to buy it! It is its own best advertisement! It is the most active agent for the dissemination of quick and practical knowledge ever presented to the public.

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs Jennie Duncan of Haynesville, Me., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of Chronic Dyspepsia of twenty years' standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver diseases, Blood disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all drug stores. Price only 50c.

PLATE WORKERS ORDERED OUT

Electrotypers and Stereotypers In New York Go Out.

New York, Jan. 17.—A new move was made in the job printers' strike in this city yesterday when the stereotypers and electrotypers were ordered by the union officials not to make any plates from non-union set type. In accordance with these instructions the electrotypers' employers in five of the big printing concerns of the city who had adopted the "open shop" principles, went on strike The officers of typographical union No. 6, which is fighting for the eight-hour day and the "closed shop," declare that the strike of the electrotypers and stereotypers in the big concerns will hasten the climax of the fight.

The typothetate issued a statement in which it declared that 190 non-union stereotypers and electrotypers have applied for positions. The typothetae asserts the new strike will cause no inconvenience.

PHILIPPINE TARIFF BILL PASSES HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The Philippine tariff bill was passed by the house yesterday substantially as it came from the ways and means committee. The vote was 258 to 71. Rice was made subject to the same tariff as sugar and tobacco, 25 per cent of the Dingley rate, and one or two changes were made as to language. This result was attained after decidedly the most strenuous day of the present congress.

The many amendments which were launched and went to pieces in the storm of debate, and against the rock which the house rules constituted, left much legislative wreckage and many records useful only for future political purposes.

FOOLED WITH DYNAMITE.

Greensburg, Pa., Jan. 17.—Finding a stick of dynamite yesterday in an upstairs room, four little children of Harry Pulasky, a miner, threw it, it is believed, into a lighted gas grate. All the children were badly burned, two cannot possibly recover. The house was completely wrecked. The age of the children range from six months to six years. The father and mother were away at the time of the explosion.

CONFIRMED BY SENATE..

Washington, Jan. 16.—The senate in executive session today confirmed the following nominations: John Petterson, receiver of land office at Crookston, Minn.; postmasterss: Wisconsin—Ole Anderson, Superior; Mary A. McAskill, Glidden.

DO PEOPLE SHUN YOU

ON ACCOUNT OF FOUL BREATH FROM CATARRH?

THEN READ BELOW.



"My, My! What a breath! Why Don't You Have Gauss Cure That Catarrh?"

If you continually k-hawk and spit and there is a constant dripping from the nose into the mouth; if you have foul, disgusting breath, you have Catarrh, and I can cure it.

All you need to do is this: Fill out coupon below.

Don't doubt, don't argue! You have everything to gain, nothing to lose by doing as I tell you. I want no money—just your name and address.

FREE.

This coupon is good for one trial package of Gauss' Combined Catarrh Cure, mailed free in plain package. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below and mail to

C. E. GAUSS, 5241 Main Street, Marshall, Mich.

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SHARE FOR THE MINERS

Coal Operators Should Divide Present Prosperity, Says Mitchell.

Miners Stood Reduction When Mining Was Not Profitable.

Indianapolis, Jan. 17.—President John Mitchell's announcement yesterday afternoon that "satisfactory progress is being made toward a conference between the mine workers and the operators of the anthracite region" drew round after round of applause from 1,200 delegates assembled here for the seventeenth annual convention of the United Mine Workers of America. The announcement was made in the course of the president's annual report almost as an incidental remark. There was no further explanation in regard to the anthracite situation from Mr. Mitchell, but when, a few minutes later, there was a rumor that President Thomas of the Lehigh Valley company, had said that the anthracite operators had agreed to hold a conference with a committee of mine workers, the enthusiasm knew no bounds.

In his annual address before the Mine Workers' convention, President John Mitchell, in speaking of the policy to be pursued by the miners in the coming joint conference with the coal operators, said:

"I am conscious of the fact that more than ordinary significance attaches to anything I may say as to the policy we should pursue when we meet the operators in joint convention; especially is this true at the present time, when it is well known that the miners of practically the entire country will soon be released of contract obligations and that they and their employers will be compelled, in the event of a disagreement, to find some other means of adjusting their relations. In connection with this subject, it may not be amiss to review briefly the history of the recent past.

"You will recall the depression in the coal trade in the fall and winter of 1903, which culminated in a reduction of wages in the spring of 1904. The adverse conditions prevailing at that time continued during the year 1904, and even up to the spring of 1905. From that time on, there was a gradual improvement both in prices and tonnage, which has continued until the present and if the activity in the iron market in the railroad, industrial and commercial affairs of the country is any barometer by which future conditions may be forecasted, the prospect of continued prosperity in the mining industry seems assured. I recognize the fact that there is little sentiment and no philanthropy in the determination of our general wage agreements; however, it appears to me that inasmuch as we gave relief to our employers by accepting a lower rate of wages at a time when there was little demand for coal and when prices were falling below a profitable margin, they should reciprocate and voluntarily share with us their present and prospective prosperity.

"And I recommend that the scale committee take these facts into consideration in the formulation of their report.

"In the opening paragraph of this report, reference was made to the obstacles we have encountered in the work of organization. Lest our language be misunderstood when we speak of 'open foes and professing friends,' I desire, even at the risk of giving offense and inviting controversy, to say that we have been attacked from two sources which one would expect to be diametrically opposed.

"First, we have had the intense opposition of the Parry-Post aggregation of union wreckers, who have antagonized every effort we have made to organize the non-union fields of the country.

"Second, we have been opposed with equal vigor—although with different weapons—by an organization styling itself the Industrial Workers of the World, and by its principal affiliated body, the Western Federation of Miners.

"The recognized spokesmen of these organizations profess great solicitude for the welfare of the coal miners; they seek to convey the impression that the coal miners are so densely ignorant that they are unable to conduct their affairs or successfully to manage an organization of their own choice. Indeed, these self-constituted advisers, none of whom, to my knowledge, ever worked in a coal mine in his life, and most of whom have made failures of the several organizations with which they have been connected, justify their attacks upon us by saying that we make trade agreements which so tie the hands of our members as to render us unable to strike at any time during the year when conditions would seem propitious. They lose sight of the fact that if we had no agreements, and were therefore at liberty to strike at our own sweet will, the operators would have precisely the same right."

Mr. Mitchell in his address said that, notwithstanding the "opposition of open foes and professing friends," there had been a substantial increase in the numerical strength of the organization, the paid-up membership having passed the 300,000 mark. The gain in the anthracite field was 41,677.

President Mitchell said the committee appointed at the Shamokin, Pa., convention to confer with representatives of the mining companies and to formulate an agreement was making satisfactory progress. He called attention to the increase in machine-mined coal, which totaled 7.9 per cent of the total production, and urged that efforts be made to establish a fixed differential. The executive board, he said, had prepared a bill for presentation to state legislatures, the object of which is to provide for the examination of persons seeking employment in mines, and so prevent the employment of incompetent men. The bill presented in congress for the creation of a government bureau of mines was indorsed.

CLAIM FOR INTEREST

On Indian War Bonds is Made by the State.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—The state of Minnesota will lay claim to $70,000 from the United States government for interest on Indian war bonds. Attorney General Young and State Auditor Iverson are preparing to present the claim to the government officials. The state issued $100,000 in bonds in 1862 and paid interest on them ten years at 7 per cent. The government reimbursed the state for the principal, but not the interest, on the ground that the United States statutes do not permit the paying of the interest by the government. A recent decision of the supreme court declares that interest paid by a state such as the Minnesota case, is really a part of the principal for which the government is bound to reimburse the state.

STATE TIMBER CASES.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state timber board had a meeting yesterday and ordered four sections of state timber in Hubbard county rescaled. The surveyor general and the cruisers employed by the board will join in making the scale. The timber was removed some years ago, but the board heard from Finney & Bathceller of Park Rapids, and received some information regarding the four sections.

MARKED FOR ASSASSIN

Gen. Sherman Bell May Meet the Fate of Steunenberg.

Former Governor Peabody Likely to Be Shot by Miners.

Denver, Col., Jan. 17.—Since the murder of ex-Governor Steunenberg of Idaho people have been openly speculating on the next victim, for there seems to be no doubt that Steunenberg was assassinated for his part in suppressing the Coeur d'Alene riots of 1899, and there are others against whom the dislike of the union miners is even more strong.

Former Adjt. Gen. Sherman M. Bell takes the situation calmly, but goes prepared for trouble—which is his usual characteristic under any circumstances. President Roosevelt, after the mobbing of his car, a few years ago at Victor, said of Bell: "My chief fear on that distressing occasion was that Bell would begin killing people."

Bell got himself thoroughly hated two years ago, when he became military dictator and established his famous dictum: "Nobody who breaks the laws of Colorado has any rights." He believes that he has been marked for assassination, but he does not anticipate any immediate execution of the assassin's plans.

"If they are going to kill me they won't do it now," said he. "It's too soon after poor Steunenberg's death. The assassins are wily and don't care to pay the law's penalty for murder, even though they are determined in their purpose.

"Nevetheless I go armed and shall give them a warm reception. I haven't the slightest doubt that both myself and ex-Governor Peabody are scheduled for killing by the Western Federation of Miners, but before their edict is carried out I believe the federation itself will be disrupted by internal dissensions."

Gen. Bell was ex-Governor Peabody's right hand man during the Cripple Creek war. Although that trouble is over, and the Mine Owners' association is in complete control at the gold camp, Bell continues to receive anonymous threatening letters. Bell's theory is that Steunenberg was killed because of the part he played in the Coeur d'Alene, when martial law was declared, and miners had to get permits before going to work. Identical conditions came about at Cripple Creek and Victor during the troubles in which Bell and Peabody figured; hence Bell believes the miners' federation will try to kill him and Peabody too.

Ex-Governor Peabody said that he had known for a long time that he was a marked man, although the matter had not troubled him greatly, because he was always prepared.

"Steunenberg's assassination," said Peabody, "was by the Western Federation. It is nothing more than any one expected who knew the character of the officers of the federation. They have a long list of crimes to answer for to God, even if they have evaded human law."

Another assassination charged to sympathizers of the Western Federation of Miners is that of Lyle Gregory, a railroad detective, who was shot near his home on May 15, 1904. The murderers were never caught. Gregory was suspected of certain assaults which were being committed on the managers of the miners' strike. Once a railway depot coach was entered by two masked men at a station and the strike manager was dragged out, beaten and left for dead. On another occasion two strike managers were pulled from their buggy on a lonely road and their faces beaten almost to a jelly. Shortly afterward Gregory was killed.

While there is no evidence connecting members of the Western Federation with the Independence dynamiting, when thirteen strike breakers were blown into eternity while standing on the railway platform, the Mine Owners' association has persistently reiterated the charge that the plot was hatched and carried out by prominent members of the strikes' organization. The repeated deportations of organized miners from the Cripple Creek district and the hundreds of cases of White Capping and beating of striking miners has served to keep alive the spirit of enmity. Every time a member of the Western Federation attempts to reestablish his home in Cripple Creek he receives a visit from the White Cappers and today there are not a dozen in the camp.

The strikers say they have no recourse to law, as the perpetrators stand close to the powers that be.

President Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners and W. D. Haywood, its secretary, have both personal cause to feel bitterly toward their enemies. The former was kept confined in the Telluride, Col., jail for five months without trial on a charge of complicity in the fatal rioting in Victor, a year ago last August. Moyer was held on no excuse more substantial than what Gen. Bell used to call "military necessity" and when he was brought before Judge Seeds on habeas corpus proceedings and was pronounced a free man, Gen. Chase, acting for Gen. Bell and Governor Peabody, took Moyer back to jail by main force, saying that he could not obey the supreme court when he had orders from the governor.

Haywood was on the platform at Denver when the train bringing Moyer to court arrived. He stepped forward with extended hand to greet Moyer, but was ordered back by Capt. Wells of the national guard. Capt. Wells had made himself particularly obnoxious to the strikers at Telluride. Haywood knocked him down. The militiamen closed in to the rescue of the captain and pounded Haywood into insensibility with the butts of their guns.



APPLIED AS A COLD CREAM ACTS AS A MEDICINE.

Wherever applied, its healing and nourishment is instantly absorbed by the pores. It strengthens and builds up the tissues underlying the skin and Firm, Healthy Flesh is the result.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is no new experiment. It has been in use for more than fifty years and during that time thousands of women and men have used it with entire satisfaction.

That it is not to be classed with "Cold Creams" and other things of like superficial potency is proved by the fact that it is prescribed by leading physicians and used in hospitals for the nutrition of invalids whose stomachs are too weak to digest food.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD should be used by every woman who has the least desire to be attractive. It is the only preparation that will round out hollowed, thin cheeks or scrawny neck with **Firm, Healthy Flesh** and **Remove Wrinkles** from the face and hands, no matter how deep the furrow.

FOR DEVELOPING THE IMMATURE BUST or to make the breast firm, large and beautiful nothing can equal it. To prevent the breasts from shrinking, after weaning baby, mothers should always use **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD.** It will also restore a bosom to its natural contour and beauty lost through nursing and sickness.

ON SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD** is $1.00 a box, but to introduce it into thousands of new homes we have decided to send Two (2) boxes to all who answer this advertisement and send us $1.00. All packages are sent in plain wrapper, postage prepaid.

FREE. A Sample Box—just enough to convince you of the great merit of **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD**—will be sent free for 10 cents, which pays for cost of mailing. With this sample we will also send you our illustrated Book, "Art of Massage," which contains all the proper movements for Massaging the face, neck and arms and full directions for developing the bust. Address

DR. CHARLES CO., 108 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

ALL RIGHTS IN HARBORS

Of Canada Should Be Acquired by Government, Says Report.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17.—The transportation commission, appointed about two years ago to consider eleven Canadian transportation problems, yesterday submitted a report. The commission uses grain as the basis of its recommendations and declares that facilities which will handle grain to the seaboard will take care of all west-bound traffic.

The government is advised to acquire by gift, purchase or expropriation all rights in the harbors at Fort William, Port Arthur, Midland, Port Colborne, Kingston, Ont.; Montreal, Que.; St. John, N. B.; Halifax, N. S.; Sydney, C. B.; Vancouver, B. C., and the terminals on the Pacific coast of the Grand Trunk Pacific and the Canadian Northern. These harbors are to be regarded as a system of national ports and administered by a general board of harbor commissioners and under the marine departments. It is recommended that ports be made free of all charges except those for dry dock and elevator service.

The report also recommends the continuation of the Intercolonial railway to Parry Sound, Ont., either by building from Montreal or the acquisition of running rights over the Grand Trunk.

LOGGING INTERESTS SOLD.

O'Neil Bros. Sell Out to the St. Croix Lumber Company.

Ely, Minn., Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—A large business transfer took place here on Monday, O'Neil Bros. selling all their logging interests in this vicinity to the St. Croix Lumber company at Winton. O'Neil Bros. will remove to the state of Washington, where they have large logging contracts. They have been putting in logs for the St. Croix company for the past six years. The St. Croix company will put in their own logs hereafter, and they have at least ten or twelve years' work ahead. They will move their office and warehouse out to Winton, and will pay all their employes off there after this spring, as they will have their new bank in operation within a few months.

Ely Aerie, No. 541, F. O. E., held their annual meeting Saturday evening for the election of officers, the following being duly elected and installed: W. P., M. E. Gleason; V. W. P., L. B. Hagen; W. S., J. W. Osborne; W. T., Fran Brockway; W. C., M. J. Murphy; W. A., Louis Larson; J. G., B. Benson; O. G., Peter O'Connor; trustees, Joseph Skala, Edward Crossman and Louie Barto. District Deputy Grand President M. J. Murphy officiated. Refreshments of all descriptions were served, to which ample justice was done.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nerve tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Albert T. Patrick was notified at the state prison yesterday that Governor Higgins had granted him a reprieve until March 19 to permit his counsel to make application for a new trial on the charge of having murdered William Marsh Rice, the Texas millionaire.

Sally Berry, of Northport, Wash., the insane woman who held possession of a car at Girard, Kas., for five days, has been brought to Spokane and Tuesday was committed to the asylum at Medical Lake. She was brought to Spokane by her sister, Mrs. Mary Reason, of Tulsa, I. T., whom she was on her way to visit when stricken.

The Baltimore & Ohio No. 6 was wrecked at Attica, O., Tuesday by the top of a freight car, which was blown across the track by the high winds. Engineer Jerry Baker and Fireman L. B. Stroup, of Garrett, Ind., were killed. The passengers were shaken up, but none were injured.

Fourteen residences, several barns and the Lutheran church in Dubois county were badly damaged by the storm that passed over Indiana Monday night and Tuesday. The residence of Theodore Giesen, near Ireland, was wrecked by a large tree falling on it. The family escaped.

SETTLES DAMAGE SUIT.

Deer River Man Gets $6,000 for Loss of Legs.

Fargo, N. D., Jan. 17.—The case of John Shellman of Deer River, Minn., has been settled for $6,000 without a trial. Shellman, aged 17, worked in the North Dakota harvest fields last fall and later visited his sister in Fargo. The night he planned to start to his home in Minnesota he was run over by a Northern Pacific train in this city and both legs were cut off. He sued for $20,000, and the company settled the case before trial.

TAX SETTLEMENTS.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—Complete returns from the county auditors for the October tax settlements were received by the state auditor yesterday. The totals show a substantial increase over the corresponding collections for the year previous. The total collections for the period from June 1 to Oct. 31, 1905, were $5,027,055.69, as compared with $4,626,916.26 for the same time last year. Of this the state gets $539,738.80, the state's share last year amounting to $484,111.57.

LOST EYESIGHT

Through Coffee Drinking.

Some people question the statements that coffee hurts the delicate nerves of the body. Personal experience with thousands prove the general statement true, and physicians have records of great numbers of cases that add to the testimony.

The following is from the Rockford, Ill., Register-Gazette:

Dr. William Langhorst of Aurora has been treating one of the queerest cases of lost eyesight ever in history. The patient is O. A. Leach of Beach county, and in the last four months he has doctored with all of the specialists about the country and has at last returned home with the fact impressed on his mind that his case is incurable.

A portion of the optic nreve has been ruined, rendering his sight so limited that he is unable to see anything before him, but he can see plainly anything at the side of him. There have been but few cases of its kind before, and they have been caused by whisky or tobacco. Leach has never used either, but has been a great coffee drinker, and the specialists have decided that the case has been caused by this. Leach stated himself that for several years he had drank three cups of coffee for breakfast, two at noon and one at night. According to the records of the specialists of this country this is the first case ever caused by the use of coffee.

The nerve is ruined beyond aid, and his case is incurable. The fact that makes the case a queer one is that the sight forward has been lost and the side sight has been retained. According to the doctor's statement the young man will have to give up coffee or the rest of his sight will follow, and the entire nerve be ruined.—Register-Gazette.

Let it be remembered that the eyes may be attacked in one case and the stomach in another, while in others it may be kidneys, heart, bowels or general nervous prostration. The remedy is obvious and should be adopted before too late.

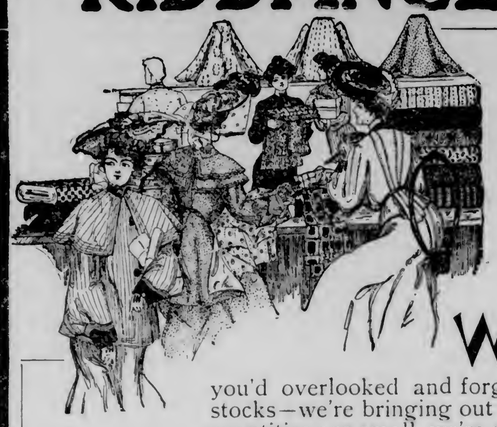
Quit coffee if you show incipient disease.

It is easy if you can have well-boiled Postum Food Coffee to serve for the hot morning beverage. The withdrawal of the old kind of coffee that is doing the harm and the supply of the elements in the Postum which nature uses to rebuild the broken down nerve cells, insures a quick return to the old joy of strength and health, and it's well worth while to be able again to "do things" and feel well. There's a reason for

POSTUM

Gray-Tallant Co

RIDDANCE SALE!



There's great picking in these jumble lots and odds and ends of things.

WHEN you're cleaning house, every box and closet you delve into brings to light little things you'd overlooked and forgotten. So it is with these large stocks—we're bringing out the "tag ends" and because the quantities are small, we're putting a hurry out price on them and making rich bargains for you. Look out for new snaps tomorrow.

The White Sale goes busily on right through the riddance— All in all it's the best shopping time of the year for women who want to buy economically—and are a bit forehanded.

25c for 75c KID MITTENS — fleece lined—warm and serviceable—colors light and dark brown—broken sizes.

59c for $1.00 MOCHA GLOVES—6s and 7s only—colors black and blue—closing them out because the lot is small.

59c for $1.00 SILK GLOVES with reinforced finger tips—white, black and mode—all perfect and right in every way.

19c for $1.00 SILK MITTS — elbow length in black and colors. An unmistakable quality of silk—and think of the price.

89c for $1.50 CAPE GLOVES—first quality—tans and white—unlined—two clasps—women's winter weight.

49c for 75c GOLF GLOVES knit of camel's hair in solid colors—white, black and gray—long waists.

59c for 75c fine cashmere HOSE—full fashioned—fast black—the kind of hose it's a satisfaction to wear.

15c for 25c COTTON HOSE — silk finished. Cardinal color now—a few pennies worth of dye will make half a dozen pair a good black.

10c for FANCY HOSE—heavy cotton—formerly sold up to 39c a pair—good quality.

39c for 59c "out-size" HOSE—winter weight cotton, with solit sole and dyed a fast black.

19c for 35c LISLE HOSE—the ankles embroidered with hand made designs—dainty sprays—are fast black.

25c for 35c COTTON HOSE—fleec'd —full fashioned—fast black—"Black Cat" brand—staple as gold.

1/3 off on SILK HOSE—this reduction applies to ever· pair of silk hose in stock—plain, embroidered or lace—selling at from $1.25 to $2.75.

10c for 15c and 19c HANDKERCH'FS —an odd lot of initials—a bargain if your letter's among them.

10c for 15c HANDKERCHIEFS with embroidered corners—unlaundered—all linen, made in Ireland.

10c for 25c HANDKERCHIEFS — plain linen with ½ inch hem—a few odd silk handkerchiefs in the lot.

50c for COTTON WAISTS worth $1.00 and $1.50—a general clean up of the season's white and figured waists.

75c for WOOL WAISTS worth $1.50 to $2.50—mostly black, with a few colored waists in the lot.

75c for TABLE LINEN—bleached or half bleached—fine Irish linen—2 yards wide—a temptation at 90c.

10c for DRESS TRIMMINGS worth up to $1.25 a yard. You may find what you want for a shadow of its value.

59c for French flannel WAISTINGS worth up to 85c a yard—to reduce an overlot quickly.

39c for 38-inch SUITINGS worth up to 59c a yard—choice of mohairs, tweeds, Venetians, plaids, worsteds and sackings.

$1.37 for TRIMMED HATS worth up to $3.75—women's and misses' —choice of a large table full of good styles.

$2.37 for ready-to-wear HATS worth up to $5.00—all this season's styles—handsomely trimmed turbans and shapes.

Remember the Riddance of Coats and Suits.
Remember the Sale of Muslin Underwear.
Remember the Riddance of Fur Scarfs and Muffs.
Remember the Sale of Linens and White Goods.

1906 WHITE STUFFS—*Come and see these beautiful new fabrics—there are two tables full of the latest patterns at special prices, to open the season.*

BUT THREE STILL IN IT

Duluth Rinks Pretty Well Cleaned Out of Duluth Event.

Winnipeg Rinks Suffer Severely in the First Day's Play.

When the last curling games had been reported in last evening, it was found that the preliminaries and the first round in both the Canadian Soo and the Duluth Curling club trophy contests had been cleaned up, and good progress had been made in the second round of each.

Five games still remain to be played in the second round of the Duluth trophy contest, and but four games in the Canadian Soo.

The Winnipeg rinks fared badly yesterday, especially in the Duluth Curling club trophy. Out of the six Winnipeg rinks entered in the event, only one reached the second round, and this was at the expense of another Manitoba rink, the H. J. McLean quartet from Holland.

The Nell rink lost to H. Myron of Duluth. J. MacLeod defeated the Gawler rink. C. A. Duncan beat the Braden rink, and James Chisholm of Superior defeated the Pitblado rink, making four Winnipeg rinks to be put out of the event by Duluth or Superior curlers. The McCutcheon rink of Minneapolis was responsible for the defeat of the fifth one, winning from the Dr. Jamieson rink. The Rochon rink was the only Winnipeg aggregation to win out in the first round, defeating the crack Holland, Man., rink.

After the brilliant showing in the opening round, the Duluth rinks struck rather hard sledding in the later games. In the evening three Duluth rinks were put out of the contest, the Stocking rink losing to C. W. Campbell of the Soo; the R. J. MacLeod rink losing by one point to Dr. Schnarr of Kenora, and the Myron rink losing to Sam Hastings of Minneapolis.

There are still three Duluth rinks left in the event, however. The Dunlop, Duncan and Ron Smith rinks are still in the running, and one of them may be in at the finish, although Dunlop and Ron Smith are against each other in the second round.

The Superior rinks are showing up well in this event. The Chisholm rink has progressed as far as the third round, and the A. K. Smith rink is still in the second round.

One of the features thus far is the excellent work being done by the Dunlop rink. The rink won all three games played yesterday, and is still in both events, having defeated the Dunbar rink of Bowesmount, the John McLeod rink of Minneapolis and the Wier rink of Calumet.

The Sam Hastings rink of Minneapolis is also cutting a wide swath. It defeated the Sharp rink of Winnebago City and the Myron rink in the Duluth trophy, and disposed of the R. J. MacLeod rink in the Canadian Soo trophy.

Four Duluth rinks are still left in the Canadian Soo trophy, the Stocking, Myron, Dunlop and Ron Smith aggregation having withstood the eliminating process thus far.

The play yesterday was marked by close scores and good curling throughout the afternoon and evening, and it was impossible to keep track of all the interesting contests. One of the most exciting was that between the R. J. MacLeod and Sam Hastings rinks in the Canadian Soo trophy. The latter won out by one point, after alternating for the lead throughout the game. At the end of the tenth end the MacLeod rink was two up, but Hastings made one on the eleventh and two on the twelfth, winning out by one point.

The J. C. Myron rink had a very pretty match with the Halcrow rink in the afternoon, winning by 11 to 8. The North Dakota men put up a game fight, and the game was marked by fine curling throughout.

In the evening C. A. Duncan and the W. A. Cameron rink of St. Paul had a very spectacular fight. The Cameron rink is the same as the Fullerton rink, but it changed skips last evening. The players who compose it are Judge Cory, William Rees, W. Cameron and S. F. Fullerton, and it is an all star aggregation. The Duncan rink fought out every end and practically every point with it last evening, but lost by a margin of two points, the score being 14 to 12.

The game between Tom Cameron and the McLean rink, from Holland, was a battle royal, Cameron finally winning by a score of 9 to 8.

The R. J. MacLeod quartet had another hard game in the evening against the Dr. Schnarr rink of Kenora, and again lost by one point, after thirteen ends had been played, thus having the misfortune to be forced out of both events in one day, and losing both games by but one point.

The victory of the Duncan rink over the D. M. Braden rink yesterday morning deserves special mention. The Braden rink has won the grand challenge at Winnipeg twice in succession, and has not been defeated this year until the game yesterday. The Gawler rink, which went down before R. J. MacLeod, is also one of the crack Winnipeg teams.

The drawing was made last evening for the St. Paul Jobbers' trophy, and play was opened in this event this morning. Three events are now in progress, the Duluth Curling club trophy, the Canadian Soo trophy and the St. Paul Jobbers. Three more drawings are yet to be made, including the big International match, which will be pulled off this afternoon.

Following are the results of the games played yesterday afternoon and evening:

Duluth Curling Club Trophy.

First Round—
Campbell, 10; Stocking, 8.

Second Round—
Hastings, 9; Myron, 6.
Schnarr, 8; R. J. MacLeod, 7.
Chisholm, 14; Lorimer, 12.

Canadian Soo Trophy.

Preliminary Round—
Reedal, 13; McCutcheon, 8.
Schnarr, 12; Braden, 8.
Stocking, 12; Lorimer, 2.
Fullerton, 14; Duncan, 12.
Jamieson, 10; Dunbar, 7.
Nell, 13; Macauley, 6.
Rochon, 12; Bradley, 5.

First Round—
Grace, 13; Gawler, 8.
Whalen, 13; Chisholm, 6.
Macrae, 12; Wall, 11.
A. K. Smith, 17; Stevenson, 7.
Myron, 11; Halcrow, 8.
Dunlop, 15; Weir, 6.
Ron Smith, 10; John McLead, 7.
Hastings, 10; R. J. MacLeod, 9.
McLean, 14; Sharp, 9.
Cameron, 21; Green, 4.
Pitblado, 19; Hanchett, 8.
Fairbairn, 12; McGilvray, 8.

Second Round—
A. K. Smith, 15; Macrae, 6.
Cameron, 9; McLean, 8.
Pitblado, 23; Fairbairn, 4.

50 Women's Tailored Suits, every one of the latest type, made of all-wool cheviot, broadcloth, fancy mixtures, etc. Three-fourth and full-length coats, regular price $15.00, $17.50, $18.50, $20.00, $22.50 and $25.00, tomorrow—your choice for only **$9.95**

Hunter Blk. **ALBENBERG'S** 1st Ave. W. & Sup. St.

CHARCOAL FROM PEAT

May Result in Duluth Taking the Laurels From Pittsburg.

President Hill Tells of New Process Discovered in Germany.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—"Pittsburg may soon have to look to its laurels," said President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern railway at a banquet last evening, "If the letter which I have just received from Gottingen, Germany, is correct. I am informed that there they have discovered a process for making charcoal out of peat. If that is the case, there is within fifteen miles of our rich iron deposits of Northern Minnesota that valuable transforming agent—fuel—which has so long been wanted. Instead of shipping ore through the Great Lakes to be smelted in the East and be marketed from there, the valuable peat deposits in Northern Minnesota could be exploited to furnish fuel to turn the iron into steel. Then let Pittsburg look to Duluth and other Northern Minnesota towns for her laurels.

"At present the simple law of gravity lifts the ore from our Minnesota mines and sends it down East. The steam shovel does nearly all of the work, and there are few men deriving the benefit from the vast wealth which is constantly being sent to the markets of the East."

In speaking on conditions in general, Mr. Hill said: "The nation at large is prosperous. We are cutting a wide swath, no doubt of that. If we get down to a closer examination we will readily see that the nation is living profligately. We are selling our heritage for a mess of pottage—we are exploiting our natural resources without building up stable industries to take their place.

"A short time ago we carried from 30,000 to 40,000 tons of American flour to the Oriental people. We don't do that now. If we keep on treating those Oriental people the way we have been, we will not be selling them anything. They are not compelled to buy from us. A short time ago Great Britain took three-quarters of our wheat raised for export trade. Today it is not so, and England will soon—within five years at least—get all the wheat she needs from her own country, Canada. This ought to teach you to see to it that your representatives secure better trade relations with Great Britain."

NO REGISTER APPOINTED YET

W. E. Culkin's Term in Duluth Land Office Expires Monday.

Some considerable speculation is rife among Republican politicians as to what Congressman J. Adam Bede intends doing with the jobs in the Duluth land office. Mr. Bede gave it out as positive, some months ago, that he had decided upon J. C. Engle of Anoka for register of the Duluth land office, to succeed William E. Culkin, who holds the office at this time. Mr. Culkin's term expires next Monday, but of course he will hold over until his successor is appointed and confirmed.

Meanwhile not a thing has been heard from Washington to the effect that Mr. Bede has made the appointment. That is what is causing speculation at this time. It is wondered if Mr. Bede has in mind the possibility of rearranging the distribution of the plums, or has something else up his sleeve besides his cuffs.

The delay in naming a receiver has ceased to be a wonder, and at any rate on this there is a lot of time, for Receiver Jay M. Smith's term does not expire until April. But in the matter of register, the appointment having been decided upon about six months ago, the hold-up is looked upon as extraordinary.

All Run Down

Wanting in vitality, vigor, vim,—that is a condition that no one can safely neglect, for it is the most common predisposing cause of disease. The blood is at fault; it needs purifying or enriching and the best medicine to take is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the great alterative and tonic—builds up the whole system.

For testimonials of remarkable cures send for Book on That Tired Feeling, No. 8. C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

ANNOUNCES CANDIDACY

E. A. Nelson of Hallock for Secretary of State.

E. A. Nelson, of Hallock, Kittson county, at the Spalding last night announced himself a candidate for the nomination on the Republican ticket for the office of secretary of state. Julius A. Schmahl, of Redwood Falls, who, like Mr. Nelson, is engaged in the newspaper business, this week announced his candidacy for the same position.

Mr. Nelson said he had not intended announcing his candidacy so soon, but since Mr. Schmahl is already in the field, he decided it would be good policy to also make known his ambitions at once and get an equal start. The new candidate says he has a strong following, particularly in the northern part of the state, and that he is confident of winning out.

"I believe I have an advantage over Mr. Schmahl," continued Mr. Nelson, "because from his county there are already two incumbents of state office, supreme judge and attorney general, and a possible candidate for governor. Mr. Schmahl and I are the first to formally enter the race for the position to which we aspire, but several other names are mentioned as possible candidates."

DELPHIANS TO DEBATE.

Will Take Up Liquor License Question at Meeting.

"Resolved, that the city of Duluth would be better off financially without the liquor license money," is the question on which the members of the Delphian club will debate at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening. The affirmative side of the question will be undertaken by F. T. Downing and F. S. Green, while J. A. Godell and Ed Mapp will be on the negative side.

Each debater will be allowed ten minutes in which to present his arguments, and the leader on each side will have five minutes for rebuttal. The club's program for this evening also includes music.

MOQUIN PLEADS GUILTY.

Sheriff Carhart Brings Him to Duluth From Grand Marais.

Sheriff C. H. Carhart, of Grand Marais, Cook county, arrived from the north shore yesterday, having in custody Ernest Moquin, a young man held to the district court of Cook county on the indictment charging grand larceny in the second degree. As the court will not sit in Cook county until next summer, Moquin did not relish the idea of remaining in jail until that time with the prospect of an additional term of imprisonment in case of conviction. He voluntarily appeared before Judge Cant in Duluth and entered a plea of guilty, being sentenced to the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Moquin has been employed about various logging camps on the north shore. It is alleged that he stole a check belonging to a fellow employe.

Railroad Employe Killed.

Martin Peterson, aged 23 years, a car repairer in the employ of the Omaha railway company, was struck by the Chicago Limited, at Itasca, last evening, and was so seriously injured that he died on the way to the hospital. His body was found lying alongside the track about an hour after the train passed, so that the railway officials have no definite details of how the accident occured. It is thought probable that Peterson was on his way home and did not hear the approaching train. His head was cut, ankle broken and he was injured internally. The decedent has two brothers residing at Itasca.

Northwestern Lumbermen Meet.

The sixteenth annual session of the Northwestern Lumbermen's association began yesterday afternoon at Minneapolis with quite a large delegation of Duluth present. The association comprises the retail lumber interests of Minnesota, Western Wisconsin, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Northern Iowa. It is expected that about 800 lumbermen will attend the convention.

Will Manufacture Shingles.

The Duluth Log company is maintaining two camps with more than 120 men in Cook county, east of Grand Marais, where it is getting out a large quantity of logs, cedar ties and poles. The company is getting ready to operate its new shingle mill at Aitkin where it will employ over 400 men. The first year's cut will require over 4,000,000 feet of cedar. Next year the output will be increased. C. E. Holmes, who will have charge of the mill is superintending the construction of the buildings and the installation of machinery.

Lunar Eclipse in February.

John H. Darling, of the government engineer's office says that there will be but one eclipse this year of interest to Duluth people and that will be an eclipse of the moon the evening of Feb. 8. For observers at this point the eclipse will begin about 11:58 p. m. and will be visible until a few minutes after midnight.

MAY BE EXTRA SESSION

Of Legislature Owing to Delay in Printing New Code.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—It is rumored about the state house that an extra session of the legislature is likely to be called by Governor Johnson owing to the delay in the publication of the revised laws or the new code, as it is generally spoken of. After March 1, the new code goes into effect, and it was announced at a special meeting of the state printing commission that it was very doubtful whether the laws could be printed within the period now left because of the printers' strike.

The work was given to the Pioneer Press company, but owing to the strike that company farmed it out to a firm in Milwaukee. Notification of this was sent to the local union at Milwaukee which resulted in the printers of that firm walking out when it was discovered under what conditions the work was being done in Milwaukee. State Printer Dare left last evening for Milwaukee to investigate the matter and see just how serious the situation is.

GRENBERG COMMITTED.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 17.—Judge Searle of the district court has made an order of commitment in the case of Nels Grenberg, who was acquitted of murder on Sunday on the ground that he was mentally irresponsible. The deputy sheriff has taken him to the insane hospital.

SCALY ECZEMA ALL OVER BODY

Eruptions Appeared on Chest, and Face and Neck Were All Broken Out—Scales and Crusts Formed—Iowa Lady Has Great Faith in Cuticura Remedies for Skin Diseases.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE BY CUTICURA

"I had an eruption appear on my chest and body and extend upwards and downwards, so that my neck and face were all broken out; also my arms and the lower limbs as far as the knees. I at first thought it was prickly heat. But soon scales or crusts formed where the breaking out was. Instead of going to a physician, I purchased a complete treatment of the Cuticura Remedies, in which I had great faith, and all was satisfactory. A year or two later the eruption appeared again, only a little lower; but before it had time to spread I procured another supply of the Cuticura Remedies, and continued their use until the cure was complete. It is now five years since the last attack, and have not seen any signs of a return. I have taken about three bottles of the Cuticura Resolvent, and do not know how much of the Soap or Ointment, as I always keep them with me; probably one half dozen of each.

"I decided to give the Cuticura Remedies a trial after I had seen the results of their treatment of eczema on an infant belonging to one of our neighbors. The parent took the child to the nearest physician, but his treatment did no good. So they procured the Cuticura Remedies and cured her with them. When they began using Cuticura Remedies her face was terribly disfigured with sores, but she was entirely cured, for I saw the same child at the age of five years, and her mother told me the eczema had never broken out since. I have more faith in Cuticura Remedies for skin diseases than anything I know of. I am, respectfully yours, Emma E. Wilson, Liscomb, Iowa, Oct. 1, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, "How to Care for Skin, Scalp, and Hair."

ANOTHER CUTTING AFFRAY AT ELY

Joseph Bruised Stabbed Three Times By Joseph Benka.

Ely, Minn., Jan. 17.—(Special to the Herald.)—Another cutting affray occurred at the Chandler location, in the boarding house run by Peter Kerzes. John Brulsek was cut in three places at the hands of Joseph Benka. Brulsek is seriously, but not fatally, injured. He has one very severe cut in the back and is under the doctor's care.

Benka has not been located as yet and it is thought he made his escape to the other range. During the melee a large number of shots were fired, but fortunately they did no damage. As usual the row started from drinking too much whiskey and beer in an unlicensed pig.

TREASURER AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 17.—L. W. Burlen, secretary-treasurer of the Provident Securities and Savings company of Boston, which was closed by order of the courts, arrived here last night and registered at one of the leading hotels. He received mail there addressed to "George Smith." Burlen said he came to Canada on the advice of his attorney in search of rest and to avoid embarrassment.

A Keen Appetite

and a healthy stomach indicate an active Liver, which is enjoyed by all who use Beecham's Pills. They insure strong digestion, sweet breath and sound sleep. No other remedy is as good as

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25

MONTANA MINER

Establishes His Right to a Large Estate Near Dublin.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 17.—Charles Roberts, who worked as a miner for the Kendall Mining company up to a few months ago, claims to have just established his right to a large estate near Dublin, having proved that he is a son of the oldest brother of Lord Roberts, who has up to date enjoyed the estate. The miner's father, a brother of Lord Roberts, according to the story told, and the eldest son of Sir Abraham Roberts, came to Canada many years ago and located in Ontario, where Charles Roberts was born. Sir Abraham survived his eldest son, but when he died no issue of the deceased son in Canada could be located and Lord Roberts, the next eldest son, came into the Dublin estate. Recently Lord Roberts started an investigation, which resulted in finding his nephew working in a Montana mine. Charles Roberts was induced to go to England and establish his claim to the Dublin estate. To enter into possession means to live in Ireland and this he refused to do, but he will enjoy the income until Lord Roberts' death when he will take over the estate. Roberts is described as a modest man whose change in fortune has not affected him.

MITCHELL IS RE-ELECTED.

Duluth Savings Bank Holds Its Annual Meeting, Renaming Officers.

John R. Mitchell again heads the Duluth Savings bank, having been re-elected to the board of trustees and to the official board at the annual meeting of the institution held yesterday. John G. Williams was re-elected vice president and J. W. Lyder Jr., cashier. Joseph E. Horak, who has been teller, was promoted to assistant cashier. The following were re-elected to the board of trustees: John R. Mitchell, John G. Williams, Dr. J. J. Eklund, Francis W. Sullivan, James H. Pearce, Louis S. Loeb, J. L. Washburn and J. W. Lyder, Jr.

The deposits have increased $150,000 during the past year and $5,000 of the profits passed into the surplus fund. Mr. Mitchell was recently elected president of the Winona Deposit bank, succeeding the late H. W. Lamberton, and he and others recently secured control of the Capitol bank of St. Paul.

PECULIAR FATAL ACCIDENT.

Gun Turns Somersault, and Second Shot Kills Hunter.

Norfolk, Neb., Jan. 17.—August Wirth, a young married man, aged 27, met a peculiar death from the muzzle of his own shot gun, near Verdigre. The gun was accidentally discharged while Wirth was walking along, and from the effects of the rebound, flew out on the prairie. In some manner the gun turned a somersault when it hit, reversed its muzzle and butt, so that the barrel pointed directly at Wirth, and then, catching its trigger on a weed, was discharged a second time, sending the charge of shot through Wirth's lung.

MELLIN'S Food for the Baby

So many mothers have written us, telling how much Mellin's Food has done for their babies, that we have thousands of mothers' letters in our files. If you feel interested, we will send you copies of any of these letters, and you can write to the mothers yourself and verify them. Very likely we have letters from someone in your vicinity whom you may know. A sample of Mellin's Food sent free on request.

The ONLY Infants' Food receiving the GRAND PRIZE at St. Louis, 1904. Gold Medal, Highest Award, Portland, Ore. 1905.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

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DULUTH WEATHER.
Snow tonight and Thursday. Warmer tonight, with temperature between 15 and 20 degs. Thursday morning. Colder Thursday afternoon and night. Brisk easterly winds shifting to high westerly Thursday.

Now! Mr. Man!

Here's a Sale of the Neatest Fancy

Shirts

at

79c and 89c

Including our finest assortments of $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 values. Surely, this record breaking offer ought to convince anyone of the vital importance of our clearance sales!

These Shirts consist of fine, dressy effects in Madras, Percales and Cheviots in handsome figures, dots and designs,

and when you can buy them for 79c and 89c, as you can during this sale, you are getting a bargain of the highest order.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE,

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Corner 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.

NORTH BUTTE LITTLE WEAKER

The Copper Stock Market Is Not Quite So Strong.

North Butte was weaker today and the entire copper stock market lacked strength. North Butte opened at $90, sold as high as $90.50 and as low as $88.50, closing at $88.50 bid and $89 asked.

The Bisbee stocks were dull. Calumet & Arizona was $121 bid and $124 asked and closed at $122 bid and $124 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg closed at $37 bid and $38 asked. Junction showed a little more activity today, selling as high as $28.25 and closing at $28 asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg was $51 bid and $52 asked and closed at $50 bid and $51 asked and Pittsburg & Duluth sold at $28, closing at $28 asked.

Black Mountain sold at $14 and closed at $14.50 asked. Warren closed at $15 asked, and Keweenaw at $16.75 bid and $17.25 asked.

The storms throughout the country made the wire service poor again today.

A GAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES
Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Mgr. Augustin Ravoux Is Dead at the Age of 91 Years.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—(Special to the Herald.)—Mgr. Augustin Ravoux, whose critical illness was mentioned yesterday, died at St. Joseph's hospital here at 12:30 p. m. today. Mgr. Ravoux was 91 years old and came to St. Paul, when it was merely an Indian village, to begin his labors as a missionary for the Roman Catholic church. For the past fifteen years Mgr. Ravoux has been incapacitated from performing his ministerial duties and lived in special quarters in St. Joseph's hospital where he was tenderly cared for by the sisters. He was born in Langeac, France, Jan. 11, 1815. In 1841 he began his labors at Mendota, an Indian settlement near Fort Snelling.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Hugh S. Tuohy, the oldest clerk in the treasury department, died yesterday in his home here. Mr. Tuohy was professor in the classics in the college department of Georgetown university resigning after five years to teach at Frederick, Md. He also taught mathematics at the Marine barracks, and for several years conducted a private school at his home. He had been in the treasury forty-four years.

Cincinnati, Jan. 17.—Thomas J. Emery, multi-millionaire of this city is dead in Exypt from pneumonia, the news having been received here yesterday.

Harmony Hall, Lester Park.

For rent to sleigh ride parties, five dollars private dancing parties, seven dollars including the use of the piano. Zenith 'phone 6035.

De Witt's Little Early Risers simply expel all putrid matter and bile, thus allowing the liver to assume normal activity. Good for the complexion. Sold by all druggists.

PETERSON SELECTED

Probate Court Names Special Administrator for Gaspard Estate.

Six Applicants Argued Their Respective Claims to Judge.

Judge J. B. Middlecoff of the probate court of this county has appointed Charles A. Peterson, a local logger and timber dealer, as special administrator of the estate of Charles Gaspard, a pioneer resident of Fond du Lac, who died last Sunday morning. Mr. Peterson had the backing of several of the local wholesale houses, who are creditors of the estate, and whom the court held were the most interested parties in this country, Gaspard having no relatives living this side of the sea. Mr. Peterson knew Gaspard from the time the latter came to America from Germany.

The appointment of Mr. Peterson was the outcome of a lively competition for the position, in which there were seven applicants for the court's favor. These were John H. Brigham, W. G. Joerns, C. E. Adams, Charles A. Peterson, A. H. Truax and Charles A. Krause.

Before making the appointment, Judge Middlecoff had a hearing, at which the applicants were permitted to present their respective claims for consideration.

C. E. Adams, who was the petitioner favored by Coroner McCuen, claimed that it has been the customary thing for the coroner to act, or to name the special administrator when a person died without relatives in this country and left an estate to be probated. He saw no reason for the court to depart from this rule.

W. G. Joerns represented the German consul at St. Paul, and appeared as that official's choice for special and general administrator. Mr. Joerns claimed that according to the treaty made between the United States and Germany in 1871, the German consul is the legal representative of the foreign heirs of a person dying in this country, and that his claim comes next to those of the decedent's kin, and have precedence over the claims of creditors.

Mr. Truax, in tendering his services as special administrator, remarked that he had been in business at Fond du Lac, and had known Mr. Gaspard well for a number of years.

Mr. Peterson, who was represented by H. J. McCloran, claimed that he was requested by wholesale creditors of the decedent to act as special administrator. Mr. Peterson, who is himself a creditor, said that the claims of the people he represents aggregates about $1,600, all of which is for goods bought for the store at Fond du Lac.

Mr. Peterson was sworn and asked a number of questions by the court and other applicants present. Some of the questions were evidently intended to draw out from the witness whether he had any personal interest in being the person appointed. The questioning led to quite a little tilt among the attorneys participating. Mr. Peterson estimated the total value of the Gaspard estate to be from $8,000 to $10,000 with personal property worth about $4,000 or $5,000.

Charles Krause presented himself as the applicant indorsed by a number of the citizens at Fond du Lac.

J. B. Richards appeared by John H. Brigham and urged his appointment on the ground that Mr. Brigham had been the close friend and legal advisor of the decedent for the past ten years, that he had no special interest in the estate and would be the person best fitted from his knowledge of the decedent and his estate to administer the affairs. Mr. Brigham claimed that the estate is worth fully five times the amount of the liabilities.

M. H. McMahon appeared for nobody in particular and urged that the court appoint a good man, one that would take immediate charge of affairs and get into communication with the heirs. He intimated that when the safe of the decedent is opened a will may be found that will dispense with the services of a special administrator.

Mr. Peterson's bond was fixed at $7,000.

MEETING OF BOARD OF EQUALIZATION

Called for Feb. 8 by Governor, Also of Auditors.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Today Governor Johnson authorized a call for a special meeting of the state board of equalization, Feb. 8, at the new capitol. He also supplemented it with a call for a meeting of the county auditors on the same date.

The meeting is for the purpose of anticipating the coming work of the assessors, by providing for a more uniform system of listing property, and for the purpose of discussing taxation and equalization problems in general.

While the call, according to Governor Johnson, was decided upon several days ago, it was hastened by the visit today of a number of county auditors, who called on the executive and State Auditor Iverson. They include H. Scott, Hennepin county; A. L. Bolsta, Big Stone; John Eld, Clay; J. N. Gaynor, Meeker; Nels Safford, Polk, and Charles Foster, Hubbard county. They represent the State County Auditors' association, and have been in St. Paul several days discussing county affairs in general.

The special call of the board of equalization by the governor is the first in the history of the organization, and its expenses will be met out of the executive's contingent fund. At the last session of the board many disputed questions came up, and these will have a place in the extra session. One of them will be the taxation of franchise and other tangible property.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

You'll Have to Hurry for Those Skirts at Half Price!

At the rate they've been selling they'll not last long!

Never Such Skirt Bargains in Duluth Before!

DRESS AND WALKING LENGTHS.

Materials Are: Voiles, Panamas, Cheviots, Worsteds, Broadcloths, London Twines, Serges, Novelty Materials and Taffeta Silks.

The Shades Are: Navy and Royal Blue, Bottle Green, Reseda Green, Grays of various shades, Browns of various shades, Cream and Black.

Included in this sale are misses' as well as women's sizes.

$7.50 SKIRTS, $3.75. $12.50 SKIRTS, $6.25.
$10.00 SKIRTS, $5.00. $16.50 SKIRTS, $8.25.

Handsome Waists in the January Sale at Half!

A clean-up of our various lines of Taffeta Silk, Radium Silk Net, all-over Lace and Novelties—also those of Nun's Veiling and other thin but warm materials.

Also the balance of our 1905 lines of Lingerie Waists at Half—by far the best waist values offered by any Duluth store—as good, perhaps, in every way as those you or we can buy later—but we don't want to have them when inventory time arrives.

$5.00 WAISTS, $2.50. | $15.00 WAISTS, $7.50.
$7.50 WAISTS, $3.75. | $20.00 WAISTS, $10.00.
$10.00 WAISTS, $5.00. | $25.00 WAISTS, $12.50.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.,

The Style Store. First Ave. W. and Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS

The funeral of Rev. Louis Rietz will be held tomorrow at 12:45 from the residence, and from St. Peter's Episcopal church, Twenty-eighth avenue west and First street, at 2 p. m.

Owing to the crowds which flock to the Temple roller rink on Saturdays, the children will have their session in the morning, from 10:00 to 12:00 on Saturday, this week.

Watch repairing. Hurst, 301 Central.

President Charles R. Van Hise of Wisconsin university will be in Superior Friday evening and address the alumni of the university at the Normal school in that city in the evening. Duluth alumni are invited to attend.

The Shakespeare class will meet at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at the Carnegie library. The meeting will be addressed by School Superintendent R. E. Denfeld, who will lecture on "King Lear." The affair will not be open to members only, but any one else who is interested in the subject will be welcomed as well.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Jaskin of Kelsey, are in the city, guests at the Esmond.

George Cruikshank and family, Superintendent of Barnard & Record, are at the Esmond hotel.

Capt. James A. Lanyon of Monroe, Minn., at Chisholm, is in the city today on his way home from a vacation to the Copper country and Menominee range.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Davis left yesterday for New York, via Washington.

T. W. Bayard left last night for Cleveland, Ohio.

G. M. Smith, general agent in Duluth for the Omaha road, is in the Twin Cities.

Miss R. S. Collett left today for Spring Valley, Wis.

George Eddy left yesterday over the Northern Pacific for Bisbee, Ariz.

J. W. Hilliard left for the Twin Cities today.

T. A. Smith left over the Northern Pacific for the Twin Cities today.

G. A. Tomlinson left over the Omaha for Chicago today.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Lounsberry left for Havana, Cuba, today, via the Omaha road.

C. V. Grant of Brainerd, Minn., is a guest at the Spalding.

VOTED MORE THAN ONCE.

Jefferson, Ohio, Jan. 17.—Ex-Mayor John T. McMillan of Ashtabula, was indicted today on the charge of voting more than once at the last election. Two policemen charged with permitting prisoners, held in jail for voting illegally, to escape, were also indicted.

MEN'S SHOE SALE!

Florsheim-Nelson and "Just Wright" $5.00 Shoes—patent colt, vici kid and French calf

—at—

$3.65

Our regular line of $3.50 Shoes at—

$2.85

Floan, Leveroos & Co.

GRAND LODGE OF MASONS

Holds Annual Session at St. Paul With 500 Delegates Present.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grand lodge of Masons of Minnesota convened today for a two days' annual session at Masonic hall, Fifth street. There were 500 delegates in attendance.

The first session of the Masonic Veterans' association will be held at Masonic hall this evening.

Ancient Landmark Lodge of St. Paul will meet tonight to confer the third degree.

Grand Master Henry M. Tusler of St. Paul reported that there are 241 active chartered Masons' lodges in the state at present, whereas a year ago there were 242. Two of the lodges have consolidated during the year, causing this change. At the last session of the grand lodge two new charters were granted, and two lodges have been instituted during the year. Counterbalancing this, two charters were surrendered during the year. Six new lodges are now under dispensation and their cases have been referred to a committee.

The report of Grand Secretary Thomas Montgomery of St. Paul showed an increase of 800 in the number of Masons during the past year, raising the total membership of the order in the state past the 21,000 mark.

The project of a grand lodge home, killed two years ago, has been revived through the efforts of G. S. Ives and other promoters.

A set of resolutions providing for the inception of such an enterprise was introduced and referred to a committee, which is to report tomorrow morning. The resolutions provide that no important step in the matter of construction be taken until the sum of $75,000 has been raised. Then it will be time to begin on the foundation. The superstructure and details will be left to future determination. Possibly $500,000 will be spent before the building is done. As yet it is all undecided. The whole matter may hang fire for years.

STEENERSON'S DRAINAGE BILL

Referred to Secretary of the Interior For a Report.

Washington, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Congressman Steenerson and A. G. Bernard today had a conference relative to drainage legislation for the reclamation of lands in Minnesota. Nothing tangible resulted, however, more than an interchange of views between the congressman and Bernard. Representative Steenerson's bill to create a drainage reclamation fund was today referred by the chairman of the public lands committee to the secretary of the interior for a report.

INVESTIGATION IS DEMANDED BY HILL.

Albany, Jan. 17.—At the annual meeting of the State Bar association, former United States Senator D. B. Hill demanded an investigation by the association of the circumstances connected with the annual retainer of $5,000 paid to him by the Equitable Life Assurance society, as brought out in the investigation by the legislative life insurance investigating committee. Senator Hill had requested the committee to give him a hearing on the subject, but he was then ill and the committee adjourned without hearing him.

Senator Hill brought up the question by offering a resolution as to his retainer be referred to the committee on grievances. The resolution was adopted.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Nearseal Coats

Plain or Trimmed.

Formerly $52.00 to $59.50, at **$39.50**
Formerly $62.50 to $69.50, at **$45.00**

Persian Lamb Coats Plain or Trimmed.

Formerly $100.00, at..... **$67.50**
Formerly $135.00, at..... **$90.00**
Formerly $165.00, at **$110.00**

Natural or Blended Squirrel Blouses

Formerly $97.50—now..... **$57.50**
Formerly $110.00—now..... **$72.50**

Fur-Lined Coats About Half

Black, Tan, Green, Red, etc. Collar and cuffs of Persian lamb, blended squirrel, Jap mink, etc.—formerly $42.50 to $85—at $21.50 to $45.

$15.00 for Tailored Suits That Were $32.50 to $39.50
$19.50 for Tailored Suits That Were $42.50 to $49.50

Grays, Black, Navys and a sprinkling of Red, Green and Novelty Mixtures. All in the popular long coat models. About 35 Suits all told—go on sale for a final clearance tomorrow!

$10 For a Choice of Winter Coats

That have been selling for $21.50, $23.50 and $25.00—in the long, tight-fitting models—or long loose models—in handsome novelty mixtures, covert cloths and black or blue kerseys, cheviots and broadcloths.

A Final Clean-up of Fur Neck Scarfs and Muffs.

$2.75 for Fur Scarfs in natural or blended squirrel; formerly $5 to $6.50.

$5.00 for Fur Scarfs of natural or blended squirrel, Jap mink and various other furs—formerly $10 to $12.50.

$7.50 for Fox Boas, formerly $10 to $16.50.

$10.00 for Novelty Neck Pieces, formerly $16.50 to $25.00.

Muffs to match any of the above Scarfs at $3.50, $5.00, $7.50 and $10.00.

J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Superior St. and First Avenue West.

THE PESTS OF FRUITS

Nebraska Congressman Outlines Bulletin for Department of Agriculture.

Work That Will Greatly Increase the Production of Fruit.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Congressman E. M. Pollard of the First Nebraska district is a practical fruit grower. He and his father own one of the finest farms in Cass county, and have 200 acres in apple trees. His father, who was a Vermonter, moved to Nebraska in 1856 and began the raising of fruit. Today both father and son are engaged in fruit-growing, and they are among the representative men of the West in their line of business.

Mr. Pollard is a young man in politics. He is no solar-walk statesman, however, of which there are so many now in the halls of congress, but a practical, painstaking representative who believes in his government doing things for the betterment of communities generally.

The other day, bent upon securing some information at the agricultural department as to the codling moth and the scab fungus, the implacable enemies of the apple trees, which in the last year destroyed $40,000,000 worth of fruit, and which are making the fruit-grower grow gray, and have in many instances caused the farmers to plow up their trees, he found that no practical bulletin has ever been issued from the department of agriculture giving explicit directions how to destroy these pests. Mr. Pollard went into the subject at great length with Secretary Wilson, pointing out to him how in the multiplicity of divisions in the agricultural department it was next to impossible to secure bulletins that went direct to the root of things, and suggested that a bulletin be prepared showing the life habits of both pests, the manner of their growth, and the remedies for their destruction, and that this bulletin be written in simple English so that any fairly intelligent person might be able to understand what the scientists were talking about. Secretary Wilson saw the force of the suggestion and asked Mr. Pollard to prepare a synopsis of what such a bulletin should contain; and said that he would see to it that such a bulletin was issued at once from the department of agriculture. Mr. Pollard has made such a synopsis, and his practical knowledge of the subject will undoubtedly prove of invaluable service to those who will be appointed to exhaustively treat the subject.

According to the last census, the value of orchard products in the United States was over $83,500,000. More than half of this amount is represented by the products of the orchards of the Northern Mississippi valley, in this area there are over 23,000,000 apple trees, producing about 62,000,000 bushels of fruit, or a little more than two-thirds of a bushel per tree. This low yield is mainly the result of the injury from the codling moth and the scab fungus. Scab now destroys from 15 to 90 per cent of the apple crop in the Central Mississippi valley. In 1901 the losses in Nebraska ranged from 15 per cent in Webster county to 40 per cent in Saunders county. In Iowa last year apple scab was estimated to have destroyed 25 per cent of the crop. The injury in other apple states, especially in the Northern region, is fully as great as in the states mentioned.

Mr. Pollard says that by the proper use of spraying methods worked out by the department of agriculture, the low yield now obtained could be increased at least three fold on the average. A properly cultivated, pruned and sprayed apple tree should yield from seven to ten bushels of fruit. Where spraying is not practiced, the total yield is not only greatly cut down by destruction from disease, but the injury from disease, even though it may not be apparent when the fruit is taken from the orchard, develops during the marketing or storage.

In the case of bitter-rot, which is widely spread through the apple regions, the loss in one year was estimated in the Mississippi valley region to be over $10,000,000 to the packers, the fruit having decayed, not only in the orchards, but in storage. All of this can now be controlled, due to the indefatigable labors of experimentalists and the department of agriculture.

"What is now needed," said Mr. Pollard, "to prevent the loss is properly conducted demonstrations of the methods of control. The department of agriculture, in co-operation with the state authorities, is now carrying on work of this kind in the control of pear blight in California and the bitter-rot in Virginia and West Virginia. The work thus far has proved to be exceedingly valuable. The growers are shown by experts how to treat these diseases in their own orchards. The farmers can learn by these demonstration methods, what they could never comprehend from printed reports. The cost involved is primarily for the salary and field expenses of the experts."

Realizing that Nebraska and the adjacent states are suffering from the destructive pests above mentioned, and believing that Nebraska is destined to become one of the great apple producing states of the Union, Mr. Pollard introduced a resolution shortly after congress assembled, appropriating $10,000 to be used by the department of agriculture in demonstration experiments for the purpose of controlling "important diseases of orchard fruits, such as scab, bitter-rot, pear blight, etc." While the congressman from the First Nebraska district does not expect to get his resolution through as an independent measure, he has been assured by the chairman of the agricultural committee of the house, Mr. James W. Wadsworth, that this amount will be set aside in the agricultural appropriation bill to the end that the fruit growers of the West and particularly of Nebraska will have the benefit of practical demonstrations as to how to eradicate the common pests of the apple tree.

Unless brought face to face with fruit growing as an industry, it is impossible to realize the number of apple trees there are in the United States. It is still more impossible to appreciate their importance to the productive wealth of the community. In the year 1889 there were in Nebraska 3,877,329 apple trees; Missouri, 20,040,298; Iowa, 6,803,853; Arkansas, 7,486,145; and in 1904 Kansas showed that there were 11,848,070 apple trees in the state.

HAD NO DENTISTS.

London Globe: If teeth which have served the purpose of Celtic man during lifetime can last for another odd 2,000 years in a remarkably good state of preservation, how is it that so many people find it impossible to make them serve a lifetime? Such is the question which the recent discovery of human remains at Leagraves, near Luton, presses home to us. The two skeletons were found doubled up with their heads to the west and a quantity of bronze ornaments were found beside them. They were supposed to be at least 2,000 years old, and yet they are in a remarkably good state of preservation especially the skull and teeth.

WHY HE FELL.

Boston Herald: In the vicinity of Paris Hill, Me., a generation or thereabout ago, lived a man named William Young, who was known as "Bill" Young. Although it was conceded he was hardly up to par intellectually, and was accordingly the butt of jokes, his replies were always witty and sure to provoke laughter.

On one occasion, in celebrating a presidential election, it is said, the boys decided to put up a joke on the old man. They had an old "muzzle-loader," which they filled nearly half-full of black powder, wads, etc., and informed him he must fire it. "Bill" demurred, on the ground that the charge was too heavy, but on being told it was the only way he could show his loyalty to the Republican party he consented.

Taking the gun somewhat gingerly, he fired, and was, of course, bowled over and over by the recoil of the heavy musket.

One of the boys, a safe distance away, and doubled up with laughter, managed to gasp: "Say, Bill, what are you down there for?"

"Huh! To get out th' smoke," retorted "Bill," slowly and painfully picking himself up out of the dirt.

ANCIENT WISBECH.

Wisbech, commercial capital of the East Anglian Fenlands, once stained her skin with woad, and went to market with Roman coins in hand before purses and pockets were in fashion, says the Kansas City Journal. She was weather-beaten, metaphorically and literally, in 1266, when "the sea rose continually in flowing for the space of two days and a night, without ebbing, by reason of the mighty winds, and the town was utterly destroyed; even the solid stone towers of William's castle were not able to resist the rush of waters." Poor old King John had reason to remember this castle, for he made it the jumping-off place for that disastrous effort to cross the Washes in which he lost his army, his treasure, his self-respect and his desire to live.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Arthur Macdonald and Bessie Grace Fleming, both of Superior, Wis.

BIRTHS.

PARKER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George A. Parker, of 513 Second avenue east, Jan. 12.

MARSHALL—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. Marshall, of 812½ East Second street, Jan. 9.

BUTCHART—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Butchart, 209 Sixty-first avenue east, Monday, Jan. 15.

DEATHS.

LYTLE—Mrs. Meta Lytle, aged 28 years, died today at St. Mary's hospital. The body will be sent to Ashland for burial, tomorrow.

THE REAL DULUTH BOYS.



KENNEY & ANKER,

409-411 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

This Is the Real Weather

and the kind we are liable to enjoy for the next three months. You thought you could get through without a new Overcoat but what's the use when we are selling the famous

HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX

Overcoats at Exactly Half Price!

$10.00 Overcoats Now.. $5.00
$20.00 Overcoats Now.. $10.00
$25.00 Overcoats Now.. $12.50
$30.00 Overcoats Now.. $15.00

EVERY GOOD MATERIAL. EVERY PROPER STYLE

PERSONNEL OF TICKETS

For Offices Submitted to Junta of Republican Politicians.

Joel Heatwole Says Ostensible Object is to Promote Harmony.

Northfield, Minn., Jan. 17.—A Minneapolis writer in the Northfield News, Joel P. Heatwole's paper, says: There is considerable warmth exhibited in the discussion of state politics by the bosses of Minnesota. The year 1906 is here, and it will be again necessary to choose public officials and adopt a few meaningless resolutions—for instance, some that have been evolved from the fertile brain of Resolution Bill Grimshaw. There is no organization but what has in its membership some one who will leak. There seems to be a well-defined organization of a few political bosses who have taken it upon themselves to pass upon the merits and demerits of the tickets which various factions have agreed upon and submitted to this "Junta of Politicians." This organization is Republican in its leanings, and the man who leaks says it lives because it is desired to separate the sheep from the goats and thus keep as wide apart as possible the discordant elements. The ostensible object is to promote harmony, even if it be necessary to segregate nationalities and other races and breeds that sometimes interfere with the smooth running of state and party machinery; but there is a suspicion among a few of the members that the real object is to get into a position so that they can give the official plum tree a good jolt. A representative of the Northfield News has been enabled to get the personnel of all tickets that have been submitted to the council for consideration. This information was not obtained under the seal of confidence, and therefore it is permissible to give it to our readers.

The first ticket submitted for approval was evidently constructed by the Minnesota "Federal Machine" which has its executive office in Washington. The similarity of the names does not detract from the strength of the ticket. It is pretty hard to get up an acceptable ticket when one has to dodge around corners in order to avoid taking a definite position on the rate question, and it is equally difficult to satisfy everybody in the selection of men who have the right geographical location. The following is said to represent something of the wishes of the "Federal machine:"

For Senator—
KNUTE NELSON, Douglas Co.
For Governor—
J. F. JACOBSON, Lac qui Parle Co.
For Lieutenant Governor—
TOM TORSON, Watonwan Co.
For Secretary of State—
ELIAS STEENERSON, Polk Co.
For State Auditor—
T. F. OFSTHUN, Pope Co.
For Attorney General—
JAMES A. PETERSON, Hennepin Co.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
T. V. KNATVOLD, Freeborn Co.
For State Treasurer—
KNUD BONEY, Otter tail Co.
For Railroad Commissioner—
GUSTAV ERICSON, Yellow Med. Co.

So much has been said about the state senatorial combine and its desire to control matters, therefore the "council" was not surprised to have the following ticket submitted:

For Senator—
E. B. HAWKINS, St. Louis Co.
For Governor—
SAMUEL LORD, Dodge Co.
For Lieutenant Governor—
DANIEL SIBELL, Nobles Co.
For Secretary of State—
A. V. RIEKE, Renville Co.
For State Auditor—
H. W. STONE, Swift Co.
For Attorney General—
E. SMITH, Hennepin Co.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
H. H. HORTON, Ramsey Co.
For State Treasurer—
G. B. WARD, Douglas Co.
For Railroad Commissioner—
E. J. SWEDBACK, Beltrami Co.

The newspaper men think themselves entitled to some recognition for the many services they have rendered in the past and this slate will be voted upon at the next meeting of the "council:"

For Senator—
ALVAH EASTMAN, St. Cloud Journal-Press.
For Governor—
GRANVILLE S. PEASE, Anoka Union.
For Lieutenant Governor—
J. L. PITNAM, Granite Falls Tribune.
For Secretary of State—
S. A. LANGUM, Preston Times.
For State Auditor—
E. C. HUNTINGTON, Windom Reporter.
For Attorney General—
R. J. BELL, Roseau Times.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
HARVEY JOHNSON, Battle Lake Review.
For State Treasurer—
CHARLES J. BERRYHILL, St. Paul Review.
For Railroad Commissioner—
W. C. WHITEMAN, Ortonville Herald-Star.

That the "farmers" are sometimes lost in the shuffle and very often fail to land is acknowledged on every hand. The following has been sent in for inspection:

For Senator—
J. P. HEATWOLE, Spring Brook Farm, Northfield.
For Governor—
R. C. DUNN, Spencer Brook Farm, Princeton.
For Lieutenant Governor—
R. A. WILKINSON, Dual Purpose Farm Crookston.
For Secretary of State—
L. M. WILLCUTS, Hermantown Ranch, Duluth.
For State Treasurer—
R. J. WELLS, The Meadows, Breckenridge.
For State Auditor—
F. W. ROOT, C. M. & St. P. Farm, Minneapolis.
For Attorney General—
M. D. DUNN, Elms Jersey Farm, St. Paul.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
MARCUS JOHNSON, Red Lake Farm, At Large.
For Railroad Commissioner—
J. C. APPLEGATE, Beacon Lights Farm, Cannon Falls.

Then there is another bunch who can seriously lay claim to the smiles of political fortune; and it is suspected that this ticket was not made up by the "Federal machine" at Washington:

For Senator—
C. A. SMITH, Hennepin Co.
For Governor—
GUS WIDELL, Blue Earth Co.
For Lieutenant Governor—
A. D. STEPHENS, Polk Co.
For Secretary of State—
E. A. NELSON, Kittson Co.
For State Auditor—
S. B. MOLANDER, Kanabec Co.
For Attorney General—
A. F. NORDIN, Kandiyohi Co.
For State Treasurer—
SIEVREN SWANSON, Carlton Co.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
P. G. SJOBLOM, So. Minneapolis.
For Railroad Commissioner—
FRANK A. CARLSON, Meeker Co.

Those who always stand gaping under the official plum tree are important in that they want everything for themselves and nothing for anyone else. They are evidently well provided for in the following:

For Senator—
ELI S. WARNER, St. Paul.
For Governor—
JAMES A. MARTIN, St. Cloud.
For Lieutenant Governor—
WILLIAM W. RICH, New Brighton.
For Secretary of State—
H. J. MILLER, Luverne.
For State Auditor—
MILE BUNNELL, Duluth.
For Attorney General—
GEO. W. ARMSTRONG, Minneapolis.
For State Treasurer—
A. E. RICE, Willmar.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
G. A. BLOMBERG, St. Peter.
For Railroad Commissioner—
TONY MANLEY, Great Northern.

"Hoch der Kaiser!" None who come to us from other lands become better citizens than those who by loyalty and frugality add to the strength of the nation and prosperity of the commercial world. And there is no reason why such as these should not be considered:

For Senator—
FRED. von BAUMBACH, Douglas Co.
For Governor—
A. H. LINDEKE, Ramsey Co.
For Lieutenant Governor—
JOHN G. SCHULTZ, Lyon Co.
For Secretary of State—
L. G. VOGEL, Brown Co.
For State Auditor—
F. G. SCHWARG, Dodge Co.
For Attorney General—
P. G. SCHRODERER, Becker Co.
For State Treasurer—
P. C. KOERNER, Meeker Co.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
H. O. MUEHLBURG, Carver Co.
For Railroad Commissioner—
W. H. GOETZINGER, Grant Co.

Of the "native sons" there are quite enough so that in the future some one may ask for that vote and support. The combine that handed in this ticket evidently thought the matter over very carefully:

For Senator—
LOWELL E. JEPSON, Hennepin Co.
For Governor—
FRANK M. EDDY, Stearns Co.
For Lieutenant Governor—
R. E. THOMPSON, Fillmore Co.
For Secretary of State—
J. A. GANDRUD, Kandiyohi Co.
For State Auditor—
W. E. HARRINGTON, McLeod Co.
For Attorney General—
ELIAS RACHIE, Lac qui Parle Co.
For State Treasurer—
P. C. SIMONS, Red Lake Co.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
A. M. HAYES, Dakota Co.
For Railroad Commissioner—
H. B. DIBELL, St. Louis Co.

Those "loyal sons" who stood so heroically by the Republican ticket in 1904 with a knife in each bootleg need some encouragement, and the "council" itself may finally submit the following as the happy solution of the vexed problem:

For Senator—
W. H. GRIMSHAW, Minneapolis.
For Governor—
JOHN A. JOHNSON, St. Peter.
For Lieutenant Governor—
JOHN A. LYSTER, Minneapolis.
For Secretary of State—
JOHN KING, Red Lake Falls.
For State Auditor—
JOS. BORLETER, New Ulm.
For Attorney General—
C. C. EASTMAN, Wadena.
For State Treasurer—
T. D. O'BRIEN, St. Paul.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—
CHARLEY HANEY, At Large.
For Railroad Commissioner—
C. F. SCHONLAU, Houston.

WAIT AND SEE HIM



DR. HOAG.

Dr. Hoag will be in Superior, Wis., at Hotel Superior, Thursday, Jan. 18, 1906; office hours from 11 a. m. to 9 p. m., and in Ashland at the Commercial hotel, Friday, Jan. 19; office hours from 11 a. m. to 9 p. m., where he can be consulted privately and free of charge.

THE SUCCESSFUL CHICAGO SPECIALIST.

Cures all affections of the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, together with all Nervous derangements, and this reflex action upon the system; all affections of the Brain and Spinal Cord, Blood impurities and taints, Skin Diseases, Rectal Diseases, Stubborn, unyielding cases of long-standing, chronic in nature which refuse to yield to all other methods of treatment.

DISEASES OF MEN.

Those secret ailments, peculiar to the sex, including Varicocele, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Errors of Youth, and their baneful results, Infectious Diseases and all Blood Taints and Skin Eruptions of every nature he cures in less time than by any other treatment.

CONSULTATION FREE

Address for home treatment, Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6362 Minerva Ave., Chicago Ill.

LECTURE

In Swedish language by **Dr. John A. Enander** at **Lutheran Bethany church** Thursdday evening next. Subject, "Our Old and New Fatherland."

CHANGES ON ARMY STAFF

Several Advancements to Be Made in Next Few Months.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The appointment of Maj. Gen. Bates as chief of staff has left a vacancy in the office of assistant of staff which will be filled temporarily by the assignment to the duties of that office of Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, who will, however, continue to serve as president at the army war college.

Gen. Bates will be promoted to lieutenant general on the retirement of Gen. Chaffee, Feb. 1, next, and will himself retire April 14, thus vacating on that date the grade of lieutenant general of the active list and the office of chief of staff. It is settled that Maj. Gen. Corbin will be made lieutenant general on the retirement of Gen. Bates, and that at his own request will not be appointed chief of staff. He will retire Sept. 15 next and Maj. Gen. McArthur will be made a lieutenant general. The things unsettled now are who will succeed Gen. Bates in the office of chief of staff, and who will be the next incumbent of the office of assistant chief of staff. It is expected that an official announcement on the subject will be made in a few days.

Capt. William M. Wright, Second infantry of the general staff, has been assigned to duty as special aide to Gen. Bates and Capt. Grote Hutcheson, Sixth cavalry, who acted in that capacity for Gen. Chaffee, will serve as an aide to Gen. Barry.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1 a box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

SERVICE IS IMPROVING

A Day Saved in Carrying Mail From Coast to Coast.

Cortelyou's Ambition to Make Our Postal System Foremost.

Washington, Jan. 17.—In improving the postal service of this country Postmaster General Cortelyou is annihilating time and space. He has cut a day off the schedule in the transportation of the mails from New York to San Francisco, and by making arrangements for faster trains out of St. Louis has done a great deal to assist in the development and progress of the Southwest. It is the ambition of Postmaster General Cortelyou to make the postal system of the United States foremost, and he is working to the end that the mails shall be moved on the fastest trains that can be procured.

The formal announcement that the running time between New York and San Francisco had been reduced by a day attracted very little attention, comparatively, but by business men it was looked upon as a master stroke on the part of the postmaster general. The new schedule took effect on Dec. 31. On that day the Burlington, Union Pacific and Southern Pacific railroads, in order to meet expedited schedules of their competitors, reduced the time of the train leaving Chicago at 3 a. m. and arriving in San Francisco at 12:45 noon the fourth day, so as to reach there about the same time on the third day, thus cutting twenty-four hours off the running time of that train, expediting the mails on that connection one full day, and beating the time of the fastest train heretofore running over the same roads between Chicago and San Francisco by ten hours. This is a greater cut than has ever been made in the time of any overland train.

The postmaster general is now making arrangements for a fast mail train on the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, which will leave St. Louis between 2:30 and 3 o'clock a. m., putting mails into practically all of the country tributary to the Frisco road in Southwestern Missouri, Southern Kansas, Western Arkansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma from six to twelve hours ahead of the present schedule.

The story of the evolution of the transcontinental mail schedule makes interesting reading. Under the old overland mail contracts, whereby the mails were transported by stage, the time from Missouri river to Sacramento was a little more than sixteen days in the summer and twenty days in the winter. In 1869 the Union Pacific railroad was completed only as far as Fort Kearney, and the mails were carried by stage from that point to the terminus of the Central Pacific, near Virginia City, Nev., via Denver and Salt Lake, and the time in transit from New York to San Francisco was nineteen days.

Since then, in January, 1899, the time was shortened to ninety-two hours, being three days and twenty hours in transit, leaving New York at 9:15 p. m., and reaching San Francisco at 5:15 p. m., the fifth day.

The new schedule that went into effect on December 31 reduces the time to eighty-one hours and forty-three minutes, nearly 40 per cent, less than was considered in 1888 the fastest schedule that could be made and ten hours and fifteen minutes faster than any train heretofore in operation between the same points.

The gain in time is not confined to points directly on the through main line. For instance, there is a gain of twelve hours to mail for all points tributary to the Oregon Short Line, which branches from the main line of the Union Pacific railroad at Green River, Wyo., and runs via Pocatello, Huntington, Umatilla and Pendleton to Portland, Or., connecting thence to Seattle and Tacoma, Wash. Twelve hours is gained to all points on the line from Ogden to Butte and Silver Bow, Mont. There is a like gain to all points in California north of Sacramento and to a large section of Central California south of Sacramento and San Francisco.

The new train leaves Omaha five hours after the train that has heretofore been considered the fast mail, overtakes that train at Green River and beats it into San Francisco by more than five hours. Reports already received indicate that the new schedule can be maintained. The first train reached San Francisco two hours and thirty minutes late, but the delay was caused by a burned bridge which necessitated making a detour between Sacramento and San Francisco via Stockton.

What has been said of the shortening of the overland schedule from New York via Chicago, Omaha and Ogden to San Francisco applies equally to the route from New York via the Pennsylvania lines to Pittsburg, St. Louis, Kansas City and the Southwest as far as Los Angeles, Cal. There has been a gradual shortening of the time. It is but a few months since there was a gain of five hours on an already fast schedule between New York and St. Louis. The train which had been arriving at St. Louis at 1:42 in the afternoon reaches that city under the new schedule at 7:56 a. m. This train leaves New York at 8 a. m. The time of the train leaving New York at 2:45 a. m. instead of 10:20 a. m., thereby effecting a connection with the fast train on the Santa Fe and putting mail into Los Angeles at 2:15 in the afternoon instead of 6:30 a. m. the following morning.

Postmaster General Cortelyou is hopeful that with the improvement in motive power, roadbeds and general equipment still greater expedition will be secured in the transportation of mail from coast to coast, and to and from intermediate points.

INDIANS GOING TO MEXICO.

Cherokee Emigration Scheme Said to Be Well Under Way.

Muskogee, I. T., Jan. 17.—Capt. Jack Ellis, formerly of the Indian Territory police, a thirty-second degree Mason and a Cherokee Indian, is in the city from his farm near Vian. Capt. Ellis has for years nursed a scheme to secure land in Mexico for the Cherokees, who, he declares, will go there as soon as they are permitted to sell some of their holdings in the territory. A local paper announced recently that he had given up the idea as not feasible, but he said:

"If such a story appeared, it was without my knowledge or consent and was wholly untrue. As a matter of fact, the time has arrived, in my opinion, to put the plan in operation. It is simply to organize a company with ample funds to buy land there and strong enough financially to sell it to them on time, in the event they have not the money and want to go at once. As for the Indians going to Mexico, there is no doubt about it, and just as soon as I and my associates can terminate the negotiations which we have already entered into, we will be prepared to furnish them all the land in Mexico they will want.

"I understand some of the land grafters are circulating the report that we desire to rob the Indians of their land here. We do not care whether we get a foot of land in the territory; in fact, we would prefer not to have it at all, and will only take it when the Indian can not pay the small sum which will be asked by the acre for the land down there, and when we do have to take his land as payment, he will be allowed every cent his land is worth, probably twenty times the price he will be asked by us. We do not anticipate any trouble in the Indian not having the money to pay for his land next year, as the Cherokees will be paid vast sums of money, some of which is held in trust by the government, and other funds, from townsites, etc."

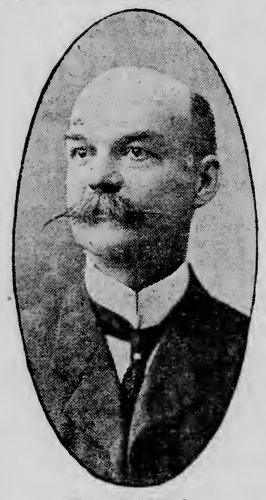
POPULARITY IS GROWING

Teas of Ceylon Steadily Gaining in Favor With Public.

P. C. Larkin Says They Will Oust Chinese and Japanese.

"Over the tea cups," is when gossip is exchanged, but "in the tea cups" was the topic of gossip which a reporter proposed to P. C. Larkin, the commercial leader, known as the "Tea King of America."

Discussing the trade conditions between this country and the Eastern tea producing nations, the "tea king" related a number of facts of interest not only to business men, but to all users of the cheerful beverage.



P. C. LARKIN.
"America's Tea King."

"Last year the consumption of tea in America," said he, "amounted to 100,000,000 pounds. The important feature of the trade was the remarkable progress in the introduction of Ceylon and India tea, of which there was consumed in this country last year 27,000,000 pounds.

"These teas have been brought to the notice of the American tea drinker only during the past few years, but so rapid has been the growth of their use that it is easy to see that eventually the teas of China and Japan will disappear entirely, as in England."

When asked for the reason of this rapid growth in the use of Ceylon and India teas, Mr. Larkin replied:

"There are several reasons: One is that the Salada Tea Company packs all its tea in sealed lead packets, thereby delivering the tea fresh from the tea garden to the tea cup. Another point is in the purity of teas from Ceylon and India, as absolutely no artificial coloring or adulteration is permitted, whereas it is well known that the teas from China and Japan are largely colored with Persian blue, gypsum and soap-stone.

"It is interesting to know that tea is not indigenous to China, but was undoubtedly taken there from India, where tea is found throughout the jungles. In China it is never found except in a cultivated state. Tea was not cultivated in India and Ceylon for the market until about 40 years ago, when an experimenter cultivated the shrub and shipped a small quantity to London. Finding that he got four or five times the price that was paid for the best China growth, his experiment has resulted in the production of over 250,000,000 pounds of Ceylon and India tea annually.

"To show you how rapidly this tea has displaced China growths, I might say that some years ago China shipped annually to Great Britain 160,000,000 pounds. Last year this amount dwindled to 13,000,000 pounds, and yet the consumption of tea in England has nearly doubled."

When asked if Americans can really be called great tea drinkers, the "tea king" said:

"English speaking people are practically the only consumers of tea. Australia leads with seven to eight pounds consumed per capita each year. England comes next, with six pounds; Canada, five pounds; United States, 1¾ pounds; Russia less than three-quarters of a pound, and various European countries not named, practically none.

"Tea can be grown nearly everywhere," said Mr. Larkin, when asked of the feasibility of great tea plantations in the new Eastern possessions of the United States, but the quality demanded restricts the area of production to peculiar combinations of soil and climate. Another requisite which we have to advantage in Ceylon and India is cheap and steadfast labor. We must be able to depend upon sufficient labor whenever we want it, or the tea leaves would be spoiled in a very short time.

"We believe that with the advent of Ceylon and Indian teas in the United States the consumption per capita will increase rapidly, as it has done in England and elsewhere. This because the teas are much more delicious and very much more healthful."

JUBILEE SINGERS.

Friday Evening at Merritt Memorial Church in Oneota.

The Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial orchestra of Hamilton, Ont., are scheduled to appear Friday night at Merritt Memorial church at Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, under the auspices of the church and will give a select program of vocal and instrumental music. They are all colored people and the company consists of some of the best colored talent of the continent, it is claimed.

Criticisms from other places assert that there is not one in the aggregation that is not a star performer. The program consists of not only popular and up-to-date music but plantation melodies which are sung as only a darkey can sing them.. The program will be announced later.

NOTICE!

Watch for the Eagle Clothing Co.'s extraordinary announcement in Friday's Evening Herald

Eagle CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE.

321 W. Superior St. D. C. Casmir

NO AGREEMENT WAS REACHED

Korby-Chesser Jury Still Out After Several Hours Deliberation.

No verdict had been arrived at by the jury in the Korby-Chesser damage case late this afternoon and, judging from the sounds of arguments which wafted from the jury room, there was little chance of a speedy arrival at any agreement.

The testimony was completed yesterday and the arguments were made before the court adjourned last evening, the case going to the jury this morning.

John Korby accuses John Chesser, of Virginia, of alienating the affections of Mrs. Korby and thus breaking up his happy home. Korby sued for $10,000 damages. The case was on trial several days and attracted much attention by reason of the character of the evidence, Mrs. Korby and Mrs. Chesser being among the principal witnesses.

The argument of counsel to the jury was eloquent by both sides. For Korby, Mr. Briggs pictured Chesser as the man who broke up a happy home, "the snake in the grass" and urged that damages ought to be awarded against him in sufficient amount to act as a punishment for the things he is alleged to have done.

Mr. Martin, for Chesser dwelt at length on the different kinds of kisses and claimed that Chesser always cherished a neighborly and friendly regard and no more, for the Korby family and that his kiss was the "Judas Iscariot sort," in fact he was simply "jollying" Mrs. Korby in order to keep on the good side of her until he could get his money back.

The closing testimony for Chesser was not at all favorable to Korby. Even his father-in-law, Wiggins, appeared in Chesser's behalf and characterized Korby as a drunkard and a man habitually quarreling with his wife.

RECORDS BROKEN.

Student Roll at Gustavus Adolphus College Shows Increase.

St. Peter, Minn., Jan. 17.—Gustavus Adolphus college opens the spring semester with the largest attendance in the history of the school. There are about 360 students now enrolled and more are expected. When all have entered the total will doubtless exceed 375 and may reach to 400.

The college authorities attribute this increase to the brisk campaign for new students that was conducted last summer. After commencement last year, the college quartet traveled about the state giving concerts and it was accompanied by a lecturer who set forth the advantages offered by the school. Nearly all of the members of the faculty assisted in the work and at the opening of the fall term the results were immediately noticeable.

At the opening of the first semester, the attendance exceeded that of the previous year, and now the increase, noticed principally in the academy and college of commerce, has broken all the records. Next spring the school will confer A. B. degrees upon sixteen students, and all indications point to an unusually successful year for the growing institution.

The board of directors of the college will meet in this city on Feb. 6 to prepare its annual report to the Minnesota conference, and at that time Professors V. E. Vickner and G. A. Peterson will request that they be given leaves of absence for one year in which to study abroad. Prof. Peterson will enter one of the larger German universities and his confrere is to study in Spain.

WHOLE TOWNSITE SOLD.

Danish Colony Purchases Site of Partridge, Minn.

Partridge, Minn., Jan. 17.—The most important real estate transaction that has occurred in Pine county in years has just been completed by the Danish Colonization society, which has headquarters at Tyler, Minn., and Menominee, Mich. This society has purchased the entire townsite of Partridge and is preparing to place a large number of settlers on the surrounding land, in the immediate future. This society has already colonized several districts, one of the most successful of their undertakings being the settlement at Tyler, Minn. It is composed of Danes, whose object is to better themselves and their kinsmen by securing good land for their settlements.

Some time ago they decided that they had enough settlers at Tyler and that they would secure more land for another settlement in this state. They selected a committee of three, composed of K. H. Duus and L. C. Pederson of Tyler and A. H. Jurgensen of Menominee, Mich., to thoroughly search the state for the most desirable location. They went to Wadena, Bemidji, Solway and Cromwell, and carefully examined the counties of Beltrami, Hubbard, Itasca, Aitkin, St. Louis, Carlton and Pine. After careful consideration they decided that Pine county is the best suited for their purpose, and that the most desirable land could be secured here at reasonable figures. They also gave as a reason that it is the best location in the state for marketing their produce, as it is midway between four of the largest cities of the Northwest.

They have purchased the entire townsite of Partridge, and also quite a large strip of the adjacent country, and have secured the agency for 10,000 acres from the Farmers' Land & Cattle company of St. Paul.

It is their intention to take possession of their land at once, and a large immigration will be turned this way in the spring. As soon as their homes are completed they will start the erection of a church and a church school, and will make preparations for building up a small town at that point.

PROGRESS IS SATISFACTORY

Towards a Meeting of Miners' Representatives and Operators.

Indianapolis, Jan. 17.—It is generally understood among the leaders of the miners' organization now in convention that arrangements are progressing preliminary to a meeting of the anthracite miners' representatives and operators of that district. The result, it is believed, will be a conference during the next month or immediately following the convention.

President Mitchell today read the statement made to the Associated Press by E. B. Thomas, president of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company, in which Mr. Thomas said the big anthracite operators had agreed to meet Mr. Mitchell as the representative of the miners as was done in 1902. After reading the statement Mr. Mitchell smiled and said:

"I am in the same boat I was before. I can neither affirm nor deny that report."

There are indications that the correspondence that is now passing between him and the anthracite operators deals simply with the question of whether or not they will receive him as the representative of the union. It is believed if this request is granted he and the anthracite representatives will meet the operators singly as representatives of the miners. One significant statement made by Mr. Mitchell in his address touched on this matter. It was:

"The negotiations are now being carried on and while I do not feel at liberty to report their extent, I take pleasure in announcing that satisfactory progress is being made."

At the opening of the convention today President Mitchell announced the appointment of committees.

OLD TIME SHOESTRING.

Kansas City Journal: In the old days we made strings of calf skin. Every farmer was an expert.

We would cut a disc of leather three or four inches in diameter, stick the point of a sharp knife in a board, place the thumb nail the thickness of a match from it, and quickly draw the string through the opening, the perimeter being reduced the thickness of a match at every measure of the circumference. Pretty work! Then the square string was rolled between the sole of the shoe and the floor until it was perfectly round, after which it was greased with tallow.

Such a lace would last for months, but their shine soon wears off, giving them a much worn appearance.

NOTHING WRONG.

Success Magazine: James Whitcomb Riley, in company with the gentleman who used to manage his lecture tours, was once examining a hall in a town in Ohio where it was proposed Mr. Riley should give a reading.

The two men had as their guide a colored janitor who was quite talkative. Mr. Riley observed that the janitor made use of long words of whose meaning he was ignorant. So the poet determined to have a little fun with him.

All at once Mr. Riley began to sniff the atmosphere critically. "It seems to me, Jim," he said sternly, "that the acoustics in this place are pretty bad."

"Why, boss," said the janitor reproachfully, "yo' shore must be mistaken; I don't smell anything."

The Kansas City Weekly Star

Is of special interest to farmers because it prints a more complete and intelligible account of the markets than any other paper in the country.

SEND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS FOR ONE YEAR'S SUBSCRIPTION.

Address, THE KANSAS CITY WEEKLY STAR, KANSAS CITY, MO.

The only form of food made from wheat that is all nutriment is the soda cracker, and yet—the only soda cracker of which this is really true is

Uneeda Biscuit

The only soda cracker scientifically baked.
The only soda cracker effectually protected.
The only soda cracker ever fresh, crisp and clean.
The only soda cracker good at all times.

5¢ *In a dust tight, moisture proof package.*

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

A STATEMENT BY WILLIAMS

Murderer of Keller Says He is Victim of a Conspiracy.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—(Special to the Herald.)—William Williams sentenced to be hanged Feb. 13, for the murder of Johnny Keller, has issued a statement addressed to the "Governor and public of the State of Minnesota," in which he states he is willing to be executed, in fact prefers it to imprisonment.

He desires, he says, to clear up the memory of young Keller against insinuations that were made at the trial by the father of the murdered boy. The statement closes:

"It makes me laugh when I think it over and realize what fools the public are. I expect to get justice in the next world, nothing but the truth will go there.

"During my trial I did not resent the false testimony offered against me alone, but what hurt me most was the lying insinuations against both me and Johnny and the direct lies told by Keller against his boy.

"There never was better and truer or moral boy than Johnny was, and eller knew it.

"If I did not resent these lying insinuations I should have lost the little self respect I have for myself, and should not think myself worthy of the name of a man.

"Johnny is dead and I wish to be with him. I don't want to go to prison, not because I fear the prison itself. I should not fear it if I had done anything to be sent there for.

"But the knowledge that I was sent there unjustly would be unbearable and I am sick of it all.

"Then there is not much difference between being dead and buried and being buried alive, only if a fellow is buried in the ground he will not be miserable and his troubles will be over.

"I am yours respectfully, the victim of a conspiracy. Bill Williams."

SUE RAILROAD FOR DAMAGES

Fourteen Claims Filed by Farmers For Losses by Fire.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative B. S. Bennett spent yesterday in the city and looked up several matters in connection with the filing of fourteen damage suits against the Soo Railway company for losses which farmers in the vicinity of Bijou sustained on Nov. 14 last, as the result of a terrible prairie fire which raged nearly one whole day in Eastern Norman county, and which, it is alleged, was started from sparks from a passing Soo freight engine, or from coal which was dumped with ashes near Bijou station, the latter being the theory of Mr. Bennett, who will appear as attorney for all the plaintiffs.

On the date in question, during the fore part of the day there was a strong wind blowing from the southwest, and had the wind remained there the damage would have been comparatively small, as its progress would have been stopped by Marsh Creek. About the middle of the afternoon, however, the wind suddenly shifted to the northwest, and before nightfall it had swept over a vast area.

Fortunately the country in that section is not thickly settled, and the loss sustained was chiefly in hay in stack, hundreds of tons of which was lapped up. No one saw the immediate beginning of the fire, but the elevator agent at Bijou saw the fire shortly after it started, and a freight train had passed shortly before that time. The plaintiffs also lay considerable weight to the fact that several other fires in that vicinity have been started from sparks from the engine of the same train, and it is supposed they were started by the same engine which, it is alleged, must have been faulty in some respects.

The total damage claimed amounts to $3,600, and the outcome will be watched with a great deal of interest, as it is announced that the result of these suits will determine whether or not a number of similar actions will be started in connection with fires supposed to have been started by Great Northern and Northern Pacific engines, in cases where no one saw the inception of the fire, and in which the probability of the fire having been started by a railway engine will have to carry considerable weight. The Soo cases will be filed in the district court in Polk county, and will come up for trial at the June term.

A Modern Miracle.

"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Mollie Holt of this place," writes J. O. R. Hooper, Woodford, Tenn., "she was so wasted by coughing up pus from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that her family had watched by her bedside forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request, Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman today." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. 50c and $1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

ALL CHARGES ARE DENIED

Chicago & Alton Files Answer to the Government's Complaint.

Milwaukee, Jan. 17.—The Chicago & Alton Railroad company and the Chicago & Alton Railway company, two of the demurrers to the complaint of the government, have filed a joint answer in the rebate suit. The answer denies that the Chicago & Alton ever solicited business from the Milwaukee Refrigerator Transit company, or received any money whatsoever from the transit company in violation of the act of congress specified in the bill of complaint. The answer further denies that the Chicago & Alton road ever received rebates from the Pabst Brewing company, or through the Milwaukee Refrigerator Transit company. It admits, however, that it entered into an agreement with the Milwaukee Refrigerator Transit company whereby it agreed to pay the company a percentage of the tariff rate for such freight as the transit company routed over its lines, and declared it secured through this means a large amount of freight.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Fibridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

CATARRH THE PLAGUE OF WINTER

Every Catarrh sufferer dreads the return of cold weather, for at the first cold breath of the season this plague of Winter is fanned into life with all its miserable symptoms. The nostrils are stopped up, and a constant dropping of mucus back into the throat keeps up a continual hawking and spitting, the patient has dull headaches, ringing noises in the ears and a half sick, depressed feeling all the time. Every inner lining and tissue of the body becomes inflamed, and secretes an unhealthy matter which is absorbed into the blood and distributed to all parts of the body, and the disease becomes constitutional. The catarrhal poison brings on stomach troubles, affects the Kidneys and Bladder, attacks the soft bones of the throat and head and if not checked leads to Consumption. A disease so deep-seated and dangerous cannot be washed out, neither can it be smoked away. Sprays, washes, inhalations, etc., are useless, because they only reach the membranes and tissues, while the real cause of the disease is in the blood. S. S. S. cures Catarrh because it attacks it through the blood; it goes into the circulation and drives out all unhealthy accumulations and catarrhal matter, and when this is done every part of the system receives a supply of rich, pure blood. Then the inflamed membranes and tissues heal, all discharge ceases, the depressed feeling of the body is relieved, and every symptom passes away. S. S. S. goes to the very root of the trouble, and by purifying and enriching the blood and building up the entire system, cures Catarrh permanently. If you have Catarrh do not waste time with local remedies, but begin S. S. S. and write for our book and any medical advice without charge.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

JAPAN HAS RECOVERED

Henry Newman Says Returning Soldiers Found Plenty to Do.

Theatrical Man Talks of Conditions in Far East.

Henry Newman, advance agent for T. W. Dinkins' Yankee Doodle Girls at the Metropolitan, who has been in the city several days conferring with the manager of the company regarding changes in the route, left Duluth yesterday. He talks very entertainingly of conditions in Japan, which country he but recently visited, having been connected with one of Williamson's Australian companies, touring the Far East.

"The problem of the returning soldier is not a hard one with the Japanese," said Mr. Newman yesterday. "There is no room in that land for an idler, anyway, and life on the battle field has not spoiled the men of the country.

"There is an abundance of work for them to do at home, and, so far as I have been able to observe them, they are more than ready to forget the ways of strife and strategy and to take up with energy the peaceful pursuits of commerce and industry. So, on every hand, may be seen evidences that the Japanese are going to make an unusual effort to take full advantage of the trade opportunities presented to them by the treaty of peace. The Manchurian, North China and Korean markets are not far off and the Japanese seem determined to commercial possession of the field.

"Almost since the beginning of the war, Japan has been busily engaged in colonizing Korea. Thousands of Japanese have entered the country and established themselves in all lines of business. Many have taken up farming.

"Then along the entire line traveled by the Japanese armies, Japanese exports have been planted and Japanese merchants and farmers have followed the soldiers, establishing themselves almost before the smoke of battle cleared away.

"Throughout the empire, great activity prevails. Old established importing houses have been preparing for a great demand for machinery of all kinds. These fellows are farsighted enough to see that there will be a demand for it not only in Japan but in Korea and Manchuria, to which markets the importing houses extend, too.

"To take proper advantage of her geographical condition and her intimate knowledge of the Manchurians and Koreans, Japan must for many years be a heavy buyer of the equipment necessary to the establishment and extension of her industries."

AGRARIANS GROW UGLY

Estates Are Sacked and Burned Near the Emperor's Palace.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 17.—The agrarian disorders which have broken out in the outskirts of St. Petersburg have assumed an ugly phase. The peasants have sacked the estates of the Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz and Prince Korsikoff and have burned the buildings on the estate in the district of Tsarskoe-Selo, almost in sight of the emperor's palace.

The terrorist organization is including in its death roll not only officials but also leaders of the conservative organizations.

A dispatch from Smolensk, middle-Russia, says that President Koutoff, of the league of banner bearers, formed to defend the autocracy has been murdered at his residence by eight terrorists, who operated with the utmost boldness and left a notice to the effect that a similar fate will befall all the members of the league of banner bearers.

PLAYFUL WIFE WAS DIVORCED

Man Got a Decree Because She Tickled His Feet.

New York, Jan. 17.—Superior Court Justice Giegerich decided without leaving the bench that Alvin T. J. Ritterhoff had good cause for divorce from Minnie Ritterhoff, to whom he was married in 1897. The principal testimony against Mrs. Ritterhoff was furnished by the correspondent himself, Frederick A. Finacom, though she took the witness stand later and contradicted him.

Mrs. Ritterhoff had a passion for writing poems of a somewhat passionate nature. Most of those were addressed to her dear Fred and were signed "Cap." She had assumed this nickname because the zodiacal sign Capricorn was in the ascendant when she was born.

She explained her poetic frenzy by the frank statement that she wrote poems "to show off" and impress the recipients of her effusions with her ability to write love letters without repeating words or phrases. Mrs. Ritterhoff was born at Fredericksburg, Va.

Some of the family spats were aired during her testimony, for instance when they were living at 481 St. Nicholas avenue. Ritterhoff threw a plate of smelts in his wife's face, so she said. She tried to leave the house that night, but he locked her in.

Another time her playful nature, as she called it, took the form of tickling the soles of Ritterhoff's feet with a feather. She seemed surprised that he should resent her familiarity and try to choke the playfulness out of her.

After this the Ritterhoffs led "a dog's life," according to the lady, and they even separated in 1901 for a year. She returned, she said, because Ritterhoff said he would blow out his brains if she didn't. Shortly afterward he called her a name and in reply she drew blood from his nose with a hairbrush. "He just let the blood drip on the carpet," she added plaintively, "and I went to the theater."

Another separation followed and she went to Washington to her mother's. It was there she met Finacom. The latter, she said, pleaded sickness on Christmas eve, 1904, while calling on her with his 13-year-old son. At his request she allowed him and the boy to occupy a room in the house, but she denied that she had allowed him, as he testified, to share her room.

Ritterhoff testified that his wife immediately after their marriage had refused to let him smoke in the house or to turn in his toes. Once, he said, she attacked him ferociously with teeth, nails and boots (they were bicycle boots, he commented.) That was because he took exception to her calling his relatives a "pack of dogs." Mrs. Ritterhoff is little, her husband is not.

More evidence was admitted concerning Mrs. Ritterhoff's conduct and then Justice Giegerich said that he would grant a divorce and dismiss the wife's countersuit for a separation.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THE INSURANCE INVESTIGATION

Will Look Into Private Grievance as Well as Public.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 17.—The legislative insurance investigation committee will look into private grievances against life insurance companies as well as matters of public interest under the belief that the interest of each policy holder may be material accomplishment of better insurance protection of the policy holders of the state.

Yesterday a resolution adopted limiting the scope of the investigation to companies having their home offices in Wisconsin was modified to the extent of providing for the investigation of special cases of insurance policies in any company of which the holder of a policy, who thinks he has a grievance is a resident of the state. The committee will sit again in about three weeks and upon reconvening will meet first in Madison to receive the reports of the sub-committee which have been appointed for special portions of the work. Adjournment will be taken from Madison to Milwaukee, and the committee hearings for the taking of testimony save when the Wisconsin life company of this city is under investigation will be held in Milwaukee.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment---They Look for Something Else to Do.

The broad-gauged man of today does not get blue just because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it, has either a small nature of some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity—resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected, prove beyond the shadow of a doubt their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are Nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and posses the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hinderance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves but made the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tables. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it. Their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact you forget you have a stomach when you begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box.

PROCEDURE REVERSED

"Pull" Counts for Little Now in Postoffice Appointments.

Effort Made to Keep Good Postmasters in Office.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Postmaster General Cortelyou has completely reversed the usual procedure in the appointment of postmasters, and the 80,000 or so persons who hold these positions are now more dependent on the good opinion of the department officials than on the "pull" of powerful politicians. Members of congress have hardly made up their minds whether or not they like the new order of things.

In the old days a congressman used to ask the president or the postmaster general to appoint candidates for postoffice jobs. Now the postmaster general notifies congressmen that he proposes to appoint this man or that unless the member entertains serious objections to the plan. Instead of the department examining the aspirants for office to determine their fitness, this duty now devolves upon the congressmen.

It is only possible to observe this policy in the cases of postmasters who come up for reappointment. Every day members of congress receive letters something like the following, signed either by Postmaster General Cortelyou or Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock:

"Dear Sir: The term of Postmaster Smith of Brownville expires Feb. 1, 1906. An investigation of his conduct of the office having indicated that he has discharged the duties of the position satisfactorily, it has been decided to reappoint him, unless reasons are shown why he should not be reappointed."

A couple of days ago a Nebraska representative received seven of these glad to have all seven of the postmasters in his district. The incumbents were all good men, and acceptable to the member, and although he was rather surprised at the action of the department, he replied that he would be glad to have all seven of the postmasters recommissioned. In none of the cases, however, had he made any recommendation.

In some instances this plan has had the effect of "bluffing" the retention of postmasters on congressmen. For instance, Congressman Pearre, of Maryland, had been trying to decide for two or three weeks between two aspirants for a good post office job in his district. One was a holdover and the other was a man of excellent reputation, who had many strong indorsements for the position. While Mr. Pearre was undecided what to do, the problem was solved by the department, for he received one of Mr. Hitchcock's letters, stating that the incumbent was to be reappointed unless reasons were produced to prove that he should be succeeded by another.

But the department does not always succeed in its effort to keep good postmasters in office. If a representative makes a fight for an outsider, and puts up a stiff argument, he will win. A case in point was furnished the other day, when an influential Indiana editor sought reappointment as postmaster. Representative Landis was against him, and urged the appointment of a new man. The contest was taken to the White House, where the president decided in favor of Mr. Landis.

The new rule saves some members from a lot of trouble. If a congressman is able to announce to a horde of aspirants for a post office job that the department has decided to continue the incumbent for another term, it saves the M. C. no end of bother and embarrassment.

This is one of a number of practical civil service reforms which Postmaster General Cortelyou has instituted. He has others under consideration. Before long, Mr. Cortelyou will start the machinery in motion to attain his chief ambition, which is to put the postal service on a self-supporting basis.

A WEDDING WAS UPSET BY WASPS

Nest in the Deacon's Hat Stirred Up During Ceremony.

Slab City, Vt., Jan. 17.—Deacon Jonathan Ross inadvertently contributed to a good deal of excitement at the wedding of his grandson Ephraim the other day as he was taking to wife Miss Betty Porter, a pretty young woman of this village. For a time it looked as though the ceremony would have to be postponed.

The deacon lays all the trouble to his good spouse, Martha, who, he declares, insisted that he should wear his "funeral" beaver hat. The venerable deacon protested that the tile was suitable for funerals only, but Mrs. Ross insisted that she had frequently seen in the newspapers pictures of men wearing them to fahionable weddings in Boston and that it would be highly improper for him to go in his rusty felt.

So the hat was brought from the attic, where it had been reposing for upward of three years; the exterior was brushed by his near-sighed wife and the pair set out for the home of the bride. The deacon almost rebelled after the third neighbor had solicitously inquired as to whose funeral they were going, but he stuck it out and in due time arrived at the Porter homestead.

The ceremony was to be performed in the parlor, where chairs were set in a semicircle, and as they were close relatives and as Mrs. Ross could not see any distance with comfort they were placed in the first row. The deacon put his hat under his chair and soon began to enjoy the proceedings immensely. The other chairs were soon filled and then at the signal of the best man the church organist struck up the "Lohengrin" wedding march on the melodion and the wedding party entered.

The parson had asked the usual questions and was about to pronounce the couple man and wife when the groom emitted a sharp cry of pain and clapped his hand to his head. Almost instantly he yelled a second time, jabbed his eye and began to dance a hornpipe. The blushing bride turned pale and started to weep; the guests fidgeted in their chairs and the parson looked amazed.

Just then the deacon leaped out of his chair and, running his hand up his trousers leg to the top of his boot, pirouetted in a circle and, losing his balance, came down flat on the floor.

"Wasps!" he shouted, withdrawing his hand and holding up a crushed insect in his trembling finger.

Everyone was on his feet in an instant. Women held their skirts close and fanned the air with their handkerchiefs. The bridegroom danced about in a circle tearing at his hair and the bride gathered her veil closely about her face. The wasps, about twenty in number, buzzed here and there, their flight marked by hysterical shouts from the feminine guests. Then, circling slowly, they made a bee line for the deacon's beaver.

Inside the hat, neatly glued to the roof, was a small conical wasp's nest and into it the insects finally crawled one by one. When they had all got home the deacon immersed the hat in a tub of water and the interrupted wedding went on. At the reception the bridegroom couldn't see out of his left eye and several of the guests suffered in divers parts of their anatomies.

CIGARS UNDOING OF A BURGLAR

He Wanted to Smoke and Was Nabbed by Watchman.

New York, Jan. 17.—James Madison, burglar, is thinking hard and bitterly in the Tombs of what might have been if Edwin H. Van Ingen, a wealthy woolen merchant, living at 9 East Seventy-first street, and whom Madison surreptitiously visited a few nights ago, had not left a box of really exquisite cigars on his library table.

The tale of how Mr. Van Ingen's cigars proved the undoing of Madison may serve as a warning to burglars who have a fondness for fat Havanas. Mr. Madison had laid his plans so well too!

As the unsophisticated butcher's boy who daily delivers the meats consumed in the Van Ingen household reached the basement door of the Van Ingen residence he found Madison there awaiting him.

"Here," said Madison, burglar, to the butcher's boy, "I was just going for you. You want to get these things here earlier after this; let's have them."

The boy complied with what to him was an order from a servant of the household and departed. Madison rang the bell, was admitted, walked into the kitchen and set down the steak, roast, chops, etc., and started back for the door.

The other servants heard the basement door slam and imagined that Madison had left. Instead, he slipped into the cellar, where he remained in hiding until all sounds about the house had died out and then started on a little looting expedition. With the aid of a really serviceable cold chisel he broke open divers and sundry chiffoniers, bureaus and dressing tables and extracted therefrom pearl necklaces, diamond stars, watches, errings and other knicknacks to the value of $4,000.

Then on his way to the street Mr. Madison encountered the fatal box of cigars, breathing an aromatic invitation from the table in the library. He sniffed the air appreciatingly and was lost. He walked unerringly to the perfectos and ran a lean nose along the four sides of the fattest of them. The temptation was too strong to be withstood.

Madison struck a match and beatifically lighted the perfecto. Ah, this was indeed bliss! A second cigar was consumed. There was an inviting fauteuil near by and Madison sank into it entirely oblivious to everything.

Out on the sidewalk, however, was grim Fate in the person of one Gustav Esp, a 200-pound night watchman, prowling about lynxeyed and unafraid. He saw the intermittent glow of light from the top of the Madison cigar and seeing, understood. With catlike tread he ascended the steps of the Van Ingen stoop and let himself in.

Esp approached the blissfully oblivious burglar and without even inquiring into his identity flopped upon him. The library table overturned with a crash, the Van Ingens, father and son, tumbled out of bed and down the stairs four steps at a time and the pressing of an electric button revealed Esp and the burglar on the floor in a life and death grapple. The Van Ingens, father and son, added their combined weight to the 200 pounds of Esp, and Madison, completely over-whelmed, surrendered.

"That's what you get for smoking at 3 o'clock in the morning," said the burglar in the Yorkville court. "Never again for mine."

Madison's bail was fixed at $1,500.

The secret of successfully ridding the system of a cold is a thorough evacuation of the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar does this—Liquid Cold Cure, drives all cold out of the system. Best for Coughs, Croup, etc. Sold by all druggists.

The Little Doctor in your Vest Pocket

SEE the thin, round-cornered little Enamel Box below! When carried in your vest pocket it means Health-Insurance.

It contains Six Candy Tablets of pleasant taste, almost as pleasant as chocolate.

Each tablet is a working dose of Cascarets, which acts like Exercise on the Bowels and Liver.

* * *

It will not purge, sicken, nor upset the stomach.

Because it is not a "Bile-driver," like Salts, Sodium, Calomel, Jalap, Senna, nor Aperient Waters.

These waste Digestive Juices of the system needed tomorrow, in merely flushing out the Bowels today.

* * *

Neither is it like Castor Oil, Glycerine, or other Oily Laxatives that simply lubricate the Intestines for transit of the food stopped up in them at that particular time.

These emergency drugs relieve the immediate trouble, but do not relieve its Cause.

The same trouble will therefore recur again till that Cause is removed permanently.

The chief cause of Constipation and Indigestion is a weakness of the Muscles that contract the Intestines and Bowels.

Cascarets are practically to the Bowel Muscles what a Massage and Cold Bath are to the Athletic Muscles.



Showing size of "Vest Pocket" Cascaret Box compared to Watch.

They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract, expand, and squeeze the Digestive Juices out of food eaten.

Cascarets do this naturally, without purging or discomfort.

They don't help the Bowels and Liver in such a way as to make them lean upon similar assistance for the future.

This is why, with Cascarets, the dose may be lessened each succeeding time instead of increased, as it must be with all succeeding doses of other Cathartics and Laxatives.

* * *

Cascarets act like exercise.

If carried in your Vest Pocket, (or carried in My Lady's Purse), and eaten just when you suspect you need one, you will never know a sick day from the ordinary ills of life.

* * *

Because, nearly all these ills begin in the Bowels, and partial Constipation paves the way for all other Diseases.

"Vest Pocket" box 10 cents.

Be sure you get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

* * *

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 715

Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

TREASURY SHORT ABOUT $78,000

Sensational Disclosures in Accountant's Report of Kansas Finances.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 17.—A total shortage in the Kansas state treasury of about $78,000 is shown by the report of Accountant Morris in his treasury examination just closed, according to a summary of the report prepared by Governor E. W. Hoch and made public late yesterday afternoon. The report covers all the transactions made by the state treasurers from Jan. 1, 1895, to June 30, 1905, including the two full terms of Former State Treasurer Frank Grimes and one term and six months of the administration of Thomas T. Kelly, the present state treasurer. The larger part of the shortage appears in the accounts of the office during the Grimes administration. Of the total of $78,000, $60,000 is due to missing coupons from bonds owned by the state school fund and $18,000 is due to loss of interest on warrants issued by the territory of Oklahoma to the state of Kansas.

Governor Hoch declined to discuss any action that he may take.

Former State Treasurer Grimes issued a statement last night. He absolutely denies any responsibility for the shortage in Oklahoma warrant interest, and says he is able to account satisfactorily for all the bond coupon shortages except $7,125. Mr. Grimes states that he is willing to make good any shortages for which he is responsible.

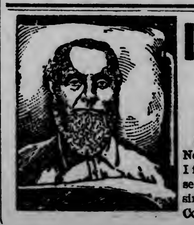
In his statement Mr. Grimes puts the responsibility for a number of serious discrepancies on C. R. Richey, his chief clerk.

Aside from the shortage shown, the Morris report makes sensational disclosures concerning the erasure of the "state property" stamp from the back of the coupons and the mutilation of records in the offices of the state treasurer and state auditor.

COAL BARONS WILL CONFER WITH MINERS.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17.—The first definite announcement concerning the attitude of the big coal corporations regarding the request of President Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, for a conference was made yesterday by E. B. Thomas, president of the Lehigh Valley Railroad company. Mr. Thomas was asked if he had received a communication from Mr. Mitchell and he replied in the affirmative. Asked as to the nature of the reply he said:

"We agreed to meet in conference."



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DECLINE IN WHEAT

Foreign Weakness Causes Lower Prices in American Markets.

Flax Has Heavy Loss—Lower in London and Antwerp.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 17.—Wheat was heavy today. The market opened lower and continued so throughout the day. Liverpool was ½d to ⅝d lower, which was largely the cause of the decline here. Berlin was 1c lower, Budapest ¼c higher and Paris ¼c to ½c higher. New York reported that as high as thirty loads of Manitoba wheat were reported to have been worked for export yesterday. Winnipeg reported a strong demand for wheat and very little to be had.

The May option in Duluth lost ⅝c, in Chicago and New York it was off ½c, in Kansas City and St. Louis ⅜-½c, in Minneapolis ½-⅝c and in Winnipeg ½c.

Corn was slightly firmer, the May option in Chicago being a shade higher.

Liverpool was ¼d to ⅜d lower. May oats in Chicago advanced ⅛-¼c.

Car receipts at Duluth were 115 against 31 last year, and at Minneapolis 331 against 425 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 449 against 462 last year. Chicago received 16 against 18 last year. Winnipeg receipts were 92 against 48 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 703,000 bus, last year 669,000 bus. Shipments 215,000 bus, last year 285,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 165,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 660,000 bus, last year 664,000 bus. Shipments 338,000 bus, last year 301,000 bus. Clearances were 640,000 bus.

Wheat was dull in the Duluth market again today. May opened ⅛c lower at 86¾c and fell to 85⅞c at 10:21. At 11:15, the price had rallied to 85⅞c and then fell to 85⅜c at 11:40, going back to 85⅞c at 12:40... The closing price was 85⅝c, a loss of ⅝c over yesterday. July wheat was inactive during the entire session and closed at 86⅜c, a loss of ⅝c over yesterday.

Flax showed a decline, due largely to those in the foreign markets. The foreign markets were just about as weak now as they were strong a while ago, and just as flax was scarce here when prices were high, so it is principally now that the price is low and there was much sold today in consequence. Antwerp quoted ¼c lower on Lapiatta linseed and London was 2¾c lower. May flax opened ¼c lower at $1.25½. It did not go any higher, but gradually declined, rallying from ⅛c to ¼c every little while, but going as low as $1.22¾, just before the close, which was $1.23¼, a loss of 3¼c over yesterday. July flax was inactive during the fore part of the session, it went to $1.23¼ and dropped as low as $1.23 before the close, which was $1.23¾, a loss of 3¼c over yesterday. September flax was also inactive during the first part of the morning. It sold as high as $1.24 and closed at $1.22½, a loss of 2¾c over yesterday.

Oats were ¼c up and other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive No. 1 northern, 83¼c; No. 2 northern, 81c; on track, No. 1 northern, 83¼c; No. 2 northern, 81c. May, 85⅝c; July, 86⅜c. Durum No. 1, 82¾c; No. 2, 81c. Flax to arrive, $1.18¼; on track, $1.18½. May, $1.22½; July, $1.23¾. September, $1.22½; October, $1.20. Oats to arrive, 29½c; on track, 29½c; rye, 60c; barley, 36-45c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 115; last year, 84; oats, 17; barley, 20; flax, 72; last year, 16.

Receipts: Wheat, 144,335; oats, 28,684; barley, 16,462; rye, 2,392; flax, 64,804.

Shipments: Wheat, 3,250; oats, 3,864.

Cash Sales Wednesday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars $0.83¾
No. 1 hard, 1 car ..... .83⅞
No. 1 hard, 3 cars ..... .84
No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars ..... .83¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars ..... .82½
No. 1 northern, 1 car ..... .83⅜
No. 1 northern, 1 car ..... .83¼
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car ..... .81
No. 2 northern, 5 cars ..... .81¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars ..... .81¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars ..... .81½
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars ..... .78⅜
No. 3, 1 car ..... .78⅝
No. 1 car ..... .78¾
No. 3, 3 cars ..... .79
No. 3, 1 car ..... .79¼
No. 3, 1 car ..... .79½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car ..... .76½
Durum wheat, 4 cars No. 1 ..... .79½
Durum, 1 car No. 2 ..... .80½
Durum, 2 cars No. 3 ..... .65½
Durum, 1 car No. 3 ..... .66
Flax, 3 cars 1.20
Flax, 6 cars 1.20½
Flax, 2 cars 1.21¼
Flax, 500 bus. 1.20¾
Flax, 2,000 bus. 1.19¾
Flax, 2,000 bus. 1.20
Flax, 2,000 bus. 1.21¼
Flax, 1,200 bus. 1.21¾
Barley, 2 cars ..... .38
Barley, 1 car ..... .38½
Barley, 2 cars ..... .39
Rye, 3 cars No. 2 ..... .60
Oats, 1 car No. 2 white ..... .30½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white ..... .29½
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white ..... .29⅝
Oats, 1 car No grade ..... .28¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Decline in Price in Liverpool Causes Weakness in Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—A decline in the price of wheat at Liverpool, based upon improved weather conditions in Argentina, caused a weak market in wheat here today. There was also but a slight demand and offerings were not readily taken. May opened a shade to ⅛c to ¼c lower at 85¼c to 85⅜c and sold off to 87⅛c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 465 cars against 385 cars last week and 480 cars a year ago.

The low point for May was reached at 87⅛c. Later the market became more steady on the reports of large exports from New York. The close was steady, with May up ⅜c at 87⅝@88c.

Trading was extremely quiet in the corn pit, and sentiment was bearish because of lower cables and the decline in wheat. Local receipts were small, being but 160 cars of which 29 were of contract grade. May opened unchanged at 45⅛c, and eased off to 45@45⅛c.

The corn market became steady along with wheat, May advancing to 45¾c. The close was firm with May a shade higher at 45⅞@46c.

Small local receipts imparted a steady feeling to the oats market. May opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 31¾c to 31⅞c, and for a time held within the opening range. Local receipts were 113 cars.

A 5c advance in the price of live hogs created a steady tone in the provisions market. Prices showed slight gains at the opening, but because of selling by some of the larger packers these advances were soon lost. May pork was unchanged at $14.02½. Lard was up 2½c at $7.62½. Ribs were up 2½ at $7.57½.

Close: Wheat—May, 87⅞@88c; July, 87¾@88c. Corn—May, 45½@46c; July, 45¾@46c. Oats—May, 32c; July, 30⅝c. Pork—May, $14; July, $13.65. Lard—January, $7.45; May, $7.60@7.62½; July, $7.72½. Ribs—January, $7.37½; May, $7.62½@7.65; July, $7.65. Rye—Cash, 68@70c; May, 70@71c. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.20; southwestern, $1.12½; May, $1.22. Timothy—March, $3.45. Clover—Cash, $13.25. Barley—Cash, 38@54c. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 86@86c; No. 3 red, 86@86c; No. 2 hard, 84@86c; No. 3 hard, 82@84c; No. 1 northern, 86@88½c; No. 2 northern, 85@87½c; No. 3 spring, 81@81½c. Cash corn—No. 2, 43c; No. 3, 42½c. Oats—No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30¾c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.80¾	80	88¼-⅜	92½-⅝
High	86	86	87⅝	93⅝
Low	.85⅛	85⅜-½	87⅛	92⅛
Close	.85⅝B	85½	87⅝-88A	92¼A
July—				
Open	.87¼	87¼	83¼	90¼
High		87¼	85¼-¼	93⅜-½
Low		86¾-⅞	84¾	90
Close	.86⅝B	86⅞-87A	84⅞-85	90¼A
Close, 16th	.87¼	87¼-¾	85¼-⅜	90½
St. Louis—		Close, 17	Close, 16	
May		.86⅜-½		86⅞
July		.82½-⅝		82⅜
Kansas City—				
May		.80⅛		80½-⅝
July		.77⅞		77½-⅝
Winnipeg—				
May		.80⅞		81¾
July		.81¼		81¾

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	.31¾-⅞	45-⅛	$14.02
High	.32-⅛	45¼	14.02
Low	.31¾	45	13.92
Close	.32B	45¼-¼B	14.00

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 26; No. 1 northern, 46; No. 2 northern, 16; No. 2 spring, 15; No. 4 spring, 1; rejected, 3; No. 1 durum, 2; No. 2 durum, 3; total of durum, 5; total of wheat, 115; last year, 34.

Flax—No. 1 northwestern, 2; No. 1, 70; total of flax, 72; last year, 16.

Oats, 17; barley, 20. Total of all cars, 224. Cars on track today, 188.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 7d; futures, quiet; March, 7s 1½d; May, 6s 10½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 3½d. American mixed, old, 4s 5¼d; futures, quiet; January, 4s 2½d; March, 4s 2¾d; May, 4s 3¾d.

New York Grain.

New York, Jan. 17.—Close: Wheat—May, 92½c; July, 80¾c. Corn—January, 55c; May, 51¼c; July, 51½c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—As intimated in our letter this morning, the lower cables caused some further casing off, and except for a little reaction, the market showed a dropping tendency. The selling, however, at no time could be called urgent, the net loss being only ½c. Cables from Argentina told of improved weather conditions, but it is reasonable to presume that the recent rains have not only cut down the quantity, but have materially reduced the quality of their crop. A late cable from Broomhall indicates that much damage has been done to the Indian crop by drought. Under the 85c market for May pressure was less pronounced; the wheat offered at or around these figures was quickly absorbed, offerings driving up suddenly. This seems to indicate there is not much pressure on the market. The public buying in the recent past was based on the growing strength of the foreign situation. The action of the market, of course, is unsatisfactory; nor does it respond as it should to the bullish news, but nevertheless bears find little comfort in their operations. We feel conditions warrant stocking to the bull side, and would buy wheat on the moderate soft spots.

Corn—Considering the tendency of the wheat market, the action of the corn market today showed stubborn strength, a little weak early, but closed unchanged. Trade was not significant either way; it still seems like a slow trading market.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—A small decline in American wheat yesterday was the indirect cause of Liverpool cables being lower this morning. Liverpool spot market is steady. There was no special improvement in the foreign crop situation, receipts were moderate, clearances fairly liberal. Export inquiry, however, was reported as quite active. Elevators seemed indifferent to the offerings, millers taking the bulk. Cash red winter was scarce, as is being shown by the price it brings, the premium offered in some markets for the wheat would indicate a large consumption of soft red winter wheat. All news from abroad was bullish and despite this fact the

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Debentures and Shares FOR SALE!

Offers are invited for $2,000 worth of first mortgage debentures of the Revelstoke and McCullough Creek Hydraulic Mining Company, Limited, bearing 10 per cent interest, payable half yearly. These debentures and others are secured by a first mortgage on all the Company's property.

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market worked a little lower than yesterday. This was due mainly to a marked inclination of the leaders to bring about, if possible, a moderate reaction, with a view of increasing their holdings at slightly lower prices, because it is too early for any concentrated movement. Then, too, this decline has extended about far enough and wheat at this level is a good buy, as any further decline will only be temporary.

Flax—Sales report foreign markets as weak and fractionally lower. One noticeable feature of the local market is the way offerings dry up when the price gets down. It is more noticeable now than at any time since the late advance started. The bulk of the flax has passed out of speculative hands, into hands of exporters and crushers. Receipts are showing an increasing 2 tendency and may possibly continue so for a short time longer, but it is mostly all sold. Everything points to a big European demand for American seed. The market is a big broad one and fluctuations and price changes will be on a very wide scale. The upward swings will sometimes work up 2 or 3c above our expectations and often the breaks will come about in the same manner.

Pringle, Fitch & Rankin, Chicago: We have mesage from Winnipeg this morning saying: "One firm had orders for 100,000 bushels of our wheat to export but could only buy 5,000. Another exporter bidding ¼c over market got two cars. All grades of rejected wheats are up 3 cents per bushel in past ten days. Farmers' deliveries very light."

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 17.—Close: Wheat—May, 85½c; July, 86⅞@87c; 1 hard, 83¼c; 1 northern, 83c; 2 northern, 80¾c.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 17.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of one point to an advance of one point on rather featureless cables. Yesterday's late buyers were again reporting the market, and shortly after the opening March advanced to 11.82, and May 11.92, or about 5 or 6 points net higher. The market quickly reacted to a net loss of 4@4 points following which it ruled nervous and irregular.

Cotton futures closed barely steady. Closing bids: January, 11.45; February, 11.46; March, 11.62; April, 11.67; May, 11.72; June, 11.73; July, 11.78; August, 11.78; September, 10.95; October, 10.82.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—Cattle, receipts, 800; steady; grain fed steers, $5.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.30@4.50; stockers, $2@3.50; calves, $2@5.25. Hogs, receipts, 5,000; 5c higher; range, $5.10@5.30; bulk, $5.15@5.25. Sheep, receipts, 50; steady; sheep, $5@6.50; lambs, $4.50@7.

New York Money.

New York, Jan. 17.—Money on call easier, 4@4½ per cent; ruling rates 4½; closing bid 2½ per cent; offered at 3. Time loans steady; 60 days 5¼ per cent; 90 days and six months, 5@5¼. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.50@4.86.75 for demand and $4.83.30@4.83.35 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84@4.84½ and $4.87@4.87½; commercial bills, $4.83¼. Bar silver 65¼c; Mexican dollars, 50c. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

WISCONSIN PRINTERS

Ordered to Strike for Doing Work for State of Minnesota.

Milwaukee, Jan. 17.—Fourteen members of the local branch of the International Typographical union employed by a local printing establishment quit work today, because it is alleged the firm is doing work for the state of Minnesota without a contract. The printing firm received a telegram signed by Attorney General E. T. Young and State Printer A. M. Dare, saying "Go on with the work on code for account of state of Minnesota." Notwithstanding the telegram, William A. Arnold, president of the Milwaukee branch of the union, ordered the men out.

SUSPENSION OF FOOTBALL

For Two Years Will be Recommended to University Conference.

Madson, Wis., Jan. 17.—Upon recommendation of the state university regents committee on athletics, the regents today endorsed the recent action of the university faculty in condemning the evils of intercollegiate foot ball, and recommending that a conference of nine universities of the Middle West to meet at Chicago next Friday, declare in favor of suspending intercollegiate foot ball games for the next two years.

The soothing and comforting effects of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, when applied to piles, sores, cuts, boils, etc, subdues pain almost instantly. Sold by all druggists.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT the annual meeting of the stockholders of the DULUTH, RAINY LAKE & WINNIPSG RAILWAY COMPANY, (Formerly the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake Railway Company), will be held at the company's office in the Lyceum Building, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the Seventh day of February, 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of electing a board of directors for said company for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any and all other business that may come before such meeting.

Dated, December 30, 1905.

D. G. ANDERSON,
Secretary Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg Railway Company.

IRREGULAR IN STOCKS

Large Profit Taking Caused a Decline In May Stocks.

Rallies Near the Close, Which Was Active and Steady.

New York, Jan. 17.—Opening prices in the stock market today shot upward on large dealings, with gains well distributed among the standard stocks and specialties. Reading rose 1½, North American 1⅛, Delaware & Hudson, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, National Lead, Pressed Steel Car and Colorado Fuel a point and Union Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Louisville, Atlantic Coast Line, New York Central, Smelting, Sugar, Brooklyn Transit and United States Steel preferred large fractions.

Very large profit-taking made an irregular movement for a time. The general demand was of too varied a character to be concerned much with the reaction in Sugar and Amalgamated Copper to a fraction below last night. Business increased to very large proportions all around after the buying movement in Union Pacific got under full swing. That stock sold at 158½. Other gains of consequence were Colorado Fuel 4½, with a reaction of 2¼, Delaware & Hudson and New York Dock 3, Reading and International Pump 2, Minneapolis, St. Paul and Soo, Ontario & Western, Wabash preferred, and Great Northern preferred 1½, and Smelting, Wisconsin Central, Pacific Coast, Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Canadian Pacific and Kansas City Southern preferred 1 to 1¼. Amalgamated Copper rallied to a point over last night at 11 o'clock.

Pressure was renewed in Amalgamated Copper carrying it back to 113 and causing some reactions elsewhere in sympathy. Wabash and Locomotive had risen 1, Linseed preferred and Steel Foundries preferred 1½, and United States Express and Colorado Fuel preferred 2, Long Island lost 1½, Tennessee Coal 2, Great Northern preferred, Erie second preferred, and Consolidated Gas 1¾, and Hocking Valley 1. Union Pacific's rise to above 159 stiffened prices at noon. Bonds were firm all noon.

The Gould securities were conspicuous. Colorado Fuel being rushed up 4¾, and Denver & Rio Grande preferred and Wabash preferred gaining 1 and 2 points respectively. Among the industrial specialties movements were rather limited, the feverish fluctuations in Amalgamated Copper having a repressive effect on the dealings in these stocks.

The feature of the afternoon speculation was the demonstration in special stocks to support the selling elsewhere. Smelting was carried 4 points to a record figure of 172¾, and Lead went up 3¾ in sympathy. Northern Pacific fell 1¾.

A violent fall in Amalgamated Copper to 2½ below last night carried prices with it to an average level belowl ast night. Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific fell 2 to 2¾ under last night, and Northwestern, Hide & Leather preferred, 1¾. Shorts covered in Copper and rallied that stock more than a point and there were some recoveries elsewhere. The closing was active and steady.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	104	104	104
Am com	96¼	93⅝	95¾
Smeltter, com	172¼	163¾	170½
American Woolen	46½	45½	45½
Aml. Copper	114⅜	110¾	111¼
B. & O. Ry.	119¾	115⅝	116
Can. Pac. R.	175⅞	170¾	175¾
C. & O.	68⅜	67⅜	67½
C. F. I.	74⅞	70½	73⅜
C. G. W., com	22⅝	22¼	22⅜
Erie 1st, pfd	85⅜	82	82¼
Erie, com	50⅝	49⅜	50
Ills. Cent.	179⅝	179	179
Cent. Leather	49¼	48¼	48⅜
L. & N.	155¼	154	154¼
Mex. Cent.	25⅝	25¼	25¼
Mo. Pac.	126¾	125½	125¾
Mo. Pac.	105½	104	104¾
Manhattan	161	161	161
Norf. & West.	88¾	88	88½
N. Y. C.	154½	153¾	153⅝
N. & W.	54⅞	53⅝	54
People's Gas	101	100⅜	100⅜
Pacific Mail	49⅝	48½	49½
Penn. Ry	146⅜	145¼	145⅝
Rock Island, com	24	23⅞	23⅞
Rock Island, pfd	62⅛	61¾	61⅝
Reading, com	146	145	145⅜
R. I. & S., pfd.	108½	107¾	107¾
R. I. & S., com.	37¾	37¼	37¼
Rubber, com.	56⅞	55⅝	55⅝
St. Paul	185¾	183¾	184
Sugar	154⅜	150¼	150¾
So. Railway, com	40	39⅜	39⅜
So. Pacific	69⅜	68⅞	69
Soo, com	160⅛	159	159
T. C. & I.	150⅜	149	149½
Texas Pacific	36½	35⅜	35¾
U. S. Steel, pfd.	106⅞	106¼	106½
U. S. Steel, com.	45¼	44⅝	45
Union Pac., com.	159⅜	157¼	157¾
Wis. Cent., com	33	32¼	32½
Wis. Cent., pfd.	63	63	63
Western Union	93⅞	93¾	93⅝
Wabash, com	24	23⅜	23½
Wabash, pfd.	46⅛	43⅝	44⅞
Northern Pacific	209½	207	207½
American Locomotive	78	76⅜	76⅜
Erie, 2nd pfd.	76⅛	76¼	76⅜
M., K. & T.	40⅜	39¼	40¼
Great Northern	321	316¾	318
D. S. S. & A., com	21⅜	21¾	21⅜

The total sales were 1,765,000 shares.

Stock Gossip.

New York to Pringle, Fitch & Rankin: The Herald prints an interview with George J. Gould, in which he is quoted as saying that Colorado Fuel stock is in the open market and can be bought, and that he has very large holdings in the company, but has not sold them yet, but that he might be tempted to sell if the prices were high enough. Attention is also directed at other quarters to the fact that John D. Rockefeller was a large buyer of this stock, and it is believed that the so-called Standard Oil pool will carry the price up to show a profit on this stock. The old story that control of the Colorado Fuel & Iron will pass to the Steel corporation is again discussed, but intimations that the property may be taken in by the Southern iron combination do not receive much attention. Bull talk on the stock last night was very pronounced, and the rather positive prediction is made that the stock will go to par. Although it has had a large advance, we believe that there is still a good profit on the long side of it.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul: Barrett & Zimmerman's report: General trade less aggressive than a week ago; the mild weather operates unfavorably on demand for prime drafters, while the mild weather has toned the demand for farm chunks and orders for these are broader than the supply. All classes closing as follows:

Drafters, extra	$190@225
Drafters, choice	160@160
Drafters, common to good	135@160
Farm mares, extra	150@170
Farm mares, choice	135@150
Farm mares, common to good	110@135
Drivers, extra	150@250
Drivers, good	125@150
Delivery, choice	125@175
Delivery, common to good	100@135

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Cattle receipts, 18,000; strong to 10c higher; beeves, $3.75@6.25; cows and heifers $1.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.40@4.50; Texans, $3.50@4.25. Hogs receipts, 30,000; 5c higher; estimated tomorrow, 35,000; mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.60; good heavy, $5.40@5.52½; rough heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.25@5.45; pigs, $4.90@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.35@5.45. Sheep receipts, $25,000; steady; sheep, $3.60@5.85; lambs, $4.75@7.85.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	111⅝	111⅞
Anaconda	266¾	
Atlantic	25	25¼
Arcadian	4½	4⅝
Adventure	6	6½
Allouez	44	44½
Bingham	34¾	35
Black Mountain		14½
Copper Range	83¼	83½
Calumet & Hecla	700	710
Calumet & Arizona	122	124
Calumet & Pittsburg	37	38
Chiricahua		17
Centennial	30	31
Daly West	16¼	17½
Franklin	17	
Green Cons	29⅝	
Isle Royale	25	26
Junction		28
L. S. & P.	50	51
Michigan	16	16½
Mayflower	1	1¼
Mass	11½	11¾
Mohawk	59	60
Mercur Cons	65c	66c
North Butte	88½	89
Old Dominion	39	39½
Osceola	103	105
Phoenix	1¼	1½
Parrott	38½	39½
P. & D.		28
Quincy	110	111
Rhode Island	7	7½
Santa Fe	2⅜	2½
Shannon	6¼	6⅝
Tecumseh	13¼	13½
Tamarack	167½	112
Trinity	10	10⅜
U. S. Mining	52⅝	53
Utah	65½	65¾
Victoria	7¼	7¾
Wyandot	1½	2
Wolverine	132	134
Winona	7½	8
Warren		15
Copper Queen		34½
Keweenaw	16¾	17¼
Bos. Con.	30½	31
Nev. Con.	11¼	11⅜
East Butte	8½	10
Sullivan		3

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Uncertainty in regard to the Amalgamated dividend and slight reduction in price of copper combined to make a nervous and erratic market today. The bear traders took full advantage of the opportunity and raided stocks all through the room. This uncovered stops and brought on considerable frightened liquidation. We shall probably have a continuation of this nervous market tomorrow until after the Amalgamated dividend is declared, but we do not see any real reason in the situation for being nervous, and would buy the good stocks on any further reaction.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	27	@	28
Creamery, in tubs	26	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Renovated	22		
Packing stock	16		
EGGS.			
Fresh	22	@	25
Storage	20	@	22
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14½		
Block and wheel Swiss	14½	@	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limburger full cream cheese	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb	16½		
Hickory nuts, per bu	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12½		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@		8
Chestnuts, per lb	11		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	5 50		
Greenings	4 50		
Kings	5 00		
York State Spies	6 00		
Baldwins	4 75		
York State Sweets	4 50		
Tolman Sweets	4 50		
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 75		
Missouri Pippins, per box	2 25		
Colorado Winsape, per box	2 50		
Bananas, per bunch	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries	18 00		
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb box	1 35		
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50		
Catawbas, pony basket	22		
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 25	@	3 50
Oranges, Floridas	2 50		
California Navels	3 75	@	3 00
California navs. per box	2 25		
GREEN VEGETABLES.			
Beans, wax, per bus	6 00		
Navy beans	2 00		
Green hothouse beans	4 50		
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz	1 00		
Cucumbers, per doz	2 00		
Cabbage, per ton	35 00		
Cauliflower, per box	3 75		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz.	35		
Carrots, per cwt	1 00		
Egg plant, per doz	1 75		
Horseradish, per lb	12		
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 50		
Onions, per cwt	1 75	@	1 85
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00		
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 00		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	50
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 75		
Potatoes, per bus	67	@	70
Radishes, round, per doz	75		
Spinach, per box	1 00	@	1 25
California tomatoes, crate	2 25		
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
MEATS.			
Beef	6	@	8
Mutton	8½	@	9½
Lard	8¼		
Pork loins	10		
Veal	9	@	9½
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb	14		
Hens, per lb	14		
Spring ducks	14		
Turkeys	20		
Geese	12	@	13
HAY.			
Timothy, per ton	9 00	@	10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00	@	11 00
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	14 50		
Oats, per bus	31		
Shorts, per ton	15 00		
FISH.			
Trout, per lb	10		
Pike, per lb	10		
White, per lb	10	@	12½
Fresh salmon, per lb	14		
Halibut, per lb	15		
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85		

Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Butter firm;; creameries, 1s@27c; dairies, 18@24c. Eggs firm at mark, cases included, 17@18c. Cheese firm daisies, 13c; twins, 11½@¾c; Young Americas, 13c.

New York.

New York, Jan. 17.—Butter firm; receipts 9,946; street price, extra creamery, 27@ ½c; official prices unchanged. Cheese unchanged; receipts 6,480. Eggs quiet; receipts 13,405; western fancy selected, 21½ @22c; ditto, average, best, 21c.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup cures cough and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

IT'S A HIT.

The Herald noon edition, all the world's news up to 12 o'clock. The Associated Press dispatches, the New York stock, Boston copper and Duluth wheat markets. Get it from your newsboy or news stand. The cost is but 1 cent.

JUDGE WINDOM IS PRESIDENT

He is Elected Head of the Duluth Poultry Association.

Members of the Duluth Poultry association gathered in Theodore Hollister's office in the First National bank building last evening to make plans for the coming year and to elect officers.

Judge W. L. Windom was elected president and the other officers named were: Vice-presidents, Benjamin Woods of Duluth Heights and Sheriff William McKinnon of Carlton county; secretary, H. Edmunds, Duluth, and secretary, A. W. Nelson, Duluth.

It was decided to hold the next annual poultry show in Duluth Jan. 8 to 12, 1907. Theodore Hewes, editor of the Inland Poultry Journal of Indianapolis, who was judge at the exhibition which was held a few weeks ago, will be invited to act in the same capacity at the 1907 show.

As they did this year, the members of the association fixed the dates for the 1907 show early in the show. The reason for this is that they hope to interest outside exhibitors and no other shows are being held at that time, so it is possible for some of the big fanciers to come in with their birds. Their birds are scored early in the season by competent judges and this gives them an idea of the quality of their birds, and influences them in selecting their birds for exhibition at the later shows.

The association just about made expenses in giving the show which closed Jan. 2. A location for it on Superior street will undoubtedly be sought next year.

Many Duluth fanciers will have birds at the big Chicago show which will be held next week. Among these are W. L. Windom, whose Rhode Island Reds will try for honors; H. Edmunds, who will show his white Wyandottes, and H. A. Nelson, who will exhibit his buff leghorns. These exhibitors may also have their birds at the La Crosse show, which will follow the one in Chicago, and at the Indianapolis show, which begins Feb. 8.

REVIVAL SERVICE.

Rev. M. S. Rice Preaches on the Evil of Wastefulness.

At a well-attended revival service at the First M. E. church last evening Dr. Rice preached from Luke xvi., 1, "He had wasted his goods," and spoke in part as follows:

"'Wasted my goods!' That is a very serious accusation brought against this man here addressed. W

NOW IT'S RUBBERS

$1.25 Men's Arctics ------ 89c

$1.75 Men's Heavy Overshoes $1.25

Women's and Children's Rubbers at Big Reductions. All sizes on hand

GOLDEN RULE STORE 17-19 E. SUPERIOR

THE FUR ANIMALS.

Slideways for Playful Animals--Roamings of Fisher Cats.

As to the scarcity or abundance of fur bearing animals in any place much depends upon the food supply, says the Bangor News. As a rule a swamp or stream or pond where muskrats are plentiful will hold a good number of mink. The otter and the fisher cat are not so fond of muskrat flesh as they are of fish, though no mink will think of going fishing when it can find muskrat.

The fisher cat is an animal that roams abroad very much. At times a man may go fishing on a lake near Bangor, for example, and have his pickerel stolen almost from under his nose by fisher cats, and again he may fish for days and weeks and never see a track of one of these animals along the shore. A party of hunters who spent a few days in Jack Darling's camp on Nicatous Lake a few winters ago secured five fisher cats in a very short time. Again a man has sought for them all winter and met with constant discouragement. The impression is abroad among hunters that fisher cats are gaining in numbers in Maine, and the reason for their increase is said to be due to the fact that many brooks and ponds have been newly stocked with trout and landlocked salmon. As fisher cats seem to prefer members of the trout family to any other fish, they are waxing fat at the expense of the state.

One can live about the lakes and ponds of Maine a long time before he sees an otter. In fact, the so-called black otter of the northern streams is very rare, as hard to find and as valuable as beaver. Still, if a person will walk along the steep banks in inland lakes in January and February his chances of finding an otter slide are very good. Within the last ten years we have seen otter slides on the shores of Hatcase, Eddington, Chemo, Hind's and Field's ponds. One winter the almost precipitous banks of Hatcase were scarred in many places by the long and evenly worn slideways where the playful animals had gone coasting.

As a rule, it is our belief that otter are more social in their habits than mink or fisher cats. Reports from inland lakes tell of men having seen as many as ten or a dozen of these slim and graceful creatures sliding by moonlight and snorting and racing about in great glee. Now and then an otter, driven by stress of hunger, will break into a hen coop and after gorging itself with raw poultry will flatten itself out on a beam and sleep soundly, apparently unvexed by the going and coming of human foes. Two winters ago an otter lived in a hen coop in East Orrington for more than two weeks before it was discovered and slain.

Speaking of otter serves as a reminder of an ancient he that has been passing current in Maine for many years. The story runs that a man driving a yoke of oxen was crossing a pond when he met two otter on the ice. He gave fight, and the animals resisted, though to no avail, as the teamster slew them both by rapping them on the head with the butt of his goad stick. He skinned the creatures and took them home, where the flesh was cooked and served for dinner, tasting for all the world like choice cuts of fresh mackerel.

Any one who has met an otter in close quarters knows what a chance a man has of hitting one with a goad stick, as all otters are as quick as weasels and well fitted with sharp teeth that can bite deeply. It may be that a man has been able to strike at an otter with a stick and hit it, though such cases are very rare. The family that can cook an otter and remain in the house while the cooking is going on has a stomach to be proud of, as the flesh is very rank and most malodorous. Perhaps a person might eat it sooner than starve, but he would be very hungry before he contemplated such an act.

Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

Odd Things Not Found Elsewhere.

The Best Examples of the Jeweler's Art are to be found here.

A number of unique Diamond pieces on exhibit at present.

F. D. Day & Co.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers.

315 West Superior Street.

HOPKINS' DEFENSE

Is Now Being Presented to Jury in United States Court.

Judge Amidon Denies Motion to Direct Verdict for Defendant.

The defense in the trial of L. J. Hopkins by the United States began putting in its case this afternoon shortly after the second session of today began.

Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock the government finished its part of the testimony and J. L. Washburn for the defense moved that the court direct a verdict in favor of the defendant. Mr. Washburn argued in favor of this motion for the rest of the afternoon and resumed his argument when court opened this morning, closing at a few minutes before 11. United States District Attorney Haupt then argued against the motion and finished in about half an hour, after which C. A. Severance for the defense replied to Mr. Haupt. At 2:15 this afternoon Judge Amidon decided that he would not grant the motion.

The principal support of the motion for direction of verdict was the case of the United States against Budd in the 153d United States reports, which is a case very similar to that on trial, and in which the supreme court ruled that a man has a right to tell another that if the latter will take up a claim, he, the first mentioned, will give the other for it a certain sum over and above what it takes to acquire the claim. The case against Budd was in Oregon and is remarkably similar in many ways to that of L. J. Hopkins.

The court, however, refused to grant the motion, pointing out that the difference between this case and that of Budd is that in this case twenty-four people started out together under Svend Olson, went all through the affair together under Olson's direction, disposed of their timber together as Olson directed and in every act, from beginning to end of the deals, were together and always under the direction and guidance of Olson. The court considered that under the circumstances there was a better chance for conspiracy to be inferred than in the Budd case.

The arguments on both sides were exhaustive and clear-cut. It is expected that the testimony submitted by the defense will be interesting. C. A. Severance opened the case to the jury for the defense.

Temple Roller Rink.

Children's Matinee Saturday mornings from 10 to 12. Music. ADMISSION, 15c.

NOT A PROMISE HAS BEEN KEPT

By Hungarian Government in Respect to Immigration Law.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The report of Immigrant Inspector Marcus Braun was received by the house today. It is severe in its strictures upon the governments of Italy and Hungary "Not a promise of the Hungarian immigrant law has been kept," he says. To assents that $50,000,000 has been sent from the United States to Hungary by immigrants. According to the report Hungarians and Italians are encouraged to refrain from becoming American citizens and urged to adhere to the principles of their home governments. Hungarians are advised to establish their own schools, churches, etc., to avoid the "terrible danger" of becoming naturalized in this country.

REFORMATORY FOR BELLOCK

Judge Ensign Sentences One of Joseph Altman's Assailants.

George E. Bellock, who pleaded guilty to a charge of grand larceny in the second degree was sentenced by Judge Ensign, today, to the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Bellock was brought back from Chicago to stand trial with George Kennedy on the charge of robbing Joseph Altman, a Bowery merchant, one night last October. Bellock entered a plea of guilty, but Kennedy stood trial and was convicted.

The court also sentenced to the state reformatory, August Johnson, who pleated guilty to a charge of grand larceny, second degree.

WILL INTRODUCE HIM.

Mayor Cullum To Present Governor Hanly Friday Evening.

Mayor M. B. Cullum, who has taken up the movement of organizing the former residents of Indiana, now citizens of Duluth, and who will join in the reception to be extended to Governor J. Frank Hanly of the Hooster state, has consented to introduce the distinguished speaker when he lectures at the First Methodist church Friday evening. Governor Hanly's coming has aroused much interest and state pride among the Indiana people and they want him to have a fitting reception. He will talk on "The Patriotism of Peace." It is said that "The Reign of Law" would be an equally good title, and that Governor Hanly in his talk gives expression to some of the strong ideas he has put into execution since his induction into office, and which have brought him national prominence.

ALL RELATIONS ARE BROKEN OFF

Minister Russell in Charge of French Interests in Venezuela.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Dutch West Indies, Jan. 17.—France, on Jan. 10, broke off diplomatic relations with Venezuela through the American minister at Caracas, Mr. Russell, who at present is in charge of the French interests. M. Talgny, the retiring French charge, who left La Guaira, Jan. 15, on the French steamer Martinique for Curacao via Porto Cabello, Venez., arrived here today. M. Talgny was not permitted to land at Porto Cabello. He is waiting for a French cruiser to convey him to Martinique.

The chiefs of the French cable offices at Caracas and La Guaira, MM. Jaccaux and Bourget, have been expelled from Venezuela and are expected here by the first steamer.

Cable communication with Venezuela continues interrupted.

DRY WOOD

For Sale at Murray & Jones' Yard, 41st Avenue West.

Red Cliff Lumber Co.

SCORES MADE IN NOON GAMES

Four Games in Duluth Contest, Six in St. Paul Jobbers'.

The games begun at 12 o'clock today, were not completed until 3 p. m. and the results were received too late to be counted in the tables given elsewhere in this evening's paper.

The following is a summary of the games played in this draw:

DULUTH TROPHY, SECOND ROUND.

C. V. Campbell, 13; J. McCutcheon, 5.

A. K. Smith, 17; W. J. Weir, 5.

W. H. Whalen, 16; Charles A. Duncan, 5.

E. J. Rochon, 9; S. F. Fullerton, 8.

ST. PAUL JOBBERS, FIRST ROUND.

John Halcrow, 9; S. W. Hanchett, 13.

D. W. Stocking, 14; Sam Hastings, 13.

T. F. McGilvray, 6; Charles Dunbar, 12.

W. B. Dunlop, 12; W. W. Lorimer, 13.

Dr. Schnarr, 10; I. Pithlado, 12.

J. C. Myron, 10; G. B. Reedal, 11.

OREGON LANDS

Will be Released to Owners by Order of Secretary Hitchcock.

Washington, Jan. 17. — Secretary Hitchcock has revoked the order of March 15, 1905, by which he suspended the approval of entries for selection of public lands in Oregon. Several thousand patents of land, involving many thousand acres, will now be released to the owners.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm II., from Bremen; Kroonland, from Antwerp.

Hamburg—Sailed: Amasis, San Francisco.

Manilla—Sailed: Algoa, San Francisco.

New York—Sailed: Carpathia, Naples, Trieste and Flume.

Gibraltar—Arrived: Celtic, New York via St. Michaels for Naples, Genoa, etc. (and proceeded).

London—Arrived: Minneapolis, New York; Montreal, St. John, N. B., and Halifax.

Gibraltar—Arrived: Hamburg, New York for Naples, Genoa and Alexandria (and proceeded).

Liverpool—Sailed: Lake Erie, St. John, N. B.

Bremen—Arrived: Rhein, New York.

Genoa—Arrived: Italia, New York via Horta, and Naples.

Marseilles—Arrived: Gallia, New York.

Genoa—Sailed: Romanic, Boston via Naples and Ponta Del Gada.

Palermo—Sailed: Pannonia (from Trieste) New York.

RESULT OF ELECTIONS.

London, Jan. 17.—Today's unopposed returns, which include the Hon. Edward Blake, Irish Nationalist, south division of Langford, and James Gordon Swift MacNeil, Irish Nationalist, South Donegal, make the respective totals as follows: Liberals, 130; Unionists, 55; Irish Nationalists, 50; Laborites, 29.

NEGRO CHIEF.

Stephen Bates, a colored man, has been chief of police and city sheriff of Vergennes, Vt., for twenty-six consecutive years, says the Kansas City Journal. He was born of free parents in Shirley, Va., nearly sixty-four years ago. Bates is a very intelligent man, entirely self-taught, and occupies a high place in the estimation of the community where he lives.

Everybody Knows What Constipation Is

But Not Everybody Knows What Hunyadi Janos Is

A large proportion of humanity suffer to a greater or less extent from constipation in one form or another. How really few there are who do not know the distress, pain and general discomfort resulting from failure of the bowels to move regularly. And does not this suffering seem foolishly unnecessary when we realize it is due simply to ignorance of the proper and simple remedy—HUNYADI JANOS—the great Natural Mineral Laxative Water, not only the most efficacious remedy but also the most inexpensive. The cost of a large bottle is but a trifle is ½ tumblerful drunk at arising in and it contains many doses. One dose the morning. The result is always certain, quick and thorough. A pleasant and natural relief without griping or purging. Try it. At all Druggists.

SENSATION IN SENATE

Senator Hale Calls Tillman Down for Abusing the President.

Southern Senator Was Speaking on Ejectment of Mrs. Morris.

Washington, Jan. 17.—An impressive and almost sensational scene occurred in the senate today. Mr. Tillman was severely arraigning the president, and Mr. Hale, in a firm and intense manner, declared that Mr. Tillman had no right to vent his personal feeling against the president in any such way as he was doing. Mr. Tillman declared that he was not allowing his personal feeling to enter into the subject. Owing to his high regard for the senator from Maine, he would listen to Mr. Hale's reprimand without losing his temper.

The criticism which Senator Tillman was making related to the ejectment of Mrs. Miner Morris from the White House, which, he said, was the most pitiful example of anything that has ever been associated with a president. Mr. Tillman charged that Mr. Roosevelt had been made by the press, and that he now sought to control the press, and that "news pills" were administered by Secretary Loeb. When anything was said that the president did not like there was great wrath at the executive mansion.

It was at this point that Senator Hale declared his rebuke to the South Carolina senator.

After protests had been made by Mr. Hale, Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Daniel against the bringing in of an investigating resolution, concerning the Morris episode Mr. Tillman declared with much feeling that he would offer the resolution tomorrow "as a senator and a man" and he would "put it up to the senators to do what they will."

He charged that the president had utterly failed to show the instincts of a gentleman in ignoring the acts of his underlings in heaping brutalities upon defenceless women. He concluded at 3 o'clock and on motion of Mr. Hale the senate went into executive session and adjourned five minutes later.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 17.—According to the order of business arranged last week bills from the committee on pensions had the right of way in the house today. 166 bills being on the calendar. Of the beneficiaries of these bills 42 are blind and 68 are suffering from paralysis.

All the bills were passed by 2:30 o'clock when the house adjourned until tomorrow.

Colds Cause Sore Throat.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E.W. Grove. 25c

MUST BE ALERT.

Decctives Conveying Criminals Mus Keep all Faculties Awake.

In the buffet car of the south-bound Congressional Limited, a few afternoons ago, I came upon a well-known New York headquarters detective, says a writer in the Washington Star. He was on his way to Philadelphia to pick up a New York absconder who had been gathered in by train service slumbersome Philadelphia sleuths. At the moment I happened onto him the New Yorw detective was rocking with laughter in his buffet car chair over a new story he had been reading in one of the New York evening papers. I was suggested to him that the best way to get it all out of his system would be to tell somebody else about it. Which the New York detective, when he managed to get his face straight and the stitches out of his side, proceeded to do.

"I wouldnt care to be held up as criticising or knocking the sleuth staff of another town," he said, "but they sure must have a swell mob of spud-peelers for their cops out St. Loo way if this one that I've just finished reading about is a fair specimen of the cork-shod, suspender-badge flashers of the St. Louis staff.

"Here's the story, the way they print it in this paper: The St. Louis detective was convoying from San Francisco to St. Louis on the varnished cars, a class A second-story man who'd been corraled out on the slope town. The St. Louis sleuth became real foxy-winksky, so he did, as the train slid through Utah. So he pulled his girdle forward to shade his lamps, and sprawled back in his seat alongside the veranda man for a few leagues of slumber. It looked all right to the St. Loo fly bull—didn't the lag he was convoying have the bracelets on? But the piazza man was a gay character. He waited until the gumshoelst with the St. Loo badge had saxophoned along to the fortissimo stage and got to dreaming of sure-enough money, and then he frisked the St. Louis detective for his key ring and its ornaments.

"The handcuff key was attached to the key ring, which made it right handy for the lag to unlock himself, and, with a neat sense of humor, snapped the wristlets onto the sleuth, who still slumbered on, being some tired, as the paper states several times. Not only that, but the balcony-climber cunningly chained the bisteeka Cap. Collier from St. Loo to a steampipe—and still the Crafty Sranston from the St. Louis office dozed on. Then the piazza boy, observing how good it looked, separated the Rip Van Winkle terror to evil-doers from his split-second souper, his three-carat mazarine-hued headlight, and his leather, containing some 400 and odd ace-high coonskins.

"All of this came off in the smoking compartment of the chair car, of which the St. Loo sleuth and his captive were the only occupants. At Ogden the lag raised the '23 for me' sign, dropped off the train, and vanished in the brush.

"Also at Ogden the chained sleuth, strangely enough, awoke. The conductor couldn't see the St. Loo detective's story. The conductor was certain that the hobbled detective was really the prisoner, and so he turned him over to the Ogden constabulary. The St. Loo detective finwristlets gives me the rheumatism in the forearms. It'll be all right. I'm going to be good. I'll stand watch-and-watch with you. You needn't worry.'

lished his sleep in the Ogden calaboose as a prisoner until the Ogden authorities got a wired description of him from the St. Louis police authorities, when he was turned loose. The lag is still in the chaparral, hitting just occasional places, maybe.

"I'd sure hate to have to report back to headquarters after having been treated in that scandalous manner by a prisoner," went on the New York detective. "I'd be afraid the old man might feel like gazing at me reproachfully."

"There isn't anything more dead sure in these foxy days than that a man in charge of a prisoner, no matter how long the hike may be, has got to have a certificate of membership in the sleep-flagging and bed-hating association.

"The old days when, at the beginning of a run home with a prisoner, you could ask him, 'Bill, are you going to be good or not?' and take his word for it if he nodded affirmatively, have passed.

"Out in Colorado Springs a few years ago I nailed one of the most scientific scratchers that ever kited big-money checks around the Atlantic seaboard. He consented to return to New York with me without extradition documents.

"'I'm tired of this ducking around,' he said to me, 'and I'm going to plead guilty, give the beak on the bench the antelope gaze, and try to swing him for, say, a three-spacker, or something about as light as that. And after I get the bit I'm sure going to quit scratching.' Pretty lilting line of Epworth league conversation, that, hey? Of course, I pretended to gulp it—why not?

"'What's more,' my scratcher went on, confidentially, 'you'll be doing the real winsome thing if you don't hobble me on the run in to New York. The chill of the wristlets gives me the rheumatism in the forearms. It'll be all right. I'm going to be good. I'll stand watch-and-watch with you. You needn't worry.'

"'Oh, what larks!' I said to that one, and I snapped the cuffs on him real quick. I knew that he was going to stand by for any old kind of a chance to lose me, for the south breeze of the brand he exuded wasn't the first of that kind I'd listened to. He sulked on me then, of course, but that didn't prevent me from fastening one of the cuffs to my own wrist after we boarded the eastbound train at Colorado Springs. It was a day coach, and I took the window side and gave him the aisle seat—the window had to be left partly open for air, for it was hot weather, and I wasn't taking any chance of his making a dive out of it at a slow-up, even if I had made him my Siamese twin.

"When we were a few hours out of Council Bluffs and in the middle of Iowa a woman whose face I knew boarded the train at one of the small stations. She was a New York pennyweight worker and a spark-palmer of the first-class for whom the circulars had been out for over a year. She had been a crook from her girlhood, and she knew the whole push, male and female, in every branch of crookdom.

"I was pretending to doze when she entered the car, but from the quick exchange of glances between her and my man as soon as she located him I saw through the slits of my eyes that she was there on business. She'd had a wire from the crook or one of his pals.

"She plumped herself into the vacant seat right in front of us—we were in the last seat in the car—and then, curious to see what she thought she was going to do, I started in to snoring real hard. The train was hardly more than a mile out of the little station where she got on before, without turning in her seat, she passed my scratcher over the top of her seat, a handful of skeleton keys, which he nailed with his loose hand.

"First looking me over carefully and probably figuring that I was as good as temporarily dead, he began to try the keys that she had slipped him—on his own cuff, of course. Well, I let him pick it loose. I wanted the chance to use both of my hands. He was just stepping over me, when I put him to the bad with the stoutest wallop I had in stock on the point of the jaw. He fell back into the seat, limp, and then I grabbed the woman and snapped the flapping bracelet, one cuff of which I was still wearing myself, on her left wrist. She tried to puncture me with a knife that she had in her loose hand, but I twisted the knife away from her, loosened the cuff from my wrist, and then cuffed the two of them together. The result of the woman's slamming in was that I brought two of them instead of one to New York, and copped out, something easy, the $1,000 reward which the Jewelers' Protective association had been offering for a couple of years for the woman's apprehension. The woman had the nerve to set up the long wail about my kidnaping her, as she called it, out of the state of Iowa, but she got and had to do her little five-spacer all the same.

"All of which isn't saying that I haven't, along with the rest of 'em, done bone-headed things in fetching in prisoners. About the sappiest thing that I ever did in that line was when I let a prisoner treat me for neuralgia. He was a young New York dentist who had allowed drugs of different kinds to get the bulge on him, and who, when he found himself losing out on account of his habits, had scratched a lot of phony money and then ducked. I got him in Jacksonville, Fla., and he consented to come along without the governor's papers. He was a slender chap, and weak as a kitten from monkeying with the dope, and so I didn't iron him any in starting out. He wasn't in shape to run half a block, even if he got loose, and I knew that all I had to do was to keep half awake.

"And there wasn't any trouble about that part of it—my keeping awake. It was mean, damp December weather, and sailing through South Carolina I picked up a thundering vicious attack of neuralgia of the face. The train wasn't properly heated, and I was almost a bug from the pain of the thing. My dope-eating dentist prisoner noticed the shape I was in, and he asked me if I wanted him to fix me up.

"'I've got everything going in the medicine chest in my bag,' he told me, 'and I can stop those jumps for you all right.'

"'I don't doubt that, pal,' I told him, with a grouch, both hands clapped to my face, 'and I guess you could come pretty nigh stopping me altogether with what you've got in that same medicine chest. That 'ud be nice, too. What's your treatment for neuralgia—a normal solution of ground glass and prussic acid?'

"'Oh, well, if you take it that way, all right,' he said, looking a hull lot hurt, and that ended the subject for a time.

"When the train was about half an hour from Charleston, S. C., the facache had me clomping up and down the aisle of the car like a d. t. patient in a bug ward. The pain was so fierce that it must have warped my judgment, and I couldn't see anything else in life but some chance to get rid of it.

"'Get out your kit and dope me along,' I said to my prisoner. 'The way I feel about it right now I'd as lief take a chance on losing you if I could lose this infernal misery at the same time.'

"He got out his dope cabinet, unshipped a vial that contained some water-looking stuff, and gave me a dose of it in a glass of water I got from the cooler. Then I sat down down alongside of him, and about a quarter of an hour later, a few minutes before the train was due to haul into Charleston, my eyes began to droop. I came on all of a sudden and left me powerless, although I was perfectly conscious. I felt as if I hadn't seen a bunk for a year, and with that was a pleasant, numbed sensation that caused me to reflect idly that it didn't make a particle of difference to me whether my prisoner slipped me or not. But I fought that and struggled to my props and began to grope up and down the car aisle in the effort to keep awake.

"It was a good thing for me that the train was just slowing up at the Charleston station. I got a feeble clutch on the prisoner who had put the job up on me. He tried to break away, but I was just able, in my drowsy condition, to hank onto him, and I pulled him out onto the platform and down the steps of the car. I was right on the verge of going under with the uncontrollable desire to sleep when I saw the station detective, a man I had met before, hiking toward me. I could see that his first thought was that I was drunk, but as he swung alongside of me he got that notion out of his head.

"'Take this dope, chum,' I said to him, handing the prisoner over to the station detectivev, 'and keep the hatch over him for me a bit. I fell for a bolus that he rigged me up for the neuralgia.'

"I was just able to unreel that much and I was all in. The station detective hiked my prisoner over to Charleston's headquarters, to be kept there over night, first having lugged me to the station master's office and telephoning for a doctor. The doctor it seems—I didn't know anything about it at the time—got a couple of switchmen to dance me up and down the room for a couple of hours, and when I finally swung around here told me I must have gulped enough choral to have sent a battalion of Hassen Ben Alis to the happy hasheesh grounds.

"'Some of the prisoners a fellow goes after and fetches home are amoosin' cusses. The most ingenious reprobate I ever ran home with was a fellow that held pretty nigh the world's record at that time as a pigamist. He'd been hitched up with about half the feminity of New York and Pennsylvania at the time I was sent out for him, and when I nailed him at Chicago he was stopping at the main inn of the town and making love to a wealthy hoyden of 75, a guest at the same tavern.

"'Say, I'm sorry you showed up so previous-like,' he said to me in an aggrieved sort of tone when I tested my mitt on his shoulder in the hotel lobby and told him he was mine. 'I've get that hay-bag all but copped out, and she's got more duff than Ireland's got peat.

"'I allowed him to ride unhobbled on the run from Chicago to New York, because he was such a luxurious proposition that he dug up for the chairs, and I didn't feel like showing him up to the robbers along the route. He wasn't a particle dangerous or vicious, anyway—the only kink in him was that he just naturally couldn't spot an unhitched woman with the bank roll that he didn't want to marry her, and before the ride was over he gave me an ocular demonstration of what a gay dog he was with women. At Pittsburg a very aged female person in a blonde wig, an enameled and kalsominie face, a black satin dress and enough diamonds on her fingers and bosom and in her ears to make a charity ball look like pikers' row, entered the car in which we were seated.

"'Pipe the blowze,' said my prisoner with the uncontrollable marrying habit to me. 'She's just in her second mourning, too—I hate to lose out on a chance like that. D'ye mind my telling her what pooty crockery lamps she's got?

"'Seeing that he sure had a long stretch of the under-cover life ahead of him, I didn't throw any obstructions in his way, and by the time the train reached Philadelphia he was engaged to her, and she was shaking the arch forefinger at him and calling him 'Naughty.' I hated to flag that romance, but I had to do it, although I didn't put the 'blowze' next to the relationship that existed between myself and her beau."

Moneyweight Scale Co.

Dayton scales—56 different kinds. Highest award and gold medal St. Louis World's Fair 1904.

G. C. ADAMS, Sales Agent.

Winthrop Blk., Cor. Fourth Ave. West and First St., Duluth, Minn.

Bayha—Largest of all House furnishers—Bayha.

MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS

GREAT CLEARING SALE

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Of Odd Pieces of Furniture

Odd Chairs of all kinds, odd Dressers, Dressing Tables and Chiffoniers, odd Tables, odd Stands. These are pieces which the manufacturers have discontinued making. There may be among them just what you want to fill out that particular corner in your home—all marked down at greatly reduced prices.

MISSION FURNITURE.



Largest showing of Mission Furniture, Rockers, Arm Chairs, Odd Tables, Clocks, Cellerettes, in fact, everything the latest at special discount prices during this sale.

Just a few more of those Solid Mahogany Chairs and Rockers going at half price.

ODD CORNER CHAIRS.



Very fine selection of Parlor Corner Chairs in genuine and solid Mahogany frames, carved in rich silk Tapestry and Verona marked down at reduced prices during this sale.

TAPESTRY COUCHES



We have 8 only—fine Tapestry Couches which we will close out at exactly half price—The construction of these Couches are the very best fine tempered steel coil spring—and fully warranted.

Special Sale of Foot Stools.

See display in window No. 11. Just what you have been asking for—Gilt Foot Stools with heavy Wilton covered tops—assorted colors. Regular 75c foot stool for 33c.

BAYHA & CO.

Second Avenue West and First Street

Special Sale Enameled Ware.

See display in window No. 12. This enameled ware is of fine steel body, triple plated—every piece first quality—all pieces worth from 15c to 25c—for 9c.

POLES' REAL RULERS.

A Central Committee Which Works Here and Abroad.

All over the world today Poles are watching the present course of events in Russia and asking one another, "Is there hope?" They do not say of what, says the New York Sun. That is not necessary. To Poles the phrase has but one meaning—the independence of their country. But their leaders, the secret central committee of the Polish league, are playing a waiting game.

This secret central committee is really a wonderful organization—a government within a government. It consists of the ablest men in the National league, a vast society that numbers nearly every adult male Pole, and many women as well. The league has branches in every place where there are enough Poles to form a club of some sort or other. No matter whether the club be social, literary, dramatic, political or athletic, it is first of all patriotic.

There is a secret committee at the head of the various organizations in every country where the Poles have extensive interests. There is one here in New York, which governs the 45,000 members in America. There is another in London, and still others in Paris, Berlin and even St. Petersburg and Warsaw.

From these sub-committees delegates are chosen for the highest committee of all, the central committee, whose word is law. These delegates are usually men of considerable wealth, all of it pledged to the cause, and without exception of high personal integrity. This is vital, because they have undisputed control of the funds of the league and are answerable to no one for their expenditures.

The meeting place and headquarters of the central committee are both secret, but the Poles boast that they can notify every member of the league in Russian Poland in less than a day of any move that may be contemplated.

The league has nothing to do with Terrorist proclamations, street rioting and bomb throwing. Such demonstrations are steadily frowned on by the central committee.

The campaign that is being prosecuted now is primarily an educational one. Instead of spending its funds for rapid-fire guns and rifles, the committee buys text books and scatters free newspapers.

These papers are printed all over Poland, but especially in Warsaw. One of the best-known and widely circulated is called Power. For years it has made its appearance regularly from a secret press room, and for years the Russian agents have tried to lay their hands on its editors. It is easy enough for them to procure copies of the sheet, for they are given away on the streets, but the copies themselves contain no names or addresses.

Besides the pamphlets published in Russian Poland, there are others issued just across the border in the Austrian and German parts of the ancient kingdom. Austria and Germany both allow freedom of the press, so the printing and publishing can go on openly, and the only trouble for the patriots is in getting their papers across the border. Here, again, the secret machinery of the vast society is put into operation, and it is very seldom indeed that the underground mail fails to reach its destination. Perhaps the best-known of these "outland" Polish journals is the Pole, published at Cracow.

The central committee does not maintain a secret arsenal in readiness for revolt. That would be too risky, but the plan of such preparation the committee founded, several years ago, a national reserve fund. Notwithstanding its short life, the fund already exceeds $1,000,000 and is growing steadily. It has proved considerable of a white elephant to take care of, however, for several nations hostile to the Polish national movement discovered its existence soon after it was founded, and Germany, according to stories the Poles tell, attempted to lay forcible hands on it. The money is at present divided among several banking houses in Paris and London.

Nearly all Poles are firmly determined that if they ever become an independent nation, they will have a republic on the plan of our own and with a constitution based on ours. All parties—Nationalist, Agrarian, the three Socialistic parties and a couple of others—make this the chief plank in their platforms.

The league in this country has 45,000 members, of whom 1,500 are women. At its last conference, held at Buffalo about a month ago, some $60,000 was appropriated for different expenses, among them being a statue of Kosciusko, to be erected in Washington and presented to the American people, and the establishment of a higher Polish school in Pennsylvania. Among the activities of the New York branch is a fund for the relief of Polish deserters from the Russian army who flee to this country.

Week-End Excursions---Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will place in effect until March 31 the following excursion arrangements:

Half rates—After 12 o'clock noon of Saturdays to all points within 150 miles, good for return until Monday morning; minimum rate 75 cents.

Fare and one-third—On sale Fridays to points not less than 75 miles nor more than 150 miles distant, limit the following Monday.

One fare plus $2—To points more than 150 miles away, limit five days.

These rates apply to the cities where theatrical attractions and other amusements are best at this season of the year, and they also apply to all local stations on the line.

For further particulars call on Minneapolis & St. Louis agents.

SURGERY CHARGES.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Dr. W. W. Keen, the noted surgeon of Philadelphia, was praising speed in surgical operations. The best surgeons, he declared, were always the swiftest. Speed was one of the great essentials of fine operations, since the briefer the period passed by the patient under the knife, the greater the chance for his complete recovery.

"On this head," Dr. Keen continued, smiling, "there is a story of a distinguished surgeon.

"He performed successfully a difficult and delicate operation on a millionaire banker's wife, and, naturally, the bill that he rendered for this operation was a large one. It was not exorbitant, but it was enough—a reasonable and just bill.

"The banker, though, thought otherwise. With an imprecation, he declared the bill to be an outrage.

"'Why,' he cried, 'the operation only took you ten minutes.'

"The surgeon laughed.

"'Oh,' he said, 'if that is your only objection, the next time any of your family needs an operation I'll keep them two or three hours under the knife.'"

If a merchant has been fortunate in securing a stock of goods at a nominal cost, he is enthusiastic, and his enthusiasm bubbles out of his advertising—for he is human, and likes to clear up a good profit for himself while making new records in price cutting to his customers.

For Rent--Rooms--Houses--

The most representative lists are in The Herald
If you desire a change of residence, watch 'em

One Cent a Word Each Insertion.--No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	486
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borlous	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	765
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	963
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son.	1154-K	854
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SOME NICE HOMES CHEAP

$9000 Handsome place on East First street, with 50-foot lot. Ten rooms, hot water heat, hardwood finish and floors, modern plumbing; could not be duplicated for $12,000. Price only $9,000. (224.)

$7500 Fine bargain in two lots on a corner in Endion with a good modern house of ten or eleven rooms. Hardwood finish, two mantels and grates, laundry tubs, etc. (1669.)

$7600 Ten-room house on East Second street, centrally located. 50-foot lot, upper side street. Worth more than price asked for it.

Above only samples—we have many others. We have some clients owning choice lots who well build you a house to suit and sell on monthly peyments. A rare chance to get a home for about what rent would amount to. Call and see about it.

WEST DULUTH.

We have some bargains there in vacant lots and also in houses taken in foreclosure.

Money to loan at 5 per cent.

Stores and houses to rent.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

$2300 A dwelling of six rooms and bath in first-class repair, on East First street, near Seventh avenue.

$3000 A good eight-room house, with bath, toilet, etc., on East First street, near Sixth avenue.

$4000 A frame house arranged in three flats, with conveniences, hardwood floors throughout, building two years old; present income $45 per month; lot 25x140 on East Fourth street, near Fifth avenue. This is an exceptionally good investment.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

LITTLE & NOLTE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE ESTABLISHED 1885

West End Bargains

$2600 Two houses, 7 and 11 rooms, on lot 50x140, near car line. Rentals pay over 12 per cent. 48-10

$2200 Only $800 cash for 12-room house, stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, etc., near car line. Rentals pay over 12 per cent on total price, or 25 per cent on cash investment. 48-15

$2600 Half cash, 10-room house, barn, chicken house, etc.; lot 50x140. Splendid opening for boarding house or renting rooms. 48-16

$7000 Three houses on lot 90x100 feet, near two car lines, water, sewer, etc., rented at price which pays 10 per cent net on this valuation. 49-1

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

PILES are serious, cause much pain and discomfort, and sometimes actual disability.

SYMPTOMS: There may be itching and stinging, then again pain, soreness and bleeding. Tumors form, enlarge, protrude, and if neglected, ulcerate, becoming very serious and painful. To cure them quickly and painlessly use

INJECTION MALYDOR.

Instant relief. Cures in several days. At druggists, or sent with Syringe, for $1.00

Malydor Mfg. Co., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.



CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.

Sold by all Druggists.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with steam heat and bath, with or without board by day, week or month. 210 West Second street.

FOR RENT—THREE WARM ROOMS for light housekeeping. 223 Sixth avenue West. Call 529½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT—ONE NICE LARGE FURnished room with fireplace and bathroom adjoining, three blocks from postoffice. References required. Apply box K-16, Herald.

FOR RENT—NO. 1925 WEST THIRD street, six rooms, water and heat free, $35 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT — TWO COMPLETE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping, upstairs. No. 123 East First street.

PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room for rent. 131 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; MODern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms. 344 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping allowed. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished room for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD. 318 WEST SECond street.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH board; bath, gas and telephone; moderate rates. 301 East Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 117 East Third street.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for A1 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 123 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM. 305 E. THIRD ST.

PERSONAL.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREabouts of Sydney Berstein; was last seen in Duluth May, 1904. Address Mrs. Berstein, 117 Bayard street, Dayton, Ohio.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313-X Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313-X Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM ROSCOE, 1026 TOWER. ROOM 315, Superior.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN

Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.

There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 160 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.

Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

CRUISE OF THE TROPICS

The S. S. PRETORIA, 3,300 tons, sails February 17th, 1906, on a special cruise, calling at Bermuda, San Juan (Porto Rico), St. Croix, St. Kitts, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, Trinidad, Jamaica, Havana and Nassau; length of cruise 33 days. Others Steamers for West Indies and Bermuda every ten days. For illustrated pamphlets giving rates and all information apply to A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 38 Broadway, N. Y. A. Ahern, Sec'y, Quebec, Canada or Cook & Son, 234 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.

When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.

Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

NEAT LITTLE HOME, WALKING DISTance. East end; bath, gas, etc.; easy terms; enough income to cover interest and repairs; price $1,850 if purchased direct from owner. Write L. B. 252 P. O.

FOR SALE—A SNAP; 100 FEET ON East Second street; fine location for flats. Inquire 429 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn. D. M. White.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New phone, 936. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.

MINNESOTA LOAN CO.
205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS
On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.
$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay 1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$50 pay $2.25 weekly or $9.00 month.
Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 15 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 15 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Column, 609 Palladio building.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills. Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE COMfortably furnished rooms with first class board for family of four. Address M 26, Herald.

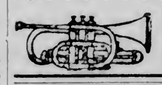
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FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 202 Pal. Bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY YOUNG MARried couple, no children, small modern detached house in East end. M 28, Herald.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Your mirror will tell you Satin skin powder works beautifying wonders. 25c.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer; good condition. Price, $25.00. 527 Manhattan.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon, also Edison moving picture machine and stereoptican combined. Five hundred plain and colored slides, including lecture sets, song slides, etc., in lots to suit, at half price. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—ONE $60 STEEL RANGE, one combination dresser and writing desk, one parlor clock, dining room table, center table, wash stand; one folding bed, one iron bedstead, chairs, picture frames, 50 yards carpets, window shades, dishes and many things too numerous to mention; only used about two years; all for $75. Call mornings at 221½ West Second street.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 17 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,000, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

RAILS CUT TO LENGTH FOR CONtractors. Switches, frogs, crossings and track material. M. Mitshkun Co. Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE — ROOMING HOUSE, TEN rooms. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—NEW HOISTING ENGINES cheap; with or without boiler. One 7x10, one 8x10, one 10x12. All double cylinder, double drum. Clyde Iron Works.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once, sizes 5, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 25, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — HARDWOOD, $5 PER cord. Leave orders at Thatcher's grocery, 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone, 747-X.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SMALL, SOUND AND ACtive team of horses. 117 East Superior street.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel Company.

I HAVE A CAR OF HORSES JUST IN. Come and see me before buying. I will save you money. Barn, Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Inhell.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 35c a lesson. Address V 35, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER, Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with F. D. Day & Co.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 1502 London road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, hot and cold water, bath and gas. Call at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

PRIVATE HOSPITALS.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. East. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1225.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

COCKERELS, FINE LARGE BIRDS, dark or light, $2.50 to $5.00 each. Pullets and hens, $1.50 each. There are no better in his state. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

A Herald Want Ad is good for WRINKLES, where the Problem of Household Help is worrying you. Tell your servant sorrows to 'Phone 324 and you'll see.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — NON-UNION PLUMBERS and helpers. Address M 27, Herald.

WANTED — A WELL DUG AT PROCtor; contract preferred. Address M 96, Herald.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRST-class trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "Free" Ill. catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, VIRGINIA Foundry & Machine Co., Virginia, Minn.

ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, FIREmen, machinists, etc. Send for new 52-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers; sent free. George A. Zeller Book Co., 113 S. 4th, St. Louis.

WANTED — GENTLEMAN OR LADY with good reference to travel by rail or with a rig; salary $1,072 per year and expenses; salary paid weekly and expenses advanced. Address, with stamp, Jos. A. Alexander, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—CANT HOOK MEN, UNloading logs; steady work for good men. Apply foot of L avenue, Superior, near Murray-McCann mill. Edw. Hines Lumber company.

WANTED — THREE OR FOUR YOUNG men to handle a sure seller; large profits. Flat 11, U. S. block, Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street. Call between 9 and 11 a. m.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English, marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIence desires position as assistant bookkeeper; good penman. M 31, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN 21 YEARS OF age wishes position in wholesale house or retail house of any sort; have had experience as clerk and collector and can "make good." Address M 29, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH REFERENCES would like a position in store or employment office or other light work. Speaks Finnish. J. H. Michaelson, 327 West Fourth street.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY Rent—Will you call on us or will we call on you and show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? It costs you nothing to talk with us and let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. No investment that brings the returns that this does every day. S. S. Williamson, 615 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 135. Duluth 'phone 1357.

FOR RENT—NICE 3-ROOM HOUSE, suitable for family. 223 Sixth avenue West. Call 529½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT — THE CLUB RESTAUrant, located at 217 West Superior street, including all fixtures; capacity, fifty people, and a good living room; will rent cheap until May 1 to good tenant. Inquire downstairs, or P. Benetean, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR RENT — THE CLUB RESTAUrant, located at 217 West Superior street, including all fixtures; capacity, fifty people, and a good living room; will rent cheap until May 1 to a good tenant. Inquire downstairs, or P. Benetean, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

SEVEN-ROOM, MODERN HOUSE, new, London road, Lakeside. $30 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT — PARTLY FURNISHED house, 1027 East Third street, reasonable rent. Inquire 229 West Fourth street evenings.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 205 Lyceum building.

BOOKS AUDITED.

BOOKS OPENED UP, BALANCED and audited by expert accountant. Address M-31, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — BROWN LEATHER POCKETbook containing money, on Fourth street, near Fifth avenue east, Saturday noon. Return to 409 Masonic Temple; reward.

LOST—ON SECOND STREET EAST OF Fourth street car, between library and Tenth avenue east, ladies' gold watch and black fob. Return to 1012 East First street for reward.

LOST—TRUNK, BETWEEN OMAHA depot and following route: Fifth avenue west to Second street, to Lake avenue, to Fourth street, to Second avenue east. Notify Herald office.

LOST OR MISLAID, POLICIES NOS. 135557 and 135558, issued by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, both on the life of John McLean Oldham. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. John McLean Oldham, 801 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

LOST — LINK MUFF ON FIRST street. Return to 1005 East First street for reward.

WANTED—TO BUY.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING, ELECTROLYSIS, FAcial massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 414 EAST Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1115 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 127 West Fourth street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Call 103½ West Fourth.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No. 6 Lafayette Flats.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK. APply 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED — SKIRT HANDS; GOOD ones; no dead ones need apply. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. F. D. Knight, Proctor, Minn. Old 'phone No. 15.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL. 227 WEST Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, at 5935 Oneida street, Lester Park.

WANTED — NORMAL SCHOOL GIRL to work for board at 1201 East Third street. Small wages.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, at 1130 East Third street.

WANTED—GIRL, AGE 25 to 30 YEARS old, for housework; six room flat; three in family; Swedish preferred. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, TWO DINING-room girls at Hotel Lenox.

NIGHT SCHOOL FOR DRESSMAKING; three lessons a week, at $3 a month; work on your own materials. U. S. block, flat 17.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework at 1427 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework at 725 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL BETWEEN 13 AND 15 to help care for baby. 924 East Fifth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 2025 East First st.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSes, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO clerk in confectionary or grocery store; has had experience. M 30, Herald.

WANTED — YOUNG WOMAN WANTS position as housekeeper. Miss Jaxon, General Delivery.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework. L. Johnson, 537 Garfield avenue.

WANTED — POSITION BY COMPEtent lady stenographer; best of references. Address M 95, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS MEAT AND PASTRY cook wants place to work. Address Mac Robinson, 246 Lake avenue south.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer. Zenith 787, Bell 325-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old 1341-L; Zenith 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior st.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 55th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG.

Miss Nagle, 210 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Greckovsky.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Washington, D. C., established 1861. Booklet free. Highest references.

ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER 'PHONE.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 10, 1906. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE. Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 18th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. George W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleacy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Wednesday in K. O. T. M. commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gellneau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Beneficent degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 106, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. F. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 217 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street, J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Bowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Jan. 19, 1906. Joint Installation of officers, Jan. 20, 1906. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 78, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Jan. 17.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1040, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Bowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, A. J. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gniffke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local Union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goglins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, L. W. Gillard; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets every first and third Tuesdays of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting Jan. 16. J. B. Gellneau, C. R.; 224, Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

14 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

14 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, JANUARY 18, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

CHARGE D'AFFAIRES OF VENEZUELA EXPELLED FROM FRENCH TERRITORY BY OFFICIAL ORDER OF GOVERNMENT

Will be Escorted to the Frontier by a Special Commissary of Police.

Papers at Caracas Openly Accuse French Government of Assisting Matos.

Managers of French Cable Company Are Ordered to Leave Castro's Domain.

Paris, Jan. 18, 5:30 p. m..—M. Maubourguet, the chare d'affaires of Venezuela here, this afternoon, received the official announcement of his expulsion from French territory. The notification was conveyed to him by M. Gouvt, the chief secretary of Premier Rouvier and a special commissary of police, M. Hennion. The charge d'affaires showed emotion but accepted the government's decision. He will leave Paris from the Northern railroad station at 10 o'clock tonight for Liege, Belgium, accompanied by the special commissary of police, who is responsible for his security to the frontier.

Caracas, Wednesday, Jan. 17, via Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Jan. 18.—The Constitucional, in publishing the correspondence preceding the diplomatic rupture between Venezuela and France, claims to prove the complicity of the French government in the Matos revolution. The paper says:

"We do not accuse the cable company, whose responsibilities we consider to be eliminated. We accuse the French government of disloyalty to Venezuela, because, while our representatives and ministers were sincerely and honorably seeking legal solutions of the difficulties, in the light of international reciprocity, France co-operated with Matos, the leader of the revolution, to stain our villages and cities with blood, and privately ordered the managers of the cable company to transmit information to the revolutionists, assisted in bankrupting the credit of the government abroad and endangered the integrity of the national territory."

A memorandum of the conference between the American minister, Mr. Russell, and Foreign Secretary Ybarra on the subject of the government's failure to invite M. Taigny, the French charge, to the official New Year's reception, sets forth that Minister Russell said:

"Secretary Root has cabled me, expressing that he is deeply interested in the question, and adds that grave consequences will surely follow if the situation is not changed immediately."

A decree, expelling from Venezuela MM. Jaccoux and Bourget, respectively the managers of the French cable stations at Caracas and La Guiara, for disregarding the laws of the republic was published yesterday.

TILLMAN'S RESOLUTION ON MORRIS AFFAIR LAID ON TABLE BY SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—In the senate, at 12:35 p. m., Mr. Tillman offered his resolution for the investigation of the Mrs. Morris incident. After a brief statement in which he said that Mr. Hale had challenged him to introduce the resolution, Mr. Daniel of Virginia moved to lay the resolution on the table. The Tillman resolution was laid on the table. Yeas, 54; nays, 8.

The negative votes on laying the Tillman resolution on the table were cast by Senators Blackburn, Latimer, Frazier, McCreary, McLaurin, Money, Stone and Tillman.

The following is the resolution which Senator Tillman introduced:

"Resolved, that the president of the senate be authorized to appoint a committee of five senators to investigate the recent unfortunate incident at the White House resulting in the expulsion from the executive offices of Mrs. Minor Morris and report to the senate."

JEWELS WORTH $5,000, STOLEN AT FIRE

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Louis Eisendrath of this city, father of Mrs. S. E. Spiesberger, who was fatally hurt in the recent fire in the West hotel of Minneapolis, has notified the police of Minneapolis that jewels valued at $5,000 were taken from the body of Mrs. Spiesberger, who was unconscious when brought from the hotel.

"We have little hope of recovering the property," said Mr. Eisendrath today, "but we will do what we can."

INSURANCE OFFICIALS

Of Different States Will Meet In Chicago on Feb. 1.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Superintendent of Insurance Drake, of this city, who issued a call a month ago for an insurance convention in Chicago, Feb. 1, has mailed a circular letter advising delegates regarding hotel arrangements and saying the probabilities are that seventy-five state officials, at least, will be in attendance. "This," said Mr. Drake, "will be more than double the number of officials including deputies and actuaries that has ever been in attendance at any national convention of insurance commissioners; besides there will be many prominent insurance agents and officials, representing the several kinds of insurance from all parts of the country; several eminent lawyers interested in uniform state laws, and representatives of the landing insurance journals. I would suggest that you be on hand as early as the 30th instant and have prepared drafts of such bill or parts of one as you would like to have considered by the committee on laws and legislation of the convention."

BODY OF MARSHALL FIELD RESTS IN CHICAGO HOME

Funeral Will be Held Friday Noon and Will be of a Private Nature.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The body of Marshall Field arrived in Chicago this morning in a special train over the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railroad. The train was stopped at the Thirty-first street station of the road, which is much nearer the Field mansion than the downtown station. A large number of the friends of Mr. Field were in waiting, and a detail of police was present to keep back the crowd of the curious which had gathered as soon as the hearse had stopped in front of the depot. As soon as the casket had been placed in the hearse it was at once driven to the Field residence, at 1905 Prairie avenue.

The funeral will be held at the late residence of Mr. Field at 12 o'clock tomorrow and will be extremely simple in character.

So many requests for admission to the funeral was made that it was found that there would not be a building in Chicago sufficiently large to hold one-half of the people who would endeavor to attend the services, and it was at the last minute decided to abandon the idea of a public funeral because of the inability to make the necessary arrangements in so short a time for a funeral of such magnitude.

The services at the house will consist of a simple musical service and a brief address by Rev. J. A. Morrison of the First Presbyterian church. The body will be placed in the receiving vault at Graceland cemetery until the arrangements are made for the final interment.

The employes of Marshall Field will hold a memorial service tomorrow afternoon in the Auditorium. Because of the inability of the hall to accommodate all of the 10,000 employes of Marshall Field & Co. it has been found necessary to restrict attendance at the meeting to the older employes of the company, and admission will be only by card.

During the hours of the funeral, from noon until 2 o'clock tomorow, all the large retail establishments on State street will be closed, and all the places of business operated by the members of the Chicago Commercial club will be closed. The list of these includes a great number of varied enterprises in all parts of the city.

GREAT GAINS BY LIBERALS

Fourteen More Conservative Seats Were Captured on Wednesday.

The Unionists Recorded a Victory in Only One Division.

London, Jan. 18.—The Liberal tide is rising faster than ever today as the flood of returns comes in from yesterday's elections in the counties. Fourteen more Conservatives seats have been captured, while the Unionists can only record a victory in one division, which is more than counterbalanced by the labor gains in Sunderland and Warwickshire. Well known Unionists like William St. John Brodrick, the former secretary of state for India, in the Guildford division of Surrey; Henry Chaplin, the former president of the local government board, in the Sleaford division of Lincolnshire, and Ailwyn E. Fellows, the former president of the board of agriculture, in the Ramsey or Northern division of Huntingdonshire, having been overwhelmed by the Liberal avalanche.

Among the new members interesting to America is Dr. Stopford W. Brooke, a former Unitarian minister of Boston, Mass., who captured the Bow and Bromley division of the Tower hamlets (London) in behalf of the Liberals.

The result of the elections to date is as follows: Liberals 189; Unionists 79; Irish Nationalists 56; Laborites 33.

MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION

Gathered by W. J. Bryan Concerning the Philippines.

Sandakan, Borneo, via Manila, Jan. 18.—After leaving the Philippine islands, on his way to visit India, W. J. Bryan made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"My visit to the Philippines has been very interesting and instructive, and I appreciate the facilities afforded me by the civil and military authorities for a thorough investigation of the Filipinos. This has enabled me to collect much knowledge, which I hope to use for the benefit of both the American people and the Filipinos.

"The promise given by the rising generation to use the English language surpasses my expectation more than anything else.

"My views regarding the independence of the islands have not changed."

CHINKS VISIT IN NEBRASKA

Imperial Chinese Commission Spends the Day at Lincoln.

Sixty-Two Orientals Are on a Tour of United States.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 18.—The imperial Chinese commission, sent to this country for the purpose of studying educational and industrial conditions arrived in Lincoln this morning in charge of Prof. Jenks of Cornell university, the special representative of President Roosevelt, for the only stop scheduled on the journey between San Francisco and Chicago. The twenty commissioners, headed by Chief Commissioner Tuan Fang, and the forty-two others who are in the party, were met at the special train by representatives of Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews of the University of Nebraska and Governor Mickey, and copies of the day's program were submitted. The commissioners were then greeted by Governor Mickey, Chancellor Andrews, Mayor F. W. Brown and J. E. Miller, president of the Lincoln Commercial club, and escorted to special trolley cars for a trip to the agricultural station of the university. After two hours spent there, the party went to the state penitentiary and then to the Lincoln hotel, where D. E. Thompson, former ambassador to Brazil, and recently named for ambassador to Mexico, was host at a luncheon.

This afternoon the program included a visit to the state university, a special convention of the students in honor of the commissioners an a tour of the city. The commission is especially interested in the agricultural methods followed in Nebraska and the visit to the state farm was one of the most important incidents of the stay in this city. At the university convention remarks were made by Prof. Jenks, Chancellor Andrews, and others.

The special train arrived about eleven hours late, having left San Francisco about five hours behind time.

Upon the arrival of the commission this morning, Prof. Jenks said the imperial visitors had been delighted by their long journey across half of the country and that they marvelled at the great agricultural possibilities of the West and the vast stretches of territory through which they passed.

BUYS WINTER HOMES FOR STANDARD OIL MAGNATES.

Los Angeles, Jan. 18.—L. V. Harkness, a Standard Oil magnate, has purchased another place on South Orange Grove boulevard, Pasadena. The consideration named is $50,000. This is accepted as confirmation of the rumors that Mr. Harkness is seeking to make Pasadena a winter residence headquarters for the millionaires who are associated with John D. Rockefeller in Standard Oil.

A few weeks ago Harkness purchased Carmelita, one of the finest residence properties in Southern California. It was then declared that Harkness had bought it for Rockefeller, who would occupy the house next winter. This rumor was never positively denied by Harkness.

BIGELOW REFUSES TO REVEAL TO THE SENATE COMMITTEE SOURCE OF HIS INFORMATION REGARDING CANAL

Magazine Writer Says Diet of Bread and Water Would Not Unseal His Lips.

Declares Noted Engineers Refused Employment in Unsanitary Conditions.

Refuses to Give Names, But Says That President Roosevelt Can Do So.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Poultney Bigelow, the magazine writer who was denounced by Secretary Taft for his criticism of the management of the canal affairs, declined to disclose to the senate canal committee today the source of his information. Upon being instructed to answer he declared : "The committee can put me on bread and water or even condemn me to Colon, but it cannot compel me to divulge that which was given me in confidence."

The committee went into executive session to determine what course should be taken.

Describing conditions Mr. Bigelow declared that there are no sanitary deposits. His testimony was general and on motion of Mr. Knox the witness was instructed to confine it to stating facts on which he based his article on the mismanagement of canal affairs. He replied that his article was based on his personal visit to 100 different shacks which Secretary Taft, Mr. Stevens and Mr. Shonts had pronounced to be in good healthful condition and which he found to be without water or sanitation. He was interrupted again and told that impressions were valueless and was asked to give facts. "Well, here is a fact," said the witness; "many engineers of note declined to accept government employment in clearing up these unsanitary conditions."

"Name them," demanded Mr. Knox.

"I think it would be embarrassing to them to have their names made public," said he. Upon insistence being made, Mr. Bigelow gave the name of John F. Freeman of Boston and said there were others, but he declined to give their names.

Several members of the committee, notably Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Knox and Mr. Simmons, urged that Mr. Bigelow be compelled to answer.

"Mr. Roosevelt can tell you," answered Mr. Bigelow.

"Mr. Roosevelt is not on the stand," said Mr. Knox severely.

After a controversy, in which Mr. Bigelow sought to be relieved of giving authority for his statement, several times asking that the president or Secretary Taft be called to corroborate his charges, Mr. Morgan protested that Mr. Bigelow should be given opportunity to give the foundation of his article so that the committee can tell whether he spoke the truth.

It was denied by Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Kittredge that there is any controversy between the secretary of war and the witness. After a long discussion Mr. Knox formally moved that the witness be compelled to give the names of all persons who furnished him information concerning affairs on the isthmus or to confine his testimony to matters of which he was an eye witness. The motion was carried and the witness instructed to proceed. Beginning a discoursive form of testimony in which generalities abounded, Mr. Bigelow was brought to an abrupt pause by several members of the committee. Mr. Knox said:

"I insist, Mr. Bigelow, that you adopt yourself to the ruling of the committee and give the information as demanded."

"You can put me on bread and water, or even condemn me to Colon, but you cannot make me disclose what has been given me in confidence," replied the witness. His responses were cut short by a motion by Mr. Knox that the committee go into executive session. The motion was for the purpose of giving the committee an opportunity to consider the situation and determine what course should be taken with the witness. The room was cleared of spectators and the doors closed.

The executive session continued for an hour, when an adjournment was taken until 2:30 p. m. No decision was reached as to what action should be taken concerning Mr. Bigelow's contumacy.

POWERS CASE IS DISMISSED

On Motion of Attorney Hollister for Mrs. McCutcheon.

Inability to Get Witnesses Together the Cause Given.

The $50,000 damage suit of Mrs. Mary A. McCutcheon against Albert H. Powers was dismissed in United States court this morning on motion of the plaintiff's attorney, Theodore Hollister. The case was scheduled to come up before Judge Morris immediately after the disposal of the suit of Collyred against the Drake & Stratton company, which is going to the jury this morning. Mr. Hollister, at the opening of courrt his morning, arose and, addressing the court, said:

"I move that the suit of Mary A. McCutcheon against Albert H. Powers be dismissed. I find I am unable at this time to get my witnesses together and, therefore, I must ask the court to dismiss it."

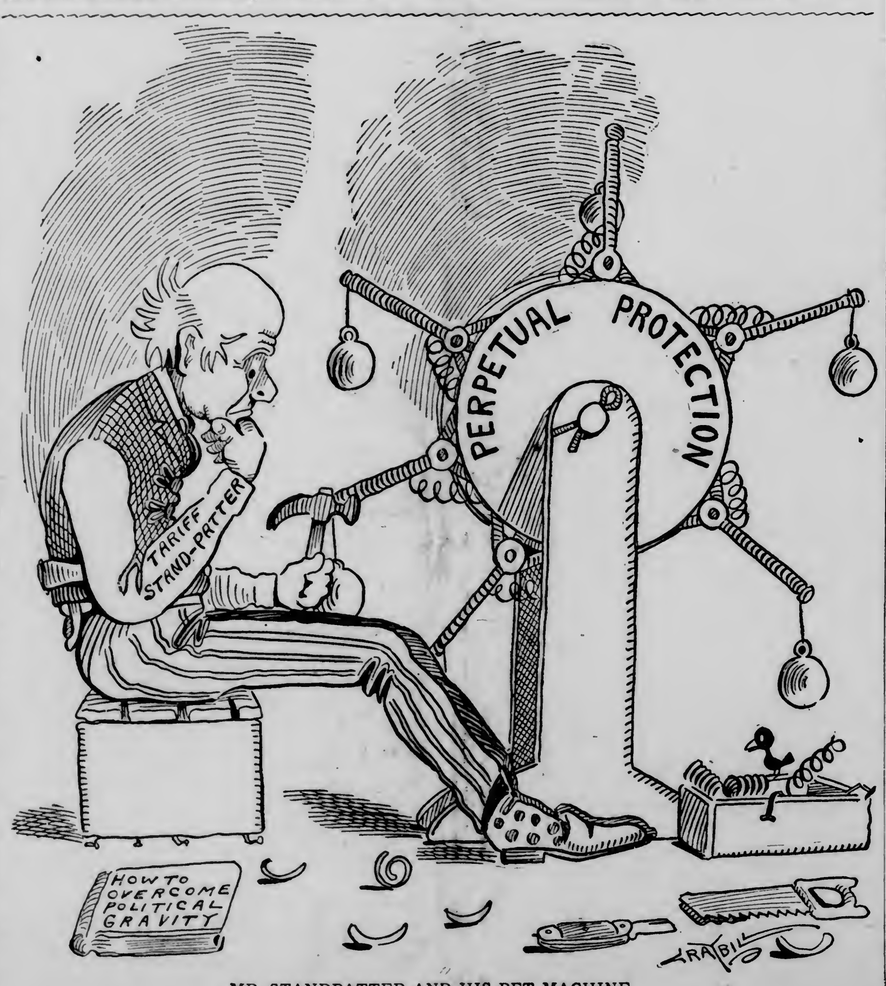
"It will be so entered," said Judge Morris, and an expression of pleasure spread over his face. Judge Morris heard the case one year ago, and expressed himself several times as nauseated with the evidence that went in.

Albert H. Powers and his witnesses have been on hand for several days. This morning Mr. Powers said that he is glad the affair is over, but the aftermath is not yet, as he still has some scores to settle.

VERDICT FOR COMPLAINANTS

First Suit Against Sanitary Canal in Chicago is Decided.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 18.—The jury in the case of W. R. Curran and Congressman Joseph V. Graff vs. the Sanitary District of Chicago, today brought in a verdict giving the complainants damages of $750. The amount sued for was $55,000. This is the first of a series of suits against the drainage district, the total of which aggregates $4,500,000. The plaintiffs claim that by reason of the immense volume of water turned into the Illinois river from the drainage district, their lands have been submerged and great damage resulted.



MR. STANDPATTER AND HIS PET MACHINE.

WIDE DISCREPANCY IN GOVERNMENT SUMMARY

Of the Crops of South Dakota---Governor Elrod Demands a Correction.

Washington, Jan. 8.—A wide discrepancy in the final summary of the crops of 1905, as relating to South Dakota, compiled by the department of agriculture, has been pointed out by Governor Elrod in a letter addressed to Secretary Wilson, made public yesterday, which, he says, seriously affects that state before the world, and which should be officially corrected. The letter has particular reference to barley, oats and hay.

In the case of barley, Governor Elrod declares that, according to the state census, South Dakota actually produced in 1904, 18,640,102 bushels, whereas the department's estimates place the number at 9,962,400 bushels. It is estimated that 20,000,000 bushels will be the production for this year, or more than twice the yield credited to that state. As regards oats, Governor Elrod says the government's figures showed a production in 1904 of 28,104,517 bushels, whereas the state census disclosed a growth of 39,583,230 bushels. The yield for this year is estimated at 42,000,000 bushels. A similar discrepancy as affecting hay is pointed out, Governor Elrod stating that the government's figure showed a production of but 430,650 tons for 1904, as against 2,787,945 tons disclosed by the state census.

It is also pointed out that the census of 1900 credited South Dakota with 2,346,345 tons.

Secretary Wilson says he will be very glad to make the corrections requested upon the receipt of a copy of the census referred to, which he had not been advised was available as the basis for making his estimates. The department's estimates of acreage as to barley and oats, he says, were based on percentages of increase or decrease reported from year to year on the acreage of the preceding year, and there was no way of checking these figures up until a census was taken. The secretary, however, takes issue with the governor in the matter of his hay estimates, saying:

"Regarding hay, the case is somewhat different. The large production shown by the census of 1900, which you refer to, includes over 2,000,000 acres of wild, salt and prairie grasses, with a production of over 2,000,000 tons, also about 27,000,000 acres of grains, which were cut green for hay, with a production of about 32,000 tons. These two classes of hay are not considered by this bureau in the hay crop of any state or of the country; we deal only with hay and forage crops, which are grown specifically and particularly for the purpose named, on farms."

A DEMENTED WOMAN PROPOSES TO UNMASK TRAITORS TO PRESIDENT

Washington, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Elizabeth M. Holmes of New York is detained at the house of detention here, having been arrested last night on a telegram signed William M. Homes of No. 20 Gold street, New York. The telegram read:

"Arrest my wife; believed demented."

When Mrs. Holmes was taken into custody she stated that she had some papers for President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft that would reveal startling things to them. She said that her business was in the interest of peace, but that she would not make it known until she had seen the president If she could not see him, she said, she would see Secretary Taft.

"I propose to unmask at least three traitors," said Mrs. Holmes. "I represent Mrs. Elizabeth Grannis, president of the National Puritan congress and an exponent of woman's rights.

"Upon my arrival in the city I sent messages to two congressmen that I am here, and when the detectives called I thought they were the congressmen, and, therefore, readily admitted them.

"I have a letter to the vice president and I am otherwise clothed with good credentials and authority. I intend seeing the president as soon as possible, and will then return home. I will be accompanied by some influential person. I don't propose to be ejected from the White House as was Mrs. Morris.

"Recently I wrote to Dr. Minor Morris and I will notify him of my presence here. He knows something about the secret of my mission.

"I am surprised at the telegram purporting to come from my husband and I am not ready to believe that he sent it."

Mrs. Holme's husband has been telegraphed to and she is being held awaiting word from him.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER.

Probably snow tonight and Friday. Colder tonight, with minimum temperature close to zero. Warmer Friday. Fresh northerly to easterly winds.

It's a Great Pity

to Sell Our $20.00

Overcoats

for

$9.75

but considering that we are simply compelled to reduce our stock to avoid carrying anything over, it's the only way out of the difficulty. It's a pity for us and a blessing for you — not that we are sacrificing price for charitable motives, for we are doing what good business sense demands, while you are the one to benefit. We give you the same identical suits that would cost you $20 in the regular season, but which now cost you only $9.75.

Any fancy pattern or mixture you wish, and the garments represent the acme of fine tailoring and style. Single or double-breasted.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Corner 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.

NEWS OF BOYS' DEPARTMENT

Professor Phillips Will Address Y. M. C. A. Members on Electricity.

Mr. Phillips of the Duluth Central school will give a talk on electricity at the boys' department tomorrow evening at 7:30 and all members are allowed to bring their friends.

At 8 o'clock the monthly test in the gymnasium will take place, when members will compete for the official boys' department emblem. Mr. Cole will take the class through the exercises and boys winning 75 per cent of the points will be presented with the emblems. At the test last month Clarence Rankin was the only boy to pass.

At 9 o'clock a basketball game between the Sunday club committee and the Athletic committee will be played. Ray Fenton will captain the Athletic committee team and William Burris the Sunday club team. The line-up:

Sunday club—William Burris, Max Griffith, Willis Hamblin, Lyman Taylor, Harvard Rockwell.

Athletic committee—Ray Fenton, Howard Hill, Phil. Heimbach, Ben Nelson, Laurence Jaques.

Robert Gary will address the older members of the boys' department Thursday evening at 6:30 and supper will be served at 6:15, as Mr. Garry will have to leave at 7:30.

The music committee will meet at the building Thursday at 8 o'clock, when the orchestra, which was so successful last season, will be organized.

DIES IN ILLINOIS.

Death of Former Resident of Duluth is Reported From Edwardsville.

Word was received by the police this morning that John Reardon of Duluth is dead at Edwardsville, Ill., and the authorities are trying to locate his friends.

Reardon is described as being between 25 and 30 years of age and about 5 feet 10 inches in height.

The only man of that name known in Duluth worked as a helper in the shops at Proctor. He left Duluth last August and has not been heard of since that time. It is believed that he is the man whose body is lying at Edwardsville, and the police are trying to locate some of his friends.

Setting of Cases.

Following is the setting of jury cases for trial in district court next week, Jan. 22: Nos. 32, 38, 40, 46, 50, 51, 52, 61 and 63.

Jan. 23: Nos. 69, 74, 75, 76.

Jan. 24: Nos. 73, 90 and 62.

Court cases called for tomorrow are: Nos. 11, 12, 14, 20 and 23.

A Jamaican Lady Speaks Highly of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mrs. Michael Hart, wife of the superintendent of cart service at Kingston, Jamaica, West Indies Islands, says that she has for some years used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, croup and whooping cough, and has found it very beneficial. She has implicit confidence in it and would not be without a bottle of it in her home. Sold by all leading druggists.

OFFICERS HAVE CHASE

William Madden Stole Overcoat From Dummy and Fled.

Was Brought to Bay Near the Point of Rocks.

Grabbing an overcoat from the dummy in front of the store at 604 West Superior street last evening, William Madden hit the trail for Superior, and wasn't losing any time loitering on the way, either.

The proprietor of the store saw the act, and he started in pursuit, calling on the police at the top of his voice. Along Superior street sped the chase, with the proprietor gaining ground on Madden, who was encumbered with the overcoat over his arm, but the proprietor hesitated about capturing the man, fearing he wouldn't know what to do with him when he got him.

Sergeant Fritz heard the sounds of the flight from afar and joined in the pursuit, making good time for a fur-coated guardian of the peace.

Then Officer O'Donnell got wise to the fact that things were stirring on the Bowery, and he took up the trail.

Woodsmen loitering along the street fell in behind, and the chase sped merrily on.

When William reached the point of rocks he was making poor headway through the heavy snow, and was breathing hard. The pursuers began closing in on him, and just opposite the lime kiln slip he came to bay with his back to the fence.

The proprietor lunged in and grabbed the coat. Officer O'Donnell came panting up and grabbed the prisoner and Sergeant Fritz puffed on the scene and took a hand in the proceedings.

William gave up the coat and surrendered to the strong arm of the law.

This morning when arraigned in the municipal court before Judge Cutting, he pleaded guilty to petty larceny. His record with the police is none too good, and the officers recommended the limit of the law, which the court handed out, giving him a sentence of $100 and costs with the alternative of spending ninety days in the county jail. William was financially embarrassed and took the alternative.

* * *

Edward O'Leary was arrested yesterday by Lieut. Schulte at the request of the St. Paul authorities. He is claimed to have been mixed up with a gang of sneak thieves in the Twin Cities who have been stealing grips from the depots and express companies.

A St. Paul officer will arrive in the city this afternoon and take him back to St. Paul to face his trial there.

WEST DULUTH

Tomorrow evening at the Merritt Memorial church, corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, the Canadian Jubilee Singers and Imperial orchestra will give an entertainment under the auspices of the church. The company is an unusually good one and has traveled extensively, giving the programs in various parts of the country and also in Europe. The following program will be rendered:

Opening chorus ....Company
"My Brethren, Don't Get Weary" ....Led by C. S. Gilpin
"Dip Me" .....Led by T. A. Robinson
Song and chorus, selected.....
"Got De Glory" (plantation)..... ....Led by S. R. Overstreet
Slide trombone solo, selected..... .....F. N. Warner
"I'm a Rolling"..... ....Led by T. A. Robinson
"Talk About Moses" (plantation melody)..... .....Company
"Zion's Children" (plantation melody)..... .....Company
Medley, introducing 14 different airs ....Company
Tenor solo, selected....T. A. Robinson
Orchestra selection. Imperial Orchestra
Male quartet, in selections.....
Messrs. Gilpin, Robinson, Warner and Overstreet.
Bass solo..... .....S. R. Overstreet
Orchestra selection. Imperial Orchestra
Soprano solo .....Marie Dorsa
Closing chorus .....Company

Loses Her Case.

Mrs. Carrie Cox of West Duluth, who sued the street railway company for $5,000 damages for injuries done her son, Russel, lost her case in district court yesterday, when Judge Cant directed a verdict for the company. The boy was injured last June at the corner of Central avenue and Ramsey street, being struck by a car and knocked senseless. It is claimed that his injuries are permanent. The plaintiff charged negligence on the part of the company's employes, but the defendant charged that the boy had not exercised a proper degree of care and was run down by the car while trying to get away from a man who was pursing him.

Grocery Firm Dissolves.

The firm of Johnson & Thorp, who have been in the grocery business in West Duluth for the last seven years, has given out the announcement of dissolution of partnership, from which Mr. Thorp is retiring on account of ill health, but will again take up some other form of business in the near future at the Head of the Lakes.

The new firm will be known as Johnson & Jermstad. Mr. Jermstad has resided here for fourteen years and has been the head sawyer of the various mills here.

Freimuth Opens Up.

A. Freimuth, who has for many years conducted a department store at 1929 West Superior street, has moved his goods in the Kreidler block. He has fitted up a very neat store and is carrying a full line of dry goods, notions and patterns. In the near future he will establish a men's furnishings department and will gradually increase his stock along all lines as the public demands.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have mutually dissolved partnership, said dissolution dating from Jan. 1st, 1906. Mr. J. J. Thorp, in retiring from the firm of Johnson & Thorp, transfers his interests to Mr. O. A. Jermstad. All liabilities of the firm of Johson & Thorp will be assumed by the new firm of Johnson & Jermstad and all accounts due said firm of Johnson & Thorp will be payable to the firm of Johnson & Jermstad.

J. O. JOHNSON,
JOHN J. THORP.

West Duluth, Minnn., Jan. 17th, 1906.

West Duluth Briefs.

Tonight a party of twenty couples will have a sleigh ride to New Duluth, after which they will go to Gilley's hall, where they will have supper and a dance.

Leonard McKenna, the young boy who fell on his desk at the Oneota school, last Friday, and was severely hurt, is improving.

Mrs. Arthur Bruley of Tenino, Wash., is visiting her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. B. Flack, 5717 Cody street.

J. D. Meldahl left today for an extended trip through North Dakota, Washington, Oregon and California. He will be gone about six weeks.

Mrs. John Ward of Manitoulin Island, Ont., is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Sang.

For sale, cheap, a well established cigar and confectionary business. Apply at 6209 Raleigh street, West Duluth.

This morning Arthur Tinderholm, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Tinderholm, of 313 North Fifty-second avenue west, died. Interment will be at Oneota cemetery.

A number of West Duluthians attended the funeral of the late Charles Gasper of Fond du Lac this afternoon.

Watch repairing. Hurst, 301 Central.

Richard Schell is very sick at his home with grip.

William Dewane, 5508 Grand avenue, left for Hibbing this morning on a business trip.

Tomorrow evening the Irving School Alumni association will give a sleigh ride to the home of Prof. S. A. Foster at Lakeside, where they will enjoy refreshments, after which a dance will follow. The committee in charge wishes all the members intending to go to leave their names at Spencer's or Nygren's, so that they will know how many sleighs to engage.

Michael Doyle, who has a contract with Whitney Bros., shipped to the lumber camps at Allen Junction a carload of horses for work there.

John Judge has purchased a half interest in the grocery business of J. Keon of Proctor. Mr. Judge has been for many years weighmaster at Proctor.

Gus La Chance of Proctor has sold a half interest in his meat business to H. J. Brock.

James Flannery of Fifty-seventh avenue west has returned from Hot Springs, Ark., where he has been several months for his health. He is entirely cured of rheumatism, from which he has been suffering and will resume his duties as foreman on the D. M. & N.

Adolph Anderson, who lost a leg in an accident on the D. M. & N. last summer, has opened a pool and billiard room in Proctor.

Miss Isable Ness of Fifty-seventh avenue and Highland is suffering with grip.

Mrs. J. P. Smith of 216 North Forty-sixth avenue left yesterday for St. Paul to visit relatives.

Lost—Brown water spaniel dog, 3½ months old. Return to Charles Petruschke, 5 No. Fifty-third avenue W.

NOT A "PATENT MEDICINE."

Scott's Emulsion is not a "patent medicine." It has no secret ingredients. Your doctor can, no doubt, tell you as much about it as we could. We have merely perfected the method of blending the Norwegian cod liver oil, hypophosphites of lime and soda and glycerine. As one grocer will blend coffee better than another so we have succeeded in making Scott's Emulsion a little better than any other cod liver oil preparation. There's no "patent" and the only secret is the secret of knowing how, with the perfected mechanical means at hand to do it. Get Scott's and you get the perfect emulsion. It's the greatest thing in the world for regaining strength and flesh lost through wasting.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

About Reform in Russia.

It would be impossible to over-estimate the difficulties that must attend any serious effort to reform the evils in the present social and political organization of Russsia. Even the sincere friends of reform share the above conviction. It is also impossible to estimate the amount of suffering caused by weak stomachs, disordered livers and kidneys and constipated bowels, but we do know that where Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been used the results have been phenomenal. In many cases a permanent cure was established even after other remedies had failed. It always cures sick headaches, billiousness, dizziness, backache, nausea, insomnia, costiveness, indigestion, dyspepsia, female fils, chills, colds, grippe or malarial fever. Try a bottle today, but be sure to see that our Private Stamp is over the neck. All druggists and dealers.

Governor Hanly of Indiana

First M. E. church tomorrow night.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Musical Instruction.

Lessons in every branch of musical learning and elocution. Inquire at the Bradbury School of Music, Fourth avenue west and First street.

INCREASES IN WAGES

Will be Demanded by Miners From Nearly All Districts.

Indiana Miners Demand Trial, the Same as Other Citizens.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—The United Mine Workers' conference got down to committee reports today and began the routine.

The resolution committee concurred in the spirit of a resolution declaring that shot firers be employed in all mines and be paid by the operators, but referred the resolution.

Indiana miners denouncing laws that Indiana took the center of the stage in a resolution from Indiana miners denouncing laws that in Indiana deprive labor of trial by jury, the same as other American citizens. The resolution was amended by making it a national instead of an Indiana state declaration. The resolution reads: We ask that all members of our organization in District 11 be given the rights of all citizens of the state of Indiana and of all American citizens in the protection of a trial by jury, as laws of our country have been abused by the judges. We therefore ask the seventeenth annual convention to take steps to do away with such laws."

When the scale committee with President Wellington O'Connor, the committee chairman presiding today, took up the resolutions submitted to it, it was found with hardly an exception they included demands for increases in wages. Most of the resolutions, which were presented by districts, sub-districts or locals favor demanding a 10 to 15 per cent increase, and the indications are that the demand will be placed at a figure between the two.

There is little doubt that the demands will also be for the operators to incorporate in the contract a clause prohibiting the employment of boys in and around the mines. The age limit, however, may be lowered from 16 to 14, as the propaganda which President Patrick Dolan of the Pittsburg district, launched in previous conventions that boys at 14 should be at work instead of loafing, has many supporters. The work of the scale committee is made more complicated than ever this year because of the expiration of practically all working contracts April 1.

As in the past, resolutions declaring for the run of mine basis in all states and for a fixed differential between pick and machine mining will demand the attention of the committee.

Governor Hanly of Indiana

First M. E. church tomorrow night.

DRY WOOD

For Sale at Murray & Jones' Yard, 41st Avenue West.

Red Cliff Lumber Co.

DORIC LODGE BANQUET.

Duluth Colored Masons Have Social Affair of Importance.

A banquet was given last evening by the members of Doric lodge of Colored Masons, at their hall, under direction of H. H. Stark and W. A. Porter, at which covers were laid for twenty-five. An elaborate collation was served, and the affair was a distinct success.

Toasts were responded to by A. L. McCoy, H. H. Stark, J. N. Richey, W. D. Austin, E. H. Williams and others. Music was furnished by Prof. Williams' orchestra. The affair is believed to mark an epoch in the career of Doric lodge, and will serve to infuse new life into the organization.

PLEADED GUILTY.

Chicago Chronicle: A young man was on trial in Independence, Kansas, for stealing watermelons. When the jury had retired the foreman asked all those who had never stolen melons to stand and be counted. Not a juror moved and a verdict of not guilty was returned.

USES FOR SCISSORS.

Tit-Bits: An old lady of his flock called upon Dr. Gill with a grievance. The doctor's neckbands were too long for her ideas of ministerial humility, and after a long harange on the sin of pride she intimated that she had brought a pair of scissors with her, and would be pleased if her dear pastor would permit her to cut them down to her notions of propriety.

The doctor not only listened patiently, but handed over the offending white bands to be operated upon. When she had cut them to her satisfaction and returned the bibs it was the doctor's turn.

"Now," said he, "you must do me a good turn also."

"Yes, that I will, doctor. What can it be?"

"Well, you have something about you which is a deal too long, and which causes me no end of trouble, and I should like to see it shorter."

"Indeed, dear sir, I will not hesitate. What is it? Here are the scissors; use them as you please."

"Come, then," said the sturdy divine; good sister, put out your tongue."

HIS LITTLE ERROR.

Boston Herald: The Rev. Mr. Damon of the Universalist church, Haverhill, was once visiting a jail to minister to the spiritual wants of the prisoners.

On entering the jail he met two men in the corridor who looked as if they might need a little good counsel. Mr. Damon was a prompt, outspoken man, and straightforward in his methods. He first addressed the older of the two men, asking: "How long have you been in here, my man?"

"Not long, only about a couple of hours," was the reply.

There was a brief pause, during which the clergyman looked him over a little curiously. Then, turning to the other he asked: "And how long have you been here, sir?"

"Same time he has," pointing to the other.

Another pause ensued, and another question was levelled at the older of the two:

"What are you in for?"

"Well, I come to fix the gas pipes," was the prompt answer; "have you any objections?"

A NEW EDITHA.

Story of How a Boy Advanced a Burglars Plans.

New York Sun: "Most o' these plays that've burglars and kids in 'em are all to the skin—screams, and nothing else," remarked Spike McGunn of Detroit, now retired, but of former renown as a class A hotel sneak.

"On the stage, y'ember, the sill-slider with the kit and the bull-eye glim always gets a catarrhy lump under the front collar button when the kid with the tallowy curls and the nightie nails him just as he's about to open the escriptoire where the stuff is.

"The kid squeaks something about mamma and then the nitro oiler backs away, clutches at his throat, gurgles something about 'Meh own little ones,' and flags the job. He winds up by sitting down on a Verney-Martin lounge and taking the flax-hemped squeaker in his lap, adjustin' the kid's nightie nice and pretty around the cute puggy legs so's the young 'un won't take cold from the stage draughts, and then he oozes a lot o' gasps about his own little ones, 'just like you,' says he, chucklin' the kid under the chin; and then and there the stage burglar makes up his mind to quit window pushin' and join the Epworth league.

"He sits there on the lounge with the kid till the kid's dad comes home in his split-tail coat, and then, when he finds out the lay, the dad slips the porch climber the big mit, stakes him to a couple o' thousand out of the roll in the escritoire and a little hot air about the higher and nobler life, and then the burglar, with a final crunch of the kid to his buzzom, slinks out, head down, on his way to the recruitin' office of the Salvation Army.

"Fine, fine! Only, bullets, and nix!

"I never seen it come off that way, pal, and I've had a lot o' doings with the squeakers. I never worked with a kit o' tools, at that, always sticking to the straight, soft-shoe stuff around the hotels, but I've snagged into the young 'uns that way more times than I've got fingers and toes, and I don't remember ever havin' missed connections with the swag or gettin' phlegmy under the neckband, with out-in-the-snow music on the E string, at such times.

"Last time I run into a kid on a job, in fact, the kid helped me to locate the loot. Mighty accommodatin' and good-natured little feller, that squeaker, and I always remember him kindly.

"Happened in Chicago, World's fair year there—'93—when I was making a sort o' farewell tour and cleanin' up before settling down.

"The hotel was the biggest one on State street, and you can dope out the name of it yourself. Stopped there myself that year—had a soot of three rooms, for the game was coming pretty soft. Used to play billiards after dinner with the detective of that hotel—the bull took it from me that I was a mining man from Honduras up to see the fair, and I was aces with him. Not that he cuts into the story, but I just mention it to sow how soft the rig-up was.

"I had a hundred chances for good pickin's around that hotel, but I was waiting for something big to drift along. I didn't want to give up my comfortable soot of rooms till I nailed a package worth while.

"When a couple come along from Colorado and took a five-room outside soot on the third floor, and I looked 'em over, I knew that I was pretty nigh through seein' the Chicago Fair. They were the ones.

"The couple from Colorado were newwads. He'd been a carpenter around Cripple Creek and Creede and them places. He'd got his pick in at the tight time, and had sold out his claims to a syndicate for fifteen or twenty millions.

"Then he'd turned around and married the neat looker of a daughter of his boardin' house landlady. That was the couple.

"He'd staked her to enough of the gleam rocks to fill a leghorn lid, brim and all, and she wore most of 'em at dinner in the public dining room every day—y' know these new-wads, and how the wimmen among them spraddle on the dog.

"Their squeaker was a cunnin' little pinkie-winkie of a boy, 'bout five or six years old, with the Fauntleroy hemp and a pair of indigo windows th' size of moss agates. They brought a lummox of a Swede nurse girl for the boy to play with them, and they blew their gilt like as if it was plaster of paris.

"It was after I noticed that she didn't tuck her Kimberleys away in the hotel safe after wearing them at dinner that I figured her junk to be as good as in my kick, and sent my main gear away from the hotel. After flashin' around at dinner and in the hotel parlors and reception rooms for a while, she'd go up to their soot of rooms with her man, and then, after a bit, they'd come down together and go out to the fair grounds to spend the evening.

"She'd have no sparks on when she went out. First evenin' I noticed this, I followed 'em out to the fair grounds and all over for three hours to see if the woman had the gig-lamps with her. I never had any bother findin' out if the wimmen had the goods on 'em in a chamois bag, for when they carry 'em under cover they're always feelin' of the bag and then glancing around to see if anybody's rubbering.

"I made dead sure that this one didn't pack her glitterers around with her, and, as she didn't leave the stuff in the hotel safe, why, there was nothing to it—she left it behind in their soot.

"When I'd got the lay charted this far I could see that it was going to be up to the Schandlhoffian nurse girl and the squeaker. I did the glide around the third floor halls—my own soot was on that floor, which made it handy—to watch the Swede's moves.

"I seen that she was gettin' right chummy with a lot o' other nurse girls around the hotel, and that she soon fell into the habit, when the couple went out o' evenings and she'd got the boy to sleep, of sneaking up to the top of the house, where a lot of the chambermaids had their quarters, and where a bunch of kid nurses stopping at the house also went, shaking their kid charges for hours at a stretch to chin among themselves and knock the people they were workin' for.

"Well, my busy night was Fourth o' July night. The Colorado couple skiddoed from the fair grounds in a carriage right after dinner. There was a big fireworks blowout at the grounds that night, and I knew that 'ud hold 'em good and plenty—I never seen a fireworks display come off on schedule time yet, and this one was due to start at 9 o'clock at night, anyhow.

"So that let the couple out of it. Feelin' that that Swede girl wasn't going to hang around takin' care of the kid on such a hooroo night as Fourth of July, I wa ched to see her move.

"She come out 'a the soot 'bout an hour after her people left, with her hat on, and sneaked down to the servants' entrance, where she was joined by a bunch of other nurse girls also doing the slink gag, and they all went down to the lake front, couple o' blocks away, to take a peek at a big fireworks oh-ah! that was comin' off there.

"Which I guess was bad, hey? That left it up to the squeaker, and me and the kids always did git along fine together.

"I stuffed a lot o' loose candy in my clothes in case the kid should wake up while I was huntings for his maw's bowlders, and then I strolled over ta the Colorado coupl'e soot and jes' trudged in—havin' the slim key all ready, for the Swede girl had locked the poor little tyke in when she went out, leaving him with out a chance in the world for his taw marble if ther'd ha' been a fire, and this on such a fire scary night as Fourth o' July, at that.

Things were laying aronud the rooms, fine, as I seen when I got a peek, but it didn't take me long to see that the shiny junk was all under cover. The kid was sound asleep in the bedroom next to the couple's dressing room. There wa'n't any light in the bedroom, but the electric lights in the dressing room were a-goin'.

"I doped it that the gig lamps were in cases in the dresser drawers, and, before starting to jimmy 'em open, I went over to close the door leading into the bedroom, so's not to wake the young 'un. But I tripped on a rug and came near going down with the stumble, and when I got to the bedroom door there was the kid sitting up in his little bunk, lookin' me over out o' his blue lamps, but none scared looking, at that.

"Wa'n't nothing about me to be scared of, for that matter, for I had a white flannel suit on, and looked 'nough like Willie-off-the-Yacht to be him. I stood in the doorway and grinned at the kid, and he grinned back.

"'Why, hello, there Tinkum,' said I to the shaver, walking over to his bunk, 'where's mamma and papa and nursie? All gone out?' and I gave him the da-da handshake and got by with it fully; I could see that he was goin' to like me right from the jump.

"He squeaked that his mamma and papa had gone to the fi'works, and he didn't know where nursie was—she'd been there when he went to sleep, he said.

"'You goin' to stay with me?' he asked me.

"'Yep,' says I, 'for a little while. I'm the Fourth o' July Santa Claus, y' know—and here's some candy,' and he took the candy all hasty enough.

"'But I never heard o' no Fourth o' July Santa Claus,' says he, looking me over wonderingly. 'I thought he on'y came a-Crismuss. And you don't wear white whiskers, do you? Why? Is it too warm?'

"'Pals? Why, bo, we were thicker 'n thieves ever was two minutes after I got acquainted with that kid.

"I was sittin' alongside his little bunk, resting my left hand on the coverlet, when he noticed the big three-stoner that I was wearin' on my third finger. He picked up the finger and looked at the ring like a young 'un will at any old shiny thing.

"'Di'monds, ain't they?' he asked me. 'My mamma's got di'monds—lots of 'em.'

"'That so?' says I. 'Well, she ain't got any as big as these, has she?'

"'Oh, lots bigger!' he came back quick. 'Hull lots bigger.'

"'Bet they ain't bigger,' says I, just to work him up on that. 'Ain't no bigger di'monds made 'n these o' mine. Leastways, I never seen any bigger, and I ought to know, seein' as I'm Fourth o' July Santa Claus.'

"'But mamma's earrin's is bigger,' he struck, sayin' it in a nice, respectful way, though, for he was a fine little feller, he sure was.

"'Yc' can't prove it,' says I, shakin' my head stubbornly. 'I'd have t' see 'em 'fore I'd believe they was bigger 'n mine.'

"'Well, sir, that nice little squeaker jumped out o' bed in his little nightie, and ran into the dressingroom of his father and mother next to the bedroom, and over to the bird's-eye maple dresser, and started to tug at the top drawer, which was locked. He looked disappointed over the drawer being locked.

"'They're in there,' says he, 'an' th' old drawer's locked and mamma has got the key. But if it wasn't locked I could show you—some of 'em's heaps bigger'n yours.'

"'Bet you can't open the drawer, and I can,' says I to the kid.

"'How you goin' to?' says he. 'It's tight,' and he tugged at it again.

"'Oh, I can open any drawer,' says I, 'and I don't need no key, either. What's the use o' being Fourth o' July Santy if I'd have t' have keys t' open drawers, and windows, and doors, and things? Bet you I can open it all right. Just you run back to bed for half a minute, closing the door after you, and then you count 60, not too fast, and I bet when you've counted 60 I'll have that drawer opened.'

"He clapped his hands over the fun o' this—and, bo, I'm tellin' you right, I felt a heap like clappin' my own hands. Then he raced in his cunnin' little draggin' nightie into the bedroom, and shut the door, and began to count aloud, and I stuck the jimmy into the drawer slit at the lock, and bore down a little, and had 'er wide open, and no sign of a break in the wood, efore he'd counted 40.

"'Come back, Tinkum—she's open!' I called to him, and then he burst into the room, clapping his hands, and when he saw the drawer open that way he was tickled almost to death, so he was, the nice little feller, and asked me how I done it, and to show him, and all that.

"'Are these the bigger di'monds?' I asked him, picking out one of the black leather cases lying on top—there were slews of the cases in sight.

"I snapped the case open and there shined a necklace, resting on the black velvet, big and fine enough t' belong t' one o' these East Injun nabobs.

"'B'jink, Tinkum, they are bigger 'n mine, ain't they?' says I to the kid, and he looked at the stones in the necklace, and then at the rocks in my three-stoner, and laughed real gay, the fine little feller did, and says he:

"'Didn't I tell you!' and then he danced around, happy over having won out on his point, so to speak.

"'Now,' says I to him then, 'if you go back to bed and lay perfectly quiet, 'thout saying a word for fifteen minutes, I'll go down to my cave—I live in a cave, y' know—and git a lot o' Roman candles and skyrockets and fizzy-wizzles and green fire snakes and things, and then I'll come back here and we'll shoot 'em off out o' the windows. How's that? Guess that won't be fine or nothin', hey?'

"Well, he was the tickledest tyke you ever seen at that, and I picked him up and carried him to bed, and then pulled the bedroom door to, telling him that if he even moved while I was gone to my cave under the lake I'd know it and not come back—and there I was alone with the swag.

"Yanked the stuff out of the cases and stuffed it into the kicks loose so's not to get bulged out, and four minutes after I'd closed the bedroom door on the young 'un I was changing my clothes and taking a last look around my own soot before getting into a cabic car and hiking for an out-train. An hour and a half later I was forty miles from Chicago on a limited and streakin' along easy enough.

"D'ye know, a Fourth o' July never comes snoopin' along that I don't think o' that nice little towy-headed feller a'waitin' there for his Roman candles and green fire snakes and things, and whenever I think o' him I'm a-wishin' that he's making out all right and enjoyin' life, I sure am. He was good t' me, right enough, considerin' as how I got 'bout thirty thousand for his maw's junk, a couple of months later, in Brussels, where we used to cross over to coak the big stuff.

"Which was only one time that I got along fine with a squeaker. I never got gulpy over it when they sprung the mamma gag on me, and I never hung around with 'em and waited for their great, big papa to come home and recommend me to join the Y. M. C. A., either.

"And that's why you can take it from me that these stage burglars and kids is all to the skim and sure-enough screams, lookin' at 'em from any angle."

JUG BRIGADES.

The advance guard of the Eastern Shore and Southern Maryland Jug Bridages came to the city in solid columns yesterday and today, says the Baltimore Herald. Though jugs and demijohns of all kinds and descriptions were conspicuous among the heavy Christmas freights piled on the Light street steamer piers this morning the rush, according to a steamboat official, is not expected until tomorrow and Friday.

From then until Saturday night jugs old and new, big and little, but all filled to overflowing with the Christmas "Oh be joyful," will go by the hundreds to the Shore an dto the inaccessible counties of Southern Maryland.

Two stermers of one route have carried more than 300 packages of whisky to one of the Eastern Shore local option districts in a single day to say nothing of scores of packages carried by individuals. An official of one of the big down the bay lines said today that the jug traffic by the steamers of that particular route is limited to the barrel and large packages trade, making jugs and demijohns unnecessary.

Many of the men passengers arriving by bay steamers today brought their jugs or demijohns along, forming a unique procession as they filed up Light street to have the receptacles filled.

A LINCOLN STORY.

As a man of all work Lincoln did not prove altogether satisfactory to his employers, says the Century. He was too fond of mounting stumps in the field and practising polemics on the other farm hands, and there was something uncomfortable about a ploughman who read as he followed the team, no matter how straight his furrows ran. Such practices were irritating, if not presumptuous, and there is a well-known story about a farmer who found the hired man lying in a field beside the road, dressed in his not too immaculate farm clothes, with a book instead of a pitchfork in his hand.

"What are you reading?" inquired the old gentleman.

"I'm not reading; I'm studying," answered Lincoln, his wonderful eyes still on the pages of his book.

"Studying what?"

"Law, sir."

The old man stared at the speaker for a moment in utter amazement.

"Great—God—Almighty!" he muttered, as he passed on shaking his head.

A Card.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, William A. Abbett.

The members of the MISSIONARY SOCIETIES will find the two Books of Study for 1906, "CHRISTUS, LIBERATOR" and "INDIANS AND SPANISH NEIGHBORS," in cloth 50c, in paper 35c, at

ALBERTSON'S BOOK STORE

DON'T MISS THE

KROJANKER BANKRUPT SALE

of fine furs, fur coats, fur-lined coats, men's fur gloves and caps, cloth coats, dresses, suits, skirts, waists, silk and cotton underskirts, muslin and flannel underwear, fine millinery and millinery trimmings. We call special attention to the wonderful bargains offered in

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and in an exceptionally fine line of ladies' vests and sweaters, which will be closed out regardless of cost. Don't miss this opportunity—the greatest ever presented in Duluth.

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A Large Force of Salespeople Assures Good Service to All.

It will pay to buy your needs for the year during this sale.

PRODUCT OF FEW YEARS

Is the Great Transportation System of the World.

Development of Carrying Facilities on Land and Sea.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—"The Transportation Routes and Systems of the World" is the title of a monograph just issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics. It includes, in addition to statistical statements showing the development of transportation facilities on land and sea, a map by which is presented a bird's-eye view of the world's principal railway and steamship routes and the auxiliary relationship which one bears to the other.

Many maps showing vessel routes on the ocean have been published, also many maps showing the railways of the principal countries; but few if any attempts have been made to show even in outline in a single map the great transportation routes and systems of the entire world. The map, in conjunction with its accompanying tables, presents in outline a combination of the information regarding land and water routes usually found only in separate form in other publications. It does not enter upon any elaborate discussion of transportation routes, methods, or systems, but simply outlines in condensed form a few of the great highways of commerce by land and sea in combination. This seems especially appropriate at this time when the land and water transportation systems of the world are offering facilities by which the producer or merchant in the interior of one continent may ship his merchandise from his own door to that of the consignee in the far interior of another continent upon a through bill of lading, and therefore with a knowledge of the cost of transportation from his own establishment to that of the consignee and an assurance that the through freights shipped in this manner will pass promptly from the land vehicle to that of the ocean, and again from that of the ocean to that of the land.

The development of the systems of transportation which now place the producer in the interior of one continent in direct communication with the consumer in the interior of another continent is a product of a comparatively few years. Within the lifetime of men and women now living the world had not a single mile of railway, or a single steamship crossing the ocean. Today the world has on land 550,000 miles of railway, and on the ocean 6 million net tons of sail-carrying power and eighteen million net tons of steam-carrying power. At the beginning of the last century the sail-carrying power aggregated four million tons; steam-carrying power on the ocean did not exist, nor did railways on land exist. By the middle of the century sail-carrying power on the ocean was more than eleven million tons, the steam-carrying power on the ocean was less than one million tons, and the railways on land were but 24,000 miles. By 1850 sail power on the ocean had reached fourteen and half million tons, steam power about six million tons, and railways on land 225,000 miles. From that time forward steam power on the ocean so rapidly took the place of the sail that in 1905 sailing vessels on the ocean aggregated but six million tons carrying power, while steam vessels had an aggregate tonnage of eighteen and half tons and railways an aggregate of 550,000 miles in length, of which 217,000 miles, or two-fifths of the total, are in the United States.

The development of railways has been up to the present time, chiefly centered in the temperate zone, particularly Europe, and the United States, Mexico, and Canada in America, though Japan in the Orient and India in the Tropics are now fairly well supplied with facilities for land transportation. The great trans-Siberian railway is the sole transcontinental line between Europe and the Far East, while Australia's railways are confined chiefly to a line skirting the southern and eastern coasts and a half dozen short lines tapping the interior. In Africa the British colonies at the south are fairly well equipped with railways, while the proposed Cape of Cairo transcontinental line is making substantial progress from Cairo, its terminus at the north, and Cape Town, its southern terminus, considerably more than one-half of the road being now completed and in operation. South America is still without any great railway system, her facilities being confined chiefly to eastern Brazil, northern Argentina, Chile, Paraguay, and Uruguay.

The United States leads the world both in the present mileage and the recent growth of its railways. Of the total railway mileage of the world, aggregating 534,000 miles for 1904, 211,074 miles were in the United States, 35,323 miles in European Russia, 32,967 miles in Germany, 28,102 miles in France, 26,950 miles in India, 24,120 miles in Austria-Hungary, 22,634 miles in the United Kingdom, 19,611 miles in Canada, 15,560 miles in Africa, 14,113 miles in Australia, 11,599 miles in Argentina, 10,356 miles in Mexico, 9,961 miles in Italy, 9,268 miles in Brazil, 7,697 miles in Sweden, 7,322 miles in Siberia, Manchuria, and other Asiatic possessions of Russia, 4,495 miles in Japan and 1,176 miles in China. It was not until 1835 that the number of railways in operation in the United States first reached as much as 1,000 miles, being in that year 1,098 miles; by 1850 the total had grown to 9,021 miles; by 1860 to 30,626 miles; in 1865, 35,085 miles. In the decade from 1865 to 1875 the mileage more than doubled, the total for the last year named being 74,096; the total for 1885 was 128,320 miles, that for 1895 181,-115 miles, for 1900 194,262 miles, and for 1905 217,928 miles, their aggregate cost being estimated by Poore's Manual for 1904 at the enormous sum of 11,666,000,-000, out of an aggregate cost of $37,-000,000,000 for the entire world.

The total net tonnage of the steam and sailing vessels of the world, including only vessels of over 100 tons each, is stated by Lloyd's Register at about 6,000,000 tons of sail and 18,500,000 tons of steam. Of this total of 24,500,000 tons, 11,000,000 tons, or nearly one-half, is credited to the United Kingdom and her colonies, 3,250,000 to the United States, 1,333,000 to Norway, 1,200,000 to France, and about 500,000 tons each to Russia, Sweden, Spain, Japan and the Netherlands, in the order named.

In sharp contrast with the rapid growth achieved by American railways is the slow development of the merchant marine of the United States. The tonnage of vessels engaged in the foreign trade of the United States was, in 1855, 2,348,358 tons; in 1875, 1,515,-598 tons; in 1895, 822,347 tons; and in 1905, 943,750 tons. The tonnage of vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States was 2,543,255 tons in 1855, 3,219,698 tons in 1875, 3,728,714 tons in 1895 and 5,411,688 tons in 1905; while the tonnage of the merchant marine of the United States, including all vessels whether engaged in the foreign trade, the coastwise trade, or the whale, cod and mackerel fisheries, has only grown from 5,212,001 tons in 1855 to 6,456,543 tons in 1905.

Freight rates are shown to have decreased both on land and sea. The average rate per bushel of wheat from Chicago to New York has decreased as follows: By lake and canal, from 26.6 cents in 1865 to 4.7 cents in 1905; by lake and rail, from 29 cents in 1868, the earliest available date, to 5 cents in 1905; by railway only, from 46 cents in 1866 to 11 cents in 1905. For the same commodity the rate between New York and Liverpool, while subject to wide fluctuations, has shown a general decline especially in more recent years. In 1873 the rate per bushel of wheat from New York to Liverpool was 10 9-16 cents; in 1875, 8 7-16 cents; in 1885, 3 3-16 cents; in 1895, 2 9-16 cents; and in 1905, 1 1-8 cents.

During the latest year for which statistics are available, the railways of the United States carried 719,954,951 passengers and transported 1,300,000,000 tons of freight, against 351,427,888 passengers carried and 437,000,000 tons of freight transported in 1885.

The close connection between adequate transportation facilities and commerce is illustrated by the fact that in 1800, when there were no railroads or steamships and but 4,000,000 tons of sail carrying power on sea, the world's commerce was but $1,500,000,000, while at the present time, aided by nearly 550,000 mile sof railway and the ocean steam and sail tonnnage above described, its international commerce approximates $22,500,000,000. Thus, under the newly created transportation systems of the last century, which have developed the interior of continents and made merchantable many commodities which formerly would not bear the cost of transportation, the international commerce of the world is today about fifteen as much as at the beginning of last century, while the world's population is but two and one-half times as much as at that time, the commerce of the world's population, as a whole, having thus grown from less than $2.50 per capita in 1800 to nearly $14 per capita at the present time.

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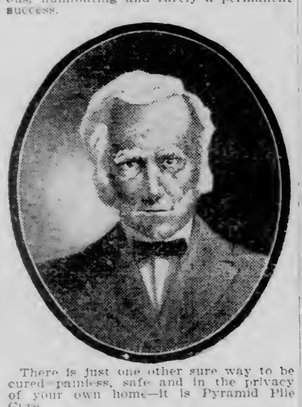
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PARASITES IMPORTED TO KILL PURPLE SCALE.

San Francisco, Jan. 18.—Some months ago a parasite, which kills the purple scale, a deadly foe of orange trees in Southern California, was found in China. Many of its eggs were sent to this city by an agent of the state horticultural department of California, but unfortunately the eggs did not hatch. This failure suggested an attempt to bring the parasites here alive and in shape to do business, so a number of orange trees were shipped to China from this state, and upon their arrival there they were transported several hundred miles into the interior, to the province that is the home of the enemy of the purple scale. There the parasite made its home in the imported trees, which were then taken back to the sea coast, and after a time were placed on a steamer for San Francisco. They reached here on the last steamer in good condition, after their long journey by sea and land, and are now being watched with constant care. If the parasites on them live and thrive, the problem of relief for the Southern California orange groves has been solved. If not, a second shipment of trees to China will be made.

SEVEN ARE CREMATED

Shocking Tragedy in the Town of Pembroke, N. H.

Man Kills and Burns Family, Then Shoots Himself.

Pembroke, N. H., Jan. 18.—The authorities of Merrimack county and of the town of Pembroke today resumed the investigation of the tragedy in which seven persons were victims and an eighth took his own life yesterday. After daylight many of the townspeople visited the ruins of the farm house at North Pembroke, which for three years had been occupied by Charles F. Ayer, his immediate family and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Isaac Lakeman. Following the murder of Mrs. Lakeman, Mrs. Ayer and the five children of the latter, the farm buildings were burned and the bodies incinerated. Before the fire was discovered by the neighbors Ayer left home for the residence of his sister, Mrs. George Bailey, in the town of Chichester, six miles distant where he shot himself after being informed of the destruction of the property. Ayer died last night without making a statement which would assist the authorities to ascertain the exact manner in which his seven relatives met their deaths.

Ayer acted in a strange manner after his arrival at the Bailey home and the county officials conclude i early in the evening, after a hasty investigation, that he had murdered all seven members of his family as they lay in their beds late Tuesday night or early yesterday morning.

The ruins had cooled during the night and a careful search was instituted for the remains of five of the victims. Two charred trunks, one of which is supposed to be that of Mrs. Lakeman and the other that of a child, were found in the debris.

The authorities believe that Ayer used an axe or some other noiseless weapon as they have learned that the neighbors heard no pistol shots or disturbance of any kind from the Ayer home previous to the fire. They do not expect the details of the actual committal of the crime will ever become known. In his investigation of Ayer's movements yesterday, County Solicitor Clifford learned that Ayer had visited Chichester where he sold his team and presumably purchased the revolver with which he ended his life. He made his appearance at the home of his sister, Mrs. Bailey, about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. An hour later his neighbor, William H. Fowler, arrived and told Ayer of the burning of his home.

Without a word in reply, Ayer drew the revolver from his pocket and shot himself in the head. He never regained consciousness and died at 9:30 o'clock in the evening. Further investigations disclosed the fact that for three months Ayer had been brooding over fancied financial wrongs in connection with the settlement of the estate of his wife's father, Isaac Lakeman, who died three years ago. The widow was named as executrix. No final settlement of the estate has been made, however. In November last Mrs. Lakeman put up the farm at auction and it was bought by one of her sons, Fayette Lakeman. He made an arrangement for Ayer and his wife to remain on the place, having their rent free in return for boarding Mrs. Lakeman, paying the taxes and making repairs. Ayer insisted, however, that his wife should receive the share of the purchase money that would be hers as an heir before she signed the deeds to the place. To this her brothers refused to consent. Ayer was angry, but his wife finally signed the deeds. The failure to obtain this ready money to meet his very pressing financial needs is believed to have unbalanced Ayer mentally.

The search of the ruins resulted in the finding of all five of the remaining bodies during the forenoon. All were burned horribly and it was practically impossible to tell one from another save that a difference in size indicated that of the mother.

Pembroke, N. H., Jan. 18.—Seven persons, all members of the family of Charles M. Ayers, are supposed to have perished in a fire which destroyed Ayers' farm house, near here, yesterday. The bodies of a child and of Ayers' mother-in-law have been found in the ruins. Mrs. Ayers and four children are missing, and it is feared they are victims of the fire.

Late yesterday Ayers was found in a dying condition on the north ford turnpike, in the town of Chichester. There was a bullet wound in the head, apparently self-inflicted.

The county solicitor of Merrimack county said later that there is little doubt that the seven persons had been murdered and the farm house set on fire.

The theory of the county authorities is that Ayer was the murderer, but up to a late hour they had been unable to find any evidence to indicate the methods employed to wipe out the family. Whether the victims were shot or killed, or by other means, cannot be told at present.

The victims of the tragedy were:

CHARLES F. AYER, aged 43, killed himself by shooting.

MRS. ADDIE AYER, his wife.

MRS. ISAAC LAKEMAN, Ayer's mother-in-law.

FLOSSIE AYER, aged 12.

ALFRED AYER, aged 10.

BERNICE AYER, aged 6.

ANDREW AYER, aged 4, and a girl baby, all children of the Ayers.

The fire occurred about 9 o'clock in the morning, and Ayer drove up to the home of his sister, Mrs. George Bailey, in the town of Chichester, about six miles from his home, just after 10 o'clock. He remained at Mrs. Bailey's place during the afternoon, and when informed that his buildings had been burned, manifested some agitation. A moment later he drew a revolver, and pointing at his right temple, fired, and fell unconscious. He died last night.

We Buy Logs

The Red Cliff Lumber Co. will pay the highest cash price for white pine, Norway, spruce and tamarack logs, delivered on railroad. Red Cliff Lumber Co., Duluth, Minn.

WILL BE MARKED IMPROVEMENT

Extensions to County Offices Are Nearly Completed.

The new vault room which has been added to the register of deeds office on the north side of the courthouse building is almost completed and will be ready for use by next week. The added space will greatly facilitate the handling and safe keeping of the records and will be greatly appreciated by the register, and the public that has to do business there.

The extensions to the offices of the auditor and the treasurer are fast nearing completion. The walls have been cut out between the old office rooms and the additional rooms and the plastering was finished yesterday in that to be occupied by the auditor. The additional space of the new room together with that gained by cutting away the partitions give the auditor's force large and well lighted quarters which will serve the purpose until the new building is erected.

In the treasurer's office the lathing of the additional room was completed last evening and the plastering was started today.

During the improvement work the clerical forces in both the auditor's and treasurer's offices have been scattered all over the courthouse, anywhere they could find deck room to attend to their business, and some confusion has necessarily resulted. The telephones have been working a portion of the time and many persons who were anxious to talk with the auditor's office have been impatiently wondering what was the matter. By the last of this week or the first of next it is expected that the contractor will have completed the work, the desks will be arranged and the affairs of the two offices will again resume the even tenor of their way.

It has been facetiously remarked, since the building of the extensions to the courthouse, that the county board order guide posts set up to mark the way to the rear entrance to the courthouse.

EX-CONVICT DEMANDS WORK.

Iowa Murderer Released From Prison, Arrested at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 18.—D. S. Clayman, an ex-convict, was arrested at the door of the senate chamber of the Iowa legislature, charged with threatening the lives of Representatives H. E. Teachout and Senator C. C. Dowell because the latter failed to get him a job at the present session.

Clayton was sent to the penitentiary from Adair county for wife-murder twelve years ago. He served out his time and then came to Des Moines, soliciting work because, as he said, he had served the state for twelve years.

He threatened to blow up the statehouse when arrested. It is believed he is insane.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Our Annual Clearance of Dress Goods Remnants, Tomorrow, Friday, Only.

Accumulations of hundreds of pieces of fresh, desirable goods in staple or fancy patterns, from one-half to eight yards, to be closed out regardless of cost or profit. It is an annual event which is eagerly awaited for by every Duluth woman, as it affords exceptionally saving opportunities which under any other circumstances would be positively unobtainable.

Friday Only. **FOUR BIG LOTS** Commencing 8:30 a. m.

Lot No. 1—

25c per yd.

Consisting of Skirtings, Waistings, Bradley Mixtures, Jamestown Mohair, Nuns' Veiling and plain or fancy weaves; values up to $1.00 per yard.

Lot. No. 2—

50c per yd.

This assortment consists of Waistings, fancy Plaids, Panamas, Serges and a number of staple weaves—formerly sold up to $1.50 per yard.

Lot No. 3—

75c per yd.

Attractive values in fine Henriettas, fancy Mohairs, French Serges, Imported Waistings, Melrose, Mannish Suitings and Imported Fancies; qualities formerly sold up to $2.00 per yard.

Lot No. 4—

$1 per yd.

This lot embraces some of the highest grade goods we carry, including Voile, Broadcloth, Venetian, Cheviot, Eoliene, Mohair Tweed, plain or fancy weaves; formerly sold as high as $3.50 per yard.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTION.

METROPOLITAN — Yankee Doodle Girls.

COMING ATTRACTION.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "The Sho Gun."

"THE SHO GUN."

An original production will be that of "The Sho Gun" at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon. It is presented by Henry W. Savage, which is about all that need be said in assurance of its excellence. The company is first class. The personnel of it is: John E. Henshaw, Agnes Cain Brown, William C. Weedon, May Ten Breck, T. C. Leary, Genevive Day, E. P. Parsons, Isabelle D'Armond, Ditman H. Poppin, Lawrence Coever and others. The chorus is one marked because of the beauty of the women who compose it, for the value of the true voices and an understanding of their calling.

LADIES' NIGHT.

The attendance at the ladies' matinee at the Metropolitan this afternoon was very pleasing to the management, being much larger than at any performance for ladies which has been given at the theater yet. The ladies will be welcomed at the "Met" this evening, too, and all who attend will be presented with handsome souvenirs. The Yankee Doodle Girls have a good, clean, clever show.

LANGUAGES IN RUSSIA.

There are towns in Russia where language is diverse—Revel on the Baltic, for example, one of the earliest of the mutineering centers during the present uprising. A writer in the London Chronicle says he has walked along the cab rank in the square of the little town and found droshky drivers who spoke as their native tongues Russian, Finnish, German, Swedish, Lithuanian and Yiddish. And there were but ten droshkies on the stand.

SLUGGISH DEPRESSION

Proper Food Removes It.

"Before using Postum Food Coffee my wife and I were prejudiced against it," writes an Iowa man, "but now we would not be induced to give it up.

"My wife was suffering from various nervous ailments and was especially afflicted with black spots before the eyes, with an accompanying feeling of faintness. These spells grew in frequency and at last we came to suspect that possibly coffee was the cause of them.

"We therefore determined to give up the old coffee and use Postum for awhile, to see if it would help her. The result was more than satisfactory. In a very short time, only long enough to get the coffee poison out of her system, and give the Postum a chance to build up her strength, she began and continued to improve rapidly. Several weeks have elapsed since she has had an attack of blind spells or faintness, and her other nervous troubles have disappeared.

"I have been greatly troubled from a sluggish feeling of depression that made me very miserable, and when I saw how Postum had helped the wife, I determined to see what it would do for me. So I quit the old kind of coffee and began the use of Postum, and from that day to this have been entirely free from the old depression, sluggishness and despondency.

"Our little 8-year-old daughter had grown quite cross and peevish, and we put her, also, on the Postum diet. It has made such a change in her that the teacher of the school which she attends remarked upon it without knowing the cause till we told her.

"We have all been made brighter and stronger, mentally and physically, and life seems actually more worth living, since we quit coffee and began to drink Postum Food Coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

RESTOCKING OF GAME COVERS

Is Urged in Report From the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The thorough restocking of game covers is urged in a report issued by the department of agriculture in a report on "Game Conditions in January."

"Now that the hunting season is practically over," the report says, "the biological survey suggests that efforts be directed toward insuring more effective protection of game and an adequate supply for the future. Owing to the nonmigratory character of quail and the consequent depletion of various localities where hunting has been excessive or the birds have been killed off by the severity of the past two winters, restocking is frequently necessary but the demand for live birds for this purpose far exceeds the available supply. The difficulty is augmented by the fact that Southern birds are scarcely hardy enough to stand Northern winters and hence it is difficult for Northern states to secure birds suited to the climate. The game commissioners of some states, particularly Massachusetts and New Jersey, for several years past have endeavored to obtain a supply of quail but have been only partially successful.

"Perceiving that absence of food and shelter is the principal cause of mortality, state officials, game associations, and many private individuals have united in attempting to make good these deficiencies. Grain and other food have been distributed freely and systematically after heavy snow falls, when the usual food is covered, and suitable shelter has been provided. Much activity prevailed last year in Illinois, Indiana, Massachusetts, Maryland, New Jersey, North Carolina and West Virginia. Such measures are needed to preserve the quail from possible ultimate extinction; for with a growing army of sportsmen hunting them annually, an army that now numbers hundreds of thousands in this country—their ranks are each fall reduced so far below the normal that, if the succeeding winter happens to be severe, extermination of many colonies is almost sure to follow. Such a result is deplorable, not only from the standpoint of the sportsman, but, owing to the great value of the quail to agricultural interests as a destroyer of insects and the seeds of weeds, from that of the farmer as well."

ELKS ACT AS HOSTS.

Duluth Lodge Entertains the Visiting Curlers at Lodge Rooms.

Duluth lodge, No. 33, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks entertained the visiting curlers at a smoker and social in the lodge room on Superior street last evening. The room exuded a genial warmth that everyone present found very pleasant indeed.

After the cigars had been lighted and were burning nicely, a program of musical and vaudeville numbers were given by local talent and by performers from the Metropolitan and Bijou theaters, some of whom are members of the order. Most of the performers were members of the "The Yankee Doodle Girls" company.

Refreshments were served at the proper time during the evening, and when the assemblage broke up at a late hour, everyone went home feeling that they had a good time.

WOMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Mrs. Tibesar of St. Cloud Overcome by Coal Gas.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 18.—Mrs. T. H. Tibesar of this city had a narrow escape from asphyxiation by coal gas. Her husband is away from home a great deal and Mrs. Tibesar was in the house alone. At an early hour in the morning she awoke, and, feeling ill, started to open a window. She fainted away before she could reach it and believes she must have lain unconscious for some hours.

Finally she revived and managed to drag herself to the window, but had not sufficient strength to open it. Realizing that she was about to swoon again, she managed to feebly tap on the window which faced on a street. Herman J. Beidler happened to be passing, and was attracted by the noise. He peered into the window and saw the woman lying unconscious on the floor.

Arousing a neighbor, together they broke into the house and carried Mrs. Tibesar to the neighbor's house. Here, under medical attendance, she revived.

SIX JEWS EXECUTED.

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Jan. 18.—Six Jews, members of the local anarchists committee, who were tried by courtmartial and condemned to death, were executed today in the court yard of the Warsaw citadel. They were arrested a fortnight ago, charged with engaging in the revolutionary propaganda, manufacturing bombs and extorting money.



Latest Photo of FRANCES MARIE KNOWLTON, Age Four Years, 980 Garfield Boulevard, Chicago.

Danderine

Grew This Hair

AND WE CAN

PROVE IT.

Little Frances Marie Knowlton is the daughter of Dr. E. W. Knowlton, the discoverer of this great hair-growing remedy, and her beautiful hair was grown wholly by the use of this great tonic.

This little girl had no more hair than the average child before using Danderine, while now she has the longest and most beautiful head of golden hair ever possessed by a child of her age in the world.

Danderine makes the scalp healthy and fertile and keeps it so. It is the greatest scalp fertilizer and therefore the greatest hair-producing remedy ever discovered. It is a natural food and a wholesome medicine for both the hair and scalp. Even a 25c. bottle of it will put more genuine life in your hair than a gallon of any other hair tonic ever made.

NOW at all druggists, in three sizes, **25** cents, **50** cents and **$1.00** per bottle.

FREE. To show how quickly **Danderine** acts, we will send a large sample free by return mail to any one who sends this advertisement to the **Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago,** with name and address and 10 cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

THOUSANDS HAVE KIDNEY TROUBLE AND DON'T KNOW IT



To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, will do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, therefore, when through neglect or other causes, kidney trouble is permitted to continue, fatal results are sure to follow.

Your other organs may need attention—but your kidneys most, because they do most and need attention first.

If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root the great kidney and bladder remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. Swamp-Root will set your whole system right, and the best proof of this is a trial.

53 Cottage St., Melrose, Mass.

Dear Sir:

"Ever since I was in the Army, I had more or less kidney trouble, and within the past year it became so severe and complicated that I suffered everything and was much alarmed—my strength and power was fast leaving me. I saw an advertisement of Swamp-Root and wrote asking for advice. I began the use of the medicine and noted a decided improvement after taking Swamp-Root only a short time.

I continued its use and am thankful to say that I am entirely cured and strong. In order to be very sure about this, I had a doctor examine some of my water today and he pronounced it all right and in splendid condition.

I know that your Swamp-Root is purely vegetable and does not contain any harmful drugs. Thanking you for my complete recovery and recommending Swamp-Root to all sufferers I am,"

Very truly yours,
I. C. RICHARDSON.

Swamp-Root is not recommended for everything, but it promptly cures kidney, liver and bladder troubles, the symptoms of which are—obliged to pass your water frequently night and day, smarting or irritation in passing, brickdust or sediment in the urine, headache, backache, lame back, dizziness, poor digestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, heart disturbance due to bad kidney trouble, skin eruptions from bad blood, neuralgia, rheumatism, diabetes, bloating, irritability, wornout feeling, lack of ambition, loss of flesh, sallow complexion, or Bright's disease.

If your water, when allowed to remain undisturbed in a glass or bottle for twenty-four hours, forms a sediment or settling or has a cloudy appearance, it is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at drug stores the world over in bottles of two sizes and two prices—fifty cents and one dollar. Remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—In order to prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root are so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

DRAWS LARGE AUDIENCE.

Revival Service Attracts Many in Spite of Storm.

Notwithstanding the snow storm a good sized audience was at the First M. E. church last evening. The meeting was one of great interest. There were many seekers at the altar and a deep religious spirit was manifest. Probably never since the new church was built has there been held so remarkable a meeting without excitement, and in a quiet way, men, women and children came to the altar and several conversions are reported to have occurred. Dr. Rice preached from the double text, Rev. iii, 20: "Behold, I Stand at the Door and Knock," and Matt. xxv, xi: "Lord, Lord, Open to Us." and spoke in part as follows:

"Behold, I stand at the door and knock,' and 'Lord, Lord, open unto me.' There are two most serious facts to look at. One is the assurance of a God and Savior who has come as far as He can to save a lost soul. The other is the cry of a soul that has sinned away its day of grace, has laughed at the long and patient knocking of Christ, and then under the sting of the consciousness of the departure of the divine pleader, has come awake to the fact, and cries helpless into the lonesomeness of its own making. There are two tremendous truths in that text. Each is enough, it seems to me, to stir any soul that wants to be honest with itself and God, to positive action such as will get practical results. I am, as a preacher of the message of salvation profoundly thankful for the condescension of our God to actually stoop and knock and ask for an audience with men. That's blessed, it's full of hope. I love to preach that to a world where there are so many lonely ones. So many people sit alone, and nurse sorrows all alone, and know that no human friend can get an understanding of their problem. I sometimes meet the unbeliever who thinks he has a sure excuse in his pet idea that God is such a great God that it is impossible for a little man like you are or I am, to ever be able to get to him. I preach the gospel of a God who stands not on the inability of his children to get to Him, but who stakes the eternity of His kingdom upon His ability to get to them. That's different. I was out one night when a poor fellow was lost in the deep woods. How frightened and confused he was. He absolutely was unable to get out, but the hope of his salvation was not to be on so feeble a thing as his weakness. It was at once put on the hearts and strength of a company of splendid fellows, who went right straight out into the darkness through the swamps after that lost man. That's the terms of salvation. This poor man cries, yes cried like a child in the dark, but he cried out of his distress and the Lord heard him and delivered him out of them all. God can come right to the heart-door of every man, and he does come there. Farther than that, in that particular case, He cannot come, unless bidden. The human heart is a sacred possession. You own yours, and the bolts are on the inside, and behold even God stops there, and knocks. To every man at some time, yea many many times, the great Savior comes and knocks. You have a fair chance for salvation. Far more than fair, for all the other side of the case is the one with whom fairness toward you would only be fulfilled by the measure of the importunity, that infinite grace and love would conceive."

ELECTS OFFICERS.

Uniform Rank K. of P. Chooses and Arranges for Ball.

At the annual election of officers of Lakeside Company No. 8 Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, held at the Armory, 118 West Superior street, Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Captain, G. A. Terry; first lieutenant, H. B. Young; second lieutenant, A. W. Roden; recorder, Frank L. Young; treasurer, Thomas L. Foss; first sergeant, E. F. Schmidt; first deputy sergeant, E. H. Holdren.

These officers will be installed Tuesday evening, Feb. 20, by Col. G. H. Nichols, First regiment, U. R. K. of P.

Among other matters to come before the company was the making of final arrangements for the seventeenth annual ball, which will be given Jan. 30. The members of the arrangements committee reported that they have secured the services of the La Brosse orchestra and the use of the Elks' hall for that evening. The dances given by the Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, were always notable events in times past, and it is the intention of the company to at this time revive the old enthusiasm. The guests of honor will be Maj. Gen. Stobbart, commander of the troops of the United States, and Brig. Gen. F. E. Wheaton of Minneapolis.

PRAIRIE FIRE RAGING.

Kimball, Neb., Jan. 18.—A prairie fire has been burning all night east of this town and a number of ranches are reported to have been devastated. Thousands of acres of range have been burned over.

FULLERTON MAY GO.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—There are rumors about the state house that S. F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, is scheduled to go as soon as Governor Johnson appoints successors to Uri Lamprey of St. Paul and D. W. Mecker of Moorhead, members of the state game and fish commission, whose terms expire this spring. Among the active candidates for the position is A. B. Clair of Grand Rapids.

WASHINGTON FIR
TIMBERS
WOODRUFF LBR. CO.

Edison the Wizard!

We are headquarters for Edison Phonographs and the famous Gold Moulded records—the No-Scratch kind. Machines sold on the Easy Payment plan.

B. F. HATHAWAY,
209, 211, 212 Atworth Building.

BIG DEALS ARE CLOSED

Negotiations Under Way for New Dock and Stable.

Dredging Concern to Build, as is John M. Ford.

Two important Duluth real estate deals were closed today.

John M. Ford, proprietor of the Lyceum livery stable on West First street, has taken a long time lease of lot 8, East First street, Duluth proper, first addition, and will erect a $25,000 brick livery stable thereon as soon as possible.

The other deal was the purchase by William Clifford and Napoleon Grignon, respectively, president and vice president of the Duluth-Superior Dredging company, of 200 feet of dockage property on slip 6, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west. Early in the spring, the construction of a dock and shops there for the dredging concern will begin.

The dockage property was purchased by the dredging men, of the First National bank and Frost & Fisher, which owned two lots each. The price paid for the four lots is understood to have been $8,500.

The property on which Mr. Ford's new stable will be built is owned by Charles Espenschied of St. Louis, Mo., who was represented in the present deal by the firm of R. B. Knox & Co. Negotiations for Mr. Ford were carried on by John A. Stephenson. The terms of the lease have not been made known.

W. T. Bray, architect, is now at work upon the plans for the new stable. It will be the handsomest and most complete in the city. The contract for its erection will be let as soon as Mr. Bray has completed the specifications, and work will begin very soon. The new structure will be three stories high and will be equipped with all the modern conveniences which are needed in an establishment of its kind.

The site of the new stable is on the south side of First street, between Lake avenue and First avenue east.

TWO KILLED AT HIBBING

Miner Falls Down Shaft, Brakeman Struck by an Engine.

Hibbing, Minn., Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Laurra, a Finlander, and John McDunda were killed near here yesterday afternoon, the first at the Shenango mine and the second at the Hull stripping work.

Laurra was a miner. He lost his balance at the edge of the timber shaft and fell to the bottom, dying almost instantly. The man was 35 years old. He leaves a wife and two children.

McDunda was a brakeman at the stripping work. He was killed by being struck by an engine. It is thought that he may have committed suicide. The coroner's verdict says the accident was due to personal negligence. McDunda was 25 years old and unmarried.

POPULAR HIBBING COUPLE WEDDED.

Hibbing, Minn., Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Lavina Rafferty and Harry Love were married here last night by Rev. Father Gamache. They are popular young people of the town. Mr. Love is connected with the Oliver Mining company, and Mrs Love has been an operator in the local telephone exchange.

JOHNSON APPOINTED

Health Officer at Eveleth and Firemen's Salaries Raised.

Eveleth, Minn., Jan. 18.—At the meeting of the city council this week Mayor Jesmore appointed Dr. J. V. Johnson health commissioner for the ensuing two years, and President Mulligan, of the city council named Aldermen Murray, Sax and Thibaut as members of the board of health.

Following the recommendation of the mayor the council decided to increase the salaries of the members of the fire department. The increase is from $5 to $8 per month, with an allowance of $1 for each call, and 50 cents an hour while actually engaged in fire fighting.

Superintendent Yandell of the fire department, sent in the appointments of P. G. Pihlstrom and William Walton as pumpmen at St. Mary's lake. Pihlstrom was confirmed, and the consideration of the appointment of Walton postponed. This action leaves W. D. Ellsworth in the place temporarily. The appointment of Napoleon LeBeau as assistant superintendent of the system was approved.

City Clerk Edward Skeel was appointed to assist in the collection of water rental, and it was decided to require both Skeel and Vandell to furnish a bond of $500.

A diligent search has been made for Charles Carlson of Iron Junction, but thus far all efforts have failed to find the slightest trace of him. Carlson disappeared some days ago under peculiar circumstances, but little was thought of his absence for some days. While on his way home from his place of business he was attacked by supposed highwaymen. He arrived bruised about the head, and said that a man had struck him. Apparently Carlson had recovered the next morning when he left home for his place of business. The last seen of him was the same day, when he started for Duluth.



WE TEST EYES

as well as, if not better, than any one else in Duluth. Our prices are lower than the other good specialists.

G. D. TROTT No. 3 West Superior St.

D. E. H., Jan. 18, 1906.

The period of stormy weather is now upon us.

You can weather any storm if clad in a good Columbia overcoat.

$14.50



commands a full sweep among all our fancy colored coats, every one of the high-class "Stein Bloch" and "Sincerity" makes—all full-measured $20 to $30 garments, for we handle none of the scrubby makes of which some stocks in Duluth mainly consist.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING COMPANY.

FOOT NOTE—WALK IN HANAN SHOES.

UNION OF MEDITERRANEAN POWERS MADE STRONGER

France Orders French Freebooters Ousted From Chica, Placating Spain.

Algeciras, Jan. 18.—During the lull preceding the opening of the discussions of the international conference on Moroccan reforms, France has taken effective means to cement the union of the Mediterranean powers. This had been somewhat threatened by Spain's resentment of the French encroachment upon the Spanish military posts—near Ceuta, on the Moroccan coast. One of the chief Spanish strongholds is at Melilla near the French Algerian frontier. Recently a band of adventurous Frenchmen undertook a sort of Jameson movement, establishing headquarters at Chica, near Melilla. Their position is exceptionally advantageous commercially and strategically, as Chica commands a vast lagoon penetrating into northern Morocco. The French government disclaimed responsibility for the intrusion, but Spain continued suspicious of the design to establish a French base on the Moroccan coast. This caused a noticeable tension in French-Spanish relations. France was evidently determined to avert the danger of losing the support of Spain at the conference, for it is understood that the French cruiser La-Lande, which has been lying off Algeciras, and left there hastily yesterday to patrol the coast of Melilla to Chica, has orders to undertake the expulsion of the French establishment at Chica on the ground that the Frenchmen who landed there are a party of freebooters who have not the support of the French government. This has elicited expressions of the heartiest approval of the Spanish representatives and insures the continuation of Spain's support of France and the endurance of the union of the Mediterranean powers during the conference.

The question of the surveillance of the trade in contraband arms promises to develop sharp difference of opinion. Germany has already stated that she would not consent to any surveillance which would permit foreign warships to detain, board and examine German ships. The German idea is that naval patrols are unnecessary, as the surveillance of the trade in contraband arms can best be obtained by land patrols.

"The open door policy is accepted enthusiastically by all, especially by France," M. Revoil, head of the French mission, said: "Let us have not only a commercial open door, but an open door in a larger sense—open to the progress of civilization, to work, to prosperity and to education. This would be a real open door and would result in the resurrection of Morocco."

AYER'S CALFSKIN WALLET FIGURED

At His Diamond Wedding and it Has a History.

Thorndike, Me., Jan. 18.—The diamond wedding of Harmon W. Ayer and wife took place at the old Ayer homestead at the beginning of the new year.

With the couple that stood up before the clergyman to go through the ceremony for the third time—for they had been remarried on the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding—Mr. Ayer wore the coat in which he was married sixty years ago, and the garment fitted him as well as it did when it was brought home new from the tailor's. Mrs. Ayer wore her wedding dress, though the dressmaker had been compelled to insert a gore in the back.

On Mr. Ayer's feet were calfskin topboots which he bought when chosen captain of a company of infantry to go into the Aroostook war in 1838. After the wedding and the supper when Mr. Ayer arose to pay the clergyman, for his services the money was taken from an aged calfskin wallet, with straps, a receptacle for cash and notes and bills which Mr. Ayer has carried for more than seventy years.

"If I had kept all the money that has passed through that old wallet," said Mr. Ayer, "I should be the richest man in New England today. At times that old calfskin case has held as much as $15,000 or $20,000. Then, again it has been so lank that a red postage stamp would have doubled the value of its contents, but it has never been empty.

"The most I ever had in it at one time was a draft for $45,000 in payment for hay shipped to a jobbing house in Boston. I keep it now when it is frayed and leaking at the corners because it has always brought me good luck.

"Though I have handled millions of dollars I do not remember of having lost a cent in almost seventy years. I have had plenty of worthless bills, of course, but that is no more than any business man could expect.

"In the hard times of 1857, when the state banks were failing and disowning the bills they had issued, my wallet saved me considerable money one afternoon. I had received a draft on a bank for $1,200 from Boston.

"On reaching the bank late in the day I learned that the bills which the bank had issued had fallen in value to less than 50 cents on a dollar. As my draft was on that bank I would be compelled to accept bank money in payment, which would force me to lose about $600.

"I had told the cashier about the draft, and could not back out. Looking at the clock I saw the hands marked a quarter to 3 o'clock. In fifteen minutes more banking hours would close.

"Of course I might have lied to the cashier and told him that I had forgotten to bring the draft, but I wanted to get rid of receiving the bad money without telling an untruth. So I reached into one pocket after another—doing it all very slowly—to find the wallet, and when I had secured it and brought it out, the tongue or holding strap which bound the compartment for holding bills stuck and would not pull out.

"'Take your knife and cut it open,' cried the cashier, who saw it was nearly time to close.

"At this I became very indignant and gave him a lecture about wastefulness, telling him it was the only pocketbook I had ever owned, and the only one I expected to own. In this way I killed time, and before I had loosened the strap the clock struck and no more business could be transacted until 9 o'clock the next day.

"The cashier shook his fist at me as I went out of the door, but that did not scare me. That evening I called on my wife's brother, who owed $1,500 at the bank and who had collected bank notes enough to pay the debt, and swapped my draft of $1,200 on the bank for his note for $1,200 on demand, and told him to present the draft and $300 in bills in payment for his debt. As the bank was obliged to redeem its drafts and notes at par value for debts due at the bank I got out whole and saved my brother-in-law from losing nearly $500."

Though well to do the Ayer family live after the ways of old times. Mr. Ayer uses a candlestick which his mother gave him to carry to his room when a boy, more than eighty years ago. Every fall, when a steer is killed to supply beef for the family, the tallow is saved and cast into candles, in ancient tin molds, which have cotton wicking in the middle. Though there are several kerosene lamps in the house they are seldom used, except when the ministr drops in to take tea, or when company arrives.

QUINCY, ILL., HAS A $300,000 BLAZE.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 18.—Fire which started today in the livery stable of Fred E. Harnst destroyed the huge plant of the J. B. Schoo Saddlery company, consisting of five brick buildings. The flames spread across the street and almost completely destroyed the city hall, while the wholesale house of the Aldo Sommer Drug company was badly damaged by fire and water. Several persons were slightly injured by the falling walls. The total loss exceeds $900,000. Insurance is nearly equal.

ONE MINUTE TALKS.



"An army of stags, led by a lion, is more to be feared than an army of lions, led by a stag." This is strongly drawn emphasis of the importance of having, at the head of an enterprise, one of courage, nerve, audacity—qualities of elemental necessity in a successful advertiser.

A Spanish proverb says: "A woman's counsel is not worth much, but he that despiseth it is not wise." This half-truth represents the rude "beginnings of wisdom" about women. Nowadays not only is her "counsel" heeded, but her likes and tastes and fancies rule the world—the store-world, particularly. The merchant who does not ask for her favor is, indeed, "not wise."

There are people—many of them living in Duluth who have never been in your store. Your store will not be completely successful as long as this is true, and it will be true until your advertising corrects it, as it will when it gets strong enough.

FORMER LEGISLATOR

Is Married to the Widow of Judge J. P. Williams.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. M. S. Jones of Battle Lake and Mrs. Helen A. Williams of Fergus Falls were married at New Richmond, Wis., on Jan. 15, and are now spending a few days in the Twin Cities. Dr. Jones is a prominent citizen of Battle Lake, and in 1903 represented Otter Tail county in the state legislature. Mrs. Williams is the widow of Judge J. P. Williams, and very highly respected by the people of Fergus Falls. They will reside at Battle Lake.

AN EARLY SPRING,

With Early Grass for Cattle, Expected in Kanabec County.

Mora, Minn., Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Snow began falling here Tuesday night and continued for over twenty-four hours. It is a remarkable fact that with over two feet of snow on the ground on the level, we are passing through one of the mildest winters experienced in this section of the state in recent years—the observations of the local weather bureau showing that up to this time the thermometer has registered below zero on only eighteen days at any hour of the day. There is no frost whatever in the ground, and one farmer, near the village, has finished, within the past two weeks, fencing an 80-tract of land, having no difficulty whatever in driving the fence-posts. An early spring, with early grass for cattle, is assured.

During the past week William Humphrey purchased the furniture store and business formerly owned by W. A. Day, and Fred Birch has just purchased a half interest in the city meat market, formerly owned by J. G. Kaslow.

ARCHDEACON APPLEBY

Is to Move From Duluth to Cass Lake Soon.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—At present there are no services being held in St. Peter's Episcopal church, but on the occasion of the recent visit to this place of J. D. Morrison, bishop of Duluth, that gentleman stated that he would return here and hold services on Feb. 11, and that regular services would be held in the church after the return of Archbishop Appleby from the East, which will be about April 1. A new parsonage will be erected as soon in the spring as the work can be commenced, and it is expected that the residence will be in readiness for occupancy by June 1, when the archdeacon will move to Cass Lake from Duluth and make his home here, as he can more easily perform the work in the various dioceses over which he presides with headquarters here than in Duluth.

BREEDING FOXES

Much Like Shaking Dice--Fortune In Silver Grays.

Dover, Me., Jan. 18.—"Breeding fozes in confinement for their pelts," said Elijah Norton, "is like shaking dice—you never know what is going to turn up.

"I have been in the business for seven years, starting with a pair of reds and increasing my stock until now I have fourteen pairs of reds and two pairs of silver grays. I am unable to make any estimate as to the profits in the business. If I counted my time at half the price of day's wages I should have lost money.

"I believe there is a fair profit in rearing young foxes and killing them for what their skins will bring from the fur dealers, though I do not kill mine. I can get more money by selling the living foxes to men who wish to start in the business of breeding foxes on their own account. I am getting $15 a pair for all the red foxes I can supply, whereas if I sold the pelts I would not receive more than $9 a pair.

"Before you can rear foxes in confinement you must learn how to handle them. More than one-half the fox pups caught running wild in the woods will not breed at all if confined inside of wire inclosures, no matter how well you use them.

"No fox running wild in a state of nature is a polygamist, though I have two healthy males bred in my yards which have consented to accept two or more wives. I believe I shall develop a race of polygamous foxes, though I am not sure as yet. If I win I can make much more money.

"It is a mistake to believe that foxes in confinement require the same kind of food that wild foxes eat. I tried it and nearly lost all the animals I had. They became sullen and quarrelsome, flying into fits of uncontrolable passion, sulking and mooning about the yards, and finally dying from fever.

"For the last five years I have fed my foxes the same kind of food one would give to his dog—Johnny cake, bread and milk, dog biscuit and bean scraps. By using them kindly and keeping strangers away from the yards I am finding no difficulty in domesticating the animals or in getting them to breed.

"My greatest hope lies in my beautiful silver grays. Though there is no certainty that offspring from silver gray parents will be silver grays, as all variations from the original red are sports which may jump back at any time. I have now bred silver grays so long that more than half of the offspring follow the coloring of their parents.

"Last spring I reared a litter of six pups from silver gray parents, and five of them were true to color, and even the sixth was as much gray as red. I hope to rear a race of silver grays that will show no indication of atavism.

"If so, my fortune is made, for I can get from $500 to $800 a pair for all the silver grays I may have for sale. With good luck I hope to rear a dozen or more silver grey pups next summer, and in another year I can sell all my reds and devote myself to breeding the animals which produce furs that bring high prices."

GEOGRAPHY.

Success Magazine: Little Rob was the prize geographer of his class; that is, he could locate cities and bound countries with great glibness. He could draw the most realistic maps, printing in the rivers, mountain ranges and cities from memory. Rob considered geography purely in the light of a game, in which he always beat, but he never associated it with the great world about him. Rivers to him were no more than black, wiggly lines; cities were dots, and states were blots. New York was green, Pennsylvania was red and California was yellow.

Of course Rob had never traveled. He was born in a canon near the country school he attended. One day the teacher made the discovery of Rob's idea of geography through the following incident. After vainly inquiring of several of the children where British Columbia is located, she called on Rob, who, as usual, was waving his hand excitedly, wild with the enthusiasm of pent up knowledge.

"It is on page sixty-eight," he declared.

After the roar had subsided the teacher explained that that was only a picture of British Columbia. Then she asked Rob to bound British Columbia.

"Can't, teacher; it is all over the page."

Inflammatory Rheumatism Cured in Three Days.

Morton L. Hill, of Lebanon, Ind., says: "My wife had inflammatory Rheumatism in every muscle and joint; her suffering was terrible and her body and face were swollen almost beyond recognition; had been in bed for six weeks and had eight physicians, but received no benefit until she tried the Mystic Cure for Rheumatism. It gave immediate relief and she was able to walk about in three days. I am sure it saved her life." Sold by all druggists.



At last the Glass Block rummage sales have reached the 4th floor—FURNITURE—on the 4th floor

And what worries us is the fear that there isn't enough of soiled or imperfect furniture to go 'round amongst the many who have been waiting for the announcement of the furniture rummage. Our furniture stock is so nearly all new and perfect it was extremely difficult to find any that wouldn't be insulted with a "rummage" ticket. But the furniture buyer was told to go ahead anyway and put a rummage price on every piece that offered the slightest excuse. The result is this most astonishing series of FURNITURE BARGAINS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY —and if you want them be sure to be among the early ones. It's like finding money to buy at less than factory prices.

Umbrella stand special.

One lot of stands that were made to sell at $1.75. Some are solid oak, mission style, and some are mahoganized hardwood, cottage style. They are small enough to fit in any hall and good enough for any home. If we didn't tell you, you'd hardly notice they were shop-worn. Don't miss them at..... **89c**

Take it "as it is."

At the ridiculous prices for which we sell this furniture, don't ask us to do any refinishing. Take it as it is. Most of it is so nearly perfect nobody would suspect you paid less than double the prices for which you can get most of the pieces offered in this rummage sale.

Small tabourette special.

One lot and not a very big one either, of solid oak tabourettes that were made to sell for 75c each. Perfectly plain, with curved French legs —a neat little stand for any room in the house where you keep flowers in pots or jardinieres. Be here early Friday morning and be one of the lucky ones to get a stand for **59c**

4 parlor suits.

You'll say they're just as pretty as ever. The only reason for these absurd prices is that the upholstery has lost some of its original luster. Here they are. Take your pick!

PARLOR SUIT NO. 1—2-piece suit of genuine mahogany upholstered in silk tapestry. Installment stores would ask you $25.00 for it. The frames have daintily carved French arms and legs. The first one here, gets the 2 pieces for.... **$12.95**

PARLOR SUIT NO. 2—Tete-a-tete and chair of genuine mahogany, upholstered in high class tapestry in contrasting shades. Frame is hand-carved with French legs and carved arms. $75.00 would be the usual Installment store price. Our Rummage price is only. **$47.50**

PARLOR SUIT NO. 2—Empire style mahogany set, elaborate frame with spindled back and curved arms—upholstered in rich embossed verona—very cozy and comfortable—was $44.50, but the Rummage price is only **$29.75**

PARLOR SUIT NO. 3—Genuine mahogany chair and settee, with French legs and arms and swell front, upholstered in a beautiful silk tapestry. This is a new suit of the finest order and sells for $18.50—but because of a stain on the chair seat, the Rummage price is. **$12.95**

Serving table.

One solid oak serving table, mission style and Antwerp finish—has large linen drawer—its slightly shopworn and the price has been $13.25—now for only **$9.45**

Parlor pieces.

NO. 1—A beautiful gold settee or divan—pure Empire style, with curved back, covered with 14-K. gold and upholstered in striped silk tapestry—it was $22.50, but we'll let it go tomorrow for only..... **$15.75**

NO. 2—A splendid little mahogany seat—Roman style—with high arms and upholstered in silk tapestry—a model little piece that sold for $4.75—tomorrow's price is only.... **$2.95**

Parlor tables.

NO. 1—A beautiful gold leaf parlor table with Mexican onyx top, the frame overlaid in rich gold decorations—a genuine novelty—was $52.50, but the Rummage sale makes the price only **$32.75**

NO. 2—A swell Vernis Marten parlor table, in a beautiful design, with French legs and extra shelf beneath—this little table formerly was $6.50—now the price is **$3.95**

NO. 3—Two beautiful Vernis Marten tea or reception tables with French legs and extra decorated shelf—one with round top and the other oval shaped with extra glass tray with gold handles. They were $17.75 each—now the price for either is.... **$9.95**

Mahog'ny rocker

Beautiful genuine mahogany rocker with high curved back and arms and shaped front—upholstered in a beautiful, rich red moire silk tapestry—it was $12—to close it out quick.. **$7.95**

Parlor pieces.

LOT 1—Six mahogany parlor chairs and rockers—no two alike—upholstered in rich silk tapestries and velours of different patterns and colors—some are inlaid with marquetry—every chair a gem in its way, but in stock too long and we want the room—the regular prices are $20.75 to $22.75—choice of the lot for only **$14.75**

LOT 2—Six parlor chairs and rockers in beautiful quarter-sawed oak and mahogany—all different styles—upholstered in silk and velour tapestries—regular values of up to $15.75—but the Rummage gives you choice of the lot for only.... **$9.15**

Solid oak Morris chair with large heavy frame and legs, richly carved —seat and back of one-piece green velour cushion—nothing more comfortable than an easy Morris chair—this $15.75 chair is "it"—Rummage price **$9.95**

Student's chair.

Genuine quartered oak, polished finish, convertible and adjustable back—regular price is $3.98. In the rummage sale it's only **$2.98**

Commode table.

One mahogany table, wash stand, commode and dresser combined, genuine mahogany top which lifts up and is fitted with large bevel-plate mirror—also has towel racks, pitcher, bowl, soap dish, separate compartment for slop jar and linen —a model article for light housekeeping—was $18.85—but the rummage sale price is **$13.35**

Hall racks.

One lot of solid oak hall racks with 4 oxidized hooks and large mirror, brass drip pan and large umbrella rack. Over 5 feet high and strongly made—regular price $3.50 —to close out the lot the price on the remaining few is—each **$1.98**

Box couches.

Two handsome upholstered-in-velvet box couches, one in green and one in red, with seven rows of best biscuit tufting and strong steel spring construction—can be opened and used for linen chest, trunk or other purposes—they were $18.25; now we make the price only **$13.95**

Gold pedestal.

A large Vernis Marten pedestal, beautifully decorated in figures—a beauty and cheap enough at $35. Rummage price only **$22.75**

Music cabinets.

NO. 1—One Vernis Marten gold music cabinet, beautifully decorated in floral and figure designs and with French legs—equipped with 4 sliding shelves— was $24.50; now... **$15.95**

NO. 2—A combined wood and rattan construction music or magazine rack—a splendid piece for the library, music or living rooms—was $3.45 till the Rummage came; now it's. **$1.98**

One large music rack or magazine and book shelf—with fancy solid oak spindled top and 4 shelves of oak slats—the regular price has been $6.25, but the rummage brings it down to **$2.98**

Maple rocker.

Bird's-eye maple rocker with cane seat — highly polished finish — slightly shop worn—well worth $4.75 despite the very slight marks on it, but it goes in the Rummage at only.... **$3.39**

Child's chair.

Beautiful quarter sawed oak, antique finish, child's Morris chair with tufted reversible cushions, constructed like the big chairs— was $5.98 and a "daisy"—now its **$3.75**

Woven willow.

ONE GILT PARLOR, tea or reception table—woven rattan construction with solid top and extra shelf beneath—it was $6.95—the Rummage makes it a "snap" at **$4.75**

RATTAN TEA TABLES—A few splendid little tables in natural, green and red finishes, woven tops and under-shelves—suitable for teas and receptions—they were $4.95, but because of slight imperfections we'll close them out at only..... **$2.98**

ONE RATTAN TABOURETTE, strongly made and a pretty design; cheap at $2.95, but the Rummage price is only **$1.98**

NURSERY CHAIR—willow commode or nursery chair—strongly woven and made with tray in front —in installment stores the price is $1.50 for this very article on which our Rummage sale price is only **79c**

HIGH CHAIR—Large woven willow chair, handsomely designed and strongly made with large tray and extra guard—a fine chair and our former price $6.25 was little enough—the Rummage price is only.... **$4.95**

CHILD'S HIGH CHAIR—combination of wood and rattan in green finish—has a large tray and is well constructed throughout—was formerly $2.75— now **$1.98**

Parlor divan.

Mahogany settee with artistically carved and shaped back, curved arms and French legs, and swell front—a swell little parlor piece—regular value is $14.25; price in Rummage sale **$9.85**

Morris chairs.

Solid quartered oak frame Morris chair, hand rubbed and polished, brass rod and spindled arms, two reversible hair filled, green embossed velour cushions—spring sheet steel construction—a chair selling at $14.75—the last one at a Rummage price of **$9.95**

Large size mahogany Morris chair, seat and back handsomely upholstered in one-piece velour cushion, biscuit tufted, with buttons—frame richly carved—a chair that was $23.75—the last one goes in the Rummage at **$16.95**

Inlaid novelties.

TWO IMPORTED FOLDING hall chairs—two distinct styles and shapes—inlaid all over in mother-of-pearl and ivory—they were originally worth $20.00, but because they're not "ready sellers" we will give you either of the two for only **$8.95**

BOOKHOLDER—A fine little folding book-rack, inlaid throughout in beautiful design—was $7.50, but the Rummage price is only **$1.98**

RECEIVER—one little card receiver or jardiniere stand, with inlaid mother-of-pearl finish—worth $6.50—but going into this sale for only.... **$1.98**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

RAILROADS

DELAYED BY THE STORM

Several Passenger Trains Late in Arriving at Duluth.

Survey Does Not Necessarily Mean Building of a Railroad.

Passenger trains arriving in Duluth last night and this morning were not as badly delayed as the weather conditions of yesterday and last night might lead one to expect they would be. The Omaha road got the full benefit of the severe storm raging through Wisconsin and the operation of its trains appears to have been more seriously interfered with than was the case with the other lines.

The afternoon train over the Omaha yesterday was nearly two hours late, and the Twilight Limited, due here from the Twin Cities at 9:45 o'clock last night, was about two hours late. The Chicago train, due at 11:15 o'clock this morning, was three hours late.

The Northern Pacific morning train from St. Paul, due at 6:30 o'clock, pulled into the Union depot an hour late. The Great Northern fared better, being delayed only ten or fifteen minutes. The South Shore passenger train, due at 8:55 o'clock this morning, was an hour late in arriving.

The freight trains were badly delayed in some instances.

RAILROAD SURVEYS

Do Not Always Mean That Road Will be Built.

"The fact that a survey is being run between Duluth and Thief River Falls does not necessarily mean that a railroad will be constructed between these two points, although there is no doubt that the work is being done by a railroad," said a local railway official today.

"It is the same with other surveys that are being made out of Duluth, and through the Northwest generally. I am not saying that no line will be built between the Head of the Lakes and Thief Rover Falls, for in this instance the survey probably means the ultimate construction of the road, but the mere fact that a survey is being made in any section of the country cannot be taken as a guarantee that a railroad will be built over the line covered.

"Sometimes a railroad company will run a survey through a certain territory when it has no idea of building for many years to come, the purpose being merely to have a record of the lay of the land, so it can be referred to when occasion arises. If a road should be built over every survey that has been made, the many railroad lines would make the Northwest look like a cobweb. And then, when a road is built, sometimes four or five different routes will be surveyed before one is finally decided upon as being the best for the purpose.

"But it comes in very handy for the company to have reports showing the exact lay of the land in any district that it is likely to become interested in at any future date, even if it doesn't intend to build until some indefinite time in the distant future."

At least two railroad surveys are now being run to the Head of the Lakes. One is backed by the South Shore or Soo roads, probably the former, and will extend from here to Thief River Falls, while the other, extending southwest from the city is, it is believed, backed by the Milwaukee road, which recently came into control of the old Duluth, St. Cloud, Glencoe & Mankato railroad. The line, it is said, will be extended from Albert Lea, Minn., to Duluth, a distance of 287 miles. It is regarded as a certainty that the Thief River Falls extension will be built.

W. W. Howard Appointed.

W. W. Howard, formerly agent for the Great Northern road at Grand Rapids, Minn., has been appointed traveling auditor by the Great Northern, his territory to be between Minot, N. D., and points in the state of Washington. His headquarters will be at Havre, Mont.

Election of Directors.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—At the annual meeting yesterday of the Indiana, Illinois & Iowa railroad, William H. Newman, William K. Vanderbilt and William C. Brown, all of New York, were re-elected directors. The president of the road will be chosen at a meeting which is to be held in the near future.

Railroad Personals.

G. M. Smith, general agent of the Omaha road in Duluth, has returned from the Twin Cities.

W. F. Fitch, president of the South Shore road, is in the city today from Marquette.

F. B. Lyon of Minneapolis, representing the Rock Island system, is in Duluth today.

W. G. Walker of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent of the Milwaukee line, is in the city.

V. C. Russell of St. Paul, Northwestern passenger agent for the Michigan Central, is in town today.

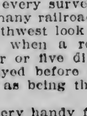
C. E. Humphrey of St. Paul, Northwestern passenger agent for the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, is in the city.

NOTICE!

Business houses wishing to get the trade of the Finnish people will be wise to advertise in a humorous Finnish newspaper, "Velasuu." "Velasuu" is the only Finnish newspaper in Northern Minnesota published in a region where thousands of Finnish people are living. "Velasuu" has subscribers all over the United States. Address

"VELASUU,"
Box 559. Hibbing, Minn.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST
DR. KING'S
Star Crown Brand
PENNYROYAL PILLS.



Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Land Buyer is Arrested at Langdon Charged With Kidnaping.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Matt Doyle of Dresden is under arrest here on a charge of kidnaping Vincent Weller, who lives in Mount Carmel township. Doyle has been held to await the action of the district court, and his bail has been fixed at $1,000. The case has some unusual features, and is the first of its kind to come up here. A land deal is involved in it. Weller is said to have transferred a section of land to Doyle, and since the date of the alleged transfer Weller has been missing. Search has been made for him on both sides of the line, so far without result. The land transaction is said to have taken place Nov. 20 last, and it is claimed Weller was last seen in Doyle's company at Snowflake. Friends of Weller have offered a reward of $200 for any information leading to the discovery of his whereabouts, and meantime Doyle has been placed under arrest.

Grand Forks—Three important ordinances passed their first reading at an adjourned council meeting. One reduces the prices that can legally be charged for gas from $2.50 to $1.80 and from $2 to $1.46 for fuel gas. Another ordinance provides for an inspection of gas meters by the superintendent of waterworks, and another provides for a division of the Second ward, in the Second precinct of which is to be established the Seventh ward, increasing the council from twelve to fourteen members.

Fargo—St. John's comes to the front with a wise dog story. Just before Christmas Frank Bendoin visited his brother at Souris. He took his dog and left it for the winter in his brother's care. After he returned to St. John's the dog frequently went to the station at Souris to search for his master. Recently he disappeared, and two days later arrived at his old home, weary and footsore. It is more than fifty miles across the country between the two towns and three times that distance by rail. As the dog was taken to Souris on the train, it is thought he followed the railroad back home.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sisseton—For the quarter just ended, Major Jackson, Indian agent at the Sisseton agency, has paid out $53,000, and this, too, without there having been any big payment from the government. All but $1,000 of the amount comes to the Indians as lease money for the use of Indian lands by white settlers.

Sioux Falls—The town board of Spencer, S. D., where the "lid" was placed on tightly a short time ago by the refusal of the board to reissue licenses to pool halls and a saloon, has reconsidered its action to the extent of deciding to issue licenses to the two pool halls. The board, however, has not yet granted a new license to the saloon, and the proprietor is running his place wide open in defiance of the town board. The saloonman declares that the board did not act within the law in refusing him a license for the coming six months and he wants to be "shown" why he cannot continue to conduct his saloon so long as he stands ready to pay the required license.

Pierre—In circuit court here the injunction was made permanent to restrain the town of Selby from extending its incorporation limits to cover a territory two rods wide and five miles long, to include Bangor townsite and thus hold the county seat. As a rehearing was denied in the case, which sent the records back to Bangor, it now appears that the last resort has been reached and Bangor will be the county seat for at least three years more.

Bell & Detwiler, the architects on the new state capitol, have submitted their final detailed plans and specifications to the building commission. The specifications call for bids on the basis of Sioux Falls granite, Black Hills sandstone, Bedford limestone, Kettle river sandstone and Marquette raindrop sandstone.

Aberdeen—Rudolph Bahlkow, 62 years, and Liza Doefler, 52 years, were married by County Judge C. J. Hute. When the application for the license was made, it developed that the couple had been previously married, the wife securing a divorce on the ground of intemperance and resuming her maiden name. The divorce was granted several years ago, but the couple concluded to spend their old age together. They have one grown son.

Henry Alf, who is awaiting the action of the board of insanity at the county hospital, has become violently insane since his arrest a few days ago. Preparations are being made to send him to Yankton as soon as possible. Nothing can be learned of his life before coming to Brown county a few years ago, though he states that he has previously been an inmate of an insane asylum but he cannot remember where.

Examination FREE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DR. BEST,

Rooms 1 and 2, 26 W. Superior St.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Thieves Use Skis to Rob a Store at Ironwood.

Ironwood—The grocery store of John Bostrom at the Norrie location at Ironwood was robbed last night, and in the morning the evidence of the thievery was very plain. The thief had come to the back of the store on skis, had forced open a back window and effected an entrance. He had meddled with nothing in the store except the money drawer, from which he had taken $50 in cash, overlooking two $5 gold pieces and about $2 in nickles and dimes. It was plainly the work of some one who was well acquainted with the store and was aware that the proprietor was in the habit of leaving considerable money in the till. The fact that there was a great fall of snow on the night of the robbery prevented the following of the ski tracks and there is no clue to the identity of the thief.

Menominee—James Veitch, a watchman at the Menominee sugar factory, took a shot at a coal thief the other morning, following a hand to hand encounter, but failed to wing him. Coal has been taken from the sheds with great regularity of late, and it was finally decided to mount guard over the piles. The watchman saw a man come down the river from Marinette with a big handsled and a number of sacks in which to stow the coal. He climbed up on the coal pile and then Veitch went for him. The fellow made a desperate attempt to escape and finally succeeded in getting away, although Veitch followed him closely, and discharged his revolver. The watchman then returned and took the robber's sled and bags, which will be used in tracing down the owner.

Dr. Harlan A. Trask, who formerly practiced medicine in Menominee, is now serving a jail sentence in Colorado Springs for larceny. The charge is appropriating $1,000 worth of jewelry and clothing left in his care by woman patient. Trask and his father practiced in Menominee six years ago.

Escanaba—While the amount to be disbursed on that score by Delta county is not less, Deputy Game Warden Jackson's salary will be only a third of what it was formerly, the result of a desire to have three such officials instead of one. After several names had been submitted, balloting commenced and as a result Charles Olmstead was appointed for the east side of the county and A. C. Helmer for the north portion, and Jackson's salar was divided so each of them will receive $200.

Sault Ste. Marie—The troops stationed at Fort Brady are preparing for their departure for the Philippines. They will leave the post at the Soo Jan. 25. Among the men the rumor is that the final destination of the men is China, where they say trouble is anticipated in the spring. The men of Fort Brady were once before ordered to the East and the orders later changed. According to the first change, they were booked for Alaska. The officers and men will not regret this second change.

CALL FOR RESIGNATION.

Wisconsin University Regents Ask Professor to Quit.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 18.—The regents of the University of Wisconsin have decided to demand the resignation of Prof. Charles Ambrove Van Velzer, instructor in mathematics. This action was recommended by a special committee of which Regent Magnus Swenson of Madison was chairman.

The demand for Van Velzer's resignation is the first result of the agitation regarding university matters which started during the extra session of the legislature. At that time it was charged that Van Velzer, while occupying the chair of mathematics at the university, was one of the principal owners and active in the management of the Capital City Coal company.

President Van Hise said at the time that the board has been apprised of this fact and would investigate it.

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Blended Whiskies—Old Cabinet and Live Oak.

COOK'S BUFFET

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

A PERMANENT BONSPIEL.

The proposition of permanently locating the annual bonspiel of the Northwestern Curling association at Duluth, instead of passing it around as the custom has been in the past, sounds very attractive and sensible, and it has many features that should commend it to the members of the association.

So far as the members outside of Duluth are concerned there are two strong points in favor of the plan: accessibility, and the conveniences offered for holding the bonspiel. Duluth is easily reached from more points in the territory of the association than is any other point in that area. The curlers come from the Sault, the copper country, Manitoba, the Twin Cities and the iron ranges, besides other intermediate points. Nearly every other principal locality where the holding of a bonspiel would be considered is on the outskirts of the territory, while Duluth is in its center, easily reached by direct rail routes from every point.

The conveniences offered by the Duluth Curling club for holding bonspiels are, it is said, unexcelled anywhere in America, though it may be that Montreal affords as good. It is certain that nowhere within the territory of the association can there be found ten sheets of ice under one roof, so admirably adapted to bonspiel purposes.

That it would be a pleasant thing for Duluth goes without saying. Curling is one of the few sports remaining free from any tinge of professionalism, corruption and brutality. It is a clean, wholesome, manly sport, and the standing and character of the men addicted to it are extraordinarily high. Duluth should long ago have taken a much higher rank for winter sports, and the permanent location of the annual bonspiel here would help give her the position her advantages along this line deserve.

The curling association of Western Canada, the Manitoba branch of the Royal Caledonian Curling club of Scotland, has adopted this plan of permanently locating its bonspiel in one place, and it has been held with great success in Winnipeg for a series of seasons. And Winnipeg, by the way, which furnishes a large number of rinks made up splendid fellows and good curlers, sends more rinks to Duluth bonspiels than it does to those held elsewhere within the territory of the Northwestern association.

The permanent bonspiel looks like a good thing. Duluth, it may be assumed, will be glad to have the plan acted upon, and her citizens, regardless of whether or not they are curlers, may be relied upon to turn in and help make it a complete success.

DULUTH'S LAKE TRAFFIC.

That was a striking method of showing the volume of lake traffic in and out of Duluth which The Herald published the other evening from computations made by Alfred E. Watts, of the local office of United States army engineers.

To say that the freight received and shipped in and out of the Duluth-Superior harbor in 1905 amounted to 22,676,145 tons does not reach the heart of it, since to the average mind all large figures look very much alike. Mr. Watts showed that if this freight were loaded into cars measuring forty feet over all, and carrying an average of twenty-five tons each, a train large enough to carry it all would reach from New York to San Francisco and back again, and there would be enough left to extend from Chicago to within seven miles of Two Harbors. Standing in line, those cars would make a train 6,871 miles in length.

Using vessels as a basis, another interesting example can be given. It would take 3,779 vessels carrying an average of 6,000 tons each to carry this argosy of 22,676,145 tons. These vessels would be approximately 450 feet in length, and placed end to end they would reach 322 miles, or more than twice the distance from Duluth to St. Paul. Separated by tow ropes of 800 feet each, they would make a tow 859 miles in length, or long enough to reach from Duluth to the Sault and back again and still leave enough over to reach to Grand Marais. That tow of vessels would reach from New York to Louisville, Ky., with five miles over.

These figures give some idea of the imminesity of the traffic by lake in and out of the Duluth-Superior harbor. That traffic is still growing, and because of its cheapness as compared with rail freights and the growth of the territory it supplies, will continue to grow every year.

WESTERN TRAVEL.

There will be a conference of western business interests at Salt Lake City Jan. 25 to discuss ways and means of tempting into the glorious and scenic West some of the travelers of the East who now go to Europe before they have more than the faintest idea of what their own country has to offer.

The plan is a good one, and the whole West should get together and see what can be done about it. Obviously, there is but one thing to do, and that is to advertise.

It is true that many Eastern people—and Western people, too, for that matter—who become intimately enough acquainted with the joy of having plenty of money to be able to do much traveling head straight for Europe, with scarcely a thought of visiting parts of their own country with which they are not acquainted. It is true, too, that those who do this are missing a lot. It is true that it will be a wise thing for the people of the West to take steps to turn the current of tourists this way. The way to do it is by advertising.

The circular sent out by the Salt Lake City Commercial club, inviting delegates from various western cities to attend the conference, states that last year American sightseers spent in foreign lands $150,000,000, and that during their trips they spent in the purchase of foreign products $40,000,000 more, making a total of $190,000,000 diverted from the nation's wealth. This estimate—for it can only be an estimate—is not intended to be strictly accurate, but it is probably not too high.

There are no doubt thousands of tourists packing off to Europe every year who have not the remotest idea of the pleasures in store for travelers in visiting the Grand Canon of the Colorado, the Yellowstone Park, the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, the north shore of Lake Superior, and a host of other noble spots in the United States which are quite as interesting and sightly as anything that can be found around the world.

Duluth has, in the lake trip, and particularly in the north shore and Isle Royale circuit, scenery as beautiful and awe-compelling as any in the world. Duluth should be represented at the Salt Lake City meeting, in order to take part in the movement that will be started to attract travel toward the West. The uses of such travel to Duluth in attracting the notice of wealthy people to the possibilities and prospects of this territory, are too obvious to require naming.

The West will do the travelers of the East a favor by making them acquainted with what they have been missing by heading across the Atlantic instead of west across the continent, and the way to do it is by advertising.

IRON MANUFACTURES.

It was natural that the reference by James J. Hill in his St. Paul speech to the German discovery of a method of making charcoal out of bog peat that will smelt metals should arouse great interest in Duluth, even though its value to this state can only be determined after a complete investigation and a thorough trial. Whatever results this discovery may lead to, Mr. Hill touched a sore spot when he referred to the manner in which Minnesota is wasting her resources by shipping her iron ore out of the state to be worked up elsewhere, and to give employment to labor in other states that should rightfully be given to the workingmen of Minnesota.

The lack of fuel for cheap smelting is the main thing that prevents the manufacture of iron and steel in Minnesota, and if the German discovery can be applied here the result would be, as Mr. Hill stated, that "Pittsburg would have to look out for her laurels, because the supply of peat is inexhaustible and the cost would certainly not exceed the cost of producing coke around the neighborhood of Pittsburg."

To witness the annual shipments of raw iron ore down the lakes is bitter to those who have always believed in the coming of a time when it could be profitably smelted and worked up in Duluth. As Mr. Hill showed in his speech, the process of mining and shipping the ore is giving employment to but few, comparatively, and but little of the profit from producing the ore is left in Duluth. Much of the mining is done by steam shovel, and the ore is shot from the cars into the dock pockets, and from the pockets into the boats, by gravity.

"These mines would be valuable to the state," said Mr. Hill, "if you had fuel with them; but the money they produce and the men they employ are away down in the Mahoning valley and the Ohio valley, and scattered from Johnstown through to Ohio, and now they are building up in Chicago quite a large industry."

That is the situation, exactly. We have the ore, immense quantities of it, and it is being mined in prodigious amounts every year and shipped away, to give employment and profit to other people and other states. The great need is local manufactures. If the bog peat which is located so conveniently to Duluth and the iron mines can be made to serve the purpose claimed for it, that will solve the question. If those who are looking for coal in this vicinity are successful, that will help also. But "it is a consummation devoutly to be wished" that more of the profit and employment from the immense resources of Northern Minnesota may be enjoyed here where it belongs.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Let's hope those have been pining for seasonable weather are now happy.

* * *

The trusts are getting most of the honey out of the human bee hive.

* * *

Candidates for legislative and county positions will be making their appearance soon.

* * *

One question that appears to be in need of settlement is whether the dollar is bigger than the ballot.

* * *

Can it be that Congressman Bede has overlooked the pleasant duty of passing out the land office registership slice of pie?

* * *

You can see the splash every few minutes as a new candidate dives into the political swimming pool. Some splashes are noticeably larger than others.

* * *

The house has passed the Philippine tariff bill, and has done its part to extend some measure of justice to our Asiatic colony. If the trusts don't care, the senate may pass it, too.

* * *

James J. Hill says Northern Minnesota peat, if it is true that a process for turning it into charcoal has been discovered, will make Duluth cast a shadow over Pittsburg. That is what Duluth intends to do.

* * *

Lincoln Steffens says the government should represent all the people, good, bad and indifferent. He is now in Washington, where he will be able to notice whether the good people have their share of representation or not.

* * *

John Mitchell says the coal operators ought to share some of their prosperity with the miners. If they would share some of it with the consumers, too, it would help, but the consumers appear to have no way of forcing it, and the miners have.

* * *

Julius A. Schmahl of Redwood Falls having announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for secretary of state, some of his kindnesses to members as chief clerk of the house will have a chance to come home to roost.

* * *

The people of his section have been a little doubtful whether they would run A. L. Cole of Walker for the house, the senate, the lieutenant-governorship, the governorship or the presidency, but they appear now to have about decided to make him a state senator.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"The trend of population to the cities does not mean any diminution in the agricultural wealth of the country," said George A. Fleming of Grand Forks, N. D., at the Spalding. "Improved appliances and methods make it possible for a smaller number of men to raise equally large crops. Labor on the farm is a good deal easier and more simple than it was twenty years ago. The advances made in agricultural machinery are rather remarkable. The average city person doesn't know as much as he really ought to about the interesting things that may be seen on one of our big Dakota farms during harvesting or seeding time.

"Today the farmer, living in an economical way, with a large family of children to help him, can acquire wealth from the land which yielded its former owner only a bare subsistence. It is rather surprising the large number of farms now owned by city business men, who hire men to run the places, and in some cases make their summer homes on them. Land is utilized today in a way that was impossible a generation ago. Swamps are drained, deserts are irrigated, land that was worthless when the population was small and better land could be had almost for the asking is taken in hand and improved, now that the better land is occupied, and the increase in population and number of the cities provides a market worth catering to. The soil is analyzed and experts advise as to its use. If there are not so many engaged in farming, those who are engaged in it are making more money, and at less work. Our forefathers would have opened their eyes in amazement if they could see the size of some of the farms today owned by one man. They thought 160 or 200 acres was plenty for one man to take care of, and now several thousand acres are none too extensive for one person to boss."

* * *

"There is something very deceptive about shooting at clay pigeons over a trap," said S. D. Rowland of Minneapolis at the McKay. "Some days it seems the easiest thing in the world to break them, and at other times the man who has the high average of the club hits only about three in five, while the notoriously poor shot is running up nearly a perfect score, and beating all comers. And the funny part of it is, a man can never understand why it is that he is out of trim. He may have had twelve hours sleep the night before, and still be unable to shoot.

"I remember an instance of this sort that occurred three years ago in the club of which I was then a member. We were shooting for a $100 hammerless gun, a regular beauty. There was considerable discussion as to the rules of the contest, some wanting to go in on a percentage basis and others wanting a straight shoot, 100 birds, the highest score taking the gun. A good deal of protest was made against this latter system when it was first suggested, but the poor shots who desired to compete were so very few in number that their objections were overruled, and the 100-bird contest, the best man winning, was decided on as being the most satisfactory to the greatest number concerned.

"A fellow familiarly known as Jack was chiefly responsible for the adoption of this system. He was one of the best shots of the club, but occasionally had his off days, although, when he was in good trim, he was undoubtedly the best shot in the outfit. There were a number of others, however, who pressed him closely, and the chances were believed to be about evenly divided among twelve or fifteen men.

"We were all surprised when a young man by the name of Sewall paid his entrance fee and announced it as his intention to try for the gun. He belonged to Class C, and his highest score was 17 out of a possible 25, while his average was about 13. We knew he wasn't a ringer, for he was known to the bunch, and had never done any trap shooting except at our club. He was the only low-class man to enter. The rest were all Class A, with three or four from Class B.

"The shooting began, and it ran along in a surprising fashion. Sewall broke the first ten birds he shot at, the only man in his bunch to accomplish this feat. Jack was in the bunch. He missed the first three birds, and only got five out of the first ten. This made his chances look pretty slim, for his handling the gun, and they looked slimmer yet before the finish came. His total score was 72, and young Sewall ran up to 94, winning the gun. The second man was only 90. It was one of those days when the whole bunch of good shots were entirely off, but general conditions seemed to just suit Sewall. He told me afterwards that he had been out with the boys until 2 o'clock in the morning of the day of the shoot. I told him he was a liar, and he asked for an opportunity of proving he wasn't. It was only the good luck of a gambler that landed him in first place, so far as I could see, for I never saw him pass his old average after that."

* * *

At the St. Louis: H. W. Hodgdon, A. W. Benton, Minneapolis; G. W. Millett, Cass Lake; A. E. Hangan, E. Nelson, Two Harbors; J. B. Emerson, St. Paul; S. W. McLaggan, Gordon, Wis.; J. A. Johnson, Sidnaw; J. M. Hernlund, Minneapolis; J. W. Clark, Frazee, Minn.; J. Willis, St. Paul; A. C. Bossard, Grand Rapids; P. A. Poirier, Chicago; F. B. Myers, Biwabik; J. A. McLaggan, Stillwater; W. K. Parkinson, Phillips, Wis.; E. Williams, Washburn, Wis.; S. H. Panten, Charleston, W. Va.; J. Murdock, Toronto; C. Johnson, V. Prince, Eveleth; A. H. Powers, B. O'Rourk, Hibbing; F. L. Hunt, Phillips, Wis.; G. S. Rodd, Ashland; M. W. Little, Ironwood, Mich; J. H. Lanyon, Chisholm; J. W. Hanay, Wis.

* * *

At the Spalding: T. V. Grant, Brainerd; C. H. Sinclair, Detroit; C. S. Henry, C. P. Lovell, Chicago; Mrs. O. A. Burger Minneapolis; W. S. Hay, St. Paul; C. F. Berken, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Smith and child, Eveleth; F. J. Godfrey, Hibbing; P. White, Buffalo; M. S. Hawkins, Mountain Iron; R. H. Evinig, Pittsburg; F. L. Coventry, Hibbing; W. Hessen, Albany, N. Y.; N. C. Russell, St. Paul; W. J. Montz, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Lamson, Chicago; T. F. Mackmiller, Iron River, Wis.; W. Blamgun, Minneapolis; M. Werthein, Chicago; G. W. Griffin, St. Louis; J. N. Russell, Jr., Minneapolis; I. F. Weil, Cleveland.

* * *

At the Lenox: M. C. Neal, Hibbing; J. H. Hopp, Chicago; C. B. Poynter, Richland Center; Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Nelson, Eveleth; S. H. Strand, Eau Claire; S. W. Gilpin, Virginia; P. Spindler, Milwaukee; Miss M. Bland, Chicago; F. J. Thompson, Washburn, N. D.; G. Walton, St. Paul; N. Cowling, Winnipeg; C. S. Whitelan, Minneapolis; R. S. Neil, Chisholm; L. C. Ren, Vernon Center, Minn.; H. Gannon, Iowa; S. Pflann, Minneapolis; A. R. Brown, St. Paul; C. Massey, Chicago.

* * *

At the McKay: M. J. Sweeney, Chicago; G. H. Norum, Lake Nebagamon, Wis.; S. H. Nelson, Milwaukee; B. F. Fowler, Two Harbors; J. N. Woodfill, Two Harbors; R. W. Knott, Ely; M. Belland, Chicago; M. S. Hamblen, St. Francis; W. D. O'Shea, Little Falls, Minn.; Mrs. M. E. Jewett, Minneapolis; N. Merriam, Saginaw, Mich.; A. LaVollette, Stamburg, Mich.; J. McKaige, Aurora, Minn.; W. P. Morosey, Chicago.

Science and Superstition.

Harper's Weekly: There is a young woman in Washington who is a graduate of a seminary that makes a feature of its course in domestic hygiene.

One day a friend was walking with this young woman, and their conversation turned to the discussion of some rather abstruse questions which the graduate intended to present in a paper before a woman's club at the capitol. The graduate was holding forth in approved seminary style on various scholarly themes, when she suddenly stopped and picked up a pin on the sidewalk.

"I am surprised," smilingly observed her companion, glancing at the rusty pin as the graduate stuck it under the lapel of her coat.

"It is a little superstition I have never been able to conquer," said the graduate, "but," she hastened to explain, "I shall sterilize this as soon as I get home."

Historical.

Washington Post: While there is some doubt as to whether George Washington tossed an American dollar across the Potomac, there is historic evidence that he threw an English sovereign across the Atlantic ocean.

THE WEATHER

Though it was fierce while it lasted, the blizzard did not turn out to be such a long-winded affair as it might have, and in the night, picking of gees up in the sky ceased, the clouds broke away, and the storm was at an end. This morning it was rather sharp, the walks and streets were covered with snow, and the sun was shining in rather chilly fashion.

Still, it was not cold according to the thermometer. The lowest temperature last night was 18 degs., and the highest yesterday was 26 degs. The weather man says it may snow some more tonight and tomorrow, and that it will get down near zero tonight and will be warmer tomorrow. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The Montana storm has moved its center to Lake Michigan. Another storm has developed over British Columbia. These disturbances have caused light to heavy falls of rain or snow in most northern districts east of the Mississippi river, the Northwest and all districts west of the Rocky mountains. It is warmer from the Mississippi valley eastward and colder from the Dakotas and Montana southward to Texas. The barometer is highest over Florida. These conditions favor snow again in this locality tonight and Friday, with colder tonight."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-fours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	38	Medicine Hat	—10
Atlanta	52	Miles City	8
Battleford	—2	Milwaukee	28
Bismarck	2	Minnedosa	—2
Boston	30	Modena	32
Buffalo	28	Montgomery	56
Calgary	—6	Moorhead	0
Charleston	48	New Orleans	66
Chicago	34	New York	30
Cincinnati	28	Norfolk	38
Davenport	30	Northfield	10
Denver	32	North Platte	26
Detroit	24	Oklahoma	36
Devils Lake	0	Omaha	22
Dodge	28	Phoenix	44
Duluth	18	Pierre	14
Edmonton	2	Pittsburg	38
El Paso	44	Port Arthur	2
Escanaba	24	Portland	38
Galveston	60	Prince Albert	—4
Green Bay	22	Qu'Appelle	—2
Havre	—2	Rapid City	20
Helena	22	St. Louis	38
Houghton	16	St. Paul	18
Huron	10	San Francisco	46
Jacksonville	52	Santa Fe	28
Kamloops	16	S. Ste. Marie	22
Kansas City	38	Shreveport	60
Knoxville	44	Spokane	34
La Crosse	20	Swift Current	—8
Lander	12	Washington	38
Little Rock	24	Williston	—10
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	24	Winnipeg	—14

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Jan. 18.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Probably snow tonight and Friday. Colder tonight with minimum temperature close to zero. Warmer Friday. Fresh northerly to easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin: Fair and slightly colder tonight. Friday threatening with rain or snow during afternoon or night.

Minnesota: Probably snow tonight and Friday. Warmer in west and colder in northeast portions tonight.

North Dakota: Probably snow flurries tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight.

South Dakota: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Warmer tonight.

MIRTHFUL REMARKS.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Who taught you to lie like that?"

"It is merely the logical development of an inherited gift, daddy."

Washington Star: "Do you understand the tariff question?"

"Perfectly," answered Mr. Cumrox. "All raw material I use in my business should be admitted duty free. Everything else should be taxed."

Chicago Tribune: Reporter—Uncle, to what do you attribute your long life

Oldest Inhabitant—I don't know yit, young feller. They's several of these patent medicine companies that's dickerin' with me."

Cleveland Leader: "You are getting too economical, dear," said Mr. Tackspare. "It's all right to save money on little things, but when it comes to sending me a 25-cent telegram to tell me where to go to save 7 cents on that snow shovel, it strikes me you are getting too conscientious."

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Young—John, I hate to ask you to go into this store with me, but I have to match this ribbon, and—

Mr. Young—That's all right, my dear. The ribbon counter girl in there is the sweetest, prettiest little—

Mrs. Young—Oh, I guess I can put it off till some other day.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "He tried to work a big deal."

"What stopped him?"

"The other fellows caught him when he was stacking the cards."

Philadelphia Ledger: "I'm but a single woman," began the suffrage orator.

"Don't give up hope yet," interjected a matronly person in the audience.

But they frowned upon her as one who had failed to catch the spirit of the occasion.

Cleveland Leader: "And now, George," sobbed the bride, who was starting on a visit to her mother's, "I must bid you a long farewell."

"You'll have to make it a short one if you're leaving on this train," put in an unfeeling conductor. "All aboard."

Chicago Tribune: Rivers—Brooks, you've heard that familiar saying, "Give a man rope enough"—

Brooks—"And he'll smoke himself to death?" O, yes, I've heard that, and I have often wondered who the pretended friend of yours is that's trying to kill you off.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man has lots of friends till he needs one.

One good thing about not having a reputation is you can't lose it.

It would be awful hard to make yourself marry a girl that wore bloomers.

The trouble with marrying money is, after you spend it, you can't go on marrying more.

It's queer what an improved literary style the average man has when he isn't writing to his own wife.

Where Needles Came High.

Harper's Magazine: Before the locomotives had penetrated into our great western territories the supply of troops at the advance posts was exceedingly expensive.

One day the post trader's new stock had arrived, and Mrs. B—— was invited to the opening. A display of common prints at 75 cents a yard and other goods at similar values did not tempt her to buy. However, as she was about to leave the store, she remembered that she needed some needles. Asking for a paper, a clerk handed them to her. Inquiry about the price brought the reply, "One dollar." For a moment she was rendered speechless, but recovering herself, she simply repeated, "One dollar!" By this time the trader himself, who had noticed the transaction, had approached and came to the rescue of the clerk: "Yes, madam, one dollar; it may appear high to you, but you must remember the freight!"

A Good Suggestion.

Red Wing Republican: Our suggestion is that the people of Minnesota, and even the people of the sections most interested in securing federal help, do not bank upon it. If it comes, so much the better. It will be a satisfactory adjunct to what is already being accomplished. But in the meantime let there be no cessation of effort upon our own part. Keep up our own activity in the drainage work; both because of our immediate interest and gain, and because those who do most for themselves are likely to find their appeals most respectfully listened to at Washington.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

A Cream of Tartar Powder free from alum or phosphatic acid

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1886.

***Collector Moore has returned from St. Paul. He says that President Finch of the St. Paul palace enterprise is desirous to have a Duluth snowshoe club take part in the festivities. The ice palace company will see that they have a free trip to and from St. Paul, where they will also be hospitably entertained.

***The Duluth Home Missionary society held a special meeting at the woman's house, 1530 West Superior street, Rice's Point, to make further provision for securing work for the increasing number of women and children applying for temporary care. It was voted that a small house just off Superior street east be secured as a training school for household help and as an employment bureau, and an appeal was made to the public for donations.

***News came from St. Paul that everything looks favorable for the organization of the big baseball league with Duluth as a member.

***An affray which nearly resulted seriously occurred in the Pioneer house at Tower. A pioniment merchant of that place got into a quarrel with a leading lumberman, and the merchant drew a knife, but they were parted before any harm was done. Just then Mr. Jones, the school teacher at Tower, came in. The merchant began to abuse him for whipping his boy in school. He attempted to thrash the schoolmaster, but Jones got the best of him when he again drew his knife, but was luckily prevented doing any harm with it.

***A young son of Police Officer Thompson fell down the stairway in his father's house Saturday and received severe injuries. No bones were broken and he is rapidly recovering.

***Cards are out announcing the wedding of W. H. Holmes of the Y. M. C. A. to Miss Celia Farnham, daughter of H. M. Farnham of Minneapolis next Wednesday evening at the bride's residence in Minneapolis.

***Word has been received that J. A. McKennion, who formerly lived at Rice's Point, died at Ottawa, Ont., on Jan. 2.

***Edward F. Thorne and company will appear in "The Black Flag" at the Grand tonight.

***The Omaha road is using a caboose car for a depot at Superior at present.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Halstad Reporter: When Jacobson of Lac qui Parle county gets to be governor the fur will surely fly.

Virginia Enterprise: It is rumored that the West Duluth end of the Forty-ninth will hold up its hands when inquiry is made as to where the next state senator is to come from, and make known the ambitions of a gentleman from down the line. 'Tis well.

Little Falls Transcript: The latest plea of the railroads in defending themselves from prosecution for illegal acts is that their own records shall not be used as evidence against them. The next claim will be that their own acts shall not be considered in getting proof of their law breaking.

Walker Pilot: This year it's to be a drainage campaign. Office seekers as a rule are used to that.

Lancaster Herald: If a man has enough drink he can make himself believe that everybody thinks he hasn't had any.

Bovey Iron News: The opposition being put forward by the Twin Cities against drainage makes it even more necessary then ever for the north country to send to the state assembly a man or two of the Greeley caliber.

Northome Record: The difference between a good Democrat and a good Republican is growing smaller each day.

St. Peter Free Press: While it is popular just now to criticise the Standard Oil company and its methods of doing business that institution seems to care but very little what the, people or the government say or do, as it evidently takes the position that it is bigger than either.

Mankato Free Press: Since some of the eastern railroads have deprived members of congress of transportation privileges, not a few of our learned statesmen have discovered that the government is paying the railway companies too much for hauling the mails. It requires an awful jolt for some of our congressmen to see things as they are.

Crookston Times: Truly the friends of drainage are following after false gods.

Northfield News: There is strong talk in congress of making two cents a mile the legal passenger rate on railroads. Is this an outgrowth of the proposed abolition of all passes?

Le Sueur Sentinel: Most if not all of the gubernatorial candidates yet mentioned, have a greater possibility of being struck by lightning in the winter season, than of being nominated for governor.

Little Falls Herald: Republicans need not worry about the next state platform. Grimshaw is still living.

Cleaning an Old Clock.

National Magazine: Have any of the readers of the National a clock they value that seems to be near the end of its career of usefulness? Does it skip a beat now and then, and when it begins to strike seem to be in pain? Let me tell you what to do. Take a bit of cotton batting the size of a hen's egg, dip it in kerosene and place it on the floor of the clock, in the corner, shut the door of the clock and wait three or four days. Your clock will be like a new one—skip no more, it will strike as of old, and as you look inside you will find the cotton batting black with dust. The fumes of the oil loosen the particles of dust, and they fall, thus cleaning the clock. I have tried it with success.

Born Reformers.

An American woman in London Telegraph: American women are born reformers. Nine out of ten feel themselves commissioned to rebuke, regenerate or redeem their fellow-mortals. It is this passion for conducting other persons' lives that is responsible in a large degree for the character, extent and prosperity of women's clubs in the United States. Zeal of a somewhat riotous kind finds here an opportunity to express itself, in words at least. The ambition to preside over meetings, to run committees and to promulgate various doctrines and views takes such hold of a large class of women that the care of home and family and other "common-places" fall into the background.

ECHOES OF HARMONY.

Windom Reporter, (Rep.): John A. Johnson, a farmer living near Moorhead, was kicked by a horse. A country newspaper reproduced the item from another country newspaper and contorted it into "Governor John A. Johnson was kicked by a horse." Even though Governor Johnson was kicked by a horse there is every indication that the time is not far distant when he will be thrown by an elephant.—Princeton Union.

It won't be by the elephants the Republican party had "on their hands" in the late campaign.

Elk River Star-News: Some Republican papers are making noises indicative of the hope that the Republicans will make some mistake which will continue the present state administration in power two years longer. Newspaper men have difficulty in hiding their real thoughts amid a multitude of words.

Princeton Union: It is now charged that most of the bad men on the Isle of Pines are from Minneapolis.

Anoka Herald: Why support a man for nomination and then knife him? It doesn't pay and the Minnesota politicians who are up to these capers ought to know it too.

Crookston Times: Republicans should have a care not to quarrel too fiercely over the gubernatorial bone, else the Democratic dog may carry it off.

Grey Eagle Gazette: Isn't it possible that the "good Republicans" who bolted the ticket a year ago, haven't any abundance of love for Knute Nelson, who stayed in line?

Grey Eagle Gazette: For papers that bolted the Republican party a year ago and supported the Democrat ticket, the Long Prairie Argus and Wadena Pioneer Journal are having a good deal to say about nominating another Republican candidate. They should be "plugging" for Johnson.

Crookston Times: Van Sant, though dead, yet speaketh.

Northfield News: Candidate Lindeke is now hearing a few adverse criticisms. The St. Peter Free Press claims his traveling men were instructed to support Governor Johnson in 1904. It is presumed, however, that the governor was glad of it.

Northfield News: In the meantime Governor Johnson is smilingly listening to the harsh discord in the Republican ranks.

Anoka Press: When the Johnson Democ-Republicans get through with their present farce of pretending to select a Republican candidate for governor we may expect to hear from those who will name the real candidate. As yet the latter are lying low, watching the pretenders and would-be's disporting themselves.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM

SATURDAY MATINEE.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS.
When a widow and a lawyer put their heads together nothing is impossible but

"THE SHO-GUN"

Night, 25c-$1.50. Matinee, 25c-$1.00.

Jan. 22-23—"County Chairman."
Jan. 25-27—"A Runaway Boy."

METROPOLITAN

Tonight and All Week, Including Saturday,

THE YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS

THIS IS LADIES' DAY.

FREE SOUVENIRS

To ladies tonight. Matinee, 20c and 30c. Ladies tonight, 30c.

A GREAT SPECIAL SALE OF

HOUSE-FURNISHINGS

INTRODUCING OUR NEW HOUSE-FURNISHINGS DEPT.

This department is located on the main floor, rear, and is certainly the handiest housefurnishing department in the city, and we have aimed to make it the most economical. Take advantage of this sale to lay in a supply of your kitchen and wash-day needs.

STORE OPEN UNTIL TEN SATURDAY NIGHT.



10c Milk Pans 4c

Best quality tin—good family size; you should have several of these—worth regular price 10c; for only 4c

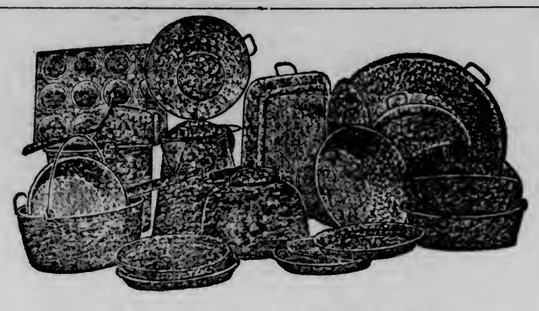


100-Piece Dinner Set $6.35

A grand bargain—choice of two patterns — fine semi-porcelain — guaranteed not to craze—hundreds of sets of this grade sold for $10.00. Special for this sale $6.35

12-Piece Toilet Set $2.95

Dark blue decorations, good shapes —be sure to come early for these; regular price $5.00— Special $2.95



SPECIAL PRICES!

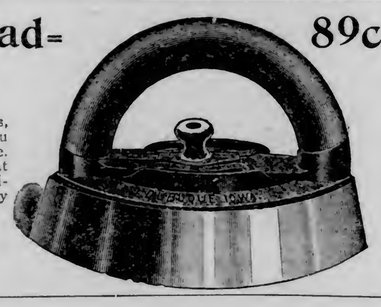
To make this opening sale of great importance to every one we will give special prices on everything in the housefurnishing department for these two days. The point is, buy your supply sure this

FRIDAY and SATURDAY.

Potts' Sad-Irons 89c

Consists of 3 irons, handle and stand. You all know what they are. Sell everywhere at $1.25. Special here Friday and Saturday, only

89c



$1.50 Meat Cutters 98c



Universal Meat Choppers, like cut, complete with 3 sets of knives to cut meat or vegetables; worth $1.50; for only 98c

$1.25 Ironing Boards 69c

Like cut, complete with stand — large size — worth $1.25; for only 69c





$1.00 Tea Kettles 59c

Royal steel granite ware—very best quality—good, large size—sells everywhere at $1.00; special 59c

$4 Tub Wringers $2.48

Best quality—large size—solid rubber rollers—will fit any tub—worth $4.00; special sale price $2.48

F. S. KELLY FURNITURE CO.

226-228 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

DEFENSE IS HEARD

L. J. Hopkins Begins His Side in United States Court.

Testimony to Show Quality of Timber and Government's Profit.

The defense's side of the case in the trial of L. J. Hopkins, in United States court, took up yesterday afternoon. The accusation, it will be remembered, is that Mr. Hopkins, George C. Swallow, his partner; Ross L. Mahon and Svend Olson conspired together to get government land by hiring people to take up claims. It is charged that the greater part of the land, consisting of some 3,400 acres, lies in 65-11, in Lake county.

Yesterday afternoon quite a number of witnesses were sworn, to show that the government really got more out of the land by claims having been taken than it could have realized from a private sale of the land. Nearly all of these men were cruisers and timber estimators, and they all declared that the land in question had principally jack-pine upon it, with some little tamarack and spruce, and very small quantities of white pine and Norway.

They had cruised the land for other parties, with a view to purchase from Swallow & Hopkins, but each of them had turned down the deal, for the reason that the land was so situated that the work of getting the timber out would cost more than the value of the timber would warrant. The testimony also tended to establish that the timber was worth more to Swallow & Hopkins than it could be to anybody else, for the reason that their mill at Winton is the nearest to the land of all.

The witnesses who testified yesterday afternoon were William Gallagher, James W. Thompson, Capt. James Bale, Alex Fraser, William Burnett of Seattle, formerly of Duluth, and A. C. Le Duc. Mr. Le Duc, who is superintendent of logging for the Oliver Mining company, testified that he looked over the lands for his company, which was looking for mining timber, and he recommended to Mr. Powell, a superior officer in the company, not to buy the land at $1.25 an acre. Other estimators on the stand placed values on the land of from $1 to $1.50 an acre, and not to exceed those figures.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nerve tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

HEAVY BUYING OF BESSEMER

Takes All the Surplus for the First Half of Year.

New York, Jan. 18.—The Iron Age says: The United States Steel corporation has purchased from the valley furnaces 85,000 tons of Bessemer pig for delivery during the first quarter at $17.25, and also 40,000 tons for delivery during the second quarter at an advance. Negotiations for about 50,000 tons additional for the second quarter are pending.

When the latter purchase has been consummated practically all the surplus Bessemer and basic pig iron in the valleys for the first half of this year will be out of the market. The cast iron interests have been the heaviest buyers of pig iron lately. It is estimated that the consolidation has taken an aggregate of about 40,000 tons, and the Massillon shop has bought 22,000 tons, the greater part from Southern furnaces. The general foundry trade has bought largely, and yet, particularly for the second quarter, prices are not quite as high as have been demanded lately, and as are being freely paid for the first quarterly delivery.

Among the larger rail orders are 20,000 tons for the Pennsylvania railroad, which carries the total requirements of the system close to 200,000 tons, and 10,000 tons additional for the Gould lines.

The structural shops are booking a good deal of work. A fair percentage of the capacity of the shops of the Steel corporation will be needed for the extensions and betterments of its own plants.

The material for another lake vessel has been placed in Chicago, and there has been some noteworthy covering by boiler manufacturers of requirements for the first half of the year.

The Eastern bar mills are facing a difficult situation. The industry has not been prosperous, and yet a demand for an advance in wages of about 12½ per cent has been made.

CHAMBERLAIN ELECTED.

His Great Personality Carries Him Safely Into Parliament.

Birmingham, England, Jan. 18.—Birmingham remained true to Joseph Chamberlain, electing all of his candidates in the seven divisions, and except in the case of Sir John Stone, by large mejorities. Sir John Stone's defeat in the east division was expected by the Unionists themselves and hence his retention of the seat by a majority of only a few hundred is regarded as satisfactory.

The Liberals had been optimistically expecting that the results throughout the country would affect Birmingham, but even the Liberal sweep was not able to overcome Mr. Chamberlain's great personal popularity.

Immense crowds stood for hours in City Hall square awaiting the results. When the figures were presented there was tremendous cheering, particularly when it was announced that Sir John Stone had been re-elected. The enthusiasm indicated the anxiety of Birmingham to send Mr. Chamberlain back to parliament with a solid Unionist contingent.

Mr. Chamberlain himself did not come to the city hall, but received the returns at his home. His majority was 5,000.

WISE TEA DRINKERS

DISCRIMINATE IN FAVOR OF

"SALADA"

Ceylon and India Tea, on account of its SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Sold only in Sealed Lead Packets, at 60c and 70c per lb. By all Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Trade Supplied by Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.

AMERICAN CURLERS WIN INTERNATIONAL TROPHY

Canadian Rinks Defeated by Narrow Margin of Four Points.

Two Duluth Rinks Largely Responsible for Victory of Americans.

The Americans captured the international trophy in the Northwestern bonspiel yesterday afternoon by the score of 105 to 101, after one of the most exciting contests ever witnessed in the history of this event.

The trophy was played for by ten American and ten Canadian rinks, and the aggregate score decided the winner. The Americans won out by a narrow margin of 4 points, and so close were the scores that the winner was not known until the last stone had been curled in the last game.

Each team won five of the games, but the Americans were fortunate in piling up a little larger lead. The winning Canadian rinks were Rochon, Jamieson, Braden and Pitblado of Winnipeg, and Whalen of Fort William.

The winning American rinks were MacLeod and Ron Smith of Duluth; Chisholm of Superior, Schemmel of Phillips, Wis.; and Fullerton of St. Paul.

The victory of the Americans was to a very large extent due to the Duluth rinks. The Ron Smith and R. J. MacLeod rinks each had a margin of 9 points over the opposing Canadian rinks. The Chisholm rink of Superior was also well up, having a lead of 8 points, and the Schemmel rink of Phillips added 7 more to the lead. Fullerton had a margin of but 2 points over the opposing rink, giving a total of 25 points margin.

The crack Braden rink of Winnipeg cut down this total by 12 points, giving the Dunbar rink of Bowesmount a fearful trouncing. The Rochon and Pitblado rinks of Winnipeg and the Whalen rink of Fort William each added 6 points to the Canadian's score and the Jamieson rink of Winnipeg added another, making a total of thirty-one.

The following table shows the standings of the different rinks:

American—		Canadian—	
Ron Smith, Duluth,	14	Neil, Winnipeg,	5
R. J. MacLeod, Duluth,	12	Campbell, Sault, Ont.,	3
Chisholm, Superior,	15	Schnarr, Kenora,	7
Schemmel, Phillips, Wis.,	15	Gawler, Winnipeg,	8
Fullerton, St. Paul,	12	McLean, Holland,	10
Dunbar, Bowesmount,	5	Braden, Winnipeg,	17
MacKenzie, Duluth,	6	Pitblado, Winnipeg,	12
Duncan, Duluth,	7	Rochon, Winnipeg,	13
Hastings, Minneapolis,	8	Whalen, Fort William,	14
McGregor, St. Paul,	11	Jameson, Winnipeg,	12
Totals,	105	Totals,	101
Americans,	4 up		

The following shows the scores of the different games by ends:

C. A. Duncan .....0 2 0 1 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0—7
E. J. Rochon .....1 0 5 0 1 1 0 1 0 2 1 1—13

S. Hastings .....0 0 1 0 1 1 1 2 0 1 0 1—8
W. H. Whalen ....3 3 0 3 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 0—14

R. J. McLeod .....0 3 1 0 1 1 1 0 2 1 1 1—12
C. V. Campbell ....1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—3

Rev. Dr. McGregor 0 5 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 2—11
Dr. Jameson .....1 0 2 0 0 1 3 1 1 0 3 0—12

H. F. Schemmel ..0 2 0 4 2 0 1 0 3 0 1 2—15
G. W. Gowler ....2 0 3 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0—8

J. Chisholm .....0 4 1 0 1 0 1 3 0 3 1 1—15
Dr. Schnarr .....1 0 0 1 0 4 0 0 1 0 0 0—7

S. Dunbar .....0 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—5
D. M. Braden .....4 1 0 0 1 2 1 1 1 0 4 2—17

G. F. Mackenzie ..1 1 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0—6
I. Pitblado .....0 0 2 0 2 0 2 2 1 1 1 1—12

Ron Smith .....0 2 0 2 0 1 2 1 2 2 0 2—14
G. Neil .....1 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—5

S. F. Fullerton ..1 0 3 2 0 0 1 1 0 1 3 0—12
H. J. McLean .....0 3 0 0 3 1 0 0 2 0 0 1—10

The contest was marked by a very exciting finish. The games between Duncan and Rochon and McLeod and Campbell were the last to come in. The first eight matches gave the Americans a margin of but one point, and it was seen that the outcome would be decided by the last two games. At the eleventh end Rochon was five up and MacLeod was eight up, giving the Americans a total lead of four points. If the Canadians could make two in each rink they would have tied the score, but MacLeod's quartet finished strong and added another to its score, which offset the point made by Rochon's rink, and the final score was unchanged.

* * *

No games were played last evening, owing to the smoker and supper at the Commercial club.

The draw for this morning included games in all three trophy contests now in progress.

There are still three drawings to be made. The American rinks entered in the bonspiel will be drawn against each other to play down for the international trophy.

The J. C. Meyers trophy contest is also yet to be opened, and the drawings for this will probably be made today.

The third trophy yet to be begun, is the Flour City Curling club trophy, which is a consolation event and open only to thoses rinks which were defeated in the first round of at least two of the first three events.

The Flour City and International contests will be confined to a much smaller number of rinks than the three now in progress, and they should be run off much more quickly.

Two of the rinks entered in the bonspiel have withdrawn and returned home, owing to business which called the members back to their homes. The W. J. Weir rink of Calumet left this morning, and the John Sharp rink of Winnebago City returned home last evening. They have forfeited their games in the contests from which they have not been forced out.

It was the first visit of the Copper country curlers to the bonspiel, and they were delighted with their first experience, promising to come back next year and bring one or two more representatives from that part of the country.

VISITORS ENTERTAINED.

Smoker and Supper at Commercial Club for the Curlers.

At an informal smoker and supper at the Commercial club last evening, the visiting curlers were entertained by the members of the Duluth club.

Preceding the smoker, the annual election of the officers of the Northwestern Curling association for the ensuing year was held. A. H. Smith of Duluth was chosen president to succeed J. C. Myron, whose term expired. James McCutcheon of Minneapolis was re-elected first vice-president to succeed S. H. Jones, and Louis Hanitch of Superior was elected second vice- president.

Owing to the question as to the city in which the next bonspiel will be held, the office of secretary-treasurer was left open. It is necessary that this office be filled by a member of the club giving the bonspiel. A. H. Smith, the newly elected president, was formerly secretary-treasurer of the association.

There is a plan on foot to make Duluth the permanent bonspiel city of the association, as has been done with Winnipeg by the Canadian cities. It has been difficult, in late years, to choose a suitable location for the bonspiel, and it has alternated between Duluth and St. Paul, with Minneapolis holding it once or twice. Duluth is by far the most desirable location, being central to all the cities in the association, and easily accessible. The Duluth club also has the best accomodations of any club in the association with the possible exception of Winnipeg, and the Canadian city already has an annual bonspiel.

The plan is being discussed and some definite decision will be reached before the curlers leave the city.

W. E. Magner, president of the Duluth club, presided at the smoker in the evening. Among the speakers were A. H. Smith, the new president of the association, Mayor Cullum, Rev. Alexander McGregor of St. Paul, Isaac Pitblado of Winnipeg, Dr. S. H. Schnarr of Kenora, J. C. Meyers of Minneapolis, Judge Corey of St. Paul, R. H. Thompson of Bowesmount, L. A. Barnes of West Duluth, J. R. Gawler of Winnipeg, and W. F. Stewart of Calumet.

The speeches were all witty and more or less interspersed with anecdotes, which kept the audience in good humor throughout the evening.

There was also a program of Scotch songs and dances in which the following took part: P. Doran, P. G. Brown, J. E. McCarrey of St. Paul, A. Stewart of Calumet, J. C. Myron, George MacKenzie and A. W. Brown.

Following the supper and entertainment, the curlers proceeded to Elks' hall, where they joined with the members of that lodge in a still more informal gathering.

BLAZE IN CLEANING SHOP.

Firemen Have an Early Morning Run on West Superior Street.

Fire in the rear of the clothes cleaning establishment at the corner of Superior street and Sixth avenue west, gave the department a run early this morning.

The cause of the blaze is unknown, but it proved an obstinate one and kept the firemen at work for more than an hour, before it was finally extinguished.

MATTSON WILL TRY IT AGAIN

Minneapolis Wrestler to Meet Mart Johnson Saturday Evening.

Carl Mattson of Minneapolis and Mart Johnson of Duluth, who are probably the best known wrestlers in the Northwest, will meet at the Metropolitan again Saturday evening, when the Minneapolis man will make a grand final attempt to throw the Duluth fireman, a feat he has hitherto been unable to perform.

This time he will not seek to throw Johnson just once, but twice, and the falls must come within an hour. This is much longer than Mattson was given to throw Johnson in the other matches participated in by the twain. He is confident of success, but so is Johnson. The Duluth man will have the advantage of confining his efforts solely to defense.

The management of the Metropolitan has put up a purse of $150, 75 per cent of which is to go to the winner and 25 per cent of which will go to the loser. The match will take place after the regular performance of The Yankee Doodle Girls Saturday night.

OPTION ON COPPER MINE.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Jan. 18.—The Herald today says that W. J. Guthrie of Butte, Mont., representing financial interests of Butte and Boston, has secured an option on the stock of the Grand Gulch Mining company of Mohave county, Arizona. The property is a copper producer, and the price to be paid is $500,000.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Rev. A. R. Tillinghast, pastor of Tuttle Universalist church at Minneapolis, has accepted a call to the church of Eternal Hope, on Eighty-first street, near Central park, New York City. He will leave his charge at Minneapolis about March 1.

A school fire drill Wednesday saved the lives of 150 pupils in the Rowell school building at Great Falls, Mont. Fire started in the cupola of the frame building and spread rapidly. The children were soon gotten into line and marched safely out. The wind was blowing about fifty miles an hour and the firemen were unable to save the structure. The loss is about $10,000, partially covered by insurance.

Otto Schultz, eight months old, of Appleton, Wis., was burned to death Wednesday while his brother and sister, four and five years old, respectively, were playing Indian during the mother's absence. The two elder children piled paper around the baby while it lay on the couch and ignited the pile.

The faculty of the Ohio state university at a meeting held Wednesday decided to bar freshmen from participating in athletics for six months after entering college.

ENGINEERS WANTED.

Civil Service Examinations to Be Held Here In February.

Two more civil service examinations for government positions have been scheduled for Feb. 7 and 8. Four positions for engineer in the Indian service are open and going begging for applicants to fill them. An engineer and miller is wanted at San Carlos agency, Arizona, for which applicants must show that they know grist mill and laundry machinery. The job pays $900 per annum and "keep," of course. An engineer is wanted at Puyallup, Wash., having a knowledge of steam heating and plumbing. Such will be paid $600 a year. A job paying $900 a year at the Colorado River agency, Arizona, is open, but the man who gets it must show that he has a knowledge of steam duplex pumps, engines, ice plant, laundry machinery, steam boilers, etc., besides engineering. An engineer is wanted at Grand Junction, Colo., where $840 will be paid. Additional knowledge required in this place consists of that of operating an gasoline engine.

In the Indian service also an examination will be held for a male teacher on the 7th and 8th. One is needed at Rapid City, N. D., where $720 per annis paid. An unmarried man is required and must be able to sing and give vocal lessons to some extent. Teachers are needed in other places also.

The Grip.

"Before we can sympathize with others, we must have suffered ourselves." No one can realize the suffering attendant upon an attack of the grip, unless he has had the actual experience. There is probably no disease that causes so much physical and mental agony, or which so successfully defies medical aid. All danger from the grip, however, may be avoided by the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy, not one case has ever been reported that has resulted in pneumonia or that has not recovered. For sale by all leading druggists.

EDWARDS ENDED LIFE BY POISON.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 18.—With finding of suicide as the cause of death, and without comment whatever upon the evidence taken at an inquest lasting nearly two weeks, Coroner Mix yesterday afternoon closed the case of the mysterious death of Charles A. Edwards of New York at the Hiller homestead on Jan. 3.

That he died of morphine poisoning, according to the coroner's statement, was shown by the autopsy, as the gun shot wound in the head was superficial and probably did not even daze him.

Coroner Mix completely exonerates A. Maxey Hiller and his brother, Charles A. Hiller, from having any connection with the death of Mr. Edwards.

ALL RECORDS BROKEN.

Wireless Message Received From Tug With Dewey, 3,000 Miles Away.

Portland, Me., Jan. 18.—Officials at the government wireless telegraph station at Cape Elizabeth announced yesterday that they were in communication with one of the tugs accompanying the drydock "Dewey" at 7:35 o'clock last Monday night. The drydock was then 2,226 miles off Cape Hatteras and moving four and one-half knots an hour. It was more than 3,000 miles from the local station. The officials say that this breaks all records for long distance wireless telegraphy in this country, the best previous showing having been the receipt of a message at Colon, Panama, from a distance of 2,600 miles.

BENNETT HEARD FROM.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 18.—The friends of J. R. Bennett, Jr., the attorney, who it was feared perished in the West hotel fire at Minneapolis, were much relieved by a telegram from him, stating that he was in Milwaukee on business.

RICH DIVORCEE MARRIED.

Mrs. Allon Fuller Black of Chicago Wedded at Boston.

New York, Jan. 18.—Without the knowledge of her most intimate friends, Mrs. Allon Fuller Black, former wife of Harry S. Black, head of the United States Realty & Construction company, and daughter of the late George A. Fuller, has been married to Tyler Morse of Boston, well known in society and club circles there and in New York.

The marriage took place in Mrs. Morse's home, 6 West Fifty-sixth street.

After a honeymoon trip of about six weeks, Mr. and Mrs. Morse will reside in New York.

Mr. Morse, who is 29 years of age, belongs to one of the oldest families of Boston, and is well known socially abroad, as in this country.

Mrs. Morse is 27 years old, and is recognized as one of the most brilliant women in society here and in Chicago. She has a fortune of $2,500,000 in her own right, inherited from her father, who was the originator of the steel skyscraper. In addition she received $1,500,000 from Mr. Black by private settlement in lieu of alimony, just before their divorce case was settled.

Reports of differences between Mr. Black and his wife were heard for several years before they finally separated, but the cause of the trouble never became public.

POSITIVE CURE FOR



Rheumatism

At Our Sanitarium

Before you go to any Hot Springs or special medical doctor, **Give us a trial.**

We have opened up a Sanitarium at 26 West Superior street, where we have every modern facility for curing Rheumatism, Colds and La Grippe. Our terms are from $10 to $15 per week. One week's treatment will bring enough relief to convince you that our system is the **only natural cure** for the above mentioned diseases.

Examination and consultation free of charge.

Dr. M. Z. Kassmir

RHEUMATISM SPECIALIST. And Turkish Baths.

Ladies' Turkish and Mineral Baths on Second Floor.

26 West Superior Street. Look for the big Electric Sign.

In selecting a whiskey three qualifications should be considered—the age, the purity and the flavor.

Old Underoof Rye

Possesses these qualifications in a greater degree than any other whiskey.

CHAS. DENNEHY & COMPANY, Chicago.

4

GRIPPE-COUGH

A tight cough, shooting pains in the chest, a feeling of depression, slight fever, are sure signs of grippe that is turning into pneumonia.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup successfully checks the cough, clears the lungs, and restores them to normal condition as thousands of cures attest.

"Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup saved me from a case of pneumonia. I took a deep cold and let it run on. A friend advised me to take

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

and I did so. After taking the first dose I already felt relief, and when I had taken the bottle I felt as well as I ever did in my life—I was cured."
James L. Daugherty, Deale, Md.



SAMPLE SENT FREE

to all readers. We want you to have absolute confidence in Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and, to that end, will send you a sample free, if you will write for it and mention this paper. Address A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore, Md.

AVOID THE SUBSTITUTE.—It is dangerous to experiment when you can obtain an absolutely safe and sure cure in the world-renowned Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Get only Dr. Bull's, and thus avoid chronic throat and lung affections. 25c., 50c. and $1.00.

Social, Musical and Club Circles.

The audience which gathered last evening to hear Harald Helde, the Norwegian violinist, completely filled the Flaaten auditorium and the program appealed alike to the local students of the violin as well as the many countrymen of the musician who were in attendance. Much enthusiasm was aroused and Mr. Helde responded to encore after encore, and after the final number played several exquisite bits of melody. His first numbers were selections from Wienlawski, a brilliant polonaise de concert and a beautiful legend. "Zigeunerweisen," by Sarasate, was a splendidly played number and two encores were demanded and were graciously given. Mr. Helde was accompanied by Mrs. Clarence B. Miller. His last numbers were played without piano accompaniment. They were three short and exquisite bits of Norwegian melody by Molly Gutten and in them perhaps the most wonderful and sympathetic tone quality and appealing interpretation of the evening was brought out. He responded to the insistent encore with several other wonderful bits of music.

Miss Josephine Northmore was the assisting soloist and this young woman with the musical voice sang several tenor solos with a range and depth of tone that is almost unbelievable. Her selections were "Lenore" by Trotere and "Where Roses Glean" by Angelo Mascheroni. Her encore numbers were Goodall's "Here's to the Rose" and "Today" by Trevillion. She was accompanied by Mrs. H. S. Clothier.

Card Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oppel entertained last evening at their home, 609 East Sixth street, in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. William Oppel and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Atkins of Tower. Progressive euchre was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. Joseph Ganter and Mrs. William Bradley and the men's prizes went to Joseph Isabel and Joseph Ganter. An informal musicale was given by Earl Atkins and Franklin Stevenson.

The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
William Bradley, Mrs. Frances Oppel,
George Northfield, Joseph Ganter,
William Wright, R. Mrick.
Misses—
Lena Blake, Lilliam Oppel.
Adalia Oppel,

Messrs.—
Isabel,
C. Wright, Stevenson.

Events of Interest.

The Outlook club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Watson Moore of 1829 East First street. Mrs. C. M. Rice will be the leader and the afternoon will be devoted to a study and reading of portions of Hauptmann's "Sunken Bell."

• • •

The Evening Art History class will meet this evening at 7:30 o'clock at the club room of the library.

Personal Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Costello and children left today for Los Angeles, where Mrs. Costello and children will remain for the winter. Mr. Costello will return to Duluth immediately after establishing his family there for the winter's sojourn.

• • •

Mrs. R. S. Collet left yesterday for a visit at Spring Valley, Wis.

Lectures on "Lear"

The Morning Shakespeare classof the Twentieth Century club completed the reading of "King Lear," and this morning listened to a lecture by R. E. Denfeld on this tragedy, regarded by many as the greatest among Shakespeare's plays. Mr. Denfeld spoke in detail of the development of the plot, following Lear's career from imperiousness, to madness ,to helplessness and death, and of the artistic need of the tragedy as it is, rather than a happy ending which until comparatively recently was used in presenting the play on the stage, the true finale being entirely diregarded. A large number of the class were present.

The class will study as the last play for this year, "The Winter's Tale," and Miss Adele McClaran will be the leader.

Gives a Dinner.

Miss Ida Bogan entertained at dinner last evening at her home, 318 Sixth avenue east. The guest of honor was her cousin, Miss Cecilia Bogan of Hubbell, Mich. Covers were laid for the following guests:

Misses—
Mae McCloud, Edna McLeod,
Helen Sunborn, Minnie Weis.

Missionary Union.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Missionary Union of Duluth will be held tomorrow afternoon in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church. The meeting will be held at 2 o'clock and any one interested in missions is invited to attend.

Suprise Party.

Mrs. Henry Elliot was pleasantly surprised yesterday afternoon at her home, 904 Garfield avenue. The affair was in honor of the birthday anniversary of the hostess and she was presented with a table by the following guests:

Mesdames—
J. S. Forward, R. Harper,
Albert Elliot, George Benison,
Elizabeth Burns, A. Smart,
E. Macfarlane, J. A. Heverlein,
J. H. Elliot, Walter Rooney,
Georgiana Dodge, S. Nahun,
J. Close, Herbert Elliot,
Shumacker, Edward Lowe.

BEWARE OF SARCASM.

Never Bring Child to Shame and Confusion of Face.

With Charles Kinsley's advice, "Whatever else you do never bring anybody, above all a little child, to shame and confusion of face," is the result of recent descriptions of their "favorite teacher" given by 1,076 school children, says the Washington Star.

The special horror of most of these children proved to be the teacher who was sarcastic. The sarcastic teacher was described as the one "who made a joke at your expense," or who was "curt" or made remarks as to the dumbness of the pupils, or who "never took your word for anything," or "always seemed to be watching for an opportunity to ridicule," or who 'put on such a wearied expression that we never dared to ask them anything," or "corrected mistakes in such a way as to make them feel bad or humiliated."

On the other hand, the favorite teacher was keenly sized up as the one who "used me fairly," "always perfectly square to me," "fair to all," "treated everybody alike," was the "same to every individual in the class," "all knew where to find him," "corrected me in such a way that it prevented my feeling humiliated," "was interested in the work," and as "young, enthusiastic and eager."

The mother who has sympathized with the boy or girl who does not like his teacher is right in her point of view that whatever his worth may be, the pupil, or rather the majority of pupils, are the true judges of what her worth may be to them.

"The adolescent stage," says President G. Stanley Hall, who started the plan of getting a consensus of what he calls the only expert opinion from the children, "is the best decade in life, and the age in which children are most influenced by their teachers. No age is so responsive to the best and wisest in adult endeavor."

A SQUARE MEAL.

Original and Rather Attractive Idea of Two Women.

"Ever eat a 'square meal?'" asked the junior bookkeeper as he slipped into his office coat. "No, I don't mean your Christmas dinner, or your alumni banquet, or anything so commonplace, but a meal where everything is square, from the table up."

Encouraged by the expression of interest on the face of his senior, he proceeded to elucidate, says the New York Press.

"Yesterday was my birthday, and by way of a celebration my wife and her sister fixed up a little stag party for the undersigned, twelve cronies of my bachelor days, and the most unusual dinner you ever saw. They issued invitations in my name to 'A Square Meal,' and then proceeded to carry out the idea verbatim.

"The table was square, with a square lace thing in the center and square doylies. The centerpiece was a square basket swung from the chandelier by ribbon and filled with flowers and vines, some of the latter trailing prettily on the table. The candle shades were cut with four sides—from heavy wall-paper, I was told—and by begging, borrowing or stealing the girls had managed to get all square china, too.

"At the corners of the table stood the hors d'oeuvre dishes, all of them square and having square edibles on them. There were little radishes cut square, squares of cheese etc. The soup could not be shaped, but they got over that difficulty by putting it in little bowls which fitted snugly into little square paper boxes, which came to table with their lids on. The custard sippets which accompanied the consomme were perfect squares.

"Then they had an entree of fish—halibut cutlets cut in squares and fried with cream dressing. The potatoes that went with this course were diced to give the required shape. Then, individual steaks cut square, or almost square instead of round or conecial. Cauliflower they served creamed in little square paper cases.

"The salad was composed of squares of meat jelly arranged on lettuce leaves and sprinkled with dressing. With it went brown bread and butter sandwiches cut square instead of oblong. For dessert we had individual cabinet puddings molded square and square cakes.

"But most novel of all were the finger bowls. My wife could find nothing square in that line, so she sent us instead little square blocks of ice, each with a little hollow at the top containing water and a couple of violets. The crackers and cheese lent themselves naturally to the shape required by the occasion, and the odd little four-sided coffee cups, which came, I believe, from an Oriental shop, were sufficiently square to fit into the scheme.

Chance for Debate.

This is not exactly musical, but as it might happen at any concert, it opens an interesting vein for speculation, says Musical America. At a recent benefit for the sufferers of the anti-Jewish riots in Russia, given at the New York Casino by the Shubert Brothers, Mark Twain told a story of some years ago, when Sarah Bernhardt appeared at Hartford. Two of his women friends denied themselves the pleasure of seeing the great French actress in order that they might give the $6 to two of their neighbors who were actually in want of food. When they received the money, the latter two denied themselves the nourishment they needed and spent the cash to see Mme. Bernhardt. Now the question is, which side showed the greater intellectual strength, the people who sacrificed intellectual pleasure for charity, or those who went hungry for the sake of mental enjoyment? Here is a great chance for the women's clubs to debate the new subject.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Lemons, 20 cents a dozen.
Parsnips, 20 cents a peck.
Corn meal, 2½ cents a lb.
Pork chops, 5 cents a lb.
Pink sliced ham, 20 cents a lb.

Yesterday was the kind of day, and so was today—If it was the sort that the weather man said it would be when he said today would be more of the same—when one remembers the days spent on a farm. Some way one always remembers the farm as snowbound, and the mere fact that one never spent a winter on a farm does not detract in the least from the memory if one only gets nicely started. But really, now, didn't it make you think of johnny cake Never heard of it Oh! The person who hasn't sat down to a humble meal of johnny cake, loaded with butter, and, if you're real young, a saucer full of maple syrup, adds just heaps to the enjoyment he has missed, more than he will ever be convinced of. Of course, if you are one of the recently arrived, pampered plutocrats, you maybe won't enjoy it, but it really pays to get back to the simple life long enough each year to enjoy johnny cake, butter and maple syrup or at least as near to it as one can come in this day of adulterated foods.

Lemons are only 20 cents a dozen, and it would almost pay one to have a cold and use a lot at that price, because the minute you want to make drinking things that involves lots of lemons, the price rises, so, if possible, use lemons now.

Then for a taste of something different these cold mornings, try broiled ham for breakfast. Get nice pink ham, cut rather thin, and broil it on a toaster over a bed of red hot coals and you will really wonder how you ever contented yourself with eating anything so plebian as fried ham. Try the same treatment with pork chops for luncheon, or even dinner, and with a little apple sauce, cooked just right, you've got something to put the whole family in good humor for the evening and most of the next day.

EVENING STORY



H C Hibert

TWO LILIES.

By J. A. Tiffany.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

After I had been admitted to the bar, my father considering it best that I should have the opportunity of gaining experience in a large city before entering his own office, I went West, where I became associated with a law firm, the head of which was an old college friend of father's.

Though they had lost sight of each other for some years, they had always retained the most pleasant and kindly recollections of each other.

It was drawing on toward evening when I arrived at Dr. Marsden's house on Madison avenue, in the city where I located.

Mr. Marsden impressed me at first as my beau ideal of a man; while Mrs. Marsden was one of those matronly ladies, with a certain old-world courtliness of manner, sweet and endearing. There was a son, named Fred, about two years older than I, who appeared to be a jolly good fellow.

"Lillian," said Mrs. Marsden, as a young lady entered the room, "this is Donald Fairchild. My daughter, Donald."

Miss Marsden and I shook hands.

I am not a lady's man, but up to this time I had never met a girl who caused me to be other than self-possessed and natural in manner. Now I was at a loss for something to say.

There was nothing haughty, or even stately about Lillian Marsden—just a bright, fresh, plump girl, a year or two younger than I, as I judged, but with something about her that immediately convinced me of my own inferiority.

She moved with ease, grace and distinction. Without boldness or any suggestion of coquetry, she had a way of looking direct into a fellow's eyes; and, in a musical voice she spoke with a frankness and direction—free from self-consciousness or affectation—that took the starch out of a fellow, making him feel limp and fatuous.

"This is Lillian's twentieth birthday," Mrs. Marsden observed, evidently for the purpose of relieving my embarrassment. "She is our only daughter, Mr. Fairchild."

"I am sure, Miss Marsden," I said finding my tongue at last, "I wish you many very happy returns of your birthday."

It would be impossible to convey any adequate idea of the unalloyed delight of my first few days in the city. At the end of a week I had accomplished three things: I had secured nice room for my private quarters; been assigned a place in the offices of the firm, to which I was admitted as a junior partner, and fallen head over ears in love with the head of that firm.

Mr. and Mrs. Marsden must have known how things were going, but the knowledge appeared to cause them no uneasiness. Indeed, there was nothing that Mrs. Marsden better liked than to talk about her daughter.

"Lillian is so different from most girls of her age," she remarked one day. "She is light-hearted and full of fun, but there is no giddiness about her."

I had been here about six months, when I was intrusted with a commission that took me to Massachusetts—which, by the way, was the place where Mr. Marsden first became acquainted with his wife. It was there that they were married.

My business was to look up the title to certain real estate in Boston, and to obtain authenticated records proving the validity of a client's claim thereto; which work, in addition to details to transfer, involved a search of vital statistics.

Before starting on my journey, I declared my passion to Lillian, and became her accepted suitor, with the approval of her parents.

At the end of three days I had finished my search in Boston and armed myself with certified copies of the entries discovered.

But—alas, for my success! I had found something else—something for which I was not looking—something that took all the interest out of my mission and made life seem a hideous mockery and burden.

Standing out, as if written in letters of fire borrowed from the nether regions, I found this entry in the records of births in Boston.

"December 14, 1880.—Lillian Agnes, daughter of John and Katherine Marsden."

And this was January, 1896!

My affianced, who had been introduced to me on her twentieth birthday, six months ago, was a charming damsel of thirty-six!

She was old enough to judge for herself; had been her father's naive confession, when first I spoke to him of my love for his daughter.

"Lillian is so sensible—no giddiness about her!" Oh, yes! Very sensible, my dear madame. Sensible enough to ensnare the virgin affections of a young blockhead like me!

"So different from other girls of her age!" Very, very different, I grant you—you fond, foolish mother.

"Lily!" Oh, grossest satire of all! "Evergreen," "Aloe," "Hardy Annual"—anything but "Lily."

Had this sweet maiden discovered the Elixir Vitae?—or what was the secret of her perpetual youth?

When I reached the office on my return to the West, I found Fred busy poring over a pile of musty documents.

"Glad to see you back, Don," he said, "I'm just looking over some interesting family papers. Father is at work on our genealogical history. I suppose you know we came over in the Mayflower?"

"I wasn't aware of it," I replied; "but you wouldn't surprise me if you told me you came over in the ark. How did your sister stand the voyage?"

"What the deuce is the matter with you, Fairchild?" Marsden asked, coloring.

"Nothing," I answered.

"Are you trying to be funny or offensive?"

"It all depends how you like to take it," I replied.

"Oh, that's it, eh?"

"Yes. Tell me, Marsden, how old is your sister?"

"D——n you!" shouted Marsden, "don't you know that a gentleman doesn't talk with other men about his sister?"

"I know more about the habits of gentlemen than you can tell me, Fred Marsden," I answered. "Perhaps, you would like to add this to your collection of family documents. It's very interesting, I assure you," and I flung at him a copy of Lillian's certificate of birth.

"Well, what of it?" Marsden asked, with a puzzled look, as he glanced from the paper to me.

"What of it?" I almost screamed. "Do you remember the day I came here.

"I do."

"And that your mother told me Lillian was 20 years old that day?"

"Yes?"

"Well—don't you see—this paper proves she is 36?"

Marsden whistled, and then he laughed. "Look here, Don," he said: "I think I ought to break your neck, instead of laughing at you—but it's too absurd. My parent's first child was a girl, who was christened Lillian Agnes. I was born nine years later; and five years after that came another girl. Lillian was a favorite name with my father, and the first child having died in infancy, they decided to revive the name. Accordingly, the second daughter was christened Lillian as the first had been christened Lillian Agnes. Now—what are you going to do about it, before I punch your head?"

"Punch my head first, please," I pleaded.

"No; I won't do it." Fred replied "It's a pretty dangerous thing to talk to a fellow about his sister, you know, the way you talked to me just now. But I'm glad you saw me, before any of the folks; and I'll keep mum about the whole business, for everybody's sake."

"And you won't punch my head?"

"No—I'll see you hanged first."

"Then, I'll do it myself!"

And I gave my head two or three good bangs against the wall. After which, I felt better.

EAT SAND AND SUFFER.

Seattle People Duped by Woman Disciple of Vitosophy.

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 18.—As a result of eating black sand distributed by Mrs. Katherine M. H. Blackford, exponent of the science of vitosophy, at Christensen's hall the other night, John Lawson of 817 Union street was thrown into convulsions of pain and nearly died. After suffering intense agony from the intestinal irritation caused by the black sand, a physician alleviated his pain.

Lawson says many of the 200 other persons who ate sand were also thrown into convulsions. Dr. A. G. Snow, who attended Lawson, says he believes every person who ate the black sand as directed suffered from intestinal irritation as a natural consequence. Mrs. Blackford admitted that she did distribute black sand, composed of an insoluble solution of silicon and black mica, to her audience with the advice that they eat it so as to cure all tendencies to indigestion. She says that animals eat sand to keep their digestive organs cleansed and that human beings can adopt the same treatment with beneficial results.

Lawson says that he will commence suit against the lecturer to recover damages for the suffering that he underwent from eating the sand. He says that he had barely reached his room after leaving the lecture hall when he was seized with the convulsions. The sand was passed around during the lecture by an attendant of the woman lecturer and most of those who had paid 50 cents to hear the lecture took and swallowed some of it.

The Actor's Art.

A second lecture by Rev. Brother Ambrose is to be delivered at the cathedral auditorium, Friday evening. Those who have heard the two lectures pronounce the second superior to the first in entertaining qualities. Acting as a demonstrator, the lecturer will make plain every point he presents to his audience. He will explain the laws that govern the movements of the muscles of the face, and the laws that regulate the hands. The audience will thus have the opportunity of contrasting the power of the artist in the picture to stimulate imagination and feeling, with the power of the living man when acting out each thought he renders. Among some of the dramatic numbers that will be given are: Poe's "The Bells," and the same author's "The Raven," "Curfew Shall Not Ring Tonight," Francois Coppee's splendid story, written for the famous French acter, Coquelin, "John Goello's Yarn." The reverend brother will probably recite something of his own, and will certainly give his humorous masterpiece, which he terms "The Elocution Contest."

GOVERNOR HANLY

Will be Tendered a Dinner at Commercial Club.

A dinner in honor of Governor J. Frank Hanly of Indiana will be given tomorrow at 12 o'clock at the Commercial club. Governor Hanly is coming here to deliver the opening lecture in the Star lecture course tomorrow evening at the First Methodist church, speaking on "The Patriotism of Peace," and former residents of that state now living in Duluth will join in doing the chief executive honor during his stay here. Governor Hanly's administration is bringing much honor and respect to the Hoosier state and former residents are taking much interest in the developments.

The Washington Post said of Governor Hanly shortly after he removed a state official from office:

"Hanly gave a magnificent exhibition of courage the other day when he summarily removed from office his friend and colleague, Sherrick, the defaulting auditor. This was a disagreeable duty bravely performed. A governor less honest—a politician simply—would have shielded his friend and abetted the covering up of the scandal, but Hanly refused to permit personal friendship or partisan welfare to control him in the least when public duty confronted him. He thus displayed the qualities that developed Weaver of Philadelphia, from a machine-made politician into a model executive.

"The country doubtless will hear more of Hanly. He is worth keeping an eye upon."

Dyspeplets

Give instant relief in Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nausea, all discomforts of indigestion and dyspepsia. Pleasant and economical. Medium size, 25c.; Large, $1; handsome aluminum bonbonniere, 10c. Druggists or mail.

Catarrlets

Relieve Nasal Catarrh, allay inflammation, soothe and heal the mucous membrane, sweeten and purify the breath. Best gargle for Sore Throat. 50c. or $1. Druggists or mail.

C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

If Made by HOOD It's Good

MAJ. E. W. RATHBUN

Announced as Candidate for the Govenorship of Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 18.—The announcement of Maj. S. W. Rathbun of Marion, editor of the Marion Register, as a candidate for governor, complicates the Iowa situation so far as the standpatters are concerned. Maj. Rathbun is a staunch old machine man in the fifth district, where machine methods are not yet out of date. It is expected that his public statement will soon call forth an announcement from George D. Perkins of Sioux City.

While the standpatters have brought out two candidates, Rathbun and Herriott, within a week, and Carroll is announced as a compromise candidate, there is still no activity in the Cummins camp. The presence of several Madison county men has given rise to the report that Cummins had called in the seventh district clans, but it was learned that these men were here to consider the primary election bill as a campaign issue and not to talk of candidates.

It has been practically decided that Governor Cummins will make no announcement of his candidacy for a third term until near the close of the legislative session. By that time the antipass and primary issues will have been thoroughly discussed in the country press and the governor and his friends will have a chance to know whether the issues are popular.

STATE OFFICIALS WORRIED.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—State officials are still exercised over the delay in the printing of the revised laws of Minnesota and several of the departments state that it will be necessary for them to have the laws governing their acts published in separate form so that the business of the state may move along in the even tenor of its way. This is especially true of the insurance department.

RANCHMAN SHOOTS HIMSELF.

Montana Man, Burdened With Domestic Troubles, Commits Suicide.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 18.—Partially paralyzed, principal in a divorce suit and engaged in another suit against a neighboring ranchman for $20,000, alleging the alienation of his wife's affections, Edward Kenster, a well-known and wealthy ranchman living in Highwood county, about 30 miles east of Great Falls, committed suicide. He shot himself in the head with a pistol. Besides his wife, he is survived by four children, the eldest 19 years of age.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

Temple Roller Rink

Open every week day. Afternoons, 2 to 6 p. m. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30 p. m. Music every evening by La Brosse's band and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Children's matinee Saturday afternoons.

Complete House Furnishers.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

All Goods Sold on Easy Payments.

Take Advantage of These TO SAVE

Adjustable Sofa

$13.50



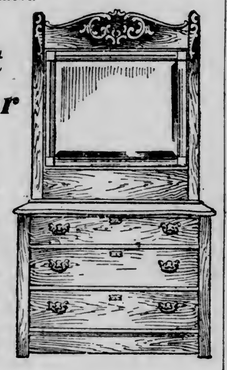
A sofa or couch as you please — ends drop to any desired height — all upholstered in dark green French corduroy — handsome design—well made — good and durable. The usual store would consider this cheap at $18.00.

Iron Beds —in Attractive Designs $4.75



Full size—in cream—and cream and carmine — heavy continuous posts and heavy fillings—other stores ask $9.50 for such beds as these.

An Excellent Dresser for $8.50



Good large size — has three roomy drawers — good sized, beveled, French plate mirror—is solid hardwood—golden oak finished piece—thoroughly well made and finished—other dealers would ask $10.50 for its equal. We are showing upwards of 100 styles of Dressers—in all woods and finishes.

A Beautiful Combination Bookcase and Writing Desk $10.75



In solid golden oak—very handsome design—bookcase with adjustable shelves—nice writing desk—French plate beveled mirror over it—case for magazines and papers under desk—carved top. The usual sore would say $13.00 for an equal value. They are an unusual value at $10.75.

Center Stands

With 16 x 16 inch tops.

35c

With 18 x 18 inch tops.

55c



They certainly are a snap at this price—solid hardwood—golden oak finish—turned legs. The ordinary store would not hesitate to ask $1.00 and $1.50 for such tables.

Handsome Pedestal Dining Tables $9.50



Solid oak—pedestal base—very desirable pattern—6-foot extension—golden finish—well made and desirable in every particular—other stores would say $18 for one not its equal.

Our Partial Payment Plan

This liberal credit system has served many thousands of people in Duluth and vicinity, and they are thus enabled to buy what they want and pay for it at their convenience.

Those with monthly or weekly incomes will find this system particularly convenient.

All special bargains and any and all goods are sold on this plan. We cordially invite you to open an account with us.

$25 worth of goods, $5 a month. $65 worth of goods, $8 a month.
$40 worth of goods, $6 a month. $85 worth of goods, $9 a month.
$50 worth of goods, $7 a month. $100 worth of goods, $10 a month.

Special and most liberal arrangements will be made for larger amounts.

More Real, Good Enjoyment with

A Victor Talking Machine

Than with anything else one could possibly buy.

This marvelous machine will play for you in the most exquisite manner—sing for you—talk for you—in fact, entertain you in any number of different ways.

The VICTOR brings the music of the world's greatest artists such as Melba, Campanari, Eames, Tamagno, Maud Powell, etc., Sousa's Band, Pryor's Orchestra, Hayden Quartet, Piccolo Solos, Trombone Solos, etc.—right into your home, where you and all the family, your friends and guests, will most thoroughly enjoy it.

And what could one enjoy more than an evening's program rendered by such famous musicians as these? Certainly nothing.

Such music is an education for most of us and an enjoyment that but few of us are able to take advantage of—the expense being beyond our means. But the price of a VICTOR is within the reach of all, selling from **$17.50 to $100, and on payments of from $3 to $5 a month.** Surely every home should have one of these marvelous entertainers.



OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS TILL 9:30.

Why Refer to Doctors

Because we make medicines for them. They know all about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, so they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, weak lungs, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Sold for over sixty years.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

ASBESTOS GOODS.

ASBESTOS
Pipe and Boiler Covering—Roofing—Packing—Cement—Paper.
A. H. KRIEGER,
228 West Michigan St.

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1891.
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.
OLD MIRRORS RE-SILVERED.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES.

F. L. STODDARD,
Barber Supplies and Furniture.
Cutlery Grinding.
212 West First Street. Both 'Phones.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

PHILLIPS-BELL SHOE CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Wales Goodyear Rubbers.

BOX FACTORY.

Duluth Box Manufact'g Co.
(Incorporated)
54th Ave. W. & Polk St., West Duluth, Minn.
Nearly all firms on this page use our Boxes. Packing Boxes, Box Shooks, Beer Cases, Pop Cases, Cratings, Chicken Coops, Etc.
Offices—118 W. Mich. St., and at Factory.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS
Manufacturers of....
BRASS GOODS, BRASS CASTINGS, BABBITTS.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains.
Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
228-228 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

PAINE & NIXON CO.,
Dealers in
Building Materials of every description.
PLATE AND WINDOW GLASS, Mirrors, and brick of all kinds.
106 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

CANDIES.

DULUTH CANDY CO.
Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

CANDIES.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 19th Avenue W.

CIGARS.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana
102-104 W. Mich. St.

COLD STORAGE & COMMISSION

C. E. PEASLEE, Pres. and Mngr.
GEO. MACAULAY, Sec. and Treas.
THE VICTOR COMPANY,
Cold Storage and General Commission.
Wholesale dealers in
Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Country Produce.
202-204 West Michigan Street.

DOVE-TAIL BOX FACTORY.

C. J. PETRUSCHKE,
Manufacturer of and dealer in
BOX SHOOKS, CRATES AND LUMBER
For buildings of all descriptions. Get our prices before building.
BEER CASES A SPECIALTY.
Factory: Cor. of 50th Avenue and Main Street, West Duluth, Minn.
Old 'phone 3090-L and 3081-M.

DRUGS.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
ALSO MANUFACTURERS.
"Best Located."

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce and General Commission Merchants.
126-128 West Michigan Street.

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.

Tucker-Overman Co.
(Incorporated.)
General Commission Merchants, FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.
212 West Michigan Street, Duluth, Minn.

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS
of Logging Tools and Steam Log Loaders.

GROCERS.

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co.
"A GREAT HOUSE IN A GREAT LOCATION."
Importers, Manufacturers, and Wholesale Grocers.
Horse Dealers.

Wright-Clarkson Mercantile Company
IMPORTERS—
Wholesale Grocers, Manufacturers.

GROCERS.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

HARDWOOD FLOORING.

Hardwood Flooring
Interior Finish, Doors, Sash, Frames.
Woodruff Lumber Co.
LUMBER.
817 Garfield Ave. Warehouse 22nd Ave. East

HARDWARE.

MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

HARDWARE.

Glaskin-Comstock Co
MILL, MINING AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES.
RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS
LEATHER BELTING.
CORDAGE AND WIRE ROPE.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO
HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

HATS AND CAPS.

BLAKE & WAITE COMPANY
WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS,
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

KNITTING MILLS.

NELSON BROS.'
KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

LEATHER AND SADDLERY.

Wholesale manufacturers
HARNESS, COLLARS, ETC.
SCHULZE BROS. CO.
Jobbers
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Leather and Shoe Findings.

LIQUORS.

Zenith Phone 287. Old Phone 1435-M
J. J. WALL,
Wholesale Liquor Dealer
Our Leaders— 310 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.
Old Crow, Hermitage Rye and Bourbon.
Bond & Lillard Bourbons.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

MACHINERY AND IRON.

Duluth Iron & Metal Co
Dealers in
Relaying Rails. Bar Iron and Steel. Iron and Steel Scrap. Spikes and Bolts.
200 to 800 East Michigan Street. Telephones 91.

MATCH FACTORY.

Union Match Co.
Manufacturers of
Doll House Matches,
West Duluth.

MATTRESS MANUFACTURERS.

Duluth Bedding Co.
ALL KINDS OF MATTRESSES MADE TO ORDER.
EXPERT REPAIRING.
733 W. Mich. St. Zenith Phone 1732

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Christensen-Mendenhall-Graham Co.,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
Men's Furnishing Goods.
Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
514-516 West First Street.

NOTIONS, OFFICE SUPPLIES.

Tupper-Quigley Co.
George L. Tupper. Robert B. Quigley.
Wholesale Notions and Office Supplies.
325 W. Michigan Street. DULUTH, MINN
Zenith Phone 1835. Old Phone 1500.

PAPER.

Zenith Paper Co
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO. COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
10 WEST FIRST STREET

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS.

Consolidated Stamp & Printing Co
Badges, Banners, Buttons | Stencils, Notary and Corporate Seals
Steel Die Embossing and Card Engraving.
14 North Fourth Ave. W. Both Phones.

RUG FACTORY.

Interstate Rug Co.,
L. SINOTTE, Prop.
The only rug manufacturers and carpet cleaning establishment in Duluth.
1701-03 West Michigan St.
Both Phones.

SHOWCASE FACTORY.

DULUTH SHOWCASE FACTORY,
Showcases, Bar, Barber, Office and Store Fixtures.
1610 West Michigan St.
Zenith Phone 1260. Peter M. Carlson, Prop.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DEETZ & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Galvanized Iron Cornice,
Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters, Galvanized Iron Skylights, Etc.
Ventilating Pipes, Steel Ceilings, Smokestacks
ROOFING.
Phone 793. 406-408 East Superior St., Duluth, Minn

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Manufacturers of
Metal Ceilings, Corrugated Iron, Cornices, Skylights, Etc. Fire-proof Doors and Shutters.
126-130-132 East Michigan Street.

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
119 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE SPLENDID showing made by Duluth jobbers each week in the Thursday Herald is strong evidence that Duluth can compete successfully with any city in America in the number, size and diversity of its jobbing interests.

THEY HUNT WITH A HORN

Improvement on Ferret Made in New York State.

Rubber Hose Scares the Cottontails From Their Burrows.

Geneseo, N. Y., Jan. 18—Rabbit hunters up this way have discovered in the season just closed that a fishhorn and a piece of rubber hose are valuable additions to the sportsman's ordinary outfit.

The rabbit season has been a pretty good one, except that there hasn't been much snow. The woods have been full of cottontails, but with all the holes uncovered the rabbits have taken to the ground before the dogs have fairly got them started.

For the sportsman who sticks to the letter of the law this has meant an empty bag unless he was willing to do some hard digging. Those who have been willing to stretch a point and take a chance have used ferrets.

There is nothing that a rabbit dreads so much as one of these long, slinking, bloodthirsty animals. Let a ferret enter the burrow where a rabbit has taken refuge and you'll get action quickly.

Hunters up here have found that the fishhorn and the rubber hose will serve the same purpose just about as well. The hose is attached to the mouthpiece of the horn, and the horn is pushed into the hole as far as possible. One good blast will usually dislodge the cottontail, which pops out with the speed of an electric spark.

Woe to the hunter who hasn't arranged the hose so that his head is out of the line of the rabbit's path! More than one bloody nose has resulted from such indiscretion, and one sportsman in town doctored a pair of beautiful black eyes for a week because of a collision with a cottontail.

The fishhorn is a good deal better in many ways than the ferret. At best a ferret is treacherous, and the man who handles one is apt at any moment to be obliged to pry the creature's teeth out of his flesh.

Besides, no matter how completely the ferret's teeth have been blunted, every once in a while he is sure to nail a rabbit in the hole, and when he does that it's usually an all day job for the hunter to get him back into the bag. He will gorge himself on the rabbit's blood, and then curl up in the remotest recess of the hole and sleep his dinner off. Many a black mark has been set down in the Recording Angel's book against a hunter whose ferret has played this trick.

About the only way to arouse the animal after he has gorged himself with blood is to drop stones on the frozen ground over the burrow. Then the chances are about fifty to one against you. Even if the creature is aroused sufficiently to make a trip to the opening, he will in all probability show only the tip of his nose and then slink off again into the darkness.

The hunter's only recourse when this happens is to put the bloody head of the rabbit into the hole and let the ferret fasten his teeth in the animal's neck. The greedy creature is always ready for another meal, and his teeth once set in the rabbit's neck he will cling to it until the flesh tears. There is no more dismal experience for a hunter than to have his ferret lie down for a nap just about the time he is preparing to quit for the day and go home to a hot dinner. The man who has a well trained ferret values the beast just as highly as the owner of a well-trained dog values his animal, and the only thing left for the hunter to do when his ferret goes back on him is to stand guard over the hole until the ferret puts in an appearance again. To plug the hole is next to impossible, for there are usually one or two other exits.

The fishhorn method of starting the rabbit out, besides being within the law, also is much more humane than the use of a ferret. The squeal of a rabbit when it catches sight of the ferret's two glowing eyes advancing toward it in the darkness of the burrow is pitiful, and this alone prevents many sportsmen using the animal.

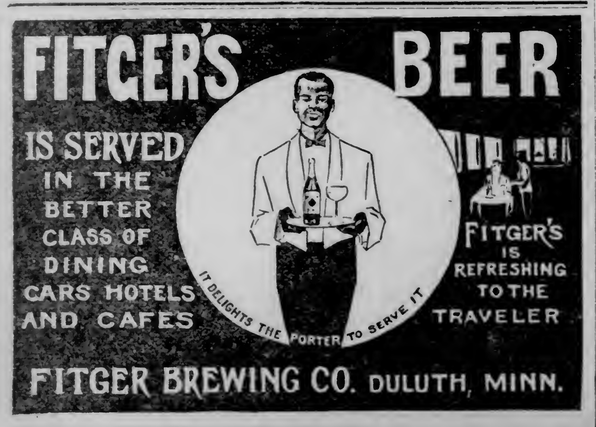
Following the squeal of terror there is always a second or two of dead silence as the ferret steadily closes in on his victim—then a rush and a struggle as the rabbit attempts to shake off its blood-thirsty pursuer and pass him. If successful, the cottontail fairly flies as it leaves the hole, abject terror exhibited in every movement. The ferret, slow and slinking still, apparent at the opening a few seconds later, a tuft of rabbit fur usually hanging from its mouth and his little pink eyes gleaming treacherously.

There is another particular in which the tin horn has the ferret beaten. A ferret, when in search of game, is not very discriminating. He doesn't appear to care much what he gets hold of, so long as the victim has good fresh blood in its system.

So it happens that the ferret sometimes tackles a skunk instead of a rabbit. The skunk is just as vicious a fighter when cornered as the ferret, and is bigger and stronger. With his peculiar means of defense, therefore, he usually routs the ferret.

It is one of the unpleasant features about hunting with a ferret that the sportsman doesn't discover the character of the ferret's antagonist until after he has transfered the ferret to his pocket. If he is lucky enough to detect the truth beforehand, he is in practically as bad a dilemma. There is this virtue about the tin horn, that although it often inspires the same kind of attack on the part of the skunk, it seldom gets far enough into the burrow to sustain any impairment of its own usefulness.

It hasn't taken the dogs long to get accustomed to the fishhorn method. They have learned to know what is up as soon as the horn and hose are removed from the hunting coat pocket. Three or four beagles peering over the edge of a rabbit burrow, with eyes and ears intent, waiting for the blast of the fishhorn, make as pretty a picture as any sportsman would want to see.



GRAND HUNT FOR A TEXAS STEER

Animal Escapes From Stockyards and Runs Through Streets.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—A Texas steer created much excitement on the south side of the city yesterday afternoon. It was the leading figure in a grand chase which commenced at the stock yards, was continued through some of the leading residence streets, along Grand boulevard, through Washington park, and as far as the suburb of Grand Crossing, where it was finally captured after it had fallen from exhaustion, ten miles from the starting point. The pursuing party was made up of patrol wagons filled with policemen, a troop of cowboys, and a small army of citizen volunteers that varied in numbers at different points in the pursuit and ran all the way from three to four to five hundred.

The steer was one of a drove that was being taken to the stockyards, and it broke from the herd and ran. Two cowboys took after it, and they were joined in a short time by policemen on foot and in patrol wagons. The officers on foot amounted to little when it came to catching up with the steer, but the wagons were more persistent. After a run of two miles along Grand boulevard the animal ran into Washington park and hid in some bushes. Two policemen managed to draw near enough to seize the animal's tail, but it pulled them into the park lagoon and being in danger of drowning, the officers let go. A number of other cowboys caught up with the chasers at this point, and followed by a galloping squad of cavalry, the patrol wagons and a small army of citizens, the steer tore through the park and ran out the midway plealsance, taking its way across a small pond, on which several hundred boys and girls were skating. A number of theses had narrow ecapes from being run down by the animal. The chasers then continued on a straight course to Grand crossing, where the animal fell down and could run no more. It was then lassoed and led back to the stockyards.

NATURE TELLS YOU

As Many a Duluth Reader Knows Too Well.

When the kidneys are sick,
Nature tells you all about it.
The urine is nature's calendar.
Infrequent or too frequent action;
Any urinary trouble tells of kidney ills.
Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills.
Duluth people testify to this.

Moses Leckey, flagman on the Northern Pacific railroad, living at Seventy-first avenue west, West Duluth, says: "A friend did me a great kindness when he recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to me. He had used them with marked benefit, and on his recommendation I got a box and began treating a bad case of backache and kidney disorder which had troubled me severely all last winter. There was acute pain in my back and loins, and the irregularity of the kidney secretions was most annoying. It prevented sleep at night. The first box almost rid me of the trouble, but I continued using them until I had taken two boxes, then not a trace or a symptom of the trouble remained. I used Doan's Ointment for itching hemorrhoids with equally fine results, and it is needless to say that I am an earnest endorser of both remedies."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

INTERNATIONAL CROOKS.

Paris Police Have Just Broken Up a Notorious Gang.

Paris, Jan. 18.—The police have just succeeded in breaking up one of the worst "international railway gangs" in existence. During the past few weeks they have placed under arrest dozens of the international thieves, notorious for their exploits on the Riviera, in railroad trains and at the Italian frontier stations.

In consequence of numerous complaints, the police made a raid on a club at Marseilles, known as the Petit Cercle, where an important letter was seized, instructing the person to whom it was addressed to call at the house of a woman and receive a parcel which was to be sent immediately to Paris. A detective called at the house, named the password in the letter and received a parcel which contained documents which led to the arrest of the seven persons. These arrests soon led to a large number of other arrests.

At the lodgings of two of these persons was discovered an extraordinary collection of articles, such as English passports, customs officers' uniforms, wigs and other things like forged police warrants.

The police refuse to give any information, but it is certain that they have discovered an extraordinary organization of international swindlers, composed of both men and women. The letters found showed that they had correspondents in every town on the Riviera. The gang was so well organized that they often heard of crimes before even the police learned of them, and they would call on the authors of these misdemeanors, armed with false police warrants, and would thus extort blackmail.

GOOD HERRING CATCH.

Yarmouth and Lavestoft Will Realize $2,750,000 for Season.

London, Jan. 18.—The herring fishery oft the east coast is almost completed, and both at Yarmouth and Lowestoft the crews are "making up" and being paid off. In many instances the men have received largs sums of money, the catch being reported excellent. In round numbers, of course, including some estimates, the total landings at the two ports have been 67,000 lasts, or some 885,000,000 fish. Yarmouth's catch is at least 10,000 lasts ahead of that of her neighbor.

This enormous catch is taken in the short period of three months. It is estimated that if the combined catch at Yarmouth and Lowestoft could be placed on railway trucks, it would require 16,549 trucks, and the weight would be equal to 130,524 tons. The value of this catch is a more difficult matter to estimate. Taking the price of $40 a last, believed to be a fair average, the catch ought to realize at least $2,750,000.

STUDENT KILLED WHILE COASTING.

Faribault, Minn., Jan. 18.—B. Greaves, a cadet at the Shattuck military school, was killed in a coasting accident last night and Cadet Vale and Peterson, a student at the deaf and dumb school, were seriously injured. Greaves was steering the sled and fearing it was about to overturn, jumped off, falling directly beneath the runners. He was not instantly killed, but died soon after being removed to the hospital.

CIGARMAKERS HUSTLED OUT OF THE COUNTRY.

Key West, Fla., Jan. 18.—The crisis came to the cigarmakers' strike yesterday when a second committee of the Torcedores union refused to consider any proposition to settle the strike. On a signal given the citizens' committee, seventy-five strong and heavily armed, surrounded the Torcedores hall, captured the committee of twenty-five and escorted them to the club and from there they were taken to the steamer Mascotte and at 8 o'clock last night sailed for Havana. The criticism these men made concerning American workmen and the work done by the citizens committee was the cause for their deportation. The vagrant law will be strictly enforced unless the men go to work. Four agitators who arrived from Tampa by the Mascotte last night were arrested and sent to Havana.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

KORBY IS GIVEN $1,500 VERDICT

Chesser Must Pay for Alienating Mrs. Korby's Affections.

Finding that John Chesser alienated the affections of Mrs. Olive Korby and caused domestic unhappiness that broke up the Korby home at Virginia, the jury returned a verdict yesterday afternoon of $1,500 in favor of John Korby, the injured husband. The verdict was arrived at after several hours' deliberation.

John Korby sued for $10,000 claiming in addition to the temporary loss of his wife's affections, that the scandal and trouble resulting from Chesser's attention to Mrs. Korby ruined his piano business at Virginia, and compelled him to move to Duluth.

On the first trial Chesser was successful in getting a verdict, but the court set it aside on the ground that it was not in accordance with the evidence, and ordered a new trial. In this second trial both sides put up a hard fight. Mrs. Korby and Mrs. Chesser, either of whom did not appear at the first trial were witnesses for their respective husbands and their testimony showed that while Mrs. Korby alleged that Chesser was continually pursuing her, Mrs. Chesser's testimony was to the effect that Mrs. Korby was continually after Chesser.

Busy People Need
NEURALINE
They cannot stop work for
Neuralgia, Headaches, La Grippe, or Pains.
When chilliness, sneezing and general aching of the body announce Colds or La Grippe, stop it by taking a few NEURALINE powders according to directions.
Price, 2 Powders 25 cents
Ask your druggist for Neuraline. Manufactured by EUREKA MEDICAL CO., South Bend, Ind.

5¢ 5¢

A NEW KIND OF CIGAR FOR YOUR NICKEL

The "Anna Held" quality, such as you expect only in a three-for-quarter cigar, is developed through skillful selection, curing, grading, fermenting and *blending* of the tobacco leaf *before it reaches the factory.*

"Anna Held" Cigar

The different varieties of leaf required to produce such a perfect, well-balanced smoke are packed and fermented together for two years in immense "stemmeries" erected especially for this purpose at a cost of over a million dollars. This exclusive preparatory system produces a *real* blend, combining the characteristic flavor and goodness of each grade, and insuring the rich, smooth, uniform flavor you'll find in the "Anna Held." One trial will prove it!

SOLD BY ALL DEALERS IN GOOD CIGARS

Manufactured by the AMERICAN CIGAR COMPANY

Trade supplied by GEO. R. NEWELL & CO. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.



SWAN'S DOWN VERY DEAR

It is in Demand as Substitute for Eider Plumage.

Not Enough Now for Either London or New York.

Lachine, Que., Jan. 18.—It may not be generally known that one of the important products of the Far North and one which has increased in value rapidly of late years is swan's down.

The great trumpeter, or Hunter's swan, which nests to the north of Hudson bay, produces the most valuable down known to the trade, excepting that which comes from the eider duck. The swans are commonly skinned and the salted or cured hides are shipped to the old land complete.

Of the common and smaller swans great numbers are secured by native hunters in traps or by shooting, but the skins are not grailed at so high a value as are those of the trumpeters. This is the swan which is to be seen flying along the Mississippi valley on its way South in early winter, generally at a great height and always at a high rate of speed.

What adds to the value of the swans is the growing scarcity in the supply of elderdown, combined with a greatly increased demand for it. For the lining of opera cloaks, for cushions and for fine traveling rugs large quantities are also needed.

One of the very few dealers in down from a European capital remarked lately that all the true elderdown produced each year would not suffice for New York or London alone. Swan's down is one of the best substitutes for elderdown and has a value nearly double that of twenty years ago.

There are two ways of testing down which are easily available. If the padded article be placed before an open fire the padding will increase greatly in bulk, swelling out to an amazing extent if it is stuffed with real live elderdown.

Or of a handful of the down be thrown up into the open air good elderdown will cling together, so that not a particle need be lost, while inferior down will disintegrate and be blown away separately.

A couple of pounds of the real down, which is enough for a good sized quilt, may be packed easily into an old-fashioned small muff box, and will not mat together, but much more swan's down will be required for the same sized quilt.

This elderdown must be live down to be of first quality. When the down is taken from the dead bird, or is removed artificially, that which is unripe and not dried at the point of adhesion will be taken, and that soon deteriorates, and shrinks, and felts together.

The bird itself has acquired the habit of picking out the down with which it lines its nest preparatory to laying its eggs. The watchers take away most of the lining once or twice, and then allow the mother to appeal to her mate for assistance, which he is always ready to proffer.

By the time the mother bird is ready to begin setting she has continued the plucking and borrowing process until she has piled up the down to such a level as completely to hide her from sight.

Watch is kept upon the nests at the time when incubation is supposed to be complete, and great care is taken to secure the down within twenty-four hours of the leaving of the nest by the young birds. A shower of rain just at this period robs the down of two-thirds of its value.

As may be easily imagined, the elder duck must be of an exceedingly docile disposition to permit of all this watching and nest robbing. As a matter of fact, it is given to a great liking for humanity, often building its nest close to farm buildings. From each nest over an ounce of good sorted down may be expected.

Several tedious processes are necessary to extricate fragments of sticks and nest debris from the down, during which enough dry heat is applied to it to reduce all foreign substances to such a degree of crispness as to insure their being pulverized when passed between rollers. After this the whole is lightly shaken, and so freed from all impurities.

This work is done on the spot on the Norwegian coast, where the best down is obtained, and it is there sold at prices ranging from $1 to $5 a pound.

The Icelandic supply, which used to be considerable, has greatly fallen off of late years owing to the destruction of the birds for the sake of their plumage and for their flesh, which, by the way, is not at all a superior article of diet. Lack of intelligence in preparing it for the trade and carelessness in gathering has always told against the value of the down obtained from Spitzbergen, though there has been an improvement in these respects of late years.

But it is to Scandinavia, where stringent laws protect the industry, and where the value of it is appreciated to the full by the peasants, that dealers look for the main supply of the best grade. It has been found possible thereto remove the first three or four eggs laid, when the mother bird will, like the domestic duck, lay on until her number—generally five—is complete. In this manner attempts have been made for years past to increase the number of elderducks, but, it must be confessed, with very indifferent success so far.

Happily the wild swan is a powerful, healthy bird, producing a fairly good article of down, and if the birds receive some slight protection there appears to be no reason why their numbers should not increase. No serious attempts have been made systematically to look after the nests of the swans as yet.

It is there that the most valuable live down will be found, and it has the advantage of not being easily spoiled by the weather. A swan's nest should produce, it is said, three or four ounces of rough down which generally requires a little cleaning.

It ought now to be a profitable business to hunt for these nests, even if they be left unmolested until they are deserted. Perhaps after a time it may come to be looked upon as a crime to slaughter a trumpeter swan for its plumage as it is at the present time on the coast of Norway to kill a female elder duck.

Dealers declare, also, that it is not so much the difference between elder down and swan's down which makes the difference in price as it is the difference between down and that forcibly taken from the dead or living bird. If so, the elderduck is chiefly valuable because its habits render it easy to secure the down it heaps up in its nest.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD



APPLIED AS A COLD CREAM ACTS AS A MEDICINE.

Wherever applied, its healing and nourishment is instantly absorbed by the pores. It strengthens and builds up the tissues underlying the skin and Firm, Healthy Flesh is the result.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is no new experiment. It has been in use for more than fifty years and during that time thousands of women and men have used it with entire satisfaction.

That it is not to be classed with "Cold Creams" and other things of like superficial potency is proved by the fact that it is prescribed by leading physicians and used in hospitals for the nutrition of invalids whose stomachs are too weak to digest food.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD should be used by every woman who has the least desire to be attractive. It is the only preparation that will round out hollowed, thin cheeks or scrawny neck with Firm, Healthy Flesh and Remove Wrinkles from the face and hands, no matter how deep the furrow.

FOR DEVELOPING THE IMMATURE BUST or to make the breast firm, large and beautiful nothing can equal it. To prevent the breasts from shrinking, after weaning baby, mothers should always use DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD. It will also restore a bosom to its natural contour and beauty lost through nursing and sickness.

ON SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is $1.00 a box, but to introduce it into thousands of new homes we have decided to send Two (2) boxes to all who answer this advertisement and send us $1.00. All packages are sent in plain wrapper, postage prepaid.

FREE. A Sample Box—just enough to convince you of the great merit of DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD—will be sent free for 10 cents, which pays for cost of mailing. With this sample we will also send you our illustrated Book, "Art of Massage," which contains all the proper movements for Massaging the face, neck and arms and full directions for developing the bust. Address

DR. CHARLES CO., 108 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

MISER ALMOST MUMMIFIED.

Lived on Bread and Water and Left $750,000 Estate.

Berne, Jan. 18.—FatherAeby, the most remarkable miser in Europe, has just died here. When 22 years of age he inherited a large fortune, and from being a spendthrift became a notorious miser. He shunned society and lived in a dilapidated house on bread and water. He never bought new clothes, and he limited his personal expenses to 15d per day. He died at the age of 70, and his body was so emaciated that it resembled a mummy. A search of his house revealed $100,000 in gold and silver under the floor of the bed room, and other securities found show that his estate is worth about $750,000. All his relatives, so far as known, died during his life, and it is expected that the state will take possession of his fortune.

RIFLE SHOOTING IN SCHOOLS

Some Criticisms of Bishop of Salisbury's Gun Clubs.

London, Jan. 18.—The bishop of Salisbury, who is one of those to take a strong interest in the appeal of Lord Roberts for the establishment of rifle shooting in the schools, appears to have had some trouble in getting these rifle clubs established upon the proper basis. In an interview upon the subject he said:

"Because I opened a rifle range for the school boys in Salisbury I have received numerous letters, kindly and well meant, but sometimes unpleasant letters, from people who seem to think it very shocking to train one's sons to use weapons to kill their fellowmen."

The instinct of self-preservation, the bishop continued, has always been held to justify expelling force with force. He said that he would consider himself wanting in his duty if he failed to state that rifle clubs would always have his hearty support.

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous and troubled mentality, upsets the entire physical system. The body is a net-work of nerves. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and rebuilds the entire system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

CONCERNS ARE UNITED

Hammond and Omaha Branch Packing Houses Consolidate.

Both Controlled by National Packing Company of Chicago.

Following a line of policy which it is said to be gradually adopting in all the large cities where it operates, the National Packing company of Chicago, that controls the Hammond Packing company, will close the branch house of the Omaha Packing company in this city, next Saturday evening, and will consolidate its business with that of the Hammond Packing company, in the Dickerman block at 110 and 112 West Michigan street.

Hereafter the business will be transacted under the name of the Hammond Packing company and G. P. Schrei, present manager for the latter company will continue in management of the consolidated business.

The Omaha Packing company's branch house at Sixth avenue west and Railroad street is now in the process of closing and the plant is likely to be used by other concerns for other purposes, or may possibly be used as part of the storage plant of the Hammond Packing company.

It is understood that J. F. Durgan, who has had the management of the local branch of the Omaha Packing company has not yet definitely decided on his future plans, but that there is a possibility of his remaining in Duluth to engage in some other line of business.

Outside of the position of manager, which has been done away with by the consolidation, it is understood that there will be no cutting down of the office or operating forces, the employes of the Omaha Packing company being transferred to the branch house of the Hammond Packing company.

The Omaha Packing company has had its branch house established in this city for the past eight years and the Hammond Packing company is said to have been in the field here for about the same period of time.

The consolidation is said to have no special significance because the National Packing company has for some time been in control of the two packing concerns, although it may not have been generally known in local circles. The general presumption is that the controlling factor finds it more economical and practical to maintain one larger branch house than two separate houses.

STRAY CAT WOKE UP PROTECTOR

And Saved Lives of the Boy and His Parents.

New York, Jan. 18.—Seven-year-old Harry Steinthal is the bright particular star around the corner of Eighth avenue and Forty-third street. Even the dogs and cats in the neighborhood know him, for he always stops to get them. Thereby hangs the tale of how Spunk, a common neighborhood cat, saved the Steinthal family from death. Night before last Harry Steinthal saw Spunk slinking along between the trucks in the street and promptly rescued him for a romp in the Steinthal kitchen.

After supper the cat sneaked under the gas range and stretched out for a warm sleep in a dry nook. Little Harry, with sticks in his weary eyes, climbed upstairs to bed.

There are eight members of the family, six of them children. Harry is the baby. Because it was a drear night the gas was left burning in one jet of the range to keep the house warm. In the morning Spunk woke up early and took a turn around the kitchen hoping to find something to eat. Just then the gas went out in the range.

The gas began to flow into the room and Spunk was frightened at the uncanny smell. A moment later little Harry, cuddled up in his bed upstairs, with the doors all open into the kitchen, felt something land on the bed with a bounce, and a second later the soft, purring nose of Spunk was nudging his chin.

Harry sat up with a scream of fright that brought his father and mother into the room in their night clothes.

Spunk was also sitting up in bed, looking excited.

"The cat jumped on the bed and frightened me!" said Harry.

Just then Mr. Steinthal smelled the gas pouring up the stairway and ran down to investigate. The kitchen was stifling with the odor, and the man hastily threw up the windows.

Patrolman Hembt of the West Forty-seventh street station, heard the windows banged up and ran up, suspecting burglars. One look into the kitchen and a sniff and he ran out to call an ambulance from Roosevelt hospital. There was nothing for the surgeon to do, however.

"Spunk can stay with us as long as he lives," said Mrs. Steinthal yesterday.

Armour's Extract of Beef

One beef extract is not "the same as another."

Armour's is not like any other.

The difference is—well try it.

Our cook book "Culinary Wrinkles" mailed free for the asking.

Armour & Company, Chicago

EVIL DAYS PREDICTED

By the Bears Have Not Yet Become of Evidence.

December's Gold Output Largest Since South African War.

New York, Jan. 18.—During the early part of last week many statements were made that the Bank of England would certainly raise the rate on Thursday, and that would cause exports of gold from the United States and tighten money in our financial centers.

The Bank of England did not raise the rate, but, on the contrary, call money in London was offered at lower rates than at any time since Jan. 1.

Thus the evil day predicted by the bears is still in the future, and there is strong evidence that money rates will keep low in New York and London until April or May—possibly even longer. The official reports of the gold production at the Rand, South Africa, for December last are at hand and show the greatest monthly output since the close of the Boer war. The output in December, 1904, was 364,262 fine ounces; in November, 1905, 427,757 fine ounces; for December, 1905, 431,594 fine ounces, approximately $8,000,000 in value for the month. With such an immense supply from that one source the Bank of England is not likely to run short of the precious metal, and our own great output will, in great measure, remain in the United States, and do duty here as an addition to our currency.

The copper market seems unsteady at the prevailing high prices of the metal. During the week there were ominous reports that London operators were letting go some holdings of warrants, and indications were accumulating that the high-water mark has been reached.

The break, when it does come, will first be shown abroad, for there is where the exported surplus exists.

The unaccepted offers of Chinese copper holdings at lower than market quotations does not impress a disinterested observer as proof of exceedingly urgent demand for the metal, either here or in Europe, for the Chinese brokers are keen, shrewd and well posted. They are anxious for business, and it matters not to them whether Europe or the United States is the purchaser, so long as they can make the sale. It is understood they still have their copper, and that means they have not found buyers in Europe or America.

Pig tin last week brought the highest price that has been reached since 1888. Lead, iron and zinc all show great strength, owing to the immense actual and legitimate trade demand.

The strike of the structural iron and steel workers has interfered to some extent with new orders and with erection of some material already ordered, but not to anuy marked extent.

A very encouraging feature of the week has been the large number of transactions in realty in all the large cities, and particularly here in New York. Realty of all classes is in brisk demand, and the most conservative citizens and institutions are buying at record prices, thus testifying in perhaps the very strongest manner to their belief in continued good times and future higher prices for property.

Plans are announced for two new skyscrapers in the down-town section of the city, which will be mammoth in their proportions.

One of them will be constructed upon the block bounded by Broadway, Nassau, Pine and Cedar streets by the Equitable Life Assurance society, and the other will be a double building of twenty-three stories in height, facing on Church street, and one part occupying the space between Dey and Cortlandt streets, and the other part of the space between Dey and Fulton streets with underground connections between both parts, below the surface of Dey street. The southerly building will cover 88,500 square feet and the northerly building 23,500, aggregating in surface more than an acre and one half. In the basement of this structure will be the terminals of the tunnels to New Jersey, which, with their tracks, platforms and waiting room space, ticket offices and requisite adjuncts for public convenience and comfort, will absorb all of this vast area in the very heart of the city's business.

Jersey City will be reached in five minutes and Newark within twenty minutes when these tunnel routes are completed, and the tens of thousands of New Jersey commuters will be freed from delays and dangers of fog, ice and ferry transportation. The buildings in the upper floors will be rented for office purposes and will house thousands of persons during the busy hours of New York's down-town life. It is understood that this week the Equitable Life secured the last piece of land in the block upon which they will build, having steadily for the last thirty-five years endeavored to do so, and that now the society is at last ready to commence construction in accordance with the very latest ideas of office buildings. The vast experience gained and the great useful advances made during the past ten years by architects and builders will enable the Equitable to produce an edifice that will embody the very latest thoughts and work of the constructors of this twentieth century. The Equitable plans are not yet given to the public in detail, but no doubt they will provide for a notable structure.

I have alluded to the eagerness of the great West for laborers at mines and for railway construction, and there is not the slightest doubt that the disturbed conditions existing in Russia and other European countries, together with the universal desire of European population, save the French, to come to the United States will produce a record-breaking immigration this year. Under existing business conditions 500,000 able-bodied unskilled laborers could be absorbed by our agricultural districts, manufacturing interests and public works without disturbing the forces already at work, and the railway people who distribute the immigrants widely as possible over our territory. West and South, are doing excellent work for the interests not only of our Eastern cities, but of the entire country, and serving well the future prosperity of the immigrants themselves. Scattered along the rich lands of the gulf from Florida to Texas, through the highlands of the South from Virginia to Arkansas, over the plains from the Dakotas to New Mexico, through the mountains from Montana to Arizona these immigrants speedily adapt themselves to surrounding conditions and become Americans in action and in thought much more rapidly than if huddled into the racial or national crowded quarters of our cities.

In the selections named their labor in no way comes into competition with that already employed, for the world is ready to absorb the products of our soil and of our mines and growing manufacturing industries in those localities, and all go toward developing of the country, and thus these new comers do not enter into destructive competition with laborers or workmen in spheres limited to the survival of the cheapest and lowest cost products of labor. Neither do they by this distribution over the country glut the cities with surplus labor and thus lessen the per diem of industrious people now earning comfortable remuneration.

The South and the West can absorb all that arrive this year, and their work will add to the wealth of the country, and by next year they and their families will not only be wealth producers, but also they will be consumers of the many articles that go to make up the comforts of home in the United States.

If a merchant has been fortunate in securing a stock of goods at a nominal cost, he is enthusiastic, and his enthusiasm bubbles out of his advertising—for he is human, and likes to clear up a good profit for himself while making new records in price cutting to his customers.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. Mother's Friend, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

The BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

GOOD COAL!

We Sell the Celebrated Lehigh Valley Coal.

It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

If you will give us a trial order we know you will be our customer.

ZENITH COAL CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

"A BRIGHT HOME MAKES A MERRY HEART." JOY TRAVELS ALONG WITH

SAPOLIO

STYLES SET BY DULUTH

Head of Lakes People Are Arbiters in Some Matters.

The World Looks to This City for Guidance.

Did you know that Duluth was an arbiter of fashion in the matter of out of door dress for winter?

Fact! Everybody says so—that is everybody who pretends to know anything at all about such matters. No one has found, after vigilant search, who could trump up any substantial arguments to refute the claim of those enthusiastic lovers of snow and cold who are most bold in their declarations of Duluth's priority in winter fashions.

It is said to be an absolute fact that snow shoe club members at the Head of the Lakes set the fashion in dress for such outings by wearing red mackinaws. To be plain if not elegant, you are an onion unless you possess one and you are quite impossible if you have the nerve to go a shoeing without one.

Not even did the out doors folks in the Northland city of Winnipeg go in for red mackinaws before the residents of Duluth adopted them as the regalia of the snowshoe man or woman. It is said that the Winnipeggers wear black and other colors in the mackinaw line and that not until they began to be worn in Duluth did the Canadians take their provincial cash from their banks and journey to the Hudson's Bay company store or that of some other concern with the word, limited, after the name, for the purpose of securing the scarlet great coats.

Duluth is in a large measure responsible for the increase in the number of snowshoe clubs all over the country every year. People come to Duluth to visit, put on the shoe and go back to their more Southern homes very favorably impressed with the sport. The result is that it is introduced with great success in South Bend, Ind., or Oswego, N. Y., and wherever the shoes are worn so must the red mackinaws.

The Oberlin College Glee club recently sent to a well-known Duluth clothing store for enough red mackinaws to supply all of its members, and other orders, not so large, have been received from out of town for the article.

WHALEBONE $15,000 A TON.

Freezing of American Fleet Shoves Catch to Record Price.

London, Jan. 18.—Whalebone this season has already reached the record price of $15,000 per ton. Owing to the great majority of the American whaling fleet being imprisoned in the Arctic ice, stocks in America are said to be low, forty-one tons being the total, according to one report, and the consequence has been that quotations have ranged as high as $13,000 a ton. On this side of the Atlantic the stocks amount to one hundredweight short of seventeen tons, and offers of $12,500 and even more were refused. Sellers refused to deal at less than $15,000 a ton. As this figure it is said the Dundee whaling fleet will coin money this season.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Disease, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth

Shaky Nerves made strong by Palmo Tablets.

Old age postponed.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.



Old Remedy. New Form.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in

CAPSULES.

The tasteless, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at B. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 333 Superior St. Duluth, Minn



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

MAINTAINS HIS CLAIM

Dr. Goetchius Protests Reduction of Claim as Guardian.

Files Bill of $700 Against the Old Perrault Estate.

Appealing from the reduction by the probate court of his $700 claim for services as guardian, Dr. H. V. Goetchius is giving a jury in Judge Cant's room the reasons why he should be awarded the full amount asked. The claim was reduced to $100.

The defendant in the action is the estate of Hersilie Leonard Perreault, the insane widow of Zerphine Perreault, deceased.

Dr. Goetchius, in the fall of 1903, following Perreault's death, was appointed guardian of the estate, after a spirited contest for the position, in which a number of local parties figured. The estate comprised an 80-acre farm, with buildings and farm equipment and livestock, on the east branch of Lester river, about three or four miles back from Lester Park.

According to the papers filed in probate court, the total proceeds from the sale of the estate were $2,952, while the total expense of administration was $2,021, of which amount the expense of administration alone, after the debts were paid, totaled $1,500.

Dr. Goetchius, as guardian, put in a claim of $700 for his services, and S. L. Smith as attorney for the estate, employed by Goetchius, put in a claim for $52. Both of these bills were considered excessive by the probate court and were cut down to $100 for each claimant. From these allowances Dr. Goetchius and Mr. Smith appealed.

Dr. Goetchius was on the witness stand all the morning session of court, and was not through with his testimony when the noon adjournment was taken. He told of his long and close acquaintance with Perreault, and said that he finally made application to become guardian of the latter's estate when it was urged on him that it was necessary that somebody interested in the welfare of Perreault's insane wife should step in and look after affairs. Dr. Goetchius claimed he offered his services entirely free from selfish or mercenary motives, and was watchful of the interests of the widow.

H. A. Dancer, who has been appointed guardian ad litem to represent the estate in the litigation, sets forth, in answer to Dr. Goetchius' claims, that the latter's services were of no value, that he mismanaged the affairs and incurred heavy and unnecessary expense. Mr. Dancer also alleges that Dr. Goetchius, when he was appointed guardian, waived all claim to compensation and offered his services free of charge, as a friend of the Perreault family.

Dr. Goetchius denied that he had mismanaged the affairs of the estate, but acted to the best of his judgment and as economically as was possible under the circumstances. He denied that he ever waived his claim for compensation, or that the probate court was influenced by any waiver to appoint him as guardian.

In support of his claim that he did not mismanage the affairs, Dr. Goetchius took up the expenses of the guardian item by item and explained the circumstances surrounding the same.

According to his testimony Joseph Andre, the administrator, was charged with buying up the claims against the estate and then allowing them, in his official capacity. The witness testified that Andre told him one time that he had about $1,000 in claims against the estate.

Dr. Goetchius further testified that when a settlement of the estate was attempted there were a large number of claims presented that should have had no standing at all, that simply because Perreault was dead and out of the way there were many people who thought the opportunity good of holding up his estate for what they could get out of it. The witness said that he investigated and found them in litigation through probate court, finally getting them reduced to $225, represented mostly by labor claims.

Mr. Goetchius claimed that most of his time was taken up in interviewing people, telephoning, writing letters, looking after the property and taking persons out to look at the farm, with a view of purchase. He testified that his office was thronged with people most of the time, sometimes as many as ten a day, and he had to drop his business and talk farm to them. He claimed that people stopped him on the streets and real estate men nearly bothered him to death in personal talks and by 'phone. In addition to the personal inquiries Dr. Goetchius testified that he received letters from every direction, from Pennsylvania to the Dakotas and from West Superior to the range cities, all asking about the Perrault farm.

He claimed that in spite of its fine soil and location it was found impossible to sell the 80-acre tract intact at anywhere near its real value, and the land was finally sold in 30 and 35-acre tracts.

Nearly all the items of personal property sold were gone over and Dr. Goetchius said that he only spent $8.50 for livery hire in making his 20 to 25 trips to the Perrault farm. He claimed that he walked out to the farm on almost all occasions.

SIX PER CENT IS THE DIVIDEND

Declared on Amalgamated Copper and Trading is Lively.

Aside from the declaration of a six per cent dividend on Amalgamated and its effect on that stock, the copper stock market was quiet today. North Butte opened at $88.50 and the high point was $89, and the low $88. The closing price was $88 bid and $88.50 asked. Amalgamated opened at $111.25 and went to $114. It dropped to $110 just before the close, and then rallied to $111.25. The closing price was $111 bid and $111.25 asked. There was a tremendous amount of trading in the stock.

There was a decline of two pounds and fifteen shillings in London spot copper.

The Bisbee stocks were quiet. Calumet & Arizona sold at $122 and closed at $121 bid and $122 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg sold at $37 and closed at $36.50 bid and $37 asked. Junction sold at $27.75, and dropped to $27 bid and closed at $27.75 asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg was $59 bid and closed $60 asked and Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $25 asked, after selling readily at that price.

Black Mountain was weaker today, being at $12.25 bid, and closing at $12. Warren sold at $1t and closed at $15 asked. Keweenaw was $18 bid and $17.50 asked and closed at $17 asked. Copper Queen of Idaho at $3.50, and Sullivan at $3 asked.

TO BUILD A MASONIC HOME

Grand Lodge of Masons So Decide at Annual Meeting.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grand lodge of Minnesota A. F. & A. M. now holding its fifty-third annual communication in Masonic hall, today definitely decided in favor of building a grand lodge home. The resolutions prepared by Past Commander G. S. Ives of St. Paul, were adopted.

The grand master is to appoint a committee of four from the grand lodge. These four are to get together the various Masonic bodies in the state of Minnesota in some manner and form a corporation to take charge of building the home. That corporation, once formed, will have matters in its own hands. The next step will be the raising of $75,000 to start the new home. As soon as this sum is in the hands of the corporation, a site will be selected and work will commence on the foundation.

The location of the home, its ultimate cost, how it shall be built, and like matters are all questions for future determination.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

St. Paul, Jan 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph Guion, aged 81 years, one of the early French voyageurs to the Northwest as an advance agent of civilization, died at his home here last night. He had been ill about a month. Guion was born in St. Louis of a French family which preserved its record for 200 years.

The "call of the wild" appealed to him and in 1845 he engaged as boatman and voyageur, penetrating the wilderness with primitive caravans and flotillas of early trading days. In 1850 he went to California, but returned to Minnesota in 1851 and settled in Belle Plaine. In 1853 he came to St. Paul. He is survived by a large family.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Dr. Swan W. Burnett, a noted oculist of this city, and the former husband of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the authoress, died suddenly today of heart disease.

JAMES B. SCOTT

Is Appointed Solicitor for the Department of State.

Washington, Jan. 18.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Solicitor for the department of state, James B. Scott, California; surgeon general and chief of bureau of medicine and surgery, Medical Inspector Presley M. Rixey, U. S. N. Postmasters: Michigan—Alfred Cruse, Iron Mountain; Robert G. Elliott, Munesing; Thomas Connors, Negaunee, Minnesota—Frayton S. Buckingham, Argyle; Denison F. McGrath, Barnesville; Ida Rickson, Canby; Ole A. Thoreson, East Grand Forks; Jessie Fords, Graceville; Edwin E. Tuttle, Hastings; H. M. Neusenburg, Olivia; John Schmelz, Springfield. Wisconsin—George Luecker, Brillion, L. L. Thayer, Bloomer, Hugh H. Williams, Rudolph.

FIREMEN MAY STRIKE.

Scranton, Pa., Jan. 18.—Firemen along the entire Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad system are voting today on the question of striking to enforce the demands which the company refuses, and which are shorter hours, increased pay and engine cleaning by extra men.

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS

On or Before February 10th, and Secure Five Months' Interest July 1st.

3% INTEREST PAID ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS 3%

Newly equipped in every department of banking.
YOUR ACCOUNT IS SOLICITED.

DULUTH SAVINGS BANK,

Under State Supervision. New Location—220 West Superior Street.

Under the direct management of the following well known Trustees:

Jno. G. Williams, Francis W. Sullivan, Dr. J. J. Eklund, J. R. Mitchell, J. L. Washburn, Jas. H. Pearce, Louis S. Loeb, J. W. Lyder, Jr.

BILL FOR A STATION

On Devil's Island, Lake Superior, Introduced in House.

Representatives Unite in a Tribute to Old Constitution.

Washington, Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Jenkins today introduced a bill in the house providing an appropriation of $20,000 for establishment of a singal station on Devils' Island, Lake Superior.

The house united in a tribute to the frigate Constitution on convening today. The chaplain in his prayer eulogized the old ship. It was followed by the presentation of a handsomely prepared petition; tributes by Mr. McCall, (Mass) Mr. Sulzer, (N Y) and the adoption of a resolution from the committee on rules directing the house committee on naval affairs to ascertain the annual cost of proper care for the old frigate.

There was another stormy meeting of the house committee on territories today. Chairman Hamilton and Representative Lloyd had an angry exchange of words over Mr. Hamilton's position on statehood. Former Governor Murphy of Arizona declared it was useless to appear before the committees, as the verdict was signed and sealed against them. He denounced as false the charge of corruption made against the Arizona men who oppose joint statehood.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Both Senators Spooner and Lodge intend to reply to Senator Tillman today. They will not speak of the Mrs. Minor Morris incident but will confine themselves to Santo Domingo. Senator Spooner will argue that the president has put in effect the treaty with Santo Domingo which has not been ratified.

There was a large crowd in the galleries when the session opened, in anticipation of another field day.

With the Tillman resolution disposed of, the senate returned to the comparatively quiet consideration of routine business. The pure food bill was taken up to permit Mr. McCumber to address the senate in support of it.

When Mr. McCumber had concluded his speech on the pure food bill, the ship subsidy bill was taken up, and Mr. Mallory addressed the senate in opposition. The Florida senator had given notice several days ago of his intention to speak, and for this reason the debate on Santo Domingo was postponed. It had been the intention of Senators Spooner and Lodge to reply to Senator Tillman's remarks on this subject.

Governor Hanly of Indiana

First M. E. church tomorrow night.

DIES OF FRACTURED SKULL.

Woodsman Leaves Wife and Children to Mourn Him in Stillwater.

George Ratlean, a woodsman about 60 years of age, died yesterday in St. Mary's hospital of a fractured skull.

Ratlean was hit by a falling tree while working in a lumber camp near Sawyer station on the Northern Pacific road in Carlton county. He was brought to the city and taken to St. Mary's hospital Tuesday. He died last evening.

Ratlean leaves a wife and family in Stillwater, Minn., and the body was shipped there for burial.

Dangers of a Cold and How to Avoid Them.

More fatalities have their origin in or result from a a cold than from any other cause. This fact alone should make people more careful, as there is no danger whatever from a cold when it is properly treated in the beginning. For many years Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been recognized as the most prompt and effectual medicine in use for this disease. It acts on nature's plan, loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by all leading druggists.

Suffers Double Loss.

News of the death of his father and sister within three days of each other was received by Frank P. Hallock of the firm of Hallock & Morrill, this morning.

His father, E. E. Hallock, and his sister, Emma, who lived in Orange county, N. Y., died on Jan. 8 and Jan. 11.

RESIGNATION REQUESTED.

Buffalo, Jan. 18.—Mayor Adam today requested the resignation of Police Commissioner William D. Moherty, basing his request on disclosures made in the investigation he is making relative to a discrepancy in the police pension fund.

Governor Hanly of Indiana

First M. E. church tomorrow night.

RESULTS OF THE NOON DRAWINGS

Scores Made in the Games Begun at 12 O'Clock.

Following are the scores in the curling games begun at 12 o'clock:

DULUTH EVENT.

Third round—
Hastings, 12; Dr. Schnarr, 9.

CANADIAN SAULT EVENT.

First round—
Rochon, 12; Campbell, 6.

ST. PAUL JOBBERS' EVENT.

First round—
Tom Cameron, 12; Hanchett, 8.

SECOND ROUND.

Pitblado; Reodal.
Ron Smith forfeited to D. W. Stocking.

INTERNATIONAL EVENT.

FIRST ROUND.

Lorimer, 11; John McLeod, 15.
Fullerton, 13; Myron, 10.
Grace, 9; McCutcheon, 12.

All of the houses in Duluth whose tenants have never found any use for Herald want ads would make but a small village. Duluth would hardly miss them. Do you live in "the city" or "the village."

CITY BRIEFS

The Ski club members will go on a tramp this evening. They will meet at the St. Louis hotel at 7:30 o'clock, each member bringing a lunch and a cup. Coffee will be served at the club house at Hunter's hill.

The meeting which was to be held tonight by Robert Garry under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. at 1929 West Superior street, has been postponed until Friday evening, owing to the union meeting of the Scandinavian churches this evening. The meeting tomorrow night will close the series.

No cause of action was the substance of the verdict opened in court this morning in the breach of contract action brought by H. H. Borgeb against E. F. Barker and N. J. Orr. The jury reached a verdict last evening, but it was sealed until court convened this morning. The suit concerned an alleged verbal lease of store room on West First street and $193 was the amount demanded.

R. S. Hartley, an electrician of 323 East Fourth street, was in the municipal court yesterday afternoon on the charge of third degree assault brought by Mrs. R. L. Hughes, a neighbor, who claims Hartley jostled her. The two parties in the case are neighbors, and the quarrel is claimed to be the result of bad feeling between the families. Hartley claims his wife is ill because of the persecutions of Mrs. Hughes.

Papers in bankruptcy were filed yesterday by Daniel J. Stewart, formerly in the grocery business in Duluth. He stated his debts to be $1,361.09 and his assets to be $720, of which $720 is exempt.

Services will be held at the Lester Park M. E. church tonight and tomorrow night.

Will W. Nicola of Cleveland, Ohio, one of the prominent lumbermen of the East, died at the Union street hospital at 2:30 on the morning of Jan. 10. Mr. Nicola had been ill for three weeks and had undergone two operations. He was vice president of the Nicola Bros. Lumber company, and was widely known at the Head of the Lakes, especially among the lumber fraternity.

The fire department was given a run to St. Croix avenue this morning about 8 o'clock, but it proved to be a false alarm.

In accordance with the plan outlined by the city engineer several days ago, when the ferry bridge was taken over by the city, the traffic was suspended this morning, and the workmen employed by the city will complete the repairs begun by the company. It is not expected that the repairs will require more than a week's time.

The road scrapers belonging to the board of public works, are busy on the sidewalks in the central part of the city this morning, and it is believed that the snow which fell yesterday can all be removed from the walks in thirty-six hours.

John Linklater of Morse, presented a wolf skin at the county auditor's office today for the $15 bounty.

Charles Wsetberg, Charles Norlin and Nick Mergener are engaged in a three-cornered pool contest at the Ideal hall. Westberg and Norlin played last evening and the latter won by the score of 100 balls to 77.

Company C, Third regiment, M. N. G., was inspected by Maj. Resche at the Armory last evening. Thirty-seven men were out, commanded by Lieut. F. D. Knowlton, who will probably be elected captain to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Capt. Little. Maj. Resche announced himself as much pleased with the company.

PERSONALS

H. G. Houghten has returned from a trip to Hibbing.

W. C. Piper, W. W. Waterson and F. B. Smith left over the South Shore road today for Sault Ste. Marie.

Miss Martha Seband, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned to her home at Marquette, Mich., today.

F. S. Corey, of Biwabik, Minn., is a guest at the St. Louis.

W. Carmichael of Biwabik is at the St. Louis.

W. Wellwood of Ironwood, Mich., is a guest at the McKay.

O. P. Spiller of Norway, Mich., is registered at the Lenox.

Governor Hanly of Indiana

First M. E. church tomorrow night.

HURTS THE CABBIES.

New York Sun: "You'd never guess the difference the subway has made in our business," said the oldtime night cab driver. "I should say that night fares from the theater district and Broadway have fallen off one-fourth since last December.

"It used to be that a man in evening clothes, especially if accompanied by a woman wearing garments easily soiled, would hesitate before crowding into a surface car. As for walking from Broadway to one of the elevated roads, that was almost out of the question. The result was that the great majority of theater and opera patrons who could raise the price went home in carriages.

"Now it's different. After the theater the crowds walk to the restaurants for lunch, then they drift along to the subway entrance at Forty-second street and Broadway or at the Grand Central.

"Men and women who would scorn the elevated or surface cars when in evening dress do not balk at the subway. They find the stations and cars generally clean and roomy, and when they get uptown where there is no one to see them they do not mind walking a few blocks to save a cab fare.

"Our greatest loss is in Brooklyn patrons. It used to be almost a sure thing that we'd get a bunch of Brooklyn people down as far as the Bridge, at least. Then the Brooklyn people had to take a crosstown car or walk half way across the town at one end or the other to get an elevated train. Now the subway takes them right to the Bridge entrance. Why, now one can go from Forty-second street clear to the outskirts of Brooklyn without going from under shelter if the weather is bad.

"It's going to be still worse for us when they get the subway running under the river."

If a merchant has been fortunate in securing a stock of goods at a nominal cost, he is enthusiastic, and his enthusiasm bubbles out of his advertising—for he is human, and likes to clear up a good profit for himself while making new records in price cutting to his customers.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

George A. Wilson and Eliza Mahen.

BIRTHS.

NUSBAUM—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Nusbaum of 27 Seventh avenue west, Jan. 16.

DEATHS.

TENGBLAD—John, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Tengblad of 503 Garfield avenue, died Jan. 14.

RATLEAN—George Ratlean, aged 60 years, died Jan. 17 of a fracture of the skull, caused by a falling tree.

BUILDING PERMITS.

H. Bevier, frame dwelling on Superior street, between Garfield and Seventh avenue west, to cost $1,000

W. M. Prindle, repairs to wholesale building on Lower Fifth avenue west, to cost 2,000

AMERICAN ARRESTED

Chicagoan's Sympathy for Russian Revolutionists Causes Trouble.

First Convention of Any Political Party Held at St. Petersburg.

New York, Jan. 18.—News of the arrest in St. Petersburg of Homer English Walling, of Chicago, was received here today. Mr. Walling went to St. Petersburg to study the social situation and was arrested because of his alleged sympathy for and participation with the revolutionary party. Mr. Walling is interested in social settlement work in this country.

Walling is a Harvard man and a grandson of William H. English who ran for the vice presidency of the Democratic ticket in 1880. At one time, Walling was state factory inspector in Illinois and lived at the Landon near Hull house, Chicago. Later he came to New York where he engaged in settlement work on the east side. He left for Russia a few months ago and after his arrival there had a staff of revolutionary assistants. He worked in connection with the Russian revolutionary leaders, and participated in their meetings.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 18.—Undismayed by the arrests of their successive executive committees, a group of Socialistic workmen early this morning elected a new Workmen's council, whose president issued an address threatening with death all who do not obey the commands to abstain from work Jan. 22, the anniversary of "Red Sunday." Though disclaiming the idea of a collision between the workmen and the troops on the anniversary, the president says: "The blood of our brothers cries aloud for justice, but the armed proletariat bides its time to mingle the blood of the oppressors with that of the victims of Jan. 22."

The employers generally are not opposed to a cessation of work Jan. 22 and the workmen's delegates are confident that the strike will be quite general and probably will include the city's lighting system. The troops, however, are taking up stations in the suburbs and industrial quarters so as to deal with any disorders in their incipiency. Orders have been issued to quell rioting or political demonstrations without the slightest mercy, employing machine guns if necessary.

Father Gapon's organization which is campaigning against the extremist leaders has decided to sell relics Jan. 22, including shot torn ikons and imperial portraits, as the first step in a great movement to secure funds.

The first national convention organized by a political party in the history of Russia, that of the constitutional democrats, opened here today. Two hundred and fifty delegates representing sixty provincial organizations were present. The first act of the delegates was significant of the trend of the convention, the temporary chairman, Prof. Kareiff calling on the assemblage to rise in memory of the victims of Jan. 22 (red Sunday) several of whom were shot not far from the hall where the convention was held.

Then under the chairmanship of M. Petrunkevitch, of Tver, the convention took up the discussion of the first topic of the program, the party's attitude toward the election to the national assembly.

INSANE MAN ENDS LIFE.

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—George Pont, who while insane killed his wife and three babies with a hatchet and then set fire to his house near Vevay several months ago, ended his own life today at the Central Indiana hospital for the insane. Escaping the attendant for a few minutes, he hanged himself to the hinges of a door in the bath room. He was dead when found.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kroonland, Antwerp and Dover; Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen, etc.

Gibraltar—Arrived: Caronia, New York for Genoa, Naples, etc. (and proceeded).

Queenstown—Arrived: Cedric, New York for Liverpool (and proceeded).

Boulogne—Sailed: Patricia (from Hamourg and Dover) and proceeded.

Liverpool—Arrived: Sagamore, Baston; Sicilian, St. John, N. B., and Halifax.

Glasgow—Sailed: Carthaginian, Philadelphia.

Naples—Arrived: Sicilian Prince, New York.

A FREAK HORSE.

A "freak" horse is attracting considerable attention at the Asher Horse and Mule Exchange in Balkan street, says an Allegheny, Pa., correspondent of the Chicago Chronicle. It might be surmised that an elephant figured somewhere in its ancestry. The animal is a big mare, weighing 1,400 pounds and standing 15.2 hands high. She is perfectly formed, sound and without a blemish from a horseman's point of view. Intelligence she has, too, and undoubtedly she would have made a good road or carriage horse were she like others of her species. But by one of nature's idiosyncrasies she was born with a tail something like that of an elephant, and besides this she wears the hide of that unwieldy native of Asia and Africa.

On no part of the horse is there the tiniest bit of hair. The tough, heavy hide is shiny and as wrinkled and seamed as the back and sides of the biggest elephant ever seen in a circus. The big animal seems to be positively conscious of her strange appearance and in nowise proud of it. When she was brought out of her stall so that a reporter might look her over she exhibited her displeasures and tried to get into a position where a perfect drop kick could be maneuvered.

Eight years ago she was a colt down on an Ohio farm and was the wonder of the countryside because she had no hair. In temperament she seemed to be just as much a "freak" as in physical appearance, for, although her owner tried patience and kindness, she refused to be "broke." Finding that she would be useless to him, the farmer who raised her sold her to a circus man for a good price. Since then she has been almost continuously on the road and proved a great money-maker to those who owned her. She became the property of the Asher company and has remained idly in a big box stall, eating good feed in plenty and gazing contentedly out across the Allegheny river. She was bought as a speculation and already negotiations are about closed for her sale to a circus owner. The price put upon her is $2,000.

BARE HEADS ONLY.

Timothy D. Sullivan was describing his recent European trip, says the Los Angeles Times.

"Tell me about court presentation," a young man said. "What is the ceremony like?"

Mr. Sullivan gave as vivid a picture as he could of the splendors of a drawing-room at Buckingham palace, and the young man was a good deal impressed.

"Men, I suppose," he said, "stand uncovered in the presence of royalty?"

"Yes," said Mr. Sullivan, "but not to the same extent as women."

MEN'S EVENING DRESS.

Correct Fashions for the Present Season.

Evening dress demands careful attention from the man who wants to be well dressed. Its very simplicity requires it to be perfect in every detail, says a writer in the New York Sun.

That very few men attain such completeness will be readily conceded. Men of affairs rarely have much time to devote to such matters, and unless they have valets to watch over them, the dress of well known men is likely to be careless in the evening.

It has indeed been said that a dinner of eminent statesmen and politicians will show a surprisingly ill dressed lot. Bankers and men of large business affairs may look better because they probably have valets. Nobody, of course, expects to see correctness of attire in writers or artists. With them, as with the statesmen, their natural distinction is supposed to counterbalance any irregularities in their attire.

It is fortunately impossible for a man to go astray in the color scheme of his evening dress. He is bound to stick to white and black. The furthest he can get away from this combination is gray, but efforts to make the gray dress suit popular have so far met with very little success. Probably if it had not begun on the stage the fashion would have achieved greater popularity, but Americans generally hate to copy modes that actors wear.

In the absence of variety in color, the cut and design become the important consideration in evening dress. It might be added that a Tuxedo or smoking coat, as the tailless coat has become known throughout all civilized nations, is not to be considered dress. Evening dress, in the only correct meaning of the word, is a long tailed coat, and convention almost demands now the white waistcoat.

The dress suit of the present year shows only the changes from the preceding season that the tailors find necessary to introduce to interest their customers in new garments. The features of the dress coat described here will insure for the purchaser a garment that will be modish not only this season, but also for several years to come.

The utility of a second dress suit is not to be denied. It is, in the case of most men, an old one also, for the majority of New Yorkers do not buy two at once. For the theater, for men's dinners and for informal dinners at home this suit is an excellent substitute for the best one, which should be reserved for dinners, the opera, especially when one sits in a box, and for dances. The wear and tear of a New York winter is likely to show itself on a dress suit.

The material for the dress suit affected most this winter by the men careful of what they wear is an undressed worsted with a moderately rough surface. Some of the more enterprising dressers anxious to try new models are wearing a dull black cassimere on which a small and almost invisible shade pattern or stripe in another shade of black is woven. Although the difference between this style and some of the plain goods is scarcely noticeable the patterns are regarded an extreme in taste and have not generally been adopted.

The tails of the dress coat are this year longer than they have been in some time and should end at the back of the knee. The lapels are notched and covered down to the end with silk. They are broad at the top, measuring about 2½ inches at their greatest breadth and about one inch at the bottom of the collar.

The shoulders are only moderately padded and the coat is kept throughout free from any lining that might make it unwieldly.

A dress coat must fit well in to the waist. However loose the style of wearing other coats may be, it is considered the best form to have a dress coat cut in to the figure.

The tails at the bottom should not be more than four inches across. The two buttons on the bottom of the coat are three inches apart.

A sewed on cuff with three small buttons with the holes made so that they really open is the usual finish for the sleeves. No braid of any kind appears on the cost, although the Jack waistcoat is usually finished with the same braid used along the stripe of the trousers.

Black waistcoats are made single breasted with three or four buttons and are moderately V shaped. A black waistcoat is all but useless, however, for any save a dinner jacket.

The white waistcoat to accompany this coat is made with three or four small white buttons if single breasted, and cut rather with a point than in the V shape, and the ends are long and pointed. The collar is narrow.

There are many varieties of the white waistcoat, however, and the single breasted are perhaps the most popular just at the moment. Some are made with only two buttons and cut with a point. One style shows no buttons at all, the fastenings being hidden under the lapel.

Shirts are sometimes made in pique to match the material of the waistcoat. The most careful dressers always see that they have the same whites. That is to say, they have either a blue or a cream that predominating in shirt bosom, waistcoat and tie. It is necessary to secure the co-operation of one's laundries, however, to accomplish this artistic result.

Buttons for the waistcoat usually match the studs. Thus for pearl studs, which are always the smartest that can be worn, there should be mother of pearl buttons made in the form of regular white china buttons for use. In the holes of the button there are often little cords of gold or silver. Even small diamonds are admissible.

For men who do not wear pearl studs, the mother of pearl buttons with the little diamonds or the cords of gold or silver are good style. The cuff buttons must, of course, match them. The same sets of buttons are used with turquoise, sapphires, rubies and emeralds, but this phase of men's jewelry is too extensive to the dealt with casually.

The trousers for the dress suit are cut moderately broad, fit more closely around the ankle, and are finished with braid on the outside seam. There are many varieties of this braid, ranging from a simple band to very complicated effects interlaced and crossed.

The more elaborate braids are smarter now for the dress suit trousers as well as for the dinner suit. Trousers for dress wear should never have a decided crease down the front. The style of ironing a rigid crease down the front of the trousers has disappeared for all kinds of trousers worn by well dressed men, but never belonged to a dress suit.

There is only one style of footgear proper for evening dress, although other kinds are worn. This is a pump made in patent leather, which is most modish when it is worn with black silk socks.

Men wear what are commonly called low quarter shoes in patent leather, and buttoned shoes of the same kind. They also wear pumps with other kinds of silk socks than black. But that does not prevent the very best style from using black silk socks and patent leather pumps.

For wear at the opera and theater these shoes are made with heavy soles. For dancers the soles are of paper weight. The style of the shoe is the same in both cases.

White glace gloves, with black stitching on the back done in three heavy lines, have again been worn this winter after more than a decade of disuse. Thin white stitching is more dressy, and for outside wear the heavy white gloves, thick and durable as dogskin, are still the more general style. There is every indication, however, that the black stitching will soon be thought the smartest thing to wear.

White neckties are made of striped or corded linen, cut of medium width and only slightly broader at the ends. The butterfly wings are, of course, as extinct as the dodo, and ties are rather broader than they have been for several years past.

When neither a poke nor a lapfront collar is worn the tie may be kept in place by a white pin stuck immediately through the center of the tie and the lap of the collar. The various gold and other pins made for this purpose should be avoided by all who want to keep to the best style. It is a mistake to have the ties worn with evening dress made in the least stiff with starch.

As to handkerchiefs, the well dressed man should cling to pure white linen. They may be had in any degree of fineness. But the cheapest is just as correct in style as the most expensive. Men's dress handkerchiefs in the sheer muslin, with embroidery and ornamentation, may cost as much as $10.

The headgear of evening dress is the silk hat of ordinary daytime wear. According to every rule of correct dressing, the opera hat is the better style. That is true of every country but the United States.

In New York the best dressed men, for reasons of their own, prefer to wear silk hats in the evening. Thus it happens that one sees them in the corridors of the Metropolitan Opera house and at Sherry's when there is a large ball going on.

Need it be added to these remarks on evening dress that a black tie should never be worn with evening dress except when a man is in mourning? Then he wears with it a black waistcoat and mourning studs. Pearls are commonly regarded as mourning, although there are many persons who think that black enamel is alone correct for mourning.

Naturally, such evening dress is worn only to men's dinners or to small dinners at which a few women are present. Persons in such deep mourning do not go into society. A black tie with a white waistcoat is a sartorial impropriety that no pressure of circumstances could excuse.

The dinner coat is an extremely useful garment. The best test of the appropriateness of the dinner coat is the presence of ladies. It might be safely predicted as a rule that it is out of place when ladies are to be present where it is worn.

But there are exceptions to this rule. Men who are in the habit of dressing every night for dinner feel that the inner coat is formal enough for home use; and they are right.

As a result of this, they also believe that they can wear a dinner coat when they go to the theater with their wives. This, is, of course, less permissible, and the best dressed man is he who goes to the theater with his wife in full evening dress.

At informal evening gatherings for bridge or other games men are likely to take advantage of the greater comfort of the dinner coat. But this tendency does not prove that the style is correct. Whenever women are present coattails and white ties should be a feature of evening dress.

The newest style in the Tuxedo or the dinner coat is made of an undressed worsted, is close fitting and long enough to fall well below the hips. The seams in the back of the coat are so curved as to produce a moderately bell shaped effect.

This novelty, however, must not be exaggerated. The least excess in the bell shape turns a smart shade of fashion into vulgarity.

The coat may be made as tight fitting in the waist as the wearer wants. It is best form to have the coat close fitting but looser than a dress coat.

The shoulders are not padded, but of natural width, and the lapels are long and narrow, with two button holes, which, of course, are not used. The pockets of the dinner coat are made without flaps and in some coats they are vertical and not horizontal.

The waistcoat and trousers are finished in braid, the waistcoat having three buttons and being cut rather a pointed effect in both the opening and at the bottom. In plain cloth like the rest of the suit, the waistcoat is single breasted.

The plain waistcoats are so little worn, however, that they no longer come into notice. Gray and black silk waistcoats, which are almost invariably double breasted, are made to relieve the plainness of the dinner coat. Whether or not they are good form is a question that has little effect on their popularity.

There was no possibility of wearing a white waistcoat with a Tuxedo and there was a revolt against the extreme plainness of the black waistcoat from those men trying to convert the Tuxedo into something it was never intended to be. So the fancy waistcoats have come to stay.

Black silk ties with a figure in satin or with a stripe are the appropriate neckwear, while the high turnover collar is the most appropriate for this kind of suit.

Worn to the theatre, high buttoned patent leather shoes and a derby hat complete the costume in accordance with the requirements of the best style. A silk hat is as inappropriate to a dinner jacket as a brown derby; yet both are sometimes seen to the discouragement of good dressing.

WHEN HE STUTTERED.

Boston Herald: Jule Trask, the genial and witty city clerk of Laconia, with an impediment in his speech which sometimes makes it difficult for him to express himself readily, is well known to everybody in New Hampshire.

A few years since he was appointed to a position at Manila by the Hon. John D. Long, then secretary of the navy, and reported at Washington at the secretary's office for orders. When he was introduced to the secretary he was a bit more nervous than ever before in his life, and the secretary sympathetically asked: "Do you always stutter, Mr. Trask?"

"N-n-n-no, only wh-wh-wh-when I t-t-t-talk," replied Jule.

THE STYLE STORE.

Giddings

Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

Continue tomorrow, Friday, their various January clearance sales of

Outer Garments

Tailored Suits, Coats, Skirts and Wraps.

Furs

Fur Coats

Fur-Lined Coats

and winter wearables of every kind at reductions of ½, ⅓ and ¼ off regular prices

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Foreign Markets Stronger and Strengthens Wheat in America.

Flax Stiffens Up Somewhat—Foreign Market Fairly Strong.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 18—Wheat was stronger this morning and there were advances in all markets. The May option was ⅜c higher in Duluth, Minneapolis, New York and Winnipeg, ¼-¾c higher in Chicago, ⅛-¼c higher in St. Louis and ¼c higher in Kansas City.

The Liverpool market closed ¼-⅜d higher, Paris unchanged to ½c higher, Berlin ¼c higher and Budapest ½c lower. New York reported 18 loads of wheat taken for export. Millers are also reporting a better demand for flour.

The May option in corn in Chicago closed unchanged and Liverpool, was ⅛ to ¾d higher. May oats closed ⅛c higher in Chicago.

Car receipts at Duluth were 129 against 21 last year, and at Minneapolis 360 against 374 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 489 against 395 last year. Chicago received 24 against 13 last year. Winnipeg receipts were 88 against 111 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 717,000 bus, last year 567,000 bus, Shipments 178,000 bus, last year 270,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 225,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 483,000 bus, last year 481,000 bus. Shipments 543,000 bus, last year 227,000 bus. Clearances were 1,010,000 bus.

Wheat was dull in the Duluth market today. May wheat opened ⅛c higher at 85¾c at 9:45. At 12:29, the price advanced to 86¼c and at 12:58, dropped to 85½c. The closing price was 86c, a gain of ⅜c over yesterday. July wheat was inactive and closed at 87c, a gain of ⅜c over yesterday.

Trading in flax was lively. The price was down 1¼c in Antwerp but this was not so bad considering the declines in the American markets yesterday. Some export business was done by Duluth exporters. May flax opened ½c lower at $1.22, and dropped to $1.21¾. There was heavy buying at this price and the market seemed to congest quickly and the price rushed to $1.24. It then dropped to $1.23 and ranged from that point to $1.23¾ during the rest of the session. The closing price was $1.23¾, a gain of ⅝c over yesterday.

July flax was active during the early part of the session. The high price was $1.25, the low $1.23¼ and the closing price $1.24¾, a gain of 1c over yesterday. September flax opened 1c lower at $1.21½ and closed at $1.23, a gain of ½c over yesterday.

Oats on track were up ½c and oats to arrive unchanged, as were the other coarse grains.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 Northern, 88¾c; No. 2 Northern, 81¾c; on track, No. 1 Northern, 88¾c; No. 2 Northern, 81¾c; May, 86c; July, 87¾; Durum, No. 1, 72½c; No. 2, 69c. Flax—To arrive, $1.19⅝; on track $1.19⅝; May, $1.23¾; July, $1.24⅝; September, $1.23; October, $1.21. Oats—To arrive, 29½c; on track, 30c. Rye, 60c; barley, 35-45c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 129; last year, 21; oats, 25; rye, 4; barley, 11; flax, 64; last year, 15.

Receipts: Wheat, 177,961 bus; oats, 38,841 bus; barley, 8,860 bus; rye, 2,238 bus; flax, 70,297 bus.

Shipments: Oats, 8,913 bus; barley, 1,560 bus.

Cash Sales Thursday

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	$0.84
No. 1 hard, 1 car	.84¼
No. 1 hard, 1,500 bus	.84
No. 1 northern wheat, 6 cars	.83½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	.83¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	.84⅛
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	.83¾
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	.83½
No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	.84¼
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	.84¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	.82⅝
No. 2 northern, 1,000 bus	.81¾
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	.78½
No. 3, 1 car	.78⅝
No. 3, 2 cars	.78¾
No. 3, 1 car	.79⅛
Durum wheat, 1 car No. 1	.72½
Flax, 1 car	1.17¾
Flax, 1 car	1.18
Flax, 1 car	1.18⅛
Flax, 1 car	1.19
Flax, 600 bus	1.19¼
Flax, 2,000 bus	1.18
Flax, 1,200 bus	1.19⅜
Barley, 2 cars	.37
Oats, 1 car No. 2 white	.30¼
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white	.30
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white	.29½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Reports of Crop Damage in India Gives Wheat Firmness.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Reports from India today told of continued absence of rain and increased damage to the wheat crop because of the continued dorught. This information caused the wheat market here to be firm, notwithstanding a fair amount of selling by local traders. Commission houses were the principal buyers. May opened a shade higher at 88c, sold off to 87¾@88c and then advanced to 88¼c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 513 cars, against 645 cars last week and 408 cars a year ago.

The market continued strong for the entire day. Shorts covered freely late in the session. The high point for May was reached at 88½c. The close was strong with May up ⅞@⅞c at 88¼c.

The corn market was firm despite liberal local receipts. Pit traders were inactive bidders and offerings were small. May opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 45⅝c to 45¼c and held around the higher figure. Local receipts, 294 cars, with 44 of contract grade.

There was very little doing in the corn pit, but the market held steady all day. The close was steady with May unchanged at 45⅛@¼c.

Oats were firm as a result of New York reports that foreigners were heavy purchasers. May opened ⅛c up at 32¼c and held up to 32⅜@¼c. Local receipts were 156 cars.

Provisions were strong. May pork was up 12½c to 15c at $14.12½ to $14.15. Lard was up 2½@5c to 56@7½c at $7.65 to $7.61½. Ribs were higher at $7.60.

Close: Wheat—May, 88¼c; July, 85¾c. Corn—May, 45⅛@¼c; July, 45⅝c. Oats—May, 32¼c; July, 30⅜c. Pork—January, $13.85; May, $14.20. Lard—January, $7.50; May, $7.67½; July, $7.77½@7.80. Ribs—January, $7.50; May, $7.62½; July, $7.72½@7.75. Rye—Cash, 60c; May, 71½c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.20; Southwestern, $1.12½; May, $1.22. Timothy—March, $3.45. Clover—Cash, $13.25. Barley—Cash, 38@54c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 88¼@90¼c; No. 3 red, 85¼@88c; No. 2 hard, 84@85c; No. 3 hard, 82@87½c; No. 1 northern, 86@88½c; No. 2 northern, 85@88c; No. 3 spring, 82@87½c. Corn—No. 2, 43c; No. 3, 42½@⅝c. Oats—No. 2, 31@⅜c; No. 3, 30½@⅝c.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Jan. 18.—Wheat, spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 6d; futures, firm, March, 5s 7½d; May, 6s 10⅝d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed new, 4s 3½d; American mixed old, 4s 8½d; futures, firm; January, 4s 2½d; March, 4s 2⅞d; May, 4s 3⅞d.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 19; No. 1 Northern, 33; No. 2 Northern, 24; No. 3 spring, 26; No. 4 spring, 4; rejected, 2; No. 1 durum, 9; No. 2 durum, 5; No. 3 durum, 2; rejected and no grade durum, 1; total of durum, 21; total of wheat, 129; last year, 21.

Flax: No. 1 Northwestern, 16; No. 1, 48; total of flax, 64; last year, 19.

Oats, 22; rye, 4; barley, 11.

Total of all cars, 230; cars on track today, 130.

New York Grain.

New York, Jan. 17.—Close—Wheat—May, 92⅝c; July, 92½c. Corn—January, 55c; May, 51¼c; July, 51½c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 18.—Close—Wheat—May, 85⅞c; July, 87⅜c; No. 1 hard, 87¾c; No. 1 northern, 83⅜c; No. 2 northern, 81½c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	85¾	85¾	88	92⅜
High	86¼	86¼	88¾	92⅝–¾
Low	85¾	85½–⅝	87⅞–88	92¼–¾
Close	86⅛	85⅞	88⅛B	92⅝A
Close, 17	85⅞	85½	87⅞–88	92¼
July—				
Open	....	87	85–¼	90⅜
High	....	87½	85⅝	90⅝
Low	....	86⅞–87	84⅞–85	90⅛
Close	87N	87⅜A	85⅛A	90⅛B
Close, 17	86⅝	86⅞–88	84⅞–85	90¼

St. Louis—	Close 18th	Close 17th
May	86⅝	86⅜–½
July	82⅞–83	82½–⅝
Kansas City—		
May	80⅜	80⅛
July	77¾	77½
Winnipeg—		
May	80⅝	80¼
July	81¾	81¼

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	May. Oats.	May. Corn.	May. Pork.
Opening	32⅛	45¼	$14.15
High	32¼	45¼–⅜	14.25
Low	32–⅛	45⅛	14.15
Close	32⅛A	45⅛–¼A	14.20

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Grain Letter: Wheat—The action of the market today in responding to the improved cables indicates how closely the foreign situation is being watched by investors and traders. If the morning cables had been lower instead of higher there would undoubtedly have been further pressure in our market; the higher cables found market pretty well sold out, with the active pit traders short of the market. It required but little buying to absorb wheat offered early, leaving the market bare of offerings. This seems to indicate that wheat sold out some time ago by the leading bulls at about present prices and taken in, as we believe, by the public through the general commission house buying witnessed at that time will require something more than a little sympathetic loss in the cable to force liquidation. As we said something ago the public's vision is clear; they are looking, not at the increasing stocks in Minneapolis but at the world point of view. We have seen in the past the most active bears become enthusiastic bulls. We feel the buying side on the moderate dips is still the proper course to follow.

Corn—This has been another discouraging in corn, the market closing unchanged and range during the day extremely narrow. These conditions are likely to prevail for some time. The tone, however, warrants the purchase of corn on the moderate dips.

Oats—The market had a little more life and a shade better prices, due to the good shipping demand. This is bound to tell in the visible later.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat opened very strong and higher this morning, continuing strong during the session. Nothing special doing in the flour market. Minneapolis stocks increased 750,000 for five days. There is still a good demand for Manitoba wheat for export, prices being at a premium, also good demand for cash soft red winter wheat, something like 155,000 being sold, 145,000 of this amount to local mills. Millers are taking good wheat freely, but the market is dull for poorer grades. Private cables from Argentina reports more rain. We believe this will be a good steady market, with prices working higher, and would favor the buying side at present.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—Cattle: Receipts, 800; steady; unchanged; calves, $2.00@6.25. Hogs: 2,000; strong; range, $5.10@5.30. Sheep: Receipts, 12,000; steady; unchanged.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	27	@	28
Creamery, in tubs	26	@	27
Dairies, fancy	20	@	22
Renovated	22		
Packing stock	16		
EGGS.			
Fresh	22	@	25
Storage	20	@	22
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14½		
Block and wheel Swiss	14–20	@	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger full cream cheese	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb	16½		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Almonds	16		
Mixed nuts	12½		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7–10	@	8
Chestnuts, per lb	11		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	5 50		
Greenings	4 50		
Kings	5 00		
York State Spies	5 00		
Baldwins	4 75		
York State Russets	4 50		
Tolman Sweets	4 50		
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 75		
Missouri Pippins, per box	2 25		
Colorado Winsape, per box	2 50		
Bananas, per bunch	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries	18 00		
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb box	1 35		
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50		
Catawbas, pony basket	22		
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 25	@	3 50
Oranges, Floridas	2 50		
California Navels	2 75	@	3 00
California pears, per box	2 25		
GREEN VEGETABLES.			
Beans, wax, per bus	5 00		
Navy beans	2 00		
Green hothouse beans	4 50		
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz	1 00		
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 00		
Cabbage, per ton	35 00		
Cauliflower, per box	3 75		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35		
Carrots, per cwt	1 00		
Egg plant, per doz	1 75		
Horseradish, per lb	12		
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 50		
Onions, per cwt	1 75	@	1 85
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00		
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 00		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	50
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 75		
Potatoes, per bus	67	@	70
Radishes, round, per doz	75		
Spinach, per box	1 00	@	1 25
California tomatoes, crate	2 25		
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
MEATS.			
Beef	5	@	8
Mutton	8½	@	9½
Lard	8¼		
Pork loins	10		
Veal	9	@	9½
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb	14		
Hens, per lb	14		
Spring ducks	14		
Turkeys	20		
Geese	12	@	13
HAY.			
Timothy, per ton	9 00	@	10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00	@	11 00
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	14 50		
Oats, per bus	31		
Shorts, per ton	15 00		
FISH.			
Trout, per lb	10		
Pike, per lb	10		
White, per lb	10	@	12½
Fresh salmon, per lb	14		
Halibut, per lb	15		
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85		

New York.

New York, Jan. 18.—Butter, irregular; receipts, 4,772; renovated, common to extra, 15½@21¼c; Western factory, common to firsts, 16@19c; Western imitation creamery, extras, 21@22c; firsts, 19@20c. Cheese, firm; unchanged; receipts, 3,500. Eggs, easy; unchanged; receipts, none.

Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Butter, firm; creameries, 18@27c; dairies, 19@24. Eggs, steady at mark; cases included, 17@18c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 13c; twins, 11½@11¾c; Young Americas, 13c.

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AND

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Bonanza Circle Coppers

AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.

Noon Quotations, Jan. 18, 1906.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
N. Butte	88	89	Ala. Con. pfd.	$6.00
C. & A.	122	124	Ariz. & E.	.10
C. & P.	37	38	Black Rock	.15
L. S. & P.	50	51	Comanche	.55
A. & D.	27	28	Crooked River	.10
Junction	27½	28	Eagle Mount.	$5.00
Man.	8	9	LaLuz, Mexico	$5.00
Blk. Mt.	14	15	Little Cracker	.10
Denn.	23	25	Metropolitan	.10
Warren	14	15	Nev. Q. Bee	.10
Chlr.	11	13	Ophir Tunnel	Bid
Shat.	40	45	Shakespeare	.10

Ophir is selling. Why not? If you want Arizona or Eastern, buy of us.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,

WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.

Main Floor, Palladio Building.

Phones—Zenith, 696; Duluth, 82.

STOCKS ARE UNSETTLED

Owing to Amalgamated Dividend Being Lower Than Expected.

Rallies on Covering by Shorts But Close Was Irregular.

New York, Jan. 18.—Prices in the stock market today opened a fraction higher than last night in the general list and some of the specialties showed wider gains. Smelting was up 3⅜ and national lead 3, Reading 1⅜, Colorado Fuel about a point and Wabash a large fraction. Amalgamated Copper opened down a small fraction and then rallied to above last night. Consolidated Gas lost a point.

There were some indications of profit taking after the opening advance, but this only exerted momentary effect and there was a further substantial advance before 11 o'clock. Reading was the principal feature, blocks of many thousands of shares being bought during its advance of 3⅛ to 84⅜. Some of the other notable gains were United Railway & Investment and New York Dock 3, Colorado Fuel, D. & H., Union Bag preferred and Detroit United Railway 2¼ to 2½. Atlantic Coast Line, Great Northern preferred and Colorado Fuel preferred 2, Kansas & Texas preferred 1½, and Canadian Pacific, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sooth Wabash and L. & N., Kansas City Southern preferred, Amalgamated Copper, Union Bag and Knickerbocker Ice preferred a point or more. Metropolitan Securities fell 1¼ and Allis-Chalmers preferred 1.

The southwestern grangers became strong and checked a reaction which carried Amalgamated Copper down to $111 and forced a number of the Pacifics and other prominent stocks below last night. The movement in the southwesterns was supplemented by a sudden awakening in a number of dormant industrials and United States Steel preferred advanced to a record price at 81½. Wabash preferred gained 2⅛, Missouri Pacific 2, and Texas & Pacific, Rock Island preferred, Toledo, St. Louis & Western, National Railroad of Mexico preferred, C. & O., Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic preferred and Long Island 1 to 1¼. Of the specialties, Wells Fargo rose 7, Federal Mining 5, the preferred 2, Union Bag preferred 3⅝, Hocking Coal and Linseed 2⅝, the preferred 2⅝, American Woolen 2⅜ and American Telephone 1. Bonds were firm at noon.

Enormous buying of Reading was resumed in the early afternoon and it jumped over 4 points to 142½. Chesapeake & Ohio also rose 1¾. The general active list was subjected to further realizing which carried Amalgamated Copper back to the lowest and Smelting 2⅝ from the top price. Long Island improved 2¼ and St. Louis Southwestern and Central of Jersey 1.

A reflection in the buying rather than the effect of any extension of selling contributed to a decline in which a number of the specialties fell sharply. Amalgamated Copper sold nearly a point below yesterday's closing and Colorado Fuel by a small fraction. Over-night losses reached 4¼ in Anaconda, 1⅜ in Hide and Leather preferred and to 1 to 1¼ in Manhattan, Tennessee Coal and Metropolitan Street Railway. The railroads did not suffer proportionately with the industrials and there was a later recovery in which Reading after reacting a point went again to above 142. American Agricultural Chemical advanced 1¼ and American Telephone 3.

Attention centered on Amalgamated Copper when the directors went into session to act on the dividend. The stock moved wildly on enormous dealings while the general list moved irregularly and narrowly. Copper shot up to 113⅝, ran off to 112¼ and fluctuated feverishly. Tennessee Coal rose 2¾ over yesterday. American Agricultural Chemical 2¼ and Biscuit preferred 1¾. Peoria & Eastern and Metropolitan Street Railway fell 2 and Colorado Fuel and Corn Products 1. On the announcement of 1½ per cent dividend on Copper the stock dropped again to 110 and prices elsewhere ran off rather sharply. There was some hasty covering by shorts and resulting rallies at the best, but the closing was unsettled and irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A. Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	104	104	104
do com	95⅝	94⅞	95½
Smelter com	173⅞	171⅛	172
American Woolen	47⅛	45¾	46½
Amalgamated Copper	113⅜	110	111¼
B. & O. Ry	116½	115¾	115⅞
B. R. T.	91⅛	90¼	90⅝
Canadian Pacific Ry	177¼	175⅝	177
Chesapeake & Ohio	59¼	57⅝	58½
C. F. I.	76	72¾	74
C. G. W. com	28	25⅝	25¾
Erie 1st pfd	82½	82⅜	82½
Erie com	50½	49¾	49¾
Illinois Central	179	178½	179
Central Leather	49	48½	49
Louisville & Nashville	154½	154	154¼
Mexican Central	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛
Metropolitan Ry	125¾	123⅞	124
Missouri Pacific	106⅛	104½	105⅜
Manhattan	160	158½	159½
Norfolk & Western	88⅞	88⅛	88⅜
New York Central	154¼	153¼	153¼
Ontario & Western	54⅜	53⅞	54¼
Peoples Gas	100⅜	100¼	100½
Pacific Mail	50½	50	50⅛
Pennsylvania Ry	145⅞	144⅝	145¼
Rock Island com	24⅝	23⅝	24⅛
Rock Island pfd	63⅜	62¼	62¾
Reading com	143½	140⅜	142⅝
R. I. & S. pfd	107½	107	107⅜
R. I. & S. com	37⅝	36⅝	36⅞
Rubber com	56	55½	55½
St. Paul	184½	183¾	184¼
Sugar	151	150	150¼
Southern Railway com	39⅝	38⅞	38⅞
Southern Pacific	69	68⅝	68¾
Soo com	160⅜	156⅝	159¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	163	159	160¼
Texas Pacific	37	35¾	36⅜
United States Steel pfd	110	106⅝	106⅝
United States Steel com	45⅛	44⅜	44⅞
Union Pacific com	158¼	157	157⅝
Wisconsin Central com	32	32	32
Wisconsin Central pfd	62¼	62¼	62½
Wabash com	24⅝	23⅝	24
Wabash pfd	47⅜	45	46½
Northern Pacific	208	206¾	206¾
Twin City R. T.	119½	119⅜	119⅜
American Locomotive	77¼	76¼	76¾
Erie 2nd pfd	75⅞	75⅛	75⅜
M., K. & T.	40¼	39⅝	39⅞
Great Northern	318½	315½	317¼
D., S. S. & A. com	22¼	22	22

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed irregular and nervous. The action of the Amalgamated Copper directors in placing their stock upon a 6 per cent basis was looked upon as disappointing in some quarters and in others just about as expected. The stock itself was moved violently up and down after the declaration was made, finally closing ¼c under yesterday. The sharp movements in Copper for a time unsettled the balance of the market, but in most cases some recovery was made from the low point. The action of market is nervous; it reflects less confident buying and on the strong spots seems to meet with good selling. Considering the advance we have had, the high level is well maintained, but it would not be surprising to see some little setbacks. In conservative circles belief is had that the slight increase in the Amalgamated dividend has been discounted. It would not be unnatural for the market to take its cue from Amalgamated for the next day or two.

* * *

Dick Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market was excited and erratic, with a generally strong tone tempered by continued heaviness in Amalgamated, which was again under pressure. Numerous sharp advances were scored during the morning, particularly in Reading, Chesapeake & Ohio, Smelters, Lead, Canadian Pacific and Missouri Pacific. Amalgamated Copper continued heavy until just before the dividend was announced, when a sharp advance was brought about by false rumors that the dividend was on the basis of 6 per cent per annum. Following the issue of the official declaration of 1.50 per cent for the quarter. This was an increase, but it was less than expected, and the stock consequently dropped sharply. The rest of the market broke in sympathy. The closing was unsettled and rather weak in tone.

* * *

Walker Bros. to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was strong at the opening, under the lead of Steels, and made advances. Trade was very erratic. When the Amalgamated dividend was announced there was quite heavy selling, but stocks seemed to be very well taken. The close was irregular. We look for a traders' market for the rest of the week.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	111	111¼
American Dev. Co.	18	20
Anaconda	254	....
Atlantic	25	25½
Arcadian	4½	4¾
Adventure	5½	6
Allouez	43¾	44½
Bingham	34½	35
Black Mountain	....	12
Copper Range	83¼	....
Calumet & Hecla	700	710
Calumet & Arizona	121	122
Calumet & Pittsburg	36½	37
Chiricahua	....	17
Centennial	29½	30
Daly West	17½	18
Franklin	17	17½
Granby	7½	7⅝
Green Cons	29¼	29⅜
Isle Royale	26½	27
Junction	....	57¾
L. S. & P.	....	60
Michigan	16¼	16½
Mayflower	1	1½
Mass	11	11½
Monawk	68	69
Mercur Cons.	65c	66c
North Butte	88	88½
Old Dominion	39⅞	40
Old Colony	1¼	1⅜
Osceola	102½	103½
Phoenix	1¼	1½
Parrott	40	41
Pittsburg & Duluth	....	26
Quincy	109	110
Rhode Island	7⅜	7⅞
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Shannon	6¼	6½
Tecumseh	13¼	14
Tamarack	107	110
Trinity	10	10¼
U. S. Mining	53	53½
Utah	65¾	66
United Copper	63¼	63¾
Union Land	3	3½
Victoria	7	7½
Wyandot	1½	2
Wolverine	132	134⅞
Winona	17½	18
Warren	....	15
Copper Queen	....	3½
Keweenaw	....	17
Boston Cons.	30⅜	30⅝
Nevada Con	11¾	12¼
East Butte	10	....
Sullivan	3	....

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was unusually dull for a large part of the session today. About 2 o'clock, however, a fake rumor was circulated that Amalgamated had declared $1.50 and 50c extra dividends. This caused considerable buying to come into the market, and Amalgamated jumped to 114 but dropped back to 111 very quickly when the true dividend of $1.50 was declared. The nervousness which has existed the past ten days has brought in considerable liquidation and some short selling, so that now the market is in better condition than for some time.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 18.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of one point and a decline of 2 points and in spite of rather better cables than expected, declined during the early session under commission house liquidation and bear pressure. After selling off to 11.57 for March, a net decline of 6 points and about 25 points down from the high level of yesterday, covering by room shorts rallied the market 2 or 3 points, and during the middle of the morning trading was quiet and fluctuations narrow.

Cotton spot closed quiet; 15 points higher; mid ups 12.25; do gulf, 12.50. No sales. Futures closed firm—January, 11.62; Feb. 11.68; March, 11.81; April, 11.86; May, 11.91; June, 11.92; July, 11.97; August, 11.76; September, 11.04; October, 11.91.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report: Horse trade still slow; many buyers and prospective buyers in the market for farm horses, but sales are slow. Receipts light, but are of good quality. A slight drop in the market on drafters, but farm material and other classes hold good.

Drafters, extra	$185@220
Drafters, choice	150@185
Drafters, common to good	135@150
Farm mares, extra	150@170
Farm mares, choice	135@150
Farm mares, common to good	110@135
Delivery, choice	136@175
Delivery, common to good	100@135
Drivers, extra	150@170
Drivers, choice	125@150

New York Money.

New York, Jan. 18.—Money on call, easier; 3@6 per cent; ruling rate, 4½@4¾; closing bid, 2; offered at 5. Time loans, steady; 60 and 90 days and 6 months, 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87.05 for demand, and $4.83.55@60 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@4¾; commercial bills, $4.83½@4. Bar silver, 65½c; Mexican dollars, 50½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm.

WALTER W. CARR, BROKER,

MANHATTAN BUILDING.

Phones 1805.

Reference—City National Bank.

Unlisted Copper Letter.

Jan. 18, 1906.

	Bid	Asked
C. & A.	121	123
C. & P.	36¾	37½
L. S. & P.	....	51
Junction	27	28
Black Mountain	13	....
P. & D.	....	26½
East Butte	9½	10
Wolv. & Ariz.	6	6½

PRIVATE WIRES.

Market today has shown little or no recuperative power, although selling pressure is less urgent, and do not look for further material decline.

Black Mountain has sold as low as 12½, but well taken at this figure. Their mill will start within 30 days and good advance in shares will result.

Bonanza Circles dull and without feature, except lack of support. Offerings were very small, however. Any sign of buying will cause a sharp upturn.

Drilling operations on American Development likely to cause upturn in this stock, also Warren and Junction, as to a certain extent it will prove up all these properties. It is expected Calumet & Pittsburg will encounter ore almost any day. Pick up stocks on this decline; they will sell much higher inside 30 days.

ARIZONA and EASTERN

If the public investigates this company as we have, they would not be surprised that one of our clients is anxious to sell his stock at 10 cents per share. A peanut promoter needs a hot air suppressor.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,

Wm. Kaiser, Mgr.

Main Floor Palladio Bldg. Phones, Zenith 696, Duluth 82-L.

RICH ORE ON SECTION 30

Strike There is Said to be a Most Valuable One.

The Officers of Shagawa Iron Company Are Delighted.

Rich ore is being struck on the famous Section 30 property on the Vermillion range, near Ely. The Shagawa Iron company has been sinking a shaft there and for three days it has been in high grade ore. The officers of the company are elated.

The company was organized last fall to take over the lease of the land, which has figured so prominently in Lake Superior mining circles. A. M. Chisholm is president and Edward Lynch is secretary and treasurer. Mr. Lynch left for Ely this morning to look over the property.

The officers of the company were not exactly surprised to run into rich ore, as they felt certain it contained it. The ore was struck at 120 feet and the shaft is still bottomed in it. It is of the porous variety and 67 per cent quality, similar to that found in the Chandler mine at Ely.

The Shagawa company will go right ahead and begin producing ore just as soon as it is possible. There is every indication that the strike is a big one and that Section 30 is really a most valuable property.

Prior to the time that Messrs. Chisholm and Lynch took hold of Section 30 diamond drills had been used on the property, but owing to the formation, it was impossible to determine in any way the extent of the ore. The ore was porous and solid cores could not be found. Diamond drills, according to mining men, have never been of much use so far as mines in the Ely district were concerned, and much better results have been obtained on Section 30 than on the others.

If the strike on Section 30 proves as extensive and rich as the holders of the option think that it will, it will outrival all the mines on the Vermillion range. The Section 30 mine may be the first of a new group.

Treasury Balances.

Washington, Jan. 18.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 reserve held in the division of redemption, shows:

Available cash balance, $140,244,043; gold, $75,485,424; gold certificates, $33,604,730.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Cattle receipts, 9,500; weak; beeves, $3.70@6.35; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.70; stockers and feeders, $2.25@4.35; Texans, $3.50@4.40. Hogs—Receipts, 28,000; sl

4½% 5% Money to Loan
With On or Before Clause.
John A. Stephenson
WOLVIN BUILDING.

Owner Leaving City
Will sell his residence at a bargain. Has nine rooms and bath, stone foundation, full basement and concrete floor, good heating plant, city water, gas, electric light and bells, in prime condition throughout. House will rent readily to permanent and desirable tenant for $40 per month.
Good barn on rear of lot, rented to permanent and desirable tenant for $20 per month.
Lot 50x140 feet to alley. Street, avenues and alley improved.
Price $6000 Centrally Located
5%—Money to Loan—5%
Julius D. Howard & Co
216 West Superior St.

WINTER RESORTS.
Winter Resort
KENILWORTH INN
Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.
There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 100 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate. Adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed, orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.
Open all the year. Write for booklet.
EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
* 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:10 a.m
* 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 10 West Superior Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
* 6:20 a.m / * 3:50 p.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	* 9:50 p.m / * 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m / * 8:15 p.m	Crookston Grand Forks / Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m / * 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Shenandoah River, Hot Springs, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Sioux City	† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday
Twin City express ready at 9:30 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 419 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 41
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †8:40 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.
*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Vr. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:10	7:10	Vr. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:4:	Vr. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M	Daily, except Sundays	A.M.	P. M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar Ir'n Jct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	----	12:02
6:56	10:56	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday.
Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX
Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

THE ALVERADO
Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod, Proprietor and manager. 423-427 West Superior street.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50.
European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
HOTEL McKAY
Cor. First Street and Fifth Avenue West, Duluth.

The Miller
222-224 W. Superior St.
American and European Plan
Fifty Homelike Rooms.
JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

Wanted, Now!
A good modern residence in central location and one in East end. Also a $2,000 property in good location. We have customers waiting.
Eaton & Wharton,
Lonsdale Building. DULUTH.

$1200 Fifty foot lot, East Third street; excellent location.
$1400 Two lots (100x140) corner, on East Superior street, upper side—fine building site.
$400 Lot (25x140) on East Sixth street.
$4500 Eight room house (lot 50x140) very central.
$700 Two lots (25x140 each) West Third street, near Thirtieth.
30 acres fine garden and dairy land within two miles from postoffice.
11½ acres, two miles from city, on Hermantown road, fine garden land.
A. H. W. ECKSTEIN & CO.
401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. 'phone, 338. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

R. B. Knox & Co.
FIRE INSURANCE
ACCIDENT INSURANCE
BURGLAR INSURANCE
Loans, Real Estate, Rentals
Room 1, Exchange Bldg.

EASY TERMS.
For Sale—Seven-room house No. 318 E. Seventh Street, lot 50 x 140—
$1800
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

Fifty feet on Oneota street, near Thirty-eighth avenue west $600
Corner Thirty-ninth avenue West and Halifax street $650
A fine location, 50 feet on West Third street, near Bryant school $750
Two lots on Fifth street, close to Portland Square, each $700
One 50 foot lot on upper side of London road, near Twenty-first avenue $1100
Twenty-five foot lot, 5 minutes walk from post office $550
MONEY TO LOAN.
INTERSTATE LAND & INVESTMENT CO.
Providence Bldg.

We Lend Money!
Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.
Cooley & Underhill,
208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

LOANS
5% and 6%
All Privileges Given.
No Delay.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO.
NO. 5 ALWORTH BLDG.

4½% Any Amount 5%
All Privileges
NO DELAY!
MONEY TO LOAN
BY
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
5½% First Floor, Lonsdale Building. 6%

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value
$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.
Call in and see us about the above.
C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DULUTH BONSPIEL MAY BE MADE PERMANENT

Curlers May Decide to Make City Annual Meeting Place.

Play Continued in the Duluth, Sault and St. Paul Events.

The question as to whether or not Duluth will be the permanent bonspiel city of the Northwestern Curling association, is now up to the members of the Duluth club.

No applications have been received from any of the other cities for the bonspiel in 1907, and some action must be taken at once to decide upon the place for the next year's meeting.

The plan to name Duluth as the permanent bonspiel site, is looked upon with much favor by the outside curlers and by many of the Duluth members.

The only objection that can be made to the plan, is the fact that it will cut two weeks out of the season of the Duluth club. A large number of the members are in the club for the sake of the skating privileges for their families, and the bonspiel would take two weeks of the season away from them. This is the chief and practically the only objection that is made to the plan.

The expense of the bonspiel would not fall entirely upon the Duluth club, but all the clubs in the association would bear their share of it, just as is done with the Winnipeg bonspiel.

As far as the outside curlers are concerned, they are in favor of the plan. None of the other clubs in the association are as well prepared to hold a bonspiel as is Duluth, and they are much farther from the center of the territory from which the curlers come. Duluth is by far the most accessible city in the Northwest for such a bonspiel, and the plan to name Duluth as the bonspiel city of the association, was enthusiastically received by the visiting rinks.

What attitude the Duluth members will take is not known. The curling enthusiasts naturally favor the plan, but the committee of management is loath to take any action until the members have an opportunity to express their wish. A meeting will accordingly be held tomorrow afternoon, for the purpose of learning the wishes of the members, and the decision of the association will depend on the outcome of that meeting.

The plan has proved very successful in the Canadian association, the bonspiels of which are held annually in Winnipeg.

* * *

Play was resumed this morning in the three events already under way.

In the Duluth Curling club event the Chisholm rink of Superior advanced to the semi-finals by downing the crack Rochon rink of Winnipeg in decisive style by the score of 14 to 6.

The Superior rinks are all showing up in fine form, and some of the trophies and prizes are likely to find a resting place across the bay if they continue their good work for another day. The Chisholm rink is now in the semi-finals in the Duluth event, and in the first round of the St. Paul Jobbers. The Grace rink was put out in the preliminary round of the Jobbers, and in the second round of the Duluth event, but is still in the second round of the Canadian Sault. The A. K. Smith rink has probably made the best showing of the three, and is now in the third round of both the Canadian Sault and Duluth events, and the second round of the Jobbers.

The Dunlop rink went down before the Ron Smith rink this morning in a hard game by the score of 10 to 7. The winning rink is now the only Duluth rink left in the Duluth Curling club event.

Four games were played in the Canadian event this morning. In the first round the Reedal rink of Phillips defeated Dr. Schnarr of Kenora; Dr. Jamieson of Winnipeg defeated Neil of Winnipeg, and the Stocking rink, skipped by George MacKenzie, defeated the Fullerton rink of St. Paul, skipped by W. A. Cameron. This latter was a close game, the score standing 10 to 9 in favor of MacKenzie at the end of the eleventh end. MacKenzie made two on the last end, however, and cinched the game.

In the third round of this event the Tom Cameron rink of St. Paul defeated Pitblado of Winnipeg and goes into the semi-finals.

Three games were played in the St. Paul Jobbers' event. Probably the best game of the morning was the match between C. A. Duncan of Duluth and J. MacLeod of Minneapolis, in this event. The two rinks alternated in the lead throughout the game, and the score was tied at the end of the twelfth end. Duncan made one on the thirteenth end and won out by the score of 10 to 9.

The game between the R. J. MacLeod and Whalen rinks was also very close, MacLeod winning out by the score of 11 to 9.

A. K. Smith of Superior had an easy time with the McCutcheon rink of Minneapolis, winning by the score of 18 to 3.

The following is a summary of the morning games:

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

Preliminary round—
Whalen, 9; MacLeod, 11.
First round—
Duncan, 10; MacLeod, 9.
McLean, 8; Wall, 7.
A. K. Smith, 18; McCutcheon, 3.

Duluth Event.

Second round—
Dunlop, 7; Ron Smith, 10.
Third round—
Rochon, 6; Chisholm, 14.

Canadian Soo Event.

First round—
Reedal, 9; Dr. Schnarr, 5.
Dr. Jamieson, 14; Neil, 6.
T. Cameron, 14; Pitblado, 9.
Third round—
W. A. Cameron, 9; Stocking, 12.

* * *

Thirty-six rinks are entered in the international trophy event, drawings for which were made this morning. The Canadian rinks are excluded from this, owing to their defeat yesterday, and the American rinks play down for its possession.

Following are the drawings, which were made this morning:

RELIMINARY. FIRST ROUND.
Hastings, Chisholm, Macauley, MacLeod, Reedal, Dunbar,
Hanchett, Ron Smith. McGilvray, Bradley, A. K. Smith, Fairbairn, Stocking, Duncan, Greene, Wall, Lorimer, John McLeod. Macrae, Tom Cameron, Duplop, Halcrow, Grace, McCutcheon, Fullerton, Myron,

* * *

Drawings were also made for the J. C. Meyers trophy, which is open to all the rinks entered in the bonspiel. All five of the regular competitions are now under way. There remain the Flour City trophy, which is a consolidation event, and will be limited to but a few rinks, and the grand average, which is merely a prize for the rink winning the largest percentage of games.

Following are the drawings for the Meyers trophy:

PRELIMINARY. FIRST ROUND.
Wall, Fairbairn, Cameron, Greene, Jamieson, Fullerton, Reedal, Macrae,
McGilvray, Rochon, Dunbar, Smith, Halcrow, McLeod, Braden, Stocking, Duncan, Pitblado, McLean, Grace, Bradley, Schnarr, Neil, McAuley, Hanchett, Campbell, Whalen, Dunlop, Gawler, Ron MacLeod, Hastings, Myron, McCutcheon, Smith, Lorimer, Chisholm.

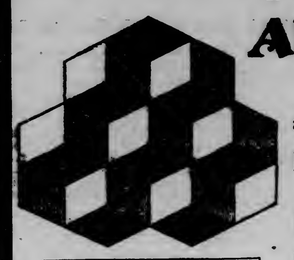
STANDING OF RINKS IN THE CURLING BONSPIEL

Duluth Curling Club Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.		SEMI-FINALS.	
Charles Dunbar,	8						
W. B. Dunlop,	14	14. Dunlop,	7				
John McLeod,	18	9.					
Dr. Lenont,	19			Smith.			
Ron Smith,	11	11. Smith,	10				
G. B. Reedal,	9						
H. H. Grace,	18	6.					
A. Macrae,	2						
D. W. Stocking,	15	8.					
John Halcrow,	7						
F. A. Green,	8	Campbell,	13				
C. W. Campbell,	14	10,		Campbell.			
J. McCutcheon,	10	10,					
T. F. McGilvray,	9	McCutcheon,	5				
Dr. Jamieson,		9.					
John Sharp,	10						
Sam Hastings,	13	Hastings,	9				
George Neil,	7			Hastings.			
J. C. Myron,	12	Myron,	6				
R. J. McLeod,	12						
J. R. Gowler,	5	McLeod,	7				
Dr. Schnarr,	16			Schnarr.			
R. D. Bradley,	9	Schnarr,	8				
A. Stevenson,	7						
A. K. Smith,	16	Smith,	17				
Tom Cameron,	8			Smith.			
W. J. Weir,	9	Weir,	5				
J. C. Wall,	8						
W. H. Whalen,	14	Whalen,	16				
C. A. Duncan,	13			Whalen.			
D. M. Braden,	9	Duncan,	5				
H. J. McLean,	5						
E. J. Rochon,	10	Rochon,	9				
S. F. Fullerton,	13			Rochon,	6		
S. D. Hanchett,	8	Fullerton,	8				
James Chisholm,	14					Chisholm.	
I. Pitbaldo,	6	Chisholm,	14				
A. G. Macauley,	5			Chisholm,	14		
W. W. Lorimer,	12	Lorimer,	12				

Canadian Soo Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.		SEMI-FINALS.	
Reedal,	12	9.					
McCutcheon,	8			Reedel.			
Braden,	8						
Schnarr,	12	5.					
Lorrimer,	2						
Stocking,	12	9.					
		Stocking.					
Duncan,	12						
Fullerton,	11	12.					
Jamieson,	10	14.					
Dunbar,	7			Jamieson.			
Neil,	13	6.					
Macauley,	6						
Bradley,	5						
Rochon,	12						
Campbell.							
Grace,	13						
Gawler,	8	Grace.					
Whalen,	13						
Chisholm,	6	Whalen.					
Wall,	11						
Macrae,	12	Macrae,	6				
				Smith.			
A. K. Smith,	17	Smith,	15				
Stevenson,	7						
Myron,	11						
Halcrow,	8	Myron.					
Dunlop,	15						
Weir,	6	Dunlop.					
Ron Smith,	10						
John McLeod,	7	Smith.					
R. J. McLeod,	9						
Hastings,	10	Hastings.					
Sharp,	9						
McLean,	14	McLean,	8				
				Cameron,	14		
Cameron,	11						
Greene,	4	Cameron,	9				
						Cameron.	
Pitblado,	19						
Hanchett,	8	Pitblado,	23				
				Pitblado,	9		
C. D. Fairbairn,	12						
T. F. McGilvray,	8	Fairbairn,	4				

On the Square

How many blocks do you see—6 or 7? Look carefully.
Allcock's
The original and only genuine porous plaster.
Be not deceived by misrepresentation. See that you always get *Allcock's Plaster* and take no other.
The choicest and purest gums are used in this remarkable external remedy.
Allcock's
CORN PLASTERS. | BUNION PLASTERS.
For Relief and Cure of Corns and Bunions.
Give Immediate Relief. Afford Absolute Comfort.

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

Preliminary and First Round—		Second Round—
Oldham,	10	
Stevenson,	11	
Green,	6	
Fairbairn,	16	
Grace,	7	
Cameron,	14	
Halcrow,	9	
Hanchett,	13	
Gawler,	12	
McLean,	15	
Wall,	15	
Jamieson,	6	
Whalen,	9	
McLeod,	11	
Chisholm,		
Duncan,	10	Duncan.
John McLeod.	9	
Macauley,	12	Macauley.
Weir,	9	
Stocking,	14	Stocking.
Hastings,	13	
Fullerton,	5	Ron Smith.
Ron Smith,	9	
Campbell,	16	Campbell.
Neil,	14	
McGilvray,	6	Dunbar.
Dunbar.	12	
A. K. Smith,	18	Smith.
McCutcheon,	3	
Dunlop,	12	Lorrimer.
Lorrimer,	13	
Macrae,	11	Rochon.
Rochon,	13	
Braden,	18	Braden.
Sharp,	4	
Schnarr,	10	Pitblado.
Pitblado,	12	
Reedal,	11	Reedal.
Myron,	10	

BARONESS SUES HER ATTORNEY

Mrs. Maybrick's Mother Dissatisfied With Sale of Lands.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 18.—The deposition of Judge Walton of this city was taken here today by Col. David Armstrong of New York city in the suit of Baroness Caroline Von Roque of Germany against Col. Armstrong. The suit was brought in the name of Baroness Von Roque, but the action really is forced by Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the former English prisoner. Armstrong acted as attorney for the Baroness Von Roque, the mother of Mrs. Maybrick, in the sale of lands in Kentucky, inherited by the baroness from her father, D. B. Holbrook of Mobile, Ala.

Both she and Mrs. Maybrick were dissatisfied with the amount resulting from the land sale, and sued Armstrong for a balance claimed to be due. Judge Walton prepared certain papers in the deal here, and his testimony was sought for that reason.

FRITZ AGAINST GOVERNMENT

One Claim Taker Testifies for Defense in Hopkins Case.

The testimony in the trial of L. J. Hopkins at this morning's session was carried through until almost 1 o'clock this afternoon and consisted for the most part of testimony by cruisers who gave evidence as to the value of the land and timber in question. The testimony was much the same as that of yesterday afternoon on this subject. The cruisers who were on this morning are F. J. Underhill, James E. Heney, William J. Cathcart, George N. Holland, S. C. Brown and William J. Wallace.

William H. Fritz of Sioux Falls, S. D., formerly of Duluth, and one of the men who took claims through Olson, was put on the stand by the defense. Mr. Fritz testified that he took the land for his own benefit in the way of selling the timber and had no agreement with anybody. He said that he and two others had talked the matter over after proving up and decided that they would hold the land until they could get a satisfactory price as their mortgage allowed them one year; but that they learned that the others in the party were selling their land to Swallow & Hopkins and that if they did not their land would be isolated and they would be unable to sell it; therefore they sold to Swallow & Hopkins and got $50 over and above the amount of the mortgages and expenses. The cross-examination failed to shake Mr. Fritz's testimony and he was allowed to go.

In reply to questions by Mr. Severance, Mr. Fritz said that last week he was subpoenaed by the government, but after telling District Attorney Haupt his evidence, he was allowed to go home. Later he was subpoenaed by the defense.

EXTRA SESSION NOW POSSIBLE

To Extend Date When Minnesota Laws Shall Go Into Effect.

St. Paul, Jan. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—An extra session of the legislature for the purpose of extending the date when the revised code of Minnesota laws shall go into effect is not only a possibility now, but is predicted. The situation regarding the code reached such a condition this morning that the commission in charge of the work was ready to throw up its hands. The firm which has the job of printing the code is affected by the printers' strike, and the local Typographical union has taken the aggressive and nothing can be done. Today a message was sent to Expert Printer Dare, who is in Milwaukee trying to place a contract for printing the code, to come home. The Pioneer Press company, which has the contract, declares it can complete the job on time, and without its consent the state cannot annul the contract without having a suit on its hands for the entire amount of the job.

ORGANIZATION TO ROB SHIPPERS

By Means of Wrong Weights at Kansas City Stockyards.

Kansas City, Jan. 18.—Evidence of the existence at the stockyards in this city of an organization of men to defraud shippers by a system of overweights and underweights was disclosed in the trial here of J. J. Miller, a trader charged with perjury. Miller's trial is the first in the case of eleven weighmasters and others at the stockyards indicted last year following an investigation by a committee of the Traders' exchange. Miller testified before the grand jury that indicted the men that he knew nothing of the existence of the alleged crookedness, and the prosecution is trying to prove that he did.

A. J. Judy, present chairman of the finance committee of the Traders' exchange, admitted candidly on the stand that he knew about the combine, that he profited by the thefts and was a party to them. He told of the men in the organization and the manner in which shippers were defrauded.

LIKE THE SUN'S RAYS THROUGH A CLOUD COMES
DR. BELL'S PINE-TAR-HONEY
To the Weak and Weary Cough-Worn Lungs
Nature's Remedy improved by science to a harmless, pleasant, positive cure.
COUGH, LUNG and BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS
never linger in contact with this most natural and speedy cure.
CHEAP IMITATIONS
Owing to the immense sale and popularity of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey there are many cheap imitations on the market with similar sounding names, but **You Can Always Get the Genuine by Looking for the Bell on the Bottle.**
AT ALL DRUGGISTS. 25c, 50c AND $1.00 BOTTLES.
CURES COUGHS
THE E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO., Paducah, Ky.

If Your Job is Growing "Shaky" and the fault's not yours, get in the market for a "steady position" through a Herald want ad.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	844-M	7
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borlous	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	515	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING, ELECTROLYSIS, FACIAL massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—HORSE FOR THE FEED during winter; best care. M 93, Herald.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' SUITS, FANCY WAISTS, Shirt Waists and Dresses. Orders taken for one week at reduced prices. Mrs. Reed, No. 7 West Superior St., Room 1.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN TO THIRTY thousand acres cheap Western Canada land. Send legal plats, prices and terms in first letter. Be definite, or no attention will be given. Charles G. Elwood, 145 East Fourth street, St. Paul, Minn.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 11, 1906.
In the Matter of the Estate of George Milmine, Deceased:
Whereas, Certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the Last Will and Testament of George Milmine, late of New York, N. Y., deceased, and the probate thereof in the Surrogate's Court of the County of New York, N. Y., have been delivered to this Court;
And Whereas, Charles Edward Milmine has filed therewith a petition, representing, among other things, that said George Milmine lately died in said County of New York, N. Y., testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said County of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is one of the executors of said will, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to Charles Edward Milmine issued thereon;
It Is Ordered, That the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this Court at the Probate Office in said County, on Monday, the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;
And It Is Further Ordered, That notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 11th day of January, A. D. 1906.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 11-18-25.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 4, 1906.
In the Matter of the Estate of Mary Keene, Deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of Annie Keene, administratrix of said estate, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into her hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to her granted to sell the real estate belonging to said estate. And it appearing by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administratrix to pay said debts, the legacies or expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts, legacies or expenses, to sell all of said real estate;
It Is Therefore Ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court on Monday, the 29th day of January, 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Duluth, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administratrix to sell so much of the real estate of said deceased as shall be necessary to pay such debts, legacies and expenses.
And It Is Further Ordered, That this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 4th day of January, A. D. 1906.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan-4-11-18-1906.

NOTICE OF HEARING—
Application having been made to me by Rebecca Catherine Crosby (formerly Rebecca Catherine Algabright), under provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1894, for a deed of so much of lots 55, 57, 58, 59 and 67, West Newton street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within the limits of lots 13 and 14, block 71, Portland Division of Duluth, according to recorded plats thereof; it is
Ordered, that said application be heard before me at the Court House in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, January 27, 1906, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons claiming such portion of said lots on West Newton street, or any right, title or interest therein, are summoned and notified to attend and establish their right thereto, or make any objections they may have to the granting of said application; notice of such hearing to be given to all parties in interest by publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald once in each week for three successive weeks before said date of hearing.
Dated January 3, 1906.
WM. A. CANT,
As Judge of the District court of the 11th District of Minnesota.
STEARNS & HUNTER,
Attorneys for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 4-11-18.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE WARM ROOMS for light housekeeping. 223 Sixth avenue West. Call 529½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NO. 1925 WEST THIRD street, six rooms, water and heat free. $35 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT — TWO COMPLETE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping, upstairs. No. 123 East First street.

PLEASANT FURNISHED FRONT room for rent. 131 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; MODern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, bath, electric light, furnace heat. $6.00 per month. 456 Mesaba avenue.

TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEkeeping; steam heat, gas and range. 7 Mason flats.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms. 344 Lake avenue south.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished room for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with board. 202 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

A COMPLETELY FURISHED APARTment, central location, for March and April; suitable for man and wife or young married couple. Apply 206 Ilworth building.

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE—$19.00 PER month including water. Call, 616 East Fourth Street.

SEVEN-ROOM, MODERN HOUSE, new, London road, Lakeside. $30 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT — PARTLY FURNISHED house, 1027 East Third street, reasonable rent. Inquire 229 West Fourth street evenings.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE. Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 265 Lyceum building.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD. 318 WEST SECond street.

STEAM-HEATED ROOMS, WITH board; bath, gas and telephone; moderate rates. 301 East Third street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED large south room in modern house; steam heat, at $23.50 per month; central. Address M 94, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 117 East Third street.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for 21 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 123 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

PERSONAL.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

D.—IN TOWN. AT ST. LOUIS. SEE you tonight. Mail me Duluth. "Secretary."

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREabouts of Sydney Bersteh; was last seen in Duluth May, 1904. Address Mrs. Bersteh, 117 Bayard street, Dayton, Ohio.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 202 Pal. Bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY YOUNG MARried couple, no children, small modern detached house in East end. M 28, Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 10th, 1906.
In the matter of the estate of Walter A. Scott, Deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Harold N. Scott, of the City of Chicago, County of Cook, Illinois, representing, among other things, that Walter A. Scott, late of the County of Cook in the State of Illinois, on the 9th day of August, 1902, at the County of Cook, Illinois, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of Cook County, Illinois, at the time of his death leaving goods, chattels and estate within this County of St. Louis, and that the said petitioner is a son of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to George W. Buck granted;
It is ordered, That said petition be heard before this court on Monday, the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court house in the City of Duluth, in said County.
Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County, and that a copy of this order be served upon the County Treasurer of St. Louis County, not less than ten days prior to the said day of hearing.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 6th day of January, A. D. 1906.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-11-18-25-1906.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.



One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.
When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.
Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

NEAT LITTLE HOME, WALKING DISTance. East end; bath, gas, etc.; easy terms; enough income to cover interest and repairs; price $1,850 if purchased direct from owner. Write L. B. 252 P. O.

A LARGE NUMBER OF SELECTED Delaware farms for sale; beautifully located; write for free catalogue. Chas. H. Hammond, Real Estate Broker, Milford, Del.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
521 Manhattan Building.
New phone, 936. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.
MINNESOTA LOAN CO.
205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS
On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.
$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay 1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$50 pay $2.25 weekly or $9.00 month.
Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 227 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adam street, Chicago, Ill.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer; good condition. Price, $25.00. 527 Manhattan.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon, also Edison moving picture machine and stereoptican combined. Five hundred plain and colored slides, including lecture sets, song slides, etc., in lots to suit, at half price. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,000, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE — ROOMING HOUSE, TEN rooms. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—NEW HOISTING ENGINES cheap; with or without boiler. One 7x10, one 8x10, one 10x12. All double cylinder, double drum. Clyde Iron Works.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once, sizes 8, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 25, Herald.

DID IT EVER OCCUR TO YOU THAT it would be profitable to prowl around our book store or write for what you want? We buy, sell, exchange all kinds of books. Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

ELEGANT UPRIGHT PIANO, WITH stool and cloth, $350 make; will sell cheap for cash. 221 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer in good condition, for $18.00 cash. M 32, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

PONY SLEIGH—AT A BARGAIN. Address M 92, Herald.

FOR SALE — HARDWOOD, $5 PER cord. Leave orders at Thatcher's grocery, 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone, 747-X.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—SMALL, SOUND AND ACtive team of horses. 117 East Superior street.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel Company.

I HAVE A CAR OF HORSES JUST IN. Come and see me before buying. I will save you money. Barn, Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibell.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 35c a lesson. Address V 35, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER. Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with F. D. Day & Co.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 1502 London road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, hot and cold water, bath and gas. Call at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Always fresh, Satin skin cream, never dries up, spoils, shrinks or changes. 25c.

THESE DAYS there's comfort in "The Herald Want Ad Way." It's a cold-weather convenience and saves many a step to "fireside folks," conducts a swift, still hunt for the thing you want and its search is seldom unavailing. Time and tramping saved at a trifling cost.

TELL YOUR TROUBLES TO 'PHONE 324

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN BANKING.

Must have two years of high school or equivalent. No business experience needed. Apply by letter to
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — NON-UNION PLUMBERS and helpers. Address M 27, Herald.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRSTclass trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "free" Ill. catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, VIRGINIA Foundry & Machine Co., Virginia, Minn.

ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, FIREmen, machinists, etc. Send for new 62-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers; sent free. George A. Zeller Book Co., 113 S. 4th, St. Louis.

100 LABORERS AND STATION MEN, Chicago & Northwestern railroad, near Green Bay, Wis.; all winter; sandy country. Laborers, teamsters and station men for new railroad work in Minnesota; all winter; free fare. Woods crews, pulpwood cutters, cedar cutters, extra gangs; South; city work, etc. National Employment company, 421 West Michigan street.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO WORK on dairy, Hibbing, Minn., R. 98 Herald.

WANTED—STEAM SHOVEL MEN, ENgineers, cranemen, firemen and dinky runners; standard wages; steady work. Apply or write, Duluth Employment company.

WANTED—MACHINE SHOP BLACKsmith for heavy work. Apply National Iron company, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — FIFTY STATION MEN, near Spokane, Wash. Call at Duluth Employment company, 507 or 429 West Michigan street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT STENOGrapher, experienced billing clerk and general office man, wanted at once by wholesale house. Address, with references and salary wanted, to M 91, Herald.

MAN TO DELIVER GROCERIES. E. M. McEwen, Proctor.

WANTED—CANT HOOK MEN, UNloading logs; steady work for good men. Apply foot of L avenue, Superior, near Murray-McCann mill. Edw. Hines Lumber company.

MEN WANTED TO COME TO US IF you are suffering from any disease peculiar to your sex. We cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Stricture, Gonorrhoea, Bladder and Kidney diseases, Lost Vitality and all pelvic troubles. Established in Duluth. We cure to stay cured, and you can take our opinion as final. If your case is curable, we will cure you. Consultation free. Medical association, No. 1 West Superior St., upstairs.

STENOGRAPHER — Rapid, accurate young man who understands general office work; good chance for advancement; salary according to ability; call, write. HAPGOODS, 311 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English, marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine Islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG single man as poultry man on poultry farm. Address A. H. Bell, 4632 London road, Duluth, Minn.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIence desires position as assistant bookkeeper; good penman. M 31, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN 21 YEARS OF age wishes position in wholesale house or retail house of any sort; have had experience as clerk and collector and can "make good." Address M 29, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING IN TAILOR SHOP. Call or address 1122 East Fifth street.

YOUNG MAN WITH REFERENCES would like a position in store or employment office or other light work. Speaks Finnish. J. H. Michaelson, 327 West Fourth street.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—GARNET STICK PIN, THREE large stones, and three small ones, clover leaf pattern, Tuesday night. Return to W. E. W., 321 West First St. Reward.

LOST—PEARL SUNBURST PIN—OPAL center. Liberal reward offered. Mrs. C. H. Stang, 317 East First street.

LOST — YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, lady's silver watch and fob, from Dul. Music Co., down Third avenue West to Lakeside car to Tenth avenue East, then to Second street. Finder please return to Herald office.

A SMALL PLAIN ROMAN GOLD watch with silver fob, between High school entrance and street car, or Tenth avenue East, between Third and Fourth streets. Mrs. C. W. Ericson, 1001 East Third for reward.

FOUND — PART SHEPHERD DOG, black and brown, with collar having name plate; can be had at 2019 West Fourth street by paying expenses.

LOST—ON SECOND STREET EAST OR Fourth street car, between library and Tenth avenue east, ladies' gold watch and black fob. Return to 1012 East First street for reward.

LOST OR MISLAID, POLICIES NOS. 135357 and 135558, issued by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, both on the life of John McLean Oldham. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. John McLean Oldham, 801 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. 414 EAST Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1116 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 127 West Fourth street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK. APply 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED — SKIRT HANDS; GOOD ones; no dead ones need apply. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL. 227 WEST Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, at 5935 Oneida street, Lester Park.

WANTED — NORMAL SCHOOL GIRL to work for board at 1201 East Third street. Small wages.

WANTED—GIRL, AGE 25 to 30 YEARS old, for housework; six room flat; three in family; Swedish preferred. La Ferte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED — AT ONCE, TWO DININGroom girls at Hotel Lenox.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Call 103½ West Fourth.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework at 1427 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 2025 East First st.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSes, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING by the day. Zenith 'phone 891.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO clerk in confectionary or grocery store; has had experience. M 30, Herald.

WANTED — YOUNG WOMAN WANTS position as housekeeper. Miss Jaxon, General Delivery.

WANTED—PLACE TO DO GENERAL housework. L. Johnson, 537 Garfield avenue.

WANTED — POSITION BY COMPEtent lady stenographer; best of references. Address M 95, Herald.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer. Zenith 787, Bell 325-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old 1341-L; Zenith 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

COD LIVER OIL.

1906 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior st.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 58th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

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DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

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MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

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WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 227 Exchange bldg.

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SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG.

Miss Nagle, 219 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKERS, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

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ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER 'PHONE.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER ARRIVES WITH A CARload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Jan. 23. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

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MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints. 413 7th Ave. East. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1255.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

COCKERELS, FINE LARGE BIRDS, dark or light, $2.50 to $5.00 each. Pullets and hens, $1.50 each. There are no better in his state. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 24, 1906. Work—M. M. Degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross, Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 18th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. George W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleacy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome Wednesday in K. O. T. M. welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Benefactor, degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 21 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street, J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.
COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Jan. 19, 1906. Joint installation of officers, Jan. 10, 1906. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Jan. 17.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1315 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1046, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, A. J. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local Union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Gogins; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gillard; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.
COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, United Order of Foresters, meets every first and third Tuesdays of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting Jan. 16. J. B. Gelineau, C. R., 224, Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

20 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

20 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ROOT SAYS AMERICAN CONSULATES ARE NOTHING BUT SHELVES ON WHICH TO PLACE DECREPIT OLD GENTLEMEN

Not Expected That Active or Efficient Work Will be Done by Occupants.

Secretary Speaks Frankly of Shortcomings of the Consular Service.

Present Bill Before Congress Not Perfect But Will Help Things Some.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Secretary Root while appearing before the house appropriations committee in relation to the expenses of the state department spoke frankly concerning the shortcomings of the American consular service. The statements of Mr. Root, which have just been made public, show that in response to questions by Representative Livingston, the secretary said:

"There are a great many consulates that have been in that condition and there are some that are still in that condition, and the fact arises from several causes. One cause is that consulates are used and regarded here not as places in which active and sufficient work is to be done, but are used as places in which to shelve estimable and elderly gentlemen whose friends find it necessary to take care of them in some way.

"Now, I have got old enough to be able to say that sort of thing without anybody being offended. I do not think that when a man has lived out the activity of his life and passed beyond his ambition and his energy and his desire to make a career for himself— I do not think that then is the time to start him out in a new place where he has got to learn a new business and push the commerce of the country."

The following statements were then made by Mr. Root in reply to questions of members of the committee:

Mr. Brundidge: "I quite agree with you, Mr. Secretary, as to that, but upon whom rests the blame for that condition?"

Secretary Root: "It rests upon a long standing custom whereby the executive is expected to appoint to important consulates important men from the different states."

Mr. Graff: "But you have a system of examination?"

Secretary Root: "Yes, so far as the young fellows go. You can put the screws on them and make them come up for examination, but when an imminent citizen—"

Mr. Livingston: "An eminent ex-senator or member of congress—"

Secretary Root (continuing): "Yes. When an eminent citizen comes around you cannot examine him in geography and arithmetic. He resents it and there is the dickens to pay all along. (Laughter.) It is a custom that has grown up—just like this deficiency custom. When you step in to change a custom you cannot change it by piecemeal; you have to jar something.

"Take this consular bill which is now pending. When it was introduced it contained a series of provisions under which the consulates were to be graded. The original appointments made were to be only to the lower grades, and the upper grades were to be filled by promotion, so that we would catch fellows young while they still had some motive power left in them. These provisions have been stricken out and the bill reported without them. Still, the bill makes a great advance over the present system. It grades the consulates and provides for the abolition of fees, and it provides against the employment of any clerks, except those of the very lowest grades, who are not American citizens; provides against what I think is a very great abuse, namely, the fact that a great number of American consulates are run by clerks of the country in which they are situated. It also does various other things. I don't know whether it will pass or not."

Mr. Livingston: That is now in the senate?

Secretary Root: Yes, in the senate. It has been favorably reported.

The approaching end of the active work of the reciprocity bureau was sounded in Mr. Root's statements about the expense for its maintenance. The salaries of clerks in the bureau are carried on the emergency roll of the state department, and the secretary said the bureau was regarded as an unforeseen and unexpected emergency, established by Mr. Kasson a number of years ago.

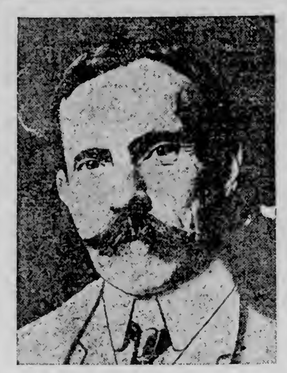
Representative Littaeur asked Mr. Root if the bureau would be permanent, and the secretary of state provoked a laugh with the following reply: "The indications are that it will not be. The making of a system of reciprocity treaties does not appear to have the elements of eternal life."

In discussing trade conditions in China and the necessity for gathering information concerning commercial troubles, Mr. Root said: "There is no occasion for sending a commission to China. Our ministers and consuls at the treaty ports of China are commissioned now. If these gentlemen will come up here I will bury them in papers so that they could not dig out for a week. We have bushels and bushels of reports from perfectly trustworthy American witnessses as to what has been happening in China, and as to the cause thereof. We have had special investigations made as to the causes, investigations made by competent Americans, who have lived in China and understand the language, and know the Chinese people, and the trouble now is not ignorance as to what the conditions are, it is in applying the quite plain and simple remedy. There have been two troubles:

"One arising from the fact that the law, the Chinese exclusion act, contains some provisions which experience has shown to be ill-advised and the other is that the law has been administered in a harsh and inconsiderate way.

"The president has remedied the administration, I think, just as far as the law permits him to do, and the thing to be done is now for you to change the law in some respects; not so as to permit the Chinese laborers to come in, but so that the Chinese laborer can be kept out without insult and indignity and hardship to the Chinese merchants and scholars and the men who occupy the same position in the Chinese community as the people in this room occupy in ours. They have been subjected to gross indignity and gross hardships in many cases and I do not wonder that they are indignant at it."

REFUSES TO TESTIFY



POULTNEY BIGELOW,
Who refuses to disclose source of information at senate's command.

LIKELY TO GO UNPUNISHED

Senate Committee Puts Over Bigelow Case to Next Week.

Sentiment of the Members Said to Have Undergone Change.

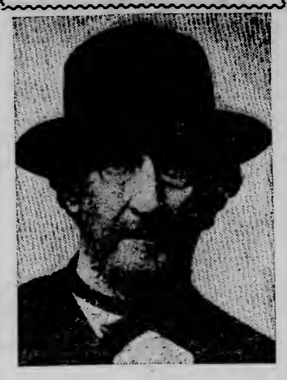
Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate committee on inter oceanic canals at its meeting today postponed until next week consideration of the recalcitration of Poultney Bigelow. Before the meeting several members said they had slept over the case and are now disposed to make a "martyr" of a witness "whose testimony appeared to be of too little value to dignify his conduct with summary punishment."

It is believed he will go unpunished.

RETURNS DECISION AGAINST RAILROADS.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The Interstate commerce commission has announced its decision in the case of M. Newman against the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company and various other principal carriers in official classification territory, in favor of the complainant, holding that a third class rating for leather scraps in less than carload lots is sufficiently high and that the defendants present classification and rating of that traffic is unjust and unreasonable.

EX-PRESIDENT DEAD



GEN. BARTOLOME MITRE.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 19.—Gen. Bartolome Mitre, former president of the Argentine republic, died today. Gen. Mitre was 83 years old. He was president from 1867 to 1871 and general-in-chief of the army of Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay in three years' war with Paraguay. He gained considerable distinction also in literature, his work including a translation in Spanish of Dante's "Divine Comedy."

OBSERVE THE MOORS' SUNDAY

Moroccan Delegates Defer to the Mohammedan Customs.

Religious Subjects Will be Excluded From the Conference.

Algeciras, Jan. 19.—This being the Mohammedan Sunday there will be no session of the international conference on Moroccan reforms, through deference for the Moroccan delegates. A Moorish villa served temporarily as a mosque, where the Moors redoubled their religious fervor in praying for the preservation of their country.

In the meantime the exchanges of views between the delegates of the powers have brought an agreement not to consider questions outside of the prearranged Franco-German program. One result of this is to exclude the religious subjects which the Vatican is said to desire to introduce through Austria. However, one of the ambassadors says that the Jewish question can come up not as a religious issue, but as incident to the protection of the subjects of the sultan.

Mohammed El Torres, head of the Morocco mission, has informed the delegates that the sultan is prepared to abolish the harsh laws requiring Jews to prostrate themselves before the mosques and other humiliating practices, but the delegates doubt the wisdom of their abolition as Mohammed El Torres and the foreign ministers residing in Morocco say that the non-performance of these traditional obeissances by the Jews would excite an anti-Jewish outbreak.

It is expected that the American delegates will strongly favor an amelioration of the conditions of the Jews.

ATTORNEY FOR BEEF TRUST SAYS THAT HE CAN PROVE THEIR IMMUNITY BY THE STATEMENTS OF GARFIELD

Said Facts Gathered by Agents Would be Treated as Though Given to Him.

Told Packers That He Did Not Want to Violate the Rights of Privacy.

Commissioner Busily Employed in Taking Notes of Attorney's Address.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Attorney John S. Miller, speaking for the packer's continued his preliminary statement in the United States court today. He stated that he would prove by the admissions of Corporation Commissioner Garfield while on the stand, that the packers in this case are entitled to immunity from prosecution. He said further that last March Commissioner Garfield declared that he would consider the seeking of facts by his agents in the offices of the packers, as if they had been developed before him personally, and had been presented in his presence at a formal hearing.

Commissioner Garfield, who was in the court room when the statements were made by the attorney, began writing rapidly on a pad of paper, taking notes of the statements made by Mr. Miller.

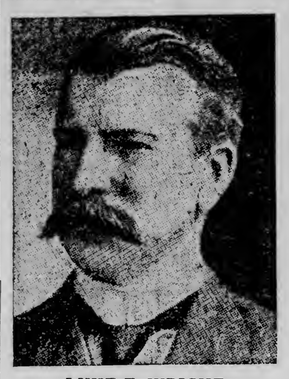
Mr. Miller said in opening his speech: "A meeting was held at the Chicago club in this city on April 13, 1905, between Commissioner Garfield, L. C. Krauthoff and Samuel McRoberts. The question arose as to the relations said to exist between Commissioner Garfield and the packers if the investigation was to be in the proper line of privacy. Mr. Garfield said that the question of what the government was and was not entitled to, might come up and that if it arose he would settle 't. He said that he desired to conduct and investigation but not in violation of any rights of privacy.

"Mr. Krauthoff suggested that he might advise the packers who were his clients to resist the right of the commissioner to publicly investigate a private business, but that he was disposed to ask the packers not to contest the matter. The question then arose as to the method of getting information and how the work of the agents of the commissioner would be considered. Commissioner Garfield replied that the information would be the same as if the defendants had testified before him personally."

The attorney then contended that under the law, that although the packers were not sworn, and it was the order of Commissioner Garfield that they should not be, the evidence of the men was no less evidence and within the immunity law.

Attorney Miller concluded his address at noon and was followed by Attorney George W. Brown, also for the packers.

NEW AMBASSADOR



LUKE E. WRIGHT.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Luke E. Wright, governor general of the Philippines, has been named by the president as the first American ambassador to Japan.

WALLING WAS NOT ARRESTED

Story Proves to Have Been Entirely Without Foundation.

Given Out by Editor of New York Jewish Paper.

New York, Jan. 19.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at St. Petersburg, having been queried concerning the reported arrest of William English Walling, in that city, for revolutionary activity, telegraphed today that Mr. Walling had not been arrested, and that the report to that effect is without foundation.

The Associated Press received the statement that Mr. Walling had been arrested from Abraham Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, yesterday, and accepted it as correct.

MINIATURE GALLOWS.

Made by Prisoner Who Was Hanged for Murder.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 19.—William Vandalsen, a white man aged 23 years, was hanged here today for the murder last fall of Miss Fannie Porter. Vandalsen passed his time in jail by making toys, among them being a miniature gallows with a body suspended. For this he received an offer from a Kansas City man, but declined it, and gave the trinket to the jail steward.

ELEVEN HUNDRED ENTERPRISES CLOSE DURING FIELD'S FUNERAL

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Funeral services for Marshall Field were held today at his late home, 1905 Prairie avenue, and in the First Presbyterian church. The services at the home were held at 11 o'clock and were characterized by simplicity and brevity, and none but those immediately connected with the family and household was in attendance. The service at the church was an hour later, and was attended by many of the friends of Mr. Field. This service too was private, and admission to the church was gained only by the presentation of a card.

In the afternoon a memorial service was held in the Auditorium, which was packed to the doors by the employes of Marshall Field & Co., Rev. John A. Morison, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated at all three services.

The body of Mr. Field was placed in the vault at Graceland cemetery directly after the second service of the day.

The services at the church consisted of a prayer by Dr. Morison, the reading of a portion of the Scriptures and the rendition of two hymns, "Lead, Kindly Light" and "I Am Nearer Home."

At the conclusion of the benediction Dr. Morison asked that the congregation remain standing in their pews while the casket was borne from the church. It was taken to the hearse, preceded by Dr. Morison, while the organ played Handel's "Dead March" from "Saul."

At the cemetery only the pallbearers and members of the family were present. The management of the cemetery in order to avoid the crowding of the grounds had given notice that during the forenoon no one would be permitted to the grounds, except members of the funeral party. Final arrangements for the interment of the body of Mr. Field will be made later.

Never before in the history of Chicago has such respect been paid to the memory of a private citizen as was shown today to that of Marshall Field. During the hours of the funeral services at the house and the church, all of the large retail establishments on State street were closed, the 1,100 enterprises operated by the members of the Chicago Commercial club and situated in all parts of the city were closed, the board of trade held but a brief session and upon every club house and prominent office building in the business section of the city flags were displayed at half mast. A number of mass meetings were held by various organizations during the day and resolutions eulogizing Mr. Field were adopted.

FATE OF FOOTBALL GAME RESTS WITH CONFERENCE OF "BIG NINE"

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Faculty representatives of the Western Collegiate Athletic association, known as the "Big Nine," and other Western universities met today at the Chicago Beach hotel to consider what shall be done with the present game of football. The meeting was called to order by President Angell of the University of Michigan.

Those present at the meeting were: Prof. A. H. Pattengill, University of Michigan; Prof. H. P. Judson, University of Chicago; Dean Thomas F. Holgate, Northwestern university; Prof. H. S. Smith, University of Iowa; Prof. H. J. Barton, University of Illinois; Prof. Thomas F. Moran, Purdue university; Prof. H. J. Turner, University of Wisconsin; Prof. M. W. Sampson, University of Indiana; Prof. F. S. Jones, University of Minnesota.

Of this number Profs. Pattengill, Barton, Moran, Sampson and Jones are members of the "Big Nine," and are expected to vote for the retention of the game. Profs. Smith and Turner, also of the "Big Nine," are opposed to the game, and the attitude of Northwestern university is unknown. Sentiment expressed before the meeting showed that there would probably be six universities favoring the retention of the game, two avowedly opposed to it and one undecided.

MINNEAPOLIS SALOONKEEPERS TO OPEN RETALIATORY CRUSADE

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Disgruntled and angered because of the tight lid put upon the saloons of Minneapolis by Mayor Jones, the members of the Retail Liquor Dealers' association of this city have determined upon a retalitory crusade, which will not cease till the city is converted into a veritable bucolic retreat. Here are a few of the things the members propose to do: Close the theaters on Sunday, close all the gambling houses, close all resorts, stop the sale of Sunday newspapers, stop the sale of bakery goods, etc.; restrict drug stores to sale of drugs, stop sale of liquor at clubs, stop Sunday ball games.

The liquor men say they have a fund of $30,000 to carry out their sweeping reforms. Each person in the association is supposed to contribute $10 a month to this fund. Determined upon publicity the association says that if the newspapers refuse space in their columns that it will have printed and circulated in all of the homes of the city thousands of dodgers.

QUICKNESS OF ST. PAUL OFFICER SAVES SEVERAL MEN FROM DEATH

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—But for the vigilance and quickness of Officer Vall several men would have been suffocated in a fire which did $300 damage to the two-story frame building at 350 Minnesota street, operated as a restaurant with lodging rooms upstairs. Vall discovered the flames about 2 o'clock this morning, and after turning in an alarm ran upstairs and aroused the lodgers, all of whom he found asleep. When the fire department arrived it was found necessary to rescue five men with ladders. There were several narrow escapes from suffocation, although none of the lodgers was overcome.

NEW TYPE SIEGE GUN TO BE TRIED AT SANDY HOOK.

Washington, Jan. 19.—A new type of siege gun has been completed by the ordnance department of the Rock Island arsenal, and has been shipped to the Sandy Hook proving grounds, at New York, for a test. The new weapon has a calibre of 4.7 and throws a sixty pound projectile. This is five pounds heavier than the projectile now thrown from the five inch siege guns, which are to be replaced with the new model if the gun, to be tested at Sandy Hook, proves satisfactory in every way. The chief characteristic of the new gun is its long recoil. It is said that this gives a steady carriage and that the carriage will not jump when the gun is fired as is the case with the gun now in use, thus permitting of a more rapid fire as it will not be necessary to place the carriage in position after each shot.

ASKS AN EARLY REPORT.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Representative Burton, of Ohio, has introduced a joint resolution asking for an early report regarding the use of the water flowing over Niagara falls. The report is requested from the United States members of the international waterways commission.



IT LOOKS DANGEROUS.

FIFTY CHINAMEN VISITORS AT CHICAGO TO INSPECT THE CITY

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The special train on the Chicago & Northwestern road bearing Tuan Fang and Tai Hun-Tzu, the imperial Chinese commissioners, to the United States, and their retinue arrived in this city at 9 o'clock today. Members of a committee appointed by Mayor Dunne met the visitors at the depot and escorted the party, fifty in number to the Auditorium annnex, where they will remain during the three days, which will be spent by them in sight seeeing.

At 11 o'clock Col. Duggan, commanding the department of the lakes, called at the hotel to pay his respects, and an hour later the visitors, who have come to this country to study political, social and economic questions, boarded a train at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul depot and were taken to visit the county institutions at Dunning, twelve miles from the city. Luncheon was served on the train, and the program for the day was arranged so that the imperial visitors could remain for the greater part of the day at Dunning, inspecting the county infirmary, the hospital for insane. The return to the city was scheduled for 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The remainder of the day as mapped out included a dinnner at Hull house and social settlement on Halsted street. A study of the methods of Hull house, and the scope of the work done there, was to occupy the commissioners until 8:30, when they will return to the Auditorium. At 9 o'clock a reception will be given by the visitors to the Chinese merchants of Chicago.

REMEDY FOR ILLS OF INSURANCE

New York, Jan. 19.—Zeno M. Host, insurance commissioner of Wisconsin, who is in town in the interest of insurance matters in his state, last night said:

"The best remedy for all the ills in the life insurance business is actual annual accounting and distribution of the surplus to policy holders. The next important step is to limit the expense of new business by prohibiting excessive commissions to agents for securing new business. Prohibit by law the use of proxies and compel companies to permit their policy holders to vote either in person or by mail. In my opinion, the life insurance situation is such as to warrant a special session of the legislature of Wisconsin, if only to enact the laws I have suggested."

DEFECTIVE PAGE

20 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

20 PAGES

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ROOT SAYS AMERICAN CONSULATES ARE NOTHING BUT SHELVES ON WHICH TO PLACE DECREPIT OLD GENTLEMEN

Not Expected That Active or Efficient Work Will be Done by Occupants.

Secretary Speaks Frankly of Shortcomings of the Consular Service.

Present Bill Before Congress Not Perfect But Will Help Things Some.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Secretary Root while appearing before the house appropriations committee in relation to the expenses of the state department spoke frankly concerning the shortcomings of the American consular service. The statements of Mr. Root, which have just been made public, show that in response to questions by Representative Livingston, the secretary said:

"There are a great many consulates that have been in that condition and there are some that are still in that condition, and the fact arises from several causes. One cause is that consulates are used and regarded here not as places in which active and sufficient work is to be done, but are used as places in which to shelve estimable and elderly gentlemen whose friends find it necessary to take care of them in some way.

"Now, I have got old enough to be able to say that sort of thing without anybody being offended. I do not think that when a man has lived out the activity of his life and passed beyond his ambition and his energy and his desire to make a career for himself— I do not think that then is the time to start him out in a new place where he has got to learn a new business and push the commerce of the country."

The following statements were then made by Mr. Root in reply to questions of members of the committee:

Mr. Brundidge: "I quite agree with you, Mr. Secretary, as to that, but upon whom rests the blame for that condition?"

Secretary Root: "It rests upon a long standing custom whereby the executive is expected to appoint to important consulates important men from the different states."

Mr. Graff: "But you have a system of examination?"

Secretary Root: "Yes, so far as the young fellows go. You can put the screws on them and make them come up for examination, but when an imbuent citizen—"

Mr. Livingston: "An eminent ex-senator or member of congress—"

Secretary Root (continuing): "Yes. When an eminent citizen comes around you cannot examine him in geography and arithmetic. He resents it and there is the dickens to pay all along. (Laughter.) It is a custom that has grown up—just like this deficiency custom. When you step in to change a custom you cannot change it by piecemeal; you have to jar something.

"Take this consular bill which is now pending. When it was introduced it contained a series of provisions under which the consulates were to be graded. The original appointments made were to be only to the lower grades, and the upper grades were to be filled by promotion, so that we would catch fellows young while they still had some motive power left in them. These provisions have been stricken out and the bill reported without them. Still, the bill makes a great advance over the present system. It grades the consulates and provides for the abolition of fees, and it provides against the employment of any clerks, except those of the very lowest grades, who are not American citizens; provides against what I think is a very great abuse, namely, the fact that a great number of American consulates are run by clerks of the country in which they are situated. It also does various other things. I don't know whether it will pass or not."

Mr. Livingston: That is now in the senate?

Secretary Root: Yes, in the senate. It has been favorably reported.

The approaching end of the active work of the reciprocity bureau was sounded in Mr. Root's statements about the expense for its maintenance. The salaries of clerks in the bureau are carried on the emergency roll of the state department, and the secretary said the bureau was regarded as an unforeseen and unexpected emergency, established by Mr. Kasson a number of years ago.

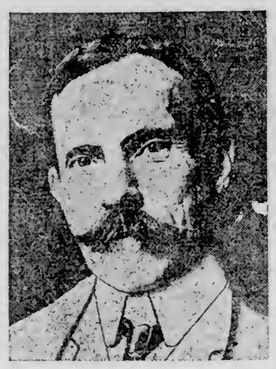
Representative Littaeur asked Mr. Root if the bureau would be permanent, and the secretary of state provoked a laugh with the following reply: "The indications are that it will not be. The making of a system of reciprocity treaties does not appear to have the elements of eternal life."

In discussing trade conditions in China and the necessity for gathering information concerning commercial troubles, Mr. Root said: "There is no occasion for sending a commission to China. Our ministers and consuls at the treaty ports of China are commissioned now. If these gentlemen will come up here I will bury them in papers so that they could not dig out for a week. We have bushels and bushels of reports from perfectly trustworthy American witnessses as to what has been happening in China, and as to the cause thereof. We have had special investigations made as to the causes, investigations made by competent Americans, who have lived in China and understand the language, and know the Chinese people, and the trouble now is not ignorance as to what the conditions are, it is in applying the quite plain and simple remedy. There have been two troubles:

"One arising from the fact that the law, the Chinese exclusion act, contains some provisions which experience has shown to be ill-advised and the other is that the law has been administered in a harsh and inconsiderate way.

"The president has remedied the administration, I think, just as far as the law permits him to do, and the thing to be done is now for you to change the law in some respects; not so as to permit the Chinese laborers to come in, but so that the Chinese laborer can be kept out without insult and indignity and hardship to the Chinese merchants and scholars and the men who occupy the same position in the Chinese community as the people in this room occupy in ours. They have been subjected to gross indignity and gross hardships in many cases and I do not wonder that they are indignant at it."

REFUSES TO TESTIFY



POULTNEY BIGELOW,
Who refuses to disclose source of information at senate's command.

LIKELY TO GO UNPUNISHED

Senate Committee Puts Over Bigelow Case to Next Week.

Sentiment of the Members Said to Have Undergone Change.

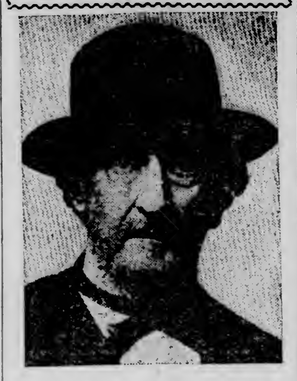
Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate committee on inter oceanic canals at its meeting today postponed until next week consideration of the recalcitration of Poultney Bigelow. Before the meeting several members said they had slept over the case and are now disposed to make a "martyr" of a witness "whose testimony appeared to be of too little value to dignify his conduct with summary punishment."

It is believed he will go unpunished.

RETURNS DECISION AGAINST RAILROADS.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The interstate commerce commission has announced its decision in the case of M. Newman against the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad company and various other principal carriers in official classification territory, in favor of the complainant, holding that a third class rating for leather scraps in less than carload lots is sufficiently high and that the defendants present classification and rating of that traffic is unjust and unreasonable.

EX-PRESIDENT DEAD



GEN. BARTOLOME MITRE.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 19.—Gen. Bartolome Mitre, former president of the Argentine republic, died today. Gen. Mitre was 83 years old. He was president from 1867 to 1871 and general-in-chief of the army of Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay in three years' war with Paraguay. He gained considerable distinction also in literature, his work including a translation in Spanish of Dante's "Divine Comedy."

OBSERVE THE MOORS' SUNDAY

Moroccan Delegates Defer to the Mohammedan Customs.

Religious Subjects Will be Excluded From the Conference.

Algeciras, Jan. 19.—This being the Mohammedan Sunday there will be no session of the international conference on Moroccan reforms, through deference for the Moroccan delegates. A Moorish villa served temporarily as a mosque, where the Moors redoubled their religious fervor in praying for the preservation of their country.

In the meantime the exchanges of views between the delegates of the powers have brought an agreement not to consider questions outside of the prearranged Franco-German program. One result of this is to exclude the religious subjects which the Vatican is said to desire to introduce through Austria. However, one of the ambassadors says that the Jewish question can come up not as a religious issue, but as incident to the protection of the subjects of the sultan.

Mohammed El Torres, head of the Morocco mission, has informed the delegates that the sultan is prepared to abolish the harsh laws requiring Jews to prostrate themselves before the mosques and other humiliating practices, but the delegates doubt the wisdom of their abolition as Mohammed El Torres and the foreign ministers residing in Morocco say that the non-performance of these traditional obeissances by the Jews would excite an anti-Jewish outbreak.

It is expected that the American delegates will strongly favor an amelioration of the conditions of the Jews.

ATTORNEY FOR BEEF TRUST SAYS THAT HE CAN PROVE THEIR IMMUNITY BY THE STATEMENTS OF GARFIELD

Said Facts Gathered by Agents Would be Treated as Though Given to Him.

Told Packers That He Did Not Want to Violate the Rights of Privacy.

Commissioner Busily Employed in Taking Notes of Attorney's Address.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Attorney John S. Miller, speaking for the packer's continued his preliminary statement in the United States court today. He stated that he would prove by the admissions of Corporation Commissioner Garfield while on the stand, that the packers in this case are entitled to immunity from prosecution. He said further that last March Commissioner Garfield declared that he would consider the seeking of facts by his agents in the offices of the packers, as if they had been developed before him personally, and had been presented in his presence at a formal hearing.

Commissioner Garfield, who was in the court room when the statements were made by the attorney, began writing rapidly on a pad of paper, taking notes of the statements made by Mr. Miller.

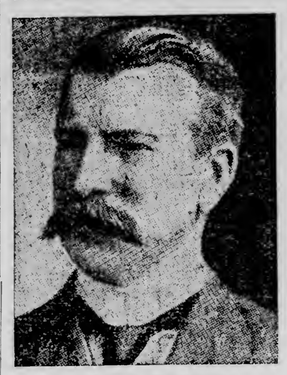
Mr. Miller said in opening his speech: "A meeting was held at the Chicago club in this city on April 13, 1905, between Commissioner Garfield, L. C. Krauthoff and Samuel McRoberts. The question arose as to the relations said to exist between Commissioner Garfield and the packers if the investigation was to be in the proper line of privacy. Mr. Garfield said that the question of what the government was and was not entitled to, might come up and that if it arose he would settle it. He said that he desired to conduct and investigation but not in violation of any rights of privacy.

"Mr. Krauthoff suggested that he might advise the packers who were his clients to resist the right of the commissioner to publicly investigate a private business, but that he was disposed to ask the packers not to contest the matter. The question then arose as to the method of getting information and how the work of the agents of the commissioner would be considered. Commissioner Garfield replied that the information would be the same as if the defendants had testified before him personally."

The attorney then contended that under the law, that although the packers were not sworn, and it was the order of Commissioner Garfield that they should not be, the evidence of the men was no less evidence and within the immunity law.

Attorney Miller concluded his address at noon and was followed by Attorney George W. Brown, also for the packers.

NEW AMBASSADOR



LUKE E. WRIGHT.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Luke E. Wright, governor general of the Philippines, has been named by the president as the first American ambassador to Japan.

WALLING WAS NOT ARRESTED

Story Proves to Have Been Entirely Without Foundation.

Given Out by Editor of New York Jewish Paper.

New York, Jan. 19.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at St. Petersburg, having been queried concerning the reported arrest of William English Walling, in that city, for revolutionary activity, telegraphed today that Mr. Walling had not been arrested, and that the report to that effect is without foundation.

The Associated Press received the statement that Mr. Walling had been arrested from Abraham Cahan, editor of the Jewish Daily Forward, yesterday, and accepted it as correct.

MINIATURE GALLOWS.

Made by Prisoner Who Was Hanged for Murder.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 19.—William Vandalsen, a white man aged 23 years, was hanged here today for the murder last fall of Miss Fannie Porter. Vandalsen passed his time in jail by making toys, among them being a miniature gallows with a body suspended. For this he received an offer from a Kansas City man, but declined it, and gave the trinket to the jail steward.

ELEVEN HUNDRED ENTERPRISES CLOSE DURING FIELD'S FUNERAL

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Funeral services for Marshall Field were held today at his late home, 1905 Prairie avenue, and in the First Presbyterian church. The services at the home were held at 11 o'clock and were characterized by simplicity and brevity, and none but those immediately connected with the family and household was in attendance. The service at the church was an hour later, and was attended by many of the friends of Mr. Field. This service too was private, and admission to the church was gained only by the presentation of a card.

In the afternoon a memorial service was held in the Auditorium, which was packed to the doors by the employes of Marshall Field & Co. Rev. John A. Morison, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated at all three services.

The body of Mr. Field was placed in the vault at Graceland cemetery directly after the second service of the day.

The services at the church consisted of a prayer by Dr. Morison, the reading of a portion of the Scriptures and the rendition of two hymns, "Lead, Kindly Light" and "I Am Nearer Home."

At the conclusion of the benediction Dr. Morison asked that the congregation remain standing in their pews while the casket was borne from the church. It was taken to the hearse, preceded by Dr. Morison, while the organ played Handel's "Dead March" from "Saul."

At the cemetery only the pallbearers and members of the family were present. The management of the cemetery in order to avoid the crowding of the grounds had given notice that during the forenoon no one would be permitted to the grounds, except members of the funeral party. Final arrangements for the interment of the body of Mr. Field will be made later.

Never before in the history of Chicago has such respect been paid to the memory of a private citizen as was shown today to that of Marshall Field. During the hours of the funeral services at the house and the church, all of the large retail establishments on State street were closed, the 1,100 enterprises operated by the members of the Chicago Commercial club and situated in all parts of the city were closed, the board of trade held but a brief session and upon every club house and prominent office building in the business section of the city flags were displayed at half mast. A number of mass meetings were held by various organizations during the day and resolutions eulogizing Mr. Field were adopted.

FATE OF FOOTBALL GAME RESTS WITH CONFERENCE OF "BIG NINE"

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Faculty representatives of the Western Collegiate Athletic association, known as the "Big Nine," and other Western universities met today at the Chicago Beach hotel to consider what shall be done with the present game of football. The meeting was called to order by President Angell of the University of Michigan.

Those present at the meeting were: Prof. A. H. Pattengill, University of Michigan; Prof. H. P. Judson, University of Chicago; Dean Thomas F. Holgate, Northwestern university; Prof. H. S. Smith, University of Iowa; Prof. H. J. Barton, University of Illinois; Prof. Thomas F. Moran, Purdue university; Prof. H. J. Turner, University of Wisconsin; Prof. M. W. Sampson, University of Indiana; Prof. F. S. Jones, University of Minnesota.

Of this number Profs. Pattengill, Barton, Moran, Sampson and Jones are members of the "Big Nine," and are expected to vote for the retention of the game. Profs. Smith and Turner, also of the "Big Nine," are opposed to the game, and the attitude of Northwestern university is unknown. Sentiment expressed before the meeting showed that there would probably be six universities favoring the retention of the game, two avowedly opposed to it and one undecided.

MINNEAPOLIS SALOONKEEPERS TO OPEN RETALIATORY CRUSADE

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Disgruntled and angered because of the tight lid put upon the saloons of Minneapolis by Mayor Jones, the members of the Retail Liquor Dealers' association of this city have determined upon a retaliatory crusade, which will not cease till the city is converted into a veritable bucolic retreat. Here are a few of the things the members propose to do: Close the theaters on Sunday, close all the gambling houses, close all resorts, stop the sale of Sunday newspapers, stop the sale of bakery goods, etc.; restrict drug stores to sale of drugs, stop sale of liquor at clubs, stop Sunday ball games.

The liquor men say they have a fund of $30,000 to carry out their sweeping reforms. Each person in the association is supposed to contribute $10 a month to this fund. Determined upon publicity the association says that if the newspapers refuse space in their columns that it will have printed and circulated in all of the homes of the city thousands of dodgers.

QUICKNESS OF ST. PAUL OFFICER SAVES SEVERAL MEN FROM DEATH

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—But for the vigilance and quickness of Officer Vall several men would have been suffocated in a fire which did $300 damage to the two-story frame building at 350 Minnesota street, operated as a restaurant with lodging rooms upstairs. Vall discovered the flames about 2 o'clock this morning, and after turning in an alarm ran upstairs and aroused the lodgers, all of whom he found asleep. When the fire department arrived it was found necessary to rescue five men with ladders. There were several narrow escapes from suffocation, although none of the lodgers was overcome.

NEW TYPE SIEGE GUN TO BE TRIED AT SANDY HOOK.

Washington, Jan. 19.—A new type of siege gun has been completed by the ordnance department of the Rock Island arsenal, and has been shipped to the Sandy Hook proving grounds, at New York, for a test. The new weapon has a caliber of 4.7 and throws a sixty pound projectile. This is five pounds heavier than the projectile now thrown from the five inch siege guns, which are to be replaced with the new model if the gun, to be tested at Sandy Hook, proves satisfactory in every way. The chief characteristic of the new gun is its long recoil. It is said that this gives a steady carriage and that the carriage will not jump when the gun is fired as is the case with the gun now in use, thus permitting of a more rapid fire as it will not be necessary to place the carriage in position after each shot.

ASKS AN EARLY REPORT.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Representative Burton, of Ohio, has introduced a joint resolution asking for an early report regarding the use of the water flowing over Niagara falls. The report is requested from the United States members of the international waterways commission.



IT LOOKS DANGEROUS.

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH WEATHER.
Snow tonight and Saturday. Colder Saturday. Easterly winds shifting to brisk and high northerly Saturday.

This Price Speaks Wonders



Don't make the mistake of supposing that the Overcoats we are selling for $14.75 are only worth that much. For ALL of them are worth over $20 and MOST of them range from $22.50 to $35 values. Reduced prices here mean more than reduced prices elsewhere because the goods affected by the reduction are all this season's richest, most refined styles and qualities. Remember—

$14.75

NOW BUYS THE FINEST OVERCOAT IN OUR STOCK, the regular values of which are $22.50, $27.50, $30 and $35—All styles—all lengths.

Any $20 Fancy Overcoat for $9.75.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE.

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

331-333-335 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE VOTERS OF CHICAGO

Must Decide Whether They Will Go Into Railway Business.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Mayor Dunne last night for the first time since his election found a majority of the aldermen back of him and the city council in a special session did all it could to advance the municipal ownership plans. As the traction situation now stands, the voters of Chicago will have to decide next April whether they want to borrow $75,000,000 and go into the street railway business. Both of the mayor's ordinances were passed by the council by small majorities.

TROUBLE WITH POSTAGE STAMPS.

Washington, Jan. 19.—In view of complaints to the postoffice department of the brittleness of postage stamps and their tendency to curl and be detached after being affixed to letters, an investigation was ordered and it was found that the trouble is due to the hard gum used in the summer and which is affected by the cold dry atmosphere of the winter season. All such stamps supplied to postmasters have been directed to be withdrawn by them until the summer months, and in the meantime new supplies are being forwarded them coated with a softer gum, which is not affected by winter weather.

HANSON NOT CANDIDATE.

Minnesota's Secretary of State Will Retire to Private Life.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Secretary of State Hanson has decided not to announce himself as a candidate for governor. Up to a few days ago his friends were confident that he would announce himself. The reason is explained by one very close to Hanson, as a move taken to strengthen Senator Brower's candidacy for congress. It is understood that he did it to accommodate his son-in-law and secure all forces for him. Mr. Hanson has addressed the following letter to the Republican party of Minnesota:

"As my name has been more or less mentioned as a candidate for governor of Minnesota, and as I do not wish to mislead other parties who are interested in the nomination of governor, I wish to state that I am not a candidate for any office within the gift of the people. I have had the honor to represent the state for three successive terms as secretary of state, and I owe a great deal to the Republican party of our state, for which I can only thank them for their kindness. I now wish to retire from public to private life."

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

GOING TO THE JURY

Hopkins Case Over so Far as Testimony is Concerned.

Imposing Array of Character Witnesses for Defendant's Benefit.

The testimony for both sides of the case in the trial of Lewis J. Hopkins of the firm of Swallow & Hopkins is all in in United States court and this afternoon the attorneys are addressing the jury. The rules of the United States court are contrary to the rules of the state courts in such cases and the defense must address the jury first, the government following and closing. This morning the first hour was taken up by the defense putting on what is known as "character" witnesses.

This was followed by James B. Archibald of Ashland, who cruised the lands in question for the government, and who was put on the stand in rebuttal. Archibald's figures concerning the timber on the claims were introduced in evidence, but on cross-examination the defense confused him pretty badly. He did not seem able to explain himself to the jury. That was the only witness put on in rebuttal and both sides rested.

Few men have the privilege of hearing other men speak and act eulogies over them in life; that is usually attended to at the grave. This morning L. J. Hopkins had that privilege. The first hour of his trial at this morning's session of the United States court was taken up by witnesses of prominence testifying as to the character of the defendant. The array of such witnesses was imposing and comprised men from all walks of life; from the bench and bar, from the pulpit, those in politics and business men. Each and all testified to long acquaintance with Mr. Hopkins and agreed that his character was of the highest and his reputation could not be better. After this testimony the defendant rested and the rebuttal testimony by the government started. The character witnesses were sworn in the following order:

W. A. McGonagle, first vice president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway; Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of the Catholic diocese of Duluth; R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth public schools; John McAlpine, lumber dealer; Rev. Dr. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Duluth; H. M. Peyton, president of the American Exchange bank, Duluth; A. M. Marshall, president of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company; W. J. Olcott, president of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway and vice president and general manager of the Oliver Mining company; State Senator Thos. M. Pugh of Duluth; F. E. House, president of the Duluth & Iron Range railway; John G. Williams, attorney; F. A. Patrick, president of F. A. Patrick & Co., wholesale dry goods; Judge J. D. Ensign, judge of the district court of St. Louis county; Dr. J. J. Eklund, Duluth, and Judge Page Morris, judge of the United States court, district of Minnesota, and former congressman, Duluth.

The only witness for the government in rebuttal was James B. Archibald of Ashland, who cruised the claims in question for the government. Estimates of the timber on these claims, as made out by him, were entered in the record. They show considerable discrepancy from the estimates given by the witnesses for the defense.

DRY WOOD
For Sale at Murray & Jones' Yard, 41st Avenue West.
Red Cliff Lumber Co.

WANTED AT BRAINERD.

Sheriff of Crow Wing County Captures Man in Wisconsin.

Ladysmith, Wis., Jan. 19.—The sheriff from Brainerd, Minn., was in Ladysmith yesterday and captured a man, who gave his name as Smith, for committing depredations at Brainerd some time ago. It is reported that this man held up a merchant at Brainerd and took edibles and other articles from the store.

He raised no objection to going, but an officer from Ladysmith accompanied the Minnesota officer and his prisoner to the Minnesota line.

It is alleged that the captured man was connected with a postoffice robbery some time ago in Minnesota.

A Modern Miracle.

"Truly miraculous seemed the recovery of Mrs. Mollie Holt of this place," writes J. O. R. Hooper, Woodford, Penn., "she was so wasted by coughing up pus from her lungs. Doctors declared her end so near that her family had watched by her bedside forty-eight hours; when, at my urgent request, Dr. King's New Discovery was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman today." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. 50c and $1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

Temple Roller Rink.
Children's Matinee Saturday mornings from 10 to 12. Music. ADMISSION, 15c.

A CONFERENCE ON INSURANCE

Members of New York Committee Meet State Commissioners.

New York, Jan. 19.—Members of the legislative insurance investigating committee, which lately concluded an investigation of the life insurance business, held a conference in this city today with representatives of the insurance departments of several states. The conference was called by State Senator William W. Armstrong, chairman of the legislative committee, and was held to permit of an interchange of opinions regarding the insurance laws necessary to be enacted in this state because of the revelations of the investigation. Those present, in addition to the members of the committee, included H. D. Appleton, deputy of the New York state insurance department; B. F. Carroll of Iowa, A. I. Vorys of Ohio, Thomas D. O'Brien of Minnesota, and R. E. Folk of Tennessee. J. J. Brinckerhoff of Illinois, Z. M. Host of Wisconsin, and N. B. Hadley of Michigan, sent word that they expected to be at the meeting later today. Senator Armstrong said the conference was executive. The senator also said that there would be held in Chicago, on Feb. 1, a meeting which will be attended by the governors, attorney generals and the heads of the insurance departments of various states for the purpose of a mutual interchange of opinions and experiences in the matter of dealing with life insurance. This will be held under the auspices of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

RAILROADS

A QUARREL OVER RATES

Eastern and Western Lines Cannot Reach an Agreement.

Latter Claim That the East Asks Too Much.

Convention rates for next summer are causing the railroads of the Transcontinental Passenger association all kinds of trouble. Opposition of some of the Western roads to the granting of low rates for the large conventions which will be held in the East next summer has angered several of the Eastern lines.

Last summer, owing to the fact that the Lewis & Clark exposition was held at Portland, Or., there were a number of large conventions on the Pacific coast, and the Grand Army convention was held at Denver. The Eastern roads granted a rate of one fare for the round trip from their territory. The Eastern roads say that the Western lines reaped a great benefit from this business by organizing a number of side trips for delegates for which they got tariff rates.

The coming summer, the National Educational association convention will be held at San Francisco and the Eastern roads have granted a one-way fare for the round trip, and in return they want the Western lines to grant a similar rate for the Grand Army convention to be held in Minneapolis, and the Knights of Pythias convention to be held at New Orleans. The Western roads demur, saying that the business from the West will more just as freely on a higher rate, as the Westerner does not look so long at a dollar as his Eastern brother. They want to charge a fare and one-third for the round trip. The Eastern lines want the benefit of side trips at tariff rates and the single-fare round trip rate, and they say that the Western roads ought to give it to them.

Another cause of trouble is the intimation that the Great Northern and Northern Pacific lines would ask for a $56 round trip rate to the Pacific coast again this year from the East. Last year the rate was put in for the Portland exposition, and it resulted in a heavy business for the Northern roads. The Southern lines to California are opposing this rate, claiming that there is enough business without it, and that putting it in effect would be a losing proposition for them.

ASK BETTER RATES.

Ashland Business Men's Committee Confers With Northern Pacific Officials.

Ashland, Wis., business men have decided that prompt and energetic action is necessary in order to safeguard the city's commercial interests. The first improvement desired is in railroad rates, and a committee of Ashland business men will have a conference in St. Paul today with J. M. Hannaford, first vice president of the Northern Pacific, regarding more satisfactory rates.

The committee is headed by Mayor Bert Rose, and includes T. D. Green, Emil Cornish, A. Dopp, C. H. Cramer, A. Culver and Mr. Clarkson. It is the desire of the Ashland merchants to secure entry for their goods into the markets of the West, and they say that the present Northern Pacific rates are prohibitive. If the rates asked for are secured, a grain elevator may be established at Ashland.

THE MILEAGE TICKETS.

Pennsylvania Railroad Official Explains the Purpose of the Refund.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—J. R. Wood, passenger traffic manager of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, yesterday issued a statement in connection with the present agitation on the subject of the ten-dollar refund on the mileage ticket.

The old mileage tickets, which were sold without condition, says Mr. Wood, were subject to manipulation by the purchasers, and "in order to serve its purpose, this new refund ticket must be protected by strong conditions against transferability from person to person, and guarded from the possibility of illegitimate barter at the hands of scalpers."

The old mileage ticket, the statement says, was freely used in this manner, and at important junction points was rented out by its holder at a charge of so much per trip to travelers who would otherwise have purchased regular tickets.

Mr. Wood says the refund feature was added in order to prevent the scalping of the old mileage ticket, and that "it is nothing more than the sale of the ticket at $30, instead of $20, with the agreement that if the terms of the contract as to personal exclusive use are strictly observed, $10 will be returned to the purchaser."

The statement says that the allegation that the collection of the refund represents a large sum, the interest on which materially swells the revenues of the railroads, is not true. It is said that not one of the lines using the refund ticket profits by the deposit, the money being held simply as indemnity.

May Build to Minot.

A right-of-way representative of the Great Northern has been quoted as saying that the road has in contemplation the immediate building of the line from Sioux City to Minot, N. D., which was discussed a year or two ago.

According to this information the Great Northern will build through the central part of the state, paralleling the Missouri river, and its main line from Minot to Sioux City will touch none of the present terminals of the road in South Dakota, except possibly Yankton, but the lines at Aberdeen, Huron and Yankton will be extended to the new main line to act as feeders.

A GOOD THING.

When It Comes Along Don't Let It Get Away From You.

"I really feel that it is hardly possible to say too much in favor of Grape-Nuts as a health food," writes a Chicago woman:

"For nine or ten years I had suffered from indigestion and chronic constipation, caused by the continued use of coffee and rich, heavy, greasy foods. My ailments made my life so wretched that I was eager to try anything that held out a promise of help. And that is how I happened to buy a package of Grape-Nuts food last spring.

"That ended my experiments. For in Grape-Nuts I found exactly what I wanted and needed. From the day I began to use it I noticed an improvement and in a very few weeks I found my health completely restored. My digestion apparatus now works perfectly and my chronic constipation has been entirely relieved. I have gained in weight materially, and life is a very pleasant thing to me so long as I use Grape-Nuts once or twice a day. I have found by experiment that if I leave it off a few days my health suffers.

"A physician in our town has great success in treating stomach troubles, and the secret of it is that he compels his patients to use Grape-Nuts food—it always brings back the power of digestion." Name given by Postom Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The road to Wellville," in pkgs.

N. B.—Agreeable to promise we state that the hand shown in the magazines belongs to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Post.

Still Greater Reductions on
Women's Coats

For Saturday!

Every one of 1905 type---good material---well finished and fitting garments.

$5.00	$7.50	$10.00
for Coats worth up to $12.50.	for Coats worth up to $17.50.	for Coats worth up to $25.00.

We Have Added for Tomorrow

Many new numbers of Women's Tailor Suits, in three-quarter and full-length coats; made of all wool materials; coats half and full satin lined; worth up to $25.00—choice $9.95

PRE-INVENTORY CLEAN-UP!

27c Silk stripe French flannel; 50c kind.	69c 45-inch Rhodesia Suiting, worth $1.00.	$1.59 Imported Robe Blankets; regular $2.25.	17c 25c quality mercerized Satine—for 17c.	98c Ladies' fleeced Wrappers; regular price $1.50.
25c 16 and 18-inch Corset Cover Embroideries.	13c Fancy Plaid Ribbons, worth 19c and 25c.	77c Fancy Taffeta Silk for shirt waist suits; $1.00 kind.	5c 100 yards Corticelli Spool Silks; regular 10c.	13c Fancy White Goods; regular 19c.
17c Lace stripe White Goods—regular 25c.	22c Ladies' hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 40c a dozen.	19c Patent leather Hand Bags—cheap at 25c.	69c 72-inch mercerized Damask, worth $1.00.	55c 81x90 Bed Sheets, worth 70c.

Hunter Block ALBENBERG'S First Ave. W. and Superior Street

REVIVAL SERVICE.

Twelve More Profess Conversion---Dr. M. S. Rice's Sermon.

The revival services continue at the First M. E. church with increasing interest. On last evening the attendance was large. At the altar twelve persons professed conversion, making fifty-two since the special services began. Dr. Rice preached from Matt. xxvii. 22: "What Shall I do Then With Jesus Which Is Called Christ?" and spoke in part as follows:

"What will you do with Jesus?' I want you to get this famous declaration of Pilate, away from the age and the occasion that is upon it, and appreciate it as a most apt question to be put to every individual life. When you want to get down on a working basis of religious things, you must separate your own heart and life from all others and let God's truth have personal consideration. The presence of a multitude to listen to a direct message must all be overcome, by having the words so personal that they are of a startling nature in aptness to the listener. This text would furnish ground for a sermon most thrilling if one desired to make it simply descriptive. But men's souls are not reached by talking about great events that have been. One trouble with much preaching is that it handles God's truth as if it was, and not as though it really is. What needs to be preached today is truth that it. The real vital truth of God keeps pace with the world unsaved. Nothing can put the sinner out of the reach of God's truth now. So I take this text not perhaps to find homiletically a correct application of it. I am not looking for homiletics now. I am looking for souls who need to take Christ a personal Savior, and find in this text an expression essential to the process through which you are to pass. This is in fact the dominating question of all the church's work. Epitomized here is the sum of an effort. We preach only for the proper answer of this question For this our churches all stand. It is the one thing we are ready to accomplish. It is all the claim we have to the existence of our work in the world. This is fundamental; no way to dodge the issue. There are only two answers possible to go with any of His vital truth. Little things admit of many handlings. Big things but two. This is the form of a question. The question mark is the recognition of man's greatness. He has the right to choose his answer. And while the issue is being pondered God stands to wait. Great thing this, to weigh a choice. The place from which I took this text is the place where the ages came together. Man's most tragic page is written here. Written in searching phrase. Scrawled in blood, and passion, and ignorance, and hatred and mistakes. For this scene the world marched on, in its sorrows and tears and sins, from the fatal hour when sin first made its way into the heart of man, and every soul will find relief from the oppression of sin only as it opens in truth its own experience to the righteous choice of our Savior, Christ. This is not a speculative matter about Christ. It is to the acceptance of Christ Himself we are called."

In view of Governor Hanly's lecture tonight, the evening's revival service will begin at 7 o'clock.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Sho-Gun," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.
METROPOLITAN—Yankee Doodle Girls.

"THE SHO-GUN."

Henry W. Savage will offer at the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow afternoon and evening, the phenomenally successful Korean comic opera, "The Sho-Gun," by George Ade and Gustav Luders, which for six months was the attraction at Wallack's theater, New York, and which has had extended runs in other cities to its credit. "The Sho-Gun," is accredited with being the most beautifully staged production Mr. Savage has yet offered.

In "The Sho-Gun," play-goers will see and hear of the first joint work of those brilliant writers, Messrs. Ade and Luders. In the book and the lyrics will be found some of the most brilliant and lasting work Mr. Ade has ever done; the wit is dominant throughout and there is something scintillating about the epigrammatic lines he places in the mouths of his creations; then too, there is consistency to the book, something in itself which should commend the work to the most hypercritical.

TRICK BICYCLISTS.

The Baker troupe of trick bicyclists, five in number, are creating much favorable comment this week among the patrons of the Metropolitan, where it is appearing in connection with the excellent entertainment which is being furnished by the Yankee Doodle Girls. They do some new stunts on wheels and their comedy is far better than the average.

The Yankee Doodle Girls will be at the "Met" until tomorrow night, when a big wrestling match will be held in addition to the regular performance.

PREACHER FRIEND

Of the Negro Has Row in Indian Territory Town.

Pauls Valley, I. T., Jan. 19.—While Carrie Nation was conducting a prohibition and Woman's suffrage meeting in the Methodist church here, a negro entered the church and took a front seat. One of the church officials told him that if he wanted to remain he would have to take a chair in the back part of the room. The negro left. He was immediately followed by Rev. S. E. Allen, Mrs. Nation's secretary, who brought him back, escorted him to a front seat and sat down beside him.

Allen was informed by Rev. Turner, pastor of the church, that the negro could not occupy that seat. Allen arose and asked all those who do not want the negro where he was to leave, whereupon nearly everybody prepared to leave.

In the meantime rumors spread that Allen spoke in uncomplimentary terms of the town and the people. A considerable number of citizens gathered and asked Allen to leave on the next train. When he appeared on the street he was seized and hurried to the depot. When the train arrived Allen was in such condition that the conductor did not admit him on board, but he has left town.

NEW TELEGRAPH LINE.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The construction party of men of the signal corps have completed a telegraph line along the highland of the Yukon, between Rampart and Fort Gibbon. This permits the abandonment of the section between Baker and Gibbon, which was exceedingly difficult to maintain in summer, owing to the extensive swamps of the lower Tanana.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

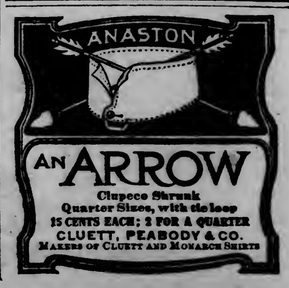
About 100 Dozen **Half Hose**

To close—regular 50c, 35c and 25c, wool and cotton—fancy and plain,

$1.25 for 6 Prs.

These lines we cannot duplicate. See side window.

A. B. Siewert & Co.
Hatters and Furnishers. 304 West Superior Street.



Clupeco Shrunk
Quarter Sizes, with tie loop
15 CENTS EACH; 2 FOR A QUARTER
CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF CLUETT AND MONARCH SHIRTS

CLEARANCE SALE
OF MEN'S AND BOYS'
FINE SUITS AND OVERCOATS



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All of Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely Meyer Overcoats at HALF PRICE. Your choice of any $30, $25 and $20 Suit in the house for $14.75. All $12, $15, $16 and $18 Suits for $9.75. All Boys' Suits and Overcoats at HALF PRICE. Two hundred pairs of Boys' Pants, regular price 75c to $1, on sale while they last at 35c, or 3 pairs for $1. All Wilson Bros.' $1.50 and $2 Shirts to close at 95c. All Wilson Bros.' Bi-Metallic Shirts go at 69c. In fact, this is a general clean-up in all departments. Our motto is to open each season with an entirely new stock. Come while the sizes are complete.

Kenney & Anker

409-411 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

WORRIES OF FLAT LIFE

Occupants of Adjoining Apartments Air Troubles in Court.

One Family Turned Off Water, Other Turned Off Lights.

The family troubles of R. L. Hughes and R. S. Hartley, who live on the different floors of the building at 323 East Fourth street, were aired in the municipal court yesterday afternoon, when the latter was arrested on the complaint of Mrs. Hughes, charging him with assault.

The two families have been at swords' points for some time past, according to the evidence brought out yesterday. Hartley complains that the piano in the lower flat is kept going late at night, and according to the evidence, he shut off the electric light circuit one night to stop the music. But the piano kept right on playing.

In return for this gentle neighborly act, Mrs. Hughes turned off the water for the two flats, and Hartley went on a tour of investigation to find why Lake Superior didn't flow in its old accustomed manner.

He called to Mrs. Hughes to turn on the water, and when she refused, he pushed his way into the kitchen, and turned it on himself, taking away the key. During the struggle to regain the key, Mrs. Hughes was jostled about, and she promptly swore out a warrant for Hartley's arrest on the charge of assault.

Judge Cutting found the prisoner guilty of a technical assault and fined him $1, remitting all costs but the witness fee of the complaining witness.

The account now stands as follows:

MRS. HUGHES.

One piano played late at night.
Water turned off from Hartley flat.
Hartley arrested and fined $2.12.

MR. HARTLEY.

Electric light turned off from Hughes flat.
Mrs. Hughes jostled about $2.12 worth.

Figuring the electric light and the water as being equal necessities, and going on the basis that Hartley did administer punishment to the value of $2.12 to Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Hughes is still ahead on the fight to the extent of having played the piano late at night. It is up to Hartley to get busy and even up accounts. He might purchase a gramophone and turn it loose in the flat. If that didn't put the Hughes family to the bad, he could adopt some stray cats and fasten them to the back fence by the tails, or allow his bath tub to overflow some night and flood the Hughes flat.

They were both admonished by the court to keep their hands off the electric lights and the water, but such little neighborly acts as these would help to keep things interesting in the apartments and prevent the participants from dying of ennui.

RESURRECT AN OLD LAW

County Board to Enforce Russian Thistle Act of 1895.

Prompt Steps to Be Taken to Eradicate the Nuisance.

The Russian thistle, which about ten years ago threatened great injury to the farming interests of Minnesota, is said to be putting in an appearance in portions of the Northwest, and the St. Louis county board is very likely to take steps at its next meeting toward prompt measures for the extermination of the weed.

At the last meeting of the board a resolution was prepared which was to set the date this season after which the war of extermination is to be waged wherever the weed is found, but the matter was put over for a month to permit of the commissioners looking up the old law relative to the thistle.

The law under which the county board expects to pass its resolution was passed by the Minnesota state legislature in 1895 and was entitled "an act to provide for the destruction of the weed, commonly known as the Russian thistle, and to appropriate money for the same." In the year mentioned the Russian thistle had made its appearance in many of the counties of the state, more particularly in the southern part, and threatened to become injurious to the agricultural interests unless concerted action were taken to exterminate it through all the infested areas. The state legislature declared the thistle a public nuisance, and demanded prompt and efficient action on the part of the state for its abatement.

An appropriation of $25,000 for each of the years 1895 and 1896 was made, and the fund was known as the "Russian thistle revolving fund." It is understood that there is still a substantial balance in the state treasury credited to that fund. The 1895 law, which, so far as can be learned was never repealed, provided that any person owning or occupying land in this state, whether within city or village limits, in the country or in unorganized towns, who knowingly permitted or suffered any Russian thistle to grow or remain after the expiration of a date to be set by the county board, was to be deemed guilty of the misdemeanor of maintaining a nuisance. Upon conviction, such person was to be punished by a fine of from $10 to $100, together with the costs of prosecution. To guard against any plea of ignorance as to the presence of the weed, the law provided that the finding of Russian thistles standing on the land after the date set by the county board was to be prima facie evidence that the person owning or occupying the land knew of and permitted the weed to grow.

If, as expected, the county board fixes a date next summer, after which the thistle must be destroyed by cutting before going to seed, the county auditor will notify all the town clerks, notices will be posted throughout the county, and it will be made the duty of public authorities and private citizens to destroy the weed wherever it can be found. The town supervisors and village and city councils will be notified, and they will be authorized to appoint persons, known as "weed agents," who shall act in certain described territory, and see to it that the weed is destroyed. These agents will be paid out of the "Russian thistle fund," their compensation to be fixed by the body appointing them.

The fines, if any be collected for violation of the law, will revert to the city, town or village treasury, or to the county treasury in cases of unorganized towns.

The state authorities are, under the law, held responsible for all thistles found on state lands. The reports that have reached the county authorities relative to the presence of the Russian thistle in this part of the state are meager, and indicating that if the weed is putting in an appearance again it is not yet found in any quantity to cause alarm to the agricultural interests. The policy of the county commissioners is, however, to take every precaution, and they intend to enforce the old law, which seems applicable to the situation.

NEW ZEALAND'S PRESENT OF LIZARDS AND BIRDS.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—Twelve of New Zealand's most interesting birds and four lizards, representing the only creatures of their age remaining in the world have been presented by New Zealand to the United States and were sent on the Sierra during her latest trip from the Antipodes, en route to the government zoo at Washington, D. C.

New Zealand's gift includes four kiwes, four maori hens, four kea parrots and four tenatara lizards.

The kiwe is a wingless and tailless bird, whose feathers are used in making mantles worn by the Maori chiefs.

The Maori hen, known in New Zealand as the Weka, is a brown bird, much larger than the American hen. The kea parrot is a bird weighing five pounds and is such a pest in its native country that a reward is offered by the government to induce its extirpation.

The tenatara lizard is about thirty inches long and is the only known survival of its race in the world.

WERE SEPARATED FOR SIXTY YEARS

Brothers Reunited in Dramatic Manner Through Accidental Meeting.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—By being mistaken for his brother, whom he has not seen for sixty years, Dr. James E. Morrison has been united with the surviving members of his family, not one of whom he has heard from since he left his father's home in Buffalo, N. Y., when 8 years old.

Since 1845 the brothers have made constant but vain efforts to find each other. The end of their long separation was brought about by their remarkable likeness.

Dr. Morrison lives withing five blocks of his brother, John C. Morrison, in Chicago, but neither was aware of the fact until late yesterday, when the doctor, who was walking near his home, was accosted by a woman, who addressed him as "Grandpa."

"You must have made a mistake," he said.

The woman scrutinized him closely. "Why," she exclaimed, "can this be grandpa's lost brother?"

"I have a brother whom I have been hunting for," said Dr. Morrison. "What is the name?"

After explanations had been made the woman, who was Mrs. Christian Morrison, a daughter-in-law of John Morrison, took Dr. Morrison to the home of Martin N. Clark, another member of the family. John was sent for, and the rest of the day the two brothers spent telling reminiscences and trying to grasp the fact that they had found each other.

John Morrison has ten children, all of whom live in Chicago.

These, with Mrs. Eliza Newman, the sister, Dr. Morrison's three children, Mrs. Frank M. Sim of Topeka, Kan., Mrs. Hattie Steele of Chicago and George E. Morrison of Grand Rapids, Mich., and an aggregate of twenty-seven grandchildren, will make up a family reunion which will take place on Sunday.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

"I want plain facts and I want plain words." —James Whitcome Riley.

Reliable Store News for Saturday From

"And every word must be backed up by the goods." Silberstein & Bondy Co.

The Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Ladies Suits and Waists
For Saturday.

$45.00 Suits at $18.00.

$45.00 50 and 52-inch Long Coat Suits at $18.00—handsomely made of Scotch fabrics or plain material. A collection of the handsomest long coat suits in this section, to be sold at $18.00.

$1.50 French Rep Waists at 75c.

Made of guaranteed washable material—in white or colors—very fine tailored models, suitable for everyday wear.

Millinery Items.

Several notes of interest to Duluth ladies:

New shapes in swell Suit Hats; regular $6, $7 and $8 values—reduced to $2.00.

Dress Hats, including all the stylish new models formerly sold for $10 and $12—now they are $4.75.

Pattern Hats—imported Parisian models—elaborately trimmed—representing the newest creations in the millinery world. $15 and $22 values to be had at $7.50.

FURS AT HALF
OF FORMER PRICES.

Preserve your health and dress according to season—hence don't overlook the fact that you still have the privilege of selecting your choice of the most exclusive line of

Fur Lined Coats and Neckpieces

in this part of the country, at **Exactly Half of Former Price.**

Every garment sold, guaranteed personally by the Silberstein & Bondy Co.—in itself a sufficient assurance of quality. These are a few:

River Mink, Jap Mink, Sable or Isabella Opossum Scarfs — only eighteen left; they are $12.50 values, but will be closed at $4.50.

Sable or Isabella Fox Scarf, extra fine quality, extra long; regular $25.00 value—at $10.00.

Special Reductions in Misses' Coats *and* Suits

$10.75 and $15 Dresses at $3.75.

Of this assortment remains only about 15—all sizes—made of Novelty Checks, Suspender or P. T. Sailor Suits or Russian Dresses—special for Saturday $3.75

$14.50 and $16.50 Children's Collegian and Empire Style Coats, $7.50—About 20 coats in the lot, made from the handsomest Scotch fabrics and plain materials.

WANTS CITY TO OWN THE SALOONS

Would Prohibit the Sale of Liquor to All Students.

Pullman, Wash., Jan. 19.—That Pullman should go into the saloon business and the city government should sell intoxicating liquors, is the plan advocated by Rev. W. E. Powell, pastor of the Baptist church of Pullman, in a sermon delivered to a large congregation. Rev. Mr. Powell had announced his sermon would be on "The Solution of the Saloon Problem."

Pastor Powell's idea is that the dispensary, owned and controlled by the city, county and state government, is the best method of solving the saloon question and controlling the sale of liquor.

Inasmuch as the citizens of Pullman seem to feel (as shown by the late city election) that the revenue from the saloons is necessary to carry on the city business, it would be well for the city to take charge of the saloon business in person, instead of delegating the power to men for a small portion of the proceeds. He advocated the dispensary system under the following rules:

There should be no chairs in the saloons. Treating should be positively prohibited. Loafing should not be allowed. No advertising on the windows or elsewhere. The bartender should be a sober, industrious man, of good character. There should be no selling to minors, to habitual drunkards or to students of the state college or city schools.

GOES TO TWO HARBORS.

Robert Garry to Conduct Some Meetings In That City.

Robert Garry, the machinist-revivalist, will conclude his meetings for men at the Y. M. C. A., this evening and will go to Two Harbors Saturday morning to conduct a series of meetings there under the auspices of the Two Harbors Railway Y. M. C. A.

At the meeting this evening a special musical program will be given by the choir of the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, assisted by Miss Cora Richardson and Roy Prytz, soloists. Mr. Garry will return to Duluth Sunday, Jan. 28, to talk to the members of the boys' department.

Remember the White Sale

is still in progress. Dainty, stylish creations of dependable character to gladden the heart of every woman.

Saturday Sale of Dresses and Slips in The Infants' Department. (3rd floor)

INFANTS' SLIPS AT HALF—A large aggregation of dainty things that will delight mothers—pretty styles in muslin and nainsook on special bargain tables at half price.

INFANTS' WHITE DRESSES AT HALF—Every style and material is represented—sizes 2 to 4 years—a few slightly soiled or mussed, but otherwise perfect.

Infants' Winter Coats at Half Price

Sizes 2 years to 5 years. Infants' department, third floor. This is our first offering of our beautiful line of infants' coats at half. Everything is included, and they cannot last long. Materials are of bearskin, chinchilla, broadcloth, velvets, cheviots, meltons, etc. All colors and all sizes, so you are sure to find what you want.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

FATHER WORKED, BUT LOSES HOME

Destitute Wanderer of 90 Says Son-in-Law Kicked Him Out.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 19.—According to his own story, after being "kicked out" by his son-in-law, to whom he had deeded all of his belongings, Pat Curtain, 90 years old, of Petersburg, Neb., came to Omaha on a freight train in search of Patrick Welsh, his brother-in-law, hoping to secure a home with him.

Curtain said that when John Martin married his daughter he had only one cow and was in debt $150. This, Curtain declares, he paid and then deeded over to Martin 50 head of cattle, 16 head of horses and a quarter section of land valued at $7,000, the proviso being that Curtain should have a home with his daughter as long as he lived.

Some weeks ago, Martin, according to the old man's story, ordered him to leave the house and never return again.

INSPECTORS IN SESSION.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The board of supervising inspectors of steam vessels composed of the inspector general and the inspectors of each of the ten inspection districts, is holding its annual meeting in this city. The sessions will continue several days. The object of these annual gatherings is to determine upon any changes deemed necessary in the rules and regulations governing navigation of steam and sailing craft and their equipment.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS BEST ON EARTH

YOU ARE THE JUDGE

You want Clothing, Hats, Caps and Shoes. Your family wants them.



GATELY *the Originator, TO SELL CLOTHING ON CREDIT AT CASH STORE PRICES.....*

Wants you to have it. He offers it just as though you never miss paying for the goods.

GATELY

Is anxious to serve you on credit; there need be no fee—no security—not a penny unless you are satisfied with the goods.

HOW CAN YOU REFUSE?

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

$1.00 A Week Payments

GATELY'S

$1.00 A Week Payments.

8 East Superior Street.

From 1/3 to 1/2 Off All Our
Furs and Fur Garments

When you buy from us you buy direct from the manufacturer. Remember, this reduction is off our regular low prices.

H. G. GROSS

MANUFACTURING FURRIER. 106 W. Superior Street

CLOTHING ON SALE

Come in and see the bargains I offer in—

Men's, Women's and Children's Clothing

PAYMENTS ONLY... $1 WEEK

FRED W. EDWARDS

Upstairs over Giddings', First Ave. West and Superior St.

JERSEY TOWN HAS MAYOR TO SPARE

Dispute Over New and Old Law Gives Dual Government.

Washington, N. J., Jan. 19.—This town now has two mayors and a dual common council. This is due to the failure of Dr. C. B. Smith, the mayor-elect, and his two councilmen, W. D. Gulick and Edward Shurts, to observe the borough law of 1897, which prescribes that all candidates shall qualify for office within ten days after their election. The law also provides that they take their offices the Monday after the election. Failure to do so, it is held, was a forfeiture of their offices.

When the spring elections were abolished the legislature changed the term of office and declared that all officers-elect should take their seats at noon on Jan. 1 following the election, but no clause was inserted as to when the officers should take the oath. Dr. Smith and his associates failed to qualify until nearly a month after election.

Mayor Smith and the new councilmen organized at the hour set and then adjourned until 8 o'clock that evening. The old council was accustomed to meet on the first Monday of the month, and it did so last Monday. The members of the old and new councils sat at the same table, with the two mayors at opposite ends.

All the citizens that could squeezed their way into the council chamber. Mayor Petty ordered the old clerk to call the roll, and the latter, in obeyance, ignored the new councilmen. When Mayor Petty ordered the clerk to read the minutes of the last meeting Mayor Smith protested.

After a long wrangle Judge Shipman of the county court advised Mayor Smith to order the clerk to call the roll, but Clerk Christie refused to comply. A. J. Craft was elected temporary clerk, and he called the roll of the new council. Mayor Smith then announced that an adjournment would be taken. After the new mayor and councilmen had departed the old council transacted some business.

Mayor-elect Smith says he has been advised by Attorney General McCarter that his title to the office is good, but it is expected that the whole matter will have to be settled by the courts.

De Witt's Little Early Risers simply expel all putrid matter and bile, thus allowing the liver to assume normal activity. Good for the complexion. Sold by all druggists.

WEST END

POLITICS WARMS UP

Sixth Ward Will be Scene of Hard Aldermanic Fight.

Mayor Cullum Seems Strong All Through the West End.

The municipal campaign is warming up at the West end, and it is likely that by the middle or at least the end of next week things will be humming there. The Republicans of the Sixth ward organized a few nights ago with the following precinct captains:

First, J. W. Cumming; Second, Andrew Huingren; Third, Charles Shaw; Fourth, J. W. Allen; Fifth, not yet filled; Sixth, J. Jacobson.

Alderman Erick Olson had nothing to say regarding the situation in the Sixth, except that there has been no campaign going on up to the present time, but from now on an active campaign will be put up by the Republicans in that part of the city for C. J. Skoglund, the Republican nominee for alderman, and for Thomas Trevillion, Republican nominee for mayor.

A prominent Democrat declared that the Sixth ward will go into the Cullum column by a score of 2 to 1, and that any work the Republicans do from this time on will not avail much. Said he: "The Sixth is satisfied with Mayor Cullum, and does not know Mr. Trevillion. The voters feel that the mayor has made a good record, and are better satisfied to give him a second term than to take a chance on a man of whom they know nothing, or of whose policy they only hear. Mayor Cullum's policy is known, and it suits. The Sixth ward will be a thoroughly Democratic ward after Feb. 6. It will give Mayor Cullum a good majority, and will elect Charles Mork as alderman, which, with Frank Schaffer now in the council, will make two Democratic representatives from this part of the city."

In the Seventh Alderman Haven has no opposition for election, and it seems unlikely that anybody will file against him. A week from tomorrow will be the last day for filing for any other candidate, and as yet no move has been made. It is believed that in the Seventh as well as in the Sixth, Mayor Cullum will win out by a safe majority, and in the Eighth, where it seems to be a foregone conclusion that J. E. Eklund, the Democratic candidate for alderman, will win out, Mayor Cullum will, it is believed, follow close on his heels. It would appear that from the Point of Rocks westward, Mayor Cullum will sweep everything before him.

GETTING MEMBERS.

New Athletic Association Making Progress---Hunting Gymnasium Room.

The Athletic society of the West end, which was formed a few nights ago at a meeting in the Second Presbyterian church, is progressing wonderfully and recruits are being obtained every day. It is expected that within a very short time the membership will have reached 150 at least, and even now the success of the institution is assured.

Committees have been appointed to perfect the organization, and the duty of one committee is to look up a suitable place for establishing a gymnasium. It is desired to have it central, so that members will be in a position to go and get through with their exercises quickly, and not have to lose time either in the gymnasium or from work. More will be heard about this in a very few days, and the election of officers will then take place.

Club's Election.

The West End Commercial club will meet next Friday night in Sloan's hall at Twentieth avenue west and Superior street and hold its first annual election of officers. When the club was formed last fall the officers elected were chosen to serve only until the annual meeting which will come on Jan. 26. It is quite likely that the present list of officers will be re-elected as they have been entirely satisfactory during their short term.

Pastor-Elect Coming.

Rev. A. Theodore Ekblad, solicitor of Augustana college and theological seminary of Rock Island, Ill., and pastor-elect of Bethany Lutheran church of the West end, will be here Sunday and will preach at the church. It is quite likely that he will give out his decision at that time as to whether he will accept or not. It is believed that he will accept and will be able to come as pastor in a very short time.

West End Shortrails.

J. P. Donahue, who has been laid up in the Brainerd hospital for some time, having had his back injured in the Northern Pacific yards here, has returned to Duluth and is now at the Esmond.

The Young People's Christian Endeavor society of the Second Presbyterian church will hold a skating carnival at the Lincoln Park Roller rink on the evening of Jan. 26.

Theodore Dahljelm of the Duluth bakery, who is occasionally troubled with his heart, had a bad spell a day or two ago and fell across a hot stove and was quite badly burned. Dr. Tufty was hastily summoned and Mr. Dahljelm is now able to be around again.

It's pure if it comes from the Lion Drug store.

John Wahl has moved into his new home at Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street and is receiving compliments from all sides because of the completeness of the residence.

Charles S. Johnson of 1827 West First street has returned from Portland, Or., where he went with the intention of remaining. He says he likes the Duluth climate better.

What the doctor orders is what you need—no substitute at the Lion Drug store.

"ERICSON'S FOR QUALITY."

An Actual Saving

Of 20 per cent—one-fifth—on every Overcoat in our store means a buying opportunity that should not be neglected.

$12.00 Overcoats for $10.60
$15.00 Overcoats for $12.00
$18.00 Overcoats for $14.40

And the same reduction on our $20.00, $22.50, $25.00 and $30.00 garments. Included in the sale also are our

$85.00 Fur-lined Coats $68.00
$60.00 Fur-lined Coats $48.00
$30.00 Fur Coats for . $24.00
$20.00 Fur Coats for . $16.00



And all our remaining $18.00 Sealskin Caps for $14.40, and our $12.00 Caps for $9.60.

CHAS. W. ERICSON

Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher. 219 West Superior Street.

75c DRESSING SACQUES 48 CENTS.

48c Pretty comfort garments of pink, red or blue flannelette, trimmed with black feather-stitching and black buttonholed scalloped edges — were cheap at 75c — tomorrow only 48c.

Freimuth's

Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Sts., Duluth, Minn.

$1.25 FLANNELETTE GOWNS 98c.

Splendid flannelette night gowns—a nice extra soft quality in plain blues and pinks—trimmed with feather stitching and braid—extra good values at $1.25—special price for Saturday at 98c. 98c

AnnexSpecials For Men and Boys

ASTRAKHAN GLOVES 25c.

Men's and boys' black Astrakhan gloves—made with Jersey palms and tan leather gussets — most stores sell them at 48c—we've made a leader of them at 35c—tomorrow special only, per pair 25c

50c SUSPENDERS, 25c.

A bargain that every man in town will appreciate—genuine 50c suspenders—lisle or web—all colors and fancy patterns—patent cast-off leather ends—regular price 50c; special Saturday, per pair 25c

OUTING NIGHT SHIRTS 39c.

Not cheap, trashy garments, but well made, full-sized night shirts—of nice outing flannels — made with or without collars—we've advertised these once at 50c and sold lots of them—tomorrow the smart men who read our ads. will buy them at, each. 39c

25c TOILETS 12c.

The following popular 25c toilet preparations special Saturday at 12c each.

25c Perfumed Almond Meal,
25c Prentice's Tooth Powder,
25c Almond Cream,
25c Perfumed Ammonia,
25c Calishes' Borated Talcum
25c 4-oz. Bay Rum, } 12c

Superbly Tailored Suits and Coats at Less Than Cost of Manufacture.

The unusually low prices we have made on our Suits and Coats the past two weeks has very much depleted the stock, but we still have a fairly good assortment and if you contemplate to share in the benefit of the large reduction, do so without delay—for the very good reason that you will get a better selection tomorrow than next week.



WOMEN'S COATS HALF PRICE WOMEN'S SUITS

WERE $12.50, NOW.....$6.25
WERE $17.50, NOW.....$8.75
WERE $22.50, NOW.....$11.25
WERE $35.00, NOW.....$17.50
WERE $50.00, NOW.....$25.00
WERE $55.00, NOW.....$27.50

Final Reductions on Fur-Lined Coats

These examples show you what great savings to expect.

$50.00 fine red or black Fur-lined Coats, with fur collars.....$35.00
$60.00 fine black Fur-lined Coats, with squirrel collars.....$39.50
$75.00 fine black Fur-lined Coats (marten collar and cuffs).....$55.00

Astrakhan Coats.

Splendid garments, lined with best Skinner satin.

Worth $37.50, now.....$25.00
Worth $42.50, now.....$31.75
Worth $60.00, now.....$41.75

79c $1.25 Petticoats, 79c. One hundred twenty fast black satine Petticoats—full widths—all lengths—$1.25 values—Saturday only 79c.

98c $1.25 Wrappers, 98c. Twenty dozen fleeced Wrappers—good comfort garments—of sanitary make, neat patterns—$1.25 values—Saturday only 98c.

Girls' Coats Half Price—Good Selections.

A great opportunity—think of this—our entire stock at less than cost of materials.

$15.00 Coats.....$7.50 | $4.25 Coats.....$2.13
$12.50 Coats.....$6.25 | $5.50 Coats.....$2.75
$11.00 Coats.....$5.50 | $10.00 Coats.....$5.00

NEW LINGERIE WAISTS—1906 STYLES.

A large and varied assortment of the new White Waists in the new elbow and three-quarter sleeves and also full length sleeves—styles desirable for evening wear as well as the more practical styles. The prices will tempt you—98c, $1.25, $1.75, $2.50, $2.98 to $17.50.

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR

$1.25 Union Suits 89c.

Women's perfect-fitting union suits—natural gray color, wool plaited and fleeced—buttoned down front—extra elastic crocheted and taped—extra good values at $1.25—Saturday, per suit, only 89c

$1.25 Vests or Pants 98c.

The famous Ypsilanti make full fashioned medium weight wool and cotton underwear for women—pants made with French band and draw string—regular price $1.25—for Saturday, a garment, only 98c

35c Vests and Pants 25c.

Children's extra good weight wool and cotton fleeced underwear for boys and girls—nearly all sizes from 18 to 34—values up to 35c garment—Saturday only—each 25c

MILLINERY For Half and Less

Bad weather kept many at home this week—else you'd not have a chance at these bargains tomorrow!

HALF PRICE

Any trimmed hat in the house.. 1/2 Any untrimmed hat in the house

For the Children

75c Tams 29c

An odd lot of children's heavy Tam O'Shanters—warm winter styles—former prices 75c to $1—Clearing tomorrow at only 29c each.

Manufacturer's Sample Sweaters at Less Than Half Price.

MEN'S SWEATERS. WOMEN'S SWEATERS. BOYS' SWEATERS. CHILDREN'S SWEATERS

THE entire sample line of Sweaters from the biggest sweater manufactory in the country—hundreds of sweaters of all sizes—all styles and all colors—no two alike—bought at a big discount and offered at prices such as you never before heard of on good sweaters!

These are all pure wool and fine worsted sweaters—they're not the common kinds—just look at the prices! Make up your mind to get here early tomorrow.

The following are on sale in the Furnishing Goods Department in the Annex, main floor. The prices mentioned are merely examples of the average prices. There are also others for more and for less—all values equally big.

MEN'S SWEATERS. $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $3.00. Regular prices would be $2.00 up to $6.00 and $6.50.

BOYS' SWEATERS. 75c to $2.00. Regular prices would be $1.50 to $4.25.

CHILDREN'S SWEATERS 50c to $1.50. Regular prices would be $1.00 to $3.25.

Ladies' Sweaters on Sale in the Suit Dept. Second Floor

The latest and smartest Blouse and Norfolk models included.

Sweaters worth $2.75, at.....$1.25
Sweaters worth $3.00, at.....$1.50
Sweaters worth $4.75 and $5.50, at....$2.50
Sweaters worth $3.50, at.....$1.75
Sweaters worth $6.00 and up, at.....$3.00
Sweaters worth $8.00 and up, at.....$4.00

NO APPROVALS AND NO EXCHANGES!

98c for Women's and Misses' $1.50 Felt Shoes & Slip'rs

One last effort before we take inventory—prices that insure closing out the following lines. Don't miss the savings tomorrow.

98c { Women's Felt Shoes with felt or leather soles—our regular price $1.50—tomorrow, 98c a pair.
{ Women's Felt Slippers—broken lines—fur trimmed or plain—were $1.25 and $1.50—choice tomorrow only, 98c a pair
{ Misses' $1.50 Felt Shoes, trimmed with leather—good, warm school footwear; regular $1.50—tomorrow, choice, 98c a pair.

Storm Alaskas for Men, Women and Children.

Children's first grade Storm Alaskas; regular 65c value—Saturday price, per pair..... 50c
Misses' Storm Alaskas, first grade—always 75c—Saturday only, per pair..... 59c
Women's Alaska Storm Overshoes—first grade; regular price $1.00—Saturday only, per pair..... 75c
Men's high-grade Alaska Storm Overshoes; regular $1.50—Saturday price, per pair..... 98c

WANTED An Experienced Man to Take Charge of Our Wall Paper Department.

M'REYNOLDS & CO., GRAIN DEALERS, SUSPEND.

Chicago, Jan. 18.—Announcement was made yesterday afternoon of the suspension of the grain and commission firm of McReynolds & Co., of this city one of the best known firms on the board of trade. The affairs of the firm will be settled and it will go out of business. The statement is made, however, that the credits will be paid in full and that the assets of the firm are fully equal to the liabilities. The house had been a large handler of cash grain and controls two large elevators in this city and one in St. Louis. George S. McReynolds, who is the head of the firm, is the president of the McReynolds Elevator company, and also of the Southern Elevator company. He left the office of the company yesterday afternoon immediately after the announcement of the suspension was made and would not make a statement of the condition of the firm.

Peptiron Pills

Ironize the blood, feed nerves and brain, tone the stomach, aid digestion, give restful sleep. Especially beneficial in nervousness and anemia. Chocolate-coated, pleasant to take. 50c. and $1. Druggists or mail.

Hood's Pills Act on the liver and bowels, cure biliousness, constipation, morning and sick headache, break up colds, relieve uncomfortable fullness after dinner. Painless cathartic. 25c. C. I. HOOD CO., Lowell, Mass.

If Made by HOOD It's Good

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Ten Families Involved in Conspiracy to Rustle Cattle.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Medora—What the authorities believe will develop into a large-sized conspiracy to rustle cattle has developed in the arrest of Moses La Rue, who lives near Vule, forty miles south of Sentinel Butte.

La Rue is charged with killing cattle belonging to L. F. Crawford of Sentinel Butte. The authorities say there is a co-operative society of about ten families in that vicinity that makes a practice of supplying beef for the consumption of its members.

La Rue pleaded not guilty to the complaint and was held under $5,000 bonds.

Fargo—A surprise was sprung in the Murphy road warrant forgery case from Minot, now being tried here, when the defense said that Murphy had signed the warrant held by the state to be one of the forgeries on which Murphy is being tried.

While the defense has not yet shown its hand in full, it is probable that Murphy will claim he was authorized to sign the name of William Crowder and did so with no intent to commit fraud, but merely in the transaction of township business.

William Crowder, the roadmaster in Ross township and the man who made the complaint against Murphy, was subjected to a most rigid cross examination. He stated that he did not know Murphy had forged the warrant. There are nearly 100 Ward county residents here, and they are bitter partisans on one side or the other.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—As a result of a kerosene lamp exploding while she was carrying it, Miss Daisy Barron, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Barron, who lives a short distance east of Sioux Falls, was seriously burned. The explosion threw the burning fluid about the room and over her clothing and in an instant the unfortunate girl was a mass of flames. Had it not been for the presence of members of the family she would have been burned to death and the house would have been destroyed.

The arrest of Dr. C. T. Shroyer, a prominent resident of Baltic, twelve miles north of Sioux Falls, has caused a great sensation at that place. Dr. Shroyer is the head of the Baltic Social club, incorporated under the state laws. His arrest grew out of the alleged sale by the club of intoxicating liquors. The accused furnished bonds for his appearance at the next term of the state circuit court in this city.

Miss Myrtle B. Farmer, superintendent of schools of Brule county, is interesting the teachers in the county and their pupils in school work pertaining to the home and outdoor life upon the farm, all of which will, of curse, be in addition to the studies regularly prescribed. Miss Farmer has secured the co-operation of Robert J. Gamble, United States senator from South Dakota, who will have sent to her a large quantity of seeds of various kinds for distribution among the pupils of the county for planting in the spring. It is planned during the county fair next fall to have an exhibit of vegetables, grains, grasses, sewing, cooking, and poultry, the work of the pupils.

Aberdeen—The farmers of Brown and adjoining counties are to have the time of their lives on Feb. 15, according to the plans of Manager Charles Gottchalk of the new auditorium. He plans to open the building on that date with a farmers' dance, and his committees are scouring the country roundabout with sheaves of invitations which are being eagerly accepted.

The affair is to be exclusive. No townspeople—not even members of the "400" or even the Astor '79'—are to be admitted on the night of the ball. Farmers, their wives, their sisters, daughters and sweethearts are to have full sway, and the affair promises to be one of the biggest and most successful events ever held in Aberdeen.

Egan—As the guests at the Depot hotel were preparing to sit down to supper, it was discovered that the hotel was on fire. An employe went into the cellar to fill a gasolene lamp, and in some manner it was upset, setting fire to some waste in a barrel. Had it not been for the assistance rendered by citizens the place would have been destroyed. The loss will not exceed $1,000. This is the first time the waterworks have been called into use.

"STUDY, THEN PREACH."

Bishop Advises the Negroes Who Fail on Examination.

Corinth, Miss., Jan. 19.—"Ignorance in the pulpit is no longer wanted, and if God called you to preach, He at the same time called you to prepare," said Bishop Moses B. Slater in addressing L. J. Payne, A. W. Williams, Charles Lee, Harry Jones and G. W. Buckhalter, who had applied for membership in the Northeast Mississippi conference of the A. M. E. church, in session here. "If you young men expect to preach, you will have to go to school before you can be admitted to this conference," the bishop said. The entire class failed to pass the required examination, hence were not admitted on trial. The disciplinary questions came up and were passed. Rev. W. C. Thomas preached the annual missionary sermon.

MISSOURI TOWN

Reminded of the Days Before Stone Crushers Flourished.

Springfield, Mo., Jan. 19.—In making the excavation for the new Y. M. C. A. building on Seventh street, just north of the First Presbyterian church, the diggers uncovered a corduroy road—an old-fashioned paved street of Indian and pioneer days, twelve feet below the surface. This corduroy or log road seems to have been built over what was a creek or perhaps a swamp. The road ran diagonally from southwest to northeast, and probably it continued under the city hall and perhaps still further in that direction.

Walnut logs were also unearthed at the same depth, some of them being twelve or fifteen inches in diameter, and smaller logs resting on them. The larger logs are in a fair state of preservation. On the "corduroy" road the workers picked up a brass stirrup that bears the mark of having been once used by the Indians. If the oldest inhabitant of the present Springfield knows anything about this "corduroy" road, the fact has not yet been found out.

FRUIT GORGE FATAL.

Kentucky Farmer Ate All He Wanted Just Once.

McHenry, Ky., Jan. 19.—James Conway, a well-to-do farmer, living five miles east of here, died as a result of eating one dozen large oranges and two dozen apples. Conway was fond of both kinds of fruit, and decided to eat all he wanted. He ate ten oranges and eighteen apples at supper, and when ready to retire at 8:30 finished up the remainder. In the morning, when Mrs. Conway attempted to arouse her husband, he was dead, evidently having expired from cramps that almost doubled up his body.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—

It makes pure food.

Great Clearance Sale at TREADWELL SHOE STORE.

Greatest Shoe Bargains ever offered. This is positively on every pair of shoes in the store. Note big discount on all goods:

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $5.00 and $6.00 Shoes in the store at **$3.79**

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $4.00 Shoes in the store at **$3.15**

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $3.50 Shoes in the store at **$2.90**

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $3.00 Shoes in the store at **$2.48**

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $2.50 Shoes in the store at **$1.98**

Every pair of Ladies' and Gents' $2.00 Shoes in the store at **$1.79**

This sale is genuine and includes the best makes of shoes in this country. SALE CONTINUES TOMORROW. Some discounts on all Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's Shoes. Rubber and Felt Shoes at less than cost. Attend the shoe sale at the leading shoe store.

Treadwell Shoe Store,

DULUTH—SUPERIOR.

GOETCHIUS GETS $112

Jury Decides His Claim of $700 Was Too Large.

Was Guardian of Perreault Estate for Eight Months.

It took a jury not more than an hour this morning to come to the conclusion that Dr. H. V. Goetchius' services as guardian for the estate of Herschie Perrault, the insane widow of Zeriphine Perreault, for a period of about eight months were worth only $112 instead of $700.

Dr. Goetchius when he filed his final account as guardian, presented a bill of $700 for his services, claiming that the amount was justly due him for making some twenty or twenty-five trips to the Perreault farm and time taken from his business to write letters, answer personal and telephone inquiries, and in taking people out to the farm.

Probate Judge Middlecoff cut the bill down to $300 and allowed it at that amount, but Dr. Goetchius appealed, the jury raising the amount by only $12, which increase will be less than the costs of the appeal.

The testimony given yesterday afternoon before the court showed that the total disbursements by the guardian were $1,158, of which $350.00 represented the cost of maintenance. Dr. Goetchius, as guardian paid debts of the estate amounting to $525.71.

S. L. Smith, a local attorney, who was employed by the guardian put in a bill of $300 for legal services, after the guardian's final account was rendered. The court cut that amount to $100 and Mr. Smith appealed, but it is understood that the appeal will be dismissed.

Worth Knowing

—that Allcock's are the original and genuine porous plasters, all others are imitations.

HIS TURKEY AN EAGLE.

Farmar Surprised at Game in Barnyard Trap.

Shelbyville, Ind., Jan. 19.—Henry McCarty, a Washington township farmer, saw what he took to be an extraordinarily large turkey in his chicken yard. As he approached he was surprised to see the big bird raise from the ground and fly away, while in its claws, squawking, was a large Plymouth Rock hen. Expecting a return of the bird, McCarty set a steel trap for it, and the next morning found in the trap a large black eagle, which measured 7 feet 1 inch from tip to tip.

WEIRD STORY

Of a Wild Man Told by a Hunter in Indiana.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 19.—A report comes from Macy, north of this city, that several hunters from that place, while in the vicinity of North Mud Lake, discovered a cave in one of the hills near the new bridge which spans the narrows. The cave showed signs of being used and the men explored it.

They advanced about 200 feet when they came to a large room which seemed to have been dug out. At the farther end of the room was a living object who seemed to be gnawing at something. It growled and gnashed its teeth like a dog. This so frightened the explorers that they made a hasty retreat.

The men returned to make further investigations. They describe the strange being as about 5 feet high, stoutly built and covered with long hair. They say it walks on all fours, but when standing has the appearance of a gorilla. The impression prevails that it is a wild man or a lunatic escaped from some asylum. No affidavit was filed with this story.

GETS SMALL VERDICT.

Collyred Case Receives Cut-Down in Federal Court.

Last night the jury in the case of Joseph Colleyred, as guardian ad litem of Charles Depaoli vs. the Drake & Stratton company in United States court came in with a verdict of $250 in favor of the plaintiff, and with no costs to either party.

The amount sued for was $12,000. It was charged that Carlo Depaoli, a boy of 20 years of age, while working for the Drake & Stratton company near Eveleth was badly injured through the negligence of the defendant company. The complaint states that while unloosening a tangled cable attached to a locomotive, the engine started and the boy was injured by the cable.

This is the first jury to come in during this term of United States court.

At present before Judge Morris the personal damage suit of Peter I. Johnson vs. the Itasca Paper company of Grand Rapids, Minn., is on trial. The plaintiff is on the stand at present and has been since the jury was drawn yesterday afternoon.

Don't Miss It.

The Sho Gun musical comedy matinee tomorow.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Janesville, Wis., Jan. 19.—Stanley H. Smith, president of the First National bank, died this morning.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 19.—B. B. Kieran, who held the world's swimming championship, is dead in Australia.

Peru, Ind., Jan. 19.—H. S. Grosseth, of Racine, Wis., dropped dead today at the Scott hotel of heart failure.

Sparta, Wis., Jan. 19.—Governor Frank Higgins of New York and Mrs. Higgins and party of eighteen arrived here today with the body of Mrs. A. R. Noble, mother of Mrs. Higgins, who is a pioneer resident of Wisconsin, and who died while on a visit to her daughter at Olean, N. Y., and her body was brought home for interment.

Brockton, Mass., Jan. 19.—Col. George W. Robbins, colonel during the Civil war of the Eighth Wisconsin "Live Eagle" regiment, died suddenly at his Avon, Mass., home yesterday. He was 67 years of age.

STATEHOOD BILL TO COME UP WEDNESDAY.

Washington, Jan. 19.—As the result of a conference in the speaker's room after the house met today, it was decided to bring up the statehood bill in the house Wednesday of next week.

The full strength of the Republican "insurgent" vote against the bill was canvassed during the conference of the Stalwarts and estimated at 41. With a full attendance of the "Stalwarts" this vote can be overcome. The bill will be accompanied in the house by a rule prohibiting the division of the statehood question. It is estimated that two days will be occupied in the consideration of the bill.

If Traveling in Japan

or any civilized country, you can procur Laxative Bromo Quinia from any druggist. All nations use it. E. W. GROVE's signature on box

Sale at The Eagle.

An exceptional opportunity is presented in the Eagle Clothing & Shoe House's sale of men's and young men's suits and overcoats, worth from $15 to $25, at the remarkably low price of $7.77. The assortment includes Charles Kaufman & Bros.'s and Kohn Bros.'s makes, and speak for themselves. Underwear and furnishings also go into the sale, and the opportunity is certainly one to be taken advantage of by those who want the best at lower prices than inferior goods are sold for.

CHARGE REACHES LIEGE.

Liege, Belgium, Jan. 19.—M. Manbourguet, the former charge d'affairs of Venezuela, who was expelled from France yesterday by the French government has arrived here. He will remain a few days in this city and will then proceed to London.

DULUTH TO HAVE MEET

Interstate Ski Tournament Will be Held Saturday Afternoon.

Champions of America and Norway Will Take Part.

An interstate ski tournament, which will be attended by runnners from towns in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in which the champion ski jumper of America and the former champion of Norway will participate, will be held tomorrow afternoon at Hunter's hill under the auspices of the Duluth club. Jumping will begin promptly at 2:30 o'clock.

The Ishpeming, Mich., Ski club will be represented by Ole Westgaard, winner of the American championship at Ishpeming last year. His jump at that time measured 106½ feet. Another famous enthusiast who will participate is Gustav Bye of St. Paul, winner of the first prize in Norway's national tournament in 1900. He also holds the record for having made the longest jump in the history of American ski running. Carl Jacobsan, another member of the St. Paul club, will take part in the tournament.

Red Wing, Minn., will be represented by Ole Mangseth, winner of second prize at Ishpeming last year, and Ole Hendrickson. The Duluth runners who are expected to make the best records tomorrow are Capt. John Mangseth, Assistant Capt. Olaf Larson, Elling Diesen, Ingvald Svein, Ole Felring and John Solwick. The Asnland, Itasca and Superior ski clubs will also be represented, but they have not as yet handed in the names of the contestants from their ranks who will enter.

The rule of the tournament is that every contestant must be at the hill and registered by 2 o'clock in the afternoon, otherwise he will not be allowed to take part in the free trial run down the hill previous to the contest, which begins at 2:30 p. m. sharp. There will be three judges. Two have been appointed, A. H. Halter of Ashland and Odin Halden of Duluth.

The third judge will be appointed from among the officers of the visiting clubs. The order in which the contestants will jump will be decided by drawing lots. The man who draws No. 1 and has to make the first jump always considers himself unfortunate, and the one who gets the last run considers himself lucky. The runners will all be marked by a square piece of canvas across their chests, numbered in the order the men will jump.

The National Ski association rules will govern the contest. First prize will be awarded to the man who makes the best average in three jumps. A special prize will also be given for the longest standing jump, which match will be pulled off at the conclusion of the main contest. The snow will be cleaned off the hill on both sides of the ski track, so the spectators will have a place to stand. The club warming room will offer accomodations to such of the onlookers who feel at all cold. To make conditions ideal for jumping, Saturday should be colder than it is today, for when the snow is damp it retards the speed of the skis. The tournament, however, will be pulled off, no matter what the weather is. According to Forecaster Richardson it will be quite a lot colder by tomorow afternoon, and all conditions for a successful tournament will be satisfactory. The forecast is that it will be colder tonight and tomorrow, with snow tonight.

In this contest Duluth boys will meet America's best ski jumpers, and if they can win from them, the Duluthians, it is said, may feel assured of success at the national tournament to be held at Ishpeming Feb. 22. The local organization will send some of its best runners to take part in the Ishpeming contest, and also to Ashland on Jan. 31, when a tournament will be held there. Those selected to go to Ashland will probably be Capt. John Mangseth, Assistant Capt. Ole Larson, Elling Dersen and Ole Felring.

A smoker, open to members of the club and their guests, will be held at the St. Louis hotel Saturday evening. The committee having arrangements in charge consists of J. J. Wangenstein, B. N. Johnson and H. H. Bergen.

Extra street cars will be furnished by the traction company tomorow afternoon. The Duluth club is paying the expenses of the visiting ski runners, and so will charge a small admission fee to the tournament.

Duluth will try and land the 1907 national tournament.

The Sho Gun.

Lyceum tonight and tomorow matinee.

TRIAL DID NOT LAST VERY LONG

Eisenbrandt Moves For Dismissal of His Damage Action.

The damage action brought by John E. Eisenbrandt against the Duluth Van, Express & Storage company, came to an abrupt end after trial had been started this morning, by a motion for dismissal by John Jenswold, Jr., attorney for Mr. Eisenbrandt.

The dismissal was the only course left when Mr. Eisenbrandt found that he had begun a suit against a company that has been out of business for the past two years, when the damages which he claims was done occurred last summer.

The suit was dismissed after Perley Knowlton, secretary-treasurer of the former Duluth Van, Express & Storage company and J. W. Sheridan, president of the Duluth Van & Storage company had been on the stand for cross-examination under the statutes. Enough was gained from their examination to show that the suit should have been started against the Duluth Van & Storage company.

Mr. Eisenbrandt suffered the loss of his household effects, valued at $1,056, under peculiar circumstances. The goods were in one of the covered moving vans being hauled along London road from 120 First avenue east to a new location on Sixtieth avenue East. Suddenly the driver was startled by flames close to his head and jumped from his seat to discover the van and its entire contents in the process of being burned up. No cause was ever definitely ascertained for the conflagration.

In the case at bar this morning H. B. Fryberger represented the Duluth Van, Express & Storage campany and objected to any line of questioning that brought the Duluth Van & Storage company into the case, on the ground that he did not represent the latter company, that it was not a defendant.

This afternoon the personal injury case of Archille Caron against the Powers-Simpson company was to have been called for trial in Judge Cant's room.

The personal injury case of Rudolph Franovich against Butler Bros., was being argued to the jury when the noon adjournment was taken. There was a possibility that the case would be submitted before the close of the afternoon.

In the court setting for next week, stated in the Herald yesterday, it should have read court, instead of jury cases.

Drug Specials for Saturday's crowds

$1 size Pivers' Le Trefle Toilet Water 72c

50c La Blache Toilet Powder 36c

25c Bailey's Heliotrope Talcum Powder 15c

$5 complete Electric Battery for... $3.75

25c size Cold and Grippe Cure..... 15c

25c White Pine Cough Syrup for 15c

$1.00 bottle Roth's Hair Tonic 59c

Colgate's Barber Bar Shaving Soap 5c

Armour's 10c Trans. Glycerine Soap 5c

25c "Silver Cream" Polish—for only 16c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

SATURDAY

from 8:30 a. m. to 10:00 p. m.

We will make it interesting for thousands of men, women and children—from Superior, Lakeside, Woodland, West Duluth and the Heights, as well as from Duluth proper.

Calendars for Saturday's crowds

A splendid assortment of beautiful calendars for 1906—all we have—and there are values up to $1.25—some very rich and artistic. Pick of the lot 15c

Art department

BLACK SPANISH KNITting yarn—full weight, pure dye—worth 15c skein—for Saturday 11c

GOLDEN FLEECE PERSIAN Zephyr—sold regularly at 20c a skein—special for Saturday, at..... 13c

STAMPED PILLOW TOPS and centerpieces—regular value 65c—special for Saturday 23c

The furniture rummage sale continues

on our fourth floor, after a flying start today, and in every department on every floor, the efforts to put stocks into prime condition for inventory results in clearance bargains. THESE BARGAINS ARE THE MAGNETS that will draw the crowds tomorrow and every day until inventory.

Specials for Men Saturday.

Men's underwear.

Here's a grand good value. Take your pick of **Blue Derby Ribbed Merino, Fawn Derby Ribbed Wool, Extra heavy flat Underwear.** Some of our best sellers are in this lot and some of them sold as high as $1.25 for a single shirt or pair of drawers. You can take your pick Saturday for—only 39c

Lambsdown underwear.

Men's shirts and drawers—next to the skin there is the finest Australian wool, while outside they are in grain cotton. Warm, heavy, durable and worth $1.00 a garment. If you want them at this little price be here Saturday—each 59c

MEN'S FLANNELETTE NIGHT SHIRTS—the "Universal"—two special prices for Saturday— at ..... 39c and 48c

WINTER CAPS—Special at 39c, 49c and 75c.

White shirts for 48c.

A big lot of men's fine unlaundered shirts, with linen bosom, cuffs and band—strongly made and with reinforced seams throughout. You can't buy them for less than 75c in Men's stores and sometimes you pay more. Saturday you can get any size in this sale at only—each..... 48c

For Boys and Girls Saturday

BOYS' CLOTHING—75 boys' suits in Norfolk and double-breasted two-piece suits, (ages 8 to 16 years), in plain and fancy cheviots; also about 50 overcoats in long and short models, ages 3 to 16 years; values to $5.00—all in one lot for Saturday's selling. Your choice of any suit or overcoat in this big lot for only $2.59

Girls' winter dresses for $1.00.

About 50 warm, heavy dresses for children—some of them are last year's shapes and styles, but well made and will wear as well as any you can buy. They formerly sold at from $5.00 to $15.00, but if you come Saturday morning you can take your pick of the lot for the little price of, each..... $1.00

Girls' coats Half Price.

The sizes are for girls from 8 to 14 years. The colors are brown, blue, tan and green. The styles are box, Empire, gathered backs, belted coats and coats with storm or coat collars. A few of them are lined with red flannel—others are unlined. Every price is exactly half of the former selling price for Saturday.

Saturday snaps on the 2nd floor.

Ladies' Suits for $5.75 to $8.75

We have a few complete tailored Suits left that we will sell at above prices.

You can readily see that it's giving them away, for these prices wouldn't half pay for the cloth in some of them.

Original prices of these suits were up to $32.50. Now will you come and take your pick—if we can fit you?

Smart suits, just bought.

That's the kind of suits we offer you in the choice little lot our cloak buyer picked up in New York while placing orders for Spring goods. He certainly wouldn't have taken them unless they were the extra good values which they are. Handsome English broadcloths, cheviots, serges and Panama cloths; jackets 24 to 50 inches long, fancy trimmed and satin lined; full pleated or gored skirts; the colors are black, navy, red and gray, and the sizes 32 to 42. Not one in the lot worth less than $45 and some worth $55. Some of the very best are left for the early comers tomorrow morning. The price is only—

$19.50

Strictly up-to-date. The cloth alone is worth more than this price. Alterations will be charged for according to amount of work required.

Dressing Sacque snap

Tomorrow morning we give you a new rummage bargain. Beautiful eiderdown dressing sacques that sold up to $3.98—all colors—embroidery, silk, applique, ribbon and crochet trimmed—your pick of the lot for—

$1.89

REVOLVER SHOT CAUSED SCARE

Adam Daverl Is Fined For Too Much Gun Play.

Charged with firing a revolver within the city limits, and frightening the neighbors into the belief that a murder had been committed, Adam Daverl was arraigned before Judge Cutting, this morning, in the municipal court.

The affair took place last evening at 53 Garfield avenue. It is claimed that Daverl walked into the boarding house at this number, where a number of Polish people were talking and smoking, and after staying a few minutes, walked outside and fired a revolver in the air. Daverl is then claimed to have re-entered the house and to have threatened to "fix" one of the boarders next.

The police were hastily summoned, and Daverl was arrested in his boarding house a short time later.

He pleaded guilty this morning, and was fined $15 and costs by Judge Cutting, the revolver being confiscated.

HOPLESSLY INSOLVENT.

Boston, Jan. 19.—Judge Braley of the Massachusetts supreme court today ordered that a receiver be appointed for the Provident Securities & Banking company, recently closed by a temporary injunctnon of the court. The judge was informed by the custodians of the bank, Charles F. Weed and Alfred F. Hall, that the affairs of the institution were hopelessly insolvent. Messrs. Weed and Hall were later named as receivers for the Provident Securities & Banking company.

The Sho Gun.

Lyceum tonight and tomorow matinee.

SOME QUEER BANKS.

Odd Hiding Places in Which Money Has Been Kept

One of our best-known members of parliament built himself a mansion in a remote part of Hampshire, on the confines of the New Forest, says a writer in Pearson's Weekly.

He noticed during the progress of the work that a contractor's clerk came back from the railroad station bringing with him a walking stick bearing a label addressed to his employer. This always happened on a Friday afternoon, and he became curious to know the reason.

When he asked for an explanation of the mystery the contractor touched a spring in the handle, screwed off a headpiece and, turning the stick upside down, rolled out on the table a heap of sovereigns.

It appears that the nearest local bank could not be used in time for weekly pay. Accordingly, the contractor had the stick made, the interior of which was hollowed out in order to take the sovereigns. The precious freight amounted to £100, and was dispatched every week as an ordinary parcel. During the whole time it never miscarried.

Possible a more remarkable savings bank was found during an inquest held in London recently. It was discovered that the deceased had a wooden leg, within which were a number of sovereigns wrapped in a kid glove. Surely a wooden leg is one of the most peculiar banks imaginable.

A short time ago an old miser died at Brescia. She lately revealed a singular hoarding place for treasure. She had always lived as one in deep poverty, and had carefully excluded all neighbors from her apartment.

When she was taken ill, and felt the approach of death, she sent for a notary, to whom she confided the hiding place of her money.

She had lived in constant dread of robbery or loss, and so for years had preserved the whole of her money in a hollowed-out leg of a certain table in the room. When search was being made before properly accredited witnesses a sum of £5,000 was brought to light in money securities.

A sum of over a quarter of a million pounds has been thrown into the ash pit by the government. This extraordinary exhibition of waste of public money was found out some little time ago. It was discovered that scrap brass had been used for road making.

Originally the ashes from the brass foundry and rolling mills of the Royal Laboratory and other factories were regarded as so much waste material. As a matter of fact, they were given to the superintendent for the purpose of making roads and pathways.

This went on for a number of years, when a wide-awake contractor got to know of it. He generously offered to remove the ashes from the fire holes and to give the government the sum of 3s 4d a ton for them in to the bargain.

After the arrangement had been going on for some time it was discovered that the contractor was selling the refuse at £6 a ton. Then the ordinance officials took the matter into their own hands and issued proper tender forms for them.

Then the firm which had been used to paying 3s 4d a ton offered £5 to £6 a ton, while eventually as much as £7 7s 6d per ton was offered for the waste ashes. This means a revenue of £10,000 a year, which hitherto had been thrown into the ash pit. Actually, it is estimated that a quarter of a million ponuds has been wasted b ythe military officials who thoughtlessly threw the refuse away.

A sum of £8,000 was found in the mud at Liverpool a short time ago. This was in the mud behind the landing-stage water, where a cash box was found containing a number of bank notes and about £8,000 in securities.

A LUCKY FIND.

Youth's Companion: "It pays to know things," said the old sea captain as he sat on a New Bedford wharf. "I remember a time when ignorance nearly held me down nad drowned me—or, I should say, nearly killed me for the want of a swallow of fresh water.

"I'd shipped in a brig from New York going down to Brazil and south'ard, carrying a cargo of air and linen collars and such stuff and hoping to come back loaded with coffee. There wasn't anybody on board had been in those waters afore except the captain, and he'd forgotten most of what he learned there. Everything went all right till we started to work north to a port just a couple of inches on the chart beyond the mouth of the Amazon river.

"We hadn't stowed any water for a week or two, but the winds were fair enough to suit, and there didn't seem to be any reason to get suspicious. But one morning the captain, who'd been studying the chart, says to me, pointing to a shadow of land, 'There's the mouth of the Amazon.' He'd hardly got the words out of his mouth when the canvas flapped with a quick change of wind, and all the afternoon it got weaker and weaker as we approached shore. By the time night came you could drop a cannon ball overboard and drop a feather after it, and they'd both hit the water in the same place. The next day the weather was thick, and you couldn't begin to see land. About eight bells the captain called me and says: 'Have you noticed the tide? Something's carrying us out to sea, and it's a dead calm!'

"'What of it?' says I, careless. 'Haven't we got time enough to wait for a wind?'

"'Time enough, all right,' he says, 'but not water enough. What's left is in quarts, and not gallons,' he says.

"I won't have to tell you how we tried to make the water last, or how tantalizing the ocean looked to us, or how our tongues swelled up after four days and got rough like leather, and how the weather kept thick and hazy, and we never sighted a sail or a steam vessel. We all could see Death perched up on the bowsprit. And the sun dried out our skins as it dries starched clothes on Monday mornings.

"Finally, one afternoon, the captain crawled up on deck and began to rave. He was crazy. After a while he grinned at me and said, 'I won't stand it any longer. If I don't get some moisture on me I'll crack open,' and although he couldn't swim a stroke, over the rail he went like a thing with wings. We all went to look over the side.

"He came up after his bubbles. My stars, you should have seen the look on his face! I never saw such a sheepish expression in all my life.

"'Scissors to grind!' he yells, 'this ocean ain't salt at all!' The water's as fresh as hot doughnuts,' and he gulps down another quart of it, smacking his lips. 'Throw me a rope and lower a bucket. I've been made a fool of this week,' he says.'

"Sure enough, it was just as he said—the water was fresh. The delta of the Amazon pours such a big stream that even out of sight of land the water is sweet as dew on clover blossoms."

For BEAUTIFUL WALLS buy

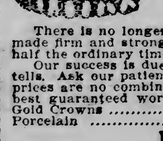
ROMAN WALL PAINT

Finest thing for interiors of Homes, Schools, Hospitals, and all Public Buildings. Dries quickly without gloss, giving rich, velvety effect. Can be washed without injury. Greatly superior to all other wall finishes. Durable, Hygienic, Elegant and Inexpensive. Made by

THE CHICAGO WHITE LEAD AND OIL CO.

For Sample Card of 12 beautiful colors and genera information, apply to

THE KELLEY HARDWARE CO.



DENTISTRY

By the Alveolus Method.

Originated and Used Only By Us.

There is no longer any necessity for false teeth. Loose and sore teeth are made firm and strong for years. All dental work is accomplished in one-half the ordinary time and without pain.

Our success is due to the high grade work done by us. The test of time tells. Ask our patients everywhere what they think of our work. Our prices are no combination and within reach of all, and are for the very best guaranteed work.

Gold Crowns ..... $5 and $6
Silver fillings 75c
Porcelain $5
Full Set Teeth ..... $5 up

LEE & TURLEY,

(Over Fols.) 114-16 WEST SUPERIOR STREET. Open Evenings.

Other offices—Minneapolis, Sioux City, Omaha.

MIDWINTER DULLNESS

Commission Business is Quiet With But Few Market Changes.

Peculiar Winter Weather Has Affected Many Lines.

The midwinter quiet has settled down on Michigan street and trade is light in all lines of fruit, vegetables and produce.

The commission men are taking advantage of the dull season to take their annual vacation trips, and prepare for the spring trade.

There are no special features on the market to liven up trade, and business is confined entirely to the staple articles such as ordinary fruits and vegetables which are on the market the entire year.

The dealers are not complaining of the quiet spell, as it is always counted on at this season of the year, and the prospects are bright for the spring trade opening up well.

The winter has been a very peculiar one, and it has made the market erratic in many lines. The commission men have been kept guessing to follow the vagaries of the quotations, especially on potatoes and eggs. A cold winter would have brought high prices in both of these lines, as the storage supply of eggs was not large, and the potato crop was threatened with rot. But the mild weather has kept the prices down, and the firms that were speculating in eggs have been caught. Few or none of the Duluth firms were speculating, their business being almost entirely on commission, and by contract, but some of the houses in the larger cities have loaded up with large stocks of eggs. One Chicago broker's suicide is attributed to the fact that he had all his available capital tied up in eggs and was threatened with a complete loss by the weak market. But the Dultuh egg dealers are not contemplating suicide in the very near future, although they have had to watch the market closely.

The market this week is still easy, and is likely to continue so as long as the weather stays mild. The receipts of fresh eggs have been heavier than usual, and the cold storage stocks have not been drawn on to any very great extent. A cold snap would probably bring a reaction.

Butter prices remain unchanged at the same figures quoted last Saturday, after last week's advance. Good butter is very scarce, and fresh, creamery prints command a high figure even for this time of the year.

* * *

Potatoes and cabbage are again threatening to take a jump somewhat similar to the one reported last fall.

Advices to the dealers from country shipping points state that the prospects are that the market will hold firm even under the present weather conditions, and a cold wave will mean an advance in the price. The quotations are slightly higher than last week and potatoes are now selling at about 70 cents.

Cabbage is also firm, and the market has a bullish tone.

Other vegetables remain practically unchanged in price from last week, and the market conditions are the same.

* * *

If the cranberry famine continues, the berries will be selling by the dozen instead of by the barrel. The dealers have been unable to secure any quantity of them for several weeks past, and they are doled out in small lots to the few buyers who are in the market for them. The nominal price is $15 a barrel, but they are being sold by the bushel or the peck instead of by the barrel, and it is impossible to ensure orders being filled even at that figure.

The orange market is free this week. The receipts have been heavy and the demand is brisk for this season of the year, owing to the low prices that are quoted on the California fruit. An excellent grade of California navel orange can be had at about $2.50 per case. Better grades are selling for as high as $3 per case, but these are the choice varieties.

Lemons are also very low compared with last year's figures, and the best California fruit is selling for $3.25 per case.

Apple stocks are running low, and the market is holding very firm, with prospects for a slow but steady advance in prices as the winter grows older.

A few strawberries are on the market, but they cut no figure as yet, being more of a novelty than an article of commerce. They are part of a shipment brought from the Bermudas for the fancy trade, and are bringing fancy prices, from those who do not have to worry over the size of grocery bills.

* * *

There is no change in the poultry market this week. Receipts are fairly good for this season of the year, and the demand has about kept pace with them, prices being the same as last week.

* * *

The demand for meats has been good during the week, and business is reported to be active by the branch packing house managers.

The secret of successfully ridding the system of a cold is a thorough evacuation of the bowels. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar does this—Liquid Cold Cure, drives all cold out of the system. Best for Coughs, Croup, etc. Sold by all druggists.

ELOPERS MUST PAY.

Magistrates Contemplate Trust to Enforce the Wedding Fee.

Jeffersonville, Ind., Jan. 19.—Jeffersonville magistrates who are called upon to marry hundreds of eloping couples every year are said to be considering a plan to fix a uniform rate of compensation for their services, and to refuse to marry anyone who cannot produce this fee.

The law does not fix any fee, and the magistrates are obliged to accept whatever they are offered. Of late there has developed a decided parsimonious tendency among the patrons of the magistrates, and it is to offset this that the justices of the peace are planning to raise their rates. If the compact goes through that they are now considering, the fee will be fixed at $5 per couple, except in cases where the groom is shown to be poor and honest in his statement that he cannot afford to pay any more. In such cases the magistrates will perform the ceremony for $3.

RENOUNCES HIS SON IN PENNSYLVANIA COURT.

Chester, Pa., Jan. 19.—"I am done with you and will not attempt to get you any bail. You have lied to me and your motheer, and she is now ill over the trouble you have caused us. We have spent hundreds of dollars on you; this is what you come to. Never speak to me again; never call me father; you are dead to me. Good-by."

These words were addressed to William Bailey, aged 17 years, by his father, just after he had been sent to court with several companions by Magistrate Smith to stand trial on the charge of blowing open the safe at the offices of the Atlantic Refining company.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.



Will There Be a Grand Rush at the Eagle CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE TOMORROW?



Well, I Guess Yes!

Read This Ad Very Carefully

And you will be here with the crowds. You will say yourself it is by far the most Unusual Clothing offer ever made in Duluth.

DAVE CASMIR.

The Eagle Now Takes a Great Loss on the Entire Stock of

High Grade Suits and Overcoats

Beginning tomorrow, Saturday, at 8 a. m., we are going to give you the unheard-of opportunity to get your choice of the best Suits and Overcoats in the world, consisting of these famous makes—Chas. Kaufman & Bros. and Kohn Bros. Union Made, hand-tailored garments for $7.77. Those who know us and know our goods will be here. For the benefit of those who are not familiar with our stock we say come and open your eyes and see the finest line of

$25.00, $22.50, $20.00, $18.00 and $15.00 Suits and Overcoats

on sale tomorrow and continuing until our entire winter stock is closed out.

Final clearance of Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats—$25, $22.50, $20, $18 and $15 hand-tailored clothing; now—

For Only— $7.77

NOTICE No credit given; no goods sent on approval; no alterations made; no suspenders given with Suits during this sale.

$7.77

Chas. Kaufman & Bros.' and Kohn Bro.s' hand-tailored Suits and Overcoats, worth from $15 to $25 per garment; now—

For Only— $7.77

NOTICE No credit given; no goods sent on approval; no alterations made; no suspenders given with Suits during this sale.

Tomorrow is the beginning of the end—the final clearance of our entire stock of winter Shoes and Furnishing Goods means the greatest values ever offered in men's high-class Underwear, Shirts, Neckwear and Gloves. Don't delay. Take advantage of our hobby not to carry over stock from one season to another—the ready cash looks better to us than the goods right now.

HERE ARE A FEW SAMPLE BARGAINS!

Monarch Shirts—always sell at all stores for $1.25 and $1—our clearance sale price..... **69c**

Without a doubt the greatest Dress Shirt offer in Duluth—Cluett fancy negligee and stiff bosom Shirts—$2.50, $2.00 and $1.50 values—they all go in one bunch for **95c**

M. D. Wells' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoes—box and velour calf; while they last, only... **$1.98**

Brockton $3.50 Men's Shoes—you all know what they are—clearance price **$2.69**

A FEW SNAP SHOTS.

25c Wool Hose	10c
$2.50 Wool Sweaters	98c
35c Imported Hose	18c
75c Men's Hose	39c
75c Suspenders	39c
Favorite $1.00 Shirts	39c
75c Mitts and Gloves	39c

All Boys' Suits and Overcoats Exactly **Half Price**

KNIFE PLUNGED DEEP INTO THE UNDERWEAR.

75c Quality	39c
$1.00 Quality	69c
$1.50 Quality	79c
$2.00 Quality	$1.29
$2.50 Quality	$1.49
$3.00 Quality	$1.69

Don't Delay But Come Tomorrow and Take Advantage of Duluth's Greatest Sale of High Grade Merchandise.

EAGLE CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE,

321 WEST SUPERIOR SRREET. **D. C. CASMIR.**

COME TOMORROW, JANUARY 20, TO OUR GREAT

FIRST ANNUAL CLEARING SALE

A Clearance Sale that is absolutely Genuine—Bona fide reductions throughout the store that are bound to break all records in this establishment. Be on hand early tomorrow, Saturday, morning.

Furs at Half Price

We intend making this Saturday a day that will be remembered in the retail shopping world; a day that will over-reach any former attempt at bargain giving by any other concern.

From the many nice things that have been said of us since we opened eight months ago, we feel that we are appreciated, and though gratified at the increasing trade that has come to us from month to month, we now realize that we have been too sanguine and have too much stock on hand, and we are, therefore, compelled to make this great sacrifice. Everything new and nothing reserved. Come prepared to find the bargains of your life, and we promise that your expectations will be more than realized.

REMEMBER! This sale is sweeping—everything must go, as we have not the capital to carry over our surplus stock for next winter. We will rather take a loss and get rid of all our winter goods. Enough said! **EVERY ITEM SPEAKS FOR ITSELF!**

5,000 Remnants at Great Reduct'ns

DRESS GOODS.

Our entire line of all-wool Dress Goods in Albatross, Nuns' Veiling, Henrietta, Mohair, Serge and other weaves; in this lot there are values up to 75c a yard, clearance price 39c

FLANNELETTES.

Flannelettes in floral and ornamental designs, sold all over for 10c—clearance price 6c
12½ quality for 8c

OUTING FLANNEL.

Extra heavy Outing Flannel, the quality sold all over for 8c—clearance price for only 5c
12½c quality for 9c
Cream Outing Flannel, regular 7c—clearance price 4c

GINGHAM.

Ayron Gingham, sold all over for 12½c—clearance price—a yard 4½c
Dress Gingham, sold all over for 12½c a yard—clearance price 8c

PERCALE.

36-inch Percale, sold regularly for 12½c clearance price 8c
27-inch Percale, sold regular at 8c per yard—clearance price 5c

CALICO.

Calico in different colors, sold regular at 7c—clearance price 5c

SATEEN.

Mercerized Sateen, in colors, sold regular at 15c—clearance price 10c

MUSLIN.

36-inch Brown Muslin, regular 9c kind—clearance price 6c

SHEETING.

8-4 Brown Sheeting, extra heavy, sold for 25c—clearance price 16c

SHEETS.

81x90 Linen Finish Sheets, sold for 75c—clearance price 45c

PILLOW CASES.

Pillow Cases, made of first quality muslin, worth 17c—clearance price 12½c

BLANKETS.

Every pair of Wool Blankets in the house at a discount of 25 per cent.

11-4 Double Cotton Blankets, sold regular at $1.25—clearance sale 80c

COMFORTERS.

Full sized Comforters, the best of filling—the quality sold for $4.00—special $2.75
Full sized Comforters, the best of filling—the quality sold for $3.50—special $2.50
Full sized Comforters, the best of filling—the quality sold for $3.00—special $1.73
Full sized Comforters, the best of filling—the quality sold for $2.00—special $1.19

TABLE DAMASK.

36-inch Table Damask, bleached, sold regularly for 65c per yard—clearance sale price 35c
72-inch Table Damask, bleached, beautiful designs—regular 50c kind—special 25c

BED SPREADS.

Fringed Bed Spreads, regular $1.50 kind—clearance price $1.00

TOWELING.

Twilled Cotton Toweling, sold always for 6c per yard—clearance price 3c

CURTAIN ENDS.

Lace Curtain Ends, splendid value at 25c—clearance price 15c

LACE CURTAINS.

Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, sold regularly at $3.00—clearance price only $1.45

CUSHION TOPS.

Stamped Center Pieces, regular 15c quality—clearance sale price 8c
Stamped Cushion Tops, regular 40c value—clearance sale price 25c
Cushion Girdles, regular 35c quality—clearance sale price 19c

PURSES.

Black Patent Leather Purses, regular 35c quality—clearance sale price 17c



SHOES

We place on sale 3,000 pairs of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes—at prices never before heard of.

Ladies' $2.25 Shoes $1.48
Ladies' $3.00 Shoes, at $1.98
Ladies' $3.50 Shoes, at $2.69
Ladies' $1.25 Felt Slippers, at ..... 79¢
Ladies' Leather Slippers, at ..... 43¢
Boys' Heavy School Shoes, reg. $1.75, at $1.25
Boys' Extra Heavy Shoes, at $1.39
Children's 98c Shoes, at ..... 69¢

MEN'S SHOES.

Men's extra heavy Working Shoes, regular $2.50 kind—special $1.89
Men's $2.50 Dress Shoes—special for this sale $1.75
All our men's $3.50 Shoes—clearance sale price $2.69



LADIES' SUITS AND COATS.

$10.00 Shirtwaist Suits at $4.48
$18.00 and $20.00 Suits at $12.50
$30.00 Suits at $17.50
$25.00 Coats at $15.00
$12.50 Coats at $5.00

SKIRTS.

$15.00 Voile Skirts $10.00
$7.00 and $8.00 Skirts $4.39
$5.00 Skirts $2.69

WAISTS.

We place on sale 1,000 high grade waists at such a low price that they will go very fast.

$12.00 Waists, at $7.50
$8.00 Waists, at $5.98
$5.00 Waists, at $3.48
$1.48 Sateen Waists, at ..... 98¢
75c Waists, at ..... 48¢

PETTICOATS.

$12.00 Silk Petticoats, at $8.00
$8.00 Silk Petticoats, at $4.48
$5.00 Silk Skirts, at $3.48
$3.50 Morie Petticoats, black and brown $2.48
$1.50 Black Sateen Petticoats, at ..... 98¢
$1.00 Black Sateen Petticoats, at ..... 69¢

MILLINERY.

$3.00 and $4.00 Hats, at ..... 98¢
$5.00 and $6.00 Hats, at $1.98

CORSETS.

American Beauty Corsets, special for this clearance sale 89c
200 Corsets with Hose Supporters, special clearance price 24c

SILK.

2,000 yards of Jap and Taffeta Silk, regular 50c and 75c kind, special price per yard 39c

OUTING FLANNEL PETTICOATS.

Ladies' Outing Flannel Petticoats, regular 50c quality, clearance sale price 35c
Misses' Outing Flannel Petticoats, regular 39c quality, clearance sale price 21c
Children's Wool Stocking Caps, regular 35c quality, clearance sale price 10c

KIMONOS AND DRESSING SACQUES.

Kimonos, regular $2.00 and $2.25 quality, clearance sale price $1.50
Kimonos, regular $1.00 quality, clearance sale price 69c
Kimonos and Dressing Sacques, regular 50c quality, clearance sale price 35c

CHILDREN'S COATS.

$3.98 Bearskin Coats at $2.25
$6.00 and $7.00 Cloth Coats at $3.98
$4.00 Cloth Coats at $2.48

LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SWEATERS.

Ladies' and Misses' all-wool Sweaters, regular $1.69 and $1.98 quality, clearance sale price 98c
Children's all-wool Sweaters, regular $1.00 quality, clearance sale price 59c

LADIES' BELTS.

Black Taffeta Silk Belts, regular 75c quality, clearance sale price 39c
Ladies' 35c quality Belts, in gross grain, clearance sale price 19c

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Camel Hair Vests and Pants—regular $1 value, clearance sale price 69c
Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Vests and Pants, and Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Vests and Pants, regular 50c value—clearance sale price 35c
Ladies' Union Suits, regular 50c quality—clearance sale price 29c
Children's Heavy Fleeced Underwear, regular 35c quality—clearance sale 19c
Boys' and Girls' High Grade Combination suits, regular 35c quality—clearance price .. 39c
Children's Seamless Ribbed Waists, good quality—clearance sale price 12½c

LADIES', MISSES', CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.

Ladies' Black Seamless Hose, regular 15c quality—clearance sale price 9c
Ladies' Fleece Lined Hose, regular 19c quality—clearance sale price 12½c
Misses' Ribbed Seamless Hose, regular 15c quality—clearance sale price 10c
Children's Black Cashmere Hose, sizes 5 to 8½, regular 19c quality—clearance price. 10c
Boys' and Girls' all-wool Hose, regular 25c quality—clearance sale price 15c

GLOVES.

Mocha Gloves, regular $1.25 value—clearance sale price 89c

RIBBONS.

Cr. 7-9-12 Satin Ribbon, regular 6c quality; clearance sale price 3c

EMBROIDERIES.

2,000 yards Swiss Embroidery and insertion in different widths, value up to 25c a yard, clearance sale price 10c
5,000 yards of Torchon Lace and insertion, regular 8c and 10c quality, clearance sale price 3c
Another lot of Torchon Lace by the bolt, regular 25c quality, clearance sale price, per bolt 15c

RUGS.

We close out our entire Rug Departmnet, and we expect to sell every rug Saturday.

$25.00 Rugs, at $19.00
$15.00 Rugs, at $10.00
$12.50 Rugs, at $8.50
35c Ingrain Carpet, per yard ..... 18¢
Linoleum Oil Cloth below cost.

PAY ATTENTION TO LITTLE THINGS.

5c Hooks and Eyes, per card ..... 2¢
Black and White Tape, 4 rolls ..... 5¢
Castile Soap, worth 5c, per cake ..... 2¢
Elastic, per yard ..... 3¢
Matches, 1 dozen boxes, at ..... 8¢

FOR MEN.

Men's 50c Fleeced Underwear, at ..... 35¢
Men's 75c Wool Underwear, at ..... 59¢
Men's $1.25 all-wool Underwear, at ..... 89¢
Men's $2.00 Underwear, at $1.25
Men's 50c and 75c Dress Shirts, at ..... 39¢
Men's Monarch Shirts, at ..... 75¢
Men's All-wool Hose, at ..... 15¢
Men's 25c Suspenders, at ..... 15¢
Men's 50c Suspenders, at ..... 35¢
Men's 59c Wool Gloves, at ..... 33¢
Men's 25c Ties, at ..... 18¢

BOYS' SUITS AND OVERCOATS.



Boys' Overcoats, regular $2.95 quality—clearance sale price $1.89
Boys' Overcoats, regular $6.00 quality—clearance sale price $2.98
Boys' Reefers, regular $2.00 quality—clearance sale price $1.25
Boys' 2-piece Suits, regular $1.75 quality—clearance sale price 98c
Boys' 2-piece Suits, regular $2.00 quality—clearance sale price $1.25
Boys' 3-piece Suits, regular $4.00 quality—clearance sale price $2.25

1,000 Suits to Select from. Come early.

THE GOLDEN RULE

17 & 19 EAST SUPERIOR STREET

NEW 'PHONE 1851. "MONEY'S WORTH OR MONEY BACK." OLD 'PHONE 1644.

FIRE ENDS THEIR LONG COURTSHIP

Widow of 70 Charges Faithful Swain of 76 With Arson.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Claiming that because she had refused to marry a sweetheart of years' standing on account of their ages, and he had become offended and out of revenge set her house on fire in the hope of cremating her, Mrs. Adelaide Henderson, an aged widow, filed information in police court charging George King with arson.

Mrs. Henderson is 70 years of age and owns a modest little cottage at East Twenty-seventh and Scott streets. She told this story to Judge Mathis:

"And just think of it; A man that I've given my friendship to for nearly half a century trying to burn me out of my home. Oh, I'm so glad he's been arrested.

"You see, it was this way: I've known George as far back as I can remember. When I was about 20 years of age he wanted me to marry him, but—well, you know how it is—another man won my affections.

"George felt so bad about my marriage, I told him I would be a sister to him, and that seemed to satisfy him. Finally, when my husband died, he commenced courting me again.

"He has proposed to me twelve times. Actually, I was beginning to grow tired of it. One night he dropped around early and began to tell me about his devotion and love and all that sort of rot.

"'You've got to marry me,' he said.

"I made him leave the house about midnight.

"Why, he is about 76 years old, while I am comparatively a young, or rather middle-aged woman.

"About 1 o'clock I was awakened by smelling smoke, and there was George outside my bedroom window, trying to burn the house. I chased him away and called the fire department. I hope George has to go to the penitentiary."

King denies the charge.

TAUGHT AS MAID; QUITS AS MATRON

While Outing Party Prepares Breakfast, Young People Wed.

Sedalia, Mo., Jan. 19.—Miss Mana E. Hall, a public school teacher here, has resigned, and thereby becomes public the story of her romantic wedding. Last July, while on a fishing outing with her mother and many friends and relatives, Herbert Stone, a drug clerk, and Miss Hall were secretly married.

One morning, while the other members of the party were preparing breakfast, Miss Hall and Stone, accompanied by Mrs. Jennie Hall, mother of the teacher, stepped out of the camp and were united in marriage before they returned to the party.

The marriage had remained secret that the bride might continue to teach till Stone would be permanently located. A few days ago, however, the wedding became public, because Miss Hall had to resign in order to join her husband at Chamois. Before going to Chamois Miss Hall spent a few days in St. Louis.

Hunyadi Janos

The Natural Laxative Water was awarded the Grand Prize at the St. Louis Exposition, 1904, for its Purity and Excellence. Easy to take—Easy in action—Ease for all stomach ailments.

FOR CONSTIPATION

A FAMILY FIGHT OVER A ROOSTER

Husband Saves Fowl by Knocking Wife Down Seven Times.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 19.—Although her husband knocked her down "only six or seven times," as Mrs. Jerry Anderson reported to Sheriff Meyers, Deputy Sheriff Graham placed Jerry under arrest and in the county jail. Whether Mrs. Anderson will swear to a complaint or not remains to be seen, but it is said at the sheriff's office that if the woman did not prosecute him the county authorities would.

According to Mrs. Anderson, the whole trouble started over a fowl. It is said that Mrs. Anderson wanted to kill a big rooster. Jerry, to the contrary, did not want the rooster killed, thinking it was too tough for his teeth and insisted that a hen be killed. Mrs. Anderson did not like to kill the hen because she was getting an egg occasionally from it and at last Jerry became so exasperated that he swung with his right on his wife and knocked her down. She got up and he swung another vicious blow that landed squarely on her face and she dropped again. One witness states that Mrs. Anderson at no time waited for the count of nine before getting up and that Jerry dropped her every time she got up as far as her knees.

Mrs. Anderson says her husband knocked her down six or seven times, just how many she is not sure.

The Andersons were married but a few short months ago, but even before their marriage, it is said, the husband used to practice knockout blows on the woman.

PRIZE FIGHTER KILLED IN BOUT.

New York, Jan. 19.—"Kid" Goog, a prize fighter, whose right name is Nathan Rosenberg, was killed in the second of a three-round bout last night in a place known as George McFadden's club, in Third avenue. The man whom he was fighting escaped, and the police are looking for him.

Goog's opponent was known as "Kid" Sis. Each was 18 years old. There were about 500 spectators present, and four arrests were made of men alleged to be connected with the affair.

The hall where the fight took place is a fairly large room, in the rear of a saloon. During the first round there was fast fighting, but the second had proceeded only about a minute, when the boys clinched. Sis, it is alleged, gave Goog a short arm hook almost over the heart. When the men broke Goog fell to the floor unconscious. His seconds carried him to his corner and gave him stimulants and held ammonia to his nose, but without avail. A hurry call was sent in for an ambulance, after the crowd began to disperse, and Dr. Bertiner responded. When he arrived he pronounced Goog dead. He gave no diagnosis beyond saying that a blow had caused his death.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The jury in the case of Mrs. Josiah Pratt, charged with murdering her husband, disagreed and was discharged. The jury stood 10 to 2 for acquittal.

The record of the court martial in the case of Midsshipman Stephen Decatur, first class, charged with hazing, was received at the navy department Thursday and is under review by the judge advocate general. This is the record of the second trial in Decatur's case and it is believed he was sentenced to dismissal.

The lower portion of Evanston, Wyo., is flooded by water from the Union Pacific ice dam above the city, which went out Thursday. No lives were lost but the damage is estimated at $100,000.

A southbound Mexican Central train was wrecked Thursday south of Chihuahua, Mexico. Two persons were killed and sixteen injured.

Three men entered the flat of Mrs. Francesca Famallare, on the top floor of a five-story house in Thompson street New York, brutally beat and stabbed her, and tore from her body a money belt containing $950, the entire family savings. Her condition is serious.

MASONS ELECT THEIR OFFICERS AND ADJOURN.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—The fifty-third annual convention of the grand lodge of Minnesota, A. F. & A. M. came to a close last evening. The closing day was taken up with the reports of committees, election of officers and discussion of a new home for the Masons of the state. The following officers were elected:

Grand master, Thomas Morris, Crookston; deputy grand master, Gustaf Widell, Mankato; senior warden, William P. Roberts, Minneapolis; junior warden, E. E. Swan, Stewart; grand treasurer, David W. Knowlton, Minneapolis; grand secretary, Thomas Montgomery, St. Paul; chaplain, A. G. Pankham, Owatonna; senior deacon, L. Frazer, Duluth; junior deacon, Horace W. Meyers, Minneapolis; grand marshal, H. W. Hendrickson, Montevideo; grand standard bearer, William A. Nolan, Grand Meadow; grand sword bearer, Edward H. Foot, Red Wing; senior grand steward, William Masterman, Stillwater; junior grand steward, Charles W. Steitz, Lake Benton; grand pursuivant, E. H. Sherwin, Minticello; grand tyler, Charles J. Kruger, St. Paul.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $1.00 per box; 6 boxes guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.

Social, Musical and Club Circles.

The charity ball given last evening at the large hall of the Masonic Temple was a most delightful affair, and a large number of guests were present. The object of the party is one that appeals to a large number of people and that the Jewish people of the city especially are interested in the family of Russian refugees who are to be brought to the land of liberty was proved by the large attendance. La Brosse played a pleasing program of dance music and some very beautiful gowns were worn. Mrs. I. Freimuth is the originator of the plan of relief and holders of tickets are requested to send their remittance to her as soon as possible. Among those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
A. Freimuth, Victor Kohn,
J. B. Sattler, J. D. Sattler,
Emil Otto, L. Albenburg,
P. H. Levy, M. J. Levy,
H. Y. Josephs, Frank Fleishmann
Gomberg, Brinkman,
Max Shapiro, David Kohn,
A. Gingold, Niles,
Kastriner, Neuman,
I. Lieberman, Joseph Orecovsky,
D. Kenigsberg, J. Orecovsky.

Mesdames—
Lower, L. Oreck,
Harris,

Misses—
Karon, Stella Levy,
Sadie Tolinsky, Rose Krojanker,
Annie Shapiro, Clara Shapiro,
Elsie Silberstein, Hattie Shapiro,
Sadie Rocklin, Bessie Rocklan,
Melvitz, Wyneberg,
Harris, Winstein.

Messrs.—
L. Levy, Julius Seigel,
M. Freimuth, Hirschfield,
H. Butchman, David Lewis,
B. Cook, S. Gittleson,
Louis Zalk, M. Rosenberg,
Harry Glazier, A. Rocklin,
J. Kohn, M. B. Cullum,
Julius Cook, Mendel Silver,
Schwartz, Harry Zein,
Joseph Giddings, C. Shapiro,
O. Fleishman, C. Kilma,
S. Y. Josephs, Winestein,
Hugo Kohn,

Date is Fixed.

The committee of the Women's council has definitely decided upon the date upon which the midwinter breakfast will be held. The affair will take place as in former years at the Spalding hotel and the breakfast will be served at 1 o'clock on Lincoln's birthday, Feb. 12. The luncheon will be of much the same character as the one held in 1904 and called a Head of the Lakes luncheon and which was simply a gathering of the club women for a helpful and social affair. This year in addition to this, the breakfast will be the opening event of the Eighth district federation meeting, which will be held here Feb. 13. The breakfast is the most important of local social club affairs held during the year.

Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

The devotional meeting Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Young Women's Christian association will be in charge of the gymnasium department of the association. A musical program will take the place of the regular devotional afternoon and a program that will be of wide interest has been arranged and any woman of the city interested in the meeting is invited to attend. The program is as follows:

"Oh, Savior, Hear Me"..... ..Gluck
Miss Dora Swan.
"The Home Land" ....Hanscom
Miss Marie Clark.
Violin solo ....
Miss Edith Herington.
Reading.... ....
Mrs. L. W. Kline.
"O, Rest in the Lord".. ..Mendelssohn
Miss Dora Swan.
"Life's Recompense".. ....
....Theresa Del Riego
Miss Allie Piper.

Events of Interest.

The wedding of Miss Eliza Mayhew and George Wilson took place yesterday afternoon at the German Catholic church. The bridal party was entertained at a dinner in the evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Lawrence of 18 Seventh avenue west.

* * *

The Art History class met last evening at the club room of the library and the study of "Romanesque Architecture" was begun. The distinguishing features of the building of the Romans was studied and the high school building of this city was spoken of as a splendid example of the Romanesque style. The class will study Gothic architecture at the meeting next week.

WOMEN ARE ACTIVE.

American Wives of Englishmen Interested in Elections.

Women, and women of American birth, are playing an unusual and most interesting part in the general elections, says a London letter. Indeed, in many hotly contested districts women have been the storm centers of the political whirlwind which is sweeping the Liberals into power.

The two American women who have plunged heart and soul into the election fight are Mrs. Cornwallis-West, who was Miss Jennie Jerome of New York and Mrs. Frederick Guest, who was Miss Amy Phipps, daughter of the millionaire iron master of Pittsburg. The two English-born female workers are Miss Balfour, sister of the defeated ex-premier, and that most feverishly picturesque of peeresses, the countess of Warwick.

In no two cases have the English and American politicians in petticoats been brought into exact opposition, but in the Manchester fight there was a curious clash of interests and influence. Manchester returns five members to parliament and has always been a Conservative (Unionist) stronghold. At the present election Mr. Balfour sought re-election from one district and Winston Churchill sought the people's suffrages in another district.

Helping Mr. Balfour to the best of her ability was his sister, Miss Balfour; but helping Mr. Churchill in his fight was his mother, Mrs. Cornwallis-West. Mr. Churchill proved himself a worker of such activity and weight that early in the fight there were rumors that the Conservatives of Mr. Balfour's district were becoming infected with the Liberal doctrines and wavering in their allegiance. Then came Mrs. Cornwallis-West with the fighting blood of the Jeromes—that same bustling vigor that has made District Attorney Jerome such an interesting personality in New York politics—and the victory was complete.

All Saturday it rained "cats and dogs" in Manchester, but Mrs. Cornwallis-West never faltered in her activity. She was here, there, and everywhere, speaking, persuading, and carrying voters to the polls in her auto, and when it was all over her son had carried the day with a majority of 1,241 votes, while Mr. Balfour's previous majority of 2,453 was turned into defeat by 1,980.

The Hon. Frederick Guest has recently developed an interest in politics and decided to run for a Westminster district. Mrs. Guest at once became his active champion—indeed it is said it was she who induced her husband to run. Certainly the canvass has been conducted with the Phipps' indorsement, and it is also understood that the expenses of the campaign have been met by the Phipps' exchequer, Mrs. Guest's assistance has been personal and active. She has canvassed the voters' district, coddled the voters' children, and one day surprised herself and her friends by making quite a clever little speech to the voters themselves.

Lady Warwick, the "Socialist Countess," has worked like a trooper for the dock laborers' candidate, Will Thorne of East Ham. In beautiful costumes and a radiant smile she has dashed from meeting to meeting in her motor car, calling the men "comrades" and declaring that they were the "makers of the empire." The countess has easily been the joy of the election.

Add to this splendid quartet the throngs of women suffragettes who have actually swamped many meetings and it will be easily understood how largely the sex has increased gayety of the elections.

THE LONDON WAY.

How They Dicker With the Shopkeepers There.

London Tid-Bits: A man observing a hat marked 12 francs thus reasoned to himself:

"The price is marked 12 francs; that means 10; the shopman will offer it for 8. It is not worth more than 6. I don't want to give more than 4, so I'll offer him 2."

This suggested the principles on which trade is carried on. The following is an illustration of the process:

Buyer—What's the price of that hat?
Seller—Twelve francs, sir.
B. (In a tone of astonishment)—Twelve francs? Heavens! what a price!
S.—It's not dear, sir. You couldn't get it as cheap anywhere else in town.
B.—Nonsense! What's the lowest price you'll take for it?
S.—Well, as it's you I'll sell it for 11.
B.—Per Baccho! Why, it's not worth half that.
S.—Well, what will you give for it?
B.—I won't give a centime over 6 francs. (This very decidedly, as if he really meant it.)
S.—Six francs Why, it cost me more than that.
B.—Go along (Tries on the hat, which is very becoming, and continues, in a coaxing tone)—Come, now; let's finish this affair. Name your price.
S.—Well, take it for 10, seizing is as though everything was settled, and hurriedly wrapping it up.
B.—Stop stop I'm not going to give that price. (Makes for the door, as though he also thought the affair ended.)
S.—Stop, sir Tell me now, frankly, the highest price you will give. (This in an encouraging tone, with head on one side and a sweet smile.)
B.—Come, I'll give you 7. (Makes show of pulling out pocketbook, with the air of having made a handsome offer that would be snapped at.
S.—(Now beginning to get excited.) This is more than I can bear We will talk no more about it.
B. (Seeing too much decision in shopman's manner)—Well, come now. How much will you take? I give you 8—there!
S.—No, no, no! I won't sacrifice the hat!

This is the moment for the buyer to rush from the shop, sometimes even getting to the corner of the street, when the excited seller will dash after after him, imploring him to come back and take it for 9½. Then work begins in earnest, and they rise and fall alternately by half-francs, and sometimes fight over the last two sous. When the bargain is completed amid a torrent of words and wild gestures, the conqueror (which is the conqueror?) goes off with his hat, as proud as the victor of a score of battles, to admiring friends, who turn it over and peer at it and examine it critically, praising him for his shrewdness in making such a bargain.

Wrist Bags.

Among dainty things that importers have unpacked from big cases for this season of novelty and caprice are dainty evening wrist bags, which cry "Paris" from every fold of the silk of which they are composed, says the Philadelphia Telegram. They are quaint little brocaded affairs, with jeweled clasps. Each contains a little mirror, a powder puff and a touch of the bloom of youth. Certain twins well known in society carried such bags at a ball last week, and, instead of seeking the seculsion of the dressing rooms to "touch up" a bit these daring women used the aids to beauty when standing in the glare of the lights on the ball-room floor.

WHAT RETAIL MARKETS OFFER.

Strawberries, 80 cents a quart basket.
Rhubarb, 18 cents a lb.
New Potatoes, 10 cents a lb.
Brussel sprouts, 35 cents a quart.
Calf hearts, 10 cents each.
Larded calves' liver, 20 cents a lb.
Calf sweet breads, 50 cents a lb.

Strawberries are in and although they are not quite so plentiful as the crop of most other things there is a great lot to supply the demand. Glance at the price quoted and you will not see that the desire for strawberries will not be very widespread. The berries are brought here from Florida, and it is doubtful if one would know with closed eyes just what one was eating when one's teeth came together on the first January strawberry. Sour grapes? Well possibly. Anyhow, if you want strawberries, you can get them tomorrow for your Sunday dinner.

Or maybe you would rather have rhubarb pie. You can have your choice, and, although along about August or in fact most anytime of the year when one can get anything else, rhubarb is a dish languidly received, if it appears on your Sunday dinner table it will receive a hearty encore, undoubtedly.

New potatoes will also be among the market changes that will coax next week's allowance out of the unwary housewife's purse, but the market has been so much the same that even at prices that are rather prohibitive a change will be so gladly welcomed that probably by tomorrow evening there won't be the wee-est of a new potato left, nor an inch of rhubarb.



THE VENETIAN GOBLETS

By Ralph J. Herkimer.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

As it was dark when I reached Amiens I decided to spend the night at the house of a friend, for I did not dare to imperil the message by riding at night. Already I had been attacked twice since landing at Bologne and I had no mind to fail in the first important trust with which the king, my master, had intrusted me.

I found my friend's house with some little difficulty, being obliged to inquire the way several times from passers by. This was unfortunate, as the event proved, for it gave my enemies a clue to my stopping place. Jean it seemed was absent on a visit, but was expected to return any minute. His father, the Count d'Artels, received me kindly and bade me, as a friend of Jean's, to make myself at home.

The house was very old and the drawing room which was used as a guest chamber had an air of historic association which was increased by the trophies of sport and war that hung on the walls. The windows were of heavy plate glass and were hung with curtains of fine Brussels lace. On the ceiling was a peculiar mosaic tile which was crumbling in places with age. In one corner of the room stood a carved oak cabinet containing a valuable collection of glass articles. Two of these in particular the Count pointed out to me as the pride of his collection. They were of crystal, without other ornament than their natural purity and clearness. He informed me that they were of the celebrated Venetian glass, so delicate that if a poison were poured into one it would crumble to pieces.

Dinner was soon over, and after a chat with my host over our cigars I retired to my room. About half after nine the bell rung and the butler announced a gentleman to see me. I asked to have him shown to my room ,and after an interval he appeared. From the instant he rang I feared for my precious message, and his aspect was not reassuring except in one particular. I make the exception because at first sight it was apparent that he was no match for me in physical strength. He was a thin, pale individual, constantly coughing. His face was ugly and unintelligent and his shifting eyes were dull and expressionless.

In a round about manner, but without displaying any tact, he managed to convey the idea that he wished to purchase my message. He went about it so clumsily that I should have suspected something at once had I possessed any experience, but fool that I was I only wondered that my enemies should have employed such a blockhead. Naturally my first impulse was to throw him bodily from the room; but I reflected that if he could be made to talk I might learn something of value. With this idea in mind I got from my saddlebags a flask of cordial and as there were no other glasses in the room I took from their resting place the two Venetian goblets, and, pouring the wine into them, returned to the end of the room to get a chair.

As I picvked up the chair there was a sharp sound as of a stone dropping. When I returned to the table I noticed that a piece of my glass was broken in a star-shaped form, as though it had been suddenly hit. To put him at his ease and partly to give him a notion of the value of what he had broken I told my visitor of the legend connected with them. As I finished I saw that he was much agitated, drops of perspiration stood on his forehead as he trembled violently. He saw me watching him and tried to cover his confusion by a fit of coughing, but I was thoroughly aroused. Why had the tale so affected him? In a flash I saw it all. Holding a piece of my glass to the light I saw on the side a powder-like substance. I was examining this when my caller took the opportunity to escape. This did not worry me, however, for I had no mind to be delayed in my journey to give evidence before the city magistrate. The powder I knew to be arsenic, with which I had before had experience. It was now quite late and I would have to start early. I retired immediately, and being accustomed to unexpected adventures was soon asleep.

Early the next morning, Jean, who had returned during the night, awakened me. As I related the adventure a look of amazement overspread his countenance and when I had finished he told me that the goblets were merely copies of the famous Venetian glass and that the originals were safely stored in the family vault. This greatly relieved my mind, for I had been worrying over the breakage of an heirloom which could never have been replaced; but why then had the table, Jean pointed to the ceiling. There above us was a crack in the mosaic, and from the debris of broken glass he picked up a little red tile. It had saved my life!

That night I reached Paris in safety and delivered my trust to the king. When I told him of the happening he gave me a beautiful cut glass goblet to present to my friend as a compensation for the loss of the copy of the Venetian goblet.

Goods Sold to Non-Residents on Easy Payment Plan

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Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.

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BETTER THAN EVER PREPARED TO FURNISH YOUR HOME

Our mammoth store, covering over one acre of floor space, is packed from top to bottom with the largest assortment of household furniture shown west of Chicago. Everything required for your home here at prices within the reach of all. If you want to buy for cash we can save you money—if you want credit, we can offer you the most liberal terms.

There are many good reasons why—

you can save money by buying your furniture at Bayha's.

First
We have the largest and best assorted stock in the Northwest. Our mammoth store covers over one acre of floor space.

Second
Every department of this great store is under the personal management of one of the members of the firm—thus a saving of high-price managers.

Third
Our goods are all marked at the lowest possible price, with liberal discount for cash.

Fourth
Our easy terms offered—and then we are willing to suit your convenience.

Fifth
The best of all—after a certain period we give a clear receipt on all goods bought on credit in the event of the wage earner passing away.

Half Price Sale On Lace Curtains



continues all this month. Many rare good values to be picked up at this sale—have to be seen to be appreciated.

Davenports Sofa Beds



Fine showing of rich Davenports and Sofa Beds—many good values—ask to be shown the specials during this sale.

Tapestry Couches



Just three left of those Tapestry Couches going at half price. Don't miss this chance if you are in want of a couch.

CARPETS AND RUGS



Many more good values left in our Carpet department.
2 rolls left of that 90c Ingrain which we will close out at 60c per yard. This is strictly the best value offered.

Book Cases.



Combination Book Case, exactly like cut, made of select quarter-sawed oak, with large size writing table. Book case has adjustable shelves; fancy mirror on top; well worth $20. Sale price

$13.75

Iron Folding Beds



Sanitary all Iron Folding Bed; the best of all, can be made into a child's bed or full size; when closed up can be used as a table—for only $8.39

Specials

Very heavy Iron Bed with brass knobs—full size—with extra good woven wire spring—and washed wool top mattress; a proposition well worth $10; complete for—

$6.78

1 only—genuine mahogany Dressing Table with large size French bevel plate mirror, 4 drawers, handsomely carved; well worth $35.00, for

$17.50

Extra large size Chiffonier, solid oak, nicely polished—with very large French plate beveled mirror, has 4 large drawers, 2 small drawers and hat cupboard; regular price $28.00, for—

$18.75

Extra Heavy Iron Beds with 1½ post—very massive—½-inch fillings combination color of lavender and cream castings ornamented nicely with gilt. Regular price $25.00—for

$12.50

One only—Davenport—covered in the best Verona—solid quarter-sawed oak frame—at exactly half price. Come in and see this.

Corner of Second Avenue West and First Street.

BAYHA & CO.,

Corner of Second Avenue West and First Street.

NEW BOOKS IN PUBLIC LIBRARY

New Reading Provided During the First Half of January.

New books added to the Duluth public library during the first half of December are as follows:

PHILOSOPHY AND RELIGION.
Babcock, M. B., "The Success of Defeat."
Beveridge, "The Young Man and the World."
Delafield, "Mysticism and Its Results."
Epictetus, All the works of
Goldziner, "Mythology Among the Hebrews and Its Historical Development."
Henderson, "Children of Good Fortune."
Margoliouth, "Mohammed and the Rise of Islam."
Mutch, "History of the Bible Arranged for a Text Book."
Wilcox, "A Woman of the World."

SOCIOLOGY AND EDUCATION.
Angell, "The European Concert and the Monroe Doctrine."
Bush "Harvard, the First American University."
Flory, "A Book About Fans."
George, Henry, "The Menace of Privilege."
Meyer, "Government Regulation of Railway Rates."
"National Educational Association Proceedings and Addresses."
"National Educational Association Proceedings of Department of Superintendence."
"National Educational Association Committee on Industrial Education In Schools for Rural Communities Report."
"National Educational Association Committee on Salaries, Tenure and Pensions Report."
"National Educational Association Committee on Taxation as Related to Public Education."
"National Educational Association Year Book and List of Active Members, 1905-1906."
Ogawa, "Scenes from the Chiushingura and the Story of the Forty-seven Ronin."
Ross, "Foundations of Sociology."
Simson, "History of the Gypsies."
Stephen, "State Trials, Political and Social."
United States, "Military Academy, West Point, Centennial."
Van Oss, "American Railroads as Investments."

SCIENCE AND USEFUL ARTS.
Alexander, "The Table and How to Decorate It."
Barry, "Hygiene of the Schoolroom."
Crookes, "The Wheat Problem."
Daring, Hope, "The Furniture People."
Javal, "On Becoming Blind."
Long, "Northern Trails."
Newell, "The Best Surgical Dressing."
Raymond, "Mines and Mining of the Rocky Mountains."
Rogers, "The Tree Book."
Sargent, "Health, Strength and Power."
Seton, "Animal Heroes."
Woolson, "Ferns and How to Grow Them."

FINE ARTS.
Barrett, "English Glees and Part Songs. 1886."
Burgess, "Bizet's Carmen. (Nights at the Opera.)"
Burgess, "Gounod's Faust. (Nights at the Opera.)"
Burgess, "Mozart's Don Giovanni. (Nights at the Opera.)"
Dry, "Wagner's Die Meistersinger. (Nights at the Opera.)"
Dry, "Wagner's Der Ring des Nibelungen. (Nights at the Opera.."
Dry, "Wagner's Lohengrin.
Dry, "Wagner's Tannhausser.'
Dry, "Wagner's Tristan and Isolde."
Hancock, "Amateur Potter and Glass Painter."
Latham, "Renaissance of Music."
"Minnesota State Art Society Report, 1903-1904."
Munsterberg, "Principles of Art Education."
Price, "Essay on the Picturesque as Compared with the Sublime and the Beautiful."
Roosevelt, ""Outdoor Pastimes of an American Hunter."

SPALDING'S ATHLETIC LIBRARY.
Mitchel, "Curling."
Murphy, "College Athletics."
Sullivan, "Spalding's Official Rules."
Giannini, "Rowing."
Elmer, "Boxing."
Orton, "Distance and Cross Country Running."
Murnane, "How to Play Baseball."
Murnane, "How to Umpire."
Murnane, "Jiu Jitsu."
Camp, "How to Play Football."
Fisher, "Official Collegiate Basket Ball."
Duffey, "How to Sprint."
Sturgis, "Interdependence of the Arts of Design."
Worley, "Southwark Cathedral."

LITERATURE.
Beaumarchais, "The Harbor of Seville."
Carpenter, "Christ-child and the Three Ages of Man."
Everett, "The Italian Poets Since Dante."
Heller, "Studies in Modern German Literature."
Herford, "The Fairy God-mother-in-law."
Howe, "From Sunset Ridge."
Jackson, "Year Book."
Lampton, "Yawps and Other Things."
Land, "Helen of Troy."
MacClintock, "Young People and the Poets."
MacGregor, "Christmas Eve at Romney Hall."
Milton, "Sonnets."
Moliere, "The Misanthrope."
More, "P. E. Shelburne Essays."
Ovid, "Metamorphoses in Fifteen Books."
Peele, "The Arraignment of Paris."
Penney, "Ballads of Yankee Land."
Puttenham, "Art of English Poesie, 1589."
Smith, "Conversations."
Spenser, "The Faerie Queene."
"Reynard the Fox."
Woodberry, "The Torch: Eight Lectures on Race Power in Literature."

BIOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.
Baker, Biographical Dictionary of Musicians."
Bell, "Sir Edward Burne-Jones."
Birrell, "Andrew Marwell."
Burnet, "History of the Reign of King James the Second."
Butler, "First French Footprints Beyond the Lakes."
"Commemorative Biographical Record of the Upper Lake Region."
Cook, "Old Provence."
Cox, "Union-Disunion-Reunion;" three decades of federal legislation.
Dalrymple, "Growth of the French Canadian Race in America."
De Leon, "Four Years in Rebel Capitals."
Denby, "China and Her People."
Dittersdorf, "Autobiography."
Gibbons, "Pennsylvania Dutch."
Hanotaux, "Contemporary France."
Hardy, "John Chinaman at Home."
Hill, "Posanello."
Jerome, "My First Book."
Lane, "Toward the Rising Sun."
Laut, "Vikings of the Pacific."
Marshman, "History of India."
Menzies, "Political Women."
Millar, "Historic View of the English Government."
Moore, "Three Aspects of the Late Alfred Lord Tennyson."
Moscheles, "Fragments of an Autobiography."
Nott, "Discourse Occasioned by the Death of Alexander Hamilton."
Rand, McNally, "Indexed Atlas of the World;" new ed., 2 vols., 912.
Rauschniek, "Marschall Vorwarts (Blucher)."
Rawson, "Twenty Famous Naval Battles."
Sipocz, "Carlsbad."
Skipton, "John Hoppner."
Smeaton, "Edinburgh and Its Story."
Smeaton, "Story of Edinburgh."
Smith, "Eskimo Stories."
Stephens, "Artists at Home."
Straus, "United States and Russia."
Villiers, "Port Arthur."
Wilde, "De Profundis."
Winslow, "Literary Boston of Today."

FICTION.
Brewster, "When Mother Was a Little Girl."
Burnett, "Editha's Burglar."
Daskam, "Her Fiancc."
Davis, "The Northerner."
Crockett, "The Cherry Ribband."
Duncan, "The Mother."
Ellis, "Stork's Nest."
Hamlin, "Nan's Chicopee Children."
Richens, "The Black Spaniel."
Kinross, "An Opera and Lady Grasmere."
Lillibridge, "Ben Blair."
Mackie, "The Girl and the Kaiser."
McGrath, "Hearts and Masks."
Matthews, "The Staircase of Surprise."
Nicholson, "House of a Thousand Candles."
Saunders, "Story of the Gravleys."
Smith, "Annancy Stories."
Stoddard, "Long Bridge Boys."
Taber, "Northern Lights and Shadows."
Travis, "The Pang-Yanger."
Bolkmann, "Dreams by a French Fireside."

ATTEMPT TO OUST BRIDGE BUILDERS FROM OHIO.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 19.—Attorney General Wade Ellis brought suit in the circuit court at Bellefontaine, Ohio, to oust fourteen bridge companies alleged to have been members of the bridge pool from their charters, in Ohio.

Attorney General Ellis said he had at first presented the suit in the supreme court, hoping thereby to secure an early decision, but the court declined to permit him to file because it would be necessary to take testimony and this would only be done through a master commissioner. The petition sets up two principal causes of action. The first alleges that on June 2, 1897, thirteen of the companies, excluding the American Bridge company, entered into a contract with each other with regard to all contract work. It is said the agreement is in effect yet; that under it the companies which are parties to it, meet when there is a bridge contract to be let, and form a pool, many or all bidding for the work, but with bids so arranged that the contract must go to one of their number and to him the other members of the pool make concessions, it being agreed that he shall divide with them all the profits he makes on the work.

The second cause of action rests upon the charge that the other companies of the pool have agreed to buy from the American Bridge company all the material they use in their work.

COUNTY 27 YEARS WITHOUT SHERIFF

Officer Dispensed With to Avoid Service in Bond Suit.

Glasgow, Ky., Jan. 19.—The swearing in of Edmond E. Perkins as sheriff of Green county revealed the fact that this is the first sheriff for Green county for over twenty-seven years. The history of this county in regard to this office is interesting.

According to the records W. L. Mudd was the last sheriff of Green county to serve a full term and perform all the duties of the office. He made bond in open county court January, 1878, and served until July 7, 1879, when the county court met in called session and on motion relieved him as sheriff, but at the same time accepted his bond as special collector, since which time no sheriff has qualified until the present year. This peculiar state of affairs was made necessary by the determined opposition to taxation to pay even interest on bonds issued by the county to aid in building the railroad.

Recent rulings by the higher courts relieve the county of that burden of debt, which originally amounted to $250,000, and was swelled to three times that sum by interest.

GANS AND SULLIVAN TO FIGHT FRIDAY NIGHT.

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—Joe Gans and Mike (Twin) Sullivan will fight at Woodward's pavilion tonight. The battle is scheduled for twenty rounds. Both men are in good condition for the fight, which is expected to be a lively one. The betting last night was 10 to 7 in favor of Gans, with the Sullivan money a little stronger than on the night previous. The men will weigh in at 4 o'clock this afternoon and have agreed to weigh 142 pounds.

1/2 OFF

Pay Attention

Here you'll find the biggest Bargain Selling yet attempted by any merchant in the city.

We let you cut the price yourself—there is no juggling with price tags—every tag is marked at the regular price garments have sold for all season—you pay the Salesman just ½ the price marked on the tag—or have the goods charged at half-price—just as you choose.



Your Credit is Good

$12 Silk Skirts	$6.00
18 " "	9.00
6 Walking Skirts	3.00
10 " "	5.00
12 " "	6.00
10 Suits or Coats	5.00
12 " "	6.00
15 " "	7.50
18 " "	9.00
25 " "	12.50
30 " "	15.00
6 Silk Waists	3.00
8 " "	4.00
10 " "	5.00
12 Silk Petticoats	6.00
8 " "	4.00

$4, $3, and $2 Millinery $1

MEN'S AND BOYS' Suits and Overcoats at Greatly Reduced Prices

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO.

201 West Superior Street. Open Monday Evening

CURLERS WERE BUSY FAR INTO THE NIGHT

Ice Was Occupied With the Bonspiel Contests Until 3 A. M.

Events Must be Rushed Owing to Short Time Left.

Owing to the short time left for the bonspiel, every effort is being made to rush the games through with all possible rapidity, and last night the ice at the curling rink was occupied until 3 a. m., an extra draw being put on at 11 o'clock in order to finish up some games that were delaying the different events.

Between fifty and sixty games in all were played yesterday and all of the trophy events are now well advanced. The only cloud in the sky is the weather forecast of rain for tonight. With another day of cold weather the bonspiel could be almost completed.

The Duluth event is the farthest advanced, having reached the semi-finals. Campbell of the Canadian Sault, Hastings, of Minneapolis, Whalen of Fort William and Chisholm of Superior will fight it out for this trophy.

In the Canadian Soo event, play has reached the "eights," and two Duluth rinks are still left in the running. Myron and Stocking both have a chance at this trophy. Hastings of Minneapolis is also in the event, and the other rinks left are Rochon of Winnipeg, Whalen of Fort William, A. K. Smith of Superior, and Cameron of St. Paul. The latter is in the semi-finals, having defeated Pitblado in the "eights."

The St. Paul Jobbers event is in the same stage as the Canadian Soo, having reached the "eights" with one game played in this round, Stocking having defeated Macauley and gone into the semi-finals. The other rinks which are left in this event are the Ron MacLeod rink of Duluth, the Cameron rink of St. Paul, Dunbar of Bowesmount, Lroimer of St. Paul, and Braden and Pitblado of Winnipeg.

The Meyers, International and Flour City events have just been nicely started, and in none of them is the first round quite completed.

The games were run off so rapidly last evening that it was impossible to keep track of them as they were being played. Probably the best game of the evening, and one of the best of the entire bonspiel, was the match between Hastings of Minneapolis and the R. J. MacLeod rink of Duluth in the second round of the Canadian Soo event. The score was tied 9 to 9 at the end of the twelfth end, and Hastings won out in the thirteenth end by one point. The game was bitterly contested throughout, and the two rinks alternated for the lead during the entire thirteen ends.

Following is a summary of the games played yesterday afternoon and evening, including three games in the noon draw which were not completed in time to be published in last evening's paper:

Duluth Curling Club Event.

Third Round—
Whalen 10; A. K. Smith 4.
Campbell 10; Ron Smith 9.

Canadian Soo Event.

Second Round—
Whalen 12; Grace 8.
Myron 16; Dunlop 11.
Hastings 10; Ron Smith 9.
Stocking 13; Reedal 7.
Rochon 8; Jamieson 7.

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

Second Round—
Pitbaldo 13; Reedal 10.
Cameron 16; Fairbairn 12.
Macauley 11; Duncan 9.
Braden 14; Rochon 8.
Dunbar 14; Campbell 9.
Lorimer 14; A. K. Smith 10.
R. J. MacLeod 10; McLean 4.
Mackenzie 14; Macauley 6.
First Round—
R. J. MacLeod 12; Chisholm 0.

J. E. Meyer's Trophy.

Second round—
Bradley, 18; Neil, 11.
FIRST ROUND—
Stocking, 10; Braden, 7.
McLean, 12; Grace, 7.
Chisholm, 11; Lorimer, 10.
Halcrow, 13; McLeod, 5.
Pitblado, 14; Duncan, 11.
A. K. Smith, 19; Dunbar, 9.
Neil, 16; Macauley, 5.
Bradley, 14; Schnarr, 9.
Whalen, 12; Dunlop, 10.
R. J. MacLeod, 14; Gawler, 6.
Cameron, 12; Wall, 10.
Hastings, 13; Myron, 10.
PRELIMINARY ROUND—
Dr. Jamieson, 11; Fullerton, 9.
Wall, 13; Fairbairn, 4.

International Event.

FIRST ROUND—
Reedal, 9; Dunbar, 5.
PRELIMINARY ROUND—
Halcrow, 9; Dunlop, 6.
Bradleq, 11; McGilvray, 8.
Wall, 9; Greene, 5.
MacRae, 11; Cameron, 10.

Flour City Event.

FIRST ROUND—
Grace forfeited to Macrae.
Dunbar, 12; McGilvray, 5.
McLeod, 7; Fullerton, 8.

REITZ FUNERAL IS BEAUTIFUL

Clergy and City Pay St. Peter's Rector Last Tribute.

Both clergy and laity were represented in large numbers at the funeral yesterday of Rev. Lewis Reitz, rector of St. Peter's Episcopal church in the West end, which was held both at the family residence, 325 Forty-second avenue east, and at the church which he was so instrumental in building.

The brief services at the residence about 1 o'clock were conducted by Rev. John V. Alfvegren of Minneapolis, superintendent of the Swedish mission work in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and Rev. Erick Forsberg of Eagle Bend, Minn.

The services at the church began at 2:30 and were conducted in English by Bishop J. D. Morrison and Dr. A. W. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's church, and in Scandinavian by Messrs. Forsberg and Alfvegren. A choir comprising Miss Jane Everington, Cora Hilliard, Stella Hector and Mr. Fisher, sang several numbers, the accompaniments being played by C. E. DeWitt, organist of St. Paul's church. Miss Everington gave a solo and some special Swedish music was in charge of Rev. B. A. Elmquist of St. Paul.

Rev. H. S. Webster was master of ceremonies and among those who came from out of town to attend the funeral were Rev. Messrs. A. Colleen and Wilhelm Bloomquist of Minneapolis, and Rev. Frank Durant of Hibbing.

The beautiful Episcopal service was impressively conducted and the casket was banked high with flowers and elaborate floral designs. It almost hid it from view. A large cross of roses was sent by the Scandinavian clergymen and a special design of pick roses by the English speaking clergy.

The remains were taken to the Forest Hill cemetery vault, where they will remain until spring.

The soothing and comforting effects of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, when applied to piles, sores, cuts, boils, etc, subdues pain almost instantly. Sold by all druggists.

ARE INVESTIGATING ALLEGED BRUTALITY

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—A searching investigation is being made by the United States shipping commission here regarding the alleged brutality of officers of a whaler during a recent voyage to the North Pacific.

The charges were made by Hub Dirkzwager, secretary of the board of trade of Holland, who alleges that his son, who shipped as a sailor on the vessel, was harpooned by the mate, A. S. Hiller of Oakland, and that the crew was starved and beaten by Hiller and Capt. Shorey. The charges were transmitted to Collector Stratton by President Roosevelt and yesterday the hearing was begun. Martin Dirkzwager testified that he had been treated with extreme brutality. The hearing will occupy several days.

ACTORS WILL GET MINIMUM FINES.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Attorney Emanuel Cohen, for the actors arrested for violating the Sunday law, will change the pleas of not guilty to guilty in police court Saturday.

It is rumored about the city hall that an arrangement has been made whereby those arrested will be given the minimum fine of $1 on the plea of guilty.

The maximum fine that can be imposed by the judge is $10. The fact that the policy of the municipal court judges has been never to allow the courts to be used as a club by outsiders to thwart the policy of the administration makes it probable that the fines will be small.

By pleading guilty and paying their fines, the theatrical folk will escape long trials which would interfere with their work. Moreover, it is thought their action will cause the liquor dealers' move to lose much of its force.

CERTAIN OF DEATH.

Woman Provides for Keeping Her Body on Ice.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 19.—Stipulating that her body be "kept on ice long enough to remove all doubts as to whether death has actually taken place and avoid all possibility of being buried alive," the will of Miss Matilda E. Hottenstein, has been admitted to probate here.

RAINBOW POT FOUND.

"Wizard" Woman Said to Have Revealed Treasure Box.

Reynolds, Mo., Jan. 19.—There is a rumor here that people residing on Sinking Creek, some five miles from here, have found several hundred dollars buried in the ground. It has been supposed that money was hidden somewhere in the locality, but no one knew the precise spot. People applied to Mrs. Foetes, the "Wayne county wizard," and she is said to have given directions for the finding of the money. Following the directions given by her it is said a box was found containing a large number of gold and silver coins.

Willette Must Explain.

Judge Ensign has ordered Andrew Willette, a longshoreman residing in the West end to appear before the court and show cause why he should not pay his wife, Grace Willette, temporary alimony and suit money pending trial of her action for a divorce. The action was started on the grounds of extreme cruelty and abuse. Mrs. Willette alleges that she is destitute and claims that Willette earns $5 per day during the navigation season and is able to provide her with the relief asked.

Smart Suits and Overcoats

At Prices You Will Not See Duplicated For a Long Time to Come.

Overcoats that sold at $22.50 and $25.00 are now marked down to..... **$17.75**

$20.00 Overcoats.....$14.75

$15.00 Suits and Overcoats.....$9.75

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

LADIES' Warm House Slippers, per pair— 19c

PHILLIPS' ANNUAL CASH CLEARANCE SALE!

LADIES' Overgaiters, per pair— 11c



Nettleton's Shoes for Gentlemen

$5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 grades at $4.45. Your choice of any Nettleton's Shoe in the store—patents, vici kid, box calf and cordovan; button, lace or blucher styles—all at one price—

$4.45

H. H. Gray's Boots for Ladies

Your choice of all H. H. Gray's Son's, Laird, Schober & Co.'s, Wishart & Gardiner and Dr. Reed's cushion sole ladies' boots—$5.00 and $6.00 grades at $3.95 a pair. Patents, kids and watertight calf for street wear, finest dress boots with Louis, French and Cuban heels, all at one price—

$3.95



$4 Gents' Shoes $3.15.

Patent Colt, Box Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Vici Kid. The hard wear or dress kind. Button, lace or blucher styles—$4.00 grades at, a pair..... **$3.15**

Hockey Skating Shoes.

Men's Hockey Shoes, made in black or tan; $3.50 grades—at..... **$2.85**

Boys' Hockey Shoes, black only; $3 grades.. **$2.48**

Boys' $2.50 box calf Goodyear welt, sensible shapes —all sizes **$1.89**

Boys' Excelsior Calf Bals—good, strong soles— per pair **$1.39**

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

Children's Warm Slippers	19c
Ladies' Warm Slippers	29c
Men's Warm Slippers	39c
Ladies' Carpet Slippers	15c
Children's Shoes, sizes to 10½	59c
Men's German Sox	49c
Men's all solid Work Shoes	$1.49
Little Gents' satin and box calf Shoes	98c
Little Gents' $2.00 box calf vici kid and velour calf	$1.39

$2 Women's Shoes 98c.

Women's $2.50 vici kid heavy sole blucher-cut shoes, all sizes **$1.89**

Misses' $2.50 high-cut box calf Skating Shoes — good, heavy shoes; can be worn without rubbers; sizes 11 to 2— per pair **$1.65**

Misses' $1.50 vici kid and box calf Shoes—patent tip; good, warm, serviceable Shoes; sizes 11 to 2 ..... **$1.19**

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Absence does not always make the heart grow fonder.

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Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

KENNEDY GOES TO STILLWATER

Gets Stiffer Sentence Than Bellock Who Pleaded Guilty.

George Kennedy, who was indicted with George Bellock for grand larceny in the second degree and who was convicted of the charge, was sentenced by Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon to the state penitentiary at Stillwater on the reformatory plan. Bellock, who pleaded guilty to the indictment, was sent to the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Kennedy and Bellock are the who assaulted and robbed Joseph Altman, a Bowery merchant, the evening of Nov. 18 last. In changing his old clothing for some that he stole from Altman, Bellock forgot to remove from the pockets a letter from his mother. Using this letter as a clue the police were not long in locating him and causing his arrest. He was brought back from Chicago. Kennedy was arrested and identified by Altman as one of his assailants before he could get away from the city.

Esau Wittsarri, who was convicted of assault in the second degree was sentenced to the state reformatory.

EPISCOPALIANS TO MEET.

Deanery of Duluth to Convene at St. Alban's, Superior.

The deanery of Duluth, Episcopal church, will hold its Epiphany meeting at St. Alban's church, Cumming avenue and Fourteenth street, Superior, Jan. 22 and 23. The session will open Monday evening, Jan. 22 with a choral evensong and sermon, which will be preached by Rev. Frank Durant.

Following is the program for Tuesday:

At 10 a. m., Holy communion and sermon; preacher, Rev. H. E. Webster. 11 a. m., address, "How to Make the Sunday School Popular," Rev. R. J. Mooney. 2:30 p. m., for the clergy alone, a discussion of the modern novel; speakers, Rev. E. S. Murphy, Grand Rapids; Rev. E. M. Smith, Tower. 7:30 p. m., prayer and praise services, with addresses as follows: "Short Journeys to Hawaii," Rev. H. S. Webster; "Short Journeys to Porto Rico," Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh; "Short Journeys to Brazil," Rev. A. W. Ryan, D. D.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema, or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WISCONSIN FIRM ON FOOTBALL STAND.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 19.—At a special meeting the University of Wisconsin faculty declined to recede from the stand it has taken on the football situation and Prof. Turner left for Chicago to attend the conference college meeting Saturday. The decision of the faculty to refuse to recede from its position was unanimous after hearing arguments by members of a student committee and receiving a petition signed by a few hundred students.

The petition requested President Van Hise to allow the student committee an opportunity to protest and expressed a desire on the part of the students to co-operate with the faculty in an effort to eliminate the undesirable elements in the intercollegiate athletics and also to preserve football as one of the college and intercollegiate sports.

The faculty's answer is found in the following resolutions: "Resolved, that the faculty expresses its appreciation of the offer of the students to co-operate in sustaining the honor of the university; that whether suspension or regulation of intercollegiate football be ultimately determined upon, the faculty expects the students support for purity in athletics which has been pledged by the student committee. And be it further

"Resolved, that the faculty declines to modify the instructions of its delegate to the intercollegiate conference."

CLERGYMEN THINK THE PRINTERS MADE MISTAKE

New York, Jan. 19.—In response to an appeal from Typographical union No. 6, about twenty clergymen of the Methodist Episcopal church yesterday met a committee from the striking printers of the Methodist book concern and heard their grievances.

The men contended that the eight hour day for which they struck is a just demand and declared they had been locked out by the book concern because they were struggling to better their condition.

Rev. Dr. D. C. Cook spoke for the clergymen. He said the Methodist Book concern had advanced the wages of its printers a year ago and had always been considered a closed shop until the recent strike. He declared that some of the men who struck had been employed by the concern for nearly fifty years. He also asserted that the Methodist Book concern should not be treated as a commercial institution as it was not conducted for gain. He thought the printers had made a mistake in going on strike.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations: Elmer E. McJimsey, consul general at Callao, Peru; Julius S. Starr, surveyor of customs, Port of Peoria, Ill. Postmasters: Wisconsin—Christian D. Dick, Manawa; William Milhaupt, New Holstein; Cyrus D. Emery, St. Croix Falls; Erick C. Brattlie, Wesby.

1/2 OFF

Pay Attention

Here you'll find the biggest Bargain Selling yet attempted by any merchant in the city.

We let you cut the price yourself—there is no juggling with price tags—every tag is marked at the regular price garments have sold for all season—you pay the Salesman just ½ the price marked on the tag—or have the goods charged at half-price—just as you choose.



Your Credit is Good

$12 Silk Skirts	$6.00
18 " "	9.00
6 Walking Skirts	3.00
10 " "	5.00
12 " "	6.00
10 Suits or Coats	5.00
12 " "	6.00
15 " "	7.50
18 " "	9.00
25 " "	12.50
30 " "	15.00
6 Silk Waists	3.00
8 " "	4.00
10 " "	5.00
12 Silk Petticoats	6.00
8 " "	4.00

$4, $3, and $2 Millinery $1

MEN'S AND BOYS' Suits and Overcoats at Greatly Reduced Prices

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO.

201 West Superior Street. Open Monday Evening

CURLERS WERE BUSY FAR INTO THE NIGHT

Ice Was Occupied With the Bonspiel Contests Until 3 A. M.

Events Must be Rushed Owing to Short Time Left.

Owing to the short time left for the bonspiel, every effort is being made to rush the games through with all possible rapidity, and last night the ice at the curling rink was occupied until 3 a. m., an extra draw being put on at 11 o'clock in order to finish up some games that were delaying the different events.

Between fifty and sixty games in all were played yesterday and all of the trophy events are now well advanced. The only cloud in the sky is the weather forecast of rain for tonight. With another day of cold weather the bonspiel could be almost completed.

The Duluth event is the farthest advanced, having reached the semi-finals. Campbell of the Canadian Sault, Hastings, of Minneapolis, Whalen of Fort William and Chisholm of Superior will fight it out for this trophy.

In the Canadian Soo event, play has reached the "eights," and two Duluth rinks are still left in the running. Myron and Stocking both have a chance at this trophy. Hastings of Minneapolis is also in the event, and the other rinks left are Rochon of Winnipeg, Whalen of Fort William, A. K. Smith of Superior, and Cameron of St. Paul. The latter is in the semi-finals, having defeated Pitblado in the "eights."

The St. Paul Jobbers event is in the same stage as the Canadian Soo, having reached the "eights" with one game played in this round, Stocking having defeated Macauley and gone into the semi-finals. The other rinks which are left in this event are the Ron MacLeod rink of Duluth, the Cameron rink of St. Paul, Dunbar of Bowesmount, Lorimer of St. Paul, and Braden and Pitblado of Winnipeg.

The Meyers, International and Flour City events have just been nicely started, and in none of them is the first round quite completed.

The games were run off so rapidly last evening that it was impossible to keep track of them as they were being played. Probably the best game of the evening, and one of the best of the entire bonspiel, was the match between Hastings of Minneapolis and the R. J. MacLeod rink of Duluth in the second round of the Canadian Soo event. The score was tied 9 to 9 at the end of the twelfth end, and Hastings won out in the thirteenth end by one point. The game was bitterly contested throughout, and the two rinks alternated for the lead during the entire thirteen ends.

Following is a summary of the games played yesterday afternoon and evening, including three games in the noon draw which were not completed in time to be published in last evening's paper:

Duluth Curling Club Event.

Third Round—
Whalen 10; A. K. Smith 4.
Campbell 10; Ron Smith 9.

Canadian Soo Event.

Second Round—
Whalen 12; Grace 8.
Myron 16; Dunlop 11.
Hastings 10; Ron Smith 9.
Stocking 13; Reedal 7.
Rochon 8; Jamieson 7.

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

Second Round—
Pitbaldo 13; Reedal 10.
Cameron 16; Fairbairn 12.
Macaulley 11; Duncan 9.
Braden 14; Rochon 8.
Dunbar 14; Campbell 9.
Lorimer 14; A. K. Smith 10.
R. J. MacLeod 10; McLean 4.
Mackenzie 14; Macauley 6.
First Round—
R. J. MacLeod 12; Chisholm 0.

J. E. Meyer's Trophy.

Second round—
Bradley, 18; Nell, 11.
FIRST ROUND—
Stocking, 10; Braden, 7.
McLean, 12; Grace, 7.
Chisholm, 11; Lorimer, 10.
Halcrow, 13; McLeod, 5.
Pitbindo, 14; Duncan, 11.
A. K. Smith, 19; Dunbar, 9.
Nell, 15; Macauley, 5.
Bradley, 14; Schnarr, 9.
Whalen, 12; Dunlop, 10.
R. J. MacLeod, 14; Gawler, 6.
Cameron, 12; Wall, 10.
Hastings, 13; Myron, 10.
PRELIMINARY ROUND—
Dr. Jamieson, 11; Fullerton, 9.
Wall, 13; Fairbairn, 4.

International Event.

FIRST ROUND—
Reedal, 9; Dunbar, 5.
PRELIMINARY ROUND—
Halcrow, 9; Dunlop, 6.
Bradley, 11; McGilvray, 8.
Wall, 9; Greene, 5.
MacRae, 11; Cameron, 10.

Flour City Event.

FIRST ROUND—
Grace forfeited to Macrae.
Dunbar, 12; McGilvray, 5.
McLeod, 7; Fullerton, 8.

REITZ FUNERAL IS BEAUTIFUL

Clergy and City Pay St. Peter's Rector Last Tribute.

Both clergy and laity were represented in large numbers at the funeral yesterday of Rev. Lewis Reitz, rector of St. Peter's Episcopal church in the West end, which was held both at the family residence, 325 Forty-second avenue east, and at the church which he was so instrumental in building.

The brief services at the residence about 1 o'clock were conducted by Rev. John V. Alfvegren of Minneapolis, superintendent of the Swedish mission work in Minnesota and the Dakotas, and Rev. Erick Forsberg of Eagle Bend, Minn.

The services at the church began at 2:30 and were conducted in English by Bishop J. D. Morrison and Dr. A. W. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's church, and in Scandinavian by Messrs. Forsberg and Alfvegren. A choir comprising Miss Jane Everington, Cora Hilliard, Stella Hector and Mr. Fisher, sang several numbers, the accompaniments being played by C. E. DeWitt, organist of St. Paul's church. Miss Everington gave a solo and some special Swedish music was in charge of Rev. E. A. Elmquist of St. Paul.

Rev. H. S. Webster was master of ceremonies and among those who came from out of town to attend the funeral were Rev. Messrs. A. Colleen and Wilhelm Bloomquist of Minneapolis, and Rev. Frank Durant of Hibbing.

The beautiful Episcopal service was impressively conducted and the casket was banked high with flowers and elaborate floral designs. It almost hid it from view. A large cross of roses was sent by the Scandinavian clergymen and a special design of pick roses by the English speaking clergy.

The remains were taken to the Forest Hill cemetery vault, where they will remain until spring.

The soothing and comforting effects of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, when applied to piles, sores, cuts, boils, etc, subdues pain almost instantly. Sold by all druggists.

ARE INVESTIGATING ALLEGED BRUTALITY

San Francisco, Jan. 19.—A searching investigation is being made by the United States shipping commission here regarding the alleged brutality of officers of a whaler during a recent voyage to the North Pacific.

The charges were made by Hub Dirkzwager, secretary of the board of trade of Holland, who alleges that his son, who shipped as a sailor on the vessel, was harpooned by the mate, A. S. Hiller of Oakland, and that the crew was starved and beaten by Hiller and Capt. Shorey. The charges were transmitted to Collector Stratton by President Roosevelt and yesterday the hearing was begun. Martin Dirkzwager testified that he had been treated with extreme brutality. The hearing will occupy several days.

ACTORS WILL GET MINIMUM FINES.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Attorney Emanuel Cohen, for the actors arrested for violating the Sunday law, will change the pleas of not guilty to guilty in police court Saturday.

It is rumored about the city hall that an arrangement has been made whereby those arrested will be given the minimum fine of $1 on the plea of guilty.

The maximum fine that can be imposed by the judge is $10. The fact that the policy of the municipal court judges has been never to allow the courts to be used as a club by outsiders to thwart the policy of the administration makes it probable that the fines will be small.

By pleading guilty and paying their fines, the theatrical folk will escape long trials which would interfere with their work. Moreover, it is thought their action will cause the liquor dealers' move to lose much of its force.

CERTAIN OF DEATH.

Woman Provides for Keeping Her Body on Ice.

Reading, Pa., Jan. 19.—Stipulating that her body be "kept on ice long enough to remove all doubts as to whether death has actually taken place and avoid all possibility of being buried alive," the will of Miss Matilda E. Hottenstein, has been admitted to probate here.

RAINBOW POT FOUND.

"Wizard" Woman Said to Have Revealed Treasure Box.

Reynolds, Mo., Jan. 19.—There is a rumor here that people residing on Sinking Creek, some five miles from here, have found several hundred dollars buried in the ground. It has been supposed that money was hidden somewhere in the locality, but no one knew the precise spot. People applied to Mrs. Foetes, the "Wayne county wizard," and she is said to have given directions for the finding of the money. Following the directions given by her it is said a box was found containing a large number of gold and silver coins.

Willette Must Explain.

Judge Ensign has ordered Andrew Willette, a longshoreman residing in the West end to appear before the court and show cause why he should not pay his wife, Grace Willette, temporary alimony and suit money pending trial of her action for a divorce. The action was started on the grounds of extreme cruelty and abuse. Mrs. Willette alleges that she is destitute and claims that Willette earns $5 per day during the navigation season and is able to provide her with the relief asked.

Smart Suits and Overcoats

At Prices You Will Not See Duplicated For a Long Time to Come.

Overcoats that sold at $22.50 and $25.00 are now marked down to..... **$17.75**

$20.00 Overcoats.....$14.75

$15.00 Suits and Overcoats.....$9.75

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

LADIES' Warm House Slippers, per pair— 19c

PHILLIPS' ANNUAL CASH CLEARANCE SALE!

LADIES' Overgaiters, per pair— 11c



Nettleton's Shoes for Gentlemen

$5.00, $6.00 and $7.00 grades at $4.45. Your choice of any Nettleton's Shoe in the store—patents, vici kid, box calf and cordovan; button, lace or blucher styles—all at one price—

$4.45

H. H. Gray's Boots for Ladies

Your choice of all H. H. Gray's Son's, Laird, Schober & Co.'s, Wishart & Gardiner and Dr. Reed's cushion sole ladies' boots—$5.00 and $6.00 grades at $3.95 a pair. Patents, kids and watertight calf for street wear, finest dress boots with Louis, French and Cuban heels, all at one price—

$3.95



$4 Gents' Shoes $3.15.

Patent Colt, Box Calf, Gun Metal Calf and Vici Kid. The hard wear or dress kind. Button, lace or blucher styles—$4.00 grades at, a pair..... **$3.15**

Hockey Skating Shoes.

Men's Hockey Shoes, made in black or tan; $3.50 grades—at..... **$2.85**

Boys' Hockey Shoes, black only; $3 grades.. **$2.48**

Boys' $2.50 box calf Goodyear welt, sensible shapes —all sizes..... **$1.89**

Boys' Excelsior Calf Bals—good, strong soles— per pair..... **$1.39**

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

Children's Warm Slippers 19c
Ladies' Warm Slippers 29c
Men's Warm Slippers 39c
Ladies' Carpet Slippers 15c
Children's Shoes, sizes to 10½...59c
Men's German Sox 49c
Men's all solid Work Shoes $1.49

Little Gents' satin and box calf Shoes **98c**

Little Gents' $2.00 box calf vici kid and velour calf.... **$1.39**

$2 Women's Shoes 98c.

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An affidavit and petition have been filed by Hill's attorneys, setting forth that there is no such person as a clerk of court in Finland, and the judicial officers there refuse to authenticate affidavits of persons making personal service in divorce proceedings instituted in the United States. Because of this situation the attorneys claim they are unable to make personal service on Sanna Hill, and ask permission to publish the summons.

Beats the Music Cure.

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

KENNEDY GOES TO STILLWATER

Gets Stiffer Sentence Than Bellock Who Pleaded Guilty.

George Kennedy, who was indicted with George Bellock for grand larceny in the second degree and who was convicted of the charge, was sentenced by Judge Ensign yesterday afternoon to the state penitentiary at Stillwater on the reformatory plan. Bellock, who pleaded guilty to the indictment, was sent to the state reformatory at St. Cloud. Kennedy and Bellock are the men who assaulted and robbed Joseph Altman, a Bowery merchant, the evening of Nov. 18 last. In changing his old clothing for some that he stole from Altman, Bellock forgot to remove from the pockets a letter from his mother. Using this letter as a clue the police were not long in locating him and causing his arrest. He was brought back from Chicago. Kennedy was arrested and identified by Altman as one of his assailants before he could get away from the city.

Esau Wittsarri, who was convicted of assault in the second degree was sentenced to the state reformatory.

EPISCOPALIANS TO MEET.

Deanery of Duluth to Convene at St. Alban's, Superior.

The deanery of Duluth, Episcopal church, will hold its Epiphany meeting at St. Alban's church, Cumming avenue and Fourteenth street, Superior, Jan. 22 and 23. The session will open Monday evening, Jan. 22 with a choral evensong and sermon, which will be preached by Rev. Frank Durant.

Following is the program for Tuesday:

At 10 a. m., Holy communion and sermon; preacher, Rev. H. E. Webster. 11 a. m., address, "How to Make the Sunday School Popular," Rev. R. J. Mooney. 2:30 p. m., for the clergy alone, a discussion of the modern novel; speakers, Rev. E. S. Murphy, Grand Rapids; Rev. E. M. Smith, Tower. 7:30 p. m., prayer and praise services, with addresses as follows: "Short Journeys to Hawaii," Rev. H. S. Webster; "Short Journeys to Porto Rico," Rev. F. C. Coolbaugh; "Short Journeys to Brazil," Rev. A. W. Ryan, D. D.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema, or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

WISCONSIN FIRM ON FOOTBALL STAND.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 19.—At a special meeting the University of Wisconsin faculty declined to recede from the stand it has taken on the football situation and Prof. Turner left for Chicago to attend the conference college meeting Saturday. The decision of the faculty to refuse to recede from its position was unanimous after hearing arguments by members of a student committee and receiving a petition signed by a few hundred students.

The petition requested President Van Hise to allow the student committee an opportunity to protest and expressed a desire on the part of the students to co-operate with the faculty in an effort to eliminate the undersirable elements in the intercollegiate athletics and also to preserve football as one of the college and intercollegiate sports.

The faculty's answer is found in the following resolutions: "Resolved, that the faculty expresses its appreciation of the offer of the students to co-operate in sustaining the honor of the university; that whether suspension or regulation of intercollegiate football be ultimately determined upon, the faculty expects the students support for purity in athletics which has been pledged by the student committee. And be it further

"Resolved, that the faculty declines to modify the instructions of its delegate to the intercollegiate conference."

CLERGYMEN THINK THE PRINTERS MADE MISTAKE

New York, Jan. 19.—In response to an appeal from Typographical union No. 6, about twenty clergymen of the Methodist Episcopal church yesterday met a committee from the striking printers of the Methodist book concern and heard their grievances.

The men contended that the eight hour day for which they struck is a just demand and declared they had been locked out by the book concern because they were struggling to better their condition.

Rev. Dr. D. C. Cook spoke for the clergymen. He said the Methodist Book concern had advanced the wages of its printers a year ago and had always been considered a closed shop until the recent strike. He declared that some of the men who struck had been employed by the concern for nearly fifty years. He also asserted that the Methodist Book concern should not be treated as a commercial institution as it was not conducted for gain. He thought the printers had made a mistake in going on strike.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

Washington, Jan. 19.—The senate, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations: Elmer E. McJimsey, consul general at Callao, Peru; Julius S. Starr, surveyor of customs, Port of Peoria, Ill. Postmasters: Wisconsin—Christian D. Dick, Manawa; William Milhaupt, New Holstein; Cyrus D. Emery, St. Croix Falls; Erick C. Brattle, Wesby.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

EVERYTHING SACRIFICED
—AT—
KROJANKER'S
BANKRUPT SALE!

Since the sale began Wednesday morning hundreds of thrifty shoppers have taken advantage of the grand bargains offered in fine furs, fur coats, fur-lined coats, men's fur gloves and caps, cloth coats, dresses, suits, skirts, waists, silk and cotton under-skirts, muslin and flannel underwear, fine millinery and millinery trimmings. We call special attention to the wonderful bargains offered in

MUFFS
From 35c Up

and in an exceptionally fine line of ladies' vests and sweaters, which will be closed out regardless of cost. Tremendous values in large-sized baby carriage robes—a large and splendid assortment. Don't miss this opportunity—the greatest ever presented in Duluth.

20 W. Superior St

A Large Force of Salespeople Assures Good Service to All.

It will pay to buy your needs for the year during this sale.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Four Men Overcome by Deadly Gases at the Tamarack Mine.

Calumet—Four men were overcome Thursday by the deadly gases arising from the mouth of No. 1 shaft of the burning Tamarack mine. They were engaged in packing earth over the opening to cut off the air from the flames underground. Physicians were summoned and the men resuscitated after some difficulty. Forces are now engaged in making Nos. 1, 2 and 5 shafts airtight. The company has put fifty men from these workings in No. 3 shaft. This section is not connected with the burning portion of the mine. It has two cages now hoisting rock, but another cage used for supplies and men will be altered to hoist rock. Many men employed about the surface of the burning property have been laid off temporarily. Thomas Mastin, chief mining captain who was overcome while leading a searching party, left the hospital Thursday for the first time.

Crystal Falls—Postmaster Ball of Crystal Falls says that he had the biggest skirmishing after postoffice boxes this quarter that has occurred since he has been in charge of the office. There are so many new arrivals who desire boxes that he is about fifty behind and whenever a box is surrendered there is a contest for it.

Escanaba—The sawmill of the J. W. Wells Lumber company at Wells, near Escanaba, has started its new season's work. Since the plant closed down on Oct. 27 the crew of men has been at work overhauling the various departments and preparing for a smooth run this year. A new lath mill has been put in, a new gang edger installed and a new iron lathe set up. The plant has also been otherwise improved.

St. Ignace—There is a proposition on foot at St. Ignace to abolish the board of public works. The charter provides that at any time after the board of public works has been established and in operation two years, the question to abolish it may be submitted to a vote of the people by the city council at the regular charter election of the city, upon a petition therefor by at least one hundred voting taxpayers. Petitions for this purpose have been prepared and are now being circulated. In case the voters decide to abolish the board, the municipal plant will come under the supervision of the city council.

Sault Ste. Marie—Prospects of the sale of the Arnold brewery at the Soo are daily growing and it looks as though the sale would be consummated before spring. S. Wiharz of Cheboygan, has been in the city recently looking over the plant and conferring with the trustee. Mr. Wilhartz is a practical brewery man and if he succeeds in getting the brewery it will be conducted by a private company. He was accompanied by G. A. Muelle of Detroit. The latter is an architect and is engaged in appraising the monetary value of the plant. Mr. Mueller drew the original plans for the construction of the buildings for the Vliter people.

DISPUTE OF HEIRS

Stops Cremation of the Body of a Milwaukee Woman.

Milwaukee, Jan. 19.—Several hours before the body of Mrs. Sarah Judd was to have been cremated at Forest Home cemetery, the health department issued an order instructing the undertaker, Charles L. Truesdell, to hold the body at his undertaking rooms, and under no circumstances to allow it to leave his possession until further orders.

The order is the result of a dispute among the children of the dead woman over her property, and was issued at the request of the contestants, who claimed that if the body was cremated before they could have a post-mortem examination held, all evidence on their side would be destroyed forever.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

BEAUTIFUL FLOWERS!

We are now showing the finest stock of Plants and Cut Flowers ever seen in this city. If you are not one of our customers you don't know what you are missing. Come in and see us tomorrow, even if you don't need anything.

American Beauties, $3, $4, $6, $10 and $12 doz.

Tea Roses, Brides, Bridesmaids, Liberty, Chotney, Sunrise, Pearls and Uncle John, $1.50 to $5 doz.

Fancy Carnations, 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 doz.

Home Grown Violets, - - - 50c bunch

Potted Tulips, Hyacinths, Daffodils, Cyclamen, Primroses, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1 each.

Seekins & LeBorious
109 West Superior Street.

COLOR LINE IN KANSAS

Segregation Movement Said to be Sweeping the State.

Separate Schools for White and Negro Pupils Provided.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 19.—Kansas, which has spent much blood and treasure in maintaing the equality of the negro before the law, is about to draw the color line.

The recent decision of the Kansas supreme court sustaining the validity of a special act of the legislature authorizing the board of education to maintain separate schools for white and negro children at Kansas City, Kan., has greatly disturbed negro leaders, and they are now fearful of a general movement over the state to segregate the races.

Their alarm is not without cause, either, as plans for the establishment of separate schools have already been made in two other Kansas cities.

Several months ago the board of education at Coffeyville provided for separate schools for white and negro pupils. The schools in which negro pupils at Coffeyville are being taught are presided over by negro teachers.

A case is now pending in the supreme court which will test the validity of the action taken by the Coffeyville board. A negro pupil, who had been denied admission to a school set aside for whites, has brought mandamus proceedings to compel the board to rescind its orders.

The Coffeyville case is identical with the cases from Kansas City just decided by the supreme court with one exception. The Kansas City board was authorized to separate the races by a special act of the legislature providing that separate high schools may be maintained in cities of 50,000 or more population.

The Coffeyville board took action solely on its authority to regulate and control the schools and without special legislative authority.

Kansas City, Kan., is the only city in the state with 50,000 inhabitants and is, therefore, the only city affected by the special law enacted last winter. The passage of the special law has spread, the sentiment of segregation, however, and it is now rife in every town where there is any considerable negro population.

The board of education at Wichita only a few days ago passed a resolution declaring in favor of separating the races in the schools. The action has proved popular with the white people of Wichita, but the negroes are protesting desperately and promise to fight the plan in the courts.

They are loudly declaiming against what they contend is an adoption of South Carolina principles in Kansas, the state of John Brown, long regarded as the Mecca of the negro and the first state in the Union to elect a negro to a state office.

The negro leaders find little to comfort them in the decision of the supreme court, however, and if it should be held that the board of education in cities of the first class is without authority to separate the races in the schools without special action on the part of the legislature, half of the first class cities in the state will be before the legislature at the next session asking the passage of bills similar to the one passed last winter for the relief of Kansas City.

There has been a great deal of trouble with the negroes in the first sections of the state during the past two or three years and there has naturally been a revulsion of sentiment.

While the supreme court was very guarded in its expressions, the decision is sufficiently plain to make it certain that the validity of other bills providing for separate schools in other cities would be sustained if brought before the court.

The opinion in the Kansas City case was written by Judge Green, the ranking associate justice of the court. The striking feature of the opinion is the fact that it no where seems to recognize the existence of a race question, the decision being based wholly on the right of the legislature to regulate a high school by either general or special law.

The word "negro" is not to be found in the opinion.

A meeting of the prominent negroes of the state is to be called within a few weeks to consider the situation and agree on a concerted plan to combat further spread of the sentiment in favor of separate schools.

When Senator James K. Getty of Wyandotte county introduced the separate school bill in the state senate last winter, few persons thought he would be able to get it through, as it was so entirely foreign to the general idea of the spirit of Kansas.

Senator Getty had not gone into the matter without due consideration and preparation, however, and the decision of the supreme court sustaining the validity of the bill he drew vindicates his judgment. When the bill came up in the senate he introduced a petition in support of the bill bearing the signatures of 20,000 white citizens of Kansas City. The bill was passed through the senate by a close vote after the hottest kind of a legislative fight.

In the house the bill did not have such easy sledding, and its passage was for a time in serious doubt, owing to the disposition of Representative E. K. Robinett, also of Wyandotte county, and one of the sponsors of the measure, to crow too soon.

One day, while things were moving quietly in the house, and the members were apparently taking little interest, Robinett succeeded in getting the separate school bill, then unconsidered in committee of the whole, included in an omnibus of local bills and passed.

The members did not know its nature, and considered it of no general interest or importance.

Robinett was so elated at getting the bill through without trouble that he circled around through the lobby laughingly boasting of the clever manner in which he had pulled the wool over the eyes of his colleagues.

His boasting started a rumpus, and a reconsideration of the vote was moved and carried. It was several days before Robinett could get the bill up again, and then it received only 61 votes, or one more than a constitutional majority.

The negroes of the state were confident that Governor Hoch would veto the bill, and sent delegations from all the cities of the state to Topeka to petition him to do so. But the governor refused their request, and, with his signature, made the bill a law.

With his approval, however, he sent a special message to the legislature in which he declared his opposition to what the negroes had termed "Jim Crow" legislation.

He justified his approval of the special bill by explaining the trouble that had occurred at Kansas City between white and negro high school pupils, stating that he believed the separation of the races to be in the interest of the negro rather than the while children.

But his explanation did not satisfy the negroes and he now is opposed by practically every negro leader in the state.

A GAURANTEED CURE FOR PILES
Etching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles Druggists are authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Harmony Hall, Lester Park.
For rent to sleigh ride parties, five dollars private dancing parties, seven dollars including the use of the piano. Zenith 'phone 6035.

MYSTERY IS STILL DEEP

Bluebeard's Store, Unopened for Years, Not Yet Unlocked.

Last Time Spoken To, He Betrayed Personal Sensitiveness.

Columbia, Mo., Jan. 19.—Dr. James F. French, otherwise and more familiarly known as "Blue French," "Blue Beard" and "The Boone County Blue Man," is dead. He left a remarkable record for eccentricity of character and a locked store, about which mystery still clings like a veil, and which no one has yet dared to open.

"Blue French," as he was best known, died suddenly in Ashland. How he died no one can tell. Four or five dogs were his sole companions at the time. These dogs had for many months been the sole companions of the strange man, and had slept and ate with him in a small dark room, over his store, at Ashland, Mo., a village ten miles east of Columbia. The evening before his death, "Blue French" is reported to have been in unusually low spirits. He remarked to a friend:

"As I came down the street a while ago, a child shrank back at the sight of me and cried to his mother, clutching her skirts, 'Run, mamma, run! There comes Blue Beard.'"

French was not usually sensitive about his appearance, and as he turned away it was remarked "Old Blue seems to have the blues tonight, at which there was a laugh. There is no reason, however, to indicate suicide. Dr. French retired at his usual hour, after calling his dogs, as was his custom.

At 10 o'clock the following morning Dr. John French, his brother, a physician at Ashland, knocked at his door. On receiving no response, entered and found his brother lying dead upon his bed. There was no evidence of a struggle or suicide, and there was no way to account for his sudden demise except heart failure. The following day the body was shipped to Columbia and interred in the city cemetery.

The eccentricity of "Blue French" always developed itself in a manner entirely unique, and at times almost startling, though his actual sanity was never questioned. That there was no cause for his latter action many wily traders and speculators who attempted to get the best of him can ruefully testify. In all business matters he was shrewd and alert, though his methods were extraordinary.

During the Civil war he made a small fortune selling socks and sugar. He purchased homespun, woolen socks from Boone county housewives at 30 cents a pair and sold them at $1 a pair to Union soldiers, to whom such footwear was a blessing.

He purchased and sold sugar during the war at equally remunerative prices. Later he became interested in the horse business and manifested his originality in his assertion that he judged the value of a horse entirely by the manner in which it carried its tail.

Later he took up ginseng, which proved not only more profitable than any of his previous commercial ventures, but his ruling passion until death. Some say that he was the most successful ginseng speculator in this section. It was with him a study, a passion and the joy of his life. He not only bought and sold ginseng, but gathered it from the woods. Children gathering wild flowers on the hills about Ashland have screamed and ran helter-skelter when they saw the little, stoop-shouldered doctor with indigo face, beard and hair creeping with low-bent head over hill and dale, searching with the eye of a hawk for the commercially valuable plant.

"Blue Beard! Blue Beard!" was the cry, and away they ran, while the harmless object of their dread went on calmly in his search.

How French became blue brings out the fact that his father was in some respects as eccentric as himself. The father was Dr. William French, who boasted that he was a "Virginian of the old school." That he came of aristocratic blood is believed by all who knew him during the many years of his practice in Columbia.

"He was a proud man," said a Columbia lawyer who knew the elder French forty years ago. "As cold as ice, but always courteous, and absolutely honest in his dealings, which may also be said of 'Blue French,' his son. Both attained a reputation for personal integrity. Old Dr. French, however, had one great hobby—the use of mercury—which he claimed was the greatest of all remedies for bodily ills.

"Old Dr. French, with his wife three sons and one daughter, lived in a comfortable residence in North Columbia. They had few callers, owing to their marked reserve. One night, however, on hearing that James French, who has just died, was critically ill, I went with a friend to sit up with him. We found him with a high fever, which confined him to his bed for several weeks, and when he appeared on the streets again he was as blue as indigo. As he grew older the color became even more pronounced, finally affecting his beard and hair so that the name of 'Blue Beard' had a literal foundation."

"Blue Beard" was a money maker from early youth, and after clearing a neat sum from his socks and sugar speculation, and tiring of horses and mules, he went to Ashland, where he established a general merchandise store, where he made specialties of watermelon, suspenders and pulpits.

The contents of his store have always been a mystery. For ten years he has kept the doors locked, allowing no one, not even his customers to enter. When a prospective purchaser appeared in front of the store, French would go out to him, inquire what he desired, and if he had it, would return to the store and bring the article out. He kept several pulpits in stock, and was always especially well supplied with suspenders, and in season stacked watermelons in front of his store. Beyond this, the people knew little. French was a shrewd buyer and would often walk long distances to meet incoming farmers and purchase their produce before they reached Ashland.

Another specialty was calico for aprons, for which he would go personally to St. Louis and purchase and offer for sale only to persons who would promise to make aprons of it.

He called himself the "Ashland Regulator," claiming he regulated the price of goods as to give everybody a fair show, selling at very small profits. He was given the title, "Doctor," for the reason that he was something of a medical student and had considerable knowledge of pharmacy.

Some claim his peculiar color was due to mercury administered by himself, but there is stronger reason to believe that it was given to him by his father during his illness.

Next to his evident infatuation for the study of the ginseng plant, his greatest passion was for dogs. Every friendless dog that came his way found a home with "Blue French," who acquired such a collection of canine tramps that he found it necessary to set apart a special room for them over his store. Incidentally, he occupied the room himself, and so it was, being a single man, he died alone in this little room with only his dogs for company.

Contrary to general reports, there is no reason whatever to believe that there is anything mysterious or extraordinary in his store, now termed by Ashland people "Blue Beard's closet."

It is believed to contain a lot of old merchandise and rubbish of little value; except for antiquity, as some of the furniture which he kept in stock was according to his own statement, over forty years old.

The store remains locked, simply because his two brothers, his sole heirs, are not yet prepared to make an inventory of the stock. The brothers are Dr. John French of Ashland and Charles French of Kansas City. The father, mother and sister of "Blue French," who was 63 years old, died while he was a young man.

Everybody Come to the
Grand Ski Tournament
At Hunter's Hill,
Woodland Park
Tomorrow Afternoon at 2:30 o'Clock.
Several outside Ski Jumpers will be on hand.
Admission 25c.

NOT DISPOSED TO COMMENT

Secretary Wilson Has Little to Say on Keep Commission's Report.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture, was not disposed to make any statement regarding the report of the Keep commission when asked for his opinion of it today. In reply to questions, however, the secretary said that the fullest opportunity had been given the commission to investigate the methods of the crop estimating board in preparing their estimates.

As to the recommendations of the commission looking to an improvement in the work of the statistical bureau, Secretary Wilson declared that many of the changes suggested actually had been made in the department and were now and had been for a long time in force. He declared that the increased sphere of usefulness of the field agents was no new idea, as it had originated in his department and he needed only the necessary additional appropriation to put it into effect. The proposition, however, to do away with the 50,000 agents and correspondents, he said, was radical and one which needed careful consideration. Most of the reforms recommended by the commission, Secretary Wilson said, being matters of law would require action by congress before they could become effective.

The accuracy of the department's figures as compared with those of the census bureau, which the commission makes a conspicuous feature of its report, was a subject which the secretary seemed to take more seriously than anything else. He pointed with pride to the small fractions of difference between the department's estimates of the production of cotton and those of the census bureau based on the ginners' reports.

"Why then," he said in reply to a question regarding other crops mentioned by the commission, "should we go any farther in order to test the accuracy of our work? If our figures tally so closely with those of the census bureau as to cotton upon which we have something to base a comparison, upon what theory is it presumed that our figures are inaccurate regarding the other crops upon which we have nothing to base a comparison?"

The secretary said the whole matter would have to be carefully considered by him.

Concerning the personnel of the crop estimating board, Secretary Wilson said he had about determined upon a prominent Southern man for appointment to the vacancy on the board, created by the death of Mr. Hutchins, and that in due course he would relieve Assistant Secretary Hays as the acting head of the statistical bureau in order that he might resume the general work of the department.

CORSET HE GAVE SAVED HER LIFE

Miss Hill's Broom Not Good Defense Against Sweetheart's Razor.

Des Moines, Iowa, Jan. 19.—Assisted by Assistant Chief Patterson, Ethel Hill, a pretty 20-year-old East Des Moines girl, staggered into police court and filed information against John Wills, charging assault with intent to commit murder.

"I am hardly able to move," she told Judge Mathis, "for my side is cut up terribly. Oh, the way he did use that razor!"

"Wills," she continued, "used to be my sweetheart. He called at my home, and we had a little quarrel.

"'You can't live if you don't love me,' he cried excitedly, and then drew a razor and started after me.

"I grabbed for a broom, but was not able to beat him off.

"He slashed me up and down my back and side. He just ruined my corset—the one he gave me for Christmas.

"That saved my life, though, for the blade of the razor only went through in two or three places."

Wills waived preliminary hearing.

"She attacked me with a broom and I had to use the razor in self-defense," he said to Judge Mathis.

"Where Values Reign Supreme"
STACK & CO.
107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET

Clean-ups in Underwear and Hosiery

35c Children's heavy fleece lined vests and pants — sacrifice sale price—
19c

39c Ladies' Ribbed Fleece Underwear — sacrifice sale price—
25c

50c Gents' heavy fleece lined Underwear — sacrifice sale price —
39c

25c Ladies' fleece lined ribbed top Hose—sale price only—
15c

25c Children's fleeced Hose — fine ribbed and fast dyed — sale price only—
15c

$1.35 Ladies' lambs wool vests and pants — sale price—
95c

Mid-Winter Sacrifice Sale of Winter Shirt Waists.

All our Winter Shirt Waists are remarked and reduced in price to close them out. You can buy

75c, 85c AND $1.00 WAISTS FOR 50c
$1.25 AND $1.50 WAISTS FOR 75c
$1.95 AND $2.25 WAISTS FOR $1.25

This season's Silk Waists are also included in this sale, and every silk waist in the house tomorrow, from $3.50 to $5.95, will be all for one price— your choice **$2.39**

50c and 69c Kimonos—sale price 25c
$1.25 Eiderdown Kimonos, slightly soiled.....50c
95c and $1.25 heavy, fleece-lined Kimonos.....50c

Sacrifice Sale Winter Furs

Every fur in our store has undergone the mark-down process of disposing of them quickly. Big bargains can be secured here tomorrow in furs for little money.

Sacrifice Sale of Winter Cloaks, Coats and Jackets

$5.00 nice all-wool Jackets, closing-out price $2.50
$7.50 nice Cloth Wraps, for only $3.50
$10.50 ladies' and misses' Three-Quarter Coats $5.00
$11.00 Long Coats, in fancy wool mixtures $5.50
$15.00 heavy Kersey Cloth Coats, long lengths $8.75
$18.50 Ladies' Long Coats, all colors $12.50

Special Skirt Values

$4.50 Fine Wool Skirts — sacrifice sale price—
$2.75

$5 Ladies' Winter Skirts—sacrifice sale price—
$3.39

$6.50 Ladies' Fine Skirts in black and colors—sacrifice sale price—
$4.39

$8.00 Ladies' fine wool skirts—sacrifice sale price—
$5.00

98c ladies' Wrappers—well made of fine percale—sacrifice sale price
75c

$1.50 Ladies' fleece lined wrappers — sacrifice sale price—
$1.15

$1.98 Ladies' fleece lined wrappers — sacrifice sale price—
$1.25

DIVORCE OF DEAD WIFE SET ASIDE

Husband Gets Estate Despite Decree of Separation by Court.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Jan. 19.—The case of William D. Freeman vs. Albert Brunson and John F. Duel, as administrators in the estate of Cynthia O. Brunson, alias Cynthia O. Freeman, deceased, has been tried in the county court here and the divorced husband gets the property.

The case was a peculiar one, the plaintiff seeking to have a divorce obtained by his wife before her death set aside. The couple were married in Oshkosh in 1903. A few months afterwards Mrs. Freeman started divorce proceedings, but Freeman showed that the matter was satisfactorily adjusted and that Mrs. Freeman agreed to live with him, but that the divorce proceedings were continued without his knowledge and he was shown in default at the time the decree was obtained, and Mrs. Freeman resumed her maiden name, Cynthia O. Brunson.

Freeman alleges that he was never notified of the divorce until after his wife's death, and that the proper papers were never served upon him. Judge Richter dissolved the decree of divorce and entered judgment for the plaintiff. Under this ruling Mr. Freeman is heir to Mrs. Freeman's property, instead of her father.

"FACE POWDER IS SIGN OF DECAY," SAYS RECTOR.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 19.—Women who use paint, powder, or resort to other artificial means to beautify themselves, according to the Rev. Percy S. Grant, rector of the Church of the Ascension, give forth an odor of decay.

To make his contension stronger, he quoted Dr. James, the psychologist, as saying that every person projects an image of himself, and then tries to live up to it. He adjured the women not to project artificial images of themselves.

As the result of his speech, there is much excitement among his parishioners.

Manicuring, hairdressing, facial massage. Knauf Sisters (over Smith's Drug store).

WIFE CAUSES ARREST.

An Ashland Railroad Man is Charged With Desertion.

Ashland, Wis., Jan. 19.—Arthur Lee, a brakeman, has been arrested on the charge of deserting his wife. It is reported he was about to be married to Lizzie French. He was arrested as he was about to board the train for Hurley. He was brought before Judge McCloud, where he was confronted by his wife, Miss French and her father and sister. One of the first acts of his wife was to produce their marriage certificate. Lee acknowledged the marriage and waived examination.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings. Instant relief. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

D. E. H., Jan. 19, 1906.



We crashed through our prices and broke 'em up
All prices broken, but the clothing is strong, whole and durable.

UNRESTRICTED CHOICE OF ALL OUR FINEST SUITS,

$17.50

NOTHING BUT STYLISH STEIN-BLOCH AND RELIABLE SINCERITY SUITS.

An unequaled offer if you give style, make and intrinsic value their due consideration.

Come in and have a good fit at crashed cash prices.

Every Overcoat in the house, (for man, boy and child) is away down in price.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Suits for small and big boys at small prices.

WEST DULUTH

BREAKFAST FOOD PLANT

To be Established at West or New Duluth Soon.

S. Burnison of Niagara Falls Here Looking for Location.

S. Burnison, of Niagara Falls, who for the last twenty years has been connected with Eastern concerns in the manufacture of breakfast foods, is in West Duluth to look up a suitable site in this part of the city or New Duluth for the establishment of a factory for fancy foods. He is highly pleased with the facilities offered by this section and thinks the water power here is far superior to that at Niagara. He says that the water power there has been very instrumental in building up several towns and judging from the advancements made there, the water power here, which so far eclipses Niagara, will be the greatest factor in building up Duluth.

There are four men interested in this establishment, of which Mr. Burnison and F. P. Cook, of LaSalle, N. Y., will have the management. Mr. Cook will be here next week, when active steps will be taken towards the securing of a site, and further plans made in regard to the erection of a factory, which will be of brick and equipped with the best and most up-to-date machinery for the work.

Mr. Burnison and Mr. Cook have secured a patent on an electric purifier, which is the principal machine in the manufacture of pure breakfast foods. They also will make their own paper boxes. When they begin operation they will give employment to about 250 men, they claim.

This new company will incorporate under the laws of Minnesota in about two months and their capital stock will be $150,000.

ON WEDDING TOUR.

Former Member of Legislature and Bride Visiting West Duluth.

Dr. and Mrs. M. S. Jones of Battle Lake, Minn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Seashore of 307 North Fifty-seventh avenue west. Dr. Jones is Mrs. Seashore's father. Dr. and Mrs. Jones are here on a wedding trip. They were married at New Richmond, Wis., on Jan. 10, the affair being a complete surprise to their friends.

Mrs. Jones was Mrs. Helen A. Williams, widow of the late Judge J. P. Williams of Fergus Falls. Dr. Jones was a member of the state house of representatives from Otter Tail county during the session of 1903 and was a highly respected member and had a considerable following. They will be here for a few days.

NEW DULUTH LODGES

Install Officers for Year 1906 With Much Ceremony.

John A. Nelson has installed the following officers for 1906 in Riverside lodge, No. 289, M. W. A., New Duluth: Consul, W. A. Thayer, re-elected for the fourth term; worthy adviser, Alfred Leonard; banker, George Randall; clerk, Charles E. Wills; escort, George Bushel; watchman, Vernan Laddley; sentry, H. T. Bloyer. Mr. Thayer was presented with a watch charm and gold locket.

Riverside lodge, No. 90, Knights of Pythias, of New Duluth, have installed the following officers, the installation officer being Charles Christopherson, grand deputy chancellor: Past chancellor commander, Joseph Ritter; chancellor commander, E. J. Fizzard; vice chancellor commander, Alfred Leonard; prelate, Albert Laddley, keeper of records and seal and master of finance, C. E. Wills; master of the exchequer, Gus Jacobson; inside guard, Walter Lundquist; outside guard, John A. Carlson.

Surprise Card Party.

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. M. Burns was pleasantly surprised by a number of friends at her home on Sixty-first avenue west. Progressive pedro was played and prizes were won by Mrs. Doherty and Mrs. Harvey. Those present were: Messdames Kern, Doherty, Harvey, O'Brien, Masse, Thomas, Kingham, Goneau, Jacobs, J. Doherty, Dunleavy, Schulte, Richards and Boardwell.

Enjoy Sleigh Ride.

A large party of young people enjoyed a sleigh ride last evening around the town, after which they went to Gilley's hall, where refreshments were served, followed by a dance. Those present were:

Misses, and Mesdames M. Madson, A. Hendrickson, P. A. Lund, Charles Johnson, A. Saltwick, Misses L. Hobner, Marla Paulson, Bertha Saltwick, Ida Saltwick, Clara Engebretson, Alberta Spitz, Tillie Erickson, Agnes Elmquist, A. Bergstrom, Hilma Osman, E. Jenson, Martin Solberg, Frank Johnson, John F. Johnson, Carl Erickson, Arthur Mallony, Oscar Eklund, Tobias Highmark, George Hoglund, Axel Wick, Leonard Erickson and J. Jermbjork.

Club Card Party.

The St. James Young People's club held a card party last evening at St. James hall where progressive pedro was played. A large number attended and an enjoyable time was spent. The men's head prize was a beautiful hand painted picture and won by George Cheurette, and the lady's head prize was a fine work basket won by Miss Effie Brotherton. Refreshments were served and several piano selections were rendered by Miss Julia Doyle.

West Duluth Briefs.

Prof. C. O. Larson, of Chicago, arrived today and is visiting Rev. A. C. Aldeen of 908 North Fifty-ninth avenue west. He will sing at both services at the Third Swedish Baptist church next Sunday.

Mrs. Valentine, of 305 North Fifty-sixth avenue will give a sleigh ride tomorrow to a number of the younger folks.

Claude Okerman is moving from 310 North Fifty-second to 208 North Fifty-fourth avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. McNeal, of 513 North Fifty-ninth have returned from Toledo, Ohio, where they have been visiting relatives during the holidays.

Mr. Moody, an engineer on the D. M. & N., has gone to St. Paul where he will spend a two-weeks vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cutterham, of Chicago, are in town visiting Mrs. Cutterham's parents Mr. and Mrs. Fisher, of 408 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Mr. Jenson, the druggist at Ohandler's, left today for his home in Walkertown, N. D.

The funeral of Margaret, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gillan, 609 South Sixty-third avenue west will be held Sunday afternoon from the family residence. Interment will be in Oneota cemetery.

Wanted—French salesman used to clothing and shoes. Good salary to competent man. Apply Kenney & Anker.

Watch repairing. Hurst, 301 Central.

ONE MINUTE TALKS.



"The pressure of want is the powerful incentive to invention," and the want ads are particularly useful to those who, in any manner, feel this pressure.

Courtship is not a failure—even though your rival married the girl. Answering Herald want ads pays—even though, the other day you missed a good chance because some one else answered the ad first.

Herald want advertising furnishes you "the answer" to the little "real riddle," even though it is a hard one.

'Phone your wants for the Saturday Herald and we will collect later.

CONGRESSMEN PAY FREIGHT

By Postal Franks—Even Furniture is Sent by Mail.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Speaking of the resolution adopted in the house of representatives, calling for an investigation of the alleged abuse of the franking privilege by members of congress, a former member of that body says he has noticed there was a certain amount of graft derived from the "frank," but that it was generally made use of by members from the rural districts.

"I was not in the least surprised," he said, "when I heard the charge of the abuses of the franking privilege, as I have long been aware that such a thing existed. However, it will prove a hard thing to investigate, as under the postal laws the franked letter or package of a member of congress cannot be opened for inspection in order to find the nature of the contents.

"I have been told of a number of cases where members of congress have shipped articles of clothing and household furniture under their congressional frank, but nothing ever came of the action. I have also known a member of congress, during a political campaign, to use his frank for the purpose of sending out campaign circulars and literature, and I am satisfied that a series of sensations will develop if a thorough investigation of this abuse is made."

Former Representative James Rankin Young of Philadelphia says: "Of course, excepting in a general way, I can speak only for myself. In my six years' experience as a member of the house, I heard very little about any abuse of the franking privilege.

"Congress is a big, turbulent and rushing body, where each member has his hands full in taking care of himself. If he reaches beyond the limit, he is apt to be found in the position of the man who has bitten off more than he can chew."

"The gossip of the clonkroom would at times, bring out a story to the effect that such and such a member was in the habit, in his use of the franking privilege, of stepping outside the line, but it never got any further.

"I can remember only one instance in which a charge was brought to the attention of the house. It was looked upon as a political and personal war between a clique of members from one of the southern states, and hence created little impression. There are two things a member of congress can do. He can misuse his frank with little fear of detection, and he could be crooked in certifying the pay voucher for clerk hire."

A man who is now employed in one of the departments, but who for nearly twenty years was a secretary to a representative, says the franking privilege was abused in an innocent and thoughtless way at times by nearly every member of congress. He said there were other members who openly disregarded the law, and intentionally abused the privilege.

He said the abuse lay chiefly with members from the rural districts. A city representative furnishes them with frank books by the express companies and telegraph companies, and it would not seem likely that they would misuse the postal frank for sending wat might be termed freight or weighty matter, when they could as well their other complimentary passes. He recalled one case in which a large package was accidentally opened in the mail, and in it was found a number of campaign publications, the contents of which had never formed subjects of debate in the house.

The greatest abuse of the frank ever called to this man's attention was that of a representative turning over a quantity of printed franks to his clerk and constituents to use as they liked. This, he said, is frequently done.

A CANINE MOTHER'S IDOL.

The Experiment of a Sportsman With a Pointer Family.

Crewe, Va., Jan. 19.—For the last ten days a young Northerner who spends most of the winter months on a nearby plantation shooting and riding and making experiments with his dogs and horses between times has been devoting his energies to an attempt to prove that there is always one puppy in a litter which is a particular favorite with its mother and that she bestows a care and an affection upon it which its brothers and sisters do not receive.

A young pointer that recently gave birth to a litter of eight puppies afforded him the material with which to conduct his experiments. The puppies were whelped under the flooring of an old disused cabin where it would be impossible to care for them properly, and in removing them to a regular kennel—which he was compelled to do one at a time—he received the first evidence of the young mother's partiality toward one of her babies.

She had made no objection to having the first four taken from her, but when her owner reached for the fifth one—a coarse, badly marked dog puppy—she showed her disapproval instantly and emphatically by grabbing the man's hand and shaking it savagely.

Thinking that the mother feared that she was to be robbed of her entire family the man dropped the puppy he held in his hand after soothing the mother a moment, picked up another one, expecting to receive the same treatment. To the removal of this youngster, however, she offered no objection and even kissed her master's hand as it was withdrawn.

Her attitude toward the removal of the next two puppies was equally indifferent, but when the man attempted to carry away the coarse grained little beggar she had objected to his handling the first time she jumped at him so viciously that he had to cuff her soundly to keep her away long enough for him to place the puppy with the rest of the litter.

Knowing that she would attempt to take her family back to the original nest she had made for it, her owner left the kennel door open and waited to see which puppy she would bring forth first. Sure enough it was the favorite, and as often as he took it away from her and mixed it up with the wriggling pile on the floor of the kennel she would reappear with it in her mouth.

Finally he gave this scheme up and for the next few days took to hiding a half dozen puppies at a time in different parts of the yard, but though she frequently found other members of the litter first, she would pay no attention to them until the bandy legged idol of her foolish young heart had been discovered and taken back to his kennel. After that she would bring the rest home.

The final proof of her partiality for this particular puppy came a week later, when her owner was engaged in an experiment with an entirely different object in view. It was heroic enough to be exquisitely brutal.

The little mother had always been a tremendous worker in the field, and would invariably leave home and food to follow the man with a gun over his shoulder. To prove that her love of hunting was superior even to her maternal love, the experimenter shouldered his gun one afternoon, and calling his other dogs so that she could not help but hear his whistle, opened the door of her kennel and started for the nearest covert.

Out she came at the first note of his call, whirling and whisking around in the old-time ecstasy, eager to drink in once more that rare old bouquet of the fields—home, family and favorite all forgot. For an eighth of a mile the delirium lasted, and it was not until the first clump of pines was nearly reached that the cares and responsibilities of motherhood began to oppress her.

Gradually her spirits drooped and her feet faltered, until finally she stopped and, with a last glance at the lost paradise, turned back to her kennel. Her owner made no effort to keep her with him, and in the course of the next few hundred yards his other dogs stood a covey of quail.

Scarcely had the smoke disappeared from the pines when there was a rustling in the broom straw, and, turning, the man found the young matron of the kennels, her tail beating against the trees, her whole body quivering with excitement, and in her mouth the bandy-legged, big-headed puppy. Never had a canine youngster a more riotous ride across country. Apparently his mother had forgotten his existence, and he was hurled through the underbrush and the briers with a fury that must have made his big head swim and threatened to tear his tender young jacket into tatters.

The outfit finally continued after the scattered birds, the mother frequently laying her puppy down, but merely to get a fresh grip on him. There was never a thought of abandoning him.

Although she had always been an excellent single bird dog, she seemed unable to find them with the burden she carried, but each time her companions found, she observed most punctilliously the ethics of the field and backstood them stanchly.

On returning to the house her owner learned from one of the negroes that the dog had started from the kennel with her favorite in her mouth before he had fired into the covey, and he is now debating the ethical problem as to whether she returned with the idea of giving her favorite a share in the sport, or merely to effect a compromise with her conscience.

More Things Go at Riddance Prices!

Some of the lots we've offered this week are still good, but many have melted away in a day. Such a busy season as this store has had, though, leaves quantities of small remainders in its wake and we are still hunting them out and giving them quick marching orders. Tomorrow will see the wind-up of some good lots.

Embroid'ry Remnants

The last pieces of an extra good line of embroideries, worth 12½c to 15c a yard. Plenty of good lengths to be picked up at—the yard **8c**

Wash Goods Remnants ½ and ⅓ Off

We will sell tomorrow all the short ends, the mussed and the remnants of wash goods that have been piling up while we were busy selling regular stocks. A larger lot than has ever accumulated before and as full of bargains as an egg is of meat. There are outing flannels, flannelettes, percales, calicoes, ginghams, etc.

Ribbon Remnants

Short ends of all widths of plain and fancy taffeta and satin taffeta ribbon, priced up to 35c a yard. A good chance to get useful lengths—the yard **10c**

Dress Goods.

95c for 36-inch BLACK TAFFETA—many stores get $1.25 a yard—we have run it as a special value at $1.12½. Its a guaranteed silk and you may have it in either chiffon or regular finish. Just the right quality for drop skirts, linings and waists. While it lasts we offer it at 95c a yard.

42½c for 36-inch CREAM MOHAIR a good value at 50c a yard. It is an English mohair with a bright lustrous finish and is sure to laundry satisfactorily. After selling yards and yards of it we are satisfied to take a lowered price for the last pieces.

82½c for TAILOR SUITINGS. Ask any dressmaker and she'll tell you that they'll be in perfectly good style this spring and summer. The $1.50 qualities go for $1.19—$1.25 qualities go for 95c.

Riddance Men's Goods.

¼ off on all SWEATERS—men's and boys'—all colors selling at from 75c up to $2.50.

¼ off on WORKING GLOVES AND mittens for men or boys—all the best leathers, lined and unlined—values from 25c to $1.50.

45c for Men's 75c GOLF GLOVES—all good patterns—warm and attractive looking.

39c for 50c and 75c NECKWEAR—one lot of four-in-hands and Ascots in the latest shapes and colorings.

35c for Boys' 50c and 65c FLANNELette Nightshirts—but little more than half price for some of them.

Less than cost—to be thoroughly rid of all broken sizes of men's light and heavy weight underwear before stock taking, we've dropped the prices below actual cost.

The Sale of White Goods. A Tip to Purchasers.

Tomorrow will be the last day to get the prices on items heretofore advertised. Think over your needs and buy nothing short of a six months' supply while you can get white sale figures. Look out tomorrow for—

12½c Snow White Cambric at 7¾c.

36 inches wide. It's worth coming down town tomorrow to share this bargain, for no one can tell how long before there'll be still another advance in cotton goods. This price is for Saturday only, (limit 20 yards to a customer) **7¾c**

36-inch Auto Cloth 15c Instead of 18c.

1,200 yards just in—real linen finish—will launder perfectly. This cloth is very much in demand for shirt waist suits and every store gets 18c a yard for this quality. You must come tomorrow if you'd pay but **15c**

New White Stuffs at Special Prices.

ONE TABLE FULL of entirely new fancy white goods in all weaves—worth from 30c to 40c a yard—special white sale price **25c**

ONE TABLE FULL of beautiful embroidered figured Swiss soft embroidered Nainsook, sheer cocoon sprig and other novelties in the white sale at **35c**

TOMORROW WILL COUNT for women who want to buy table linens under the regular price. Savings amount to 20 and up to 40 per cent, and every housewife knows the quality of the Gray-Tallant Co. linens. Special White Sale values at—

48c 75c 98c $1.39

Riddance Fancy Work.

1c a yard for LINEN FRINGE AND Ball fringe in mixed colors worth 6c and 8c a yard.

5c for HAND PAINTED NOVELTIES worth up to 50c. Laundry lists, calling lists, shaving pads, sachets, etc.—decorated in water colors.

Shoe Riddance.

$1.25 for WOMEN'S $2.00 SHOES—patent leather tips—extension soles—lace or button styles.

69c for WOMEN'S $1.00 STORM overshoes—there'll be lots of weather now too cold for rubbers.

49c for WOMEN'S 75c FELT SLIPpers—low cut, with leather or warm felt soles.

$1.25 for BOYS' $1.75 SHOES, with heavy extension soles—a sturdy winter shoe.

98c for YOUTHS' $1.25 SHOES, with heavy extension sole—made of stout satin calf skin.

59c for CHILDREN'S 75c LACE shoes—patent leather tips and kid stock—sizes 2 to 8.

Notion Riddance.

9c a dozen for BONE HAIR PINS worth regularly 12½c. Choice of plain or crimped kinds.

5c for 10c COLLAR FOUNDATIONS made of chiffon—both pointed and round shapes.

5c a dozen for HAT PINS selling regularly at 10c—black or white heads.

5c for half a dozen CORSET LACES—ordinarily you get but two for 5c—black, drab and white.

Look for the Price Tickets Showing Riddance Reductions

On all Millinery.
On Women's Gloves and Mittens.
On Dress Trimmings and Laces.
On Jewelry and Stationery.
On Linen Handkerchiefs.
On Women's Neckwear.
On Toilet Articles and Preparations.
On Rubber Goods and Drugs.
On Women's and Children's Underwear.
On Women's and Children's Hosiery.
On Hand Bags and Belts.
On Wool and Cotton Waists.

Final Riddance of all Suits and Coats.

Gray-Tallant Co

Riddance of all Fur Pieces, Neckscarfs and Muffs.

HONEST AND RELIABLE MERCHANDISE ½ PRICE

MEN'S COATS.

Those worth $18 we sell at exactly half price **$9.00**

Those worth $10 we sell at exactly half price **$5.00**

Those we sold at $20.00 — go at — only **$10.00**

Those we sold at $14.00—go at—only **$7.00**

Those we sold at $10.00 go at—only **$5.00**

BIG BARGAINS IN SHOES.

Those we sold for $3.50 and $4.00—go at **$2.79**

Shoes we sold for $2.50 and $3.00 we sell—for **$1.79**

All Webber Bros.' Shoes guaranteed.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

Fine all-wool underwear — worth $1.25 and $1.50 a garment—now go at—only **69c**

Fleece Underwear—sold all over at 75c per garment—our price only **39c**

THE STORE THAT GIVES BIG VALUES

Lyceum Clothing and Shoe House

423 W. Superior Street—Lyceum Bldg.

NOTICE!

Business houses wishing to get the trade of the Finnish people will be wise to advertise in a humorous Finnish newspaper, "Velasuu." "Velasuu" is the only Finnish newspaper in Northern Minnesota published in a region where thousands of Finnish people are living. "Velasuu" has subscribers all over the United States. Address

"VELASUU,"
Box 559. Hibbing, Minn.

PLAGUE KILLED BY VACCINATION

Notable Results Have Been Secured in Aden, Arabia.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Consul Masterson of Aden forwards a report by Surgeon Maj. Prall of the Indian army, in regard to the suppression of bubonic plague that visited Aden during the winter of 1904. The consul makes a synopsis of this report as follows:

For several years past the government of India and many of the physicians of that country have been trying to get the entire population of infected districts to submit to vaccine inoculation as a preventive of plague. At first there was little, if any, objection to it, among the people, but just about the time it was most needed to stay the awful ravages of the plague, through the carelessness of some one, a lot of inoculated patients died of tetanus, and this gave it such a setback that for some time the people would have nothing to do with the remedy, and many even asserted that it was not a preventive. But since then the government has provided a special laboratory at Bombay, where this vaccine is prepared and where is is impossible to become contaminated with outside poison. Again strenuous efforts are being made to get the people to submit to inoculation, as from experience and results this seems to be the only remedy that in any manner diminishes the ravages of this disease.

Major Prall, the surgeon in charge of the medical corps during the plague at this place, resorted entirely to the use of the vaccine virus in making a fight against the disease and it is not too much to say that his efforts and that of his assistants have met with the most gratifying results. This experience will doubtless go far toward softening and clearing away the prejudice of the people of India against the inoculation theory, and will strengthen the inoculation campaign that is now going on for the suppression of the plague. Maj. Prall's report embraces three distinct communities. The first of these includes the general population of the Crater (old Aden) with its large proportion of coolies, earning from six to ten anas (twelve to twenty cents) per day, so poor and ignorant as to be beyond the control of ordinary measures. The people were induced to be inoculated by the offer of a reward, and between the middle of December and the end of January 8,000 persons, representing one-half of the population, were inoculated. The results are best given in Maj. Prall's own words: "Within two months the deaths fell off nearly one-half, and within four months the plague had ceased, the last two months of its life being attended by an insignificant mortality."

It is instructive and most convincing to examine the results of the inoculation campaign in the Crater upon the admissions to the plague hospital. Between Dec. 19 and April 30 there were 363 admissions with 165 deaths of uninoculated persons, and 21 admissions and 7 deaths of inoculated persons. Now one-half of the Crater population had been inoculated. Consequently if the vaccine exercised no protective effect, the ratio of cases among inoculated and uninoculated would have been equal. Instead we find that out of an inoculated population of 8,500, only 21 cases were treated, and of these 14 recovered. In the case of the Aden prison the results are even more striking. The presence of infection was evident by the frequent discovery of dead rats. The only preventive measure adopted was the inoculation of all prisoners and wardens. Yet only two cases of plague developed. One was that of a man who declared that he had been inoculated, but probably had not; the other, through negligence, was not inoculated until eleven days after admission, and after he had developed plague. Finally there was the Aden Troop of Khore-Macksar, where the epidemic was arrested almost immediately by the adoption of systematic inoculation. The figures given in Major Prall's report by no means cover the entire plague reports of Aden during the time it was infected, but only two districts. The total number of plague cases reported for the whole locality embraced as Aden were 2,287 and 1,977 deaths, but throughout all the sections of the place inoculation was practised by the doctors and nurses with the same good results as attended the efforts of Major Prall at the Crater.

Sunday Concert.

The Third Regiment band concert will be given as usual Sunday afternoon, at the Lyceum theater, and the same liberal patronage that has hitherto been accorded this band is requested and expected. There is no band in the state today giving the same class of music which compares with the Third Regiment, and state recognition of this fact is rapidly being given. Conductor Jens H. Flaaten recently signed contracts to play at the state fair next year, thereby practically winning the admission that his well trained men have proven themselves better than the Minneapolis band, which has hitherto officiated at this important state function.

SHOT BABY SISTER.

The Old Shotgun Was Loaded and Death Followed.

Hartford City, Ind., Jan. 19.—While two young sons of Ezekiel Boxwell, living in the north edge of this county, were cleaning an old shotgun loaded with buckshot, the weapon was discharged. Mary, the 2-year-old sister of the boys, was sitting on a chair directly in front of the young men, and the charge completely carried away her lower jaw and tore off her shoulder. She died in a few minutes.

MONUMENT FOR MORTON.

Indiana Soldiers Plan Honor for the War Governor.

Danville, Ind., Jan. 19.—Jesse S. Ogden Post, G. A. R., is making a strenuous effort to raise a large sum of money as Hendricks County's contribution to the Morton monument fund. With this object in view and to more thoroughly arouse public interest a mass meeting was held in the courthouse in Danville and was addressed by prominent speakers, among whom was the Rev. D. R. Lucas of Indianapolis, State commander of the G. A. R. At this meeting a movement was also started to erect a suitable monument in Danville in commemoration of Hendricks county's soldier dead.

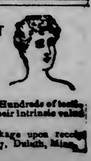
CUPID ON THE WIRE.

Romantic Wedding Result of Proposal Made Over Telephone.

Nicholasville, Ky., Jan. 19.—Quite a romantic wedding took place at Wilmore, when Miss Jessie Capecoat of Charleston, W. Va., and John Chambers of Wilmore were married at the residence of Rev. S. M. Logan.

The couple were sweethearts formerly, but quarrelled two years ago. Miss Capecoat recently came to Wilmore for a visit to her grandmother, Mrs. Hutchcraft. Mr. Chambers called her over the telephone, proposed, was accepted and the wedding took place the next day. Mr. Chambers is a member of a prominent Wilmore family. For several months he has been manager of the Home Telephone company at Keene.

LADIES Who Have Used Them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.



Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression.

Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.00. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

RUBBER and OVERSHOE SPECIALS for TOMORROW

Ladies' fleece-lined and regular storm overshoes 69c

Children's 65c Storm Overshoes... 49c

Ladies' Storm Rubbers 50c

Ladies' high, two-buckle Arctics—tomorrow $1.49

Men's and Boys' Arctics and Storm Overshoes 98c

Men's high two and three-buckle Overshoes — $2.25 and $2.50 grades $1.89

All Felt Shoes and Slippers at greatly reduced prices.

WIELAND'S

123 West Superior St.

NORTH BUTTE IS STRONGER

Stock Shows a Little Gain —Anaconda Has Big Jump.

North Butte was stronger today, opening at $88.25 and going to $89.50. The closing price was $89.25 bid and $89.75 asked. The day in the copper stock market was marked by heavy trading in Amalgamated, which was strong. It opened at $111 and advanced to $114.25, closing at $114.25 bid and $114.50 asked. Anaconda was strong and active, too, opening at $282, advancing to $285 and closing at $283 bid.

Junction was the most active of the Bisbee stocks, selling readily at $27.50 and closing at $27.50 asked. Calumet & Arizona was $121 bid and $122 asked and closed unchanged. Calumet & Pittsburg closed at $36.50 bid, Lake Superior & Pittsburg closed at $50 bid and $51 asked and Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $26 asked.

Black Mountain was weaker, seling at $12. The closing price was $12 bid. Keweenaw sold at $17 and closed at $17.50 asked, Warren was $14 and closed at $15 asked and Sullivan closed at $3.25 asked.

PERSONALS

E. J. Duffies left for Oshkosh, Wis., today.

J. R. Van Evra, of Marquette, Mich., is in the city today.

S. R. Gilmore, of Waukesha, Wis., is a guest at the Spalding.

A. B. Clair, of Grand Rapids, Minn., is at the St. Louis.

J. W. Marshall, of Sandstone, Minn., is at the Lenox.

Miss Jennie Myers, of Virginia, is at the McKay.

BEREAVED HUSBANDS BEFORE GRAND JURY.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Franklin G. Hollister and A. W. Gentry, who have each lost a wife in the last fortnight by a revolting murder, went before the grand jury today to give evidence which led to the indictment of Richard Ivens, the confessed murderer of Mrs. Hollister, and Frank J. Constantine, the alleged slayer of Mrs. Gentry. The indictments were returned against Ivens and Constantine in a short time after the evidence against them was heard.

Musical Sho Gun.

Lyceum matinee tomorrow.

Moneyweight Scale Co.

Dayton scales—56 different kinds. Highest award and gold medal St. Louis World's Fair 1904.

G. C. ADAMS, Sales Agent.

Winthrop Blk., Cor. Fourth Ave. West and First St., Duluth, Minn.

OUR LEADERS—

Straight Whiskies—Cedar Brook and Maryland Rye.

Blended Whiskies—Old Cabinet and Live Oak.

COOK'S BUFFET

Temple Roller Rink

Open every week day. Afternoons, 2 to 5 p. m. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30 p. m. Music every evening by La Brosse's band and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Children's matinee Saturday afternoons.

MERCHANTS' EXCURSION

Dates That the Special Rates Will be in Effect.

Give Outside Merchants Chance to Visit Local Jobbers.

The Commercial club has been notified by the railroads interested of the dates on which merchants' excursions will be run to Duluth during the early part of 1906.

Practically all of the railroads entering Duluth grant special rates at certain seasons of the year to merchants who desire to visit the city. The rates are in effect between Duluth and points in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa and North and South Dakota, and are for merchants only. They result in bringing a good many outsiders to the city, and are considered a material benefit to Duluth. They bring the local jobbers in closer touch with their customers, and often mean a larger and more extensive sale of goods by the local houses.

The first excursion season for the merchants will extend over the period between Jan. 28 and Feb. 4, the second from Feb. 11 to Feb. 18, the third from Feb. 25 to March 4, the fourth from May 13 to May 20. In each instance those taking advantage of the special rates will be allowed about nine days in the city before the return limit expires.

Musical Sho Gun.

Lyceum matinee tomorrow.

IS GOING INTO FORT FRANCES

Rainy Lake Road Said to be Trying for Permission.

Dispatches from Fort Frances, Ont., are to the effect that the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road is seeking an entrance to that city. An effort was made to confirm the rumor at the local offices of the road today but W. H. Cook is out of the city and there was no one in his office who would give out a statement.

It is said that notice has been received by the town of Fort Frances that application will be made at the next session of parliament for the right to construct a railway and passage bridge across the Rainy river at Fort Frances, near Pitbern's point, also for power to acquire terminal lands for tracks, stations and so forth, to connect with the American line.

This means that the Rainy Lake road is seeking to enter Fort Frances from the south to connect with the Canadian Northern road. The Rainy Lake line is now only fifty miles distant from the Fort and men are at work now cutting the right of way and preparing to extend it.

Those on the inside predict the new line will be into Fort Frances by July, which will place the Ontario point within five hours' ride of Duluth, and eight hours from St. Paul, and eighteen hours from Chicago, and a little over thirty hours from Toronto. This will bring Winnipeg several hours nearer the east by way of Fort Frances, and direct a large percentage of the traffic this way, making the Canadian Northern the quickest, shortest and cheapest route to and from the east and south.

POLAR EXPEDITION IS INCORPORATED.

Augusta, Me., Jan. 19.—The Wellman-Chicago-Record Herald Polar expedition, a corporation whose object is the carrying on of a scientific and exploring expedition to the North pole with the aid of balloons and airships, has been organized in this city. The certificate of incorporation was filed today with the secretary of state. Victor F. Lawson, proprietor of the Chicago Record-Herald, is treasurer. Messrs. Noyes, Lawson and Axel F. Hatch of Chicago, compose the board of directors.

Don't Miss It.

The Sho Gun musical comedy matinee tomorrow.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE ROOMS furnished or unfurnished. 5 South Fifth avenue east.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG man willing to work, with steady habits; good references and familiar with taking orders and delivering. Must be able to get and hold trade. One acquainted in East end and Lakeside preferred; $40 per month to right party. No barn work. S 2, Herald.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to go out of city to take care of sick woman. Apply immediately, Mrs. Somers' Employment Office, 17 Second avenue east.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Johnson of 2132 West Second street, Jan. 14.

BERGEN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. M. Bergen of 1933 West Michigan street, Jan. 18.

MYHRE—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Myhre of 2213 West Second street, Jan. 14.

FRANSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Franson of 1908 West Michigan street, Jan. 15.

DEATHS.

OLSON—Margaret, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elna Olson of 421 Jay street, died this morning. The funeral will be held tomorrow and interment made at Park Hill cemetery.

BUILDING PERMITS.

George Jenkins, frame dwelling on Seventh street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues east, to cost.. $500

Gustave Hjerpe, frame dwelling on Third street, between Nineteenth and Twentieth avenues west, to cost 800

THE STYLE STORE. Giddings Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

OPEN SATURDAY NIGHT UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

Our Entire Line of

Girls' Coats and Wool Dresses

THE STYLE STORE. Giddings Corner First Ave. W. and Superior St.

On Sale For a Final Clean-up Tomorrow in the Annex

About the middle of next week we begin to take inventory—before that time we want these stocks reduced to their lowest possible point, and have therefore included every Cloth Coat and Dress in the house, Flannel Lined "Vassar" Coats, Natty "Swagger" Coats and Novelty Coats of various kinds.

$3.75 For Coats and Dresses that have sold for $6.50, $7.50 and $8.50.

$6.50 for coats that have sold for $12.50 to $13.50.

$5.00 For Coats and Dresses that have sold at $9.50, $10.50 and $11.50.

$7.50 for coats that have sold for $14.50 to $16.50.

$1.95 For Bearskin Coats

For little tots—2 to 6. white, red and grey—formerly $3.95 to $5.00.

50c For little Boys' and Girls' Sweaters—formerly $1 and $1.25.

25c For Boys' or Girls' Angora Tams

Red, brown, blue and white, formerly 75c and 50.

Final Clean-up of Eiderdown and Flannelette Kimonas and Robes. 1/3 off

Final Clean-up of Women's Wool and Knitted Underwear,

Union Suits—and Separate Vests or Pants—in such celebrated makes as the "Lewis" and "Harvard Mills" are on sale in the Annex tomorrow.

$1 Vests or Pants, 75c. $1.50 Vests or Pants, $1.15. $2.50 Vests or Pants, $1.75.
$3.50 Vests or Pants, $2.50. $2.50 Union Suits, $1.75. $5.00 Union Suits, $3.75.
$7.50 Union Suits, $5.50. $3.50 Union Suits, $2.75.

FUR COATS--FUR-LINED COATS ON SALE FOR A FINAL CLEAN UP

Finest Near Seal Plain or Trimmed

Formerly $52 to $59.50 at $39.50

Formerly $62.50 to $69.50 at $45.00

Persian Lamb Coats Plain or Trim'd

Formerly $100.00 at $67.50
Formerly $135.00 at $90.00
Formerly $165.00 at $110.00

Natural or Blended Squirrel Blouses

Formerly $87.50, now $57.50
Formerly $110.00, now $72.50

Fur Lined Coats

With Persian lamb collar and cuffs.

With Black Lynx collar and cuffs.

With Mink collar and cuffs.

With Sable Squirrel collar.

TAN, WINE, RED AND BLACK.

Formerly up to $90.50, at $39.50
Formerly up to $87.56, at $47.50
Formerly up to $110, at $57.50
Formerly up to $175, at $97.50

$15 For $32.50 to $39.50 Suits and $19.50 for $42.50 to $49.50 Suits all of our handsomest long coat models are included.

$10 For Choice of Winter Coats that have been selling for $21.50 and $23.50—in the long, tight-fitting models—in handsome novelty mixtures, covert cloths and black and blue kerseys, cheviots and broadcloths.

$15 For a choice of Handsome Coats, formerly $29.50, $32.50 and $35, in Nobby Mixtures or plain Blacks and Blues.

FUR NECK SCARFS AND MUFFS AT FINAL CLEAN-UP PRICES

Which means half in some instances and close to half in many instances.

$2.75 for Fur Scarfs in natural or blended squirrel, formerly $5 to $6.50.

$5.00 for Fur Scarfs of natural or blended squirrel, Jap mink and various other furs—formerly $10 to $12.50.

$7.50 for Fox Boas, formerly $10 to $16.50.

$10.00 for Novelty Neck Pieces, formerly $16.50 to $25.

Muffs to match any of the above Scarfs at **$3.50, $5, $7.50, $10.**

Never Such Skirt Bargains in Duluth Before

DRESS AND WALKING LENGTHS

Materials Are Voiles, Panamas, Cheviots, Worsteds, Broadcloths, London Twines, Serges, Novelty Materials and Taffety Silks.

The Shades Are Navy and Royal Blue, Bottle Green, Reseda Green, Grays of various shades, Browns of various shades, Cream and Black.

Included in this sale are misses' as well as women's sizes.

$ 7.50 Skirts ..... $3.75 $12.50 Skirts $6.25
$10.00 Skirts ..... $5.00 $16.50 Skirts $8.25

FRANCE TO ACT WITH FIRMNESS

In Making Her Demands on Venezuela for Satisfaction.

Paris, Jan. 19.—The Venezuelan affair occupied the attention of a special meeting of the French cabinet today. It is understood in ministerial circles, but the fact has not yet been officially given out that Premier Ruvier has decided to demand an extraordinary credit. This will give rise to debates in the chambers whose assent is necessary for a grant. The government is fully determined to act with the greatest firmness, at the same time adopting a prudent attitude owing to the unstable character of the Venezelan government, which may change at any moment.

The authorities at Washington are being kept fully acquainted with France's attitude and nothing will be undertaken without the absolute cognization of the United States.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL CONSIDERED BY HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Consideration of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill was begun today by the house in committee of the whole with Mr. Sherman (N. Y.) in the chair. Mr. Littauer (N. Y.), explained the items in the bill, which aggregate $15,215,503, including $5,340,786 for the Panama canal.

ELEVATED CAR LEAVES TRACK

One Person Killed and a Dozen Injured in Brooklyn.

New York, Jan. 19.—One person was killed and a dozen injured when a car on the elevated railroad in Brooklyn fell to the street today. The car was crowded with passengers. The accident occurred at a curve on the Lexington avenue line of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, at Fulton and Chestnut streets. The train, which consisted of three cars, jumped the track at a switch, and the first two cars remained on the elevated structure, while the rear car fell into the street.

VIOLA ALLEN WAS MARRIED IN AUGUST.

New York, Jan. 19.—That Viola Allen, the actress, has been the wife of Peter Duryea, a well known horse owner, since last August, became known here today. Mr. Duryea and Miss Allen were married at Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16 last. Friends who made the announcement of the marriage today said that it had been kept a secret up to this time because of Miss Allen's professional engagements for this season.

WEST BELFAST CAPTURED BY IRISH NATIONALIST.

London, Jan. 29.—The most interesting feature of today's election returns was the capture of West Belfast by an Irish Nationalist, Joseph Devlin. Belfast has been a Unionist stronghoid from time immemorial, with the exception of a few years when the seat now won by Devlin was held by Thomas Sexton.

Twelve Liberal and two Labor gains were announced today as the result of yesterday's elections. The totals now are: Liberals, 218; Unionists, 94; Irish Nationalists, 79; Laborites, 37.

Among the candidates at today's elections are John Dillon, the distinguished Irish Nationalist, and Lord Willoughby Deeresby, who married in December last Miss Aloise Breeze of New York.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Neckar, Bremen, Republic, Genoa, Majestic, Liverpool and Queenstown. Sailed: La Savoie, Havre, Heiligolav, Christiana, Copenhagen, etc.

Liverpool—Arrived: Cedric, New York via Queenstown.

Glasgow—Arrived: Hibernian, Portland.

London—Arrived: Marquette, Philadelphia for Antwerp.

Queenstown—Sailed: Arabic, (from Liverpool) New York.

Marseilles—Arrived: Algeria, New York for Naples, etc.

Genoa—Arrived: Celtic, New York via St. Michaels and Gibraltar for Naples and Alexandria.

Liverpool—Arrived: Lake Manitoba, St. John, N. B. Manxman, Portland for Bristol.

Genoa—Sailed: Nordx Amerika, New York.

Copenhagen—Sailed: United States, New York.

HongKong—Arriver: Empress of India, Vancouver via Yokohama, etc.

Board Takes Printing Bids.

The board of water and light commissioners met yesterday afternoon and received bids for the printing of the forthcoming annual report of the water department, which is likely to be presented to the city council by next Monday evening. The department called for bids for a publication of not less than forty pages and the bids submitted were as follows: Merritt & Hector, $1.25; J. L. Thwing, $1.49, and the Christie Printing & Lithographing company, $1.55 a page.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN

Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.

There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 160 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.

Open all the year. Write for booklet.

EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

KEPT THEM SINGING.

Modern Society: The bishop of Llandaff at Newport mislaid his robes and had to preach without them, and elsewhere a clergyman forgot that he had undertaken to conduct the service, which was consequently dispensed with.

But in neither case did the people suffer from clerical remissness, like a Scottish congregation mentioned in his reminiscences by Sir Archibald Geikie, who tells how the minister neglected to bring the manuscript of his sermon and had to make time to go home, a mile off, and fetch it. Almost distracted, he gave out the 119th Pslam, and directly the congregation began to sing the first of the 176 verses, he rushed away to the manse, from which he by and by returned to the church breathless, finding the clerk waiting uneasily.

"How are you getting on?" he gasped. "Oh, sir," said the clerk, "they've got to the end of the eighty-fourth verse, an' they're cheepin' like wee mice!" The pious congregation was exhausted, but the situation was saved.

WRONG INFERENCE.

Prof. Barrett Wendell of Harvard lightened with an anecdote an English lecture, says the Los Angeles Times.

"There was a certain instructor," he said, "who was always impressing upon his students the need of perspicuity.

"A young man came to him one day to get an essay that had been submitted.

"'A very good essay,' said the instructor, as he returned the paper, 'but, Mr. Smith, you should write always so that the most ignorant person can understand every word you say.'

"The young man looked up anxiously.

"'What part of my essay was not clear to you, professor?' he asked."

MINNESOTA SOCIETY.

How to Fool a Lazy Liver with Artificial Exercise

EVERY serious Sickness has a small beginning.

And, in nine cases out of ten that small beginning is made in the Bowels.

Indigestion is the beginning of most diseases.

It paves the way for all others.

Lack of exercise, hasty eating, improper food, are its first causes.

Laziness, and postponement, permits it to grow into Chronic Constipation, which means life-long Discomfort.

It isn't necessary to be sick-a-bed, you know, in order to be mighty uncomfortable.

Even slight Indigestion affects the nerves, dulls the mind, and obscures the merry sunshine of Life.

And, Indigestion once started, grows fast, corrodes temperament, and discounts happiness, good cheer, capacity.

It does that long before it puts you on the Sick list.

Every thinking Doctor knows why.

* * *

Professor Rand knew it.

That's why he framed up for students his famous formula for Happiness, viz.: "Trust in God, and keep your Bowels open."

The Bowels need adjustment from time to time, just like a clock, or a watch.

No "Good time" is humanly possible without this.

And, the time to adjust the watch is not when it has run down, nor when the main spring is broken, but at the very minute adjustment is discovered necessary.

The time to adjust the Bowels is not merely when your Head Aches, when your Liver is Sick, your Stomach in Revolt, and Nature's Food Process retarded for 24 hours or longer.

The proper time to adjust them is the very minute you suspect they need adjustment.

—If your tongue is slightly coated,

—If your breath is under suspicion,

—If your Head feels a trifle heavy or dull,

—If digestion seems even a little slow,

—If Heartburn, Belching, Colic or Restlessness begin to show themselves,

—That's the time to eat a Cascaret.

* * *

Don't imagine the Cascaret is ineffective because it is pleasant to eat as Candy.

It acts as pleasantly as it tastes. It is as congenial to your Bowels as it is to your Palate.

It is not a "Bile-driver" which floods out your stomach today with fluid juices needed for tomorrow.

But, it acts like Exercise, instead.

It stimulates the muscular lining of the Bowels and Intestines, so that they mechanically digest food and drive out the waste.

* * *

The time to use a Cascaret is when you first suspect you need one.

The only way to have them ready to use precisely when you need them is to carry them constantly in your pocket, as you do a Watch or a Lead pencil.

The ten cent box of Cascarets is made thin, flat, round-edged, and small, for this precise purpose.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

* * *

FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed, GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX, hard-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the dressing table. Ten cents in stamps is asked as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets, with which this dainty trinket is loaded. 716

Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

COUGAR PLAYED WITH LAD.

Not Hurt by Animal, But is Frightened Into Hysterics.

Bellingham, Wash., Jan. 19.—The 10-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Glen lies in bed at home a few miles north of this city in a state of hysterical collapse as a result of an experience with a large cougar while returning home from school. According to the father, the child is alive probably because the animal was not hungry. For a quarter of a mile the creature followed him, purring and twinging his paws around the lad's body, as a cat plays with a kitten. At times the huge cat would lag behind a short distance. The lad ran toward home and screamed. When near the house his mother heard his cries. With broom in hand she rushed to the child and was horrified at the sight of the cougar. Making a dash at the animal, she frightened it away and hastened with the boy to the house, where he is still very ill.

COWBOY PIANIST

May Become United States Marshal of Oklahoma Territory.

Frederick, O. T., Jan. 19.—If John Abernathy, the wolf hunter who led the chase for President Roosevelt in the Kiowa and Comanche pasture last spring should become United States marshall of Oklahoma he probably would be the first cowboy pianist ever in public office in the territory. Abernathy devoted a number of years to the study of the piano, and is a player of considerable skill. His wife is a musician, and when 13 years old was awarded a medal at the Dallas (Texas) state fair as the best performer for her age in the Southwest.

Abernathy's desire to be a pianist led to his marriage. He was born in Bosque county, Texas, in 1876, and when a small boy went with his parents to a cattle ranch ten miles south of Sweetwater, on Bitter creek, where he says he made a "full hand" as a cow puncher when he was 8 years old. He lived there nine years and went to Waco. He had taken lessons on the piano when he lived on Battle creek, and at Galveston undertook to finish his musical education under Prof. Tallaferro. In the latter's household he met Tallaferro's niece, Miss Jessie Pearl Jordan. They soon became sweethearts, but against the wishes of the young woman's uncle.

One night they eloped, and were pursued by telegraph into Northern Texas. Five minutes after their marriage at Cleburne an officer tapped Abernathy on the shoulder and said that he "was wanted" at Galveston. Abernathy replied that he had married Miss Jordan and that her uncle was simply wasting time and money looking for him. Abernathy never "finished" his musical education.

Abernathy lives on a claim near Frederick. He has been married ten years and has five children.

GIANT POLAR BEAR,

Who Lived Twenty-Nine Years in Captivity, Is Dead.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 19.—"Jack," Polar bear, the largest animal of his species in captivity and the pride and patriarch of the Zoological garden, is dead at the Zoo at the age of 9 years and 7 months. Surrounding his cage when the end came were J. V. B. Scarborough, chairman of the animal committee; Supt. Stephan and a host of men and women who for years had known "Jack."

"Jack" came to the Zoo May 17, 1876, when but 2½ years old. He was secured from a collector in Germany, who had raised him. He grew rapidly in the garden, and his normal weight was 1,000 pounds, but he lost flesh rapidly during his final illness, which was diagnosed as old age, and just previous to his death weighed only 320 pounds.

Experts declare that "Jack" was the oldest of his species in captivity at the time of his death, and the largest Polar bear ever known to have been exhibited at a zoological garden or in a circus. His skin will be mounted and presented to Cincinnati university.

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous and troubled mentality, upsets the entire physical system. The body is a net-work of nerves. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and rebuilds the entire system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

SMART OLD WOMAN

At 102, Keeps House and Easily Does Own Work.

Nevada, Mo., Jan. 19.—Mrs. Ellen Ensley of this (Bates) county will, on Feb. 4, celebrate her 102d birthday. She is, perhaps, the oldest woman in the state. Having lived in Bates county 37 years, she is its oldest resident.

She is a typical Missourian of the old days and knows how to make "soft soap," hominy and such things "soft which the later generation knows little.

She is healthy and active, and does her own housework, keeping house for her son, who is past 60 years of age.

Grandma—as she is called by her friends—was born in Kentucky. She received a good education for the early period, and she has improved this greatly by much reading. She is well posted on current topics. She takes much interest in national and state affairs.

She is known personally by almost every resident of Bates county. She is very active for a woman of her advanced age.

GIANT FORGETS HIS SIZE AND IS KILLED.

Oakland, Cal., Jan. 19.—Because he forgot that he was a giant, W. H. Hartrock, who was employed at the California Ice Co., was killed. Hartrock, whose height was 6 feet 7 inches, stood erect in a freight elevator early in the morning. While he was explaining something about the machinery to a fellow workman, the elevator gradually approached the top of the shaft, where the crossbeam and the framework come together. Suddenly Hartrock's head was caught in the grasp of the huge framework and the crossbeam and crushed. Death occurred instantly.

WINTER ECZEMA SKIN HARD AND DRY

Some skin diseases are active in Summer, while others wait until cold weather to manifest themselves. Winter Eczema sleeps in the system through the long hot months, and gives no sign of its presence; but at the coming of Winter the trouble asserts itself and it becomes one of the most painful and distressing of all skin diseases. The blood is filled with poisonous acids which seem to be excited by the cold; and as these are thrown off through the pores and glands, the skin cracks and bleeds, the flesh becomes hot and feverish and the itching intense. The natural oils which keep the skin soft and pliant are dried up by the cold, bleak winds, causing it to become hard and dry, giving it that shiny, leathery appearance, characteristic of the disease. The head, face, hands and feet are the usual points of attack, though other parts of the body may be affected. So painful and distressing is the trouble that the sufferer constantly "doctors" and treats it trying to get relief. Soothing washes, medicated ointments and salves are used, but aside from giving temporary relief they do no good. The cause is poisonous acids in the blood, and these must be removed before a cure can be effected. The only cure for Winter Eczema is S. S. S., the greatest of all blood purifiers. It cleanses the entire blood supply of the acrid poisons and sends a fresh, healthy stream to the diseased skin, healing and softening it and curing the painful, itching eruptions. S. S. S. enters the blood and purifies it of all waste and foreign matter, and cures Winter Eczema—or Tetter as it is sometimes called—safely as well as surely; besides it does not contain any harmful mineral to derange or damage any part of the system. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice you need, free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE.

PERVASIVE WITH KISSES

Was Dr. Nichols Charged With Mailing Improper Letters.

Defendant Hears His Love Letters Read in Court.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 19.—The taking of testimony in the trial in the federal court here of Dr. Charles A. Nichols on a charge of sending by mail an improper letter to Mrs. Susan A. Day has been concluded.

Dr. Nichols answers in rebuttal of the charge that he and Mrs. Day are man and wife under the common law. He testified that standing before a picture of her dead son Frank they agreed to take each other for better or for worse, asking each other the questions which are ordinarily asked by the minister. He declares that he and Mrs. Day lived together at Louisville, Ky., and later at Urbana, the home of her parents.

Mrs. Day denies the assertions of Dr. Nichols and repels strongly his claim to being her husband. Mrs. Day is wealthy, possessing much real estate. She sued some time ago in the circuit court to restrain Dr. Nichols from claiming to be her husband, and was granted the injunction. This action was taken to clear the cloud his claim placed on her real estate titles. The husbands signature and consent are necessary to every real estate transfer by a wife. To legally preserve the integrity of a title, it is necessary to make constant opposition to a constant reiteration, and Dr. Nichols has been making constant public declaration of his relations with his claim.

Depositions of servants and others were read before the jury.

Before retiring at night, the depositions stated, Dr. Nichols would kiss Mrs. Day, that he would kiss her mother, and on one occasion, it was declared, he even kissed the negro housemaid.

The doctor was under cross-examination for six hours. On the cross-examination the alleged attempt which Mrs. Day once made to shoot him, his love and courtship, his marriage, and how and where he and Mrs. Day lived, were reviewed in detail.

The witness declared that he did not mean the letters sent to Mrs. Day as a threat. Relative to the shooting, he said that Mrs. Day fired five shots at him from the house, and that he was not armed.

"All I did," he said, "was to fold my arms and to say something about shooting ahead. I didn't care at that time whether or not I was killed."

After the cross-examination was concluded witnesses were put on the stand in rebuttal. Royal Wright of Urbana, son of Judge Francis M. Wright, who at one time was counsel for Mrs. Day, testified that Dr. Nichols came to him with a proposition. He said the doctor offered to settle the trouble between him and Mrs. Day for $2,000 and that he would allow Mrs. Day to obtain a divorce from him.

Samuel Neff, a dective from Chicago, who was employed to see that Dr. Nichols did not interfere with Mrs. Day after the injunction had been granted, was on the stand and told of watching the house.

During the morning Dr. Nichols heard old love letters read to him. The letters were the same as those read in court at the opening of the case. Assistant United States Attorney Converse read them, sentence by sentence, and asked Nichols what his feelings were when he wrote the words.

GIRL'S WORK THAT OF DEAD FIANCE

Attending Funeral Instead of Wedding, She Studies for Pulpit.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—There is a pathetic story in the life of Miss Helen Gertrude Rumsey, the magnetic young evangelist, who is assisting the Rev. Dr. Babcock in the special services at St. Stephen's Methodist Episcopal church, Georgetown avenue, above Manheim street.

Miss Rumsey is not yet 25 years old, so that all her girlish charms remain to heighten the effect of the womanly dignity and solemnity that a great sorrow brought to her.

When she was still in her teens and attending the Falls Institute, at Herkimer, N. Y., Miss Rumsey was engaged to a young divinity student. They were to be married before their graduation.

Her wedding clothes had been prepared, the feast ordered and all arrangements made for the marriage when the theologue died suddenly. On the day that was to have been their wedding day, she followed him to his grave.

Soon after that she entered college to fit herself for the pulpit, in order that she might take up the work for which her fiance was preparing when he died. In the short time that she has devoted to evangelism she has acquired a remarkable reputation, so that her time has been taken up for a year in advance.

She conducted many services last summer in the camp-meeting grounds at Pitman Grove and Ocean Grove. Large crowds attend all her services in St. Stephen's church.

WIFE REPULSES HER HUSBAND IN COURT.

Mt. Carmel, Ill., Jan. 19.—A heartrending scene took place at a divorce trial here. The man and woman in the case—Mr. and Mrs. T. Whitefield—had lived for many years together and reared a large family.

All the children were present in court, when the judge urged the parents to be reconciled and go back to their home.

At the suggestion of the attorney, the husband went over to his wife and offered her his hand, as a sign of his willingness to make up. But the woman ignored him with scorn. She began to implore the judge to let her have some of the children.

"I will never live with that man again," she said. "I would rather die in the poorhouse than be his wife."

The children of the unhappy couple began to sob, and the audience was deeply moved. The court took the case under advisement.

DIES OF BROKEN HEART.

Milan, Mo., Jan. 19.—Taking a last look at her dead mother, Mrs. J. H. Wilhite died of heart failure. Mrs. Wilhite was very much attached to her mother, Mrs. Nancy Ross, and the death of the parent is said to have broken the daughter's heart.

HOPE TO SEE REAL FIGHT

Pedestrians Annoyed at Dog Feud Which is So Tame.

They Rubber for Years at the Same Two Dogs.

For several years pedestrians along Superior street have been waiting for two dogs to get together and give a real exhibition of fighting—as only two bulldogs can. Unless they get together and furnish the real thing, some citizens may become so disgusted that they will in some way or another inconvenience both animals.

One is a big brown muscular bulldog and is employed as aide on the staff of a delivery man for a dye house. The other animal is a white bull and hangs out on Superior street, between Second and Third avenues west. It does not seem to have any regular occupation, like many of the young men who stand around in front of the saloons in that block.

Associated with the brown bulldog in the chaperonage of the dye works wagon is a snippy little mongrel, which runs ahead of the wagon and barks. He is as mouthy as a prize fighter and a sort of general promoter for the brown bull.

Perhaps it should have been stated here that the mongrel was associated with the bulldog because he is hardly in the same class with that animal. He is merely a sort of understudy and traveling companion for the brown bull.

It chances that every day about noon the dye works wagon goes down Superior street toward the East end and the establishment itself. Just as regularly as the days come around the dirty white bulldog rushes madly out from some saloon door and attacks the peaceful canine Hercules underneath the dye wagon. A running skirmish ensues. The little mongrel prances around and barks delightedly.

No matter how many times people have seen the occurrence, they always stop to watch the skirmish. There is always the hope that some day there will be a real good dog fight and they will be amply rewarded for their rubbering. Many sportively inclined persons would like to see the animals stop their snapping and yipping and give a real scrap before a select crowd.

It is said that the dogs have been sparring back and forth for several years but nothing exciting has ever come off between them.

BRIDE KIDNAPED; HE ASKS $10,000

Father and Father-in-Law Charged With Breaking Up Home.

Paducah, Ky., Jan. 19.—Capt. Poat, a prominent farmer of St. John's section, a few miles south of Paducah, filed suit against his father, Anthony Poat, and his father-in-law, John Younker, for $10,000 damages on the charge of alienating his wife's affections. He married in June, Rosa Younker being his bride. While away from home several months later, he alleges in the petition, his father and his wife's father went to his home, carried his wife away and compelled her to live with her father.

Since that time, he claims, they effected an alienation of affection.

The suit has created a great deal of interest.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment---They Look for Something Else to Do.

The broad-gauged man of today does not get blue just because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it, has either a small nature of some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity—resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected, prove beyond the shadow of a doubt their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are Nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and posses the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hinderance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves but made the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tables. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it, their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact you forget you have a stomach when you begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box.

WHAT THE NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY STANDS FOR

—The scientific, reconstructed baking industry, whereby the goodness and nutrition of Biscuit and Crackers have been marvelously enhanced.

—The new method of protection by which all dust, dirt and moisture are completely excluded from the package and the freshness and goodness of its contents are carefully preserved.

This is the trade mark which appears in red and white on each end of the package as an absolute pledge both of the quality of the baking and the purity of the packing.

For example try **Graham Crackers**—so different from the ordinary graham crackers—different in baking—different in flavor—different in packing. More palatable—more satisfying—more nutritious. Made of the purest Graham flour and baked in a manner understood only by the National Biscuit Company.

WAR OPENED ON TIGHTS

Chorus Girl of Billboard Attacked in Kansas City.

School Boys' Exclamations Cited as Proof of Suggestiveness.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 19.—Inspectors from the city building department will look judicially at the pictures of show girls in tights on public view, and particularly will they scan the gaiety girl astride a champagne bottle, and the two statuesque poses of Pauline Hall, who recently played an engagement at the Willis Wood theater. The gaiety girl and Miss Hall were specifically named in the complaint filed with Supt. of Buildings Edwards by Mrs. H. J. Bone and Mrs. W. W. Cook, representing the Central union of the W. C. T. U., and protested against as being immoral and in violation of the bill-board ordinance prohibiting the exhibition of indecent pictures.

"If it is found the pictures complained of are immoral the offenders will be arrested," said Supt. S. E. Edwards. "The ordinance is a law, and I will see that it is rigidly enforced, so far as this office is concerned."

Members of the W. C. T. U. are aroused over the display of feminine beauty in tights advertising local playhouses, and intend exercising closer scrutiny in the future to see that nothing offensive is swabbed with the billposter's brush and stuck up for the world to see. Mrs. Cook and Mrs. Bone, the latter state superintendent of the humane work of the organization, have the matter actively in charge, and appeared before Supt. Edwards to make complaint.

"It is horrible, horrible," said Mrs. Cook, "that such pictures should be permitted for a moment. They are very suggestive of evil. We know of many instances where children have been attracted by these indecent pictures, and even kindergarten teachers have protested against them being on view for their very young pupils to see. I don't believe in any picture of a man or woman being displayed where the young can see it that is attired in any other costume than one perfectly proper to be worn on the streets."

Mrs. Bone was equally outspoken and indignant. She admits that liberty is permitted in art, but declares that where the only possible suggestion can be revelry and worse the line of decency is overstepped.

"The pose of the pictures, the women in tights and short skirts, and the title of the plays, taken together are offensively suggestive," said Mrs. Bone. "There is no possible artistic interpretion. Young school boys have been seen admiring pictures of these women in tights, and have been overheard to say: 'Ain't she a peach? I'd like to see her.'

"Take the picture of the girl and the champagne bottle which has shocked almost everyone who has seen it. The wine bottle suggest revelry of a bacchanalian variety, and the girl figure certainly is in keeping with the suggestion. Everything depends on the story a picture illustrates. For instance, there was a group in the Fine Arts building at the St. Louis Exposition of 'Cain Fleeing From the Wrath of God.' The figures were nude, but the despair and fear wrought in the face of Cain by the sculptor made it a strong, forceful lesson, and the suggestion which came from looking upon it was similar to a vigourous, impressive sermon.

"Where would you draw the line? Are all displays of the female figure in other than conventional costume to be censored? Are evening gowns showing the physical beauty of women less suggestive than abbreviated skirts of bathing suit length, or less?

"I do not think decollete gowns immodest, as worn by the majority of women. The extremes of the minority indicate a nature that would not balk at tights. But modesty in a right-minded woman surely forbids displaying that portion of the figure shown in tights. Take the picture of Pauline Hall. The tights are everything. This feature is made to stand out so that nothing else in the picture appeals. We specified the pictures of this actress and the girl and the champagne bottle because they are types of what we believe should be suppressed."

Superintendent of Buildings Edwards refused to commit himself as to the dividing line between the permissible and the offensive.

BRIDEGROOM STOLEN.

Peoria, Ill., Jan. 19.—Mandel Meyers, a prominent young man of this city, was the victim of a great joke when several of his club fellows kidnaped him and carried him off to the club rooms. Meyers had just been married and it was during the reception which followed that the clubmen got in their work. He was returned in time for the dancing, which followed the reception.

WEALTH IN MUSH.

Five Thousand Dollars a Year Easy, If People Buy.

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 19.—A new enterprise has been evolved at Wayne, Neb. It is a mush-wagon business. To make a living by selling mush from a wagon, just as the milkman makes a living and puts money in the bank by selling milk twice each day, is the unique scheme of Sam Davies, who has made arrangements to start out with his wagon in real earnest.

There are 400 families in Wayne, and Davies figures that every one of them would be glad to purchase a quart or two of mush every day—one quart for supper and another to fry for breakfast. He says there are 32 quarts of meal in a bushel and that 50 bushels of meal will make 3,000 quarts of mush; that 50 bushels of meal can be bought for $25 and that he can sell 800 quarts of mush per day at 5 cents per quart, giving him $40 a day for his work and expense of delivering. As mush could be used half the year, he figures he can make $5,000 to $6,000 yearly out of the business.

INDIANA BELLE EXPOSES A MAN

Who Misrepresented Himself as a Wealthy Man's Son.

Shelbyville, Ind., Jan. 19.—The identity of a young man who won the heart of beautiful Rachel May Mohr, under a supposedly assumed name, remains a mystery.

He is still locked up in the Shelby county jail, unable to furnish a bond of $1,000.

He gave his name as Harry L. Amsden, and posed for six months as the son of Charles E. Amsden, a wealthy cattle breeder of Waldron, Ind.

Two days before the wedding date the young woman says she learned, to her intense chagrin, that the young man was an impostor, and she planned his arrest, which took place in the office of County Clerk Sullivan when the couple went there with the young woman's parents to obtain a marriage license.

"Are you the son of Charles E. Amsden, the wealthy cattle breeder of Waldron, as stated in this application?" was asked by the clerk.

"I am," replied the young man.

"Sheriff Newton," said the clerk, addressing that county official, who stood near, "arrest that young man for false personation."

The young man protested, declaring that he was not an impostor.

"Then, we will see if you know your own father," said the clerk, as he pointed to a group of men, among them Charles E. Amsden, "which of those men is your father?"

The young man could not say. He was led out of the room and locked up in the jail.

Miss Mohr met the young man at a county fair six months ago. He was introduced to her as Harry L. Amsden of Waldron, the son of Charles E. Amsden, who was known by reputation to the young woman and her parents.

How the courtship went on until the arrest, without the deception having been discovered by the young women or her parents, has excited much wonder. Had not the young man inadvertently issued 50 wedding invitations, which let his secret out, he might today be the husband of the young woman.

May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs Jennie Duncan of Haynesville, Me., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of Chronic Dyspepsia of twenty years' standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver diseases, Blood disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all drug stores. Price only 50c.

BOYHOOD HOME FOR BLACKBURN

Senator's Aid to Friend Returned in Time of Need.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Senator "Joe" Blackburn of Kentucky, although defeated for re-election to the United States senate, has had his future provided for through the generosity of a friend of his youth. The senator has been in public life 25 years, but in all that time has had only his salary. Because of his rugged honesty he has refused opportunities to make money which came to him in his official position.

When Senator Blackburn's father died he left him land in Woodford, Ky. This is so valuable that it has always been referred to as "Woodford county land" the same as "government bonds." It is in the very center of the stock-raising section. Like all young men of his time, Senator Blackburn began spending his money.

He married and built for his bride an ideal country home on this estate. It was bought in by Frank Harper, the well-known breeder of race horses, the owner of Longfellow, whose famous stock farm adjoined the Blackburn home. Harper never used the place. He stocked it and took the greatest care of it. Senator Blackburn was in a position in his earlier days to do many favors for Mr. Harper.

Frank Harper died last summer, and when his will was probated a short time ago it was found he had deeded back to Senator Blackburn during his life, the house he had built for his bride and fifteen acres of land. On the death of Senator Blackburn the estate is to pass in fee simple to Lucille Lane, the little granddaughter of Senator Blackburn. This child is the daughter of Senator Blackburn's daughter, Lucie, who married a New Jersey man named Lane, who afterward committed suicide.

The estimated income from the farm is $2,500 a year, and Senator Blackburn, who is almost 70 years old, and his second wife will be enabled to live in comfort for the remainder of their lives, knowing, too, their little granddaughter is provided for.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD



APPLIED AS A COLD CREAM ACTS AS A MEDICINE.

Wherever applied, its healing and nourishment is instantly absorbed by the pores. It strengthens and builds up the tissues underlying the skin and Firm, Healthy Flesh is the result.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD is no new experiment. It has been in use for more than fifty years and during that time thousands of women and men have used it with entire satisfaction.

That it is not to be classed with "Cold Creams" and other things of like superficial potency is proved by the fact that it is prescribed by leading physicians and used in hospitals for the nutrition of invalids whose stomachs are too weak to digest food.

DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD should be used by every woman who has the least desire to be attractive. It is the only preparation that will round out hollowed, thin cheeks or scrawny neck with **Firm, Healthy Flesh** and **Remove Wrinkles** from the face and hands, no matter how deep the furrow.

FOR DEVELOPING THE IMMATURE BUST or to make the breast firm, large and beautiful nothing can equal it. To prevent the breasts from shrinking, after weaning baby, mothers should always use **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD.** It will also restore a bosom to its natural contour and beauty lost through nursing and sickness.

ON SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

SPECIAL OFFER. The regular price of **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD** is **$1.00 a box,** but to introduce it into thousands of new homes we have decided to send Two (2) boxes to all who answer this advertisement and send us $1.00. All packages are sent in plain wrapper, postage prepaid.

FREE. A Sample Box—just enough to convince you of the great merit of **DR. CHARLES FLESH FOOD**—will be sent free for 10 cents, which pays for cost of mailing. With this sample we will also send you our illustrated Book, "Art of Massage," which contains all the proper movements for Massaging the face, neck and arms and full directions for developing the bust. Address

DR. CHARLES CO., 108 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK.

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BIGELOW'S SILENCE.

In attempting to make Poultney Bigelow, the magazine writer whose strictures on conditions in the Panama canal zone aroused something of a sensation, tell the source of his information, the senate committee on interoceanic canals is barking up the wrong tree.

It can make no possible difference who told Mr. Bigelow the stories he published in his magazine article, and if he got his information in confidence he would not be justified under any circumstances in divulging the names of those who confided in him.

The only question is whether or not the stories are true. Secretary Taft, to whom the president referred the matter, has issued a statement claiming that they are false. Bigelow sticks to his charges, and asserts that they are entirely true. If he is right it is very important, and it should be made clear. If he is wrong, and has made sensational charges based upon insufficient investigation, that is important, too, and should be made evident in the interests of harmonious and peaceful canal construction.

But Bigelow is absolutely right in refusing to tell the names of his informants, if, as he says, they gave their information in confidence and it would be damaging to them to have the fact that they had talked made public. Incidentally he gives the administration a gentle left-handed poke when he says that if the names were known the displeasure of the administration would be exhibited in such manner that their reputations would be worth nothing after the official replies should be concluded.

While there is no legal sanction for it now, magazine writers and newspaper men are in the habit of respecting confidences, and treating information given them in that manner as sacredly as a lawyer treats his talks with his clients or a priest preserves the confessions he receives. The lawyer and the preacher are protected by law from being compelled to divulge such secrets. The newspaper men are not, but they keep their counsel just the same, and most of them would go to jail for contempt of court before they would violate such confidences.

In a work so great as that of building the Panama canal, the greatest danger is from the insidious influences of graft. The best possible protection from this influence is an ample and enlightened publicity. While the publication of false charges for the mere purpose of creating a sensation should be frowned upon and properly punished, no attempt should be made to curb the fullest publicity of canal affairs.

CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS.

There is now before congress a measure which provides for publicity of all contributions to national campaign funds.

The measure, which was introduced by Representative McCall of Massachusetts, has the endorsement of Grover Cleveland, and it is in line with the recommendations of President Roosevelt in his message to the present congress. It is in accord, too, with the tendency of public sentiment on this subject.

It should by all means be passed.

Heretofore there has been only such publicity attendant upon campaign contributions as circumstances have forced. The life insurance investigations brought out the fact that the three great life insurance companies that were bound up through their officers with the manipulators of high finance had contributed largely to campaign funds. They had no right to do so, because they used money that was held in trust for the policyholders, but had it not been for the publicity attendant upon the investigation, probably the public would never have known anything about it. The lips of the treasurers of the great political parties are sealed. They have accepted immense contributions, but the people know nothing of their size or of their source.

From the little they know about it they can surmise that a very large proportion of the funds came from great corporations that have no direct interest in political parties except for what they can induce these parties to do for them. Generally, what they want from the parties is special privileges that will give them the power to plunder the people. They have given their money, and the natural inference is that they have received what they wanted.

With publicity of campaign contributions, there should be an end to this. It is through the great parties that the great interests have worked toward the practical enslavement of the people, who have submitted through the habit of acting upon blind partisanship, and the parties have been purchased by campaign contributions, a process which went on under cover. The requirement of publicity, if properly enforced, would shut off these contributions and force the parties to turn to the people for support, and the support of the people should be the only support permitted a political party.

It is to be hoped that congress will pass the bill, and that it will be effectively enforced.

CONFESSION OF GUILT.

What does the attitude of the officers of the Standard Oil company toward legal investigations mean?

H. H. Rogers, brought to the witness stand to testify in the case of the state of Missouri against his oil trust, refused to tell anything, and insolently rebuffed every attempt on the part of the attorney general of Missouri to extract information pertinent to the case.

John D. Rockefeller, head of the Standard Oil company, has been dodging subpoenas in the case, slinking about from place to place as a thief might sneak through an alley to escape a policeman.

Other minor officers of the Standard Oil company, in faithful imitation of their superiors, have flatly refused to talk on the witness stand, and have gone about in gum shoes for fear their footsteps would attract the ear of some officer carrying a subpoena.

What does all this mean? Can it be construed into anything else but a tacit, though reluctant, confession of guilt?

Would an innocent man refuse to frankly answer questions put to him touching a criminal prosecution in which he stood accused? Would a man who had nothing to fear from the law slink about the face of the earth to escape being compelled to go into a law court and give testimony? It is very improbable.

So accustomed have Standard Oil company employes become to dodging the law, to breaking it ruthlessly in the prosecution of their schemes of plunder, and to bidding it defiance, that they now act as though they considered themselves above and beyond the law's reach. As a Vanderbilt once said, "The public be damned," now the Standard Oil crowd are saying, "The law be damned," and they are treating it with the contempt they have always shown it and its creators, the people.

If they did not believe they were safe in doing this, they would not do it. There is warrant for their confidence. They believe the punishment for crime is a question of the degree of the crime. Beyond a certain point crimes become too big to be punished, and the criminals are safe. So think the Standard Oil people. The question now to be decided is whether or not they are right.

Are they greater and more powerful than the law and the people? This issue should be decided promptly. The people would like to know, and probably the Rockefellers and Rogerses may have some faint curiosity about having the question definitely settled.

MINNESOTA RATE REGULATION.

Senator Nelson has had compiled and published as a senate document some interesting data on the workings of the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission law. Since the Minnesota commission has been doing for years substantially what the government is seeking to have the interstate commerce commission do, the compilation is very timely and valuable.

The Minnesota commission was created by the act of March 5, 1885, and by the act of March 7, 1887, it was given rate-making power in cases where complaint was made. By the act of March 22, 1897, the commission was given power to move on its own initiative where good grounds existed, a power in advance of that sought for the interestate commerce commission.

The commission has considered and disposed of thirty-four cases upon complaints made by shippers or in their behalf. Relief was granted in twenty-five of these cases by mutual agreement with the railroads, without the entry of a formal order. In six cases orders reducing and fixing rates were made, and three of these were appealed to the courts. One was reversed in the district court for defect of parties; one was appealed to the district court and then the state supreme court and reversed in both cases, but in the meantime the railroads had made a reduction even lower than that originally ordered; the third case was appealed clear up to the supreme court of the United States, and the order of the commission sustained in every court. In one complaint the relief was denied, and in two cases the complaints were withdrawn.

In addition to this the commission informally and on its own initiative, by mutual agreement with the railway companies, brought about a reduction of rates in eleven cases. In five cases the railroads made application for leave to raise rates, and in three of them, all coal cases, the relief was granted in whole or in part to conform with the rates on other roads. One was a lumber case, where the matter was amicably adjusted betwen the shipper and the road, and the fifth was a livestock case where the relief asked for was denied.

This is very good evidence, and is commended to the attention of railroad officials and railroad advocates who have been proclaiming the horrible results that would come from government interference with the rate-making power. In Minnesota the people have secured relief when it was asked for and was needed, and in no instance have the railroads been oppressed.

THE FIELD SURVEY

The "bear that walks like a man" has been acting more like a beast.

* * *

Naturally the Wall street brand of financier wonders what sheep were made for if not for shearing.

* * *

It is said that five generals have been killed in Santo Domingo. That comes of having more generals than private soldiers.

* * *

Geronimo, the Apache chief, has been married for the eighth time, at the age of 76. Beats all how the love of strife clings to the warrior's heart.

* * *

The New York Herald lifts its voice in the reform opera in a solo favoring the adoption of the metric system of weights and measures.

* * *

"How would it be to make many changes in the next legislature?" asks the Minneapolis Telegram. Respectfully referred to the Eveleth Star.

* * *

Secretary Taft has brought himself down under the 300-pound mark by riding horseback, but his heart and brain are as big as ever.

* * *

The new Minnesota code will not be printed when it becomes effective March 1, and the courts may have to guess at what the law is for a time. But there will be nothing new about that.

* * *

The editor of the Park Rapids Enterprise is certainly a patient and longsuffering man. He has been giving space to a voluminous dispute between two gentlemen over the Book of Mormon.

* * *

Mark Twain says "chauffeur" is no proper name for the man that runs an automobile, and he suggests "mahout," but the man run over by one has a lot of names for him that will not be repeated here.

* * *

A "Federation of Fools" has been formed in Chicago. Now listen a moment and you will hear rival cities telling what an admirable place Chicago is for starting such an organization.

* * *

Just about the time ex-Governor Van Sant was telling the people of Kansas that the eyes of the country were upon them, Governor Higgins was telling the New York legislature the same thing. Let's hope the country will not become cross-eyed trying to do all this.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"People in the theatrical business are credited, or discredited, whichever way you want to put it, with being superstitious to a greater or lesser degree," said C. E. Nally, with the "Sho-Gun" company, which will be at the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow night. He is registered at the Spalding.

"I have had a touch of it myself, but not lately," continued Mr. Nally. "I had a fellow traveling with me once who was the limit on the subject of superstition. I don't believe there is a man in this business who is naturally freer from the curse than I am, but that fellow worked me up until I haven't completely found myself since. When he was with me I was afraid to cross the street lest I run into a cross-eyed man, or walk under a ladder, for those were sure signs. Jim would say, of the worst sort of bad luck. I got so I was as careful about handling a mirror as a mother with her 2-months-old baby. I was afraid the mirror would break and that I would then be in for seven years of all kinds of trouble.

"To walk in front of a funeral procession was to court death, and the last thing I would do was raise an umbrella in the house. He told me I should never lay my hat on the bed if I didn't want to be in for a hard spell of sickness. He had me going so hard that if I caught anyone whistling in the dressing room I would have him thrown out of the window. This meant it was only a question of days until the show would close. According to Jim, if you were to take a drink with a friend and should accidentally spill some of the beverage on your clothes, that means you were in for a spell of breezy intoxication.

"Another pet idea of his was that, under no consideration after starting for a room were you to return for something forgotten. You were certain to be disappointed if you did. If you whistled or sang before breakfast, sorrow was sure to come before evening.

"Actually, the fellow had me so worked up I was on the verge of nervous prostration. I was constantly thinking of things I should do to bring good luck, and things I should avoid to spare myself bad luck. Finally we parted company, and it was a great relief, although, aside from his superstitions, he was a mighty good scout. Now when I hear a man speaking of a sign or an omen I instantly conclude there is something the matter with his digestive organs, or that he is cracked in his upper works. Still, it is hard to get some of those ideas out of my head that Jim spent so much time drumming in."

* * *

"Well do I remember the first fast ride I ever had on a locomotive, and it was when I was but a youngster," said O. D. Dougherty of Cleveland, Ohio, at the Lenox. "I was working on the Lake Shore railroad then, at Elkhart, Ind., as a telegrapher. There had been a wreck down the line about forty miles, and I was sent down with my instruments to cut in on the wires at the point where the wreck had occurred. I climbed into the cab of a freight engine and the engineer was ordered to cut her loose.

"And we did, for when we hit the first curve I thought sure that she was going straight into the fields, but, much to my surprise, she stuck to the rails. The engine went right along, and all I got for the fright that had made me spring to my feet was a laugh from the engineer. We made that forty miles in considerably less than an hour, which was going some for those days.

"Many changes are being made in the roads nowadays, and they are made absolutely necessary by reason of faster travel. The sharp curves that once did not bother the short locomotives and cars of years ago would now wreck a modern long engine and cars. So the crooked places are being made straight. Even at that it takes much courage on the part of engineers these days to make up the fast time required of them.

"I once knew an engineer who ran out of Elkhart, and who, if he left with his train late, say half an hour, would gain a little time between each station and gradually make up the half hour. The man who had the opposite run, an old freight engineer, would start with his train on time and would hold her right up to the dot. But let him get the train a bit late, and he would run behind and continue to lose time clear to the end of his run.

"The dispatcher called him in one day and asked him why he could not do better, and the old man said he simply couldn't do it because he lost his nerve when the train was late. He asked to be put back on the old freight run. So they did and he was satisfied. The fact of the matter is that an engineer has to run his train as much on his nerves as on orders, and in time he will simply become a bundle of nerves. Or I imagine that this must be true of some of them, at least."

* * *

At the Spalding—T. H. Lane, Boston; J. E. Bork, H. C. Smith, St. Paul; S. R. Gilmore, Waukesha, Wis.; I. N. Fox, Cincinnati; G. A. Morisy, Minneapolis; W. A. Collins, Chicago; E. Lewison, J. G. Hamilton, Minneapolis; F. F. Johnston, Chicago; R. B. Arlson, St. Paul; G. E. Hixson, Hibbing; Mr. and Mrs. J. Elesson, Wadena, Minn.; M. McDermott, Ashland; C. Grabowlsky, Ely; H. F. Prestin, Milwaukee; W. I. Russell, Bessemer, Mich.; H. R. Kelsey, Toledo, O.; F. T. Walker, Topeka, Kan.; Mrs. M. Read, Minneapolis; E. A. Campbell, St. Paul; F. N. Wilcox, Meriden, Ct.; W. A. Marr, Minneapolis; C. S. Howard, St. Louis.

* * *

At the St. Louis—A. B. Clair, Grand Rapids, Minn.; A. J. Chamberlain, Minneapolis; E. J. Boyle, Rush City, Minn.; P. A. Apollonis, Boston; D. N. McLeod, Wamburg, Mich.; H. G. Seeley, W. Carmichael, M. Carmichael, Clara Olstead, F. S. Colvin, Biwabik, Minn.; H. Miller, J. M. Dickey, St. Paul; A. J. Smith, Minneapolis; B. J. Nutter, Phillips, Wis.; E. J. Shaughnessy, St. Paul; W. Murray, S. Sax, Eveleth; J. Willis, St. Paul; C. W. Barlow, Chicago; A. G. Larson, Soudan, Minn.; D. B. Irwin, Minneapolis; A. A. Numis, St. Paul; J. Bingham, Two Harbors; T. Fitzgerald, Pine City, Minn.; M. H. Schussler, Floodwood, Minn.; C. C. McCarthy, Grand Rapids, Minn.; E. S. Shephard, Rhinelander, Wis.; I. Honecker, Lorain, O.; W. T. Berg, Milwaukee; W. Barker, Aitkin; W. Norten, Ewen, Mich.; E. J. Humphrey, Ewen; D. R. Howell, Minneapolis; Charlotte Whalen, Ft. William, Ont.

* * *

At the Lenox: A. D. McGilvra, Rochester; N. Barker, Minneapolis; E. A. Schneider, Bemidji; Miss Marguerite Cook Miss Blanche Dairo, Spokane, Wash.; Miss Annabelle Cox, Minneapolis; G. P. Spiler, Norway, Mich.; N. Ellis, La Crosse, Wis.; F. W. Radcliffe, W. H. Strobel, E. L. Holst, Dr. Evander, A. S. Hogh, Chicago; L. A. James, Minneapolis; H. Freidlander, San Francisco; R. W. Sture, Ely; Mrs. W. R. Crow, St. Paul; S. Blaum, E. H. Paull, Minneapolis; W. J. O'Brien, Jersey City; J. W. Marshall, Sandstone, Minn.; B. H. Ward, Fairmont, Minn.; A. P. Herscher, St. Paul; W. C. Sponutz, J. A. Flynn, Hibbing; F. Jensen, Kirkhaven, Minn.; D. N. McKenzie, Virginia; E. J. Robinson, Fallon, Nev.; S. R. Bobins, Minneapolis; P. R. Ricketts, Columbus, O.

* * *

At the McKay: C. E. Burgur, Devils Lake, N. D.; J. H. Cheshan, Cloquet; Dr. S. O. Arnold, St. Paul; R. J. Patrick, Eau Claire; Rev. L. Pritchard, Hibbing; J. Chimyar, Ely; D. A. Dickerson, Minneapolis; J. A. McLaggan, M. A. Carroll, St. Paul; D. F. McIntyre, Eveleth; T. L. Sorenson, Willmar, Minn.; Miss Jennie Myers, Virginia; J. Mills, A. D. Smith, Floodwood, Minn.; W. Wellwood, Ironwood; R. Johnson, Sault Ste. Marie.

Know Your Employes.

System: No employer can afford to neglect dismissing the incompetent man or to delay promoting the deserving. It is hard to say which of these mistakes is the more dangerous, for either will demoralize a good working force. Every man who has worked his way up from the ranks knows how disheartening it is to see an incompetent man kept on the payroll and perhaps promoted over the heads of the really capable.

As for competent men, they are assets too valuable in these days of keen competition for human ability to be lost to a rival firm through failure to recognize their value.

The Reason.

New York Sun: First College President—Having trouble obtaining gifts?

Second College President—Yes; so many financiers have taken to making restitution direct.

THE WEATHER

The weather does not appear inclined to clear up and settle down. It has been threatening more snow ever since yesterday noon, and unbroken clouds have covered the heavens. It has been mild and comfortable as to temperature, yet it has not warmed up enough to melt the snow and make it sloppy. This morning the mild, cloudy condition continued. Last night's coldest was 12 degrees, and yesterday's highest was 24 degrees. Snow is expected tonight and tomorrow, according to the local forecast, with colder weather tomorrow. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The western storm has greatly increased in strength and is central this morning over northwestern Wyoming. It is attended by rain or snow in the far west and mild temperatures from the Rocky Mountains to the western Mississippi Valley. This storm is followed by cold wave conditions in western Canada. The rapid easterly movement of this storm will be attended in this locality by snow, tonight and Saturday with colder Saturday."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	48	Medicine Hat	−6
Atlanta	46	Miles City	16
Battleford	−4	Milwaukee	30
Bismarck	2	Minnedosa	−2
Boston	32	Modena	36
Buffalo	24	Montgomery	58
Calgary	−20	Moorhead	6
Charleston	52	New Orleans	64
Chicago	28	New York	38
Cincinnati	28	Norfolk	40
Davenport	22	Northfield	16
Denver	28	North Platte	22
Detroit	28	Oklahoma	34
Devils Lake	8	Omaha	20
Dodge	40	Phoenix	42
Duluth	12	Pierre	26
El Paso	36	Pittsburg	30
Escanaba	20	Port Arthur	0
Galveston	60	Portland	32
Green Bay	26	Prince Albert	−16
Havre	4	Qu'Appelle	−10
Helena	22	Rapid City	38
Huntington	18	St. Louis	32
Huron	8	St. Paul	20
Jacksonville	60	San Francisco	46
Kamloops	18	Sault Ste. Marie	2
Kansas City	30	Shreveport	60
Knoxville	34	Spokane	16
La Crosse	26	Swift Current	0
Lander	36	Washington	32
Little Rock	50	Williston	−14
Los Angeles	58	Winnipeg	4
Marquette	22		

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Jan. 19.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Snow tonight and Saturday. Colder Saturday. Easterly winds shifting to brisk and high northerly Saturday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin: Probably rain or snow flurries tonight and Saturday. Warmer tonight. Colder in north and west portions Saturday afternoon.

Minnesota: Rain or snow tonight, with colder in west portion. Saturday snow and colder. Cold wave in west portion.

North Dakota and South Dakota: Snow and cold wave tonight and Saturday. Brisk to high northerly winds.

POINTED PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: "It seems Galley and his family have skipped town. What was responsible for their disappearance, do you know?"

"Trying to keep up appearances, I believe."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Your father thinks you'd make an engineer, eh?"

"Yes, sir, sir."

"Know anything about bridge work?"

"Yes, sir, I won $7 at it last night."

Chicago Tribune: "Obviously," said the lecturer, "what we need is a more elastic currency, for the reason—"

"Not me," interrupted the shabby man in the front row. "What I need is a more adhesive currency."

Whereat there was loud applause.

It appeared there were others.

Cleveland Leader: "What is it," demanded the preacher, "that brings the most comfort to a man in time of trial?"

"An acquittal," grunted Judge Grubbs, waking up suddenly.

Somerville Journal: Lawson—Bjones always thinks before he speaks, doesn't he?

Dawson—Yes, but then he doesn't always say what he thinks.

Cleveland Leader: Theo. Riser—A baby in the house is a perennial spring of joy.

Ben. Edict—That's just it—it never dries up.

Cleveland Leader: "Don't you ever have moments when you feel like doing something absolutely ridiculous?"

"Oh, yes. For instance, when you proposed to me the other day there was a minute when I had an insane impulse to accept you."

Washington Star: "You wouldn't think of watering your milk?"

"No," answered Farmer Corntossel. "The best I can do now is to capitalize my dairy business and water the stock."

Philadelphia Press: "What's the matter, dear," asked the doctor's wife, "are you worried about Mr. Poorley's case?"

"Yes," replied the doctor, despondently. "And is there no hope?"

"Very little. He says he doesn't expect to leave enough to pay more than one-third of my bill."

Chicago Tribune: The new teacher who had been engaged to take charge of the school in township No. 16 was consulting with the directors.

"With your permission, gentlemen," he said, "I should like to teach the children the metric system."

"Ef that's the system Tom Lawson's fightin'," spoke up Director Horneypaugh, loudly and emphatically, "I'm agin' it, by gum."

May Persist Too Long.

Springfield Republican: It is not exactly a confession of guilt which Standard Oil officials make in resorting to petty and contemptible methods to defeat a Missouri inquiry into the operations of the monopoly in that state, but it is a revealment of temper which angrily resents as an impertinence any assertion of the public authority in relation to the doings of this concern. This has long been the attitude of the Standard Oil ring, and there is a bare possibility that it may be persisted in too long for the happiest consequences to the Rockefellers and Rogerses.

Mr. McCall's Treason.

New York World: Representative McCall of Massachusetts warned his party yesterday that if the Republicans refused to revise the tariff a Democratic congress would be elected to do it. Just what punishment President Roosevelt, Senator Lodge and Speaker Cannon will mete out to the recalcitrant representative from Massachusetts remains to be seen, but red treason against the sacred Dingley schedules demands stern retribution.

Nothing!

One day they had a falling out
And played the game of sulk and pout;
And what do ye think 'twas all about?—
Nothing!

She went to ma's and meant to stay!
Which made his dinner late that day;
When she returned, what did he say?
Nothing!

Although he stayed out late that night
And drank a glass or two for spite,
What did she do to serve him right?—
Nothing!

Now ere the ending of the week
Each caught the other going to speak!
What better ending is to seek?—
Nothing!

Yet friends and neighbors were perplexed,
And some old ladies even vexed
To wait and find what happened next?—
Nothing!

—Puck.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1886.

***Articles of incorporation of the Duluth, St. Cloud & Denver railroad were filed with the secretary of state today.

***At St. Paul, Judge Nelson decided the case of Frederick Prentice vs. the Northern Pacific and the St. Paul & Duluth railroads in favor of the defendants. Prentice claimed title to a large portion of the city of Duluth by deed from an Indian chief.

***A Huron, Dak., dispatch says that the citizens there are taking active measures to secure a railroad direct to Duluth, with fair prospects of success.

***The election of the board of trade directors took place this afternoon, when the following ticket was elected without opposition: President, M. J. Forbes; vice president, C. D. Wright; directors for three years, John MacLeod, J. Q. Adams, B. R. Clarkson; committee on arbitration, J. Q. Adams, N. L. Lenham, A. Blakiston; committee on appeals, A. D. Thomson, C. H. Graves, W. T. Hooker; committe on inspection, F. S. Daggett, T. S. Olmstead, John Inglis, M. J. Davis, George Spencer. The young members would have been allowed fuller representation, but a large number were ineligible because they have not been a year in the board.

***Sheridan, late of the Wakefield house, is spoken of as the next man to take the West End hotel.

***A. B. Chase will soon pay a visit to the East.

***Fred Huntress returned from the Twin Cities this morning.

***R. Gillis has succeeded William Davenport as roundhouse foreman at Northern Pacific Junction.

***H. Charles Oswald of Oswald & Co. left yesterday for a few weeks' business trip over the Northern Pacific road.

***Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Henry, who are both so pleasantly remembered in social circles here, gave a brilliant ball last week in their spacious residence at the corner of Michigan avenue and Twenty-first street, Chicago. Mrs. Henry was assisted in the reception of the company by her sister, Mrs. T. W. Harvey, Mrs. Allen P. Houston and the Misses Norton of Louisville.

***Bredeson & Johnson announce that they have bought a half interest in the meat business of Andrew Ringsred & Co., at 101 First avenue east.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Northfield News: The young man who casts his first vote this year will surely have something more than party to look after. There will be a public policy backed by public sentiment, and it will win before the masses will be satisfied. The people will not stand for corporation dictation or rule, and it will be well for the corporations to see this in time to avoid embarrassing positions.

Little Falls Herald: It's great to talk reform of railroad abuses, and support for the legislature men who will do anything the railroads wish.

St. Cloud Times: Considering how many allowances a woman makes for her husband, it is scarcely more than fair that he should make her one a week.

Madison Independent Press: The political horizon is getting a little bit cloudy. There's a noble band of aspirants in sight who are willing to serve the state for the love of—what there is in the job.

Eveleth Star: Some of the South-country papers have unbended to the extent of admitting that Northern Minnesota is entitled to a place on the Republican state ticket.

St. Cloud Times: Taking railway passes from congressmen will amount to a reduction of salary. Isn't it unconstitutional to reduce a congressman's salary while he is in office?

Albert Lea Tribune: There is not at present a very strong array of candidates for the Republican nomination for governor, and the indications are that more will be needed if there is a very lively campaign.

Lake Crystal Union: President Roosevelt can depend on the support of the Democratic minority in congress for his democratic policies.—Albert Lea Standard.

This is more than he can depend upon with a class of trust-supporting Republicans.

Rush City Post: There are a hundred reasons why a woman should vote that cannot be applied to the colored race.

Albert Lea Standard: It is said that now at this late day the state board of railroad and warehouse commissioners have decided to investigate as to railroad rebates and discriminations. Certainly it is high time, and it is in order for the public to prod and shake up, if possible, the benumbed and hitherto hypnotized or incompetent and useless functionaries composing the board to do something.

Preston Times: The movement for an early convention is purely in the interest of harmony, the avoidance of strife, for more time for thorough organization and better chances of success at the polls. It is worthy of the careful consideration of all thinking Republicans.

Red Wing Republican: Publicity is the best panacea for many public ills. The newspaper is the best detective which the modern world knows.

Bigfork Settler: President Roosevelt will force the fight for rate reform and trust reform. If the plutocratic senate is obstinate, a new alignment of parties may be looked for. The great reform forces in the two old parties will, from force of interest and a common purpose, come together.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Either a woman doesn't trust her husband or wishes she could.

It's queer, but it's always the fat woman in a crowded car that has the most bundles.

A girl thinks heaven is something like a matinee, and a woman that it's like a nursery.

The less sense a man has the bigger bluff his wife puts up that she thinks he is a great man.

A man can never understand why a woman, after they are married, wants to sit so close; and she why he doesn't want to.

Bryan as a Factor.

Boston Herald: That William J. Bryan will return from a tour of the world a potent political force, and one to be reckoned with in the presidential election of 1908, is a fact which the other leaders of the Democratic party do not seem to fully realize. His absence from the country has caused his name to drop from the news, until his appearance in the Philippines brought him again to mind, and in a very suggestive way. From the meagre cablegrams it appears, first, that he is making a very careful study of "world politics" and conditions, and, second, that he is conducting himself in a manner to avoid even carping criticism.

What She Feared.

Utica, N. Y., Press: Speaking of the importance of putting the right boot on the right foot in public affairs, Congressman Towne tells the story of a society matron who was making arrangements for a reception: "Mother," said her daughter, "we had better hide all the umbrellas before the company comes." "Why, my child," replied the mother, "are you afraid somebody may steal them?" "No," answered the daughter. "I'm not afraid they will steal them, but they may recognize them."

Nobody Works But Father.

The family wished to ornament
Their high and cultured station,
And every one save Pa professed
A thirst for education.

Jack went to Pigskin institute,
The other teams all licking,
But somehow when it came to bills
'Twas Pa who did the kicking.

Clorinda went to cooking school
Compounded grub amazing.
But somehow when it came to dough
'Twas Pa who did the raising.

Tom to a business college went,
Financial ways divining,
But somehow when it came to checks
'Twas Pa who did the signing.

Kate took a high-toned boarding school
Sharp angles to diminish,
But somehow after she came out
'Twas Pa who saw his finish.

And Pa? He's plodding right along
And hasn't got much knowledge
In fact his standing is but this—
A senior in life's college.

—New York Sun.

Influencing the Court.

Des Moines Register and Leader: Harry Bulger, that dynamic comedian, has recently added to his repertoire of stories a new character vignette which has been received with laughter in the South.

It relates largely to a lawyer and a Jewish client during a civil action. The attorney, watching the evidence and the countenance of the impeccable judge, whose reputation for severity was well known in the district, whispered to his Hebrew client:

"It looks very bad. We are going to lose the case." Whereupon the client responded:

"Vell, I will send the judge a box of cigars."

"Great heavens, no! That would end it!"

The following day, much to the surprise of the plaintiff's attorney, the decision was rendered for his client. Meeting his Jewish friend later the lawyer exclaimed:

"By Jove, I cannot understand this decision. Beats anything I ever heard. Tell me, did you send the judge a box of cigars?"

"Certainly. Of course I did."

"What?"

"Yes, but I sent it with the card of the other fellow in it."

Mr. Rogers' Amusement.

New York Sun: The earnestness of Attorney General Hadley in the performance of duty seems to strike Mr. Rogers as the most humorous thing that has engaged his attention since he last sailed the seas in company with Mark Twain. Here is a lawyer lawyer come to the metropolis with the idea of extracting the truth from a director of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey! Mr. Rogers' attitude and answers reflect plainly—rather too plainly—the mood of immense merriment which the situation has produced in him and in his associates. In the role he is playing as a witness there is no attempt at the finesses of evasion, the subtleties of intellectual resistance, the refinements of contempt. It is comedy of the broadest kind, prompted by the irrepressible overflow of internal mirth.

It is possible for a witness in Mr. Rogers' position to overdo this sort of thing. We are strongly of the opinion that he is overdoing it now. If Mr. Rogers and his codirectors of the Standard Oil company and their able and multitudinous counsel apprehended more accurately the temper of the American people, who constitute the spectators at the present spectacle, there would be less buffoonery and more seriousness and decency in their demeanor toward the representatives of even distant law.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LYCEUM
SATURDAY MATINEE.
TONIGHT, SATURDAY MATINEE, NIGHT,
"The Hand That Cradles the Rocks Is One That Rules the World."
"THE SHO-GUN"
Night, 25c-$1.50. Matinee, 25c-$1.00.
Jan. 22-23—"County Chairman." Seats Saturday.
Jan. 25-27—"A Runaway Boy."

METROPOLITAN
Tonight and All Week, Including Saturday,
THE YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS
Bargain Matinee Today and Tomorrow. Big wrestling match tomorrow night!

DR. OTTO NORDENSKJOLD
the noted searcher for the South Pole, will deliver his celebrated lecture,
"TWO YEARS AMONG THE ICE IN SOUTH POLE REGIONS,"
profusely illustrated with stereopticon views, Saturday, Jan. 20, 8 o'clock p. m.
At Central High School Assembly Hall.
Tickets, 50c each. For sale at Lundberg & Stone's bookstore, 221 West Superior street.

Star Lecture Course
Friday evening, Jan. 19, First Methodist Church,
GOV. J. FRANK HANLY.
of Indiana.
Lecture: "The Patriotism of Peace."
Tickets for course of six, $2; single admission, 50c. Seats at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

GRAND CONCERT!
Jens Flaaten and the Third Regiment Band at the Lyceum Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in popular and classical numbers.
Get the band habit, it is one of those that the more you become addicted to it, the better off you are. Admission 25c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Fur-lined and Fur Coats at Cost

Store Open Saturday Night Till 10:30

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Any Suit or Overcoat in the Store for only . . .



$15

And when we give you your choice of any Suit of Clothes or any Overcoat for $15, we do exactly as we say, and offer for your selection the finest hand-tailored Suits and Overcoats in the country, notably the entire stock of L. Adler Bros. & Co. and Levy Bros. of Rochester, N. Y., Robert Wicks Co., Union Made Suits and Overcoats of Utica, N. Y., B. Kuppenheimer & Co., Strum Mayer & Co., and the Stratford System of Chicago, and David Adler & Co. of Milwaukee. The Big Duluth is not tied up to any Eastern clothing capitalist. We buy from nearly ALL the best clothing manufacturers in America and sell as we please. We are now pleased to give you the benefit of this great buying opportunity, for no matter how fine our stock may be, there's only one time to sell it—that's the season for which it is prepared. It is this good, old, fixed policy of the Big Duluth's that has made it what it is today—the Best Clothing Store at the Head of the Lakes.

$10.00 and $12.50 Suits and Overcoats for only . . . $8.50

$15.00 and $18.00 Suits and Overcoats for only . . . $9.85

Boys' and Children's Suits, Overcoats and Reefers Selling at a Reduction of 25%, 40% and 50%

Winter Underwear, Gloves, Sweaters, Flannel Shirts, Neckwear, Mackinaws, Sheep-lined Coats, Rubbers, Arctics

SIMILAR NAMES CAUSE OF GRIEF

Mother's Letter Received by Wrong Man Confuses Police.

Nevada, Iowa, Jan. 19.—A case of mistaken identity came near breaking up a family reunion here, when Mrs. Patrick Curtis and her four sons, just as they were to be seated at a family dinner, received a telegram from Grand Forks, N. D., announcing that another son, Tom, who was supposed to be working at Beloit, Wis., had been killed. A message was dispatched to a friend in Beloit, and as fast as the wire could carry the word back the family were apprised that Tom was alive and well.

Edward Curtis, who spent some time at Beloit, explains the matter by the fact that there was another Tom Curtis at Beloit who frequently got his brother's mail, and as a second telegram brought the news that a letter which the mother had mailed to the son, seven days previous, failed to reach him, it is altogether probable that the wrong man secured the letter and afterwards went over to Grand Forks, where he was killed. This letter, found in his clothes by the police, brought the word here.

WEDDING SECRET KEPT WHOLE YEAR

Aunt of Bride Witnessed Ceremony Revealed on Anniversary.

Shelbyville, Ind., Jan. 19.—Not until the first anniversary of their wedding, did the relatives and friends of a popular young couple of this county learn of their marriage, which occurred a year ago. Prof. Elmer Tucker, principal of the Mount Auburn schools, went to Lawrenceburg last January and there married Miss Jessie Rose, a teacher in the Marietta schools.

But one other person was present, an aunt of the bride. It was agreed between the parties that the marriage should remain a secret for one year. After the ceremony the young couple separated. Each went home and continued teaching school. Tucker made his regular Sunday evening calls to the home of Miss Rose and to all outward appearance the couple were merely sweethearts. Not even relatives suspected they were married. At one time last summer Prof. Tucker was confined to his bed at the home of his parents for several weeks with sickness and for a few days he was in a critical condition. Mrs. Tucker stayed at the Tucker home during her husband's illness, but she did not reveal the secret.

Tucker is 24 years old and his wife is 20.

IS VOTED UGLIEST MAN BY CITIZENS

Former Missouri State Senator Won From Hundred Candidates.

Louisiana, Mo., Jan. 19.—Hon. David A. Ball, former state senator, lieutenant governor and candidate for the Democratic nomination for governor, is the homeliest man in Louisiana.

This was decided in a week's contest by 711 votes, mostly cast by women, against John Harding, a dry goods clerk, who ran a poor second with 401 votes. The contest came to a close last night amid intense excitement, it being the general belief that the race was neck and neck.

At first Louisiana looked askance at the contest, not knowing just what spirit prompted it. There were only half a dozen votes cast Monday; Tuesday that number was tripled; Wednesday the store of L. M. Sickles, a stationer, who inaugurated the contest, was the scene of a pretty constant line of voters, and by Thursday nearly everyone in the little city was taking a vote.

The conditions were that no person could vote more than once a day. In all more than 2,500 votes were cast. E. E. Carson was third, with 376; more than 100 candidates received votes.

Senator Ball won largely on reputation established by himself and stoutly maintained on the political stump throughout Missouri for a quarter of a century. He has always insisted that for a genuine, irredeemable, indurated, fascinating, 20-karat ugliness, his face has no peer. People voted for him because they knew he regarded the contest good-naturedly and because they had come to consider his self-advanced claim as true.

Other candidates were regarded by Senator Ball as intruders, impostors, mere pretenders to the principality of ugliness.

The senator's lieutenants, working earnestly in his behalf, argued that he had to get up three times every night to rest his face; that when he walked along the street the pavements recoiled; that the abolition of capital punishment in Missouri had once been considered, with a view to substituting a day in a room with the senator, but had been abandoned as too cruel.

Workers for other candidates advanced arguments as specious. But the people refused to be persuaded from their allegiance to Senator Ball. They formed a line half a block long last night, with a few adherents of other candidates sandwiched in, waiting to get their votes into the ballot box. The result was greeted with cheers, and the winner will be presented with a triplicate plate glass mirror.

TWICE MARRIED ON ELOPEMENT

Fearing Assumed Marriage Ceremony Illegal, They Repeat Pledges.

Denver, Col., Jan. 19.—Married twice within a few weeks, once under an assumed name, in order to escape detectives, Frank Hagerman, a telegraph operator, and pretty Erma Maloney have had a strenuous honeymoon, during which they traveled just 2,847 miles, most of it to keep the bride from being kidnaped.

Their romance reads like a chapter from the fiction of the real stirring sort, and embraces a brief courtship, a runaway marriage, and finally a flight from town to town to elude detectives who were on their trail.

Young Hagerman, handsome and a favorite with the operators here and elsewhere, met Miss Erma Maloney last July at a roller skating rink in Deadwood, S. D. She was just 16 and pretty. It was a case of love at first sight, but the courtship was opposed by the girl's parents on account of her youth.

At that time Hagerman was in the telegraph department of the Union Pacific railroad, and all efforts of the girl's parents to keep the young people apart were unavailing.

Despite the fact that a detective was employed to watch Miss Erma, secret meetings were arranged, and then recourse was had to the mails. In this way an elopement was planned and Sturgis, the county seat of Meade county, was selected as the place for the ceremony. That is a good thirty miles from Deadwood.

Mr. Hagerman started early one morning for Sturgis to secure the license. But unfortunately he was a stranger in the town, and having brought no witnesses with him was denied the license.

Back over the thirty miles he rode to meet the disappointed girl, who was waiting to become his bride.

They went to Sturgis the following day, with a witness, and had the wedding performed without delay. Believing that they could better guard their secret by being married under assumed names, they took this course.

Shortly afterward the father ordered his daughter away with her mother in order to effect a separation. He was not aware that the ceremony had been performed, and so pretty Erma Maloney Hagerman came to Denver with her mother. Matters ran smoothly for several weeks, until one day Mrs. Maloney was advised of the marriage of her daughter, and then a storm ensued.

Mrs. Maloney telegraphed for her husband to come and interfere, and Mrs. Hagerman also telegraphed for her young husband to hurry to Denver to help her out. Together the two men made the trip to Denver.

The young woman met her husband and the two journeyed to Golden and were married under their own names, having been informed in the meantime that the Sturgis ceremony was null and void.

Their new home was quickly discovered and Mr. Maloney and his attorney made a morning call. Hagerman denied them the opportunity of talking with the girl. He believed that they planned to kidnap her, and so to Omaha they went, going later to Grand Island, and from there to Cheyenne, Wyo.

Hagerman was transferred to Schuyler and there, while he worked through the night, his wife sat at his side. They returned to Omaha in a short time and resolved to go back to Deadwood and have the matter out. Mr. Maloney had in the meantime relented, and the young couple received his blessing.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nerve tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

SEVENTEEN PEARLS

Were Found by Texas Woman in One Blue Point.

Houston, Tex., Jan. 19.—While eating her dinner, Mrs. J. J. Wyly received an unexpected gift in the shape of 17 pearls that she found in a blue point she was about to eat.

Mr. and Mrs. Wyly were taking their dinner with Mrs. Wyly's father, David Sellers, 2000 Eighth avenue, and upon sitting down received as the first course some blue point oysters. In the very first one Mrs. Wyly found a fine-shaped pearl. The discovery of the one was followed by the finding of another and another until the total of 17 pearls was taken from the one oyster. The smallest pearl is about the size of a bird shot, while the largest is about the size of a turkey shot. Most of the pearls are large, about half being almost the size of the largest.

Each one of the 17 is a fine specimen, almost all being perfectly round and pure white. The pearls will be set in a crescent-shaped brooch.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Woods' Norway Pine Syrup cures cough and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

MISS ALICE'S BRIDAL ROBE

Trimmings for Satin Brocade Gown From Her Mother's Chest.

Later Dress Will be Worn at English Court Presentation.

Washington, Jan. 19.—Miss Alice Roosevelt's trousseau will be made in this country and of purely American fabrics. The gown to be worn at the ceremony Feb. 17 was designed long ago.

The bridal robe will be of specially manufactured satin and brocade, and trimmed with lace the bride inherited from her mother. She will wear the conventional veil and orange blossoms.

Her gown will be built with full court train, and will figure later in the year as the presentation gown at the court of King Edward and Queen Alexandra. This ceremony will be arranged soon after her arrival in London in the early part of June. The trosseau is being made with a view to appropriateness in foreign courts and great houses of Europe. The European honeymoon trip will include a visit to Vienna, where Bellamy Storer, uncle of Mr. Longworth, will present the couple to the emperor.

These are trying days at the White House. Marrying the elder daughter of the house means a season of worry and fuss in every household, but in the case of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt the task is herculean. Not that Mrs. Roosevelt or Miss Alice must worry about the details of the culinary department or the trousseau, but the guests to be invited to the wedding and to the breakfast which follows; the multitude who must get announcement cards—these are the giants which overshadow the festive time.

Even the president has acknowledged that he is facing a big problem. He has been advised to make the occasion personal, and to invite only friends and relatives, and to accord no recognition to officials. This would be a simple solution, but to do this the president would wound the feelings of many friends. It might injure the political prospects of his son-in-law-to-be, and everybody knows that this gentleman is nourishing large ambitions.

Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Alice, in consultation with Mrs. Longworth and her son, have already noted 200 persons whom it is essential to invite. Hopeful persons says that 500 guests will drink to the health of the bride.

Miss Roosevelt has settled the question of bridesmaids in a rather summary manner, but her reasons for not having any attendants have been widely misunderstood. Her girl friends are legion, and unless she could string out her maids into the twenties, she would offend somebody.

But her girl friends will not be forgotten. They will be asked to the breakfast, and the plan is to group them in a conspicuous place on the right of the bridal party, where they will be, for all practical purposes, as much in evidence as though they formed a part of the pageant.

Among the fortunate young women who will be asked to the east room will be Miss Mathilde Townsend, daughter of Richard Townsend of Erie, Pa.; Miss Jean Reid, daughter of the American ambassador to London; Miss Irene Catlin of St. Louis, who entertained Miss Roosevelt during the World's fair, Miss Frances Griscom of Philadelphia; the Misses Anderson and Miss Taft of Cincinnati; Miss Katherine Eddy of Chicago; Miss Pauline Morton of New York; the Misses Boardman, the Misses Warder, Miss Annie McCawley of this city, and Miss Loring of New York.

To this group of handsome maidens must be added the Roosevelt cousins—Miss Christine Roosevelt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Emlen Roosevelt; Miss Loraine Roosevelt, daughter of Mrs. J. West Roosevelt, and Miss Corine Robinson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson of New York city.

Mr. Longworth's best man will be his brother-in-law, Buckner Wallingford of Cincinnati, and his ushers will include young Theodore Roosevelt, Viscount de Chambrun, attache of the French embassy, whose brother married Mr. Longworth's sister; Representative Robert Adams of Philadelphia, who has been Mr. Longworth's chum since his coming to congress; Representative Gillette of Massachusetts, another close friend, and Benson Forraker, son of the Ohio senator.

Only tentative plans have been decided about the ceremony, but these include the placing the guests in the east room, and the procession from the upper corridor down the western staircase.

Miss Roosevelt will enter on her father's arm, and she will be preceded by the other members of the family, her venerable grandmother, Mrs. George C. Lee, and the numerous connections of her mother in Boston.

The bishop of Washington, assisted by the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, rector of the church which Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt attend in Washington, will be the celebrants.

Mr. Longworth and his best man will enter the east room in advance of the clergymen, and they will come through the state drawing rooms and take their places under the massive crystal chandelier.

The banking of plants and the placing of tall vases, filled with bride roses, will mark the temporary altar, but otherwise the stately apartment will be unincumbered by decorations.

After the ceremony the distinguished couple will receive the congratulations of all present. The reception will last one hour after the noon ceremony, and the breakfast will begin at 1. All the traditions of the Roosevelts will be followed at the feast.

There will be a mammoth cake, made from a recipe which has been handed down from the first mother of the house, who baked with her own hands the cake for her daughter's wedding; and old family wine in flagons will adorn the board. The wedding cake will be baked in the White House by the old nurse, who has served the family for thirty years. Miss Alice will address the boxes for the friends to whom pieces of this confection will go. These will bear the picture of the White House, the names and the dates.

Miss Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth have the choice of many private cars for their departure, and at least six fine mansions and retinues of servants have been placed at their disposal for the honeymoon. Mr. Reid has offered his palace at Ophir Farm, near White Plains, N. Y., and Capt. Cowles has invited the pair to Farmington, Conn.

Mr. Longworth prefers a Southern trip, and Thomasville, Ga., is mentioned.

Since the announcement of her engagement and the publication that she would go to Europe with Mr. Longworth, Miss Roosevelt has received invitations to visit Berlin, Rome and Paris.

SENSATION IN CHATTANOOGA

Lawyers Engaged in Warfare Over a Woman's Accusations.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 19.—Georgia Jordan, a prominent Chattanooga woman, who is a grandniece of President Madison, is held under bond of $1,000 for the coming term of criminal court, on a charge of blackmail, the prosecutor being Howell Titus, a leading attorney.

Lawyer Titus says he is in possession of a large bundle of letters received from the woman threatening him with every sort of consequences in case he fails to comply with her demands, which are graduated from threats to his personal reputation in the community and the ruin of his domestic life to accomplishing his death as a result of continued refusal.

This case had its origin several weeks ago when the lawyer received a letter from the woman alleging that he was the father of her unborn child, and demanding money as a recompense, threatening to divulge the whole facts in the case to his wife in case of refusal.

He paid no attention to the threats, and the woman made her words good, writing a letter to Mrs. Titus, in which she repeated the claim made to the lawyer. It cost the latter much worry and many explanations before peace was restored in his family. Later he secured from the woman an affidavit to the effect that she wrote the letter to Mrs. Titus at the instance of M. H. Doughty, a former law partner of Titus, between whom and Titus there has existed bad blood for a long time. Mr. Doughty is president of the board of Aldermen of Chattanooga, and mayor pro tem of the city. In this affidavit the woman swore that there was no truth in her charges against Titus.

With the understanding that the matter was ended, Titus was surprised a few days ago to receive another threatening letter, and they have since continued to be received daily. In these letters Miss Jordan threatens the lawyer with disbarment proceedings, with public disgrace, with running him out of the city, and personal violence.

Considering that a limit had been reached, Titus swore out a warrant for her arrest, charging Miss Jordan with blackmail. She had a preliminary hearing and was held for the grand jury under a bond of $1,000.

Since the first developments there have been many spirited personal encounters between the two lawyers concerned, and it is said that both of them are in daily expectation of trouble. High words have passed between them in public places, and each has given the other definite statements of conditions prevailing.

The prominence of the parties to this threatened feud has given the matter the limit of publicity in Chattanooga, and there is the greatest interest in the outcome.

IDENTITY GONE WITH WHISKERS

Wife Sent Man Out and His Dog Bit Him Severely.

Montclair, N. J., Jan. 19.—Edward Croker, a relative of Richard Croker, former leader of Tammany, and a resident of Montclair, had the finest beard and head of hair in the Orange Mountains until a few days ago, when he took the advice of numerous small boys "to get his hair cut," and also had his whiskers shaved off. After the operation, for which he had to pay the barber double price, Croker was surprised when several old friends failed to speak to him on the street.

When he reached home his wife shut the door in his face. Then he went around the back way. His faithful dog growled at his approach. He stooped to pat the animal, and it seized him by the hand and bit him severely.

The attending physician has advised Croker to either let his whiskers grow while he is confined to his bed or sell the dog.

HE DECORATES HIS OWN COFFIN TASTILY.

Kansas City, Jan. 19.—James A. Callis, 66 years old, a retired capitalist, has adopted a novel fad to pass the remainder of his days. Callis recently learned the art of burning designs on wood. He filled his home with specimens of his skill, bestowed burnt-wood offerings on all his neighbors, and then, for lack of anything else to decorate, he had a "blank" coffin made and has begun to decorate it for his own use. He has decorated the sides with scrolls, leaving just enough room for the handles. An inscription, "At Rest," has been burnt in the center of the lid, and is surrounded with artistic designs. The head and foot of the lid have been inlaid with figures representing lilies of the valley. It is probably the only coffin of its kind in the world.

WHAT IS A SMELL? TESTS FAVOR GAS.

London, Jan. 19.—Is the sense of smell excited by gases or by particles, is a question which Dr. John Aitken, LL. D., F. R. S., the discoverer of the fact that dust particles in the air are responsible for the formation of fog, has recently studied with very interesting results. In the case of all the odorous substances with which he has so far experimented, the answer is decidedly in favor of the gaseous theory.

The first substance under investigation was musk, of which it is possible to detect by smell, according to Berthelot, 6,000,000,000,000,000,01 gramme. It would follow that the sense of smell is a refinement exceeding the delicacy of spectroscopic methods, though it is probable that radio-activity may prove to be a still more delicate method of detection. In his experiments Dr. Aitken relied upon "the cloudy condensation test," in which, if odors are due to particles, these particles become nuclei of cloudy condensation in supersaturated air and thus make their presence visible. Careful tests made in the way indicated and excluding adventitious substances gave no nuclei from the musk, showing that the musk does not give off solid particles, but evaporates as a gas or vapor, and it is gaseous particles that act on the sense of smell. Of twenty-three other odorous substances not one gave its perfume in solid particles.

Dr. Aitken points out also that our nostrils seem to confirm this conclusion. The perfume of snuff, for example, "is a soft velvety sensation, whilst the effect of the solid is sharp and biting, more allied to pain than pleasure." Musk, again, when "snuffed" has hardly any effect, only the musky odor is observed when no musk dust touches the nostrils.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

VETERAN DRIVES NEEDLE IN HEART

Mystery in Death Until the Wound is Found on Body.

Tiptonville, Tenn., Jan. 19.—R. R. Hite of near Keefe, a farmer and Confederate veteran, about 65 years of age, committed suicide by sticking an ordinary sewing needle into his heart.

His mind was supposed to be impaired, as recently he ran away, saying he was going to jump in the Mississippi river, but after being hunted for all night he came back home of his own accord, and told his family he had decided to hang himself.

There was considerable mystery about his death, but when he was being dressed for burial his friends discovered the cause. The needle had a thread attached.

DR. NORDENSKJOLD

The Famous Antarctic Explorer Can Speak in Five Languages Fluently.

Dr. Otto Nordenskjold, the famous Swedish Antarctic explorer, who will give an illustrated lecture at the high school assembly hall Friday evening, can speak fluently in five different languages, English, French, German, Spanish and his native tongue. His lecture will be in English.

Previous to his career as an explorer, he was a professor in the great Swedish university at Upsala.

He is a nephew of Baron Adolf Nordenskjold, who discovered the northeastern passage after a voyage which was one of the most remarkable in the history of Arctic exploration.

J. Uno Sebenius will act as chairman at the lecture Saturday evening, and will introduce Dr. Nordenskjold.

AWFUL PSORIASIS 35 YEARS

Terrible Scaly Humor in Patches All Over the Body—Skin Cracked and Bleeding—Itching Unbearable—Cured by Cuticura in Thirty Days at Cost of $4.75.

ANOTHER WONDERFUL CURE BY CUTICURA



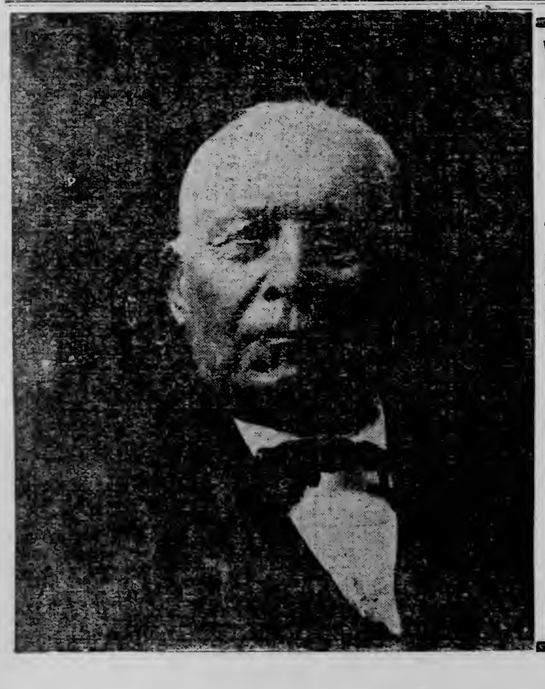
"I was afflicted with psoriasis for thirty-five years. It was in patches all over my body. I used three cakes of Soap, six boxes Cuticura Ointment, and two bottles of Cuticura Resolvent. I bathed with the Soap, applied the Ointment once a day, and took the Resolvent as directed. In thirty days I was completely cured, and I think permanently, as it was about five years ago.

"The psoriasis first made its appearance in red spots, generally forming a circle, leaving in the center a spot about the size of a silver dollar of sound flesh. In a short time the affected circle would form a heavy dry scale of a white silvery appearance and would gradually drop off. To remove the entire scales by bathing or using oil to soften them the flesh would be perfectly raw, and a light discharge of bloody substance would ooze out. That scaly crust would form again in twenty-four hours. It was worse on my arms and limbs, although it was in spots all over my body, also on my scalp. If I let the scales remain too long without removing by bath or otherwise, the skin would crack and bleed. I suffered intense itching, worse at nights after getting warm in bed, or blood warm by exercise, when it would be almost unbearable.

"To sum it all up, I would not go through such another ordeal of affliction for thirty-five years for the State of Kansas. (signed) W. M. Chidester, Hutchinson, Kan., April 20, 1905."

Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Torturing Humors."



VETERAN OF THE CIVIL WAR

Who Suffered Tortures with Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism for Twenty Years tells the suffering and afflicted how the

COOPER REMEDIES CURED HIM.

HERE IS HIS STATEMENT:

THE COOPER MEDICINE COMPANY.

Gentlemen: After suffering tortures from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble for twenty years and having tried various physicians and numerous medicines without any relief I am happy to say that two bottles of Cooper's New Discovery and Cooper's Quick Relief have entirely relieved me of all distressing symptoms. Before I began using the Cooper Remedies I could not digest my food, was weak and suffered terribly. I am seventy-nine years old and am a comparatively well man. My Rheumatic pains have disappeared, my digestion is good and so is my appetite. Signed LEO M. WINES,
918 Parnell street, Marinette, Wis.

COOPER'S NEW DISCOVERY

is an enemy to disease germs. It makes no difference of how long standing the illness may be this marvelous medicine will drive every trace of poison out of the system, enrich and purify the blood and strengthen every organ in the body. If you are tired of suffering

Start Taking it Today and You Will Soon Be Well and Strong and Healthy.

Cooper's New Discovery costs $1.00 per bottle, 3 for $2.50, 6 for $5.00 Cooper's Quick Relief, the assistant remedy, costs 50c. Buy only from the dealer whose name appears below, or where we have no dealer you can secure the remedies you wish, charges prepaid, by sending the price direct to the Cooper Medicine Company, Dayton, Ohio.

Sold By S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

ICE AT CURLING RINK HOLDING AGAINST THAW

Mild Weather Not Putting a Stop to Bonspiel as Yet.

Chisholm Rink in Final Round of the Duluth Event.

In spite of the mild weather, the ice at the curling rink is holding out well, and it was as keen this morning as it has been at any time during the bonspiel.

The most interesting game of the morning was the contest between the Chisholm rink of Superior and the Whalen rink of Fort William, in the semi-finals of the Duluth event.

Both rinks have been showing beautiful form throughout the bonspiel, and the sympathies of the onlookers were about equally divided. The Whalen rink traveled nearly 1,000 miles by rail to attend the bonspiel, and many curlers were anxious to see them win out.

On the other hand, Mr. Chisholm is one of the veterans of the sport in the Northwest, and has been consistently trimming the younger skips throughout the bonspiel. He is probably the oldest curler on the ice, and one of those who have helped put the game on a firm footing in the Northwest.

The game was a beautiful exhibition, and every head was fought out to the last stone. Chisholm scored one in the first and second ends, and Whalen took one in the third. Chisholm took another the fourth, and Whalen made a three head on the fourth end. Chisholm came back with two, and then Whalen made one in the seventh and two in the eighth. With the score 7 to 5 against him, Chisholm showed surprising form in the last three ends, and at the end of the twelfth head the score was tied, 10 to 10. Chisholm won out in the thirteenth head, and goes into the finals against the winner of the Hastings-Campbell match.

The Braden-Pitblado match in the Jobbers' event was also a very pretty exhibition. Braden tied the score with a three head in the eleventh end, but a beautiful draw, shot by Pitblado with his last stone, gave him two points on the last head and the game, by the score of 11 to 9.

McCutcheon and Ron Smith had a nice game in the Meyers' event, Smith winning by the score of 11 to 8.

Fairbairn of Virginia gave A. K. Smith a hard rub in the International, but the latter was two up at the finals.

In the consolation event for the Flour City trophy, Dr. Schnarr of Kenora and J. R. Gawler of Winnipeg had a very close match, Schnarr winning by the score of 10 to 9.

Following is a summary of the games played this morning:

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

Third Round—
Pitblado 11; Braden 9.

Meyers' Event.

Preliminary Round—
Reedal forfeited to Macrae.
Campbell 15; Hanchett 8.
Ron Smith 11; McCutcheon 8.

International.

Second Round—
Macrae 18; Halcrow 3.
First Round—
A. K. Smith 10; Fairbairn 8.

Flour City Event.

First Round—
Dr. Schnarr 10; Holland 9.

Duluth Event.

Semi Finals—
Whalen ; Chisholm .

* * *

A dispatch from Holland, Manitoba, received this morning may cause the Holland curlers some heart twinges, and possibly some of them will take the train home this evening without waiting to see the finish of the big spiel. It tells of a big banquet, and general blowout given by the society, which has been formed among the "grass widows" of the curlers.

The dispatch is as follows:

"Holland, Man., Jan. 18.—Western people are nothing if not sporty. Manitoba people are western and up to the standard. Holland people are in the front rank of Manitoba progressiveness.

"During the past summer the majority of Holland husbands were put to the last degree of their stoic patience when the good wives were taking advantage of the summer excursions, and, basking on the sunny slopes of the vast Pacific, weary of the cares of all the little ones. There were many left alone at home and to help out the weary dragging hours they formed a grass widower association and many and joyous were the celebrations, and the nights were made hideous and peaceful citizens scandalized beyond measure.

"But, lo, the tables have turned and tonight the town is en fete and on its feet. The grass widows hold the floor and the attractions are many and varied, intended to suit the tastes of all the guests, while those wayward erring husbands are away in far Duluth enjoying the big spiel and all its numerous byplays.

"It was a happy thought of those dashing little widows, down trodden and neglected as they are, when they conceived the idea of this sizzling blowout free of charge in the city hall, and, as the report is being penned, the dance goes merrily on."

* * *

A story is going the rounds of the curlers this morning, at the expense of one of the members of the Weir rink of Calumet, which returned home Thursday, after losing several games by small scores. The rink seemed to be playing in hard luck, and as several of the members had important business to attend to they decided not to stay for the finish.

One of the players, a Scotchman, who seemed almost too good to be true, was explaining why the rink lost one of the games. The explanation was given with an earnestness and a Scotch dialect that sent the listeners into convulsions. The explanation was about as follows:

"I tell't Weir to let them set doon ten or feefteen meenites. They had playit fower games a'ready the day, and I kenn't fine that if we got them set doon, they wauld stuffen up and we wauld win the game. But weir says 'Naw, naw, let's get stairted,' and that's hoo we lost the game."

* * *

At 8 o'clock this evening the members of the Duluth club, and the executive committee of the association will meet in the club room to decide upon the location of next year's bonspiel. At that time the plan to make Duluth the permanent bonspiel city will be discussed, and it is not unlikely that it will be settled in this way. It largely depends upon the attitude of the skating members of the Duluth club.

* * *

Three of the trophy contests should be out of the way before tomorrow morning. Only two games remain to be played in the Duluth Curling club event; five in the St. Paul Jobbers event; and six in the Canadian Soo event. Three games were scheduled in the Soo event for the noon draw today, and two in the St. Paul Jobbers. The results of these games will bring both these events down to the semi finals, so that all three of the events will probably be cleaned up during the afternoon and evening.

An 11 o'clock draw will be played tonight also, if it is found necessary, and by tomorrow morning three of six events will be wiped off the boards, and the remaining three well down toward the finish.

STANDING OF RINKS IN THE CURLING BONSPIEL

Duluth Curling Club Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND. SECOND ROUND. THIRD ROUND. SEMI-FINALS.

Charles Dunbar, 8
W. B. Dunlop, 14
John McLeod, 18
Dr. Lenont, 10
14. Dunlop, 7
9.
Smith, 9
Ron Smith, 11
G. B. Reedal, 9
H. H. Grace, 18
A. Macrae, 2
11. Smith, 10
6.
Campbell.
D. W. Stocking, 15
John Halcrow, 7
F. A. Greene, 8
C. W. Campbell, 14
S.
Campbell, 13
10.
Campbell, 10
J. McCutcheon, 10
T. F. McGilvray, 9
10.
McCutcheon, 5
Dr. Jamieson,
9.
John Sharp, 10
Hastings, 9
Sam Hastings, 13
Hastings, 12
George Neil, 7
C. C. Myron, 12
Myron, 6
Hastings.
R. J. McLeod, 12
McLeod, 7
J. R. Gowler, 5
Schnarr, 9
Dr. Schnarr, 16
Schnarr, 8
R. D. Bradley, 9
A. Stevenson, 7
Smith, 17
A. K. Smith, 16
Smith, 4
Tom Cameron, 8
Weir, 5
W. J. Weir, 9
Whalen, 10
J. C. Wall, 8
Whalen, 16
W. H. Whalen, 14
Whalen, 10
C. A. Duncan, 13
Duncan, 5
D. M. Braden, 9
Chisholm.
H. J. McLean, 5
Rochon, 9
E. J. Rochon, 10
Rochon, 6
S. F. Fullerton, 13
Fullerton, 8
S. D. Hanchett, 8
Chisholm, 11
James Chisholm, 14
Chisholm, 14
T. Pitbaldo, 6
Chisholm, 14
A. G. Macauley, 5
Lorimer, 12
W. W. Lorimer, 12

Canadian Soo Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND. SECOND ROUND. THIRD ROUND. SEMI-FINALS.

Reedal, 13
McCutcheon, 8
9.
Reedal, 7
Braden, 8
Schnarr, 12
5.
Stocking.
Lorrimer, 2
Stocking, 12
9.
Stocking, 13
Duncan, 12
Fullerton, 14
12.
Jamieson, 10
Dunbar, 7
14.
Neil, 13
Macauley, 6
Jamieson, 7
6.
Rochon.
Bradley, 5
Rochon, 12
12.
Rochon, 8
Campbell.
6.
Grace, 13
Gawler, 8
Grace, 8
Whalen.
Whalen, 13
Chisholm, 6
Whalen, 12
Wall, 11
Macrae, 12
Macrae, 6
Smith.
A. K. Smith, 17
Stevenson, 7
Smith, 15
Myron, 11
Halcrow, 8
Myron, 10
Myron.
Dunlop, 15
Weir, 6
Dunlop, 11
Ron Smith, 10
John McLeod, 7
Smith, 9
Hastings.
R. J. McLeod, 0
Hastings, 10
Hastings, 10
Sharp, 9
McLean, 14
McLean, 8
Cameron, 14
Cameron, 11
Greene, 4
Cameron, 9
Cameron.
Pitblado, 19
Hanchett, 8
Pitblado, 23
Pitblado, 9
C. D. Fairbairn, 12
T. F. McGilvray, 8
Fairbairn, 4

J. E. Meyer's Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND. SECOND ROUND. THIRD ROUND.

Wall, 18
Fairbairn, 4
10.
Cameron, 12.
Cameron,
Greene, forf.
Jamieson, 11
Fullerton, 9
Reedal, forf.
Macrae.
McGilvray,
Rochon.
Dunbar, 9
A. K. Smith, 19
Smith.
Halcrow, 13
Halcrow.
J. McLeod, 5
Braden, 7
Stocking.
Stocking, 10
Duncan, 11
Pitblado, 14
Pitblado.
McLean, 12
Grace, 7
McLean.
Bradley, 14
Schnarr, 9
Bradley, 18
Bradley.
Neil, 16
Macauley, 11
Neil, 11
Hanchett, 8
Campbell, 15
Campbell.
Whalen, 12
Dunlop, 10
Whalen.
Gawler, 6
R. J. MacLeod, 14
MacLeod.
Hastings, 13
Myron, 10
Hastings.
McCutcheon, 8
Ron Smith, 11
Smith.
Lorrimer, 10
Chisholm, 11
Chisholm.

International Event.

PRELIMINARY. FIRST ROUND. SECOND ROUND.

Hastings.
Chisholm.
Macauley.
R. J. MacLeod.
Reedal, 9
Dunbar, 5
Reedal.
Hanchett,
Ron Smith.
McGilvray, 8
Bradley, 11
Bradley.
A. K. Smith, 10
Fairbairn, 8
Smith.
Stocking.
Duncan.
Greene, 6
Wall, 9
Wall.
Lorrimer, 11
J. McLeod, 5
Lorrimer.
Macrae, 11
Cameron, 10
Macrae, 18
Macrae.
Dunlop, 6
Halcrow, 9
Halcrow, 3
Grace, 9
McCutcheon, 12
McCutcheon.
Fullerton, 13
Myron, 10
Fullerton.

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND. SECOND ROUND. THIRD ROUND. SEMI-FINALS.

Oldham, 10
Stevenson, 11
forf.
Fairbairn, 12
Green, 6
Fairbairn, 16
Cameron.
Grace, 7
Cameron, 14
12.
Cameron, 16
Halcrow, 9
8.
Gawler, 12
McLean, 15
8.
McLean, 4
Wall, 15
Jamieson, 6
7.
MacLeod.
Whalen, 9
McLeod, 11
MacLeod, 10
Chisholm.
forf.
Duncan, 10
John McLeod. 9
Duncan, 9
Macauley, 12
Weir, 9
Macauley, 11
Macauley, 6
Stocking.
Stocking, 14
Hastings, 13
Stocking.
Stocking, 14
Fullerton, 5
Ron Smith, 9
Ron Smith, forf.
Campbell, 16
Neil, 14
Campbell, 9
Dunbar.
McGilvray, 6
Dunbar, 12
Dunbar, 14
A. K. Smith, 18
McCutcheon, 8
Smith, 10
Lorrimer.
Dunlop, 12
Lorrimer, 13
Lorrimer, 14
Macrae, 11
Rochon, 13
Rochon, 8
Braden.
Braden, 18
Sharp, 4
Braden, 14
Schnarr, 10
Pitblado, 12
Pitblado, 13
Pitblado.
Pitblado, 11
Reedal, 11
Myron, 10
Reedal, 10

URGES CONGRESS TO PASS BILL

Providing for the Reorganization of Philippine Government.

Washington, Jan 19.—Secretary Taft appeared before the house committee on insular affairs today to discuss the Cooper bill providing for the reorganization of the Philippine government departments. The bill in effect ratified the governmental organization brought about by the Philippine commission and the secretary of war urged its passage as it was highly desirable to have congress approve the organization and thus remove any question as to the authority of the Philippine commission to create departments. The bill approves the changing of the names of the four departments of government to the departments of public instruction, of the interior, of finance and commerce and of justice. It grants the governor general direct control of the executive bureau, the bureau of civil service and bureau of audits of the city of Manila.

Under the bill, the department of interior is granted general supervision of the non-Christian tribes, excepting those in the Moro province. Mr. Taft said this was desirable, as the personal attention of the secretary of this department would enable these tribes to advance civilization more rapidly than they otherwise could.

The committee asked Secretary Taft to consider the bill further, together with Governor General Luke E. Wright of the Philippines, who will be heard by the committee at its next meeting.

Robert H. Todd, mayor of San Juan, Porto Rico, also appeared before the committee. The chief grievance of the Porto Ricans, he said, was the present organization of the executive council or upper body of the Porto Rican congress. The lower house of the congress is elected by the people, but the upper body is composed of eleven members, all of whom are named by the president of the United States As it is required that only five of these shall be Porto Ricans, Mr. Todd said the islanders feel they are inadequately represented and do not enjoy as satisfactory representation as they had under Spanish rule.

OFFICERS ELECTED

At Annual Meeting of Park Region District Medical Society.

Fergus Falls, Minn., Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The annual meeting of the Park Region District Medical society closed with a banquet at the Grand hotel, which was largely attended. The officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows: President, Dr. C. W. Meckstroth of Brandon; first vice president, Dr. L. A. Davis of Dalton; second vice president, Dr. J. C. Serkland of Rothsay; secretary and treasurer, Dr. O. M. Haugen of Fergus Falls. The next meeting will be held in Fergus Falls in April.

The New York Mills Journal has passed out of existence. The plant has been destroyed by fire and the good-will and subscription list have been purchased by the Perham Bulletin.

TWENTY YEARS'

Service in Storm-Steering Rounded Out by H. W. Richardson.

Today completes two decades of service in the weather bureau of the government by H. W. Richardson, weather forecaster at Duluth. Mr. Richardson has been in charge of the station here for about seven and a half years, which is about three and a half years longer than the next longest occupant of the office in point of service. Duluth is one of the most important points served by the weather bureau and Mr. Richardson is regarded as one of the most valuable men in the service.

He has been on duty in Washington, Pittsburg, Nashville, Tenn., New York, Buffalo, Cleveland, Parkersburg, W. V., Kansas City and Columbus, Ohio, besides in Duluth during the twenty years he has been steering storms about the country.

He has a close personal acquaintance with each particular storm, having met each at various points on the map and has become so accustomed to the characteristics of each that as soon as he hears that a certain storm is headed Duluthward, he can tell in advance just about how that storm will behave.

DIAMONDS

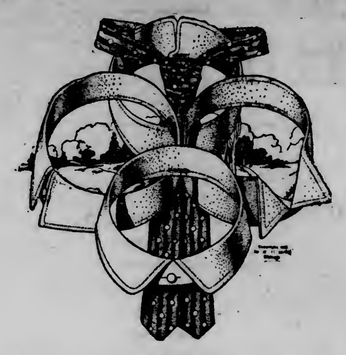
WHEN buying Diamonds the integrity of the firm with which one deals is of the first importance. Whether costly or of moderate price,—

Every Diamond in our stock is absolutely pure and flawless and represents in value the exact amount asked.

F. D. DAY & CO.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers, 315 West Superior St.

D. E. H., Jan. 19, 1906.



COLUMBIA COLLAR SALE

It starts tomorrow morning. We now carry the most complete stock of the E. & W. Collars, which are sold everywhere for 25c each.

For our two-for-a-quarter collar we have chosen the "Barker" brand. These are all linen and after examining and trying many kinds, we consider them the best two for 25c collars on earth.

5c WILL HAVE THE FREE CHOICE OF NEARLY A THOUSAND COLLARS, WHICH HERETOFORE SOLD AT 30c, 25c and 15c

The former 30c ones are imported from England, made by Welch-Margetson; the former 25c ones are the Cluett collars and the 15c ones are of the Arrow brand.

Come tomorrow to make sure of getting your size in the style you want.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note:—Walk in Hanan Shoes.
Hanan Shoes for Men and Women.

REVOLUTIONISTS GRANTED AMNESTY

When Dominican Government Received Surrender of Monte Cristi.

Santo Domingo, Jan. 19—The Dominican government in receiving the surrender of Monte Cristi permitted the revolutionary governor, Gen. Arias, to depart for Porto Rico and granted general amnesty to the other revolutionists.

The collapse of the revolution within fifteen days from the commencement of hostilities was due to lack of funds and the inability of the revolutionists to control custom houses as bases for their operations. The customs receivership nowhere interfered with the complete neutrality of the American navy and the tenders of the good offices of the commanders to prevent unnecessary waste of life have resulted in a friendly sentiment among all concerned. Business is improving and the excitement has entirely subsided.

JUDGE IDE TO BE MADE GOVERNOR FOR SIX MONTHS

Washington, Jan. 19.—This announcement was made today at the war department:

Judge Ide, now vice governor of the Philippine islands, has asked to be relieved from further duty on the first of June next after six years of faithful and efficient service as commissioner and vice governor in these islands. The president considers that he is entitled to the dignity and honor of the governor generalship during that period. Upon Governor Ide's retirement Gen. James F. Smith, now a member of the commission and former justice of the Philippine supreme court will succeed him and Gen. Smith's name will be sent to the senate after the confirmation of Governor Ide."

ASK FOR RECEIVER FOR M'REYNOLDS.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Application was made this morning in the United States district court for a receiver for the property of George S. McReynolds, the head of the large grain firm of McReynolds & Co., which suspended yesterday. The application, which is for the personal property of McReynolds only, was made in an involuntary bankruptcy petition, filed by three of the creditors of McReynolds, whose claims aggregate more than $1,600. The petition alleges that McReynolds committed an act in bankruptcy by transferring his property to the firm of Pringle, Fitch & Rankin. The court took the matter under advisement.

IOWA SENATE OPPOSED TO HANGING WOMAN.

Des Moines, Jan. 19.—Members of the Iowa senate today unanimously placed themselves on record as opposing the execution of Mrs. Tolla of New Jersey, condemned to die for the murder of Joseph Sontarea, by signing a petition for her full and complete pardon.

This will be forwarded to Governor Stokes at once. Another petition in circulation for the same purpose has 10,000 signatures.

DOWIE TO RESIST BEING DEPOSED

He Has Lost Financial Control of Zion City Community.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—A few hours after the abdication of John Alexander Dowie was reported evidence was produced to indicate that the Zion City leader will not give up without a contest.

Pressing creditors of Zion City were informed during the day by representatives of the "Triumvirate" of deacons that the departure of Dr. Dowie marked the passing of his financial control of the community. The deacons gave it out plainly that a new era was about to dawn, in which outsiders would be welcome to Zion City and the restrictions and sumptuary laws would be recalled.

The awakening of the people of Zion has come at last, according to one of the large creditors in Chicago.

"Dowie has squandered money in a most profligate manner," said this creditor. "His trip round the world cost him $1,000,000. He drew on the treasury for it. The trip to New York cost half as much. The recent trip to Mexico was another expensive luxury for the old man. He spent thousands there. And for all these expenditures all Zion City has got out of it has been a few pale fireworks.

"To save Zion from utter ruin, which is was believed would come with the ridicule that would follow Dowie's banishment from their precincts, the scheme to retain him as the head of the church—to stand him in the role of the 'First Apostle, Elijah III,' or any other character he desired to assume, was concocted by rational Zionists."

Now it is reported that Gladstone Dowie, after staying with his father a few weeks, is hastening back. This is taken to indicate that the founder of the city intends to have a personal representative on the ground. Mrs. Dowie is still here.

Still more significant was the purport of a long cipher cablegram received from the overseer. This, it was said, contained an order assuming to dismiss Deacon Speicher, one of the first and most trusted of Dr. Dowie's aides, from the triumvirate.

When asked about the message Dr. Speicher appeared surprised and declined to discuss it. Judge Barnes also declined to talk, saying "An explanation might be misunderstood." Dr. Speicher probably will resist the order and will be backed by the interests now in control.

BANKER GETS FIVE YEARS IN PRISON.

Philadelphia, Jan. 19.—Henry Lear, former president of the Doyletown, (Pa.) National bank which failed several years ago, was today sentenced to five years imprisonment in the penitentiary for embezzling the funds of the bank. Lear was admitted to bail pending the determination of an appeal.

Lear was tried three times. Two of the trials resulted in a disagreement of the jury. The third trial, which was insisted upon by the department of justice at Washington, resulted in conviction. George P. Brock, cashier of the bank, and brother-in-law of Lear, is waiting trial for complicity in the case.

FAMOUS PRISON CLOSED.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 19.—The Schulzeiburg state prison in the fortress of that name, famous as the place of incarceration of so many political prisoners, has closed. The prison was practically emptied on the occasion of the publication of the amnesty decree last fall.

ALL THE BODIES RECOVERED.

Charlestown, W. Va., Jan. 19.—All of the eighteen bodies have been recovered from the Detroit mine on Paint Creek, the scene of the dust explosion yesterday.

GOV. HANLY IN DULUTH

Indiana Man Will Lecture at First Methodist Church.

Meets Former Residents of State at Commercial Club.

Governor J. Frank Hanly of Indiana, who will lecture tonight at the First Methodist church, taking "The Patriotism of Peace" as a subject, arrived in the city today, coming over the Omaha. The train was an hour and a quarter late, so the governor was delayed in reaching the Commercial club, where dinner and several Duluthians were awaiting him.

Governor Hanly, after registering at the Spalding, proceeded at once to the Commercial club. Among those at the dinner table with him were Mayor M. B. Cullum, Rev. M. S. Rice, Frank Crassweller, W. S. Moore, W. A. McGonagle, E. W. Bohannon, ex-Governor John Miller and A. C. Weiss. The occasion passed off very pleasantly, the talk relating for the most part to Indiana and men who had played a part in the state's upbuilding.

Following the dinner came an informal reception in the Commercial club assembly room. Here the distinguished guest was greeted by fifteen or twenty men who formerly resided in Indiana, but who now claim Duluth as their home.

Late this afternoon a meeting, presided over by Mayor Cullum, is being held for the purpose of organizing an Indiana club, composed of former residents of the state. It is believed that only a temporary organization will be effected today, owing to the fact that many who would otherwise be on hand to become charter members were unable to be present at the meeting because of their absence from the city, or duties which unavoidably detained them.

The governor, although very friendly and cordial, had little to say to newspaper men. He explained that whenever he had anything to say that would be of interest to the people he looked upon the subject as being sufficiently important as to require more time in being placed in the right form for the eyes of the public than he could give in granting an interview for a newspaper. Although smiling and pleasant enough with the would-be interviewers, Mr. Hanley rather impresses a person as being one of those individuals who regard a newspaper man as a necessity who must be endured but never encouraged, or a politician who judges all members of the craft by those employed on the papers who opposed his election at some time in the past.

"Just tell the people that I am in town, and that I am glad to be here," he said. "You might also say this is my first visit to Duluth, and that I like the town fine, what I have seen of it, which isn't very much, as yet. As for the rest—politics, graft in politics, railroad rate regulations, insurance investigations, other investigations, or anything else, I have nothing whatever to say. When putting my views before the public I prefer to give what I am going to say a little forethought in order to place my views in the proper form. One can hardly do this in an off-hand interview."

Governor Hanly is one of those persons who, when first met by a stranger, gives the other the impression of wanting to know him better. He seems to be the sort of a man one would like to know and have as a friend. As to appearance, he is rather tall and more heavily set than the average, with a smooth face, a pleasing smile and attractive eyes. He wore a big felt hat of the black slouch variety.

Before the afternoon is over Governor Hanly will pay a visit to the curling rink and watch the devotees of the sport at their game.



J. FRANK HANLY,
Governor of Indiana.

REACHED VERDICT IN SEVEN MINUTES

Courtmartial Makes Quick Record in Middy Bloebaum's Case.

Annapolis, Jan. 19.—The trial of Midshipman Chester A. A. Bloebaum of St. Charles, Mo., on charges of hazing was resumed before the courtmartial today. George H. Mann, Bloebaum's counsel, addressing the court in his behalf.

The next case to be tried is that of Charles M. James of Grinnell, Iowa, a member of the second class. Like Meriwether and Bloebaum, James was obliged to stay at the academy during September last when the upper classmen were on leave, because of deficiency in his studies. He occupied part of his time, it is charged, in initiating the members of the new fourth class into academy life.

At 10:55 the court was closed for the consideration of a verdict.

Minor Meriwether, Jr., was before the court for a short time to have a part of the record in his case verified. The courtmartial occupied only seven minutes in reaching a verdict in the case of Midshipman Bloebaum by far the shortest period in any case.

After considering some minor matters, the court at 11:15 took a recess until 2 p. m. The case of Charles M. James of Grinnell, Iowa, a member of the second class, will be taken up at that time. He is charged with hazing in eight counts.

Sho Gun Musical Comedy.

Lyceum matinee tomorrow.

GOOD CLOTHING FAR BELOW ALL OTHER JANUARY PRICES

And we can maintain this statement. First, we buy for cash direct from the manufacturer and reap the benefits of all the discounts and cut out the middleman's profits. Second, we pay only one-half the rent that other stores no larger than this pays. We do not claim to be the largest store at the Head of the Lakes, neither are we the smallest. We have a floor space of 3,336 square feet, well filled with fine merchandise, bought at the lowest possible price. Consider this, then ask yourself why we can't sell cheaper than other stores—and just at this season of the year we are willing to sell at any price to enable us to buy for cash in the spring.

Look over our stock and then decide for yourself. OUR GOODS ARE JUST AS GOOD AS THE BEST. OUR PRICES ARE LOWER THAN THE LOWEST. The prices here advertised are just a demonstration of this store's power of buying and selling.

MEN'S SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

$8.00 Suits or Overcoats $3.85
$10.00 Suits or Overcoats $5.85
$12.50 Suits or Overcoats $6.85
$15.00 Suits or Overcoats $7.85
$18.00 Suits or Overcoats $8.85
$20.00 and $22.50 Suits or Overcoats. $11.85

We will take a loss to get the cash.

Odds and ends and broken lots of $1.00 Dress Shirts—at 39c

Underwear at Half Price.
Work Shirts at Half Price.

MEN'S PANTS.

$2.00 Pants—during this sale 99c
$2.50 Pants—during this sale $1.49
$3.00 Pants—during ing this sale $1.99
$5.00 Pants—dur- this sale $2.99

BOYS' PANTS.

Boys' Knee Pants—$1.00 values 35c

SHIRTS.

Wilson Bros.' $1.50 and $2.00 Shirts 95c

SHOES.

$3.50 Watson Plummer Red School House Shoes—per pair... $2.69

Equal to any $5.00 Shoe on the market.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats.
Ages 2 to 15 Years.

$2.50 all-wool Suits or Overcoats 95c
$3.00 all-wool Suits or Overcoats $1.45
$4.00 all-wool Suits or Overcoats $1.95

Young Men's Suits and Overcoats.
Ages 15 to 20 Years.

$5.00 Suits or Overcoats $2.95
$6.50 Suits or Overcoats $3.95
$8.00 Suits or Overcoats $4.95
$10.00 Suits or Overcoats $5.95

UNION CLOTHING AND SHOE HOUSE

JOHN PAULSON 407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET. JOHN PAULSON

Special Great Reductions at Duluth Consignment Store Tomorrow. Don't Miss It!

The prices we quote below are much lower than the wholesale cost, and we assure you that you cannot duplicate these goods elsewhere for double the price.

One lot of Ginghams, best grade—sold for 10c a yard—at 3c
Fruit of the Loom Muslin, 36 inches wide, worth 12½c—at 5c
Outing Flannel, 10c quality—at 3c
Wadding, best grade—four sheets for 1c
Linings and Cambric—the kind sold for 7c per yard—at 2c
Ladies' ribbed Underwear—special for tomorrow 24c
All-wool Ladies' Underwear, worth $1.25 a garment—special for tomorrow 69c
Heavy fleeced Vests and Pants; regular 50c—at 33c
Just received 50 dozen Men's Dress Gloves and Mittens, worth $1.00—at 48c
Men's all-wool Overshirts, sold regularly at $1.75—special for tomorrow 98c
Men's wool fleece Underwear—tomorrow 33c
Extra fine quality Australian wool Underwear, sold at $1.50—tomorrow 89c
Men's all-wool Sox—special, per pair 14c
Men's extra heavy Working Shoes, regular price $2.00—special at $1.39
Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Dress Shoes—small sizes—at, per pair $1.48
Ladies' $3.00 Shoes—at $1.59
Ladies' $1.25 Felt Slippers—at 74c

Men's 25c Suspenders—per pair 12½c
Men's 50c Suspenders—per pair 19c
Children's heavy fleeced Underwear—regular 25c quality—special tomorrow at 18c
One lot of Children's heavy ribbed, fleeced Underwear in small sizes—at 9c
Boys' and Girls' high-grade Combination Suits at 37c
Ladies' seamless Hose, regular 15c quality—at 8c

WAISTS.

$4.00 Ladies' Shirt Waists—special at $2.48
$1.50 Sateen Waists—special at 89c
$1.00 and 75c Ladies' Waists—special at 39c
Misses' and Boys' heavy ribbed seamless Hose, 15c quality—at... 9c
Boys' and Girls all-wool Hose, regular 25c quality..... 14c
Ladies' full-fashioned Hose, imported cashmere and silk mixtures—worth 75c—at 39c
11-4 double Blankets; regular $1.50—at 79c
Full-size Comforters, best filling; a quality sold for $2.00—at 98c

We place on sale 2,000 pairs of Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes.

Ladies' $2.25 Shoes—at $1.19
Boys' heavy School Shoes; regular $1.75 kinds—special for tomorrow, per pair..... $1.10

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO., 24 East Superior Street.

THE LIPTON CUP COMING

Famous Trophy Will be on Exhibition in Duluth.

Expected That Duluth Will Enter Interlake Yacht Race.

The Lipton cup, valued at $5,000, offered by Sir Thomas Lipton as a prize to be contested for by yachting clubs of the Great Lakes, will be on exhibition in Duluth the week of Feb. 11. This trophy is said to be the most beautiful of its kind in America.

The Interlake Yachting association has been trying for some time past to get the Duluth club interested to such an extent that it will compete for the cup in the annual races, which are usually held on the lower lakes. There are special requirements for entering, however, and it so happens that in the Duluth Yacht club there are no boats of the right design to compete. It takes a larger craft than any in local waters.

Secretary Earnshaw has received a letter earnestly urging club members to make every possible effort to get into the game this year, and have a boat entered in the Lipton race, which will be pulled off at Chicago. The Columbia Yacht club of Chicago has even gone so far as to inform local enthusiasts where they can get a speedy boat built on suitable terms. Local yachtsmen are just as anxious to enter the big race as anybody is to have them, and an effort will be made to have this city represented at the 1906 contest. Interest in the boat proposition has been aroused, and it is considered very likely that steps will be taken to purchase the boat recommended by the Chicago organization. The craft, it is said, would live up to the requirements in every particular, and with a competent crew, would stand just as good a chance of winning as any of the other boats, if not a little better.

The greatest difficulty that presents itself is the expense of such a yacht. For a club as new as the one in Duluth it is rather a large undertaking for members to purchase a boat of this style and enter a contest of such importance. There is little doubt that, in the course of a few years, Duluth will be represented at all of these Interlake races, including the Country club competitive races at Detroit, but there is no certainty about its getting into the game this year. Some of the members are talking about clubbing together and buying a boat. This plan would not be a very heavy drain on the pocketbooks of individual members, where, if one attempted to alone get the boat, it would be pretty much of a drag on his financial resources.

The Lipton cup will be exhibited in the window of F. D. Day & Co., jewelers.

Canadian Jubilee Singers

TONIGHT

At Merritt Memorial M. E. church, Forty-ninth avenue west and Halifax street, tonight. Admission, 25c; reserved seats, 50c; children under 12, 15c.

RESULT OF THE NOON DRAWING

Winners in the Bonspiel Games Finished at 3 P. M.

Following are the results of the games begun at noon today and completed before 3 o'clock:

FLOUR CITY EVENT.

Preliminary Round—
Bradley, 10; Macauley, 9.
Nell forfeited to Wall.

ST. PAUL JOBBERS' EVENT.

Third Round—
Cameron, 8; R. J. MacLeod, 9.

INTERNATIONAL EVENT.

First Round—
Ron Smith, 13; Hanchett, 8.

MEYERS' EVENT.

First Round—
Jamieson, 14; Macrae, 5.
Second Round—
Pitblado, 10; McLean, 7.

CANADIAN SOO EVENT.

Third Round—
Stocking, 8; Rochon, 11.
Whalen, 7; A. K. Smith, 9.
Myron, 5; Hastings, 14.
C. A. Duncan has forfeited to D. W. Stocking in the preliminary round of the International event.

INJUNCTION ASKED FOR.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The Chicago City Railway company today asked for an injunction against the city of Chicago, restraining it from prosecuting against the company 160 suits brought for alleged violation of the municipal ordinance prohibiting overcrowding of street cars.

VICTORY FOR THE UNION PRINTERS

Printing of Minnesota Revised Code Turned Over to Union Shop.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The troubles attending the printing of the revised code are over.

The Pioneer Press company has surrendered the contract, and the work will be completed by the Review Publishing company of St. Paul. Union printers will do the work.

The new contract calls for $3 per volume, 50 cents in excess of the Pioneer Press contract, and the books, 1,000 of them, are to be delivered to the state by Feb. 26. The others are to follow at the rate of 126 a day until the full order is completed.

The negotiations for the transfer of the contract were completed today, greatly to the satisfaction of Attorney General Young. The situation had been embarrassing, and up to last night seemed almost impossible of settlement.

The local union is jubilant over its victory, and say their members will do everything in their power to hurry the work.

LAUNDRYMAN MULCTED FOR $7,500 DAMAGES

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles D. Kennedy, owner of the Cascade laundry, will have to pay Kathryn Carlin $7,500 as damages for the loss of a hand torn off by a mangle.

In a decision filed today the supreme court says Kennedy was guilty of gross negligence in failing to safeguard the machine and that the jury was justified in awarding the amount it did.

IMMEDIATE APOLOGY WILL BE DEMANDED.

Washington, Jan. 19.—It is learned here that France will demand an immediate apology of President Castro for what is regarded as his insulting and unwarrantable treatment of M. Taigny, the French charge., The French warships are within striking distance of the Venezuelan coast and two more are on their way to West Indian waters. What form the displeasure of France will take has been tentatively decided and details will be communicated confidentially to the Washington government.

STORM FOR ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The local weather bureau today announces that a severe storm, with a high wind, is now central over Yellowstone Park, and that it will strike St. Paul within twenty-four hours and pass on eastward. The wind is blowing at a rate of twenty-five miles an hour. The storm will be followed by a cold wave.

SOME SNAPS IN MEN'S SHOES

Before Taking Inventory.

LOT 1—Men's $5.00 and $6.00 Stacy-Adams, Nettleton's and French & Co.'s makes — calf, kid and patent; at—

$3.95

LOT 2—Men's $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes at—

$2.95

LOT 3—Odd lots $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes—

$2.45

WIELAND'S

123 West Superior Street.

IS WITHOUT STRENGTH

Wheat Has Sharp Slump —Good Export Sales Are Reported.

Flax Drops More Than Four Cents Under Foreign Weakness.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 19.—Wheat was quiet and lower today. There was no strength at any time and prices gradually sank. Liverpool was ¼d lower, Berlin ¼c higher, Budapest ¼c higher and Antwerp ⅜c lower. The export demand is good, and New York reported twenty-five loads worked and that practically all of the supplies of Manitoba wheat at the seaboard have been cleaned up.

The May option fell ⅞c in Duluth and St. Louis, ⅞-⅞c in Chicago, ⅞c in Minneapolis, 1c in New York and ⅝-¾c in Kansas City. Winnipeg, however, fell only ¼c.

Argentine shipments of wheat this week amount to 640,000 bushels, against 752,000 bus., last week and 1,176,000 bus. last year. Bradstreet reports American clearances of 3,448,000 bus., this week.

May corn in Chicago closed a shade lower and Liverpool was unchanged to ¼d higher. May oats in Chicago closed unchanged.

Argentine shipments of corn this week are 496,000 bus., against 301,000 bus. last week and 950,000 bus. last year.

Car receipts at Duluth were 77, against 45 last year, and at Minneapolis 360, against 435 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 386, against 435 last year. Chicago received 21, against 20 last year. Winnipeg receipts were 105, against 91 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 608,000 bus; last year, 757,000 bus. Shipments, 186,000 bus; last year, 284,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 246,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 518,000 bus; last year, 557,000 bus. Shipments, 502,000 bus; last year, 221,000 bus. Clearances were 3,800 bus.

Wheat was quiet in the local market today. May wheat opened ¼c lower at 85⅝c and went to 85⅝c at 10:03. At 12:20, the price dropped to 85⅜-½c and at 12:36, went to 85⅜c. The closing price was 85⅛c, a loss of ⅞c from yesterday. July wheat was inactive during the entire session and closed at 86⅛c, a loss of ⅞c over yesterday.

The bottom fell out of flax prices today. It was active in the local market, but weak. Laplatta linseed was 2½c lower in Antwerp and both Laplatta and Calcutta linseed were 2¼c lower in London and these declines were responsible for the weakness here. Much flax was offered here and the buying did not seem to be strong enough to withstand the pressure. May flax opened ⅜c lower at $1.23 and fell to $1.22½, rallied to $1.22⅝ and then fell to $1.19, rallying from ¼c to ⅜c every little while, but declining steadily. The closing price was $1.19, a loss of 4⅜c over yesterday.

July flax opened ⅜c lower at $1.24, went to $1.24½, fell to $1.23⅞, rallied to $1.24 and dropped to $1.20⅝. The closing price was $1.20¾, a loss of 4½c over yesterday. September flax opened unchanged at $1.23 and dropped to $1.19. The closing price was $1.18, a loss of 5c over yesterday.

The coarse grains were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat, to arrive, No. 1 northern, 87⅝c; No. 2 northern, 86⅝c; on track, No. 1 northern, 87⅝c; No. 2 northern, 80⅝c; May, 85⅜c; July, 86⅛c.N. Durum, No. 1, 72½c; No. 2, 69c. Flax, to arrive, $1.15; on track, $1.15; May, $1.15; July, $1.20½; September, $1.18; October, $1.16½. Oats, to arrive, 29½c; on track, 30c. Rye, 60c. Barley, 35@45c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 77; last year, 45; corn, 1; oats, 10; barley, 9; flax, 35; last year, 14.

Receipts: Wheat, 114,901; oats, 15,856; barley, 17,857; flax, 64,625.

Shipments: Flax, 910.

Cash Sales Friday.

No. 1 northern Wheat, 1 car.....$0.83⅜
No. 1 northern, 10 cars.....83½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars.....83⅝
No. 2 northern, 2000 bus., to arrive 81½
No. 3 wheat, 2 cars.....78½
No. 3, 1 car.....78⅞
No. 3, 1 car.....79
No. 4, 1 car.....77⅜
No. 4, 1 car.....78
No. 4, 1 car.....70⅜
No. 4, 1 car.....78⅜
No. 4, 1 car.....77⅜
Durum wheat, 2 cars, No. 1.....72½
Durum wheat, 1 car, no grade.....69
Durum wheat, 1 car, no grade.....64
Oats, 1,500 bus, No. 3, white.....29⅞
Oats, 1 car, No. 3, white.....29⅝
Flax, 2 cars.....1.15
Flax, 1 car.....1.15¾
Flax, 1 car.....1.16
Flax, 4 cars.....1.18½
Flax, 250 bus.....1.15
Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive.....1.16¾
Barley, 1 car.....37
Barley, 1 car.....38
Barley, 2 cars.....39
Barley, 1 car.....40½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Good Reports From Argentina Causes Free Selling of Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—The weather in Argentina was again the ruling factor in determining the price of wheat at the opening of the market here today. The reports were that the weather was highly favorable for the movement of the new crop and the news caused free selling by local traders. May opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 88¼c to 88⅛@¼c and sold off to 87⅝@88c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 467 cars against 444 cars last week and 509 cars one year ago.

The market later became weaker on selling induced by reports that there had been little damage to the fall sown crop by frost and wet weather. May declined to 87⅜c. The close was weak with May down ¾@⅞c at 87⅝@87½c.

Small local receipts and continued good demand from exporters caused a firm tone in the corn market, notwithstanding the weakness of wheat. The volume of trading, however, was small. May opened unchanged to a shade higher at 45¾@¼c to 45⅞c and during the early trading held within these figures. Local receipts were 251 cars with 16 of contract grade.

The market remained steady all day, the volume of business being very small. The low point for May was reached at 45⅛c. The close was steady with May off a shade at 45⅜c.

Profit-taking by small holders had a depressing effect on the oats market. The selling was due largely to the easier tone in wheat. May was unchanged to a shade lower at 32@⅛c to 32⅛c. Local receipts were 180 cars.

Provisions were a trifle easier because of moderate selling by local packers. May pork was off 2½c at $14.17½. Lard was down 2½c at $7.05. Ribs were unchanged to 2½c lower at $7.60@7.62½.

Close: Wheat—May, 87⅝@87¾c; July, 84⅞c. Corn—May, 45¼c; July, 45⅝c. Oats—May, 32@32¼c; July, 30⅝@30⅜c. Pork—May, $14.15@14.17½; July, $13.80. Lard—January, $7.50; May, $7.67½; July, $7.77½@7.80. Ribs—January, $7.47½; May, $7.60; July, $7.72½. Rye—Cash, 68½c; May, 71¼c. Flax—Cash, Northwest, $1.17; Southwest, $1.16; May, $1.20. Timothy—May, $3.50. Clover—Cash, $12.25. Barley—Cash, 34@54c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 86@90c; No. 3 red, 86@88½c; No. 2 hard, 84@86c; No. 3 hard, 82@84½c; No. 1 northern, 86@88½c; No. 2 northern, 84@87½c; No. 3 spring, 81@87½c. Corn—No. 2, 42¾@43c; No. 3, 42½@42¾c. Oats—No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30½@30¾c.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	85¾B	85¾	88⅛-¼	.....
High	85⅞	85⅞	88¼-¼	92⅜-½
Low	85¼B	85	87⅜	91⅝-⅞
Close	85¼B	85⅜	87⅝-½	91⅞
Close, 18th.86		85⅞	88¼	92⅜
July—				
Open	.87N	87¼A	85¼	90⅛B
High	.....	87¼	85⅜	90⅜-⅝
Low	.....	86¾	84⅞	89⅞
Close	86¼N	86½-⅝B	84⅞B	89⅝A
Close, 18th.87		87⅜	85⅜	90⅛
St. Louis—		Close 19		Close 18
May		85⅝		85⅝
July		82⅜		8⅞-83
Kansas City—				
May		79½-¾		80⅜
July		77½-⅝		77¾
Winnipeg—				
May		80⅜		80⅝
July		81½		81¾

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	32⅛	45¼-¼	$14.15
High	32⅛-¼	45¼	14.17
Low	32	45⅛	14.15
Close	32-⅛A	45⅛B	14.15

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Jan. 19.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 7d; futures, quiet, 7s ¼d; May, 6s 10½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s 3d; American mixed, old, 4s 3½d; futures, steady; January, 4s 2½d; March, 4s 3d; May, 4s 3¾d.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 12; No. 1 northern, 24; No. 2 northern, 20; No. 3 spring, 8; No. 4 spring, 6; rejected, 1; No. 1 durum, 1; No. 2 durum, 1; rejected and no grade durum, 1; total of durum, 3; mixed, 1; total of wheat, 77; last year, 45.

Flax—No. 1, 35; total of flax, 35; last year, 14.

Corn, 1; oats, 10; barley, 9. Total of all cars, 132. Cars on track today, 142.

New York Grain.

New York, Jan. 19.—Wheat—May, 91⅝c; July, 89⅝c. Corn—January, 55c; May, 51¼c; July, 51¼c.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan: Wheat—Today's market had a surprisingly heavy tone all through the session. The cables early gave the market an easier feeling and as the session progressed it became evident there was a general commission house selling going on, caused by discouraging slow response being made by our market to the bullish foreign feeling. In the last half hour two or three of the big local traders changed their lines, bringing a much easier feeling to the market. There is no mistaking, the tone tonight is sick, and market acts as if it would sell lower.

Corn closed unchanged, market ignoring heavy tone in wheat. Trade, however, shows no improvement; the same discouraging slow conditions prevail. It looks like a trading market.

Oats lost a little today in price movement. Character of market seems unchanged.

Provisions were early weak on profit-taking. Trade was of the unimportant kind. It is a scalping market.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—Moderate weather has had a considerable influence in the action of today's market, prices selling off. There is nothing to cause this decline and it is not probable that it will extend much farther. There has been a disposition on the part of market leaders to try and bring about some reaction. Cold weather is bound to set in. Fields in the winter wheat belt are bare and we are likely to hear many complaints of damage, and the market is now in fine shape for a substantial rise.

Flax—A sharp decline took place and the market closed at about the lowest figures of the day. Foreign demand has been so steady that it is not surprising if it should drop off temporarily, which, of course, would materially have the effect of depressing prices. Crushers were inclined to take advantage of this and help the reaction along, but prices are at a point where it is a different question. Offerings were notably scarce on the decline and it would seem that it was part of the plan to bring about this break without selling much and a very speedy recovery of prices may be experienced.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Marfield of Minneapolis, says: "Every bushel of wheat in the Northwest is worth 85c on its merits and easily will bring that if the millers show ordinary business judgment. Everybody knows that the interior elevator stocks are larger than they were a year ago, but terminal stocks are some lighter. Farmers, however, are selling nothing and will not sell at present prices. The Northwest probably has enough wheat to carry it through, but it has no big surplus."

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: Practically all of the Manitoba wheat at lake ports and East was disposed of by yesterday's sales abroad. This puts the foreign buyer back to Winnipeg for any fresh supply, and makes him dependent on rail shipments, which necessarily must be limited, the most optimistic figures being 2,500,000 bushels for the entire season to the opening of navigation. Some suspicion of the fact that the supply of Manitoba wheat was running low was conveyed in the message from New York showing that hard winter wheat had sold for export and that the price was the same Manitoba advanced ¾c.

* * *

Modern Miller: Returns from one hundred correspondents were received in reply to an inquiry whether winter wheat had been damaged by freezing and thawing weather and if so to what extent. Comparatively few statements of damage were reported from any cause and as a rule the damage was said to be slight. It was stated that farmers did not consider that damage by freezing and thawing was probable before February or March. Kentucky and Tennessee reported poor stands and fly in the wheat. The most general complaints were from Texas, which say that excessive rains had lowered the condition of crop. Taken as a whole, the reports from a winter wheat belt indicate a satisfactory condition of crop.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	27	@	28
Creamery, in tubs	26	@	27
Dairies, fancy	22	@	23
Renovated	20		
Packing stock	16		
EGGS.			
Fresh	24	@	25
Storage	20		
CHEESE.			
Full cream twins	14½		
Block and wheel Swiss	14½	@	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14		
Limberger full cream cheese	13		
Primost	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft-shell walnuts, per lb	16½		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00		
Pecans, per lb	13		
Almonds	16		
Black Walnuts, per bus	1 65		
Mixed nuts	12½		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½	@	8
Chestnuts, per lb	11		
FRUITS.			
Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	5 50		
Greenings	4 50		
York State Spies	6 00		
Baldwins	4 75		
York State Russets	4 50		
Pelman Sweets	4 50		
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 50		
Missouri Pippins, per box	2 25		
Colorado Winsape, per box	2 50		
Bananas, per bunch	2 25	@	2 50
Cranberries	18 00		
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10		
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00		
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb box	1 35		
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50		
Catawbas, pony basket	22		
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 25	@	3 50
Oranges, Floridas	2 50		
California Navels	2 75	@	3 00
California pears, per box	2 25		
VEGETABLES.			
Beans, wax, per bus	4 50		
Navy beans	2 00		
Green hothouse beans	4 50		
Beets, per cwt	2 00		
Top beets, per doz	1 00		
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 00		
Cabbage, per ton	15 00		
Cauliflower, per box	4 75		
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz	35		
Carrots, per cwt	1 00		
Egg plant, per doz	1 75		
Horseradish, per lb	12		
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 50		
Onions, per cwt	1 75	@	1 85
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00		
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 00		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	50
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 25		
Potatoes, per bus	67	@	70
Radishes, round, per doz	75		
Spinach, per box	1 10	@	1 25
California tomatoes, crate	2 75		
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00		
POP CORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
CIDER.			
Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50		
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50		
Black raspberry juice	5 50		
MEATS.			
Beef	5	@	8
Mutton	8½	@	9½
Lard	8¼		
Pork loins	9		
Veal	9	@	9½
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Springs, per lb	14		
Hens, per lb	14		
Spring ducks	14		
Turkeys	20		
Geese	12	@	13
HAY.			
Timothy, per ton	9 00	@	10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00	@	11 00
FEED.			
Bran, per ton	14 50		
Oats, per bus	31		
Shorts, per ton	15 00		
FISH.			
Trout, per lb	10		
Pike, per lb	10		
White, per lb	10	@	12½
Fresh salmon, per lb	14		
Halibut, per lb	15		
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45		
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85		

The total sales were 1,860,200 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed strong and higher. It hesitated just a moment at the opening, but as the day progressed, confidence in the list seemed to grow. It is a wonderful stock market. The bears seem unable to make the least possible headway; the bull leaders are just as confident as ever that we are yet to reach prices and tell us to buy Union Pacific, Erie, Reading, St. Paul, Steels and Copper on all recessions.

* * *

Gates to Pringle, Fitch & Rankin: Lawson is out with an advertisement this morning asserting that investors have been tricked and were led to believe that the dividend on the stock would be 5 per cent when only 6 per cent was declared. There was no expectation that more than 1½ per cent would be declared, other than that created by the bidding of 1⅜ for the dividend and circumstantial evidence points to Lawson as being foremost among the bidders at this quotation.

* * *

Dow Jones & Co.: Important changes have been made in the plan of the merger of the Interboro system with the Metropolitan Street Railway. There will be no underwriting syndicate and the terms of the exchange offered to the stockholders of the various companies have been improved by an increase of 10 per cent in the amount of common stock of the new company which they are to receive. Interboro stockholders will receive in addition to the 4½ per cent bonds $90 in new common stock. Metropolitan Street Railway stockholders will receive in addition to the new preferred stock, $55 in new common stock instead of $50. Metropolitan securities stockholders will receive about $93 in new common stock instead of $85. It is possible that these figures may be slightly changed, but the general increase in allotments of common stock will be as indicated.

* * *

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was very broad and strong all day and the buying on an enormous scale. The fluctuations in the coppers were remarkable and the heavy buying in them caused the whole list to advance. The shorts were forced to cover; a great deal of the bidding up was done by them. A good bank statement is predicted and with the strength displayed today it looks as if the activity and strength would continue tomorrow.

Stocks—	Z	High	Low	Close
Atchison, com		95⅞	95¼	95⅛
Smelter, com		174	172¾	173½
Amn. Woolen		47	46½	46½
Aml. Copper		114¼	111	114
Baltimore & Ohio		116⅜	115⅝	116⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit		92¼	90	91⅜
Canadian Pacific		177⅜	176⅜	177
C. & O.		61	59¼	61
C. F. I.		76	74⅞	74½
C. G. W., com		23⅛	22⅞	22⅞
Erie 1st, pfd		83	82⅝	82⅞
Erie, com		48⅞	46¾	50⅜
Illinois Central		180⅜	179	180½
Central Leather		48¾	48⅛	48⅜
Louisville & Nashville		156⅛	154½	156
Mexican Central		26⅝	25¼	26⅛
Metropolitan Railway		112⅝	109¾	124⅜
Missouri Pacific		105⅝	105⅜	106⅜
Manhattan		160	159⅜	159⅜
Norf. & West.		89	88½	88⅝
N. Y. C.		155½	153½	155⅛
O. & W.		55⅝	54½	55⅛
Peoples Gas		101¼	100⅝	100⅞
Pacific Mail		51½	50	51
Penn. Ry		146⅜	145⅛	146
Rock Island, com		24⅞	24¼	24⅞
Rock Island, pfd		62⅜	62¼	62⅜
Reading, com		156	150	154½
R. I. & S. pfd		108¼	107½	108
R. I. & S., com		37	36⅜	37
Rubber, com		56¼	55½	55
St. Paul		180⅜	178⅝	180⅜
Sugar		151⅜	150	150⅝
So. Railway, com		39⅞	39½	39½
So. Pacific		70¼	69⅝	70⅛
Soo, com		169½	169	169⅝
T. C. & I.	161		160	160
Texas Pacific		36⅞	36½	36⅝
U. S. Steel, pfd		111¼	109⅞	111¼
U. S. Steel, com		46⅝	45	45⅞
Union Pac., com		159¼	157⅝	158⅝
Wis. Cent., pfd		32⅝	32	32
Wis. Cent., com		62⅜	62¼	62⅜
Western Union		93⅞	93½	93½
Wabash, com		24⅜	24¼	24⅜
Wabash, pfd		47⅜	47	47⅜
Nor. Pacific		207⅜	206	207½
Erie 2nd		76⅛	75⅜	76⅛
American Locomotive		77¼	76⅝	77
M. K. & T.		40¼	39⅝	40
Twin City R. T.		119½	119¼	119¼
Great Northern		324⅛	317¼	324⅛
Denver		46¼	45⅞	46¾

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: We had the usual Friday bull market on coppers again today under the leadership of Copper Range, Amalgamated and Anaconda. The buying of Copper Range was better than for a long time past and 90 is predicted for the stock. Rhode Island was a favorite this morning, selling as high as 8¼ with a subsequent reaction to 7½. Keep long of good dividend paying coppers for some time yet.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman Report: Lighter receipts with slow demand features the general market today, local receipts and sales still ahead of corresponding time of the two previous years. General market closes as follows:

Drafters, extra	$185
Drafters, choice	150 to 185
Drafters, common to good	135 to 150
Farm mares, extra	150 to 170
Farm mares, choice	135 to 150
Farm mares, common to good	110 to 135
Drivers, extra	150 to 170
Drivers, choice	125 to 150
Delivery, choice	135 to 175
Delivery, common to good	100 to 135

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle receipts, 3,500; steady; beeves, $3.50@6.30; cows and heifers, $1.40@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.35@4.35; Texans, $3.50@4.40. Hogs, receipts, 28,000; steady; estimated for tomorrow, 22,000; mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.25½; good, heavy, $5.40@5.52½; rough, heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.25@5.45; pigs, $4.80@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.35@5.50. Sheep, receipts, 7,000; steady; sheep, $3.75@5.35; lambs, $5.75@5.85.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Jan. 19.—Cattle—Receipts 250; steady to 10c to 15c lower. Grain-fed steers, $3.50@6.50; cows and heifers, $2.30@4.25; calves, $2@5.25. Hogs—Receipts 2,800; 5c higher. Range, $5.20@5.35; bulk, $5.25@5.30. Sheep—Receipts 500; steady. Sheep, $5@6.50; lambs, $4.50@7.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 19.—The cotton market opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 4 points, a better response to the higher cables being prevented by heavy realizing which sent prices off following the call to about 11.77 for March or 4 points net lower. The selling on a scale down seemed to reduce the offerings and toward the end of the first hour the market rallied on bull support and covering with prices working some 3 to 4 points net higher. Liverpool cables reported a good spot demand at an advance of 9 points and early advices from the South were bullish as to the spot position.

Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 12.25; ditto gulf, 12.50. Sales, 1,099 bales. Futures closed barely steady; January, 11.56; February, 11.62; March, 11.75; April, 11.80; May, 11.86; June, 11.87; July, 11.92; August, 11.71; September, 11.03; October, 10.50.

New York Money.

New York, Jan. 19.—Money on call steady, 4@4½ per cent, ruling rate 4¼, closing bid 4, offered at 4¼. Time money steady, sixty and ninety days and six months 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86.95@4.87 for demand and at $4.83.55@4.84 and $4.87@4.87½ commercial bills, $4.83¼. Bar silver, 65⅝c. Mexican dollars, 50½c. Government bonds strong; railroad bonds firm.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 19.—Wheat—May, 85⅛c; July, 86¼@⅝c; No. 1 hard, 88¾c; 1 northern, 82⅝c; 2 northern, 80⅝c.

JAPS' CROPS FAIL.

Washington, Jan. 19.—According to information received at the Japanese embassy here, the Northern provinces of Japan are suffering from a severe famine owing to the failure of the rice and silk crop, which only the quickest relief will be able to check. The Japanese government has sent a cablegram to the charge d'affaires in this city saying help would be very welcome at this moment.

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ADVANCES IN STOCKS

Close Buoyant at the Top Level and Furiously Active.

The Market Was Very Broad and Strong All Day.

New York, Jan. 19.—There were large advances in special stocks at the opening of the stock market today, the metal industrials, the Goulds and Reading showing conspicuously. Prices were a fraction higher all around in sympathy. A congestion of buying for 12,000 shares of Reading made it sell at the opening all the way from 150 to 151⅝, compared with 148⅞ last night. The price subsequently rose to 152. In Missouri Pacific 2,500 shares sold at 106 and 106½, compared with 105⅝ last night. Smelting and Colorado Fuel were up 2 points, Consolidated Gas 1⅝, National Lead 2¼, Linseed 1⅞, Pressed Steel Car, Wabash preferred and C. & O. a point and O. & W., Locomotive and International Pump, large fractions. Amalgamated Copper sold first at a decline of ¼, then at last night's price, and subsequently rose a small fraction.

Bullish enthusiasm rioted in individual cases, but there was enough stock offered to keep a majority of the prominent stocks within fractional distance of yesterday's close. Stocks in which there is a relatively small public participation went up in a sensational manner, but their strength was of less effect on sentiment than the buying of St. Paul, Union Pacific, New York Central and Reading. Some of the more important gains were the Linseed stocks 4¼@4⅝, Consolidated Gas and International Pump 3¾, the preferred 2½, St. Paul, Pacific Coast and Havana Electric 2 to 2¼, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Northern Pacific, Ontario & Western, National Railroad of Mexico preferred and Mexican Central 1½ to 1¾, and Union Pacific, New York Central, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Northern Pacific, Ontario & Western, National Railways of Mexico, Louisville & Nashville, Sloss-Sheffield Steel, the Allis-Chalmers stocks, American Agricultural Chemical preferred 1 to 1¼. Express fell 2 and Metropolitan Street Railway 1¼.

The market showed great animation and buoyancy during the second hour. The points of strength were exceedingly various and developed continually without regard to occasional realizing in some stocks. The uplift of prices to the extent of a point or more was almost universal. More conspicuous movements were Reading 4, Atlantic Coast Line 3, Louisville & Nashville and Reading second preferred 2, Southern Pacific 1½, Southern Railway and Illinois Central 1, Pacific Coast 7½, second preferred 2½, Anaconda 10, Amalgamated Copper and Brooklyn Transit 2, American Telephone 3⅝ and Sugar, International Paper and Metropolitan Street Railway 1 or more. Bonds were firm at noon.

Reading, Union Pacific and Smelting were fractionally higher than in the morning and the general market was well sustained on a large volume of business. Chesapeake & Ohio touch 60½, a rise of 2 points and Pittsburg Coal gained 1¾.

There was apparently no limit to the demand for Reading, the tape frequently recording huge consecutive transactions at an extreme advance of 6¼. Anaconda made one of its characteristic movements, bounding up 10⅝ to 274. Pacific Coast also shot up 5½, Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred certificates 6, Westinghouse Electric 3, Great Northern preferred and General Electric 2¼, Chicago Great Western preferred "B" 1¾, Chicago Terminal preferred 1¾ and United States Steel preferred, Pennsylvania and Erie 1. Around 2 o'clock there were some reactions.

Profit-taking made an impression on prices at some points in the list, but new stocks moved upwards. Some of the volatile specialties reacted from 1 to 2 points and Lead dropped 1¾ under last night. Anaconda made an upward flight of 31½. Great Northern preferred rose 7¼ and Federal Mining 3. Amalgamated Copper 2⅞. St. Paul 2⅝. Lackawanna, Chesapeake & Ohio and American Agricultural Chemical 2½. Pacific coast first preferred 2, the second preferred 6½ and New York Central 2¼. New York, Chicago & St. Louis 2, United States Steel preferred 1⅝ and the common 1½. Delaware & Hudson sold off 2¼ on the announced increase of stock. Buying was resumed on a large scale and rallied prices. The close was extremely buoyant at the top level and furiously active.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main floor Palladio Bldg. Phones—Zenith 696, Duluth 82-L.

OPHIR TUNNEL

Looks Better.

According to our best information, the Ophir Tunnel company has purchased the Buckhorn mine, adjoining the Ophir Tunnel, and have consolidated the two properties into one, to be known as the Buckhorn Ore company. The new company will have three million shares, par value $1.00. One million shares go to the Ophir Tunnel company, share for share.

Therefore Ophir Tunnel stock is as good as Buckhorn Ore company stock.

The principal officers of the Buckhorn Ore company are slated as follows: President, A. D. Thomson, Duluth; vice-president, James A. Butchart, Duluth; secretary and treasurer, A. L. Kern, Milwaukee.

Ophir stock for sale at market price and more information for the asking.

Latest—The Salt Lake Herald of the 14th inst, says that R. M. Atwater, the new manager of the Buckhorn Ore company, left on the 13th for the company's property at Ophir to superintend the work.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main floor Palladio Bldg. Phones—Zenith 696, Duluth 82-L.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street.

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	114	114½
American Dev. Co	.....	19
Anaconda	255	.....
Atlantic	25⅝	26
Arcadian	4¾	5¼
Adventure	5½	6
Alleuez	45⅛	45½
Bingham	34⅞	35¼
Black Mountain	12	.....
Calumet & Hecla	700	710
Calumet & Arizona	121	122
Calumet & Pittsburg	36½	.....
Centennial	30¾	31¼
Daly West	17½	18
Franklin	18¼	18¾
Granby	9¾	9⅞
Green Cons.	29¾	30
Isle Royale	27¼	27½
Junction	.....	27½
L. S. & Pittsburg	50	51
Michigan	16¾	17
Mayflower	1¼	1½
Miss	11¾	11¾
Mohawk	59	60
Mercur. Cons	62	65
North Butte	89¼	89¾
Old Dominion	40½	41
Old Colony	1¾	1¾
Osceola	104	104½
Phoenix	1¼	1½
Parrott	44¼	44½
Pittsburg & Duluth	.....	26
Quincy	110	111
Rhode Island	7⅞	8
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Shannon	6⅜	6½
Tecumseh	14½	14¾
Tamarack	107	112
Trinity	10⅜	10½
U. S. Mining	54	54¼
Utah	67½	67⅞
United Copper	63¾	64
Union Land	.....	3½
Victoria	7¼	7½
Wyandot	1½	2
Wolverine	132	134½
Winona	9	.....
Warren	.....	15
Copper Queen	.....	3½
Keweenaw	.....	17½
Boston Con	31½	31⅞
Nevada Con	11⅜	11⅞
East Butte	9½	10
Sullivan	.....	3¼

UNLISTED MINING STOCKS.
O. A. NAFE,
MINES AND MINING STOCK.
Old Phone 1446.
407 Torrey Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

WALTER W. CARR, BROKER,
MANHATTAN BUILDING.
Phones 1805.
Reference—City National Bank.

Unlisted Copper Letter.

Jan. 19, 1906.

	Bid	Asked
C. & A.	.....	123
C. & P.	36	36¾
L. S. & P.	49	50
Junction	26¾	27½
P. & D.	26½	26½

PRIVATE WIRES.

Pressure on the market has been greatly removed and offerings very light. Telegram from Bisbee reads, "C. & P. cutting considerable ore. Look out for the real article." Calum



SATURDAY'S MARKET BASKET



RATHBUN'S

SIMON CLARK, Manager,

New 'Phone 656. 29 E. Superior St. Old 'Phone 1679.

Interesting Items for Saturday Buyers.

Strictly new laid eggs—per dozen 25c
Fresh Country Print Butter—per lb. 22c
Fresh Killed Spring Chickens, Hens, Geese, Turkeys, at popular prices.
Best Quality of Burbank Potatoes—per bushel 70c
Florida Oranges—250 in case—75c per half case—$1.50 per case.

SPECIAL SNAP.

Sugar Cured Hams—best quality—per lb. 12c
The best Patent Flour—40 lbs., $1.20—98 lbs. $2.35
Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee—the ideal blend—3-lb. cans 85c
Standard quality Sweet Corn—4 cans 25c

Sweet, juicy Navel Oranges medium size, 25c—large size, 30c—extra large size, 35c per dozen.
Bellflower Apples—bush. boxes—per box $1.50
Jellicon or Jello—3 for only 25c

Full line of Fresh Vegetables.

Best quality Lemons—per dozen 15c
Home grown Radishes—4 bunches 10c
10 bars Perfect or Lenox soap 25c
Finnan Haddies—the ideal breakfast dish 10c
Small, white breakfast mackeral—3 for 25c
Whole Codfish—per lb. 8c
Pure Leaf Lard—per lb. 9c

LOOK AT OPPEL'S LOW PRICES!!

We are the only store in the city that really and truly gives you bargains in goods such as you need.

LOOK AT THIS GREAT VARIETY OF BARGAINS:

25 lb boxes 15c Prunes for...$2.95
25 lb boxes 12½c Prunes for..$2.45
25 lb boxes 10c Prunes for...$1.95
All 25c Toilet Soaps for, box...19c
All 15c Toilet Soaps for, box....9c
Fruen's Best Wheat Flakes for, package 9c
4 pkgs. Red Cross Macaroni...25c
4 pkgs. Red Cross Vermicelli...25c
4 pkgs. Red Cross Spagetti for..25c
Van Camp's 15c Pork and Beans for 12½c
Van Camp's 20c Pork and Beans for 16c
Van Camp's 10c Pork and Beans for 8c
25c extra sifted Nokomis Peas..16c
One doz. Vinton Corn for.....72c
15c Wampum extra sifted Peas 10c

FLOUR PILLSBURY or UNIVERSAL—98-lb. sacks.... $2.41
Buy now before it advances.
100 lb best Cane Sugar for...$4.85
Large delicious 40c Mackerel...25c
Country Laid Eggs...19c doz
New Holland Herring, doz.....25c
15c good Mixed Nuts for—lb...10c
100 bars Lenox Soap for....$2.39
4 lbs. Star Washing Soda for...16c
Large size Peanut Butter for..19c
15c bottles Birkshire Catsup...10c
4 lbs. 10c Old Fine Mixed Candy for 25c
13c Wampum Canned Corn for—dozen $1.00
8 odd cases of Peas for—can...5c

SOUR PICKLES—Overstocked on pickles, gal... 23c
4 doz. German Dill Pickles for..25c
18c cans Monarch Tomatoes...13c
One doz. Alps Peas for.....95c
20c Red Salmon for—a can....14c
One doz. Van Camp's Pumpkin $1.00
4 lbs. of best 10c Prunes for...25c

COFFEE AND TEA.

We know that our Coffee and Teas are the best that money can buy. We guarantee the quality. Special in this quantity only:
10 lbs. 35c Japan Tea.....$2.85
5 lbs. 60c Japan Tea.....$2.45
10 lbs. 40c Royal Java Coffee $3.50
10 lbs. 35c Revere M. & J. Coffee $3.00

THESE PRICES FOR SATURDAY AND ALL NEXT WEEK.

We Ship Goods Anywhere.

OPPEL GROCERY CO

Out-of-town Orders Promptly Filled.

117 EAST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH, MINN.

DULUTH'S CASH GROCERY.

O'Leary & Campbell,

15 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Inventory just completed shows we have entirely too much stock on hand. It must be reduced—and this big cut in prices must do it.

Potatoes, per bu.....75c
Turnips, per bu.....40c
Carrots, per bu.....60c
Beats, per bu.....60c
Parsnips, per bu.....90c
Onions, per bu.....95c
Flour, per bbl.....$4.80
Navy Beans, per peck.....50c
5-lb Cans Hunt's Baking Pdr. $1
5-lb Cans Good Baking Pdr. 50c
Baking Powder—65-lb Drums, per lb.....6c
1-lb can Royal Baking Pdr.--22c
Pepper, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mustard—Allspice—per lb ..22c
Macaroni, Spaghetti, Vermicelli—10-lb boxes, each.....65c
Oyster Crackers, by the box, lb 5½c
Soda Crackers, by the box, lb..5½c
Ginger Snaps, by the box, lb..6½c
Household Cookies, by the box, per lb.....8½c
Tea—a good Jap—3 lbs.....$1.00
Tea—a good E. B.—per lb....40c
Tea—a good Oolong—per lb....40c
Coffee—per lb.....15c, 20c, 25c
Try our 3-lb can Coffe for 85c.
Prunes—bright stock—4 lbs...25c
Prunes—large fancy stock—2 lbs. for.....25c
Currants—3 lbs. for.....25c
Raisins—3 lbs. for.....25c
Baker's Chocolate—per lb.....24c
Dates—3 lbs. for.....25c
Snider's Catsup—per bottle....15c
30c bottles Chili Sauce.....20c
15c bottles Pickles.....10c
Pure Jelly—per glass.....10c
Honey, in the comb.....15c
Lard—3 lbs. for.....25c
Sugar-cured Hams—per lb....12c
Fancy Bacon—per lb.....13c
Bloater Mackerel—2 for.....25c
Fresh Eggs—per doz.....25c
Country Held Eggs—doz.....22c
Can Corn—per doz.....80c
Can Peas—per doz.....90c
Can Green Beans—per doz.....90c
Can Wax Beans—per doz.....90c

Celery—per bunch.....15c
Rubbard Squash—each ----20c
Black Walnuts—per peck---40c
Shelled Pop Corn, sure pop, lb 5c
Apples—peck----30c, 40c, 50c
Navel Oranges, per doz .....15c, 20c and 25c
Sweet Florida Oranges, doz 20c
Oranges, per box.....$2.90
Lemons, per doz.....15c
Can Peaches, doz..$1.10, $1.40, $1.60
Can Pears, doz...$1.10, $1.40, $1.60
25c cans Blackberries—per doz. $1.75; per can.....15c
25c cans Grapes—per doz. $1.75; per can.....15c
3-lb cans Pumpkins—per doz. 75c; per can 7c
15c cans Beets—2 cans.....15c
25c Clam Chowder—per can...18c
Good Red Salmon—per doz. $1.35; 2 cans for.....25c
Empson's Baked Beans—20c cans 15c
Empson's Baked Beans—15c cans 12c
Empson's Baked Beans—10c cans 8c
3-lb cans Baked Beans—3 cans 25c
25c cans Kippered Herring—each 20c

GALLON GOODS.

Gal. Pears—per can.....40c
Gal. Peaches—per can.....50c
Gal. Plums—per can.....40c
Gal. Pumpkin—per can.....25c
Gal. Rhubarb—per can.....25c
Imp. Olive Oil—full quart can..75c
Olive Oil—per gal.....$1.40
Catsup—per gal.....40c
Sour Pickles—per gal.....25c
Dill Pickles—per gal.....30c
Maple Syrup, in 5 gal. cans—per can $3.00
Maple Syrup—gal. cans—each..95c
Pancake Flour—fresh stock—3 pkgs. for.....25c
Soaps—per box—100 bars....$1.75
Soap—10 bars 25c
Rice—a good one—4 lbs.....25c
Can Creams—3 cans.....25c

199 USE OUR 'PHONE 199

WE DELIVER FREE AT DEPOTS—WRITE US.

CASSER'S

209-211 West Superior St.

Always Reliable.

100-lb. SACK GRANULATED SUGAR $4.85
25-lb. SACK GRANULATED SUGAR 1.25

Chocolate—Bakers 1-lb. 25c
Cocoa—Bakers—can 18c
Quaker Oats—pkg. 8c
Flour—1st patent—49-lb sack $1.15
Coffee—Blend—lb. 18c
Coffee—3-lb can Mocha and Java 85c
Navy Beans—per peck 50c
Soda Crackers—25-lb box.....5½c
Ginger Snaps—40-lb box.....6c
Ginger Snaps—40-lb box—per lb 6c

Apricots—per dozen cans ..$1.40
Egg Plums—per dozen cans.$1.40
Green Gages—per dozen cans $1.40
Grapes—per dozen cans $1.40
Pears—per dozen cans $1.50
Peaches—per dozen cans....$1.90
These canned goods are a special value.
Household Cookies—25-lb. box—per lb. 8½c
Condensed Mince Meat—while it lasts—pkg.....5c

If Bobby Burns is looking for a scrap on sugar he will find a chip on the shoulder of Bismarck.

MEAT DEPARTMENT.

PORK LOINS—whole—per lb.....10c
BEEF—Pot Roasts—choice—per lb.....10c
HAMS—Choice sugar cured—per lb.....13c
BACON—Choice sugar cured—per lb.....14c
RIB BOILING—From choice steers—per lb.....5c
TURKEYS, GEESE, DUCKS, CHICKENS AND FOWL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

The Pure Food Store

Backus is old—his godship's got the gout.
Oh, woman, woman, clad in thy sunny robe of smiles,
Throw all impure and harmful drinks out, out,
And serve at petit suppers, picnic, ball and rout
Pure Indian Hill Grown Teas.

Try Our "Peacock Feather Blend"

Served all day tomorrow free. Come and try a cup.
And don't forget that we sell Home-made candies and pure nut butters.

G. E. MacComber

207 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
Both 'Phones, 310.

CIGARS 7 for 25c

EXCEPT CHICOS.

Seven cigars for 25 cents on Saturday.
A few Bargain Counter Goods still left at your own price. Don't fail to embrace this golden opportunity while it lasts.
SATURDAY CANDY AS USUAL.

Remember our new location—329 West Superior Street.

After taking inventory we find that we had the biggest trade in our history during last year, and thank our patrons for our great success.
All goods fresh and reliable.

S. F. BOYCE,

329 W. Superior St., Duluth

Take Advantage

of the sale for tomorrow only, and save some money on your Roast Beef.

ROLLED ROAST—per lb 12½c
BEST CUTS POT ROAST—per lb.....10c
PORK LOINS—whole—per lb.....11c
BEST CUTS LOIN STEAK—per lb.....18c
RIB BOIL—per lb.....5c

COX BROS.

101 East Superior St.

The Best Butter

in this country—the sweetest, wholesomest and most delicious is

PRIMUS

No table complete without it. Once used, always used. Churned every day by

THE Bridgeman & Russell Co.

16 West First Street.
13 East Superior Street.
Both 'Phones, 352.

Do It Tomorrow!

ORDER YOUR EATABLES FROM US—We have the largest and best meat market in the city. You can always get the best meats at lower prices than any other place in the city, quality considered.

GROCERIES

Our Grocery Department is fully equipped—modern and first class in every respect. Fresh, clean and of the best—is our motto. You will find that our prices are right. Start the new year right with opening an account here.

MORK BROS.

BUTCHERS AND GROCERS.
Both 'Phones.

Saturday's Special Offerings AT

Grochowski's

107 W. Fourth St.
Both Phones. Both Phones

The Leading Meat Market on Fourth Street.

You can always find the choicest cuts of meat here at the lowest prices. Read these:

Pork Loins.....10c
Rib Roast.....10 and 15c
Pot Roast.....8 and 10c
Turkey.....20c
Spring Chickens.....15c
Hens.....14c
All Kinds of Sausage, 3 lbs. for 25c

WHY WE GROW

We guarantee our goods.
Your money refunded if goods are not satisfactory.
We save you ONE profit. We buy direct and sell direct.
The people of Duluth are learning what it means to buy their Groceries at wholesale. Come and get our prices.
There is satisfaction in money well expended.
Write for February catalogue.

BARTHE-MARTIN CO.

102-104 West Michigan Street.

GOLD MEDAL BUTTER

Yes, it's the best. Phone us for it.

DULUTH CREAMERY CO.

514 East Fourth St.
Old Phone 1617 New Phone 1839

PURE CANDIES

For the best assortment of pure, fresh candies, see the

BON - TON

Bakery and Candy Kitchen

GOODS DELIVERED.
25 West Superior Street.
Zenith Phone 1166.

LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
IN 2-PIE 10c PACKAGES. MERRELL-SOULE CO., SYRACUSE, N.Y.

IF YOU ARE PARTICULAR ABOUT YOUR TEAS AND COFFEES,

and want the best at right prices, you should come and see us. If you give us your order once, we will always get it. Come and see us in the store that gives you the best teas and coffees for the least possible money.

SUNDBY TEA CO.

16 East Sup. St. Both 'Phones.

OBSOLETE PAPER MONEY.

Some Paper Currency Which Has Become a Nuisance.

While the Confederacy, State banks and other institutions have long since ceased to flood the country with their paper currency, yet a great deal of this imitation money continues in existence and is used to defraud the ignorant and the unwary, says the New York Sun. Though it is true that the average American cannot be deceived by any of the Confederate or wildcat issues, still there are some who do not know better than to accept it, as was illustrated the other day by the mistress of a furnished room house in this city who took a Confederate twenty dollar bill in payment for room rent, giving the difference in good United States money.

Instances of Americans taken in by this worthless stuff are rare, but there are hosts of simple and ignorant foreigners who are almost daily victimized. The distinction between "Confederate States" and "United States" to them is not strongly enough marked to be of any real significance, and nine times out of ten they will take Confederate money with the same readiness that they do the genuine United States issues.

That there is a constant traffic in these worthless notes is proved by the fact that old coin and money dealers, who have in stock immense quantities of Confederate money in both used and unused condition, say there is a steady demand for it, the purchasers paying from 1 to 10 cents for bills ranging in denomination from one to twenty dollars, the price depending upon the condition of the bill.

Attempts to pass this bogus money here are not frequent except upon such occasions as the world's fairs at Chicago and St. Louis. Then unscrupulous persons foisted great amounts of the worthless paper upon foreigners who were engaged at the shows in one kind of business or another. It is said that more than $5,000 in Confederate bills was taken in by these people on the Midway at Chicago, while the foreign contingent at St. Louis was victimized for about an equal amount.

Europe is the real and steady market for this kind of money. Great quantities are yearly passed upon innocent persons about to come to the United States, and around the steamship piers in Continental ports are to be found many swindlers well supplied with Confederate notes, and watching for a chance to cheat emigrants.

A well known dealer in old money of this city tells of an attempt to defraud him while on a recent trip to Germany. He was walking along a street in Bremen when a man came up to him and asked in German if he could change a twenty dollar American bill. The dealer took in the situation at a glance, for the bill the man held in his hand was a relic of the Confederacy, and a pretty poor one at that.

The dealer had several hundred dollars of the same kind of money in a big wallet in his inside pocket which he intended to sell as curiosities to a foreign dealer. All the bills were brand new.

"Certainly," he replied in German.

And, taking the wallet out of his pocket, he quickly extracted two ten dollar bills, hurriedly pressed them into the swindler's hand, at the same time taking the twenty dollar bill offered by the later. The man took just one look at the two bills, and then ran.

During the Spanish-American war of 1898 all Cuba was flooded with Confederate money, and even now the Philippines are having their troubles with it. Usually the difference between United States money and the Confederate issues can be told at a glance by the color. The genuine money is always green, while that of the Confederate was nearly always a faded red. This difference had been abolished by those who passed the money upon the Cubans, for every bit of it had been carefully dyed green.

A curious lot of Confederate money was recently sold at auction in this city. It was nothing more or less than seventeen different varieties of Confederate counterfeit bills.

They were of different denominations, and with but two exceptions were stamped "Counterfeit" while these two had the word "Counterfeit" written across their face. Where they were issued, for what reason, and by whom was the subject of much discussion by the numismatists present. Why on earth any one should counterfeit Confederate money, of which there is millions of dollars worth in existence even today, hardly worth the paper upon which it is printed, was a mystery.

There is one exception to the rule that Confederate issues are practically useless. Thousand dollar Confederate bills are scarce, and a specimen in good condition has brought as much as $20.

Of all the old state bank issues none has caused more trouble than those of the Bank of New Brunswick, N. J. These worthless noes have bobbed into prominence periodically ever since the bank failed in 1873.

The denominations issued by the institution were $1, $3, $5, $10, $20, $100 and $500. They were of good design, having a look of genuine money not always possessed by other issues of the same sort.

A few days before the bank failed an immense quanitity of the new notes arrived, which were soon rendered absolutely worthless by the failure of the bank. Somebody carted the bundles of notes away, and nothing more was heard of them until some years later a certain region was overwhelmed with them.

In recent years several organized attempts have been made to foist these notes upon tradesmen, and in nearly every instance successfully. About four months ago a number of small shopkeepers in Chicago complained to the government authorities that they had been defrauded by Bank of New Brunswick bills.

Two months later complaint began to come in from New York storekeepers that money of the same character was being passed upon them. No one responsible for passing the bogus stuff has been arrested up to date.

Many of the state bank issues look very much like those of the government, and are apt to be taken in by a busy careless tradesman. Especially is this true of several of the defunct Canadian bank issues, which were printed in colors similar to the United States issues.

Some of these bills exhibit high skill in engraving, and from an artistic standpoint compare favorably with United States notes. The bills of the defunct bank of Prince Edward's island are of particularly good workmanship, and nothing but close scrutning would detect the difference between them and the United States notes.

"Dead man's bills" is the name given to these Prince Edward's island bank issues. It is said that the cashier of the bank died, leaving a great number of unsigned bank notes. But such a trifling deficiency was easily supplied by the bank authorities, for it is asserted that the new issue was circulated just the same, all bearing the signature of the dead man in different ink.

There are thousands of varieties of state bank bills, and they bear designs interesting in character. While they are sought to some extent by collectors, yet none of them commands much of a premium, the rarest of them, in perfect condition, seldom bringing more than from 50 to 75 cents.

INDIA'S PINK CITY.

After the glittering whiteness of the marble palaces of Udaipur, which would strain the eye were it not for the cool setting of green in which they are imbedded, it must have been a welcome relief to enter the flourishing modern city of Jaipur, whose houses are decorated with an amazingly beautiful tint of pink madder. Here, says London Modern Society, the royal tourists had their first real experience of ancient Rajput pageantry, and the parade of thirty elephants, gaily caparisoned in cloth-of-gold—one of them the most gigantic creature in all Asia—was well matched by the camel corps which the maharaja keeps up as as a part of his spectacular grandeur. These animals were present at the Delhi Durbar and were therefore seen by the duke and duchess of Connaught. The vision of this glittering reception will remain among the most splendid memories that their royal highnesses the prince and princess of Wales will bring away with them.

If Your Job is Growing "Shaky" and the fault's not yours, get in the market for a "steady position" through a Herald want ad.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	486
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	982
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	654
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING, ELECTROLYSIS, FACial massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—HORSE FOR THE FEED during winter; best care. M 93, Herald.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city. Call in and see us about the above.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of The Onarock Company to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely: Lots Five (5) and Six (6), Block Eighteen (18), Portland Division of Duluth, and Lot Three (3), Block Sixteen (16), Banning & Ray's Sub-Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plats thereof on file and of record in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for said County,

Applicant,

vs.

Walter Van Brunt, Mary A. Van Brunt, Frances A. Branch, City of Duluth, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding, and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 4th day of January, A. D. 1906.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal of District Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.)

S. T. & WM. HARRISON, Attorneys for Applicant.

Duluth Evening Herald—Jan 8-12-19.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray** The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 E. 23d ST., NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST.

INJECTION TRADE MARK **MALYDOR** THE HYGIENIC LOTION

For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, Piles and all Unhealthy Discharges.

NO PAIN. NO STAIN. NO STRICTURE. FREE SYRINGE.

☞ A Sure Preventive of Disease. ☜

At Druggists, or sent anywhere for $1.00.

MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U.S.A.

HIS WISH.

Harper's Weekly: The following colloquy actually occurred during one of the earlier battles in the Philippines. A detachment of American infantry, under orders to support a section of Capt. Reilly's battery, were halted for quite a while on a perfectly flat military road in full view and line range of the Filipino trenches. Of course, to lie flat on the road was the only available "use of cover."

In this detachment was an Irishman who had served his time with the colors in the British army before he enlisted with Uncle Sam. As a recruit he had been very prone to tell how the British soldiers did everything. As a result he was incessantly piled with questions as to his experiences. While the bullets were "plopping" down the road and kicking up the gravel, a young Yankee suddenly asked, "Say, Mike, what do the British soldiers do with their heads in a place like this?"

Quick as a flash came the retort, "A British soldier has no head, sorr!"

After a full two-minute pause, Mike continued, "Howiver, be that as it may, I wish I could pick up this d— road and stan' it on edge ferninst me!"

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NO. 1925 WEST THIRD street, six rooms, water and heat free, $35 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT — TWO COMPLETE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping, upstairs. No. 123 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; MODern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, bath, electric light, furnace heat. $3.00 per month. 456 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, with steam heat and bath, with or without board by day, week or month. 210 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, AT 614 East Fifth street. Inquire John Ganska, 431 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE FRONT rooms, modern, very light housekeeping allowed. 307 East Third street.

TWO ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEkeeping; steam heat, gas and range. 7 Mason flats.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished room for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

NOTICE TO YOU WHO PAY Rent—Will you call on us or will we call on you and show you how to own your own home by paying for it with the money you are paying for rent? It costs you nothing to talk with us and let us show you the homes we have sold on this plan. No investment that brings the returns that this does every day. S. S. Williamson, 315 Torrey building. Zenith 'phone 135. Duluth 'phone 1357.

FOR RENT — PARTLY FURNISHED house, 1027 East Third street; rent $15. Inquire 229 West Fourth street, evenings.

A COUPLE OF FURNISHED APARTments, central location, for March and April; suitable for man and wife or young married couple. Apply 206 Alworth building.

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE—$19.00 PER month including water. Call, 616 East Fourth Street.

SEVEN-ROOM, MODERN HOUSE, new, London road, Lakeside, $30 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 205 Lyceum building.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD. 318 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED large south room in modern house; steam heat, at $23.50 per month; central. Address M 94, Herald.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for A1 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, 123 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

PERSONAL.

D.—IN TOWN. AT ST. LOUIS. SEE you tonight. Mail me Duluth. "Secretary."

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREabouts of Sydney Berstein; was last seen in Duluth May, 1904. Address Mrs. Berstein, 117 Bayard street, Dayton, Ohio.

(6225.)

COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE, ST. Louis County, Minnesota.

To F. C. Clothier:

You are hereby notified that on the Sixth day of May, A. D. 1895, in proceedings to enforce the payment of delinquent taxes pursuant to that certain real estate tax judgment which was entered in the District Court in and for the County of St. Louis in the Eleventh Judicial District of the State of Minnesota, on the 21st Day of March, A. D. 1895, the following described piece or parcel of land, which is situated in St. Louis County in the State of Minnesota, to-wit:

Lot number Two (2) Block "C," London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the Register of Deeds in and for the County of St Louis and State of Minnesota, was sold to satisfy the amount for which it was adjudged liable in said judgment, to-wit: for the sum of Three hundred and sixty-two and 24-100 Dollars.

The right of the State of Minnesota in, upon and against said real estate by virtue of said sale, was duly assigned and sold on the 17th day of September, A. D. 1895, for the sum of Three Hundred eighty and 35-100 Dollars.

The amount required to redeem said real estate from said sale, including all unpaid delinquent taxes, interest, costs and penalties that have accrued on said real estate since said assignment, and also including all delinquent taxes, penalties, costs and interests accruing on said real estate subsequent to said assignment which have been paid by said purchaser (exclusive of the costs to accrue on this notice) is the sum of Twenty-one hundred seventeen and 20-100 Dollars.

The time for redemption of said real estate will expire sixty (60) days after the service of this notice and the due filing of proof thereof in the office of the County Auditor of said St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Witness my hand and official seal this 27th day of December, 1905.

O. HALDEN,
County Auditor St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Seal County Auditor St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan-5-12-19-1906.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, falling manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 328 Superior St. Duluth, Minn

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.

When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.

Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.

WESTERN LOAN COMPANY, 521 Manhattan Building. New phone, 936. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.

MINNESOTA LOAN CO. 205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS

On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.

$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay 1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$50 pay $2.25 weekly or $9.00 month.

Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 669 Palladio building.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills. Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adam street, Chicago, Ill.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 202 Pal. Bldg.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY YOUNG MARried couple, no children, small modern detached house in East end. M 28, Herald.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED.

WANTED — BY MAN WITH REFERences, board and room for the winter. Address with location and best terms. D. B. Cook, care of Herald.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon, also Edison moving picture machine and stereoptican combined. Five hundred plain and colored slides, including lecture sets, song slides, etc., in lots to suit, at half price. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,000, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE — ROOMING HOUSE, TEN rooms. 16 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—NEW HOISTING ENGINES cheap; with or without boiler. One 7x10, one 8x10, one 10x12. All double cylinder, double drum. Clyde Iron Works.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once, sizes 3, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 29, Herald.

FOR SALE — A SMALL HEATER FOR wood or coal. 524 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CHURN DRILL OUTFIT, now two miles north of Biwabik, at much less than cost. 416 Lyceum building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer in good condition, for $18.00 cash. M 32, Herald.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

FOR SALE CHEAP — DELIVERY horse and rig. 5602 Grand avenue, West Duluth.

PONY SLEIGH—AT A BARGAIN. Address M 92, Herald.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel Company.

I HAVE A CAR OF HORSES JUST IN. Come and see me before buying. I will save you money. Barn, Seventh avenue east and Superior street. C. H. Dibell.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 35c a lesson. Address V 35, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER, Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with F. D. Day & Co.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 1502 London road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, hot and cold water, bath and gas. Call at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

A satin skin secured using Satin skin cream and Satin skin face powder. 25c.

THESE DAYS there's comfort in "The Herald Want Ad Way." It's a cold-weather convenience and saves many a step to "fireside folks," conducts a swift, still hunt for the thing you want and its search is seldom unavailing. Time and tramping saved at a trifling cost.

TELL YOUR TROUBLES TO 'PHONE 324

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED.

YOUNG MEN TO LEARN BANKING.

Must have two years of high school or equivalent. No business experience needed. Apply by letter to

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

BOY OR MAN TO TAKE CARE OF furnace for his board. Will not interfere with work or going to school. Address, M 99, Herald.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — NON-UNION PLUMBERS and helpers. Address M 27, Herald.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRST-class trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — FOR UNITED STATES army, able-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to recruiting officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — A REGISTERED SCANdinavian pharmacist. Apply at the White Swan Drug store.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED MAN to take charge of wall paper department Apply at once, Freimuth's.

$80 A MONTH SALARY AND EXPENses to men with rig, to introduce our Guaranteed Poultry and stock Remedies. Send for contract; we mean business and furnish best references. G. R. Bigler Co., X 525, Springfield, Ill.

DELIVERYMAN WANTED — CALL evenings. 207 West Superior street.

WANTED — BELL BOY AT TREMONT hotel.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "free" ill. catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — MACHINISTS, VIRGINIA Foundry & Machine Co., Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—STEAM SHOVEL MEN, ENgineers, craanemen, firemen and dinky runners; standard wages; steady work. Apply or write, Duluth Employment company.

WANTED—MACHINE SHOP BLACKsmith for heavy work. Apply National Iron company, Duluth, Minn.

MAN TO DELIVER GROCERIES. E. M. McEwen, Proctor.

WANTED—CANT HOOK MEN, UNloading logs; steady work for good men. Apply foot L avenue, Superior, near Murray-McCann mill. Edw. Hines Lumber company.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English, marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOOKS CORRECTLY WRITTEN UP and audited by expert accountant. Address Auditor, Evening Herald.

BOY OF 17 YEARS OF AGE WANTS any kind of work, has some experience in driving delivery meat wagon. 703 Garfield avenue.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG single man as poultry man on poultry farm. Address A. H. Bell, 4632 London road, Duluth, Minn.

YOUNG MAN WITH SOME EXPERIence desires position as assistant bookkeeper good penman. M 31, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN 21 YEARS OF age wishes position in wholesale house or retail house of any sort; have had experience as clerk and collector and can "make good." Address M 29, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING IN TAILOR SHOP. Call or address 1122 East Fifth street.

YOUNG MAN WITH REFERENCES would like a position in store or employment office or other light work. Speaks Finnish. J. H. Michaelson, 327 West Fourth street.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—GARNET STICK PIN, THREE large stones, and three small ones, clover leaf pattern, Tuesday night. Return to W. E. W., 321 West First St. Reward.

LOST—PEARL SUNBURST PIN—OPAL center. Liberal reward offered. Mrs. C. H. Stang, 317 East First street.

LOST — YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, lady's silver watch and fob, from Dul. Music Co., down Third avenue West to Lakeside car to Tenth avenue East, then to Second street. Finder please return to Herald office.

LOST—ON SECOND STREET EAST OR Fourth street car, between library and Tenth avenue east, ladies' gold watch and black fob. Return to 1012 East First street for reward.

LOST OR MISLAID, POLICIES NOS. 15557 and 15558, issued by the Penn Mutual Life Insurance company, both on the life of John McLean Oldham. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. John McLean Oldham, 801 East First street, Duluth, Minn.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' SUITS, FANCY WAISTS, Shirt Waists and Dresses. Orders taken for one week at reduced prices. Mrs. Reed, No. 7 West Superior St., Room 1.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN TO THIRTY thousand acres cheap Western Canada land. Send legal plats, prices and terms in first letter. Be definite, or no attention will be given. Charles O. Elwood, 143 East Fourth street, St. Paul, Minn.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 2703 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 127 West Fourth street.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS COOK. Apply 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, at 5935 Oneida street, Lester Park.

WANTED — NORMAL SCHOOL GIRL to work for board at 1201 East Third street. Small wages.

WANTED—GIRL, AGE 25 to 30 YEARS old, for housework; six room flat; three in family; Swedish preferred. La Perte, 24 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl for general housework at 1427 East First street.

WANTED — COMPETENT UNDERwear and hosiery salesLady. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1411 London road.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework at 2025 East First st.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSes, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING by the day. Zenith 'phone 891.

HOUSEWORKER WANTS DAY WORK, beginning Jan. 27. S 10, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer. Will leave city. Wages no object. S 1, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO clerk in confectionary or grocery store; has had experience. M 30, Herald.

WANTED — YOUNG WOMAN WANTS position as housekeeper. Miss Jaxon, General Delivery.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer, Zenith 787, Bell 325-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old 1341-L; Zenith 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE, 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior st.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 58th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG.

Miss Nagle, 210 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 19 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Washington, D. C., established 1861. Booklet free. Highest references.

ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER 'PHONE.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER ARRIVES WITH A CARload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Jan. 23. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

PRIVATE HOSPITALS.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. East. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1225.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

COCKERELS, FINE LARGE BIRDS, dark or light, $2.50 to $5.00 each. Pullets and hens, $1.50 each. There are no better in his state. J. B. Greenfield, 303 Lonsdale building.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. —Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 24, 1906. Work—M. M. Degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE. Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 18th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. Georgo W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M. —Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleacy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Wednesday in K. O. T. M. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. For rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Beneficient degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. W. Feustermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 21 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 116 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street, J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.

COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Jan. 19, 1906. Joint installation of officers, Jan. 16, 1906. F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary, 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, first and third Mondays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; R. Rankin, clerk.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C., meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary. 10 Mason flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, Feb. 7. Remember Burns' anniversary, Flaaten's hall, Jan. 25.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL, NO. 161, Royal league, meets in Elks' hall, first and third Monday evenings, at 8 o'clock. George L. Hargreaves, archeon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Suburban division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings of each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, captain general; H. V. Holmes, paymaster, 415 Fifteenth avenue east; Mrs. Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east.

MODERN MACCABEES—ZENITH CITY Tent, No. 1040, meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Rowley's hall, 112 West First street. Commander, A. J. McCuen; record keeper, E. R. Gnifke; finance keeper, A. G. Case, care Union depot, after 1 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STEAM Engineers—Local Union, No. 15, meets first and third Thursday evenings, third floor, Room 2, Axa building. President, John F. Goghs; vice president, O. C. Hanson; financial secretary, E. V. Robinson; recording secretary, I. W. Gillard; treasurer, C. J. Wendt; conductor, Andrew Wold; guard, William Beatty.

U. O. F.

COURT EASTERN STAR, NO. 86, UNITed Order of Foresters, meets every first and third Tuesdays of every month at Maccabee hall, 224 West First street. Visiting brothers and sisters always welcome. Next meeting Jan. 16. J. B. Gelineau, C. R.; 224, Ninth avenue east; Harry Milnes, treasurer. Office at hall.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

24 Pages

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1906. (ON TRAINS, FIVE CENTS.) TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FEELING AMONG THE DELEGATES TO THE MOROCCAN CONFERENCE IN SPAIN THAT TROUBLE IS BREWING

Beneath Outward Appearance of Amiability a Spirit of Distrust Appears.

Unwillingness of France and Germany to Define Their Positions is Cause.

Moroccan Delegates Realize This and Get Much Satisfaction Therefrom.

Algeciras, Spain, Jan. 20.—Behind the scene of amiability that envelops the relations of the envoys of the powers of the Moroccan conference, a rising feeling of distrust is observable, due seemingly to the unwillingness of both France and Germany to define their positions beyond re-affirming now somewhat wearisomely their adherence to the open door, the sovereignty of the sultan and the integrity of his territories. The French delegates in all their conversational reconnaissances with their opponents have been unable to learn precisely what is the position of Germany; nor apparently have the German representatives been able to ascertain the joint intentions of France and Great Britain. Extreme caution and lack of confidence have begun to destroy the favorable atmosphere for negotiation which was created by the courtesies and assurances of the first days. There is a feeling among the ambassadors of the less interested powers that trouble is in sight. The Moroccan delegates have become conscious of this and take satisfaction therefrom.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY NOT HAVE AN OPPONENT

Three Candidates for the Republican Nomination for State Treasurer.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. T. Young, attorney general, may not have any opposition from the Democrats at the next state election. A Democrat who is very close to Governor Johnson made the statement that it was very likely that the Democrats would leave that office open and virtually endorse Mr. Young.

E. T. Young is a favorite in the Democratic family at the state capitol. He and the governor are strong personal friends and meet very often in a social way. So strong is the attachment between the two officials that on many occasions they have been classed in the Damon and Pythias order by members of the Republican wing of the state house.

In following up the timber trespasses, the attorney general has acted along lines laid down by Governor Johnson's message to the last legislature and in many minor affairs, some of which have had a strong political significance, he has taken a decided stand with the administration.

* * *

F. A. Day, private secretary for Governor Johnson, is authority for the statement that the Democrats will have at least two strong candidates in the field for congress next fall from the Sixth district. One is C. E. Vasaly of Little Falls, a member of the state board of equalization, and the other is J. F. Sullivan, a prominent attorney of St. Cloud. It is intimated that the Democratic organization will attempt to induce one of these two to run for congress. Cleve Van Dyke, former executive clerk for Governor Johnson, put up an excellent fight against Buckman at the last election and the party organization is confident that it can make even a better showing next fall.

F. A. Larabee, the Minneapolis attorney, is prominently talked of as a candidate from the Fifth district. Friends of the popular attorney have been urging him to try issues with Uncle Fletcher.

* * *

There at present three receptive candidates for the Republican candidacy for state treasurer each one of whom has intimated that they were ready to make a try for the nomination. Most prominent among the trio is Peter J. Schwarg of Dodge Center, who for many years was clerk of courts

(Continued on page 4, sixth column.)

PLANS TO OBSTRUCT

All Ordinary Legislation Presented to the Russian Assembly.

Such Announced as Role of Constitutional Democrats.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 20.—The role of the Constitutional Democratic party in the national assembly according to a resolution adopted at the convention which opened here Jan. 18 will be to obstruct all ordinary legislation. However, in case the attempt at the first session to convert the assembly into a full-fledged constituent body is unsuccessful, the members of the Constitutional Democratic party will endeavor to secure the passage of an election law providing for general, direct and equal suffrage and statutes guaranteeing liberty of speech, assembly, press and religion, and measures for the pacification of the country. A resolution providing for the participation of the Constitutional Democratic party in the elections to the national assembly was passed with only two dissenting votes, thus nullifying the chances of a split which the extremists hoped to effect on this question. At the suggestion of M. Boditcheff, the convention declined to any specific measures regarding the solution of the agrarian question.

Reval, Esthonia, Jan. 20.—The members of the "Temporary government" were arrested last night, including a lawyer, M. Paska, who is the candidate of the Esthonian party for election to the national assembly.

Revolutionists are reappearing in the districts from which the troops have been withdrawn and are condemning and executing persons who extended hospitality or assistance to the soldiers.

CERTAINLY A WET SPOT.

The Place Where it Rains Most in the World.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Russian meteorological society published interesting figures, showing that Assam gets more rain in the course of a year than any other known part of the world. The average is 37 feet per annum. Bombay is next with 21 feet per annum, though a certain district in the African empire of the kaiser, Cameroon, had as much as 34 feet of rain last summer. The wettest year in Assam, was 1851 with 48 feet of rain, the next wettest 1902, when 46 feet of rain fell.

The average annual rain in London amounts to three feet.

ELECTORAL SLAUGHTER

Of the Unionists Continues Unabated in English Elections.

Sir William Hart-Dyke Loses Seat From Division of Kent.

London, Jan. 20.—The electoral slaughter of the Unionists proceeds unabated. Out of forty-one returns this morning the Liberals take twenty-one seats of which twelve were captured from the Unionists, including Woodstock, where the Marlborough influence did not suffice to stem the anti-Conservative flood. Among the Unionists who lost their seats is Sir William Hart-Dyke, Conservative, former member of the Othe-Dartford division of Kent, who was president of the council from 1887 to 1892.

Lieut. Col. Arthur H. Lee, Conservative, former civil lord of the admiralty, who was British military attache at Washington and later attache with the American army during the Spanish-American war, has been re-elected for the South or Farsham division of Hampshire by a greatly reduced majority.

The totals to date are: Liberals 249; Unionists 111; Irish Nationalists 78; Laborites 37.

The former secretary of state for the home department, Aretas Akers-Douglas, Conservative, has been re-elected for the East or St. Augustine division of Kent.

Four additional returns, two Nationalists, a Unionist and a Liberal, were made this afternoon. The Nationalists won a seat at North Tyrone by the election of W. H. Dodd, K.C., against the Unionist candidate, Denis Henry, K. C. The seat formerly was held by a Liberal, the former solicitor general for Ireland, Charles Hare Hemphill, who was elevated to the peerage.

POPE PIUS

Chagrined by the Attitude of the Priests in Poland.

Rome, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pope Pius is surprised and chagrined by the attitude of the Polish priests, who defy his authority and continue to make war upon the Russian oppressors. The pope is constantly receiving news from Warsaw and other parts of Poland, informing him that the priests refuse to accept his authority in matters of their own nationality. One of the spirited protests that reached the holy father recalled the fact that Poland was a republican government for centuries, while Rome never enjoyed constitutional government under the popes.

Only when Napoleon drove the pope from Rome, the people of the states of the church enjoyed a parliamentarian government, but when the pope returned he immediately re-established autocracy.

The Polish priests have formulated their demands, with or without the pope's consent, as follows: Complete autonomy for Poland, constitutional government, suffrage and a national diet. Bettering of the condition of the poor, and the Polish language to be made the official language in state and church matters.

AGED MAN MURDERED

Wealthy Banker of Farmington, O., Killed in His Home.

His Body is Covered With Straw and Set on Fire.

Warren, Ohio, Jan. 20.—The people of West Farmington, a village near here, are greatly excited today as a result of the mysterious murder last night of R. K. Lewis, a wealthy banker and farmer, by an unknown man who came to the home of Lewis in a carriage. Lewis and this man it is said were in conference for an hour. At the end of that time a hired man in another part of the house smelled smoke and rushed into the room. He found Lewis lying dead with his head crushed while his hands and feet were tightly bound. The body was covered with burning straw which had been saturated in coal oil. The unknown stranger was missing. It is believed that the murder followed a quarrel over business matters as a number of account books of the dead man were found lying on the table in the room where the crime was committed.

Lewis, who as a widower and 70 years of age, lived alone in the house with a hired man. Detectives have been summoned from Cleveland in connection with the crime.

HE NEVER PRAYS

In Winter Because There Are No Thunder Storms Then.

Paris, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—During a recent visit to his country seat, the village pastor pointed out to President Loubet an old farmer who, he said, was very religious, though he never went to the church. "So you are a great prayer," said the president to the old man.

"Yes, I do pray a lot, your excellency," replied the flattered peasant.

"Say your morning prayers?"

"Never."

"Your evening prayers?"

"Can't say that I do."

"Then do you pray before and after meals?"

"I don't, Mr. President. You see when I sit down to table I am as ravenous as a wolf, and when I get up I am full to my throat."

"Then when do you pray?" inquired Mr. Loubet.

"In summer, when it thunders."

FRANCE WILL NOT TAKE DECISIVE ACTION AGAINST CASTRO WITHOUT ADVICE OF THE UNITED STATES

French Republic Somewhat Hampered by the Conditions at Venezuela.

The Other Powers Might Object to a Blockade of the Various Ports.

All Now Depends on Result of M. Jusserand's Conferences at Washington.

Paris, Jan. 20.—The apparent hesitation in France's decision relative to Venezuela appears to be prompted by the desire not to begin active measures without first taking the advice of the authorities at Washington. For this purpose Ambassador Jusserand has been fully instructed regarding his government's point of view, which he is laying before the American government. The officials here agree that France's action is somewhat hampered owing to Venezuela's peculiar situation, the foreign claims upon the customs being regarded as placing a blockade almost out of the question. It is feared that if France stopped commerce with the exterior, President Castro would immediately seize this as a pretext for refusing to comply with Venezuela's obligations towards other nations. It is admitted that preparations are going on for reinforcing the French squadron, but the object of this step is still undefined. This much is regarded as certain—France's next move will depend on the result of M. Jusserand's conferences at Washington.

CREW IS RESCUED TWICE FROM SINKING SCHOONER

Thrilling Experience of Seven Men Saved From a Shipwrecked Vessel.

New York, Jan. 20.—An account of a strange and thrilling rescue of seven seamen from the shipwrecked schooner Kipling was brought here today by the steamer Maine from London. The steamer found the Kipling, on Jan. 11, near the British coast sinking from the effects of the pounding of huge waves, and sent a boat to take off the Kipling's crew. It stood alongside the schooner, sometimes rising to the level of the decks, and sometimes dropping far below them with the roll of the waves. Every man on the Kipling had safely jumped into this bobbing boat, and the oars had been dipped to row away, when the schooner swung around so that her bowsprit was directly over the lifeboat. Simultaneously a sea rose beneath the boat, carrying it up and crushing it against the bowsprit, which struck it directly across the midship section.

In the midst of snapping oars and flying splinters the seven seamen from the Kipling leaped up to the bowsprit throwing their arms about available supports and with their feet trying to kick the life boat free from its perilous position. This they did, but the life boat swept clear of the schooner, leaving them clinging to the bowsprit.

In the bottom of the boat one rescuer lay, unconscious, having been struck on the head during the collision and the boat itself so badly damaged that it was in danger of sinking. It was rowed back to the Maine, while the crew of the Kipling clambered back to the deck of their vessel again. The Maine, however, sent a second life boat to the schooner and this time the shipwrecked men were safely taken aboard the steamer.

The Kipling had been crippled for twelve days before sighting the Maine. She was bound for America.

FIGHT OVER STATEHOOD MEASURE IN THE HOUSE

Leader of Insurgents Claims to Have Seventy-Two Republicans.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The second test of strength of the so-called insurgents in the house of representatives will be made next week when the bill to admit two new states, formed of Arizona and New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, will come up for discussion. There is practically no opposition to the admission of Oklahoma and Indian territory as one state, but there is decided antagonism to the proposal to force Arizona to accept joint statehood with New Mexico. Chairman Babcock, the recognized insurgent leader, claims to have seventy-two Republicans in his following. The Democrats, who supported the Philippine tariff bill practically in a body, will vote to a man against the statehood bill. If all of the insurgents are present when the vote is taken, and none of them desert, the measure will either be amended so as to eliminate Arizona and New Mexico, or the whole bill will be defeated. The margin, however, will be extremely small, and in no event is it likely that the majority will be greater than fifteen or twenty either way.

THE DEMONSTRATIONS OF SOCIALISTS CAUSE ALARM

Military and Police of Germany Are Making Preparations for Red Sunday.

Berlin, Jan. 20.—The Socialists meetings to protest against the Prussian election law are giving the authorities greater concern owing to the excesses at Hamburg. Ninety-three meetings have been called in Berlin and its suburbs and will be addressed by Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader and other members of the reichstag. It is stated that the speakers have been instructed by the Socialist executive committee to use the sharpest language possible in order to cause the police to disband the meetings, this being regarded as excellent propaganda material for the Socialists. The military and police are making extensive preparations for tomorrow when the Russian "Red Sunday" of Jan. 22 last will be celebrated. The officers are rejecting all invitations for this evening and tomorrow having received orders to report at 9 o'clock this evening for twenty-four hours duty. The police president has issued a proclamation which today is placarded everywhere warning the people against assembling out of idle curiosity about the places where meetings are to be held since any rioters demonstrations "Will be suppressed with the extreme measures admissible under the laws," and "under the circumstances innocent persons might suffer harm to life and health."

The Vorwaerts organ of the Socialists, ironically thanks the police president for assisting in giving emphasis to the demonstrations.

SHIP IS WRECKED; SEVEN ARE MISSING.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 20.—The British ship Kink David was wrecked on Bajoa, Vancouver Island, Dec. 13. A. Walstrom, the mate, and six men are still missing. The remaining members of the crew were saved. The crew managed to get on shore and reach an Indian village, where shelter was secured. Chief Officer A. Walstrom, with six seamen, left in one of the ships boats bound for Cape Beale to seek assistance. Heavy winds prevailed after they left and they are believed to have been lost. The steamer Queen City, which reached Clayoquet yesterday afternoon, enroute to Victoria, reports having picked up Capt. Cotrell and the survivors, eighteen in all, from the beach on Jan. 15. The men had suffered privations, and Donald McLeod, sailmaker, died on board the Queen City on the 16th.

NEW PRESIDENT

Of the Swiss Republic Used to Be a Socialist.

Geneva, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Louis Forrer, the new president of the Swiss Federation, was at one time known as a Socialist, but got into trouble with the party when he offered to let some financiers in "on the ground floor" in the Workmen's Old Age Insurance business. Sice then Forrer has been known as a Radical. He is an energetic politician, "brutal," says his enemies. Of his old friends, the Socialists, he is no longer fond, in fact, some time ago he denounced "Socialism as Switzerland's misfortune." He is principally responsible for the defeat of the attempt to obtain subsidies for the Workingmen's council.



"PUT ME OFF AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES."

EARLY MORNING FIRE AT MORA

Destroys Mora Produce Company, Restaurant and Cruso Bazar.

Mora, Minn., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire was discovered at an early hour this morning in the second story of the building occupied by the Mora Produce company and the Hagelle restaurant. It had gained such hold before being discovered that it was impossible to save any part of either the building in which it originated, or that adjoining on the north, occupied by the Cruso Bazar store, and it was only by the heroic efforts of the volunteer fire company of the village, and by the aid of one of the best systems of waterworks in the state that it was kept from spreading to adjoining buildings in the same block. The losses are estimated as follows: Pope, Rines & Pope building, $3,000; Pope & Pope building, $1,000; Hegelle restaurant, $1,000; Mora Produce company, $2,000; Cruso Bazar store, $2,000. The losses are well covered by insurance.

ILLINOIS WINS IN CLOSE DEBATE WITH MINNESOTA.

Minneapolis, Jan. 20.—It was not an easy victory which the Northwestern university of Evanston, Ill., gained last night against Minnesota, when it won in the annual debate by one vote, the judges giving one vote to Minnesota and two to Northwestern. G. P. Wishard was Northwestern's strongest debater, being forceful, rapid, able to think quickly and seize every possible advantage, and he proved a most severe stumblingblock to the Gopher attack. C. D. Royal and E. S. Bogardus were not as fluent, and especially in their rebuttal spoke haltingly at times, but their arguments were clear and concise and were driven home with convincing force.

The judges of debate were three of the judges from Iowa state supreme bench, Judges E. McClane, C. A. Bishop and J. C. Sherwin. Ex- Governor Van Sant presided.

LAKE BOAT CLEARS FROM BUFFALO FOR CLEVELAND.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 20.—For the first time in the month of January for twenty-five years, clearance papers were issued yesterday to a vessel bound for a port west of here. The steel steamer John H. Stanton left this morning for Cleveland, light and uninsured. Two tugs left Cleveland last night and are due here today. They are to guide the Stanton up the lake. At Cleveland the steamer will take on a cargo of coal and tie up for the winter. There is no ice in the lake.

DULUTH WEATHER REPORT: Snow and much colder, with a cold wave tonight and Sunday, the temperature falling to zero or below during Sunday. Brisk to high northerly winds.

SALE OF—

FANCY VESTS

A clean-up of our entire stock of Fancy Vests that has been acknowledged as the swellest ever shown in Duluth. Not every size in all materials, but everyone can be fitted at a saving of from $2 to $5.

YOUR CHOICE OF OUR FANCY VESTS $2.95

We sold hundreds of these vests last month for $5, so you can easily figure out the saving.

THE DAYLIGHT STORE

Oak Hall Clothing Co.

Cor. 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.

OUR LEADERS—

Straight Whiskies—Cedar Brook and Maryland Rye.
Blended Whiskies—Old Cabinet and Live Oak.

COOK'S BUFFET

Temple Roller Rink

Open every week day. Afternoons, 2 to 5 p. m. Evenings, 7:30 to 10:30 p. m. Music every evening by La Brosse's band and Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. Children's matinee Saturday afternoons.

WASHINGTON FIR TIMBERS

WOODRUFF LBR. CO.



WE TEST EYES as well as, if not better, than any one else in Duluth. Our prices are lower than the other good specialists.

C. D. TROTT No. 3 West Superior St.

CHINESE ARE WELL PLEASED

With Their Visit to the Great Enterprises of Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The imperial Chinese commissioners, Tuan Fang and Tai Hun-Tzu, entered promptly upon the program outlined for their second day in Chicago, notwithstanding the fact that both of them were somewhat fatigued after their strenuous day of yesterday, in the course of which they visited several public institutions, held receptions, were entertained at dinner and luncheon and received a great number of their own countrymen, who called during the day to pay their respects. The program for the second day included a visit to the stock yards and to the plant of the McCormick Harvester company. The usual plan of inspecting the methods of killing and packing was followed, the visitors observing an animal from the time it was introduced into the packing house alive until it was hanging in sections in the cooling rooms. They displayed the greatest interest in all they saw, and ceaselessly plied the managers of the plants and the operatives with questions.

Luncheon was served in one of the large packing houses, and the commissioners then boarded a train to the McCormick plant. They spent the afternoon in an inspection of the enormous establishment, showing the same keen interest in everything here that they had exhibited at the stock yards. Tonight a banquet will be tendered them at the Auditorium.

A Card.

We, the undersigned do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth.
R. C. Sweeny. William A. Abbett.

Duluth Fashion

—OR—

La Van

The best clear Havana and domestic cigars made. For sale by all dealers.

RAILROADS

CREW OF MEN NOW AT WORK

Clearing Southeastern Right-of-Way Near Duluth.

The Rainy Lake Road Orders Eight New Locomotives.

William Usborne, a Wisconsin Central engineer, from Milwaukee, is said to be in charge of a crew of men that is now clearing the right-of-way for the new Lake Superior & Southeastern road to the south of South Superior.

Most of the workmen are from the city near which the work is being done, and it has not been found necessary to establish any camps as yet. Those who haven't homes in that part of town are quartered at a hotel. Contractor J. E. Erickson who has the contract for furnishing piling from the Duluth end of the line has already partly filled the contract. He will supply all the timber to be used on the line between Duluth and Stinnett, Wis. The work of driving the piling will not be begun until spring.

Others crews of men will, within the next two weeks, be put at work in the vicinity of Gordon, Wis., making cuts through the sand ridges, and contracts for making rock cuts between Gordon and Duluth.

Road Orders New Locomotives.

Eight new locomotives have been ordered by the Duluth, Rainy Lake & Winnipeg road. As has been announced before, the road has already placed an order for 8,000 tons of steel for 1906 delivery. It is expected that construction work on the extension north will be rushed as soon as weather conditions will permit in the spring.

Iron Range Change of Time.

The Duluth & Iron Range road this week changed the time of its range train No. 4, so that it now arrives in Duluth one hour later than it did before. Where it used to arrive at 7:25 p. m., it now arrives at 8:25 p. m. There is a corresponding change in the time of departure from the other end of the line and of the arrival at intermediate points.

Northern Pacific Train Delayed.

The Northern Pacific passenger train from St. Paul, due here at 6:30 o'clock this morning, was delayed six hours by a freight train wreck near White Bear. It was nearly 1 o'clock before the train pulled into the Duluth Union depot.

Oriental Limited Change.

The running time of the Oriental limited, the Great Northern train between St. Paul and the Pacific coast, has been shortened one hour and twenty minutes. It will leave St. Paul at the same time as formerly, but its arrival at Seattle will be an hour and twenty minutes earlier than before. No. 3, another Great Northern coast train, will leave St. Paul at 3 p. m. instead of 5 p. m. as formerly. There will also be a difference of two hours in the time of arrival at Seattle, getting in at 7 a. m. instead of 9 a. m.

THE STAGE

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"The Sho-Gun."
METROPOLITAN—Yankee Doodle Girls.

"THE SHO GUN."

Lyceum Theater Was Filled With a Delighted Audience.

CAST:

William Henry Spangle ..... John E. Henshaw
The Sho-Gun ..... Detmer H. Poppen
Gen. Kee-Otori ..... E. P. Parsons
Hanki-Pank ..... Thomas C. Leary
Tee-To Komura ..... William C. Weeden
Beverly Dasher ..... Douglas Ruthven
Sha-Man ..... Henry G. Barstar
Omee-Omi ..... Genevieve Day
Princess Hunni Bun ..... Agnes Cain Brown
The Dowager Hi-Faloot ..... May Ten Broeck
Moo Zoo-May ..... Isabelle D'Armond

In the realm of musical comedy the name of Henry W. Savage stands pre-eminent. In all of his productions there is a perfection of costuming, a delicious harmony of coloring, and a general evidence of the finest in stage management, that place them above all in that field of stage entertainment. He always has people of good ability—sometimes brilliant—but at any rate, an entertainment that bears his name is never disappointing.

"The Sho-Gun" was offered Duluth people for the first time last evening by Mr. Savage, and an audience that filled the theater was thoroughly delighted and manifested its pleasure in enthusiastic applause. The lines are by George Ade and are catchy, witty and laughable. Like most of Mr. Ade's works it is a satire on some weaknesses of people and nations. It is labeled on the program: "The 'Sho-Gun' is meant to be an indirect treatise on the worship of titles, the formation of trusts, the potency of the American 'pull,' Yankee commercial invasion, legal maneuvering, advertising enterprise and other subjects of timely interest," and that covers it pretty well.

The scenes are in Korea and a breezy American promoter drops in on the very exclusive people there and proceeds to promote everything in the kingdom and to gratify his desire to acquire a title. The music is by Gustav Luders and is tuneful and pleasing, but without any very great originality and is rather scarce of song hits.

One of the most striking things about "The Sho-Gun" is that it is a musical comedy produced by a company that contains considerable singing ability, most of the musical comedy companies have little or none. There are principals who can sing, and the chorus work is excellent.

John E. Henshaw has been heard many times in Duluth and in many vehicles, but he probably never gave better satisfaction than in the character of the American promoter which he assumed last evening. As the breezy, resourceful Yankee bringing the American methods of promoting to the Orientals he was delightfully funny. His songs brought him many encores. Thomas C. Leary as the wise man and dealer in proverbs, is clever, and expounds some of Mr. Ade's modernized proverbs in a way that causes much merriment. Detmer Poppen has not a great deal to do in the character of the Sho-Gun and does not appear until near the close of the performance, but makes the audience wish that it could see more of him. He has a fine presence, a huge voice and assumes the character in a manner entirely satisfying. William C. Weeden, the tenor, is a pleasing singer.

Miss Agnes Cain Brown, who was here with the Bostonians as leading soprano on the occasion of their last visit, has the role of Princess Hunni Bunn and is the company's best vocalist. She has a voice not remarkable for volume, but clear, fresh and of much sweetness. Her duet with Mr. Weeden, "The Honeymoon will Last" was a delight, one of the best things heard in musical comedy in a long time, and the audience seemingly could not get enough of it. Miss Genevieve Day makes a charming Omee-Omi, widow of the Sho-Gun in a land where widows are shunned, but who is instantly gathered in by the Yankee promoter. Isabelle D'Armond is pleasing as Moo-Zoo-May, and May Ten Broeck, the—same old May and not a pound less—disports herself in the part of a dowager.

The chorus is the prettiest seen here in many a day. The young women are all good looking and have animation and freshness in appearance and action. The male section of the chorus is especially strong vocally.

The performance will be repeated this evening.

YANKEE DOODLE GIRLS.

The "Yankee Doodle Girls" will conclude their engagement at the Metropolitan this evening. The performance will be enlivened by the addition of a wrestling match between Carl Mattson of Minneapolis and Mart Johnson of Duluth.

Next week, the "Baltimore Beauties" will hold forth at the Metropolitan, opening their engagement Monday evening and giving the usual matinees, including one on Saturday. Thursday will be ladies' day and souvenirs will be given to all ladies attending either the afternoon or evening performance.

CONTEST FOR MEMBERSHIP

Reds and Blues In Boy's Department of Y. M. C. A. Participants.

Judging from the interest taken in the Red and Blue membership contest in connection with the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A in the effort to



HARWOOD STURTEVANT.
Captain of Blues.

increase the membership by 100, before Feb. 15, will be a success.

This is the first time a contest of this kind has been tried, and the cabinet will do its best to make the membership 500. Considering the many advantages that are to be had, and the benefits to be derived, every boy within a reasonable radius ought to belong. Parents are being urged to come any time and see the club, and get any information they desire.

At the cabinet meeting held at the beginning of the month Edward Bor-



EDWARD BORGEN.
Captain of Reds.

gen was appointed to captain the "Reds," and Harwood Sturtevant the "Blues." Both boys have good executive ability, and have taken hold with a determination that means success. The entire membership has been divided equally, and blue application cards will be used during the canvass. A colored light burning in the building will tell which side is ahead. The side winning will be honored by having the monthly publication of the boys' department printed in the color of its side.

JOHNSON LOSES SUIT.

Against Itasca Paper Company in United States Court.

Judge Morris in United States court late yesterday afternoon decided that Peter I. Johnson, who sued the Itasca Paper company of Grand Rapids, Minn., for personal damages because of an injury received at that company's mill, had not proved his case and directed a verdict for the defendant.

Johnson and one or two others were on the stand the afternoon before and yesterday morning and at noon the plaintiff rested his case. Immediately on resuming after luncheon yesterday the defense moved for a direction of verdict and after the argument the motion was granted.

MORE RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following rural carriers have been appointed: Long Prairie, Route No. 6—Harry W. Sargent, carrier; Samuel S. Sargent, substitute. Monah, Route No. 1—S. C. Caswell, carrier; Frank Clark, substitute.

Examination FREE

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

DR. BEST,

Rooms 1 and 2, 26 W. Superior St.

PEACE HAS TREASONS

Gov. J. F. Hanly Speaks of "The Patriotism of Peace."

Perils of Present are Greater Than Those of War.

Governor J. Frank Hanly of Indiana spoke before an undersized audience at the First Methodist church last evening on "The Patriotism of Peace," opening the Star Lecture course for the season of 1906. The title of his lecture might, with equal reason, have been "The Perils of Peace," or "The Treasons of Peace."

All through the talk ran the thought that the politicians, men in the courts of justice and the corporate interests of the country are committing high treason by betraying the trust of the people, selling and buying the people's rights as if they were an article in trade. He roasted grafters in all walks of life, in politics and out of it, and laid the entire evil to the greed, avarice and lust of gain of the American people as a whole, saying that a reformation could be brought about only by the people themselves, who must begin at home, and work a change in their own hearts and minds.

In their mad race for wealth during the past ten years, he said, the voters have forgotten everything else, and their legislators have been aware that their actions were not watched, and have labored under the impression that the civic conscience was either asleep or dead, or they wouldn't have been so dishonest and committed such acts of treason against their country as they have. The speaker took a rap at the railroads and the giving of free transportation to legislators, and said that such transportation was never given except when the railroads expected to get back, at an exorbitant rate of interest, all the money which they thus apparently threw away.

Governor Hanly did not make a very good impression at the start. While dramatic enough in word and action, he failed to arouse the keen interest of his hearers until he had been talking for half an hur or so. When his lecture came down to the present, however, from dealing with generalities of the past, and he took up the live issues of the day, the audience sat up and took notice, and from that time on gave the speaker the closest of attention, frequently interrupting to applaud his remarks. The farther along he got the more interesting he became, and the more often was he applauded.

Governor Hanly was introduced by Mayor M. B. Cullum, who said the speaker was one of the preachers of the new gospel that "Honesty is the best politics." The man from Indiana, after rather cleverly placing himself on a friendly footing with his audience by his introductory remarks, said that he was in Duluth to deliver a message, and to give truth as he understood it. He explained that he was not a pessimist, and that neither was he such an optimist that he could not recognize truth when he saw it.

He began by speaking of the greatness of the United States as a country and of the greatness of her people. He told of the building of the nation, and of the struggles of the early inhabitants to establish it on a firm foundation, with liberty and the equality of man, buttressed by law, standing out as the fundamental principle of it all. He reviewed the different wars that the states have passed through, and dwelt with particular emphasis on the Civil war, painting some of the fights with vivid coloring. All this sacrifice of life, brutal fighting and carnage was that liberty might be preserved.

"The patriotism of war is a grand and sublime passion," said the speaker, "but of the finer fiber, and just as grand and sublime, is the passion of the patriotism of peace. Without it our government and the free institutions of the country could not endure a single day. There is no need now for us to suffer the penalties of war. We have passed that stage. All the nations of the world combined could not destroy our country. Our resources and our position are such as to make it highly impossible that any country or any combination of countries will attempt to lead us into war. We stand in no danger from war and its hazards. It is the dangers of peace that we must fear. The dangers of peace come from within, and not from without. The dangers of war can be seen and comprehended, but the dangers of peace come by stealth, and wait in ambush. They do in darkness and by cowardly stealth what war does in the open."

The governor said that treason, as popularly defined in books and in the public mind, related only to war, but that the treason of peace was just as dangerous, if not more so, because, where the treason of war can be easily understood and comprehended, the treason of peace is of a different variety, and cannot be clearly understood or defined. But if this same treason is not understood and not fairly, he continued, it will overthrow the government and the free institutions of the country.

Greed, avarice and the lust of gain were named as the three children of the treason of peace. These children create a dangerous condition. They poison all the sources of power. Their touch pollutes. They are to be found, he asserted, in every administrative department of the government, and even poison the source and current of civic power. The governor said that this poison has reached into the halls of congress, has touched every branch of civic life, and even sits enthroned in the court of justice. It is to be seen today on every hand. In the last ten years, he said, a remarkable amount of money has been accumulated in the United States, but a situation of the gravest and most perilous character has been brought about because of it, for this greed, avarice and lust for gain have occupied the whole attention of the people, and made them forget to demand honesty of the men chosen to represent them in the departments of government and justice.

The governor dealt briefly with the insurance scandals, saying that no man was worth the money paid some of the presidents in salaries, but that, even drawing $150,000 a year, these men were not satisfied. Their appetites were only whetted, and to satisfy them they stole the money belonging to the widows and children of the country. Mere resignation, he said, was not enough for such men as these. He demanded that they be branded as traitors, and that all right of citizenship be taken from them, also that they be imprisoned as common criminals. They should have no rights in a free land like this.

The speaker described the railroads as masters of the people, when they should be their servants. The giving of free transportation was described as petty bribery. The railroads, he said, have a dangerous power, which should be taken from them. He favored an impartial tribunal to stand between the railroads and the people, which would have as its purpose the fixing of rates. As it is the roads can make or break a business man in any part of the country, he explained.

"The force and power of public opinion must drive an unwilling senate to wrest this danger from the transportation companies," he said. "The administration of justice is controlled by the corporate interests. They buy your right to enact public legislation. There are men who are willing to buy this right, and men who are willing to sell it."

After dealing further with the insidious character of the giving of free transportation, and of the injury it may do, the governor told of how the people are becoming awakened to the dangers of this treason of peace, and spoke of Folk, La Follette, Jerome, Weaver and others as preachers of the new gospel. The correction of the evil, he stated, lies with the people themselves, and they must begin at home, while the reformation of the heart and life of the average American must be brought about before this treason to the country could be brought to an end. As soon as the legislators realize that the people are no longer crazed with their lust for gain, he said, and that they want honesty in politics, the public will be given honesty in politics.

"They would not have betrayed you in the past," he said, "if they had not believed the patriotism of peace, and the civic conscience were either asleep or dead. Begin the reformation in your own hearts and lives. Start now. It is only a question of common, everyday honesty."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets Druggists refund money if it fails to cure E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Musical Instruction.

Lessons in every branch of musical learning and elocution. Inquire at the Bradbury School of Music, Fourth avenue west and First street.

WATCH FOR THE GRAND

Masquerade Ball!

At Armory, Feb. 15, 1906, given by the North Pole Lodge, No. 32, O. D. H. S. Special prizes.

LATE DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Menominee People Are Alarmed Over Appearance of Meningitis.

Menominee—Andrew Alger, 16 years old, a son of James Alger, a prominent business man of Menominee, died Thursday of spinal meningitis after an illness of only twenty hours. For fear of contagion, the remains were hastily buried this afternoon. This is the second death from this disease here in a few weeks and the people are becoming alarmed.

Roland Lindgren, the 10-year-old son of Lewis Lindgren, foreman for the Menominee Electrical Manufacturing company, was drowned while skating. He ventured too far out from shore, to a point where the ice was thin, near open water, and was engulfed. Another boy was also thrown into the water but was saved.

Newberry—D. N. McLeod of Newberry has closed a contract with the owners of the sawmill located at Rex, on the Soo line, to manufacture the timber he is cutting on his tract located about ten miles southeast of Newberry. Mr. McLeod is operating a crew of sixty men and is taking off all the timber, which consists of hardwood, birch, hemlock, cedar and pulpwood.

Manistique—There is on hand in the Manistique municipal treasury the sum of $21,260.97 available for completing the water and sewer systems. Engineer Cleveland estimates that it will require $38,396.27 to complete the work blocked out, which is $17,135.30 more than has been appropriated and raised. The question that now confronts the people of Manistique is, how will the money be provided?

Pentago—John Hart, teamster for F. G. Hood & Co., at Pentago, drew one of the largest loads of hardwood logs. It contained sixty-four logs and scaled 8,224 feet. The load was drawn over one of the best logging roads in the county.

Wherever there's Pain

There is a place for an

ALLCOCK'S PLASTER

It Does It's Work While You Do Yours.

Grand Clearance Sale Still On

Our mammoth store, covering over one acre of floor space, is packed from top to bottom with the largest assortment of household furniture shown west of Chicago. Everything required for your home here at prices within the reach of all. If you want to buy for cash we can save you money—if you want credit, we can offer you the most liberal terms.

Iron Folding Beds



Sanitary all Iron Folding Bed; the best of all, can be made into a child's bed or full size; when closed up can be used as a table—for only $8.39

Tapestry Couches

Just three left of those Tapestry Couches going at half price. Don't miss this chance if you are in want of a couch.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD. MAKE YOUR OWN TERMS.



Half Price Sale on Lace Curtains

continues all this month. Many rare good values to be picked up at this sale — have to be seen to be appreciated.

Carpets and Rugs.

Many more good values left in our Carpet department.

2 rolls left of that 90c Ingrain which we will close out at 60c per yard. This is strictly the best value offered.

Davenports Sofa Beds



Fine showing of rich Davenports and Sofa Beds—many good values—ask to be shown the specials during this sale.

Corner of Second Avenue West and First Street. BAYHA & CO., Corner of Second Avenue West and First Street.

The members of the MISSIONARY SOCIETIES will find the two Books of Study for 1906, "CHRISTUS, LIBERATOR" and "INDIANS AND SPANISH NEIGHBORS," in cloth 50c, in paper 35c, at

ALBERTSON'S BOOK STORE

DEVELOP THE SCHEME

Labor Unions Will Take Hold of Park Project.

Otherwise Matters Are Quiet in Labor Union Circles.

Union meetings:

Tonight—Bakers and Confectioners, 18 West Superior street.

Monday—Retail Clerks, Labor World hall; Tug Firemen, Labor World hall.

Tuesday—Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers, Labor World hall; Sheet Metal Workers, Labor World hall; Machinists, Axa building; Carpenters, Rowley block.

Wednesday—L. T. P. A., Clark block; Marine Engineers', Lyceum building; Steamfitters, Labor World hall; Plasterers, Labor World hall; Meat Cutters, Labor World hall.

Thursday—Plumbers and Gasfitters, Labor World hall; Cooks and Waiters, Labor World hall.

Friday—Federated Trades assembly, Labor World hall; Lathers, Labor World hall.

* * *

Now that the semi-annual elections of officers in labor unions are over with and installed, matters are quiet and everybody is working. There has probably not been in years a winter which is so prolific with jobs as this. Jobs are said to be going begging and about the only union men out of employmeat just now are the marine men and they are simply taking their vacation.

* * *

The idea broached by Henry Deroche of the Painters in Trades assembly a week ago Friday night, namely, that the union of the city should start a fund to get a park and pavilion of their own, is meeting with considerable favor and if the present spirit continues, will doubtless go through and possibly develop into something larger in the way of a picnic grounds enterprise.

* * *

It would not be surprising either should the local unions celebrate Labor Day in advance. Congress has established the first Monday in September as the day for the whole nation, and therefore that is the official day. But for the past several years that day has proved to be a rainy one in Duluth and the unions have about given up celebrating in despair unless they can celebrate on another day. The first Monday in September is considered too late in the season in this climate for any certainty of weather conditions. Steps will probably be taken to establish the celebration earlier in the year—probably in July or August.

CHINAMAN MAY REMAIN

Lee Tung Will Not be Deported as Ordered by Commissioner.

Cincinnati, Jan. 20.—Lee Tung, alias Lee Chang who was arrested for being in this country in violation of the Chinese exclusion act, is permitted to remain according to a decision of the United States circuit court of appeals, handed down yesterday. He intends making his home in Chicago, where he was engaged in business.

About ten years ago he left for China and a few months ago he returned, expecting again to go into business in Chicago. He landed in Canada, crossed over to Detroit, Mich., where the United States commissioner ordered him to be deported. The district court at Detroit reversed the decision on the ground that the defendant is lawfully in the country because he was and still is a merchant. The court of appeals sustains this decision.

HOUSE BURNED.

Beltrami Homesteader Loses His Home With All Its Contents.

Blackduck, Minn., Jan. 20.—Fred Hegg of Minneapolis, who some four months ago came to Beltrami county to take up a homestead near Alvwood postoffice, lost his home and all of its contents by fire, the loss amounting to over $800. Mr. Hegg and his wife had gone over to a neighbor's to attend a wedding and upon their return found their home in ruins, nothing having been saved from the flames, the house being located some distance from that of any other homesteader. Mr. and Mrs. Hegg were but recently married and their loss is a sad blow, as no insurance was carried.

All of the houses in Duluth whose tenants have never found any use for Herald want ads. would make but a small village. Duluth would hardly miss them. Do you live in "the city" or "the village."



The Proper Care of Chronic Private Diseases

Is a very important matter to the afflicted one.

There Are Many Reasons Why

You should consult the Progressive Medical Association.

We have long been resident and are permanently established in Duluth. We are reliable and responsible financially. We will cure you if we take your case.

Our physician has no peer in successfully combatting and effectively curing Chronic Private Diseases.

We are here to be seen every day in the year—at No. 1 West Superior street, corner Lake avenue.

You receive the personal care and attention of our physician—a noted Specialist—until you are cured.

We are here to stay, and will guarantee to treat your case until cured for the one fee—and that fee reasonable.

We treat our patients generously and fair—our friends are legion.

We have the confidence of the community and patients come to us every day from all over the Northwest.

If you are afflicted with VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, STRICTURE, GLEET, GONORRHOEA, PROSTATIC TROUBLES, KIDNEY, URINARY AND BLADDER DISEASES, LOST MANHOOD OR NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY—or any Chronic private disability—



CONSULT US FREE!

Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. daily. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

If you cannot call, write Dept. A, Progressive Medical Association, Duluth, and explain your condition fully to us. It will receive the prompt attention of our Specialist. All correspondence strictly confidential and replies sent in plain envelopes.

PROGRESSIVE Medical Association,

NO. 1 WEST SUPERIOR ST., CORNER LAKE AVE.

A BARGAIN SALE. THE Pederson Bros. Corner Broadway and Tower SUPERIOR, WIS. FAIR FOR THREE DAYS.

Three Days' Bargain Sale, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Jan. 22, 23 and 24

Again The Fair calls your attention to a big three days' sale. This sale, if it be possible, will eclipse all former sales. Our Mr. A. J. Pederson has just returned from a trip in the markets, and was very successful in securing for your benfit, as well as his own, some of the biggest bargains that ever came to the Head of the Lakes, and as seeing is believing, we shall not attempt to explain to you any more than to appraise you of the fact. We simply say read this ad, and then come to The Fair and see for yourself these great offering of seaonable goods. The sale will continue three days.

Blankets We shall have on sale for these three days the grandest and best offering of Blankets you or any one else ever saw. There are Cotton Blankets, Wool Blankets, Cotton and Wool Blankets, Fancy Blankets, Lumbermen's Blankets, and many other kind of blankets—they come in tan, gray, white, red and fancy colors—all are either damaged or soiled; some are so slightly damaged or soiled that you would not know if we did not make the fact known to you. This great blanket offering coming as it does at the beginning of the cold weather, will no doubt meet with quick purchasers—for they will be sold during the three days at just..... **HALF PRICE**

Visit Our Millinery Department—It will be full of bargains during this sale

Greatest Silk Values We Have Ever Offered.

Plain and fancy silks less than cost of production. We bought about 3,000 yards of plain Taffeta Silks in black and in all shades and colors. These goods are worth 50c a yard—special **25c**

1,000 yards Silk Mouseline headed, Crepre de Chene, Velours and Velvetine, worth from 50c to $1.00 a yard—special **25c**

5,000 yards silks and satins in Peau de Soie, Printed Metallic, shadow novelties, plain satin and fancy Velvetine, worth from 50c to $1.00 a yard— this sale **25c**

SATEEN PETTICOATS—Ladies' fine black satteen petticoats; good full size and well made with ruffles; the regular retail price for these petticoats is $1.00 each. For this sale the price will be only **69c**

NIGHT GOWNS—10 dozen Muslin Night Gowns—a good heavy muslin; full size and well made; regular price 65c—this sale **35c**

LADIES' MUSLIN SKIRTS—10 dozen Ladies' Muslin Skirts—a bargain for this sale only; made with a wide flounce and worth 75c—this sale **35c**

MEN'S SHIRTS—25 dozen Men's Shirts—a manufacturer's sample line of all kinds of shirts—laundered, negligee and working shirts—worth $1.00 to $1.50— this sale **50c**

SILK PETTICOATS—A beautiful lot of ladies' fine Taffeta Silk Petticoats—every lady should have a nice Silk Petticoat if possible and we make it possible, for our price is so very low for so good a quality—you should see our line at **$5.00**

COMBINATION SUITS—For children—these are also sample garments and are a decided bargain at the low price of **50c**

COMBINATION SUITS—For Ladies, a nice lot of these will be on sale for the three days—a very good bargain for the price will be only **75c**

REMNANTS OF LACE CURTAINS—These are pieces of curtain net and samples, some of these are good big pieces and useful for many things in the home—these will be only **5c**

KNIT GOODS—Hundreds of dozens of Fancy Knit Goods, Fascinators and such like. These will be on for three days and you may have your choice for only..... **5c**

TOWELS—Linen and Union Huck Towels. A big lot of 10x30 inch towels, fast colored borders. These towels are splendid value at 20c. The regular selling price —for this sale the price will be only **12½c**

TURKISH TOWELS—We have a big lot of good heavy Turkish towels that will be placed on sale for three days at a bargain. They are the 15c and 25c kind, but are damaged and the price will be only **10c**

REMNANTS OF TOWELS—In Union Huckaback. Some are one-half Towels; some are three-fourth Towels and some are smaller. You may have your choice of them during the three days' sale—per piece only **2c**

COMFORTERS—The cool nights and mornings are whispering to us that the colder nights and mornings are fast approaching and right here let us say that at The Fair you may be made comfortable by having one of our comforters.

BLANKET SAMPLES—Fine soft, downy cotton Blanket Samples. Just right for making bed coverings and such like. This is a fine lot and will be only **3c**

LADIES' FLEECED HOSE—100 dozen Ladies' Fleeced Hose; color black; all sizes some are a little imperfect—special **10c**

DRESS GOODS SAMPLES.

Our big line of traveler's sample pieces have arrived and a fine lot they are—of black and colored Suitings in half-yard lengths—among these you will find such novelties as Vestal Sicilians, Voile Bontomes, Russian and London Twine Cloth, fine wool Quadrille cloth, Vigoreaux Voiles, Wool Finettes, Mistral Beige, Venetians, Broadcloths, Kerseys, Cheviots, Zibelines, Armures, Drap de Alma, Poplins, Mobiling Suitings and other fancy weaves. This certainly is the cheapest way to buy the best goods for making full Suits, Skirts or fancy Waists. If you have not yet taken advantage of this, our advice to you is to try it on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, when the price for these new dress goods will be—per piece **25c**

MUFFLERS—25 dozen Ways' Mufflers; black, white and colors—worth 25c and 50c—each **15c**

LADIES' CORSETS—A beautiful lot of Ladies' Fine Corsets will be on sale during these three days—they are worth from 75c to $1.00 in any good retail store—our sale price will be only **29c**

HEALTH BUSTLES—The genuine Scott Health Bustle—made on sanitary principles—they are light and good—the regular selling price is 50c each—our sale price will be only **19c**

LACE CURTAINS—Full size Nottingham Lace Curtains and a big range of patterns. These curtains are damaged, were they not they would be worth from $3.00 to $4.50 per pair. The price during the Sale will be for each—only **75c**

BED SPREADS—A lot of nice white Bed Spreads will be on sale for the three days at a bargain. These spreads are imperfect, in other words, they are damaged and the price is made accordingly—at only **50c**

DRESS BINDING—Fine Velveteen and Brush Binding for the bottom of skirts. Save the life of your skirt when you can get binding worth 5c a yard on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday for only **2c**

PILLOW TOPS—A fine line of fancy pillow tops with backs ready for use. These fancy tops are worth in the regular way 50c each. We bought a lot of them an the sale price will be only **25c**

COTTON PIECES—By the basket full. A great assortment of cotton goods in sample pieces. These will be per basket—only **25c**

BASKET OF FLANNELS—A nice lot of flannels and eiderdown samples will be sold by the basket full during the three days for **50c**

MEN'S NECKWEAR—Several dozen of Men's fancy Puff Scarfs in fancy colors. You will do well if you look this matter up and come and get some of these ties that are worth 25c for only **5c**

FUR ROBES for baby buggies and Go-Carts—about 100 of them, worth from $3.00 to $6.00 each—this sale only ..... **Half Price**

Women's Stylish Dress and Walking Skirts.

We have bought a manufacturer's sample line of about 500 Skirts this fall, style and patterns in Brilliantine, Mohairs, Panamas, Cheviots, Serges, Venetians and Tailor Suitings—black and colored. By reason of having ourselves bought these skirts at a bargain, we are now in a position to offer Ladies' Walking and Dress Skirts at less than cost.

TRIMMIN BRAID—Thousands of yards of fancy wool and silk braids, such trimmings as will sell in the usual way at 5c and 10c a yard. Our big purchase enables us to give you a bargain of this kind for the three days— these will be only **1c**

PILLOW TOPS—Another lot. These fancy printed Satine Pillow Tops in a good range of fancy patterns. The price for these for the three days will be only **5c**

SILK—A job lot of 3,000 yards of fine black and colored Crepe de Chene, Taffeta and such like; also a lot of crushed Velours in fancy colorings and plain shades. This is an exceptional good purchase and worthy of your inspection. If you see them you will buy them. They are worth from 50c to $1.00 a yard—for three days..... **25c**

COLLARETTES—A few Ladies' Fur Collarettes, not many of them, but what there is of them, they will be sold for just half what they are marked. Remember the COLLARETTES HALF PRICE.

CURTAIN CORNERS—A big lot of Lace Curtain Corners for making sash curtains and other fancy drapes. You better attend this sale and get some of these goods. Big pieces of lace curtains at..... **25c**

BUTTONS—Thousands of dozens of fancy dress buttons, also a big lot of white pearl dress buttons, worth from 10c to 25c a dozen. This big lot will go on sale at one price. Your choice, per dozen, only..... **5c**

BASTING THREAD—Along with the bargains on dress goods linings, buttons, canvas and such like, we are going to sell basting thread during this sale at a bargain, too, for the price, per dozen, will be only..... **6c**

TRICOTS—All wool fancy Tricots that are usually so scarce. You can get them here now in a fine line of colors. Better secure some for a waist or for children's dresses.

MEN'S TIES—A lot of men's all-silk Four-in-hand Ties—the kind that always sell for 25c—during this sale the price will be, only..... **10c**

INFANTS' CASHMERE COATS—A beautiful line of coats for infants, made of rich Bedford goods and Cashmeres and nicely trimmed with lace and embroidery; also Children's Reefer Coats, made in the same way. We brought up a manufacturer's stock of these goods and we are able to sell them for the wholesaler's COST PRICE.

A manufacturer's entire sample line, from the cheapest to the best, in Portieres and Couch Covers and Table Covers. The Portieres, single and pairs and in all shades and colorings. We shall place them on sale for three days at less than wholesale price.

FURS—Your attention is called to our new and complete line of furs. We have kinds and qualities to show you, from the dainty, nobby little Neck Scarf to the fine long Sables and Opossums, and the price will surprise you for we will sell our furs at the same rate of profit as we sell staple Dry Goods. Come and be convinced of these facts. Price from 70c to..... **$17.50**

10 DOZEN COATS FOR CHILDREN—We will put on sale for the three days Children's Coats and Jackets, made of good Kersey and Meltons and wines and browns. These will be JUST HALF PRICE.

WASH GOODS—A table full of good things in Wash Flannelettes, fancy Crepes, Momies and other fancy weaves. Some decidedly good things are offered on this table at, per yard **10c**

SAMPLES OF LACES—Last season we sold three or four cases of these sample pieces of lace. This is another lot—as good as the last ones, and we will sell them at the same price again, namely, 12 pieces for..... **1c**

Tapestry, Curtains and Couch Covers, Tapestry and Velour Table Covers, Tapestry for Furniture Coverings and Hangings, Tapesfry Pillow Tops and Backs.

Ladies' Flannel Waists.

A grand assortment of wool Shirt Waists will be on sale. They come in black and colors. Some are plain; some are beautifully trimmed—no trouble to get your size and the kind to suit you out of this great lot. They are worth from $2.50 to $5.00; sale price..... **$1.50**

FLANNELETTE WRAPPERS—A good heavy cloth; finely trimmed; made to sell at $2.50 to $5.00. This sale only **$1.00**

CORSET WAISTS—25 dozen Children's Corset Waists—sample line worth 25c; special..... **15c**

BOOKS—Turkey Red Damask Sample Books and fancy Quilting Books—just the thing for making fancy work. These will be sold during the three days per book.... **5c**

LAMPS! LAMPS! A new lamp may be wanted these long, dark evenings. You may not know that every year we sell about as many lamps as all the other stores put together. The reasons are, Best Assortment, Lowest Prices.

GLOVES—50 dozen Men's and Boys' leather lined Gloves and Mittens—imperfect or damaged in places. They will give splendid service to the hard wearer. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday they will be only..... **10c**

HANDKERCHIEFS—1,000 dozen Men's Handkerchiefs—blue and Turkey red—every one is damaged a little. This sale only **1c**

YARNS—You know what a yarn sale at The Fair is. There will be another on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday; you can get Saxony and Germantown for..... **5c**

YARNS—Still more yarns in black and colored German Knitting, Fleischers, Melbourne and Delp Knitting yarns—you know the regular selling price of all the above kinds and the price for these kinds will be only **16c**

HANDBAGS—The useful as well as the correct. This is a handbag; if you haven't one get one of these and if you have one get another—they are bargains for the regular selling price is from 50c to $1.00—while the sale price is only **25c**

1,000 WINDSOR TIES IN FANCY SILK—Here is a splendid chance for you to get a tie bargain for such an offering as this you may not see again—they are worth from 25c to 50c each—sale price will be only **10c**

FANCY TRIMMINGS—Many thousands of yards of fancy novelty braids and trimmings—this lot is a clean-up of a manufacturer and is worth from 10c to 25c a yard—the sale price for three days will be per yard only **5c**

UNBLEACHED MUSLIN—5,000 yards of unbleached muslin 36 inches wide and a good retail seller at 5c a yard—this quantity will be on sale for three days at only **3c**

(Limit 10 yards to a customer.)

UNDERWEAR—One case of extra heavy fleeced Underwear in shirts and pants for ladies—it is a regular retail seller at 50c a garment, and extra good value at that—our price for three days will be only **39c**

LACE CURTAINS—A choice lot of single lace Curtains worth from $1.50 to $2.50 a pair—these will be on sale for three days, and each will be only **50c**

RIBBONS—100 pieces of fancy Silk Ribbons—this big offering of fancy colored Silk Ribbons will meet with quick sale, for ribbons are so much in vogue that everybody wants them—we say come to this three days sale and get some of these fancy 25c Ribbons—the price will be only **10c**

NAVY SUITINGS—Just received a grand good thing in Skirtings and Suitings. They come in black, blue, brown and green; a nice, fine, firm cloth, and the price is only **25c**

SALE COMMENCES AT 10 O'CLOCK MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22—REMEMBER THE DATES!

STREET CAR FARE FROM DULUTH ALLOWED ON ALL $2.50 PURCHASES—BOTH WAYS ON ALL $5.00 PURCHASES.

IS SHOT UNDER HEART BY DESPERATE ROBBER

Peter Johnson, Woodsman, Perhaps Fatally Wounded.

Lies in Snow From Early in Night Until Morning.

Peter Johnson, a woodsman, lies in St. Luke's hospital with a bullet somewhere in his spine, and the hole through which it passed to that location less than an inch below his heart. Johnson claims that a strange man shot him while he was walking on the track at Shortline Park, which is about six miles from West Duluth. Some of the police doubt the story, but grant that its truth is possible. The circumstances as related by Johnson are exceedingly peculiar.

He says that he was walking up the track, going to some place, which, because of his weakness, could not be understood, to go to work. About 8 o'clock last evening, in the cut at Shortline Park, he met a dark man, who was larger than he, and they exchanged greetings, saying, "How do," or something of the kind. The other man then said:

"Have you got any money?"

Johnson said he had not. The man then said:

"Oh, I guess you have."

With that remark, Johnson asserts, the man shoved a pistol to his breast and fired. When Johnson recovered consciousness he was lying in the deep snow, beside the track, and the man was gone. He tried to attract the attention of the crews of several passing trains, but failed to do so. He lay there until about 7 o'clock this morning, when he managed to make the crew of a freight train see him, and they took him on board and carried him to West Duluth, where he lay in the police station for some time until Dr. Graham had attended him, and he was sent to the St. Luke's hospital in an ambulance. The place where he lay in the snow showed that he had been there for some time, for the snow had melted away from under him, and he was lying on bare ground.

Dr. Graham said that he found a bullet wound, about an inch under Johnson's heart, and the bullet is lodged in the back somewhere in the vicinity of the spine. An operation was to be performed on the man this afternoon, but the worst is feared. Had it not been for his rugged constitution it is believed he would not have lasted through the night. He still has a fighting chance for life. He is suffering great pain, and as he lay on a pile of blankets in the West Duluth police station, this morning, he groaned repeatedly in a most pitiable way, and remarked several times:

"My God, how long the night was."

Johnson declares that he never saw his assailant before. He says he was a rather large man, and of dark complexion. Johnson is of medium height, stocky, fair, and is 49 years of age. He has no home, but has made Duluth his headquarters for about ten years.

Some of the police think it rather curious that a man would shoot another under such circumstances, and will search the scene of the shooting this afternoon in an atttempt to find a pistol. Some of them look upon it as an attempted suicide, and will look into the matter carefully.

A GOUDA FIRM

Celebrated the Jubilee of the White Clay Pipe.

The Hague, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—In the little town of Gouda a firm of clay pipe makers celebrated the 275th jubilee of its existence the other day, and the town annuls show that the business was carried on by the same family for nearly 300 years. In the middle of the 17th century, Gouda had 300 clay pipe factories, employing nearly 5,000 people. From there the industry spread along the Rhine, Cologne monopolizing the trade for Germany, but it is quite certain that the clay pipe originated in old England, though decisive data are still lacking.

The Gouda firm has among its archives a number of letters from Peter the Great of Russia ordering clay pipes for himself and court, and even today it sends to St. Petersburg annually 5,000 clay pipes, which the Little Father is supposed to smoke and break. "Dutch clay pipes" have formed a regular item in the Russian court budget since the days of Peter the Great and will probably continue until that court goes out of existence.

LADIES Who have used them Recommend as the BEST DR. KING'S Star Crown Brand PENNYROYAL PILLS.



Immediate relief, no danger, no pain. Used for years by leading specialists. Hundreds of testimonials. A trial will convince you of their intrinsic value in case of suppression. Forwarded in securely sealed plain package upon receipt of $1.50. King Medicine Co., P. O. Box 237, Duluth, Minn.

OVERRULES DEMURRER.

Court Holds Complaint in Land Title Case Must Stand.

Judge Cant this morning overruled the demurrer of the E. I. Dupont company and others to the supplemental complaint filed in district court by Charlotte Thompson and Thomas W. Thompson. The demurrer was made on the grounds that the complaint did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

The action was brought by the Thompsons to have declared void the title which the E. I. Dupont company holds to a lot formerly owned by them. The supplemental complaint sets forth that the Thompsons have deposited $800 with the sheriff to cover and include the amount necessary to redeem the property after the time for redemption has expired and have executed to the sheriff a $200 to condition the payment of additional interest on the amount deposited. They ask that the court adjudge their respective rights in the amount deposited, decree them entitled to redeem the whole of the lands and that the defendants be decreed to have no right or title in the premises.

SUMMONS IS FILED.

Rat Portage Lumber Company Has Twenty Days to Answer.

The summons in the $11,677.30 suit suit brought by Stitt & Howe against the Rat Portage Lumber company, Ltd., and P. A. Smith, was filed in district court. The lumber company is given twenty days from date of service to make answer to the complaint, or Stitt & Howe will take judgment for the full amount for which they have sued.

The amount named in the complaint is claimed to be due for timber furnished the lumber company on contract in Itasca county, for river driving of the logs and the use of certain equipment.

H. B. Fryberger represents Stitt & Howe.

MAN KISSED A WOMAN; SHE HAS HIM ARRESTED.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph Suppen, a local liquor house agent, was this morning arraigned in police court on the complaint of Mrs. Nellie Coster of 483 Lafond street, who charges that on Jan. 9 Suppen entered the Coster home and kissed her against her will. The technical charge is assault and battery. Suppen pleaded not guilty, and secured a continuance of his case until Wednesday and was released on his own recognizance, the judge exacting a promise that he stay away from the Coster home altogether.

LANDS WITHDRAWN.

Hundreds of Thousands of Acres Held for Forest Reserve.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The secretary of the interior has withdrawn from all forms of disposal public lands as follows: Proposed addition to Priest river forest reserve, Idaho, 460,800 acres; addition to Cascade range forest reserve, Oregon, 15,360 acres; addition to Bull Run forest reserve, Oregon, 13,760 acres; proposed Long Pine forest reserve, Montana, 110,720 acres.

There also have been withdrawn 46,080 acres in New Mexico for the San Carlos irrigation project.

RODEY FAVORS JOINT STATEHOOD

Former Delegate Tells Committee of Advantages Which Would Accrue.

Washington, Jan. 20.—B. R. Rodey, former delegate to congress from New Mexico, appeared before the house committee on territories today and delivered a speech in favor of the joint statehood bill which afforded the Democratic and Republican members of the committee an opportunity for a final tilt on the statehood question. Mr. Rodey was repeatedly interrupted by questions from members of the committee and by heated arguments designed to bring out the attitude of the administration on statehood. Representative Lloyd (Mo.) asked Mr. Rodey if it was not true that the president and speaker of the house were forcing the joint statehood issue. Mr. Rodey asked to be excused from answering this question, and Chairman Hamilton (Mich.) intimated that the Democrats were being forced by their organization to oppose the bill.

Representative Moon (Tenn.), interrupted the argument to say:

"I object to the gentleman from Michigan and the gentleman from Missouri having this fuss here, when in private they express opposite opinions."

Mr. Rodey denounced the system of taxation in both New Mexico and Arizona and said corporate influences have been draining both territories and holding down their taxes. Under joint statehood he said the people of the two territories could unite and curb these influences and prevent their public domain from being stolen. He pronounced the denunciation of the Mexican population in New Mexico as ridiculous and said the Mexicans were religious and law-abiding, and in no sense a menace to the welfare of the proposed state.

In answer to questions from Representative Moon, Mr. Rodey made a detailed statement of how corporate influences get control of territorial governments which are dominated by federal office holders. He frankly said that he and Delegate Smith and other well-known men ride on railroad passes and place themselves under obligations to the companies. Under statehood, he said, governors would be responsible directly to the people and the public demand for increased taxes on corporate interests would be respected for political reasons.

Mr. Rodey's speech closed the statehood hearing before the house committee.

STEEL TAKEN FROM BRAIN.

Philadelphia Jan. 20.—A splinter of steel, three inches in length, was today removed from the brain of John Nail, of Winton, N. C., at the Jefferson hospital here. The operation was successful.

Services for Sunday In Duluth Churches

Dr. John Mayhew of St. Paul to Speak at First Presbyterian Church and Y. M. C. A. Men's Meeting.

Elks Will Attend St. Luke's Episcopal Church to Hear Sermon by Rev. R. J. Mooney.

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. John Mayhew Fulton, D. D. of St. Paul, will preach in the morning and Rev. S. F. Sharpless of the Second Presbyterian churchin the evening. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Pastorale" ..... Merkel
Anthem—"Glory Be to God" .....
.....William A. Potter
Response—"Father in Heaven"...Schilling
Offertory solo .....
Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
Postlude .....

EVENING.

Organ—"Evening" ..... Dudley Buck
Anthem—"The Lord is My Shepherd"
..... Protheroe
Solo—"The Strength of the Hills".....
..... George B. Nevins
Miss Fleming.
Offertory ..... Lamaigre
Postlude ..... Mendelssohn

The choir will consist of: Soprano, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; alto, Miss Blanche Fleming; tenor, J. C. Myron; bass, Philip Gordon Brown; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

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Rev. John M. Fulton of St. Paul, secretary of the committee on temperance of the General Assembly of the United States, will address the men's meeting of the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow at 3:30 p. m. Miss Christine Show will sing. The meeting is open to all men.

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At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White, the minister, will conduct morning service at 11 and Sunday school at 12 m. Mr. White will preach on "The Royalty of Man."

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Services at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector, will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school, with addresses by W. W. Parker of Seattle; 11 a. m., morning service and sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening service and sermon, on "A Journey to Brazil."

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At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on the topic: "The Everlasting Gospel," and in the evening on "Gaining and Losing."

The music will be as follows:

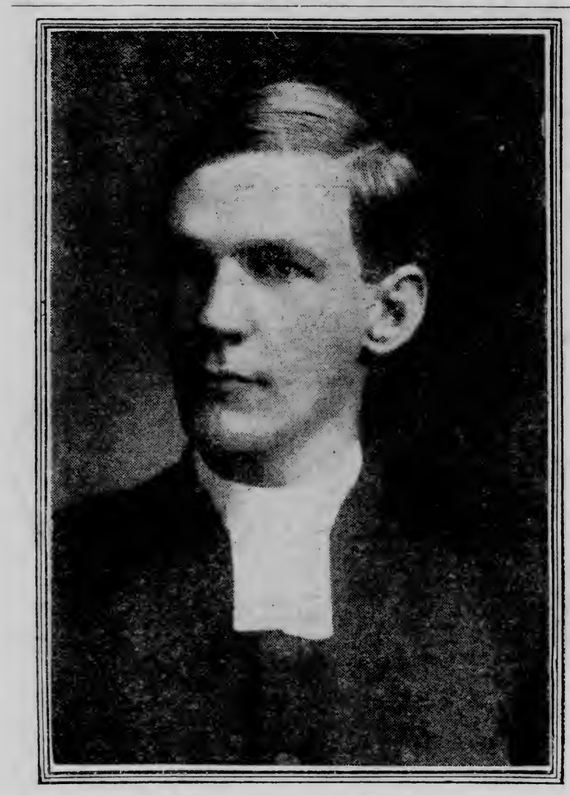
MORNING.

Prelude—"Pilgrim's Chorus" ....Wagner
Response ..... Baur
Anthem—"Le Deum" .....Holden
Anthem—"Call to Remembrance" .....
.....R. Farrant.
Solo—"He That Keepeth Israel" .....
.....Schloesser.
Miss Woodbridge.
Postlude .....Mendelssohn

EVENING.

Prelude—"Communion" .....Batiste
Anthem—"The Light of the Evening"
.....Hauptmann
Solo .....
Mr. Gearhart.
Postlude .....Gounod

The choir consists of Miss Frances Woodbridge, soprano; Miss Dora Swan, alto; J. L. Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Carlotta L. Simonds, organist.



REV. A. THEODORE EKBLAD,

Pastor-elect of Bethany Lutheran church, Twenty-third avenue west and Third street. Mr. Ekblad will preach there tomorrow. He is at present solicitor for Augustana College and Theological Seminary of Rock Island, Ill. He is considered a very able man.

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At the First Methodist church, the pastor, M. S. Rice, will preach both morning and evening. The theme at 10:30 a. m. will be "Man and Bread," and at 7:45 p. m., "God and the Devil in a Bargain Over a Good Man." Revival meetings will be held in the church each evening next week, except Saturday. Many have been converted and the interest is still rising.

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At the Endion Methodist Episcopal church, First street, corner Nineteenth avenue east, the pastor, Rev. John Walker Powell, Jr., will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "The Simplicity of Faith," and at 7:30 p. m. on "Judas, the Bigot." Sunday-school will meet at 12 o'clock and Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.

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At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner of Ninth avenue east and First street, regular service will be held at 10:45 a. m., the subject being "Love." Regular Wednesday evening meeting will be held at 8 o'clock.

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At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue north, Rev. J. L. Murphy, A. M., the pastor, will conduct service at 10:30 a. m., with sermon on the gospel of the day. Service will also be held at 7:30 p. m. with sermon on the subject, "Wisdom." Ladies' society will meet Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Hull, 2225 West Third street. Sunday school will meet at the church Sunday noon and at Twenty-eighth avenue west at 3 p. m.

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At the First Christian church, Rev. Baxter Waters will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the theme, "Blessings Which Come from God's Fatherliness." Miss Bang will sing. At the evening service at 7:30 C. H. Giddings will sing. Sunday school will meet at 12 and Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30.

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At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, the pastor, Rev. John Culbert Faries will preach morning and evening. In his series of sketches in the New Testament he will speak in the evening on "The Heroids, and Their Relation to the Early Church."

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At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by T. S. Thompson, superintendent. In the main auditorium on the first floor, Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:30, and the gospel meeting will be held at 7:45 p. m. In the mission hall on the ground floor, children's gospel meeting at 7 p. m., will be conducted by T. S. Thompson, and the Finnish gospel meeting at 8 p. m. by the Rev. Mr. Lindgren. There will be a Finnish gospel meeting and worker's prayer meeting, Tuesday evening, and meetings in the English language Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings.

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At the Bethel Branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Gospel meetings will be held each evening during the week. The following leaders will conduct services: Monday evening, Swedish Baptist church; Friday evening, Second Presbyterian church; Saturday evening, praise and testimony meeting.

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At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, Anton Ringsred will preach in the morning and the pastor, J. H. Stenberg in the evening in English, on the theme, "Our Mission Among the Outsiders," Col. iv: 5-6. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. The Bible class will study Mark ii: 1-12.

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At the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street, a meeting is held every evening at 8 o'clock. Sunday services will be as follows: Praying band will meet at 7:30 p. m.; 7:45, song and prayer service; 8:30, Charles Beachy of Superior will speak. Miss Ulsred will sing and Miss Grace Robinson will be the organist. Monday evening Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor of Lester Park M. E. church, will speak. Mr. Arthur Browne will sing.

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church the Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach both morning and evening. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Christian Endeavor service at 6:45 p. m.

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At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, Sunday school will meet at 9 o'clock. The sermon at 11 o'clock will be addressed to the Elks, who will attend in a body. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney will preach.

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The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "The Joy of Sacrifice;" evening, "The Man Whom Christ Called Great."

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At Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, Rev. J. W. Robinson, the pastor, will hold services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., the topic for the morning service being, "The Widow's Pot of Oil and the Empty Vessels," and the evening topic, "The Joy of Service." Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. and Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. The music will be under the direction of Mrs. A. N. Hopkins, and the Jewell-Adams quartet will sing.

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At the Central Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street, Rev. J. W. Loughbridge the pastor, will preach at 10:30 on "The Believers' Environment," and at 7:30 on "God's Estimate of the Individual." Sunday school will meet at noon and Young People's society at 6:30. Midweek prayer meeting will be held Thursday evening at 7:45.

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At the First Swedish Baptist church, Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. under the direction of A. Thoren, superintendent. At 11 a. m. the pastor, Rev. A. A. Edstam, will preach on the topic, "A Word Worth Accepting." The topic for the evening sermon at 7:30 will be "God Rejoicing over Saved Sinners." The choir, under the direction of Prof. N. E. Ericson, will sing at the evening service.

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At the First Norwegian Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue west and First street, Rev. H. K. Madsen will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the subject: "Cities of Refuge" and at 7:45 p. m. on the subject: "Excuses." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Epworth League at 7 p. m. Next week union meetings will be held every evening in the different churches.

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At the English Lucheran Synod church, corner Twentieth avenue west and Third street. There will be morning services commencing at 11 o'clock. Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr., the pastor, will conduct the services. Sunday school meets at 12:15.

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At the Hope Church of the Evangelical association, corner of Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, regular preaching services will be held at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. The Y. P. A. will meet at 7:30 p. m. and Sunday school at 10 a. m. Rev. C. A. Tesch is the pastor.

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At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, Carl Hvnal will speak both morning and evening, Rev. Wee, the pastor, being absent.

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At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, the pastor, Rev. S. F. Sharpless will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the subject of "True Greatness." Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p. m. Rev. John M. Fulton of St. Paul will preach at 7:45 p. m. on "The Presbyterian Church and the Liquor Traffic." The Boys' brigade will meet Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. and the weekly prayer meeting at 7:45 p. m. on Thursday.

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At the A. M. E. church tomorrow there will be services at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m.; class at 12 m. and Thursday at 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 2 p. m.; men's meeting at 4 p. m. and Y. P. S. C. E. at 7:30. At 2:30 p. m. the pastor will preach in Superior, Wis. The official board will meet Monday at 8 p. m.

Indigestion

Stomach trouble is not really a sickness, but a symptom. It is a symptom that a certain set of nerves is ailing. Not the voluntary nerves that enable you to walk and talk and act—but the AUTOMATIC STOMACH NERVES over which your mind has no control.

I have not room here to explain how these tender, tiny nerves control and operate the stomach. How worry breaks them down and causes indigestion. How misuse wears them out and causes dyspepsia. How neglect may bring on kidney, heart, and other troubles through sympathy. I have not room to explain how these nerves may be reached and strengthened and vitalized and made stronger by a remedy I spent years in perfecting—now known by physicians and druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative, (Tablets or Liquid.) I have not room to explain how this remedy, by removing the cause, usually puts a certain end to indigestion, belching, heartburn, insomnia, nervousness, dyspepsia. All of these things are fully explained in the book I will send you free when you write. Do not fail to send for the book. It tells how the solar plexus governs digestion and a hundred other things every one ought to know—for all of us, at some time or other, have indigestion. With the book I will send free my "Health Token"—an intended passport to good health.

For the free book and the "Health Token" you must address Dr. Shoop, Box 3?5, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative Tablets—give full three weeks' treatment. Each form—liquid or tablet—have equal merit. Druggists everywhere.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

Dyspepsia

Is an indication that the stomach and other digestive organs are weak, tired or debilitated. It causes no end of aches and pains and is most common where people bolt their meals and hurry and worry as they do in this country.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

cures dyspepsia—it has "a magic touch" in this disease.

For testimonials of remarkable cures send for Book on Dyspepsia, No. 5.
C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.

CASE GOES TO THE JURY

Trial of L. J. Hopkins in Federal Court Comes to End.

Jury Takes Matter After Able Addresses and Impartial Charge.

The case of the government against L. J. Hopkins of Duluth in United States court went to the jury this morning after Judge Amidon had charged the jury as to what the law is in the case. All of yesterday afternoon's session was taken up by the addresses to the jury by J. L. Washburn for the defense and United States Attorney Haupt for the government. There was nothing spectacular in either address. Both dealt lucidly with the facts as given in the testimony and endeavored to explain very clearly to the jury the various points.

The only time during the addresses that anything to ruffle the even tenor of the day was when United States Attorney Haupt attempted to read the estimates of timber on the land as made in the United States land office by Svend Olson. Mr. Severance objected to the reading of this to the jury on the ground that the defense had been given no opportunity to examine the estimates or cross examine a witness on the matter. The court sustained the objection.

J. L. Washburn spoke for the defense first. In state courts the defense has the last word to the jury; in the United States court that rule is reversed—the defense must speak first. Mr. Washburn's speech was an earnest and forceful one. He wasted no time in verbal pyrotechnics but got down to business and argued the cases to the jury and received the closest attention from the members of the panel. Mr. Washburn attempted to tell the jury what the word "speculation" means in the land office rules and laws, in which a man is forbidden to take a stone and timber claim for "speculation." He declared that the courts have sanctioned the selling of the timber, which would mean the sanctioning of the ordinary idea of speculation and Mr. Washburn believes that "speculation" here means a case where a man squarters on a piece of land in order that he may sell his right.

Mr. Washburn waxed rather caustic in talking of the rules and regulations of the United States land department. He said that the head officials of the department are all the while attempting to make laws without the legislation by any body of men to back their efforts. Regarding the case in point he claimed that Mr. Hopkins' action in lending the money and afterwards buying the claims is sanctioned in recent decisions of the supreme court and the United States court of appeals; these decisions, he said, permit this very practice.

Mr. Washburn declared that the government's witnesses had been scared to death; that the "men who don't like to be called detectives but prefer the name 'special agents' had talked penitentiary to these claim-takers and made them walk the chalk line." Compared with the testimony of these witnesses, Mr. Washburn pointed out the frank and candid statement of Mr. Hopkins regarding the matter, and that of the expert cruisers, who testified for the defense, that the land was not worth more than $1 to $1.50 an acre at the outside, and that it was worth more to Swallow & Hopkins than to anybody else because of the fact that their mill is closer and their logging road does not run far away from it. Mr. Washburn ridiculed the testimony of Archibald, the cruiser put on the stand by the government, and said that Archibald is not a bad fellow, but he does not know what he is talking about most of the time. Mr. Washburn also pointed out that in this matter the government can confiscate Hopkins' money, take back the land and is now trying to ruin his good name. Mr. Washburn said that the trial had to come off before a jury of absolute strangers, and therefore the splendid array of character witnesses was produced.

"We would have brought the whole town, if it was necessary to testify to the honesty and integrity of Louis Hopkins," said Mr. Washburn.

Mr. Haupt spoke for about an hour in a forceful manner and wholly regarding the evidence. He declared that while a man may have a fine reputation, his standing should be no protection. The question which should interest the jury is, has an offense against the law been committed? He said that there is no charge that Mr. Hopkins cheated the United States out of money or land, but that he got land in an illegal manner. He spoke of Mr. Hopkins' testimony, and added that while it may be granted that the defendant is a man of splendid reputation, he, the district attorney, did not believe all the virtue of the world would pass away if Mr. Hopkins died. He declared that many leaders have developed flaws which were deplorable but authentic. He declared the law made no distinctions, and admonished the jury that they must decide on the facts.

Judge Amidon last night admonished the jury to be careful not to discuss the case; and did not charge the jury until court opened this morning. His charge was able and impartial.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: An Iowa pastor who converted a wealthy man two years ago is about to take a trip at the expense of the penitent to the Holy Land. Occasionally one of the Nine turns up.

Boston Globe: The Beverly minister who says that the three things necessary for the successful church are "grace, grit and greenbacks," seems to have covered the situation in a line.

New York Evening Post: The debate between Rabbi S. S. Wise of Portland, Or., and the trustees of Temple Emanu-El of this city cuts to the quick of our ecclesiastical polity. When the trustees were considering the question of extending a call to Rabbi Wise, he made the stipulation: "If I accept a call to Emanu-El's pulpit, I do so with the understanding that my pulpit is not to be muzzled." To this the reply was: "The pulpit shall always be under the control of the board of trustees."

Portland Oregonian: Dr. Washington Gladden thinks America is in the midst of a great revival of religion. If by "religion" he means acceptance of creeds and ceremonial functions, he is mistaken. If he means a quickened perception of the difference between right and wrong and a growing preference for right, all the evidence of recent events in church and state goes to sustain him. To call a revival of common honesty a revival of religion may warp language somewhat, but it is fine to hear a theologian like Dr. Gladden approve of "mere morality" under that name.

Washington Times: America has too many churches. Towns which might be well administered spiritually by one clergyman or two have six, eight or ten. No one of the six or more congregations can pay for a good preacher. Few of them can pay all the cost of any preacher, however poor. Nor can any one of them pay for all the time of their spiritual leader. So only very young men are to be had, and the demands upon their time cover so wide a territory that preaching would be almost their exclusive occupation and pastoral duties be almost entirely disregarded. One of the clergymen observes tersely and justly: "No business could flourish by that, and few churches can."

Worry is the mother of sick, nervous and troubled mentality, upsets the entire physical system. The body is a net-work of nerves. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea soothes and rebuilds the entire system. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

SENATOR DEPEW'S HEALTH FAILS HIM.

New York, Jan. 20.—Senator Chauncey M. Depew, whose health is said to be impaired, was in consultation yesterday with several physicians, and it was announced that he had cancelled all his social engagements.

Chauncey M. Depew, Jr., speaking of his father's condition, said:

"My father's health has given way, and it has been found necessary to have two or three physicians see him. He will not be able to accept any more dinner invitations, and all his engagements have been cancelled.

"He is now at a time of life when he finds that he must be careful of his health. He was out for a drive in the park today.

"He will return to Washington Sunday night. He has no intention of giving up his work in the senate."

Mr. Depew added that the present instance was the first time in years that his father had been compelled to call a doctor.

If you can't come during the daytime come Saturday evening—

The Bank is open from 6 to 8 o'clock on that day—

3% Compound Interest . .

Duluth Savings Bank

220 West Superior Street.

HUSTLE OUT THE VOTERS

Candidates Are Trying to Bring Out Normal Registration.

Very Small Percentage of Citizens Exercise Their Franchise.

In an effort to get out 3,000 voters next Tuesday, all the candidates on both party tickets are making vigorous canvass of the city in the interests of a larger and fuller registration than now appears likely.

At the primary election only 3,383 voters registered, and if anything like a normal vote is to be polled next month, the two remaining days of registration will have to result in from 4,000 to 5,000 additional names being placed on the books.

Two years ago, in the mayoralty campaign, about 8,000 voters registered for the election, although the number who voted was considerably less than this figure. It is estimated that this year the total vote will be between 6,000 and 7,000 which is a ridiculously low percentage of the possible voters of the city. In order to get even this total vote out, it is necessary to register nearly 8,000 voters. With only 3,383 names now on the books, this is a big undertaking, and it means that more than 2,000 names have to be added on each remaining day of registration.

But the candidates are now bending all their efforts in this direction. Tuesday is the next registration day, and the combined efforts of all the candidates and their supporters may be sufficient to hustle out 3,000 voters to the polls.

To make certain of being able to vote at the election next month, voters who did not register at the primaries, should register on Tuesday, as something might turn up to prevent them reaching the polls on Saturday, the final day. Any person not registered, cannot vote. A vote cast at the primaries means that the voter is registered for the election, and those who visited the polls then do not have to do so again, for the purpose of registration.

Even if 8,000 voters should visit the polls during the three days, it would not represent one-half of the eligible voters of the city, and it means that one-half of the voters re deliberately disenfranchising themselves.

COLD WAVE IS COMING

Working Thoroughly by Sunday Accompanied by High Winds.

Get your ear-muffs out and dusted.

Zero weather is coming. First there will be snow this afternoon and evening—possibly a good deal of it. By this afternoon the weather will grow colder and by this evening a cold wave will be hitting up a galt in this region, and the thermometer will have dropped to zero or thereabouts.

High northerly winds will acompany the cold wave, which will naturally make it feel colder, so people are warned to prepare for a game of freeze-out.

PUNISHMENT IS SEVERE

Culprits in Chicago Are Given Long Term in Prison.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The law laid an iron hand yesterday on offenders of the class who have terrorized Chicago recently by their armed hold-up and attacks on women. In one case an octogenarian, in spite of the plea of his attorneys that his life race was nearly run, was sentenced to ninety-nine years in the penitentiary. In another court three youths under 19 years of age were sentenced to prison for life, after having been convicted of an armed robbery.

No mercy because of his great age was shown Nicholas Holland, when he was found guilty of attacking a little girl. Although 86 years old, he was given a sentence that, if he could live that long, would free him from prison at the age of 185.

Peter Brady, Joseph Hase and Lawrence Roscoe were the youths sentenced to the penitentiary for life. The life sentence was inflicted under that portion of the statute which provides such imprisonment when revolvers are carried in such attacks. The three boys were convicted of eight robberies in one night. The largest amount of money secured by them as booty was $1.

MR. HILL GENEROUS.

Carries Free Rock Phosphate for Fertilizer on Farms.

Cass Lake, Minn., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dr. P. D. Winship, of Park Rapids, has been successful in securing from the Great Northern railway officials at St. Paul a promise to transport, free of charge, a carload of rock phosphate to be used as a fertilizer on the farms in this part of the state. During the past two years Dr. Winship has been experimenting with rock phosphate as a fertilizer and he has met with much success in the use of the phosphate. The factory which makes the rock phosphate is located at Mt. Pleasant, Tenn., and the doctor has been in correspondence with the railway officials for some time with the intention of securing free transportation of a carload of the rock from St. Paul to Park Rapids, with the intention of selling it to the farmers at actual cost, in order that experiments as to its practical use as a fertilizer may be tried thoroughly by a large number of people. The railroads between Tennessee and St. Paul have granted minimum rates, and President Hill, who is ever active in assisting the farmers of the Northwest, has given his representative permission to transport the car to Park Rapids free, with the only provision that the phosphate rock is to be used for experimental purposes only, and not to be sold at a profit, so that the metal will cost only $10.50 per ton, laid down at Park Rapids. The experiments conducted by Dr. Winship have demonstrated that rock phosphate makes an exceptionally fine fertilizer, and the assistance of the railway company makes it possible for the farmers to get it at nominal rates.

ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY NOT HAVE AN OPPONENT

(Continued from page 1.)

for Dodge county. Peter's friends state that very little would force him into the fight for the state treasurership. Louis Vogel, present county auditor of New Ulm, is another candidate for state treasurer. P. C. Koerner of Litchfield, chief clerk in the treasurer's office, has also announced himself as a willing candidate. He is a son of Former State Treasurer Koerner. All the candidates meet one requirement at least—they are all German.

• • •

Ex-Mayor Little of South St. Paul, who came into prominence during the packers' strike at that place, has announced that he will be a candiate for the legislature from the Thirtieth district. He declares that the beef trust was responsible for his failure last spring to be re-elected mayor of South St. Paul, and he is out after the corporations with an ax.

• • •

Ole I. Opdahl of Mansfield, representative in the last legislature from the Ninth district, has announced that he will be a candidate for the senate next fall.

• • •

Interest is centering around the move on the part of the younger element of Ramsey county, or the "kid politicians," as they are termed, to get the scalp of Carl A. Pidgeon, clerk of the supreme court. Walter Lemon, who represented the Thirty-third district in the legislature last winter, will go to the convention with the solid backing of the Fourth congressional district for the nomination to that office. Dar Ieese and a number of the older Ramsey county workers have promised to be good and will not spoil the little game of the "kids," who are led by F. G. Warner. Lemon will likely control seventy delegates, while Pidgeon, four years ago, captured the nomination with only seventeen. Mr. Lemon declared himself early in the day, and has been working his district every minute since.

• • •

Close observers of the latest movements of Julius Block "gubernatorial-wards" claim that he is not as aggressive as he was six months ago, but is paving the way to gracefully vacate his ambition and content himself with another term as state treasurer. This rumor was very strong at the state house last week, but Block maintains his usual sphinx-like silence. Secretary of State Hanson has gracefully withdrawn from the governorship fight, and rumor says Block will follow his example.

• • •

Governor Johnson has nailed another plank in his already strong platform by calling a meeting of the state board of equalization for Feb. 8. It is the first time that such a call was issued for the purpose of giving the board a chance to organize, appoint committees and study out a line of policy to be followed when it meets for real business next September. Past boards have usually frittered away half the days of the sessions in organization and subsequent investigations. State officials of both colors are unanimous in praising this step of Governor Johnson, and predict greater efficiency on the part of the board by reason of it.

• • •

Two candidates have been mentioned prominently for lieutenant governor—C. M. Sprague of Sauk Center and W. D. Washburn, Jr., of Hennepin county. It is likely that the latter will, however, be a candidate for congress.

Everybody's Magazine

For February Just Out

Fiction and Fact-Stories

Lawson's fact-story—startling revelation of the inner workings of the Bay State Gas conspiracy, and his highly dramatic and picturesque court-scene—is as quick reading as Rex E. Beach's exciting novel of Alaskan life, "The Spoilers."

Russell's fact-story—"Soldiers of the Common Good"—tells how Germany keeps herself free from bosses, graft and trusts; kills fewer people on her railroads in a year, than American railroads do in a week; gives better railroad service for less money—vital facts, and no less interesting because they come in easy reading story-form.

A corking good fiction-story, too, by Gilbert Parker, and other good stories, real and fictional, serious and humorous.

The magazine of today must be good reading—Everybody's is that. Must give people something to think of—Everybody's is that. Must stand for something—Everybody's is that.

Don't let another day go by without finding out—for yourself—what Everybody's is, and is doing.

15 cents a copy. $1.50 a year and worth it.

RUSSIAN MARSEILLAISE.

Literal Translation of Verses Sung by the Revolutionists.

Paris, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Maxim, the leader of the revolution in the Baltic provinces, sent to a friend here the Russian Marseillaise as sung to the melody of the French Marseillaise by the revolutionary masses. Your correspondent obtained the following literal translation:

RUSSIAN MARSEILLAISE.

"Away with tradition and feudalism.
"Off our boots we kick the dust of ages.
"Down with the golden calf.
"Down with the czar.
Refrain: "Wake up, workers.
"Up and against the enemy.
"Brothers in arms, here is your battlecry.
"The cry of vengeance: Forward.
"If the czar wants soldiers for his army.
"You workmen must furnish your sons for slaughter.
"If the czar wants to feast at his palace
"The hands of a million workers furnish him the means.
Refrain:
"The rich and the financiers, resembling hungry wolves
"Devour the fruits of your work.
"Ravenous beasts, they drink the sweat of your brow.
"And take away from you the last crust of bread.
Refrain:
"They rob you to feast their stomachs.
"They see you hungry to play with your money at the Bourse
"They have neither honor nor conscience
"And only laughter for your wants
Refrain:
"But liberty is dawning
"Soon the sun of truth and love will shine
"Then all nations will be brothers
"And hatred will no longer be known.
Refrain:

D. E. H., Jan. 20, 1906.

SATURDAY NIGHT REMARKS

We are cutting and slashing prices right and left. You are right if you come early—left if you dally.

It's pretty warm for the time of the year, but times are good and business keeps up beautifully at this store.

If we don't sell fur coats and fur caps, we sell fine shirts, ties and new hats, and we are hurrying along advance shipments from every factory making up 1906 goods for us.

New hats are in, new shoes are in, and new white plaited shirts.

Every clothing store, big or little, now tells you that they never, never carry over one penny's worth of goods from one season to the other. They say it so often and so seriously that one would think they believe it themselves. It's a fine dream and a big lie.

The Columbia's is one of the exceptional stocks of merchandise which any outside dealer would be willing to buy for 100 cents on the dollar, because we know how to close out lots that should go. We have the honesty to do it without subterfuge and the courage to do it regardless of cost or profit. This is a good procedure for Columbia customers — good when you come in for regular goods and good when you come for special bargains.

COLUMBIA CLOTHING CO.

Foot-Note: New Hanan Shoes for Ladies.

THE UNRIVALLED FLAVOR
—OF—
"SALADA"
Ceylon and India Natural GREEN Tea has placed it on top. Packed in sealed lead packets to preserve its many excellent qualities. 60c and 70c per lb. At all grocers.
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DENTISTRY
By the Alveolus Method.
Originated and Used Only By Us.
There is no longer any necessity for false teeth. Loose and sore teeth are made firm and strong for years. All dental work is accomplished in one-half the ordinary time and without pain.
Our success is due to the high grade work done by us. The test of time tells. Ask our patients everywhere what they think of our work. Our prices are no combination and within reach of all, and are for the very best guaranteed work.
Gold Crowns ..... $5 and $6 Silver fillings 75c
Porcelain ..... $5 Full Set Teeth ..... $5 up
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SOME STUDENTS WANT NEW HIGH SCHOOL YELL

Athletic Association Decides That Old One is Not Suitable and a Committee is Appointed to Draw Up a New One—Some Opposition to the Change.

At the meeting held Monday afternoon, the High School Athletic association decided that he present yell, "And A Bic Bo," is impractical, and voted to appoint a committee to devise a new one.

The objections to the old yell are that it is too long and the average rooter is not long winded enough to keep going to the end which results in a very feeble rendering of the last lines when it should be going at full swing. Also, the yell was not original in the first place, and now it is becoming so common that there are several towns which are usually on the schedule either for the baseball, football, or track team which have the same yell as the local school.

The most prominent of these are Ironwood, Ashland and Ishpeming, while there are several other high schools in Wisconsin and Minnesota who cheer their teams to victory with "And a Bic Bo." This results in a general confusion whenever Duluth visits any of these places and a hurriedly improvised yell has to take the place of the regular slogan with consequently poor and disodganizer rooting.

School sentiment, however, seems to be strongly opposed to dropping the old yell which has been the high school war cry ever since athletics became a part of local school life, and the graduates of the school feel that to discard "And a Bic Bo" would be little less than a sacrilege. In view of this feeling it is thought that the new yell will not supplant the old one but will be used as a substitute in towns where "And a Bic Bo" is the school yell and will be used with the older slogan at other times.

The association elected Benjamin Frink manager of the track team. Here will be made of track work this year than formerly and several meets with outside schools are being planned.

Considerable discussion was aroused this fall by the awarding of "Ds" to the football team, several of the players not being honored who thought that they deserved the letters. Consequently President McDevitt suggested that a committee be appointed to decide on the form and shape of the letters to be given to the different teams and to draw up rules concerning the awarding of them.

Treasurer Crassweller reported $6.52 in the treasury.

PHILOMATHIANS DEBATE.

Members Taking Up Question at First Meeting Since Holidays.

The Philomathian society held its first meeting since the holidays Thursday afternoon and quite an elaborate program was given.

Miss Alice Sjoselius sang, "I Know a Bank" and responded to an encore with, "To My First Love." She was accompanied by Miss Margaret C. Pearson. The second number was a paper on Mark Twain by Miss Edna Ericson and Miss Corinne Bliss an original paper on "The Artists, Whistler and Homer." Miss Lelia Sparks gave recitation, "The Wreck of the Jolie Plante" and responded to an encore with Riley's "Seein' Things At Night!"

The concluding number was a debate on the subject, "Resolved that we have debates from time to time in our literary society." Misses Margerite Culkin and Mildred Washburn upheld the affirmative and won, Misses Pearl Hector and Evelyn Cash sustaining the negative end of the question. Miss Salter, Miss Shields and Mrs. Lectra were the judges.

High School Notes.

The seniors held their regular meeting Wednesday afternoon. The decication of the Zenith was discussed but not action taken as the class decided that it was too important a matter to decide on the spur of the moment, and a special meeting will be called later.

President Borgen announced that the choice of the plays to be given by the seniors was in the hands of Prof. Smith and that Mr. Custance would take charge of the production. Treasurer Frink reported $24.09 in the treasury.

• • •

Monday morning, President Cannon presented the picture which the Freshmen gave, to the school. It is an original by Lucy Perkins, done in poster style and depicting scenes from Scott's "Ivanhoe."

• • •

Miss Taylor was absent Monday on account of illness and Principal Smith took charge of the assembly hall.

• • •

The examinations in the manual training department in mechanical drawing and woodwork began this week. The regular "exams" come next Thursday and Friday.

• • •

The Public Speaking club will hold its regular meeting Monday afternoon in the music room. The debate on the question, "Resolved, That football be abolished in colleges and high schools," which was to have been given at the last meeting but was postponed, will be delivered at this meeting. Frink and Fossum for MacFadden's camp will take the affirmative and Boerner and Helam, for Ober's contingent, the negative. Walter McComber will deliver a declamation and Henry Becker will read the report on current events.

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Around Press Club Fire

"This is to be a literary evening," announced the president of the Press club, as the members took their feet off the table in recognition of the fact that the meeting had been called to order.

"Aw, can de shop talk?" said the sporting editor, but he was instantly overruled by the murmured assents of the dramatic critic, the literary editor and the man who "did" politics.

"Well, what's the game?" queried the sporting editor.

"Everyone must write a poem," announced the president. "You'll be allowed fifteen minutes by the clock, and you have to grind out something in that time and then read it."

"I throw up the sponge right now," said the sporting editor. "You've got the strangle hold on me with four points down. I'm groggy. Is there a doctor in the audience?"

"We'll give you a handicap," said the president, consolingly. "You can read your's last, and that will give you an extra quarter of an hour."

"You're on," said the sporting editor. "Lock the doors and keep out the police, or the place'll be pinched."

For the space of fifteen minutes there was quiet in the club room, with the exception of a few murmured expletives from the sporting editor and a quiet, gentle flow of lurid adjectives from the police court reporter.

"Time," called the president, and the writing ceased.

"Our brother, the rising young theatrical critic, will be the first to give us the results of his inspired pen's efforts," said the president.

"Turn on the colored lights, and let the orchestra strike up the Eliza-crossing-the-ice music," said the sporting editor. "I call this 'An impressionistic poem,'" said the theatrical critic, blushing, and adjusting his necktie. "You understand it's just a gentle satire on Ella Wheeler Bilcox."


"Everyone must write a poem."

"An azure colored longing
Stirs the yearning of my breast,
And the deep blue sickness of my soul,
Bids my aching heart take rest.

"My soul is bathed in agony,
(It really needs a bath),
And I grope in life's deep mystery,
For the secret of a laugh.

"Infinity's great nothingness,
And the endlessness of time,
And several other funny things
Make me burst forth into rhyme."

"Glad you have some excuse for it," said the sporting editor, as the dramatic critic subsided blushingly into his seat, overcome with the plaudits of his fellows. "If you did that in cold blood, there'd be a lynching right here."

The man who "did" politics was next. "I call this little effort of mine 'A Northland Lyric,' he said. I hope you will grasp the true invvardness of the poem, and look upon it in the right light, as a breath of the Northern woods, wafted into your world weary nostrils.

"Help! Help!" said the sporting editor.

"Order!" called the president, and the writer began:

"The year is dying.
In this far North land there springs
A breath of winter that brings with it
Thoughts of several things.

"In the lonely northland,
Where the silent shadows fall,
I wake at 3 a. m. and hear
The lonely roosters call.

"I can hear the pine trees moaning,
I also hear a cow,
I wish those darned old bovines
Wouldn't kick up such a row.

"I can hear the wires singing,
I can hear the sidewalks creak,
And the water dripping on the floor,
From a pipe thats' sprung a leak.

"These are but a sample
Of the thoughts that oft are brewed,
When the mercury starts to flirting
With the bottom of the tube."

"I've warned you against mince pie and encumbers, young man," interrupted the sporting editor. "You can't lay that up to my account."

The literary critic was the next victim. "I have here a little parody on Bliss Carmen's "Songs from Vagabondia," he announced. "You are all doubtless familiar with him."

"With Bliss? Why, we went to school with Bliss. Fire away," said the sporting editor, who was beginning to get nervous as his time approached.

"I call it a 'Later Song from Vagabondia' and offer it with apologies to Bliss Carmen and his collaborator, Richard Hovey. Here it is;

"Just you and I together, dear,
Facing life's tomorrow,
With a cheer for the joys that come our way,
And a song for our share of sorrow.

"What matters the care? What matters the tear?
The bright or the stormy weather?
What does anything matter, sweet,
If we are but together?

"Such a combination, love,
Should furnish of joys its quota,
If not, the solution is simple, dear,
You and I will move to Dakota."

"Beautiful," murmured the sporting editor. "Beautiful sentiment, that. An exquisite rendering of a sublime theme."

The police court reporter was the next victim.

"You fellows have neglected the great qualities of brevity and simplicity," he announced. "I deal with the simple things of life, and touch on those pathetic little every-day affairs that are familiar to all. I don't call this anything. If any of you can think up a title for it I will present it to you with the signature of the author. Get ready:

"Both my shoes are full of feet,
My glove is full of hand,
And underneath my stiff black hat,
There is a head beneath the band.
But stranger yet than all these things,
As you can plainly see,
The uncontradicted fact remains,
That my clothes are full of me."

"How true to life," said the sporting editor. "There is a man who has seen the seamy side of life, and he speaks with authority. You are a poet of the people—one of those simple, peasant—"

"Cheese it," said the president. "I'm next on the program. You come at the end."

The president had, luring his college days, taken a fall out of the science of metaphysics, and had never gotten over it. He delighted to tangle himself up in abstract arguments which were the terror and awe of the club members.


"My shoes are full of feet."

"Here is a little squib on a metaphysical line of thought which has come to me tonight," he began.

"Water," called the sporting editor. "Stand back and give me air, men. Stand back, I say."

The president froze him with a glance, and began:

"Now doesn't it seem odd,
That if I didn't be,
I might exist as someone else,
And then I'd be a we.

"For you see if I were some one else,
And that one still were he,
Both of us would then be it,
And that could never be."

The president sat down amid an awed silence, and after waiting vainly for applause, called for the sporting editor's effort.

"He's fainted," said the police court reporter, "Call a doctor."

But the sporting editor sat up, and gazed about him in a dazed fashion.

"Where am I" he asked in a pitiful voice. "Oh it is so cold here. And the snow—the terrible snow is—is snowing."

"Get up," said the president. "It's your turn."

"Gents," said the sporting editor jumping to his feet. "Gents, I offer to meet any follower of the muse in the world for a purse of $5 and a side bet of a box of cigars, in a catch-as-catch-can verse writing competition, with the strangle hold barred. That offer is open to anyone but Alfred Austin, and the winner takes all."

"Get busy," said the police court reporter. "We'll grin and bear it. No one will ever say we went back on a pal in his hour of need."

"Ladies and gentlemen," continued the sporting editor. "This little room of mine deals with one of the saddest events of human life. I trust you will put yourselves in the proper spirit to receive it. It is no vulgar doggerel such as we have listened to here this evening, but an inspiration that springs from the deepest wells in the human heart. You can feel the blood throbs in every line, and it was written in a moment of deepest anguish, when all the world looked black to me. It is offered without apologies to anyone, although Tennyson did have the misfortune to write a poem modelled on the same lines. While I am reading it, my pal, the police reporter will pass among you with the hat, and anything but pants buttons will be thankfully received. We're off.

"Broke, broke, broke,
As strapped as I can be,
And I would that my tongue could utter,
The thoughts that araise in me.

"Broke, broke, broke,
Or at least I'm badly bent,
It's five days yet to pay day,
And I haven't a smell of a cent.

"Broke, broke, broke,
On thy cold gray hills, Duluth.
Oh that some one would succor,
This badly fractured youth.

"Broke, broke, broke,
With a board bill falling due,
And a thirst that would make a camel sick,
And nary a sign of a sou.

"Broke, broke, broke,
I'm having a—a—deuce of a time.
Won't some one loan me two plunks for a week,
Or a quarter, or even a dime?

"Broke, broke, broke,
Gee, but it's tough to be poor.
With a lantern jawed landlady raising Cain,
And a thirst that you cannot cure."

"Gentlemen, I thank you, one and all for your kind attention. The big show is just about to commence. We have the only genuine, red blooded, theatrical critic in captivity, and he will now tickle the keys, while the assembled audience will join in the chorus of "Keep a Cosy Corner in Your Heart for Me."

The Press club stood adjourned.

J. E. R.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Old Underoof Rye
has an earned reputation for superior quality.
CHAS. DENNEHY & COMPANY,
Chicago.
5

THE ONLY WAY DUFFY'S IS SOLD
BEWARE OF FRAUDS!
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey
is sold in sealed bottles only—never in bulk. A fac-smile of the genuine bottle, full size, is printed here so that you may easily recognize it. It is our own patented bottle—round, amber colored, and with the name "Duffy's Malt Whiskey Company" blown into the glass. The trade-mark—the Old Chemist Head—is on the label, and over the cork there is an evgraved paper seal. Be certain this seal is not broken.

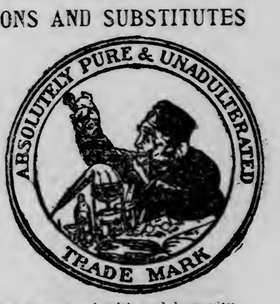


BEWARE OF BOGUS GOODS!
Unscrupulous dealers, mindful only of profit and offering for sale low-grade, impure whiskey, which they call Duffy's Malt Whiskey.
It is a bogus whiskey and a fraud, intended to deceive the people.
Of course, when a remedy has been before the public so long, has been prescribed and used by the best doctors and in all the prominent hospitals, and has carried the blessing of health into so many thousands of homes as DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY has, imitations are bound to arise. *But they can imitate the bottle and label only—no one can imitate the contents.*

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY
is a formula worked out fifty years ago by one of the greatest chemists the world has ever known, and while it has cured millions of people during the last half century, the secret has never been discovered.
Any firm that will sell imitation goods will sell impure drugs. The firm that is dishonest in one thing would not hesitate to be dishonest in another. Whenever you see imitation goods with the firm's name on, beware of anything and everything put up by that firm. You endanger your own life and the lives of your family and friends by dealing with them.

Noted Chicago Pysician and Chemist Commeds Duffy's.
Dr. E. M. Eidherr, after severe and exhaustive tests of samples of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, reports it to be perfectly pure, free of coloring matter, wood spirits and fusel oil, and recommends it in all cases for young and old where an effective tonic is required.
In his original report he says:
"The samples of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey submitted to my laboratory for chemical examination were found perfectly pure and entirely free of amyl and methyl alcohols (fusel oil and wood spirits), and also devoid of coloring matter. Comparative tests have been made with samples of Duffy's Malt Whisky, bought from different drug stores in this city, with the same result. On basis of these examinations, I pronounce your preparation as an excellent tonic-stimulant, tissue builder and invigorator, which can be used by young and old for wasting diseases, nervous debility, loss of appetite, and, in short, in all cases where an effective tonic is required."
—DR. E. M. EIDHERR, Chicago, Ill. July 3, 1905.

REFUSE IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES
When you ask for DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY be sure you get the genuine, which is the only absolutely pure malt whiskey containing medicinal, health-giving qualities. Imitations and substitutes, far from relieving the sick, are positively harmful. Demand DUFFY'S, and be sure you get it. Be on your guard against refilled bottles.



Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey promotes health and longevity,
KEEPS THE OLD YOUNG—THE YOUNG STRONG
Contains no fusel oil and is the only whiskey recognized by the Government as a medicine. This is a guarantee.
The genuine is sold by all reliable druggists and grocers, or direct, $1 a bottle. Medical book free. Address Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

HORSE EVOLUTION NOW COMPLETED

American Museum of Natural History Finds Missing Link.

New York, Jan. 20.—At last the chain of equine evolution is complete. After years of search, and just when all hope of success had been adandoned, the American Museum of Natural History, New York, has been rewarded by the discovery of remains of the "mountain horse" or Orohippus. This discovery fills in the last gap in the record which science has long endeavored to make perfect.

The museum began its explorations in 1901 under the direction of Professor Henry F. Osborn, curator of the department of Vertebrate paleontology, with a trip to the Big Horn Basin of northern Wyoming. The expenses were defrayed from a fund contributed by the late William C. Whitney. At his death these special explorations had to cease, the hunt for fossil horses is now carried on in conjunction with that for other fossil animals, until some equally public-spirited horse lover comes forward to continue it distinctively.

The locality around Fort Bridger, Wyoming, was carefully searched for fossils, but particularly for the "mountain horse," fragments of which had been found and named by Professor Marsh in 1872. Parties sent out by the American Museum visited this region in 1893 and 1895, and from 1903 to 1905, but in spite of the most indefatigable efforts the Orohippus eluded the searchers. It had begun to look as though the attempt to locate his skeleton would have to be given up as hopeless, when on the very last day of the final expeditnon of 1905, just when the party was about to return, the long looked for remains were unearthed. These consisted of the skull, backbone, limbs and other parts of the skeleton of the very stage wanted.

The find has not been publicly announced heretofore, and it will be some time before the museum has ready its exhibit, showing every stake of horse evolution, beginning when the ancestors of the horse of today was about the size of an Irish terrior. The museum has already classified the fossils of the horse previously found in various localities in the western part of the United States, and will thus be able now to place before the public a complete ocular record of equine evolution from the early days of the Eocene period, estimated at three million years ago, down to the present time.

The museum's latest discovery is of the greatest importance, not only because it will make these records more complete, but also because it may lead to the verification of the theory that the horse originated in this country. Professor Osborn will make a thorough examination of these remains and his conclusions are awaited with a great deal of interest.

NOVEL STRUCTURE

Is the Sea Shore Palace Erected at Atlantic City.

Atlantic City, Jan. 20.—An absolutely fireproof hotel, twelve stories high, built without a single brick, steel beam, girder or column, is Atlantic City's latest novelty. The like of this structure is not to be found anywhere else.

For various reasons—one being that the noise of erecting a steel frame building would have driven away guests from adjoining hotels—the builders and architects were called upon for plans by which it would be possible to put up a structure 326 feet long and 100 feet high, without the racket made by steel riveters and stone workers. The first exclusively hollow tile and cement building on a large scale is the result.

The necessity for keeping comparatively quiet was only one trouble of the builders of this architectural wonder. At the very outset the builders, the National Fireproofing company, were confronted with a foundation problem which was finally solved by driving 1,300 piles into the sand of the beach by jettying. On this foundation a frame of concrete uprights and girders, strengthened with steel rods, was raised. Next came the walls and floors, all of fireproof hollow tile. Outside the tile is pebble dashed, and makes a very handsome and substantial appearance. Inside the plaster is applied directly to the tile. In the floors hollow tile is also used between reinforced cement, thus saving weight and making of the transverse, as well as the upright partitions so many impassable fire barriers.

Comparatively low cost, great saving in time and fireproof qualities unapproached in any other form of construction, are the special advantages claimed for this new style of building.

Beginning work on June 17, the builders were able to promise to complete the job so quickly that the hotel could be furnished and ready for business on Feb. 1. Noteworthy features of the new seashore palace will be that every room will have a bath and a bay window. There are two sun parlors, one twenty-five feet wide and heated by six elaborate fireplaces, overlooking the board walk, and another running along the length of the hotel. But from the viewpoint of the hotel patron, the best thing about this new hostelry is that it cannot burn. Engineers and builders are more deeply interested in the novel features of construction developed in this hotel (the Marlborough-Blenheim), and many experts have been here to inspect it.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON.
(Seal) Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

John F. Stevens, chief engineer of the Isthmian canal commission, was elected vice president and a director of the Panama Railroad company to fill the place made vacant by the resignation of Former Chief Engineer John F. Wallace. Mr. Stevens is also general manager of the Panama Railroad company.

Marion Turner and Otto Freshwater, both of Emporia, Kas., claim to have found buried treasure to the value of $100,000 in or near Phoenix Mound, southwest of there. The treasure is said to have been buried in 1848 by three men who were on their way east from California and who concealed their riches when surrounded by Indians.

The ten saloons in Atlantic, Iowa, were closed when news was received that the supreme court had dissolved an injunction against the state executive council to prevent the publication of revised census figures showing that Atlantic has less than 5,000 population. Cities less than that size have no power to license saloons.

Two men were instantly killed, another is missing, believed to be under the wreck, and a fourth fatally scalded as the result of a head-on collision between a north-bound through freight and a switch engine on the Seaboard Air Line railway near Mina, a small station about eight miles from Atlanta, Ga., Friday night.

Dressing for a masked ball, John Petasky, arrayed as a cowboy, shot and killed Felix Wargin Friday night, at La Crosse, Wis. When about to go to the dance Petasky pulled a 38-calibre gun from his belt and pointing it at Wargin, fired. The police are investigating the affair. Petasky says he did not know the gun was loaded.


OPEN ALL NIGHT.
NOTHING BETTER
If you have a bad cold you should go to
KASSMIR'S TURKISH BATH
PARLORS, AT ONCE.
26 WEST SUPERIOR ST. Look for the big Red Painted Electric Sign.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., First St. Op. P.O. Square.
THE HERALD COMPANY.
Phones: Counting room, 324; Editorial rooms, 1126.

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DULUTH WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
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The Largest Circulation in Duluth

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed to give both old and new addresses.

REGISTER TUESDAY.

Next Tuesday is the second registration day for the municipal election to be held next month, and it is the duty of every voter who has not done so to become enrolled in order that he may cast his ballot at the February election. There will be another registration day later, it is true, but never mind about that now, for the man that puts off registration to the last moment is likely to overlook it altogether.

Success in popular government can come only through the active and enlightened interest and participation of all the voters. Failure of popular government, wherever it has occurred, has been due to neglect and carelessness on the part of the voters, who have let matters go without attention, which meant that those with selfish interests to serve have controlled things. Those seeking to profit at the expense of the public are always active and alert, and the people must be equally so to hold their own.

It does not matter if most people think the contest is one-sided and that there is little doubt of the outcome. It is in just such a condition of the public mind that political surprises are bred. Nothing should be taken for granted in politics. The bosses and corruptionists take nothing for granted, and it is when the people do that the evil elements in politics reap their victories.

With a full vote there is nothing to be feared from popular government. The danger creeps in when men who believe themselves good citizens sit back and take things for granted, whereas they should invariably go to the polls and vote their convictions. Political evils are due more to the neglect of respectable citizens than they are to the active efforts of designing politicians.

For the credit and good name of Duluth there should be a full vote at the February election. Duluth is on trial before the world. She must show her capacity before large enterprises and large investments are trusted to her. There is no better way of proving herself than to have her citizens all get out and vote, showing that they take an active interest in her municipal affairs, from which grow the taxes which everybody must pay. A light vote, showing carelessness on the part of the people, might indicate to outsiders a negligent public spirit, in the atmosphere of which the germs of political corruption and municipal mismanagement always thrive.

It is the duty of every citizen of Duluth to register and vote. For the sake of his citizenship, which he ought to value highly enough to use, and for the sake of the good name and fair prospects of the community, it is to be hoped that no man will overlook this duty.

FRANCE AND VENEZUELA.

It is not often that spectators take pleasure in seeing a big fellow whip a little fellow. Usually there is some one to step in and take the little fellow's part in the interest of fair play. But occasionally a small boy becomes so exasperatingly mean and defiant of authority and the dictates of decency that it becomes absolutely necessary for a big boy to give him a sound thrashing, and in this event the spectators, far from interfering, applaud the performance and take pleasure in the saucy little fellow's pain.

This is very much the case with the France and Venevuela incident, now rapidly drawing to a head. Venezuela, under the leadership of the insufferable Castro, has made itself obnoxious to the world at large. Relying upon its smallness for protection, it has been guilty of grave discourtesies to this nation and to others. Finally its conduct toward France became so unbearable that the Venezuelan minister to France was taken by the arm and sternly led out of the country, and French warships were steamed up and set sailing for Venezuela.

Doubtless when the fleet draws up off the coast of Venezuela the little republic will get to its knees, but it may remain defiant, and in that event there will be nothing to do but to give it the whipping it so richly deserves.

The Monroe doctrine, contrary to the belief of some, will interfere in no way with the proper administration of punishment by France to Venezuela. President Roosevelt has distinctly declared that the doctrine will not be construed to protect small American republics from the consequences of their misdoings. This country will stand by and calmly observe the thrashing of Venezuela, and will not step in to take the little fellow's part. Indeed, we have some small scores of our own to settle, which we will take out in the satisfaction of seeing France apply the whip.

In the event that France goes so far in her zeal as to use the incident as a means of making French territory out of Venezuela, which is extremely improbable, the United States would have to interfere. That would be an infraction of the Monroe doctrine. The proper castigation of the impudent little republic for its grave insults to a great nation is a logical outcome, however, and not out of harmony with the Monroe doctrine.

STARTLING STATEMENTS.

Startling, but by no means unexpected, are the facts given in the report of Special Immigrant Inspector Marcus Braun, as read in the house of representatives Wednesday in response to a resolution calling upon the department of commerce and labor to furnish it. The report deals with the attitude of European governments toward the subject.

It shows that the inspector has proof that undesirable immigrants are being brought into the country in large numbers "by the concerted action of some European governments and steamship agencies, by bankers and schemers of all sorts." Italy and Hungary, he states, teach their immigrants to resist assimilation, to beware of becoming American, and to retain association with the countries that have failed to provide them with a living. He asserts that $50,000,000 was sent last year from the United States to Austria-Hungary alone from these immigrants. He found hundreds of agents licensed by the Hungarian government campaigning for immigrants to be sent to the United States, in direct violation of their laws. The Hungarian government advocates the establishment in the United States of Hungarian schools, churches and institutions, to avert "the terrible danger of Hungarians becoming naturalized."

This is a condition that calls loudly for immediate action, and since congress will be asked this winter to take measures restricting immigration so as to give some guaranty that it will result in desirable citizens, Inspector Braun's revelations come at a happy time.

The warmest welcome should be and is extended to all desirable immigrants who are likely to become useful citizens of this country, and such immigration should have every encouragement. But for those who come in the hope of quickly acquiring a competency and of then returning to their native land to spend it, there should be no welcome and no room. There is no room for those who come instructed to keep up the habits and associations and institutions of their native land, to repel American citizenship as an evil, and, in short, to get what they can as quickly as they can and then return with it.

This country is no colonial possession of Austria-Hungary, of Italy, or of any other nation, to be used as a dumping ground for their troublesome criminals and paupers. Laws to prevent its becoming such should be adopted and rigidly enforced.

A POLITICAL BLIGHT.

Secretary Root's testimony regarding the inadequacy of the consular service of the United States, given in a dispatch from Washington in The Herald last evening, strikingly bears out what The Herald has had to say on this subject. According to his statement the consular service has come to be a sort of political dumping ground. "Consulates," he said, "are not regarded as places in which active and sufficient work is to be done, but are used as places in which to shelve estimable and elderly gentlemen whose friends find it necessary to take care of them in some way."

In other words, professional politics has left its slimy trail over the consular service, as it has over practically every branch of public business and even over the economic conditions of the people at large. Instead of trying to make the consular bureau a live and active force to spread the trade of this country throughout the world, it has been used as a dumping ground for people to whom the politicians owed something, but who would not be suitable for places in this country. Men have been sent abroad to represent the United States who would not have been appointed poundmaster in their native land. It is small wonder, then, that the consular service is generally a disgrace to the country instead of a valuable agency for the upholding of its dignity and credit abroad and the extension of its trade.

The spirit of intense partisanship has been at the bottom of this, as it has been at the bottom of many other evils in this country. To keep the faithful in line, it has been necessary to hold out hope of reward. For those of presentable merits and appearances there were the offices at home; for those who were unpresentable by reason of age, disabilities or moral and mental infirmity there was the consular service.

A live, active, thoroughly efficient consular service should be worth hundreds of millions to American trade. The only way to get such a service is to reorganize it on a merit basis, setting strict requirements for appointment and promotion, and offering to the young man who enters it as a profession a life's field of work, with the topmost round to be reached by earnest effort and faithful work, undisturbed by the shifting and uncertain winds of political favor.

A PAINFUL EPOCH.

A story comes from Chicago that vividly illustrates a time in the affairs of boys when their inclinations are at war with those of their mothers, who cling with loving persistence to the insignia of childhood.

A Chicago woman has a handsome boy of 15 years, large and strong and full of real boyhood. Ignoring his age and size, with the affectionate blindness of a mother, she insisted upon keeping the young man in knickerbockers and long curls until the situation became positively painful to him. Every boy and every man who has been a boy will appreciate his situation, and every mother will appreciate the feelings of the mother. It pained her to see him grow up and out and away from her, and with fond fatuity she tried to keep him a child by perpetuating the curls and dress of childhood. She might as well try to sweep back the ocean with a broom, to stop the progress of Time by placing a straw in its path, or to turn aside a hurricane with a popgun.

The boy wanted to be a real boy, not a daintily manicured pet, and after laboring diligently with his mother he sought other means of attaining his ends. He circulated a petition. He drew up a document in which he used the most ponderous and respectful language and solemnly and sincerely prayed for the application of the shears, for a suit of clothes more befitting his age and altitude, and for the right to take his place among the boys of his years, with all their freckles, boisterousness, surplus vitality and slang.

He circulated the petition among his friends, and had no trouble in securing plenty of signatures. Men signed it gladly and with hearty appreciation of the boy's spirit, and the list was so formidable that when it was presented to the mother she had to give in. Though ultimately she will become reconciled, it was a heart-rending duty, and every mother of a boy will realize the pathos of her situation, while every man will realize as fully the inexorability of the fate that compelled her to say goodby to her baby boy forever, and to make room in her heart for a real, boyish boy in long trousers and short hair, with strange, unnatural imitations of manhood.

THE WOMAN'S PART.

Can it be that women who yearn to get out into the world and set to rights those things which they see are going sadly wrong realize their power for good in the position to which, rightly or wrongly, custom has assigned her—the home?

It is trite and platitudinous enough to say that woman's place is the home, and The Herald is not going to say it for that reason, and for the further reason that in this day and age woman, like man, does pretty much as she pleases and as circumstances will permit. If she wishes to enter into the fields of activity that were once exclusively occupied by man, she can do so, for hardly one of them is barred to her. She can preach, she can practice law, she can minister to the sick as physician or nurse, she can enter the newspaper business, to a limited extent at least, and in some states where she is allowed a vote she can enter actively into politics.

On the other hand, if she chooses to remain in the home, to become the helpmeet of some strong man and the mother of his children, she has open to her a pathway full of use and beauty. Few women realize, perhaps, how much of a man's success must come from his home life. Possibly this is because men don't tell about it, and in that case the men are wrong; they should tell about it, for women appreciate appreciation as much as men.

But to a man who spends his day in battle with the world, in founding and building up a business, in climbing the ladder of promotion in the employ of others, in following his vocation in life, whether it is a business, a profession or a mechanical trade, the hours that he spends at home should be hours of ease, of rest, of comfort, and of wholesome association with his family.

A quarrelsome or fretful disposition may make those hours a horror to him, while a calm, philosophical, helpful temperament may make them the brightest of his days. A man who goes forth from a home into the world every morning carries with him the influence of that home. If the atmosphere is one of cheerfulness and content and hope, he goes forth a better man and will do better work. If the home sphere is clouded with discontent, peavishness, quarrels and pessimism, he is likely to go forth in the morning discouraged, hopeless and ill-fitted to cope with his daily duties.

The women make the home, though of course they need the men to help, and there is no hope for the man who comes into the home after his day's work growling and complaining until the cat flies out of the room, the children sit awed and scared into silence, and the mother either bears her burden meekly or responds in kind, filling the air with a joint debate most unhappy and most wholesome.

The women cannot do it alone; but neither can the men. If each does a fair share, the home should be a place of joyful comfort and content, which will spur the head of the family to higher, nobler efforts and will rear children that will help make the world better and life more worth living.

The home should be a source of inspiration and strength for the husband and father, a noble domain with the wife and mother for its queen. For the children it should be a place to be loved and respected, a place to which they will look back through all their lives with memories most pleasant. The women must make it so.

THE FIELD SURVEY

Register Tuesday.

* * *

If you don't register you can't vote.

* * *

If you don't vote you are neglecting your duty as a citizen.

* * *

If you fail to vote in the coming municipal election you become responsible for conditions that your vote might have helped to prevent.

* * *

Take nothing for granted in an election. Register, and vote as your conscience instructs, and you will have done your part in the interests of good municipal government.

* * *

Frank Eddy of the Sauk Center Herald, having lost his pocketbook, invites the finder to place in it a dollar for a year's subscription and return it. Elbert Bede, of the North Branch Review, lost his pocketbook, too, and he instructs the finder to return it to his wife. Prosperity must be making Minnesota editors careless with their money.

* * *

The Crookston Times says "the friends of drainage are following false gods." They are following them with a full grown club, however.

* * *

The Northfield News says there is no truth in the report that the laundrymen of the state will bolt the ticket unless a candidate changes his collar once a month.

* * *

The Fargo Forum made the grain growers' convention the occasion of forty-eight pages of good stuff about North Dakota.

* * *

Maybe the New York senate would like to give Senator Depew a resolution of confidence.

* * *

Senator Tillman has been using his pitchfork again, with the usual result that he impaled himself upon it.

* * *

If there is trouble over the fact that the new code will not be printed when it becomes effective March 1, the principal blame will rest upon the legislature for making it go into effect sooner than was convenient or necessary.

* * *

Rumor says there are designs on the political scalp of Sam Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission.

* * *

Boosting Northern Minnesota is the proper thing for Northern Minnesota people and papers, no matter who set the style.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Makes the finest, lightest, best flavored biscuit, hot-breads, cake and pastry.

Royal Baking Powder is of highest quality, always pure, wholesome, uniform. The contents of each can are exactly like every other, and will retain their strength and freshness regardless of climate or season.

Remember that Royal is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder, absolutely free from alum or phosphatic acid.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Alum and Alum-phosphate powders are injurious
Do Not Use Them

THE WEATHER

It was a most dubious atmosphere that people emerged into this morning. The clouds persisted, and from them, pushed by a northeast wind, came a nasty, drizzly mist that was most unlike the wholesome winter weather peculiar to these latitudes. Later it turned into snow, but only after it had made the sidewalks so slippery that people on their way to work floundered around most ungracefully and perilously. The temperature was most remarkable, holding at 30 deg. in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning, without a variation. More snow and a cold wave, with the thermometer getting to zero or below, are predicted by the weather man for tonight and tomorrow. Says Mr. Richardson of conditions:

"The Western storm has developed great strength and is central this morning over Colorado. It has caused warmer and mild weather throughout the South and from the Mississippi valley eastward, and rain or snow in the Rocky mountains and most Northern districts. This storm is closely followed by much colder weather over the Rocky mountains and the Northwest, with a cold wave and zero temperatures in Montana and Western Canada. These conditions favor considerable snow this afternoon, tonight and possibly Sunday, accompanied by a cold wave."

Following were the lowest temperatures recorded by the weather bureau in the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock this morning:

Abilene	58	Miles City	4
Atlanta	51	Milwaukee	24
Battleford	-8	Minnedosa	0
Bismarck	4	Modena	14
Boston	24	Montgomery	60
Buffalo	30	Moorhead	12
Charleston	52	New Orleans	61
Chicago	28	New York	36
Cincinnati	28	Norfolk	50
Davenport	36	Northfield	4
Denver	40	North Platte	24
Detroit	32	Oklahoma	46
Devils Lake	2	Omaha	42
Dodge	50	Phoenix	46
Duluth	30	Pierre	14
El Paso	34	Pittsburg	40
Escanaba	30	Port Arthur	30
Galveston	60	Portland	34
Green Bay	34	Prince Albert	-10
Havre	-8	Qu'Appelle	-6
Helena	0	Rapid City	12
Houghton	24	St. Louis	52
Huron	26	St. Paul	32
Jacksonville	56	San Francisco	44
Kamloops	14	Santa Fe	30
Kansas City	60	Sault Ste. Marie	20
Knoxville	46	Shreveport	60
La Crosse	32	Spokane	10
Lander	18	Swift Current	-16
Little Rock	66	Washington	40
Los Angeles	44	Williston	0
Marquette	30	Winnemucca	18
Medicine Hat	-12	Winnipeg	4

Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Jan. 20.—Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Snow and much colder, with a cold wave tonight and Sunday, the temperature falling to zero or below during Sunday. Brisk to high northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Forecasts until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin: Rain, turning to snow, and colder tonight and Sunday. Cold wave in north and west portions.

Minnesota: Snow and cold wave tonight and Sunday, except fair in west portion Sunday.

North Dakota: Fair tonight and Sunday. Colder tonight.

South Dakota: Generally fair tonight and Sunday, preceded by snow in east portion tonight. Cold wave.

The Cass Lake Hypatia.

C. D. I. in Cass Lake Times: Life has set no landmarks before us.

Set the clock of your mind to strike twelve.

The lust of money comes from an immoral soul.

The best sermons are preached where the poor do mostly congregate.

Time is money, but it is impossible to counterfeit it.

Eyes front in youth, while old age has ever the backward glance.

Your conscience is your court of judgment, and it's of no avail to appeal from its decision.

The First Stroke of Policy.

Kansas City Times: "I'm sick, auntie," said a 5-year-old boy, who was the picture of glowing health.

"Are you?" replied the aunt, not greatly concerned.

"Yes, I'm sick."

"Well, then we'll have to call the doctor, won't we?"

"Oh, I'm not sick enough for the doctor," replied the urchin.

"Well, how sick are you?"

"I'm just sick enough for lemonade."

Royal Economy.

Baltimore American: "What is the use," muttered Henry VIII, "of going to the trouble and expense of all those trips to South Dakota, when the place isn't even on the map yet?"

So, with the ingenuity and thrift which characterized the Tudor family, he simplified matters by cutting his matrimonial ties with an ax.

SMILING REMARKS.

Washington Star: "Why does that member of congress assume to be unfamiliar with the phrase 'stand pat?'" asked one statesman.

"Because he's blunting," answered the other.

Philadelphia Press: "I never could see the sense in the phrase 'a cool million.' How does it differ from any other million?"

"It's in the form of a draft, I suppose."

Cleveland Leader: "You see, dear," said Mrs. Justwed, "I've made one batch of good biscuits and one batch of poor ones. Now, this is the third, and it ought to decide whether I'm a good cook or not."

"Yes, I see," said Mr. Justwed, chewing frantically, "this is the rubber."

Philadelphia Ledger: The professor was calling on the doctor, who resides in an apartment house.

"You ought to frame a copy of the Ten Commandments," he said, "and hang it up in one of your rooms."

"Why so?" asked the doctor.

"Because the building seems to need a fire escape of some kind."

Chicago Tribune: Cain had introduced his wife to the rest of the family.

"Where did you get her?" asked Adam, suspiciously.

"I decline to answer," responded Cain.

Thus, as there were no higher court to compel him to answer, he cleverly avoided getting himself into a serious theological mixup.

Kids.

I wonder why some pas have none,
And others have so many.
It seems the poor pas have the most,
And rich ones haven't any.

The richest man I know in town
Has just one small boy only;
But pa says, Gad! he pities him
In that big house so lonely.

It seems to me 'twould be so nice
If kids all come out even;
And when I asked pa why they don't,
He said, "Be quiet, Stephen!"

Then fam'lies all'd have bills like pa,
For us five kids together,
He says, would bust a cattleman.
We wear out so much leather.

But when the circus comes to town
Pa's glad he has so many.
For he has more fun takin' us
Than if he hadn't any.

My pa says that some day he'll be
Too old to go on workin',
And then he hopes that none of us
Our duty will be shirkin'.

You bet we won't. We all love pa,
But wouldn't it be funny
To have your father hangin' 'round
And askin' you for money?

I've most a quarter in my bank
To buy a bullet molder,
But now I think I'll save it up
For pa when he gets older.

—New York Sun.

Darby and Joan.

Darby, dear, we are old and gray,
Fifty years since our wedding day,
Shadow and sun for ev'ry one as the
years roll on;
Darby, dear, when the world went wry,
Hard and sorrowful then was I—
Ah, lad, how you cheered me then,
"Things will be better, sweet wife,
again!"
Always the same, Darby, my own,
Always the same to your old wife,
Joan.

Darby, dear, but my heart was wild,
When we buried our baby child,
Until you whispered: "Heaven knows
best!" and my heart found rest.
Darby, dear, 'twas your loving hand
Showed the way to the better land—
Ah! lad, as you kissed each tear,
Life grew better and heaven more near;
Always the same, Darby, my own,
Always the same to your old wife,
Joan.

Hand in hand when our life was May,
Hand in hand when our hair is gray,
Shadow and sun for ev'ry one as the
years roll on;
Hand in hand when the long night tide
Gently covers us side by side—
Ah! lad, though we know not when,
Love will be with us forever then;
Always the same, Darby, my own,
Always the same to your old wife,
Joan.

—Weatherley.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Most men default on love letters more than on promissory notes.

The kind of scandal women like to talk about is the kind too awful to talk about.

A nice thing about having your wife away on a visit is nobody ever likes to argue by letter.

A woman always has scruples about telling a man a secret because she suspects he will keep it.

It makes a woman feel awful blue to think how gloomy it would be to have it rain on the day of her funeral.

The Peace Prize Missent.

Philadelphia Record: Baroness von Suttner got the Nobel peace prize on the ground that her novel, "Lay Down Your Arms," had a great influence with the czar. A work by a Japanese named Togo, however, is generally believed to have had more influence in inducing the czar to lay down his arms.

Saturday Night Talk

The Doom of the Dual Standard.

There is on the horizon at the present moment no brighter token of a revival of righteousness than the disfavor and odium attaching to the dual standard in judging character. Hereafter we are not going to test a man by one standard when we scrutinize him in the midst of certain relationships. Theoretically there has never been but one measuring-rod for a man's life, but as a matter of fact we have fallen into the way of extenuating or ignoring certain phases of conduct because in other particulars the man in question was quite exemplary. The deacon of a former generation, who is reported to have called down to his apprentice clerk one morning, "John, have you sanded the sugar?" "Yes, sir." "Have you watered the molasses?" "Yes, sir." "Well, then, come up to prayers," has had many successors in modern days. And there have been fully as many hypocrites outside the church as within it, for I, for one, believe that the church, even though its own ethical ideals need restating and reapplication, is on a higher moral plane than the world.

Whether or not he is a professor of religion, from this time on every man who wants to be considered decent is going to be judged by one standard in all the processes and departments of his activity. If after a day downtown, which he has spent in trying to outwit his competitor, to overcharge his customer, to scale down to starvation point the wages of his help, that man returns to his comfortable and spacious home, greets his wife with a kiss of genuine affection, put his arms around his children, asks them tenderly about their studies and sports, and even has a kind word for the dog—all this demonstration of husbandly and paternal interest is not going to balance off the rotten dealings downtown a few hours before. After all the exposures of the past year, no one is going to have the temerity to say: "Oh, well, Mr. Moneybags is a pretty sharp trader, but you should see him in his home. He is just lovely to his wife and children. And what a generous giver he is to all good causes." That apology has served its uses, if it ever had any. Moneybags will have to walk right up to the Ten Commandments and the Beatitudes, and submit to their being applied to every waking, active moment of his life.

On the other hand, a man's private life is going to be taken sharply into account in judging his fitness for public office. Sooner or later, and we trust sooner rather than later, public sentiment will demand that no man of notoriously immoral private life, no man, for example, who puts away his wife in order to take another, shall be at the head of great fiduciary concerns.

All this means that character cannot be dismembered like the human body, and one part of it pronounced sound and the other diseased. We cannot wall off certain large domains and say that they are exempt from the highest tests. We cannot cheat a railroad system out of even 5 cents—no, not even if that railroad has been cheating the public, and then atone for our act by bestowing a copper upon the next beggar we meet.

The clean life is what we want—never mind just now about the simple or the strenuous type. The life that is white from center to circumference, that glistens with purity when the light of truth is thrown upon every part. If we can't be anything else this coming year, let us be clean in the inward parts, for the day of the double standard is rapidly drawing to its close.

THE PARSON.

Foremost Becomes Secondary.

Boston Globe: Now, alas! it is learned that the Oregon must pass from the first to the second line of defense, and hereafter do duty in home waters, having been superseded by the more up-to-date type of battleship.

This news will be received by the American people with sentimental regret, as they recall the prowess of this magnificent vessel under its splendid commander, Capt. Clark, in the war with Spain.

The wonderful voyage of this battleship from the Pacific coast to Cuba, and the brilliant part which it played in the chase of the Spanish squadron on its flight from Santiago harbor, are an imperishable part of the most glorious record of the American navy.

TWENTY YEARS AGO.

Taken from the Columns of The Herald of this date in 1886.

***A. Booth, the oysterman, who is at the Hotel St. Louis, says he has purchased the entire business of Cooley, LaVaque & Co. and is negotiating for the purchase of the business of the Duluth Fish company. Upon the opening of navigation he will bring his boat A. Booth to Duluth from Chicago, and she will ply between here and shore points and the fishing grounds near Isle Royale. If it becomes necessary he will bring up another boat which he is now building at Chicago.

***W. A. Beebe of the fish firm of W. A. Beebe & Co., Bay City, Mich., is also in Duluth and proposes to locate here. He is negotiating for eighty feet of dock property immediately joining that purchased by Mr. Booth. They will give up their Bay City business altogether and bring everything to Duluth, including three tugs and a dredge.

***Demorest Desnoyer, a sawyer, who was recently injured by the explosion of a sawmill boiler several miles east of Superior, met with another accident yesterday. He was struck by the lever of a log conveyor and his injury will necessitate the amputation of one of his feet. Desnoyer resides on Rice's Point.

***William H. Holmes of Duluth and Miss Celia Farnham were married this afternoon at the bride's residence in Minneapolis.

***At a meeting of the new village council last evening, Alderman Daugherty was elected vice president, Gus Dohl was appointed special policeman at Rice's Point.

***Judge Hale retired this morning and Judge Martin ascended the bench of the municipal court.

***The tug Ella G. Stone successfully plowed through the ice and went down to Agate Bay today.

***Yesterday being the eighth anniversary of Victor Berggren's marriage, a number of friends gave him a pleasant surprise at the residence of P. S. Anneke. Music and cards were the order of the evening and all wished Mr. Berggren a long and happy life.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"There may be money in the chicken business, but I contend that a fellow has to have a special education before he can learn how to extract it," said F. O. Dodge of Hibbing at the St. Louis. "I had a brother down in Wisconsin who invested several hundred dollars in a hennery one time, and he took a good deal less out of the business than he put in.

"It looks pretty nice on paper to see all the profits figured out. Every once in a while I pick up a magazine or newspaper and see an account of how a combination of all the hens in the United States would result in enough capital to put John D. Rockefeller out of the running. To read these articles one would think that by buying a hundred hens and a few roosters a man wouldn't have to work at all the rest of his life, when, as a matter of fact, his troubles would only just be beginning.

"My brother had been reading these articles I speak about, and it so happened that he had a little ready cash he wanted to invest in some paying venture. He thought chickens would do about as well as anything else, and so he went ahead and had a fancy coop, with all modern improvements, as the hotel advertisements say, and had installed therein several dozen chickens of a fancy breed, or of different fancy breeds, I suskily he didn't quit his other business entirely, on the expectation of getting rich out of his birds. He was the owner of a grocery store, and this ran along just the same.

"His first trouble was with skunks. They killed eighteen young chickens and two or three old ones the first night, and several more fell victims before he made the coop skunk-proof. Then the old hens got tired of laying, and didn't leave enough eggs lying around to pay their board bill. Next thing in the shape of trouble was some sort of a disease that put most of the hens in a dumpish, grumpy humor, and laid a dozen or fifteen out cold. Those left alive merely sat around on perches, occasionally shutting their eyes, opening their beaks and letting out a queer noise. I guess they had the heaves.

"Poor Joe studied up on all the chicken books and magazines he could find and finally cleared the coop of the disease, whatever it was. After that things ran along fairly smooth for a while, and then the hens got off their feed again and wouldn't lay. It seems that if you give a hen a bread crumb instead of a cracker crumb, when she prefers the latter, she will go on strike, and refuse to lay till the walking delegate comes around and tells her to go to work again. Of course I don't mean crumbs exactly but I am merely attempting to illustrate how fine the food distinction is drawn. In a little less than a year Joe sold out for about a quarter of what he had put into the business and what he had made out of the chickens meantime didn't anywhere make up the difference, either.

* * *

"It will only be a matter of time, I believe, until the present form of railroad tie is done away with entirely," said T. A. Burg of Chippewa Falls, Wis., at the McKay. "There is still lots of the timber left in the West and Northwest, and it will last for several years yet, but there will come a time when it will be scarce, and when the railroads will have to adopt something else as a substitute.

"This is becoming true in certain parts of the East today, and all kinds of experiments are being tried looking toward the furnishing of a substitute that will answer all requirements. Thus far these experiments haven't met with what might be called entire success, although some ties, notably steel ones, have been invented that will fill the bill.

"The steel tie appears to be the most logical solution of the problem, and several roads are now trying them. While they are much more expensive than the other variety they have the advantage of lasting much longer. Some of them are practically everlasting, if the claims of the inventors and backers amount to anything. A steel tie can be made quite thin, so they are not so heavy as one might suppose.

"The combination steel and concrete tie is also coming in for considerable attention, and it has its good points. Some who have investigated it say that it is in many ways superior to the steel ties. Only time will tell which will come into the most general use. Maybe neither of them will, as both may have to give way to something more suitable. Inventors are always springing something new, and a person never knows what to expect. A method has been found of making the old wooden ties last longer by injecting some sort of a mixture into them, forcing the sap out and the other stuff in by a powerful pressure."

* * *

At the Lenox: W. A. Erickson, St. Paul; W. A. Mahan, Marquette, Mich.; J. H. Petersen, Chicago; H. Helmricks, Menominee, Mich.; G. Murray, T. F. Goetta, St. Paul; A. W. Benton, A. J. Chamberlain, Minneapolis; J. B. Goetz, Milwaukee; N. B. Stevens, Chicago; W. J. O'Brien, Jersey City; C. L. Weiss, La Crosse; C. W. Kelly, Washington, D. C.; D. S. Miller, Cressan; J. R. Batten, Rice Lake; W. M. Harrison, Moline, Ill.; J. Lee, Gannvey, Minn.; P. C. McMurleer, Rice Lake, Wis.

* * *

At the McKay: W. C. Moss, Minneapolis; C. E. Burgur, Miss M. Dennis, M. C. Leny, T. Leny, Devils Lake, N. D.; W. Murray, G. McThernon, St. Paul; J. G. Nordtcedt, St. Paul; S. Sax, Eveleth; S. Pritchard, Hibbing; C. J. Span, Wausau; J. W. Osborne, Ely; W. P. Chinn, McKinley, Minn.; B. F. Fowler, Two Harbors; Miss Freda Gudell, Mora, Minn.; W. P. Stanlough, Savannah, Mo.; H. Jayehon, Brainerd, Minn.; C. E. Walten, Wakefield, Mich.; W. R. Irvin, Two Harbors.

* * *

At the St. Louis: N. Merriman, Saginaw Mich.; J. L. Cargaff, Ladysmith, Wis.; H. L. Searvey, Pine City, Minn.; J. D. Caldwell, Cass Lake, Minn.; M. H. Peck, Tower, G. E. Laubenheimer, Chicago; P. R. Vail, Ely; G. L. Dewey, Grand Rapids; M. Carly, St. Paul; T. O'Keefe, Rugby, Minn.; C. A. Hoatson, Grand Marais; E. C. Sonborgen, Buffalo; J. R. Whitehill, Memphis, Tenn.; M. O'Brien, Colasset, Minn.; T. H. Daney, Eveleth; May McLennan, Grand Rapids; E. C. Mueller, Davenport, Ia.; C. McKey, D. L. McKay, Chippewa Falls, Wis.; R. C. Patterson, J. L. Schneider, St. Paul; J. R. Sadras, Hart, Mich.; F. H. Halter, O. Westgaard, Ishpeming, Mich.; C. Jacobson, St Paul.

* * *

At the Spalding: R. M. Boyd, Saginaw, Mich.; E. F. Westbrook, J. J. Dalton, Minneapolis; J. C. Greenway, Bovey, Minn.; W. F. Ehringle, Cleveland; Mr. and Mrs. J. Fleming, Valley, Ia.; H. A. Kimball, St. Paul; N. Russell, Norfolk, Virginia; D. B. Bryan, St. Paul; T. Bardon, Ashland; D. E. Sutherland, Ironwood, Mich.; F. C. Pehert, Ft. Wayne, Ind.; W. W. McDowell, F. Whiteside, E. J. Anderson, Butte, Mont.; O. E. Thomson, Langdon, S. D.; B. C. Jolly, Petoskey, Mich.; R. A. Walker, St. Paul; F. C. Laird, Skibo; H. W. Morcom, Mt. Iron; F. L. Coventry, W. Wearne, Hibbing; J. P. Sims, Minneapolis; L. P. Rittenhause, Philadelphia; W. F. Wanniger, Kewaunee, Wis.; J. R. Van Every, Marquette, Mich.

A Little Thing.

A little, laughing,
Dimpled thing
With dimpled hands
That reach and cling;
A little pair of
Eyes that glint,
Now full of glee
Now with a hint
Of tears, and feet
That fairly fly,
And a wee form
That seems to try
To leave the pillow
Where 'tis laid
And dare the world
All unafraid.

A cooing mother
And a dad,
Now worried some
And now as glad
As they can be,
And stooping low
To catch each gurgle
And each crow
From the wee mite,
And catch each twist
Of the red lips
Their lips have kissed;
Each anxious for
Their full share in
Each rummy, gummy
Little grin.

A babe's not much;
But those wee hands
Are stronger far
Than tempered bands
Of steel are strong
To hold the hearts
Of the world-scarred,
And soothe the smarts
No other thing
Could soothe or heal;
A babe's not much;
Come woe, come weal,
Through blossomed ways,
Or ways of rue,
Naught cheers us as
A babe can do.
—J. M. LEWIS in Houston Post.

Do We Eat Too Much?

New York World: Yan R. Wilcox, aged 59, turns up in Santa Monica, Cal., after a 3,687 mile walk from New York, hale and hearty and anxious to undertake a competitive fasting bout with Dr. Tanner, whose forty-day fast in this city was once a national sensation.

Some of Mr. Wilcox's claims seem excessive. That he should have gained thirty pounds during a sixty-day fast, as he told the California reporters, is a stiff story. Usually fasters lose weight—at first rapidly, then more slowly. However, Dr. Tanner, already 74 years of age and expecting to be 100, is a pretty good advertisement for his theory of the benefits of fasting.

Moderate and modified fasting has become a fairly common recipe for people of sedentary ways. Mark Twain at 70 eats nothing between his breakfast and a 7 o'clock dinner, and has often "doctored" for some ailment by a complete fast. He has compiled the records of many shipwrecked sailors who have gone for days without food in open boats and were none the worse for the experience.

Food in the human economy has two main functions—to supply energy for bodily activity and to defend the body against cold. Probably most American men above forty years of age who work at desks in warm offices eat too much, especially too much meat. Unquestionably there are more men killed in civilized countries by too much food than by too little.

"But Yet."

Messenger: Madam, he's well.
Cleopatra: Well said.
Messenger: Caesar and he are greater friends than ever.
Cleopatra: Make thee a fortune from me.
Messenger: But yet, madam—
Cleopatra: I do not like "but yet," it does allay
The good precedence; fie upon "but yet!"
"But yet" is a gaoler to bring forth
some monstrous malefactor. Prythee, friend,
Pour out the pack of matter to mine ear,
The good and bad together.
—SHAKESPEARE, "Antony and Cleopatra."

Ought to Have a Medal.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: A West Virginia bridegroom has beaten a charivari leader into unconsciousness. The supposition that a bridegroom has no rights which a charivari crowd should respect may die out if bridegrooms follow this striking example.

The Finest Cafes at Head of the Lakes
Are in connection with
The Spalding and Hotel Superior
Special Monthly Rates for the Winter now in effect at both Hotels.
American or European Plans.



An article in The Herald recently, dealing with St. Louis, Wis., recalled to the mind of a local real estate man some of the interesting characters that were to be found in the boom town. One of these was the postmaster, an old fellow with white hair and beard, whose fame as a story teller spread over the whole northern portion of the state.

"The man evidently loved nothing so well as to talk," said the real estate dealer. "He seemed perfectly happy when he had a group of men or women around listening to his yarns, and some of them were pretty tall yarns at that. One praiseworthy feature about them, however, was the fact that most of them had plenty of local color, making them all the more interesting.

"I never went into the office after my mail that the postmaster didn't have something new to tell me, if I had the time to hang around while he was telling it. He was one of the kind that, in relating a story, no matter how remarkable, convinces himself that he is speaking only words of truth. One attempt I remember in particular had to do with mosquitoes, at a time when they were so numerous as to be worthy of serious consideration.

"I never saw the insects so troublesome as they were that summer. They were a subject more commonly talked of than the weather. They wouldn't let a person sleep nights or work days. Everybody a man would meet had a new thing in the way of a liquid to keep off the attacks of the winged troubles, but with all the advice that was floating around I was unable to find anything that would successfully ward off the hungry brutes. Do what one would to keep them out of the house, they would get in just the same, and whenever I awoke in the night I could hear their dreary song.

"'I've finally found how the mosquitoes get into the room,' said the postmaster I met one day. He occupied rooms in the rear of the postoffice, a one-story frame building. 'I made the discovery nearly a week ago, and haven't been troubled much since,' he continued. 'I'll tell you how it was.

"'The confounded insects had been eating the life right out of me all summer, and I couldn't get any comfort even in the night time. Whatever I did to keep them out, they would creep in some way, all the more hungry because of the efforts to which they had been put to to gain an entrance. Last Monday night I went to the usual trouble of building a smudge in the stove, to clear the room of the animals before going to bed. I also took the precaution to go around to all the windows and kill such of my unwelcome visitors as I could find on the window panes and netting, and to sit down by the lamp and read awhile, so that I could slaughter a mosquito whenever the sound of his wings notified me that one was in my territory. I was particularly careful that night, because I had determined to solve the mystery then or never.

"'Well, in the course of an hour or so, after a lot of hard work, I was sure that not a single mosquito was alive in the house. I went to bed and to sleep. About midnight I woke up, and thought I was in a sawmill. Then I realized that it was only the buzz of mosquitoes' wings that I was listening to. Holy smoke, the room was plumb full of them. The worst I ever saw. When I lit a match to light the lamp I singed the wings of so many of them with that one little match that my bare feet were nearly covered with the falling bodies. The lamp showed the room to be fairly alive with the creatures. I touched fire to a newspaper and waved it round and round, up and down the room, until I had most of the cusses killed, and the remainder of them I killed with my hands. But as fast as I killed them more put in appearance, and I knew they were coming in from the outside.

"'I studied the situation awhile and soon noted that they were thickest over by the door. I went over there and listened. It sounded like a buzz saw. A solid stream of mosquitoes, as big as a lead pencil was coming through a key hole. I was pretty mad by that time, and just to get revenge I held a lighted candle near the key hole for ten minutes, burning the creatures as fast as they came in. But in a little while the pile began to get so high that I saw I wouldn't be able to open the door in the morning without shoveling the mess away, so I stopped the cruel but delightful sport and put a plug in the keyhole.

"'Another half hour's work convinced me that all the insects were out of the room, and I went back to sleep, feeling sure that I had solved the riddle, and that I would never again be troubled nights from the same cause. But at daylight I came to my senses again, only to find the room as full of mosquitoes as the night before. There were so many of them that I couldn't see anything more than a hazy outline of the pictures hanging on the opposite wall. Astonished and mystified, I began hopping around the room in my night clothes, again bent on my work of destruction.

"'The invading host was so strong, however, that I found myself unable to cope with it. I started for the stove to build another smudge, and as I lifted the griddle, fell over backwards at what I saw, the griddle on top. The fire box was clean full to the brim with mosquitoes. They were packed in like a bushel of flax, and as soon as I lifted the griddle the cloud that floated up into my face fairly choked me.

"'Quicker'n scat I chucked a lighted newspaper into the stove and burned the lot up. It sounded like eggs frying. You never heard such sweet music. Since then every morning, a little before daylight, I get out of bed and touch a match, from underneath, to a bunch of birch bark I have all ready in the stove, and burn the forty quarts of mosquitoes up before they have a chance to get out and bother me.

"'The explanation of the trick is very simple. You see, the creatures fly high in the night time and stay along the ground days. They get up high, I suppose, so they can spot lights at a distance. They all fly at exactly the same distance from the ground, almost, and that distance happens to be just the height of my stove pipe. As the cloud of winged pests floats over the chimney it is sucked down into the stove, whether it wills or not, and stay there packed in like the very devil. The original lot is added to all night long, until, I suppose, the stack of mosquitoes reaches clear to the top of the chimney. Some mornings I can't get up hardly any suction at all to keep the fire going, just on this account.

"'As it is so dark in the room, the mosuitoes can't see to get out through the cracks in the stove, but as soon as daylight comes they make their way into the room and raise the deuce generally. Also, with the coming of daylight the cloud up above settles to the ground, and no more would come in even if there wasn't any fire. Yes, sir, I have discovered the only system of sleeping nights and mornings with comfort. Just try it once.'

"'But I always thought the chimney suction was out, and not in,' I remonstrated.

"'Not in my stovepipe,' he said. 'I suppose the wings of so many mosquitoes beating about the air kind of drives the suction down the pipe, instead of letting it come the other way.'

"'Perhaps that is it,'" I agreed, and went on about my business.

* * *

He was a typical specimen of the genus lumberjack—dirty shirt, slouch hat, mackinaw coat and cheap cotton breeches, which were clipped off half way to the knees, ostensibly for the purpose of exposing to the eyes of the envious public the half-dozen pairs of socks of variegated colors encasing his feet. He was squirming appreciatively about over one of the bowery's polished bars, trying to digest one of the saloon man's indigestible yarns.

"Say," he said when he had completed the operation to his own satisfaction and to the amusement of every one else in the place, "did you gents know there was bears out yonder?" jerking his head toward the land of the setting sun. When the exclamations of surprise greeting their query had died away he began the recital of his adventure, which he claimed occured last fall.

"I was hoofing it in from the state line," he began. "When I got considerable this side of Walbridge I began to feel pretty tired, and, coming to a little creek flowing underneath the track I left the ties and climbed down beside the water, selected a quiet spot and prepared for a snooze and a sun bath. Ever take one? They're fine. A few rods south of me the creek broadened out into a pond fifty feet across. A big log stuck out from the shore into its middle. A road crossed the track a little below me. I had just got nicely dozing there in the sun when there came the sound of hoofs smashing towards me up the road, and the frightful jangle of a bunch of cow bells.

"I couldn't tell whether it was a brass band or something else till a dozen bawling, galloping cattle dashed out into the open alongside the track. They didn't stop, but ran right along. I soon saw the cause of the row. A big black bear came rolling up the road."

"Do they sell whisky at the state line?" The questioner was silenced by a look.

"Cows, bear and all passed from my sight across the track. A few seconds later another voice was added to the unearthly din, and the procession seemed to have turned my way again. With a rattling of stones the bear, sure enough, popped into view again. He was pursued. Tearing along behind like a black thunder cloud, fairly breathing fire and brimstone, came a mad bull, an enormous black bull, a bull with tail up and head down. He was close upon the victim's heels, and gaining rapidly.

"The bear reached a tree and started to climb it. He got about three feet from the ground when his pursuer's head made connections with poor bruin's hams.

"Biff, bang, thud, and the animal was on the ground, running like a scared hen towards the pond. He reached the log and scrambled out on it just in time to escape more punishment. He got to the end of the log, looked ahead, looked behind, seemed perplexed, but finally sat down, the sorriest appearing critter you ever saw. The bull bawled and tore the ground but keep to dry land. And there they stayed, the bull eager to turn his bare horns into a bier to bear the bear to his burial, while the bear could not bear to be born on the would-be bear bier."

The barkeeper sank to the floor, a helpless heap. A hobo in a far corner of the room crept underneath a table. The remainder of the company edged apprehensively toward the door.

"And I," continued the lumberjack, "fearing that the bare horns meant for the bear might bare me and bear me on the bier to my burial, stole under the culvert and took to my heels, so I don't know just what came of the situation. I can bear a little beer, but can't bear to have a bare bier bear me. Now, gents, this bear tale is bare to you, and it will bear your inspection, while beer——"

There came a moaning cry for beer from behind the bar. The newspaper man, with everyone else who was on his feet, made a dash for the door and disappeared from view.


"I woke up about midnight."



A New Thing to Keep Off the Attacks of the Mosquitoes.

To Sleep Soundly
Drop Coffee.
POSTUM
FOOD COFFEE
in its place quiets nerves and restores circulation.
"There's a Reason."

TAXPAYERS TO INVESTIGATE

Town of Superior May Have a School Board Scandal.

Accusations made before a teachers' institute by County Supt. of Schools Young of Douglas county, Wis., that the school board of the town of Superior is negligent and is handling the school funds improperly, has caused considerable stir in that district, and a demand for an investigation is to be made by the taxpayers. Petitions for an investigation are being sent the state school authorities. The members of the school board are J. K. Smith, James Philbrook and Peter Kornstad.

Supt. Young alleges that large sums of money have been expended by the board for which there are neither vouchers nor goods to account. It is claimed that while the board has been spending money lavishly, some of the schools have been closed for months, on the plea that there were no funds to keep them going. In many cases the children have been compelled to walk a number of miles to other schools.

BONDSMEN HAD TO SETTLE UP

Postmaster at Highland a Defalter and Fugitive From Justice.

United States Marshal Grimshaw and his deputies are looking for one Milton S. Torrison, formerly Duluth & Iron Range agent and postmaster at Highland, and later agent for the road at Lakewood. It is claimed that he is some $200 short in his accounts. Torrison has always borne a good reputation until recently, when it is said he got to drinking heavily and making the welkin and everything else ring when he struck town. It is also reported that his wife has left him. His bondsmen, who are Frank Weiherby, George McGreevey, John Flinn and Cyrus Bierly of Two Harbors, have settled with the government, represented by Postoffice Inspector Nathan Noile. The settlement was made last Monday.

It seems that while Torrison was postmaster and agent at Highland all went well, but on Dec. 7 he was transferred to Lakewood. Roy Cameron was appointtd assistant postmaster at Highland, and handled the office there until the end of December, and then made his report for the office and sent in the money due the government to Mr. Torrison, who, as postmaster, was to forward the cash and report to the proper authorities. This he failed to do, and the postoffice inspector ambled along, but could not find Torrison, and he has not been seen since.

MISS NORTHMORE

Will Sing Twice at Sunday's Band Concert at Lyceum.

Miss Josephine Northmore will be the feature at the concert of the Third regiment band tomorrow afternoon. Miss Northmore's voice, which it is claimed possesses the true tenor quality and is most remarkable for a member of the gentler sex, has been creating a series of furores in the city wherever she has been heard. Tomorrow she will sing twice at the band concert with Mrs. Harry Clothier as accompanist. Her first number will be Crotere's beautiful "Leonore," and for her second number she will sing "Where Roses Bloom." Aside from this the program for the concert is excellent. It follows:

"Star Spangled Banner" .....
March—"Hoolihuveri Hopsikoo" (new) ..... Kleemola
Overture—"Ruy Blas" ,first time)..... Mendelssohn
Vocal solo—"Leonore" ..... Crotere
Miss Josephine Northmore.
Cornet duet—"The Friendly Rivals"..... Godfrey
Hilmer and Solic.
Grand selection from "Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Vocal sole—"Where Roses Bloom"... ..... Mascheroni
Miss Josephine Northmore.
Coronation march from "The Prophet" (first time) ..... Meyerbeer

Judge Potter is Stricken.

Judge John H. Potter, who resides at 1623 South street, was taken to his home yesterday afternoon suffering from a sudden attack of acute indigestion. His condition is regarded as serious, owing to his advanced age. Judge Potter was calling at the law office of a friend in the Torry block, when he was stricken with intense pains, accompanied by chills and fever. He is more than 70 years of age, and has practiced law in Duluth for several years. Previous to his coming to the Head of the Lakes, Judge Potter was connected with a prominent law firm in the East.

RUSSIANS STARVING.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 20.—The fifty-three Russian, released prisoners of war, who recently arrived by the Japanese liner Kanagawa to seek homes, having refused to go to Vladivostok when released by the Japanese government, are reported to be in distress and starving at Vancouver and other points in British Columbia.

Bright's Disease Cured

Mrs. Flora Walker, of Ashtabula, O., Who Suffered From This Dread Disease, After Doctors Were Unable to Aid Her, Cured by

WARNER'S SAFE CURE

A TRIAL BOTTLE OF THE WORLD'S GREATEST KIDNEY CURE SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE TO EVERY READER OF THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD WHO SUFFERS FROM KIDNEY, LIVER, BLADDER OR BLOOD DISEASE, OR WHAT IS COMMONLY KNOWN AMONG WOMEN AS "FEMALE WEAKNESS."


MRS. FLORA WALKER.

In a letter brimful of thankfulness for her remarkable cure, Mrs. Walker writes: "I was taken ill last January with a bad diarrhoea and terrible pains through the bowels. I was treated by three different doctors, but they were unable to aid me. My husband finally advised me to try Warner's Safe Cure, so I bought a bottle. When I had used about half of it my pains ceased and I began to feel better. I have steadily continued to improve and can now walk to town and back, a distance of over a mile and a half. I firmly believe that I am permanently cured of Bright's disease."—Mrs. FLORA WALKER, Griswold St., Ashtabula, Ohio.

Warner's Safe Cure

Does your back ache? Do you have scalding pains? Are you troubled with vital weakness? If the answer is "Yes," your kidneys are diseased and your life in danger. Warner's Safe Cure is the medicine that will help you. Thousands of wonderful cures attest its merit, and thousands of people voluntarily commend its use as the best cure and sure preventive of all forms of kidney and bladder trouble, female weakness, Bright's disease and all diseased conditions of the liver and blood.

IF IN DOUBT MAKE THIS TEST:

Put some urine in a glass; after it stands twenty-four hours, if you find a reddish, brick-dust sediment in it, or particles floating in the urine, or the urine is milky or cloudy, you will know your kidneys are in a diseased condition and are unable to perform their work; the result will be the bladder and urinary organs will become inflamed, uric acid will poison the blood, the stomach will become affected and unable to digest the food, the system will become weak, and the result will be a breakdown of the general health, with Bright's disease or diabetes, which will prove fatal if not treated with promptness and great care.

Warner's Safe Pills taken with Warner's Safe Cure move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure. WARNER'S SAFE CURE is now put up in two sizes, and is sold by all druggists, or direct, at 50 cents and $1.00 a bottle. Refuse substitutes containing harmful drugs, which injure the system.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will cure them, a trial bottle will be sent, ABSOLUTELY FREE, postpaid, to any one who will write WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y., and mention having seen this liberal offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed. Our doctors will also send medical booklet containing descriptions of symptoms and treatment of each disease, and many convincing testimonials free to every one.

KNIGHTS ENTERTAIN.

Duluth Commandery Has Invitations Out For Tuesday Evening.

Next Tuesday evening, Duluth Commandery, No. 18, Knights Templar, will give a musical entertainment and dance at Masonic Temple and invitations are being issued to Knights Templar and chapter Masons only, for the event. Eminent Commander C. M. Wilson, J. L. Owens and W. A. Abbett constitute the committee in charge and nothing has been spared to make the affair a glowing success. Following the entertainment in the Blue lodge room, the dance will take place in the hall of them. The musical program is as follows:

Piano—"Ballade, Op. 47" ..... Chopin
Mrs. Clarence B. Miller.
Contralto solo—"Across the Dee".... ..... Whitney Coombs
Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw.
Tenor solo—"Babylon" ....Stephen Adams
George Tyler.
Violin—"Adagio, Op. 54" ..... Frank Ries
Miss Norma Williams.
Soprano solo—"Summer" ..... Chaminade
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Reading—"The Flower's Ball"..Ben King
"At the Concert" .....
..... Edmund Vance Cook
Miss Mae Wylie.
Contralto solo—"To the Forest"..... ..... Tschaikowsky
Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw.
Quartet—"One Morn, If I Remember Well," from "Rigoletto" ..... Verdi
Mrs. McAuliffe, Miss Bradshaw, Mr. Tyler and Mr. Gearhart.

VESSELS REGISTERED

On Dec. 31, Here, Shown in Port Collector's Report.

In the port collector's quarterly report ending Dec 31, it is shown that 346 vessels were registered in Duluth, having a total tonnage of 569,774 gross, and 479,565 net, described as follows:

Type.	Number.	Gross Tonnage.	Net Tonnage.
Sail	17	19,418	18,857
Steam ..	108	33,392	25,996
Barges ..	69	10,285	10,188
Iron and steel vessels—			
Sail	21	78,529	73,376
Steam	123	442,039	335,774
Barges ..	11	16,121	16,314
Total ..	346	569,774	479,565

DAKOTA GRAIN MEN DISCUSS DRAINAGE.

Fargo, Jan. 20.—The Tri-state Grain and Cattle Growers' convention yesterday discussed drainage in a most enthusiastic manner as it is vital to the interest to the Red Valley farmer. L. C. Johnson in his paper said that the lands of the valley had been so badly damaged by overflow they would not produce a good crop of weeds.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing United States Senator McCumber's national grain inspection bill and asking the congressmen of Dakotas and Minnesota to support the bill. The resolutions also protest against the refusal of the boards of trade of Minneapolis and Duluth to grant Minnesota farmers seats in their exchanges. Congressman Marshall's denaturalized alcohol bill was enthusiastically endorsed and the congressmen of North and South Dakota and Minnesota were urged to assist in securing the passage. The parcels post was also endorsed. Strong endorsement of a topographic survey of the Red River valley for drainage, the division of the department of agriculture and amendments to the present drainage law were urged.

WEALTHY GERMAN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Prairie Du Chien, Jan. 20.—Godfrey Grants, a wealthy German, who carried in his pockets deeds to valuable city lots in Seattle, tried to commit suicide by throwing himself in front of on incoming passenger train on the Burlington, before scores of people, who stood on the platform. His head was badly cut and arm fractured. He gave him home as Green Lake, Wash. Among his papers were deeds to much property in Washington, and a ticket from St. Paul to Steuebenville, Ohio. He was locked up by Sheriff Sime, pending word from relatives.

MONDAY REMEMBERED

As Anniversary of Czar's Street Slaughter of Innocents.

Brussels, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The International Socialist bureau, represented by the well known leaders Anseele, Vandervelde and Huysesmans, have issued a call to the workmen of the world "to remember on January 22nd, that twelve months before, Czar Nicholas and his cocillors shot to death in the streets of the capital thousands of men, women and children who came to him unarmed and trustful, to lay their grievances before him"

The Socialists ask the people to keep alive the memory of this awful deed, and to remember that the revolutionary movement in Russia will and must succeed for the good of humanity. The committee says the idea to commemorate this great crime day came from "their friends in the United States." It is proposed that the Socialists of all the world hold meetings tomorrow, in which the misdeeds of autocracy be made the subject of lectures and condemnation. "The collections made on these occasions are to be used for the benefit of our struggling brothers in the czar's kingdom."

Dangers of a Cold and How to Avoid Them.

More fatalities have their origin in or result from a a cold than from any other cause. This fact alone should make people more careful, as there is no danger whatever from a cold when it is properly treated in the beginning. For many years Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has been recognized as the most prompt and effectual medicine in use for this disease. It acts on nature's plan, loosens the cough, relieves the lungs, opens the secretions and aids nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Sold by all leading druggists.

COURT FLIPPANCY

Goes on While Revolution and Murder Are Everywhere.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—All the government treasuries are empty, murder, incondiarism, wholesale slaughter of citizens everywhere, but nothing stops Czar Nicholas's hankering for idle flippancies. The court Gazette gravely announces among long lists of "executions of disloyal subjects ordered," that his majesty "has been graciously pleased to confer upon the German Chancellor, Prince Bulow, a decoration of brilliants to be worn with his cross of St. Andrew."

Not the czar, but the Russian people, pay the bill for these brilliants.

AMERICAN GIRL

Invited to Revive "Frederick the Great's Flute Concert."

Berlin, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The kaiser asked Marguerite de Forest Anderson, the American flutist, now in London, to visit the Potsdam court at an early date and perform before him and the empress. At the same time he placed at her disposal several unpublished flute concerts, symphonies, etc., composed by his great ancestor, Frederick the Second, who was one of the greatest flutists the world of music known.

Miss Anderson's success on this instrument is the more remarkable as it is the first time that a woman achieved distinction as a flutist. It will be remembered that Miss Anderson took to the flute at the advise of her physican, and when she was on the verge of consumption. The exercise strengthened her lungs and she is not only now a healthy girl, but on the road to riches and fame.



I CURED MY RUPTURE

I Will Show You How To Cure Yours FREE.

I was helpless and bed-ridden for years from a double rupture. No truss could hold. Doctors said I would die if not operated on. I fooled them all and cured myself by a simple discovery. I will send the cure free by mail if you write for it. It cured me and has since cured thousands. It will cure you. Write to-day. Capt. W. A. Collings, Box 274 Watertown, N. Y.

Now Is a Good Time to Buy Metal Ceilings and Side Walls!

We are making them cheaper than ever and they can be put in now for less money than later on. We have a large stock of new designs and are always pleased to give estimates. Sheet metal goods of every description.

Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Company.
Manufacturers and Wholesalers.
Office and factory—126-132 East Michigan St., Duluth.

STANDING IN HOCKEY

Portage Lake Team Leads by a Very Narrow Margin.

Next Few Games May Make Changes in Standing.

Hancock, Mich., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Another week of International league hockey closes with the Portage Lake team of Hancock and Houghton still in the lead, but by such a narrow margin as to lead to the conclusion that the hard games scheduled away from home the coming few days will result in important changes in the table of standings. The sevens now rank in the following order: Portage Lake, Pittsburg, American Soo, Calumet and Canadian Soo. Their percentages are: 750, 727, 700, 250 and 000, respectively. Each team has twenty-four scheduled games, six with each other, and of these the Portage Lakes have played 8 the Pittsburgs 11, American Soos 10, Calumets 8 and Canadian Soos 11, a total of 24 of the 60 on the schedule. A feature of the season to date is the fact that Calumet, with two games won out of eight, has had but twenty-one goals scored against her, the least number of points against any team in the league, but she has also made the least number of goals, having netted the puck but twelve times. The seven has been blanked in three games and is the only member of the league which has been shut out this season. Last winter, with Hod Stuart and "Red" McMillan, two of the very best men in the business, in the line-up, Calumet won the peeman handily. Stuart is now with Pittsburg, and McMillan is playing with the American Soo. Pittsburg, to date this season, has registered nearly seventy goals, nearly half of them against the Canadians.

The prospects now are that Portage Lake will drop from first position during the coming week, and will land either in second or third place. The team is scheduled to play at the Canadian Soo Monday night and at the American Soo in two games later in the week. It is expected that it will have little trouble in defeating the Canadians, despite that the latter have been strengthened somewhat, but on the American side of the river a much harder proposition will have to be faced and the Copper country seven will do well if it breaks even. Pittsburg will play Calumet on the latter's ice Monday, Wednesday and Thursday nights, and it is on the card to take two if not all three of the games. With Hod Stuart in the cover point position, the Smoky City aggregation is stronger than it has ever been. Calumet is a little stronger since the acquisition of Decerie, rover, formerly with the Canadian Soo, but with the failure of three new men to arrive who were supposed to have been secured in Canada, the team is not expected to hold its own with the speedy Pennsylvanians. The trio negotiated with were Glass and Johnson of the Montreal Wanderers and Kierman of the Point St. Charles seven, also of Montreal. Why they have failed to put in an appearance, after it had been supposed they had been signed, is not given out, but it is thought the terms offered did not prove sufficiently attractive. There is confidence at the American Soo that the Lock City team will land the penant this season, and there is certainly a great seven to back up the expectation. The Soos have a wonderful forward line, probably the fastest ever assembled by any seven anywhere. McMillan, a clever stick handler and speedy skater, is a tower of strength, as is Pitre, a sensational player who combines skill with daring recklessness. Laviolette and Sweitzer comprise two ends whose equal cannot be found in the league, and with their fellows on the forward line they have brought their combination work to a high degree of perfection. As is the case, however, with practically every player in the league, these men have been recruited in Canada, and they have been indulging in the game ever since they were able to first don skates. Jones, the American Soo goal tender, has no superior anywhere, and in front of him "Pud" Hamilton and Howell are putting up a defense exceedingly formidable. The American Soos have an advantage in the fact that all the games yet to be played with Pittsburg, as well as three out of four with Portage Lake, will be fought out on home ice, while Calumet and the Canadian Soos, unless vastly strengthened, will be easy picking. Manager Ferguson of the American Soo is credited with an offer to wager $1,000 his team will land the championship, and it is still to be chronicled that his proposition has been accepted, notwithstanding Portage Lake puckeys think pretty well of their own seven.

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As matters in the Northern Michigan baseball world are now being framed, it appears likely that the proposed Copper & Iron Country league, replacing the Copper Country-Sault Ste. Marie league of last season, will be transformed into an Upper Peninsula association of six clubs. Iron Mountain, the Menominee range metropolis, has already decided to enter the organization, and Escanaba and Menominee, both excellent ball towns, are expected to join in making up the league, the other members of which will be Calumet, Lake Linden and Hancock, in the copper mining region. There has been some talk of a franchise going to Crystal Falls, which has a fast independent semi-professional team, and of putting in a team on the Marquette iron range, where there are three cities to draw from—Ishpeming, Marquette and Negaunee—but present prospects are that action of this nature will not be taken. Overtures from the Northern league, whose territory is principally in Minnesota, have been turned down by Calumet and Lake Linden. There is considerable speculation at Calumet regarding the management of that team the coming season. Holman Bros. & Co. have given up the post, but hold reserve contracts with the old players. John D. Cuddihy owns the franchise, and the new manager must first be selected by him. This individual, whoever he may be, must then look to Holman Bros. if he desires any of last year's players, who were successful in landing the pennant for the big Copper country town. Among the men signed by Hancock for the coming season are Clyde Wares, third baseman; Lee Walker, pitcher, and Ralph Terry, pitcher and outfielder, all of Kalamazoo. Glenn Andrews, better known as "Doggie," a shortstop who played last year with the Hancock and Soo teams, announces his retirement from the diamond, having accepted a permanent position with a corset company.

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Considerable attention has been paid in the Copper country recently to the claims of "Kerry Kid," a 185-pound boxer of Duluth, who is anxious to get a match at Houghton or Calumet with any fighter of his weight who could be induced to take a chance with him. The "Kid"—185 pounds of kid—apparently is there with the goods, so that the sports who are willing to back a man against him have been at some pains to secure a boxer who would make a good showing, the weight being somewhat unusual. It may be that this man has been found. A letter has reached Houghton from a colored fighter in Detroit, who has heard of the aspirations of the heavy kid from Kerry and wants a chance. The writer claims to have whipped Jack Johnson, the colored heavyweight champion at one time, and he thinks he can send the kid back to that portion of the Emerald Isle from which he takes his nom de guerre. If the Kid does not draw the color line, there is a probability that ten lively chapters on pugilism, illustrated in black and white, may be put before the Copper country era long. The colored fighter's name is Griffin, and his manager, Charles P. Morse, lives at Jackson. He claims to have stayed four rounds with Jeffries.

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As has been suspected for some time, it has been definitely ascertained that the wrestler, "Joe" Collins, who has furnished some excellent sport in the Copper country the past year, is in reality Jack Adamson of Chicago, one of the best men for his weight in the United States. He is a comparatively light man, wrestling at about 150 pounds, and in his class he is believed to have no superior in the country. In the Copper country, Adamson, or Collins, has never been defeated, and he has gone against the best opponents of the art who could be induced to come to this neck of the woods. Efforts are now being made to arrange another match for Collins, to be pulled off at Calumet. The great difficulty lies in the trouble of securing a man of the required weight who possesses the necessary skill to furnish an interesting exhibition, and as yet this man has not been rounded up.

• • •

Plans are making for a big trap shooting tournament to be held at Houghton during the summer. The Houghton Gun club is sponsor of the project, and it is the aim of the members to make the proposed meet one of the greatest ever arranged for in Michigan. Crack shots from all over the country will be invited to participate, and it is believed the inducements to be offered will be sufficient to attract many of them. The club is in correspondence with Southern Michigan organizations concerning available dates which will not conflict with those of other big meets, and as soon as this preliminary is settled, the leading professionals of the country will be communicated with. It is desired that the tournament take place at least a month before the Grand American handicap, which will probably be held at Indianapolis early in August.

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A league of twelve clubs has been organized among the bowlers at Negaunee, Marquette county, and there is some talk of sending a team to the tournament of the National Bowling congress. The same is picking up in popularity in the Copper country, and at Marquette, where a league is flourishing, bowling is the only sport being given attention this winter.

ORGANS OF ARISTOCRACY

Advocating Special Loan Which Has Been Asked by Czar.

Berlin, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The organs of the aristocracy are making great efforts to arouse some kind of enthusiasm for a new special loan asked by Russia, thousand millions of dollars which the czar professedly wants to borrow to buy land "for his beloved peasants in the Baltic provinces."

"The beloved peasants" are now in possession of the lands which German, French and American money is to buy for them. In taking these lands away from the barons, the original owners, that is the earliest settlers of the Baltic provinces, Esthlanders and Letts reclaimed them. The Empresses Ann and Catherine took the land away from the peasants and made it a free gift to barons imported from Germany. Now after hundreds of years the barons have been driven from the soil they so long held by imperial favor, and there seems little chance that Russia will obtain the $1,000,000,000 to indemnify the barons for the loss of property to which they have no better title than a czarish ukase.

FIRE IN PHILADELPHIA HOTEL CAUSES A PANIC.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20.—Fire, which originated in the roof garden of the Hotel Flanders at Fifteenth and Walnut streets early today, created a panic among the guests which was quickly allayed when it was discovered that the blaze was not serious. The fire was caused by an uninsulated electric light wire on the roof garden. The two top floors were flooded and the fire was extinguished without difficulty. The loss will not exceed $5,000.



CALLAHAN'S NEW FIELD

New York Paper Comments on Its New Bowery Worker.

Says Many Nice Things About Former Duluth Man.

Under the caption of "A New Bowery Worker," the Christian Herald, of New York, in its publication of Jan. 17, comments on the success of the Wesley Rescue Hall on the Bowery and says some very complimentary things of its superintendent, John Callahan, who founded and conducted the Star of Hope Mission in this city for several years.

The article describes the strategic location of the mission in New York for the saving of souls and predicts better things in store for the movement. As to Mr. Callahan and his work, the Christian Herald says:

"The second step, one that will make the success of the first one assured, was the call extended to Mr. John Callahan, the well-known mission worker of Duluth, Minn., to come East and take charge of Wesley hall. Mr. Callahan is known all over the Northwest, and last spring he was asked to conduct a series of meetings in New York City. He had not been there very long before it was felt that New York needed him more than did Duluth.

"He is no novice in the work of uplifting men, and directing them to the forgiving heart and all-sheltering love of the Redeemer. He was converted in Minneapolis, and soon decided to take up Christian work. He labored for years in the worst part of Chicago, where he met hundreds of men of the type he will have to deal with on the Bowery, and then became director of the Star of Hope Mission in Duluth. While in the latter city, he was assistant pastor of the First Methodist church, widely known as one of the most active and progressive religious bodies in the Northwest.

"Mr. Callahan has not had a conference with the entire board of the mission yet, but he will doubtless urge the adoption of several ideas that were successful in his former posts. He believes that the mission should be open all day, and provided with comfortable seats and clean, up-to-date papers and periodicals, so that men would find a place to stay, when practically homeless, other than the bar-room of a saloon. This was done in Duluth, and every year hundreds were rescued through little personal talks with the director or his assistant. He believes, also that every mission should have its labor bureau for converts, so that they can be provided for, and watched over during the first few months, at least, of their endeavor to lead the new life. During the winter, in his last post, the director provided work for twenty men a day. It should also have some arrangement for lodgings. The mission at present has a good meeting every evening, gives out tickets to perhaps two hundred men, entitling them to a night's quarters at some neighboring lodging-house. In the morning they are given a little breakfast, after which there is a short time devoted to prayer and to reading the Bible. At the inaugural service over four hundred men were present.

"A paper in Duluth said, when it was announced that Mr. Callahan was to come to New York: 'He is endowed with the two simple gifts of common sense and human sympathy. He preaches no creed save Christ. He has no philosophy save that of helpfulness. His gospel is the gospel of service.'

"New York and the East Side need just such men and such missions."

DRY WOOD
For Sale at Murray & Jones' Yard, 41st Avenue West.
Red Cliff Lumber Co.

DETECTIVES HAVE HARD FIGHT WITH BURGLARS.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—One burglar was killed and another seriously wounded early today at Desplaines, a suburb of Chicago, in a battle between detectives of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad and five men detected in an attempt to steal from a repair shop of the company.

The detectives had surrounded the shop and the fight began when the thieves attempted to escape with the plunder. The three men not wounded escaped after they had exhausted their ammunition.

Impure Foods

Should be prohibited, also impure beverages. For years we have advocated pure liquors. The other kind, in any quantity is injurious and hard to detect. J. J. WALL, 310 W. Sup, St.

MORE TAINTED MONEY

Would Be Acceptable For Good, Says President Wheeler.

Berkeley, Cal., Jan. 20.—Services under the auspices of the assembly of divinity schools of Berkeley were held yesterday in memory of W. R. Harper, late president of the University of Chicago. President Benjamin Ide Wheeler of the state university, delivered a eulogy of President Harper in the course of which, in referring to John D. Rockefeller's gifts to the Chicago university, he declared a wish that "There might be more tainted money in the world which could be brought to such good use and be removed from its taint."

The death of President Harper, so the speaker believed, will recall to John D. Rockefeller his promises to the University of Chicago and may bring about even greater opportunities for accomplishing results there.

Week-End Excursions---Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will place in effect until March 31 the following excursion arrangements:

Half rates—After 12 o'clock noon of Saturdays to all points within 150 miles, good for return until Monday morning; minimum rate 75 cents.

Fare and one-third—On sale Fridays to points not less than 75 miles nor more than 150 miles distant, limit the following Monday.

One fare plus $2—To points more than 150 miles away, limit five days.

These rates apply to the cities where theatrical attractions and other amusements are best at this season of the year, and they also apply to all local stations on the line.

For further particulars call on Minneapolis & St. Louis agents.

WEST DULUTH

SUFFOCATED IN COAL BIN

Daniel Bolder Falls in Rushing Torrent and Goes Under.

William Kilby Falls in Also and Has Close Call.

Buried alive, choking and fighting for life, smothered by fine coal and coal dust, was the fate of poor Daniel Bolder in the huge coal bin of the coke oven at the Zenith Blast furnace last night. Bolder's body lies on a slab at Filiatrault's morgue awaiting directions for its interment—and that is all. His life of 28 years was snuffed out in a moment of horror and his young wife of a few months is left to recover from the shock as best she may and place at rest the limp remains of what was yesterday her strong young husband.

Bolder was at work last night as usual about the coal bin when it became necessary to loosen the coal. This fine stuff which is used to make coke, owing to the rainy weather, melting snow and nightly frost, would freeze, become caked and would not flow freely, and the steady running of the coal is necessary. About 10 o'clock last night, Foreman William Kilby and Bolder went up to the bin to start the coal running again as it had become blocked. This process of loosening was done by standing on a ladder, holding on with one hand and poking at the crusted coal with a bar held in the other hand.

While doing this, Bolder lost his hold on the ladder and went down with the coal, which he had broken down. Kilby caught Bolder's hand, but in the attempt to save the other, went down also. Kilby, however, fell on top of the coal, while Bolder had fallen into the torrent of coal pouring down, and went under. Efforts were immediately made to dig him out but it was about 15 minutes before he was reached and when taken out he was dead. He was covered by about two feet of coal.

He lived with his wife, to whom he was married only a short time ago, at 24 Sixty-first avenue west. His father and mother live at Foley, Minn., and word was sent them. No funeral arrangements will be made until they are heard from.

West Duluth Churches.

At the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner Fifty-ninth avenue west and Ramsey street, services will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning and 7:30 o'clock in the evening. Rev. C. A. Aldeen speaks at the morning service on "Domestic Afflictions," and in the evening will speak on "A True Watchman." Sunday school meets at 9:45 o'clock in the morning, and Young Peoples' society meets at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The evening service will open with a twenty-minute song service led by W. A. Anderson, after which the following musical program will be rendered:

Organ Prelude
"Andante Grazioso"..... Moir
Anthem
"Hark! A Whisper From the Lord ..... Anderson
Choir.
Soprano solo, selected.....
Miss Minnie Nelson.
Offertory
"Meeting in Heaven".....Kuhlan
Song
"Galilee"..... .....Palmer
Male Quartet.
Postlude..... .....
W. A. Anderson, organist and choir master.

• • •

At the West Duluth Baptist church, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag will preach tomorrow morning, at 10:30 o'clock, on "The King's Ambassadors," and at 7:30 in the evening on "The Voice of Strangers."

• • •

At Memorial church tomorrow morning, Rev. E. C. Clemans, presiding elder of the Duluth district, will preach and in the evening the pastor, Rev. S. G. Briggs, will preach.

• • •

Services at the Westminster Presbyterian church will be held, Sunday morning, at 10:30 o'clock. Rev. W. J. Lowrie will preach on "The Need of Awakening." The Christian Endeavor society will meet at 6:30 o'clock in the evening, and Sunday school will be held at noon.

• • •

At Holy Apostles Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, Sunday school will be held at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, and evening prayer and sermon will take place at 7:30 in the evening. The subject of the sermon, which will be delivered by Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, the rector, will be, "A Call to Battle."

• • •

A church conference will be held tomorrow morning at Our Savior Norwegian Lutheran church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street, and regular services will be held preceding the conference by Rev. Mr. Bardahl. An offering to the church building fund will be given. On Tuesday evening another will be given to the home missions. Rev. J. A. Bjerke is pastor.

• • •

At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, evening services will be held, beginning at 7:45, and conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 in the morning.

• • •

At Asbury M. E. church, Rev. Thos. Grice, pastor, at 10:30 tomorrow morning, the sermon subject will be, "A Layman's Cure," and at 7:30 in the evening the sermon will be on "Neglect." Sunday school will be held at noon, the Junior Epworth league at 3 in the afternoon, and the senior society at 6:45.

• • •

Rev. H. W. Johnson, pastor of Plymouth Congregational church, will preach at 10:30 tomorrow morning on "Be Wise Unto Salvation," and at 7:30 in the evening on "Jesus Coming Again." The Christian Endeavor society will meet at 6:30 o'clock in the evening, and Sunday school will assemble at noon.

West Duluth Briefs.

Merritt Memorial church was well filled last evening to hear the jubilee singers and the audience enjoyed the program very much.

Carl Weaver is up from St. Paul.

Arthur Schinlaub, son of Fire Warden Schinlaub, is very sick at his home with pneumonia.

A. E. Swanson, cashier of the Security State bank of Barlow, N. D., was in the city yesterday visiting his uncle, A. J. Lindgren.

The West Duluth Republican club will meet this evening to further plans for the campaign in the Seventh and Eighth wards.

Mrs. F. G. Daly of 3102 West Third street is entertaining her brother, Charles A. Slimm of Alpena, Mich., and last night a number of friends gave him a surprise party which was very much enjoyed.

Mrs. Frank Boren, Mrs. E. D. Nickerson and John McDonough are among those in West Duluth who are suffering from pneumonia.

Edward Rooney is here from Spokane, Wash., visiting his sister, Mrs. McCabe of North Fifty-ninth avenue west. He was formerly president of West Duluth and is now employed at the Red Lake mill at Spokane.

Watch repairing. Hurst, 301 Central.

Kills Pain
Sloan's Liniment
Price 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

THE HOUSE OF LIGHT

Never fails to attract attention. Proper Illumination is one of the most important factors to be considered by the

MERCHANT

Electricity furnishes the most BRILLIANT, FLEXIBLE and entirely satisfactory method of lighting any place of BUSINESS.

A three months' trial will demonstrate its SUPERIORITY and ECONOMY.

THE DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,

216 West Superior Street. Both 'Phones 295.

NOTICE!

Building Laborers' Union. All members are requested to attend a special meeting Monday evening, Jan. 22, at Rowley hall, 112 West First street. **Important business.** James Blackwood, Corresponding Secretary.

HAPPENINGS IN THE DAKOTAS

Rapid City Man Bound Over for Selling Liquor to Indians.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Rapid City—Charles Divet was in the justice court on the charge of selling liquor to Indians. The complaining witness is a student who attends the Indian school in this city, and his testimony was corroborated by other students.

There is no question but that they obtained the liquor at this man's place. The only question was whether or not this man himself actually sold it to them. He was bound over to the next term of the court in the sum of $300.

Mitchell—Information has reached this city that D. B. Cropp, a former resident of this city but now of Denver, is in jail at Huron awaiting the next term of circuit court of Beadle county, where he is charged with grand larceny.

The charge was brought against Cropp by W. W. Yosse of Huron, who claims in a land deal some months ago Cropp secured a note from him for $1,700 as difference in the price of his land located in Beadle county and the price of the land which Cropp claimed to own in Hand county.

Later it developed that Cropp did not hold a title to the land alleged to be his, and that Yosse, in deeding the land to Cropp, made a mistake in the description, and therefore he did not deed the land, as was supposed. In the meantime Cropp secured the note and is alleged to have cashed it.

Mr. Cropp came to Mitchell from Wisconsin to take charge of the athletics in the Wesleyan university, where he gave the best of satisfaction, and was recently called to Boulder college to fill a similar position, at a greatly increased salary. Since removing to Colorado he has devoted a part of his time to the real estate business. He has a great many friends in Mitchell who hope he will prove his innocence of the charges entered against him.

Huron—Directors and stockholders of the Publishers' Mutual Fire Insurance company held their annual meeting in the office of the company, electing these officers:

L. D. Walt of Armour, president; W. N. Farmer of Huron, vice president; Howard C. Shober of Highmore, secretary; C. R. Tinan of Kimball, treasurer. Directors, Levi D. Wait of Armour, C. B. Swanson of Highmore, G. C. Fullenwelder of Huron.

Reports of officers were presented, books examined and the business of the company carefully gone over, all being very satisfactory to the management. During the year a little more than $13,000 was paid in losses, and the company is carrying risks aggregating nearly $1,250,000.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Kenmare—Over 200 invitations were issued by Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Martin for the opening of their new hotel at this place, which took place Tuesday evening. Dancing and cards were the order of the evening and were followed by a sumptuous banquet.

Kindred—W. C. Gilbreath, commissioner of agriculture and labor, has called a meeting of the citizens of North Dakota to be held at Bismarck, Feb. 7 and 8. The object of this meeting is to arrange some plan by which the whole state will be systematically settled.

Mr. Gilbreath says "the most plausible plan now is first find the immigrant and then find a suitable piece of land, one that that certain individual will be likely to make a home of. It is a well known fact that individual will develop a piece of land into a fine farm where some other one may have met with a complete failure."

Fargo—The North Dakota Library association was formed here by twenty librarians from different towns. F. J. Thompson of Fargo was chosen president, Miss McDonald of the public library at Valley City, vice president; Miss Abbott of the public library secretary and treasurer.

The visitors participated in the dedication of the Carnegie library at the North Dakota Agricultural college. President Worst outlined the history of how the library was secured. The chief address was delivered by Dr. J. F. Dudley of this city.

AN EARLY CONVENTION

Of Minnesota Republicans is Wanted by Ex-Congressman Eddy.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—"Unless the Republican party can regain the governorship next fall, we ought to be ashamed to send, or rather we ought not to send a delegate to the next national convention," said ex-Congressman Frank Eddy at the Merchants yesterday.

"The gubernatorial situation at present is a matter of newspaper speculation—nothing more. The people of Minnesota have not spoken yet, and until the majesty of their voice is heard, no one has the right to dictate who shall be the next nombee.

"What we need more than anything else this coming campaign is an early convention. If it lay in my power to fix the date, I would name the last Wednesday and Thursday in April. Long pre-convention fights spell defeat. It was that which engendered the strife of the last campaign which ended in such ignominious defeat. Let the Republicans of Minnesota wake up to the fact that what we want is an early convention, and the earlier the better.

"In order to be victorious in the next campaign the party must create an issue, a candidate and a campaign fund. None of these things, in the face of present conditions, will be an easy matter, but none of them is impossible. I am a country editor, and confess that I know nothing or am expected to know nothing about ethics, religion or politics, but I will venture a guess that the next Republican state ticket will have on it a Swede, Norwegian and German. The nationalities, I think, will be mixed in about those proportions—which I believe is a harmonious mixture."

SCHOOL LOANS

To the Amount of $44,500 Made by State Investment Board.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—The county schools of the state are faring well at the hands of the state investment board. Yesterday at a meeting of the board school loans amounting to $44,500 were granted, the money being divided among 16 districts and scattered through 15 counties. Polk county was the only county receiving two appropriations. The loans were all received by the northern counties of the state with the exception of Chippewa, Olmstead and Faribault counties.

District No. 13, Kittson county, received the largest sum, $9,000; district No. 55, Faribault county, received the next highest amount, $8,000; district No. 6, Wilkin county was third with $6,000, while district No. 6, Hennepin county, drew the fourth prize, $5,000. The smallest sum, $300, went to district No. 61, Crow Wing county. Polk county received $2,400 in two loans. The amount and disposition of the loans follows:

District No. 13, Kittson county, $9,000; district No. 6, Hennepin county, $5,000; district No. 61, Crow Wing county, $3,000; town of Molan, Clay county, $2,000; village of Clara City, Chippewa county, $1,800; district No. 53, Faribault county, $8,000; town of Clark, Aitkin county, $3,500; town of Bogus Brook, Mille Lacs county, $2,200; district No. 270, Otter Tail county, $800; district No. 61, Olmsted county, $1,400; town of Gentilly, Polk county, $1,600; town of Johnson, Polk county, $1,400; district No. 6, Wilkin county, $6,000; district No. 36, Roseau county, $1,150; district No. 81, Red Lake county, $700; district No. 81, Swift county, $450.

LITTLE SPITZ DOG

Saved Life of His Master Who Fell From Precipice.

Arco, Italy, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—A party of mountain climbers going up Monte Stivo, were met half way by a little white spitz dog, howling dismally. He took hold of a young woman's skirt, and led her to the brink of an abyss, looking down and howling. The dog was lowered over the precipice by a rope. After a while he "begged" to be pulled up again. This time he carried in his mouth a piece of paper torn from a book with the information that Dr. Bugoot, from Lubeck, was lying below. The dog, it seemed, had watched for the party six hours, after seeing his master fall off the precipice. The doctor was rescued with much difficulty and may recover.

About Reform in Russia.

It would be impossible to over-estimate the difficulties that must attend any serious effort to reform the evils in the present social and political organization of Russsia. Even the sincere friends of reform share the above conviction. It is also impossible to estimate the amount of suffering caused by weak stomachs, disordered livers and kidneys and constipated bowels, but we do know that where Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been used the results have been phenomenal. In many cases a permanent cure was established even after other remedies had failed. It always cures sick headaches, billiousness, dizziness, backache, nausea, insomnia, costiveness, indigestion, dyspepsia, female ills, chills, colds, grippe or malarial fever. Try a bottle today, but be sure to see that our Private Stamp is over the neck. All druggists and dealers.


Only $5,000
EAST END RESIDENCE Good house of nine rooms—nice barn—stone foundation. Fine corner lot; choice location; street and avenue both improved. The best bargain now offered in the 'East End'
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, 14 Phoenix Blk.

GAS HOLDER IS ORDERED

Water Board Decides to Replace Garfield Tank Immediately.

Upper Lift is Warping and Capacity is Inadequate.

A special meeting of the board of water and light commissioners was called today to receive a report of the manager, L. N. Case, regarding the condition of the gasholder on Garfield avenue.

He reported that since its repair the holder had performed its duties satisfactorily until recently, when the upper lift commenced slowly warping, drawing in at some points and bulging out at others. This condition had not as yet become dangerous, as the two lifts continued to clip correctly as they raised.

He reported that he had had Mr. Andrews of the Zenith Furnace company and Mr. Ellison of Superior in consultation with him at the works, and it was finally concluded that, while no immediate trouble need be apprehended, yet in the opinion of all three, immediate steps should be taken looking towards the installation of a new holder at the earliest possible moment.

The board instructed Manager Case to invite bids for a three-lift holder, with a capacity of 500,000 feet, and to be of such weight as to furnish a minimum pressure of eight inches; the bidders to furnish their own plans and specifications, the board reserving to itself the right to reject any and all bids.

The board, in taking this action, recognizes its absolute necessity, because of the age of the present holder, which renders its existence unreliable, and, second, because of the almost phenomenal growth of the gas business. The present holder, on account of its capacity and location, is rapidly becoming inadequate to furnish an acceptable service to the consumers.

The board feels that it should take these preparatory steps immediately, in order that when it can legally enter into a contract for the construction of a new holder, it can do so without any delay.

Within the past year, since the city of Duluth purchased the gas plant, the consumption of gas per annum has increased nearly 100,000,000 cubic feet. In 1898 the city consumed 20,000,000 cubic feet; in 1905 the total was 119,000,00 feet.

MRS. DUKE DENIES THE CHARGES

Accuses Her Husband of Cruelty and Improper Acts.

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 20.—Mrs. Lillian M. Duke today filed in the court of chancery her answer to the bill of her husband, James B. Duke, for a divorce. Mrs. Duke denies her husbands charges of improper conduct with Frank T. Huntoon and makes counter charges of improper conduct against her husband and naming Mary Smith whom she characterizes as Mr. Duke's alleged housekeeper and servant. She also charges Mr. Duke with cruelty. Finally Mrs. Duke denies that either she or her husband are legal residents of the state of New Jersey.

TO OBSERVE "RED SUNDAY"

Finnish National Society Will Conduct Demonstration in Duluth.

The anniversary of "Red Sunday," a most bloody day in Russian history, and one which shocked the civilized world, will be observed in Duluth tomorrow afternoon, at Kalamazoo hall.

The demonstration will be given under the auspices of the Finnish National society and the object is to raise funds to aid the revolutionists who are braving death all the time in an effort to overthrow the czar of Russia and his methods of government.

The revolutionary orations will be delivered with all the fervor which people who have experienced or at least seen some of the atrocities in Russia or her possessions can put into them. They will be delivered in the Finnish, Polish, Hebrew and English languages.

MRS. HUGHES DIES.

Prominent Christian Scientist Passes Away After Undergoing an Operation.

Mrs. Julia L. Hughes, aged 42, died last evening at St. Luke's hospital, as the result of an operation.

Mrs. Hughes was a prominent member of the Christian Science church, and was formerly the first reader at the First Church of Christ on Ninth avenue east.

She was a widow and lived at 822 East Fifth street, with her son, who survives her.

The funeral will be held Sunday at 2 p. m. from the residence, and interment will be made at Forest cemetery.

CITY BRIEF .....

C. Victor Streator of Ashland, Wis., will sing tomorrow morning and evening at the First Methodist church. He is a tenor and may decide to locate in Duluth.

North Pole Lodge No. 32, Sons of Hermann, will give a masquerade ball Feb. 15 at the Armory. There will be special attention given to groups in the arrangements and prizes will be given.

ANOTHER SEAMAN DIES.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 20.—The eighth death of cerebo spinal meningitis among the apprentice seamen who came to the naval training station here last November occurred today. The victim was Christopher Wagner of Chicago. There are three other cases under treatment at the training station.

ADE GOES TO HAMBURG.

New York, Jan. 20.—Victor F. Lawson, George Ade and Nelson O'Shaughnessy, secretary of the American embassy at Berlin, sailed today on the steamer Amerika for Hamburg.

GAMES ARE POSTPONED

Weather Stops All Contests During Morning and Afternoon.

Duluth Named as Bonspiel City Subject to Club's Approval.

The curlers are waiting on the pleasure of the weather man to finish up the bonspiel which has been in progress during the week.

No games could be played this morning, owing to the condition of the ice at the curling rink. They were postponed until 1 o'clock, and against postponed until evening, when it was found that there was no improvement at noon.

Colder weather is promised for this evening, and it is possible that some of the games may be run off before midnight.

The big games, however, will be set over until Monday, when it is hoped that the ice will be in good shape for the semi-finals and finals in the different trophy events. One full day of cold weather would permit the bonspiel to be wound up, if the events were so arranged that the ice could be occupied all of the time, and with affairs in this shape the mild weather is very aggravating to the curlers.

A meeting has been called for this afternoon to settle the question of the location of the next bonspiel. There is little question but that the meeting will decide to make Duluth the permanent bonspiel city of the association, subject to the acceptance by the members of the Duluth club. All of the visitors are in favor of the plan, and the Duluth curlers also favor it. No other city has made application for the next bonspiel, and it is practically certain that this will be the outcome of the meeting.

The acceptance of the plan will be left to the members of the Duluth club, however. It will interfere with the skating for two weeks of the season, and the officers do not care to risk antagonizing the skating members of the club. A meeting will probably be called in the near future, when an effort will be made to secure a vote of the members on the proposition, and if it is favorable, Duluth will undoubtedly be named as the permanent bonspiel city of the association.

Highest prices paid for Ties and Pulp Wood. Call or write

Duluth Log Co.,

Second Floor Palladio Bldg.

THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED BEYOND

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Harvey B. Hurd, for years a prominent attorney of this city and the author of a number of legal text books, died today of paralysis.

New Orleans, Jan. 20.—Bishop John C. Keener of the Southern M. E. church died here yesterday of heart failure. He was born in Baltimore Feb. 7, 1819. He served as superintendent of chaplains of the Confederate army west of the Mississippi. He was elected bishop of the Southern Methodist church in 1870 and retired from active work in 1898.

Seville, Spain, Jan. 20.—Cardinal Spinola, archbishop of Seville, died last night. He was created a cardinal Dec. 11, 1905.

GERM THEORY A MISTAKEN ONE

Bacilli Never Cause Disease, But Are Simply Aid to Nature.

It is an absolute, proven fact that the germ of consumption, diphtheria, typhoid fever, in fact all germs are at all times present in the body. Elie Metchnikoff, the eminent scientist, claims that the germs of pneumonia are at all times present in the mouth and nasal passages and can descend to the lungs at will, but a prolonged and violent chill is called for if the disease is to get its needed start. Again, one of the most eminent physicians in the state of Colorado has proven by making cultures of 100 throats that the germ of diphtheria is always present. —we could enumerate countless instances where these are proven facts. Why is it that each and every one of us does not have the disease? We make this universal statement that no disease can exist in the body if nature is free to act normally in all the tissues, unless there be some disturbance of the nervous system, such as poison, atmospherically-inhaled, paralyzing nerve terminals and thereby interfering with their natural functions, or by some pressure on the lash or leashes of nerves ending in an overuse of the nerves, or nervous exhaustion, rendering them incapable of performing their normal functions. Now, let us see where the greatest amount of hindrance can be brought to interfere with the nerves of the body. The spinal cord leaves the brain and travels through the spinal column, which consists in the adult of twenty-four movable vertebrae, the sacrum and coxys. These twenty-four movable vertebrae have on their upper and lower borders a notch caused by two vertebrae being brought together, one notch opposite the other, creating a hole called a foranen. All the nerves of the body come through these foranen. Each one of these vertebrae is very liable to become luxated, thereby partially closing the foranen, decreasing the space that is absolutely necessary for the unobstructed transmission of the nerves. Whenever a nerve on which there is pressure ends, things are not at ease, but dis-ease results. My work is to remove that pressure by adjusting the movable vertebrae of the spine. When this is done nature resumes its natural functions and a healthy condition is the outcome.

D. W. RIESLAND,
Palladio Building.

STANDING OF RINKS IN THE CURLING BONSPIEL

Duluth Curling Club Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.		SEMI-FINALS.		
Charles Dunbar,	8							
W. B. Dunlop,	14	14. Dunlop,	7					
John McLeod,	18	9.		Smith,	9			
Dr. Lenont,	10							
Ron Smith,	11	11. Smith,	10					
G. B. Reedal,	9							
H. H. Grace,	15	6.				Campbell.		
A. Macrae,	2							
D. W. Stocking,	15	8.						
John Halcrow,	7							
F. A. Greene,	8	Campbell,	13					
C. W. Campbell,	14	10,		Campbell,	10			
J. McCutcheon,	10	10,						
T. F. McGilvray,	9	McCutcheon,	5					
Dr. Jamieson,		9.						
John Sharp,	10	Hastings,	9					
Sam Hastings,	13			Hastings,	12			
George Nell,	7	Myron,	6					
J. C. Myron,	12					Hastings.		
R. J. McLeod,	12	McLeod,	7					
J. R. Gowler,	5			Schnarr,	9			
Dr. Schnarr,	16	Schnarr,	8					
R. D. Bradley,	9							
A. Stevenson,	7	Smith,	17					
A. K. Smith,	16			Smith,	4			
Tom Cameron,	8	Weir,	5					
W. J. Weir,	9					Whalen,	10	
J. C. Wall,	8	Whalen,	16					
W. H. Whalen,	14			Whalen,	10			
C. A. Duncan,	13	Duncan,	5					
D. M. Braden,	9							Chisholm.
H. J. McLean,	5	Rochon,	9					
E. J. Rochon,	10			Rochon,	6			
S. F. Fullerton,	13	Fullerton,	8					
S. D. Hanchett,	8					Chisholm,	11	
James Chisholm,	14	Chisholm,	14					
I. Pitbaldo,	6			Chisholm,	14			
A. G. Macauley,	5	Lorimer,	12					
W. W. Lorimer,	12							

Canadian Soo Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.		SEMI-FINALS.	
Reedal,	13	9.					
McCutcheon,	8	Reedal,	7				
Braden,	8	5.		Stocking,	8		
Schnarr,	12						
Lorrimer,	2	9.					
Stocking,	12	Stocking,	13				
Duncan,	12	12.				Rochon.	
Fullerton,	14						
Jamieson,	10	14.					
Dunbar,	7	Jamieson,	7				
Neil,	13	6.					
Macauley,	6			Rochon,	11		
Bradley,	5						
Rochon,	12	12.					
Campbell.		Rochon,	6				
Grace,	13						
Gawler,	8	Grace,	8				
Whalen,	12			Whalen,	7		
Chisholm,	6	Whalen,	12				
Smith.						Smith.	
Wall,	11	Macrae,	6				
Macrae,	12			Smith,	9		
A. K. Smith,	17	Smith,	15				
Stevenson,	7						
Myron,	11	Myron,	16				
Halcrow,	8			Myran,	5		
Dunlop,	15	Dunlop,	11				
Weir,	6					Hastings.	
Ron Smith,	10	Smith,	9	Hastings,	14		
John McLeod,	7						
R. J. McLeod,	9	Hastings,	10				
Hastings,	10						
Sharp,	9	McLean,	8				
McLean,	14			Cameron,	14		
Cameron,	11	Cameron,	9				
Greene,	4					Cameron.	
Pitblado,	19	Pitblado,	23				
Hanchett,	8			Pitblado,	9		
C. D. Fairbairn,	12	Fairbairn,	4				
T. F. McGilvray,	8						

J. E. Meyer's Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.
Wall,	18	10.		
Falbairn,	4	Cameron.		
Cameron,		12.		
Greene, forf.				
Jamieson,	11			
Fullerton,	9			
Reedal,	forf.			
Macrae.				
McGilvray,	7			
Rochon,	18	Rachon.		
Dunbar,	9			
A. K. Smith,	19	Smith.		
Halcrow,	13			
J. McLeod,	5	Halcrow.		
Braden,	7			
Stocking,	10	Stocking.		
Duncan,	11			
Pitblado,	14	Pitblado.		
McLean,	12			
Grace,	7	McLean.		
Bradley,	14			
Schnarr,	9	Bradley,	18	
Neil,	16			Bradley.
Macauley,	11	Nell,	11	
Hanchett,	8			
Campbell,	15	Campbell,	14	
Whalen,	12			Whalen.
Dunlop,	10	Whalen,	17	
Gawler,	6			
R. J. MacLeod,	14	MacLeod.		
Hastings,	13			
Myron,	10	Hastings.		
McCutcheon,	8			
Ron Smith,	11	Smith.		
Lorrimer,	10			
Chisholm,	11	Chisholm.		

International Event.

PRELIMINARY.		FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.	
		Hastings,	forf.		
		Chisholm.		Chisholm.	
		Macauley,	3		
		R. J. MacLeod,	10	MacLeod.	
		Reedal,	9		
		Dunbar,	5	Reedal.	
Hanchett,	8				
Ron Smith,	13	Smith,	12		
McGilvray,	8			Smith.	
Bradley,	11	Bradley,	9		
A. K. Smith,	10				
Fairbairn,	8	Smith.			
Stocking.					
Duncan,	forf.	Stocking.			
Greene,	6				
Wall,	9	Wall.			
Lorrimer,	11				
J. McLeod,	5	Lorrimer.			
Macrae,	11				
Cameron,	10	Macrae,	18		
Dunlop,	6			Macrae.	
Halcrow,	9	Halcrow,	3		
Grace,	9				
McCutcheon,	12	McCutcheon.			
Fullerton,	13				
Myron,	10	Fullerton.			

St. Paul Jobbers' Event.

PRELIMINARY AND FIRST ROUND.		SECOND ROUND.		THIRD ROUND.		SEMI-FINALS.	
Oldham,	10	forf.					
Stevenson,	11	Fairbairn,	12				
Green,	6						
Fairbairn,	16			Cameron,	8		
Grace,	7						
Cameron,	14	12.					
Halcrow,	9	Cameron,	16				
S.						MacLeod.	
Gawler,	12						
McLean,	15	S.					
		McLean,	4				
Wall,	15	7.					
Jamieson,	6			MacLeod,	9		
Whalen,	9						
McLeod,	11	MacLeod,	10				
Chisholm.		forf.					
Duncan,	10						
		Duncan,	9				
John McLeod.	9						
Macauley,	12			Macauley,	6		
		Macauley,	11				
Weir,	9					Stocking.	
Stocking,	14						
		Stocking.					
Hastings,	13			Stocking,	14		
Fullerton,	5						
		Ron Smith, forf.					
Ron Smith,	9						
Campbell,	16						
		Campbell,	9				
Neil,	14			Dunbar.			
McGilvray,	6						
		Dunbar,	14				
Dunbar,	12						
A. K. Smith,	18						
		Smith,	10				
McCutcheon,	3			Lorrimer.			
Dunlop,	12						
		Lorrimer,	14				
Lorrimer,	13						
Macrae,	11						
		Rochon,	8				
Rochon,	13						
Braden,	18			Braden,	9		
		Braden,	14				
Sharp,	4						
Schnarr,	10					Pitblado.	
		Pitblado,	13				
Pitblado,	12						
Reedal,	11			Pitblado,	11		
		Reedal,	10				
Myron,	10						

WRITES LOVE NOTES.

This Women Writes Them At From $1 Each Up.

It would be impossible to find a duller, more prosaic street in New York than East 118h, says the New York Sun. Yet there is one part of it where romance rules. It is the part where Anna Frey, widow, resides, on the ground floor of a new apartment house.

To the uninitiated an introduction to Mrs. Frey may be necessary and possibly her own printed form may do as well as another.

It reads as follows:

"Love Letters? Business letters? Letters of diplomacy requiring extreme astuteness and an unerring discrimination in the choice of words in order to allay anger or to divert suspicion? Letters of friendship? Letters requesting favors? Answers to advertisements? Are you in doubt as to how same should be worded? Do you find difficulty in expressing your thoughts on paper?"

Mrs. Frey is a quiet mannered woman, on the sunny side of middle age, trim in dress, a golden locket the only bit of color about her, if one excepts the flaxen hair.

First, as to her choice of a profession. Left a widow with two young children about a year ago, Mrs. Frey determined on an occupation which would let her stay at home. Some early training on a newspaper, and a trick of composition which led many feminine friends ask her aid prompter her to attempt to do for the public what she thought she could do.

She scorns the imputation that her trade is with "foreigners." "Candidly," she says—Mrs. Frey is nothing if not candid—"when I first advertised I expected that class, but so far I have only had one—a Swede. No, my patronage has been an eye-opener to me. People who, so far as externals are concerned, are absolutely irreproachable, are my patrons. Just look among your own acquaintances and think how many people you know who can write a good letter, one that pleases you, one that when you are out of town or separated by circumstances, brings that person near to you in spirit. I will be willing to wager that you don't know more than a half dozen at the most.

"My methods? They are simple, enough, seemingly, but you would be perfectly amazed at the trouble I have in getting what I want from the persons who come here. No, not money—they are good enough pay—but information.

"Naturally, when a man comes in and says he is in love with a young lady or has a regard for one or whatever the form of expression is, I say at once that he must tell me all about her, to what extent their love affair has progressed, how long it has lasted, what he intends—marriage, or merely an affair to pass the time. Then I must know about her personal characteristics, habits, whether she is quick tempered, amiable, sensitive, easy going, what her principal attractions are—no detail is too small for me. Of course, if it is a case of only one letter, I don't bother to fill my mind with all this; only when it is a correspondence of some duration. I have carried some along two or three years, and frequently they last six months.

"There is one great difference in the sexes when it comes to an experience like this. The man is usually willing to tell all about himself, just how he feels toward the woman, how he became attracted to her, what he has said and what she has said.

"The woman, on the contrary, is very reserved at first. She wants to make you think that she is the pursued.

"My charge for writing any kind of a love letter is one dollar and from that on, according to the length and the importance. I have one woman, a regular customer who is keeping up a correspondence with five men and of course I make special rates for her. She is very bright and attractive and has absolutely no heart; it all means a matter of amusement with her and I don't think she likes one more than the other.

"Vanity! That's the way to reach them all, all the men and all the women too for that matter, but while you can't miss fire if you flatter a man enough, a woman can dispense with that if she is only told time and time again, that she is loved.

"Really, it is only my sense of humor that keeps me going, I do believe. When a woman says to me, 'Oh, flatter him a little more,' after I have put it on with the blunt end of my pen, I would smile if I wasn't afraid she would be offended, and when a man walks madly up and down and shrieks out his jealous woe. I just have to cough in order not to lose my dollar.

"Oftentimes I am just as much in the dark as you are concerning the identity of people. Very often I am not told name or address. The person calls for the letter, or it is sent for, and when the correspondence has gone on for a few weeks or months it stops right off quick.

"I don't know whether they marry, quarrel, are found out or what has happened—they drift out of my life and my thought. Sometimes a third person comes, tells the circumstances and returns for the letter. I never know who the originals are. Naturally I am somewhat curious, for the letters are wonderful revelations of character or circumstance, but I never display too much curiosity.

"About a week ago a man, a fine looking man, came in and asked me to write a few lines for him. He asked my fee and I said a dollar, and he said all right, with a manner that gave me to understand that he would be willing to pay $5 if I had asked it. He produced a paper and wanted me to copy a few lines. I saw they were very well written and he admitted that they were in his own handwriting. That aroused my suspicion, and when he said that he wanted me to change the time mentioned in the document from ten days to three months I thought that there was something crooked afloat. It was a legal paper and no doubt was to be used for a wrong purpose. I absolutely refused to even when he offered me $10.

"Many times people come and try to get me to write threatening letters. I always refuse and always tell them that it is not my business, neither it is. I would like above all else to keep it within the sentimental lines, and judging from my success I guess the field is not worked out yet."

HE PROTESTED.

New York Sun: It is not the place of a marble cutter to balk at the inscription he is requested to engrave on a tombstone. Not long ago, however, a New York artisan found the courage to protest. He had been asked to carve an epitaph of atheistic purport.

"I just couldn't stand for that," said the man when relating the incident afterward. "I may not be any great shakes on religion myself, but I draw the line at an ante-mortem pronouncement of disbelief. I have decorated tombstones for several persons who, I knew, were pronounced unbelievers, but none of them had the hardihood to declare his heresy on his tombstone. In foreign countries epitaphs of an atheistic tendency are likely to involve the family of the deceased person in an expensive lawsuit. I don't know that such rigid rules would be enforced in this country, but I am not going to take chances on figuring in a test case."

CAN'T KEEP TRACK.

New York Sun: Of all the people who attend the Shakespearean plays that are now presented on the metropolitan stage, the ones who get the least enjoyment out of the performance are those who visit the theater armed with a volume of Shakespeare. Scattered throughout the audience, those students of the poet sit, looking dissatisfied and disappointed. Between acts they make a desperate attempt to read up on the scenes past and to come, but the cuts that are required to fit the plays to the exigencies of the modern stage make it difficult to follow the printed copy.

"Where are they now?" and, "I can't find that in this book," are remarks heard frequently among the perplexed students. By all odds the people who get the greatest pleasure out of Shakespeare in this year of grace 1905 take him as they find him, and do their studying, if study they must, before coming to the show.

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If We All Learned to Use This Strange, Mysterious, Wonderful Power?

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"Once to every man and maiden
Comes the moment to decide,
Whether he shall rise and flourish
Or in poverty abide."

Two hundred thousand copies of a strange, mysterious book, entitled "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces," are to be given away absolutely free to those who write, and it is, indeed, a rare opportunity for the American public to grasp and utilize powerful systems of swaying the minds of others; to heal themselves and others of obstinate diseases and habits; to banish despondency and suffering as if by magic; and perform feats that almost carry one back to the days of great miracles.

If you wish to succeed in life; if you wish to know how the Hindoo adepts influence the minds and lives of others; if you wish to know the secrets of developing wonderful psychic, will power, concentration and facts that will bring you face to face with the importance of your future success, send and get this great free book. Prof. F. T. McIntyre, a well-to-do New York psychic scientist, who has given the best years of his life to research into nature's mysterious forces, is the author of this most wonderful book. He is giving thousands of them away free to those who write him, with a view to disseminating reliable and truthful information in Hypnotic influence and kindred phenomena, and the letters received from those who use his system contain startling evidence of psychic achievements that almost defy understanding. He has hundreds of letters on file at his home from persons in all walks of life, showing what happens to those who use these strange methods that have been overlooked by the public for centuries past.

Men and women who are wide awake are grasping this opportunity to secure this intensely interesting book, free of charge, and those who are fortunate enough to hear of Prof. McIntyre's generosity are sending postal cards and letters asking for a copy of his great book, and he is kept busy sending them as fast as the requests come in. All who write receive them, no one is disappointed. They are sent by mail, postage paid and absolutely free.

Mr. James Kubal, a prominent business man of Chicago, writes the following:

"I never dreamed such things possible. If I had only known of this sooner. This system has made a different man of me. I shall give up business and make more money through the use of this system than I can in my business. It has brought back my sight. I can see without glasses, and work without them, too. It has overcome my backwardness, and I can now handle my customers in fine shape. I did not know I was so full of magnetism. I think your system wonderful."

Fred S. Brett, Apartado, 285 Guadalajara, Mexico, writes: "I have done wonderful things in influencing people with this system. Have had over fifty persons under my control, and compelled them to do startling things. I advise everybody to try it. This system is truly marvelous."

Rev. E. G. King, pastor Christian church, Upper Lake, Cal., writes: "I cannot recommend your system too highly, and am willing to answer any inquiries in regard to it."

This free book is full of startling explanations and pictures, showing that any one can master, in a short time, the power to control and sway the minds of others. It describes the strange phenomena of Psychic and Hypnotic Influence, Mystic Healing, Psycho and Suggestive Therapeutics, Personal Magnetism, and a combined, simple system of reading the characters of others, though thousands of miles away. It gives you the key to the development of the inner or dormant forces of concentration, force of character, will power, memory, determination, ambition, enthusiasm, inspiration, continuity of thought and the ability to throw off the evil effects of disease and despondency.

It is, indeed, one of the most amazingly interesting books of the age, beaming with interest from cover to cover, and all who receive free copies of it can be thankful. It points out the road to financial and social success; it reveals astonishing facts that have been overlooked by the public for many years.

If you wish a free copy of this wonderful book write a postal or letter to Prof. F. T. McIntyre, Dept. 1092, No. 126 West Thirty-fourth street, New York, N. Y. Simply write and say, "Please send me a copy of your free book." You will receive it by return mail.

ANOTHER SHARP DRIVE IN THE FLAX MARKET

Breaks Four Cents Soon After Opening—Recovers Most of Loss.

Wheat Drags and Closes With a Moderate Decline.

Duluth Board of Trade, Jan. 20.—Flax had another wild day in this market. The longs were given another heartrending twist and any left when it was over were pretty stouthearted. May opened ½c lower at $1.19 and went down to $1.15 with a rush. After that it worked up with occasional reactions to $1.18⅝ and closed at $1.18¼, a loss of ¾c for the day. London quoted Calcutta seed ¾d lower and LaPlatta seed 1½d lower. Antwerp was 1¾c lower. Duluth exporters worked some flax on the decline this morning, indicating that the foreigners still want some if they can get foreigners right price. The July option opened 1c lower at $1.19¼, fell to $1.16½ and closed ⅝c off at $1.19½. September closed ¼c up at $1.18¾.

Wheat continued slow and dragging and those who believe in better prices are beginning to lose patience. Liverpool closed ¼d to ½d lower, Berlin ¼c lower and Budapest ½c higher. New York says that 40 loads of Manitoba wheat were worked yesterday. Foreigners took some today also and also took barley, oats, and corn. Bromhall estimates world's shipments to be reported Monday at about 8,800,000 bushels.

The May option fell ⅛c in Duluth, Chicago, and St. Louis and ¼c in Minneapolis, New York, and Kansas City, while in Winnipeg it was ⅛c higher.

Corn gained ⅜c for the May option in Chicago and in Liverpool was unchanged. May oats in Chicago closed unchanged.

Car receipts of wheat at Duluth were 80, against 46 last year, and at Minneapolis, 355, against 385 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 435, against 425 last year. Chicago receipts were 19, against 16 last year. Winnipeg received 159, against 84 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 619,000 bus; last year, 672,000 bus. Shipments, 199,000 bus; last year, 219,000 bus.

Primary receipts of corn were 547,000 bus, last year, 620,000 bus. Shipments, 491,000 bus; last year, 246 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was very quiet. The May option opened ⅝c lower at 84⅜c, sold up to 85c at 9:55, fell to 84⅜c at 11:35 and closed ⅛c off at 85c. July also closed with a loss of ⅛c.

Oats to arrive advanced ⅛c and on track oats fell off ⅜c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive, No. 1 northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 northern, 80⅜c; on track, No. 1 northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 northern, 80⅜c; May 85c; July, 85c. Durum, No. 1, 79½c; No. 2 durum, 69c. Flax, to arrive, $1.14¼; on track, $1.14¼; May, $1.18¼; July, $1.19½; September, $1.16½; October, $1.16½. Oats, to arrive, 29⅝c; on track, 29⅜c. Rye, 60c. Barley, 36@48c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 80; last year, 40; oats, 13; barley, 10; flax, 43; last year, 16.

Receipts: Wheat, 96,788; oats, 20,737; barley, 24,293; flax, 47,513.

Shipments: Oats, 4,400; barley, 417.

Cash Sales Saturday.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car $0.83
No. 1 hard, 1 car 83¼
No. 1 hard, 1 car 83⅜
No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars 82½
No. 1 northern, 10 cars 82⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car 82⅞
No. 1 northern, 1 car 83
No. 1 northern, 1 car 82⅝
No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car 81¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car 81½
No. 2 northern, 6 cars 81
No. 2 northern, 1 car 80⅞
No. 3 wheat, 3 cars 78
No. 3, 2 cars 78½
No. 3, 1 car 78½
No. 3, 1 car 78¾
No. 3, 1 car 78⅞
Rejected wheat, 1 car 74½
No. 4 wheat, 1 car 77½
Durum wheat, 8 cars No. 1 ..... 72½
Durum wheat, 2 cars No. 2 69
Rye, 1 car No. 2 60
Oats, 2 cars No. 2 white 30⅝
Oats, 1,250 bus No. 3 white 30
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white 29⅝
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white 29⅝
Oats, 2 cars No. 2 white 30
Flax, 1 car $1.14
Flax, 1 car 1.13½
Flax, 6 cars 1.13
Flax, 2 cars 1.13¼
Flax, 1 car 1.14¼
Barle, 1 car 36
Barley, 1 car 37
Barley, 2 cars 39
Barley, 1 car 41
Barley, 1 car 38½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Active Selling by Traders and Commission Houses Weakens Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Active selling by pit traders and commission houses caused weakness today in the wheat market here. May opened ¼@⅜c to 1⅛@⅛c lower at 86⅞c to 87⅛c and sold at 87⅛@¼c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 464 cars against 439 cars last week and 441 cars a year ago.

The market developed a steadier tone during the last half of the session, but prices showed but little change. The high point for May was reached at 87⅛@⅜c. There was a fair demand for shorts and commission houses. The close was steady with May ⅛c lower at 87¼@⅜c.

Wet weather throughout the Middle West imparted strength to the corn market. May opened unchanged at 46⅛c and advanced to 46⅝c. Local receipts were 270 cars, with 14 of contract grade.

The market remained firm throughout the day. May closed ⅛c higher at 45¼c.

Smaller receipts and continued good demand from exporters held the oats market steady. May opened a shade lower at 32c, sold off to 31⅞c and then advanced to 32¼c. Local receipts were 160 cars.

May pork was off 2½@5c at $14.20. Lard was unchanged at $7.67½. Ribs were down 2½c at $7.62½.

Close: Wheat—May, 87¼@⅜c; July, 86⅝c. Corn—May, 45¾@½c; July, 45⅝c. Oats—May, 32¼c; July, 30⅝@⅜c. Pork—January, $13.87½; May, $14.22½. Lard—January, $7.52½@7.55; May, $7.70; July, $7.80@7.82½. Ribs—January, $7.52½; May, $7.65; July, $7.75. Rye—Cash, 67¼c; May, 70@71c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.14½; Southwestern, $1.08; May, $1.17. Timothy—March, $3.45. Clover—Cash, $13.25. Barley—Cash, 38@46c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 88@90c; No. 3 red, 85@88c; No. 2 hard, 83@86c; No. 3 hard, 81@84c; No. 1 northern, 86@88c; No. 2 northern, 84@87c; No. 3 spring, 68@85c. Corn—No. 2, 42¾c; No. 3, 42½c. Oats—No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30¾c.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Jan. 20.—Close: Wheat: May, 84⅞c; July, 86¼@⅜c; No. 1 hard, 87⅜c; No. 1 Northern, 82⅝c; No. 2 Northern, 80⅛c.

New York Grain.

New York, Jan. 20.—Close: Wheat: May, 91⅜c; July, 89⅜c. Corn: January, 56c; May, 51¼c; July, 51½c.

Duluth Car Inspection.

Wheat: No. 1 hard, 9; No. 1 Northern, 38; No. 2 Northern, 12; No. 3 spring, 7; No. 4 spring, 5; No. 1 durum, 5; No. 2 durum, 2; rejected and no grade durum, 2; total of durum, 9; total of all wheat, 80; last year, 46.

Flax: No. 1 Northwestern, 6; No. 1, 37; total of flax, 43; last year, 16.

Oats, 13; barley, 10.

Total of all cars, 146.

American Wheat Markets.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	...84¾	84⅜	86⅞-87	91¼-¼
High	...85	84⅞-85	87¼-⅜	91½
Low	...84¾	84⅛	86⅞	90⅞
Close	...85⅛	84⅞	87¼-⅜A	91⅜B
July—				
Open	... .	86¼	82⅞	89⅝
High	... .	86¼-⅜	84⅞	89⅞
Low	... .	86	84⅝	89⅜
Close	...86B	86¼-⅜A	84⅞	89⅜B
Close 19	...86⅛	86½-⅝	84⅞	89⅜

St. Louis— Close 20th. Close 19th.

May	85⅝	85¾
July	83⅜-½	83⅜

Kansas City—

May	79⅜-½	79⅝-¾
July	76⅞-77	77½-⅝

Winnipeg—

May	80½	80⅝
July	81½	81½

Chicago Oats, Corn and Pork.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	32	45⅛	$14.11
High	....32⅛	45⅜	14.22
Low	....31⅞	45⅛	14.17
Close	....32⅛A	45¼A	14.22

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, Jan. 20.—Wheat spot, steady; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 7d; futures, dull; January, nominal; March, 6s 10d. Corn, spot, American mixed new, easy, 4s 2¾d; American mixed old, quiet, 4s 8½d; futures, quiet; January, 4s 2½d; March, 4s 3d; May, 4s 3¾d.

Grain Gossip.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat closed practically unchanged, the lower rables brought out some unsettlement early, but prices rallied, with the market closing strong. Considering yesterday's unsettlement and what led up to it, considering, too, the bearish sentiment, both Northwest and Southwest, and in our local market, with snow predicted all over the winter wheat country before the next session, the market is surprisingly strong. Long wheat is well scattered, most of which has been bought at about this level or just under present prices. The market has reached its critical stage and the immediate future course is hard to determine. The local professional element have not made any money in this market and the bulk of the public, while they have not made much, have lost but little. For some time they have been buying wheat on the moderate dips which was sold to take profits or short wheat. This buying was based, not on home conditions, but the foreign situation, backed up by slight advances in cables each day. It cannot be denied that the markets response to the evident strength abroad was mighty limited and disappointing, and has turned some very good bulls into aggressive bears. Sentiment seems all against the market. The principal support comes from buying by the outsiders on the soft spots. This class of buying saved the market from further decline today.

• • •

Chicago Record Herald: Some of the export sales of oats yesterday from Chicago direct to Germany were at the highest prices on the crop. Offerings of cash oats were limited. This somewhat curtailed the demand. Export bids on oats are now higher than the domestic. Shippers are expecting a good domestic shipping demand soon, as the eastern distributive stocks are now greatly reduced. The demand here and at the seaboard for barley for export was brisk, but available supplies were light. Two New York exporters were here looking over the field in person.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

Following are the current quotations for goods which change hands in lots on the open market:

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	27	@ 28
Creamery, in tubs	26	@ 27
Dairies, fancy	20	@ 22
Renovated	22	
Packing stock	16	

EGGS.

Fresh	24	@ 25
Storage	20	

CHEESE.

Full cream twins	14½
Block and wheel Swiss	14½@ 15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger full cream cheese	13
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	15
Maple syrup, 10-lb cans	1 35

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft-shel walnuts, per lb	16½
Cocoanuts, per doz	60
Brazils, per lb	12
Hickory nuts, per bus	2 00
Pecans, per lb	13
Almonds	16
Black Walnuts, per bus	1 65
Mixed nuts	12½
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7½@ 8
Chestnuts, per lb	11

FRUITS.

Apples, Ben Davis, per bbl	5 50
Greenings	4 50
York State Spies	5 00
Baldwins	4 75
York State Russetts	4 50
Tolman Sweets	4 50
Cal. Bellefleur, per box	1 50
Missouri Pippins, per box	2 25
Colorado Winesaps, per box	2 50
Bananas, per bunch	2 25 @ 2 50
Cranberries	18 00
Dates, Fard, 12-lb box	1 10
Dates, sugar walnut, 10-lb box	1 00
Figs, Smyrna, 12-lb box	1 35
Malaga grapes, per keg	6 50
Catawbas, pony basket	20
Lemons, Cal., per box	3 25 @ 3 50
Oranges, Floridas	2 50
California Navels	2 75 @ 3 00
California pears, per box	2 25

VEGETABLES.

Beans, wax, per bus	4 50
Navy beans	2 00
Green hothouse beans	4 50
Beets, per cwt	2 00
Top beets, per doz	1 00
Cucumbers, hothouse	2 00
Cabbage, per ton	35 00
Cauliflower, per box	4 75
Celery, Milwaukee, per doz.	25
Carrots, per cwt	1 00
Egg plant, per doz	1 75
Horseradish, per lb	12
Lettuce, leaf, per bus	1 50
Onions, per cwt	1 75 @ 1 85
Onions, pickling, per box	2 00
Onions, Spanish, per crate	2 00
Parsley, per doz	25 @ 50
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 25 @ 70
Potatoes, per bus	67
Radishes, round, per doz	75
Spinach, per box	1 00 @ 1 25
California tomatoes, crate	2 75
Rutabagas, per cwt	1 00

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6

CIDER.

Clarified, 16-gal keg	3 50
Orange, cherry or pear	3 50
Black raspberry juice	5 50

MEATS.

Beef	5 @	8
Mutton	8½@	9½
Lard	8¼	
Pork loins	9	
Veal	9 @	9½

DRESSED POULTRY.

Springs, per lb	14
Hens, per lb	14
Spring ducks	14
Turkeys	20
Geese	12 @ 13

HAY.

Timothy, per ton	9 00 @10 00
Upland, per ton	10 00 @11 00

FEED.

Bran, per ton	14 50
Oats, per bus	31
Shorts, per ton	15 00

FISH.

Trout, per lb	10
Pike, per lb	10
White, per lb	10 @ 12½
Fresh salmon, per lb	14
Halibut, per lb	16
Oysters, standard, per gal	1 45
Oysters, select, per gal	1 85

New York.

New York, Jan. 20.—Butter, slightly easier; receipts, 5,307; Western imitation creamery, extras, 21c. Cheese, firm; unchanged; receipts, 1,796. Weekly exports, 1,266 boxes. Eggs, easy, unchanged; receipts, 242.

Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—Butter, steady; creameries, 18@22c; dairies, 19@24c. Eggs, weaekr at mark; cases included, 17@18c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 13c; twins, 11½@11¾c; Young Americas, 13c.

THINGS WE EAT.

Gregory E. Owens, a food inspector of Manchester, had an odd experience the other day, says the Los Angeles Times.

He was examining the meat in a small butcher shop on a back street. The greater part of the meat was fairly good, but there was one lot of pork and beef that was rather questionable.

The butcher stood outside with a customer. The inspector called him in.

"Look here," he said, "what is your opinion of this meat here?"

The butcher looked it over.

"I had forgotten all about that," he said. "It is pretty old stock."

"Well, what is your opinion of it?"

"My opinion," said the butcher slowly, "is that it is unfit for human food; but it might do for sausage."

We are headquarters for
Bonanza Circle
AND
North Butte Copper Stocks
PAINE, WEBBER & CO
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
328 West Superior Street.

EDWARDS - WOOD CO.
(Incorporated)
Dealers in
Stocks, Grain, Provisions
Main Office
Fifth and Robert Sts., ST. PAUL, MINN

J. A. MINNEAR & CO.
Brokers
Copper Stocks
Curbs a Specialty
LAURIUM, MICH.

I Will Save You Money on
MINING STOCK
R. B. HIGBEE,
Mining Broker.
410-411 Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul.
Established in 1899.

A Shipping Mine!
400 Tons Already Gone To the Smelter—$55.00 a Ton.
Sixteen mining claims—$150,000 expended already in tunneling, trams, buildings and other improvements. This is the record of the H. T. & F. Mining Co. A block of 50,000 shares is now offered to investors at very low rate. Call or write.
The Happy Thought and Fairview Mining Co.
Parlor G, St. Louis Hotel.

Debentures and Shares FOR SALE!
Offers are invited for $2,000 worth of first mortgage debentures of the Revelstoke and McCullough Creek Hydraulic Mining Company, Limited, bearing 10 per cent interest, payable half yearly. These debentures and others are secured by a first mortgage on all the Company's property.
Also offers are invited for 3,800 fully paid shares of the capital stock of the same company.
Address "Debenture Holder," P. O. Box 198, Revelstoke, B. C.

Bonanza Circle Coppers
AND OTHER UNLISTED SECURITIES.
Noon Quotations Jan. 20, 1906.

Coppers.	Bid.	Ask.	Miscellaneous.	Ask.
N. Butte	88	89	Ala. Cen. pfd.	$6.00
C. & A.	121	122	Ariz. & E.	.10
C. & P.	36	37	Black Rock	.15
L.S. & P.	50	51	Comanche	.35
P. & D.	25½	26	Crook	.50
Junct.	27	28	Eagle Mt.	$5.00
Man.	9	10	LaLus Mex.	$5.00
Blk. Mt.	11	12	Little Crack.	.10
Denn.	23	24	Metropolitan	.20
Warren	15	16	Nev. Q.	.10
Chir.	11	13	Ophir Tunnel	.30
Shattuck	42	45	Parry Sound	.10

Keep your eyes toward Ophir. If you want Arizona & Eastern see us. No sensational advance in prices.
H. E. SMITH & CO.,
WILLIAM KAISER, Manager.
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Phones—Zenith, 686; Duluth, 82.

Atchison pfd ..... 104 | 104 | 104
do com ..... 95⅝ | 94⅞ | 95⅜
Smelter com ..... 173¼ | 171¼ | 171¾
American Woolen ..... 46½ | 45⅜ | 45⅝
Amalgamated Copper ..... 114⅞ | 113¼ | 113¼
Baltimore & Ohio ..... 116⅞ | 116¼ | 116¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit ..... 91¾ | 90¼ | 91
Canadian Pacific ..... 177¼ | 176½ | 177
Chesapeake & Ohio ..... 61 | 60⅛ | 60⅜
Colorado Fuel & Iron ..... 74¾ | 72½ | 72¾
Chi. Gt. West. com ..... 23¾ | 23 | 23⅛
Erie 1st pfd ..... 83 | 82¾ | 82⅝
Erie com ..... 50¾ | 50 | 50⅛
Illinois Central ..... 180½ | 180 | 180⅛
Central Leather ..... 48¾ | 48¼ | 48¾
Louisville & Nashville ..... 156⅜ | 155⅝ | 156
Mexican Central ..... 26⅜ | 26 | 26¼
Metropolitan Railway ..... 125⅜ | 124⅝ | 125
Missouri Pacific ..... 106¾ | 105⅝ | 105⅝
Manhattan ..... 160½ | 160 | 160½
Norfolk & Western ..... 85⅞ | 85¾ | 85¾
New York Central ..... 156⅝ | 154⅝ | 154⅝
Ontario & Western ..... 55¾ | 54½ | 54½
People's Gas ..... 101 | 101 | 101
Pacific Mail ..... 51½ | 50⅝ | 51
Pennsylvania Railway ..... 140⅝ | 140⅛ | 140⅜
Rock Island ..... 24⅞ | 24⅝ | 24⅝
Rock Island, pfd ..... 62⅝ | 62⅝ | 62⅝
Reading, com ..... 158 | 155¼ | 157⅝
R. I. & C., pfd ..... 108 | 107⅜ | 108
R. I. & S., com ..... 37 | 36⅞ | 36¼
Rubber, com ..... 50½ | 50 | 50¼
St. Paul ..... 190¾ | 187¼ | 190¼
Sugar ..... 152 | 150½ | 151
So. Railway,, com ..... 39⅝ | 39⅛ | 39¼
So. Pacific ..... 70⅝ | 69⅝ | 70
So. com ..... 161¼ | 160⅜ | 160½
T. C. & I. ..... 160 | 159 | 159
Texas Pacific ..... 36⅝ | 36⅛ | 36½
U. S. Steel, pfd ..... 113⅛ | 112 | 112⅝
U. S. Steel, com ..... 40¼ | 39⅞ | 40
Union Pac., com ..... 159 | 158¾ | 158⅞
Wis. Cent., com ..... 32 | 32 | 32
Wis. Cent., pfd ..... 62¼ | 61½ | 61½
Wabash, com ..... 24⅝ | 24 | 24¼
Wabash, pfd ..... 48 | 47 | 47⅜
Nor. Pacific ..... 209½ | 208⅛ | 208¾
Erie 2nd ..... 76⅜ | 76⅛ | 76⅜
American Locomotive ..... 77½ | 76⅝ | 76⅝
Twin City R. T. ..... 121⅝ | 119½ | 121⅜
M. K. & T. ..... 40⅜ | 39⅝ | 39⅞
Great Northern ..... 326¾ | 324⅜ | 324⅜
Denver ..... 46¼ | 46 | 46

The total sales were 891,200 shares.

Stock Gossip.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed somewhat irregular, but take it all through from top to bottom the same wonderful strength is exhibited. The bank statement was disappointing inasmuch as the reserve increase was larger than expected. The better action of copper and steel stocks gave confidence to the rest of the list and the high-priced railroad issues were actively bought. It looks as if the train is run under a full head of steam. Money is easy and prosperity is still booming. We are still told to buy the active and better class of stocks on all reactions.

• • •

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was very strong and active, and the bull movement continued with bidding up of all kinds of active stocks. The bank statement had little effect and while there was a good deal of profit-taking, the offerings were well taken. The close was steady and with St. Paul the feature. We look for an active and strong market next week.

• • •

Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market was disappointing today, turning heavy after a buoyant opening and showing a reactionary tendency throughout. There was enormous realizing all through the list which, while met by good support, was heavy enough to force declines. The bank statement showed a gain in cash but the loan account was extended by $20,000,000 and the increase in surplus was enormous. St. Paul ran above 190 and was the buoyant feature. Anaconda reacted sharply after a sensational bulge at the opening. Colorado Fuel & Iron and some of the other recently active issues were weak. The market closed nervous and uncertain.

The Cotton Market.

New York, Jan. 20.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2@4 points on report of the Nation Ginners' association which, showing only 170,000 bales ginner between Jan. 1 and 16, was given a bullish itnerpretation. The market eased off during the middle morning to about the closing prices of yesterday under scattering liquidation and the absence of important support.

Cotton futures closed steady. Closing bid: January, 11.58; February, 11.64; March, 11.76; April, 11.80; May, 11.87; June, 11.85; July, 11.83; August, 11.72; September, 11.64; October, 11.09. Spot closed quiet; mid ups, 12.25; do gulf, 12.50. Sales, 2,213 bales.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—Cattle receipts 250, unchanged. Hogs receipts, 3,000; 5c up; range $5.20@5.35; bulk, $5.25@5.30. Sheep receipts, 2,800; quiet and unchanged.

New York Money.

New York, Jan. 20.—Money on call nominal; no loans. Time loans easy; sixty days, 5 per cent; ninety days and six months, 4¾@5. Prime mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87.15@4.87.25 for demand and at $4.83.75@4.83.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½@4.84 and $4.87@4½; commercial bills, $4.83@3¼. Bar silver, 65¾c; Mexican dollars, 50¾c.

STRENGTH EXHIBITED

Again by Stock Market, But Closing Was Irregular.

Bank Statement Had Little Effect — Offerings Well Taken.

New York, Jan. 20.—There were congested buying orders in the stock market leaders at the opening today and violent advances in some of the specialties. Two thousand shares of United States Steel preferred sold at 112 to 112¾ compared with 111¼ last night, and the price rose further to 113. Anaconda sold at an advance of 9, Pacific Coast 1½, St. Paul and Atlantic Coast Line 1¼, Reading, Great Northern preferred, Copper, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo and Sugar a point and Brooklyn Transit and Smelting large fractions.

The effervescence of many stocks led to quick reactions which affected the whole market by sympathy, and realizing became quite general. Anaconda surrendered 11 of its 12-point rise, Reading fell back 2¾ after a 4-point jump, United States Steel preferred ½ of a 2-point rise, Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific the same proportion of a 2⅜-point rise, while Smelting and Lead were carried a point below last night and Copper, the Pacifics and some others a fraction below. Northern Pacific gained 2, Federal Mining preferred 1¼ and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred and Hide & Leather preferred 1. Colorado Fuel lost 1¾. Prices rallied and trading subsided on the furious activity of the first half hour.

The demand was much restricted from the early rate of absorption and prices dragged. The bank statement was regarded as favorable, but renewed realizing followed its appearance. St. Paul rose 3⅜, the preferred 4½, Twin City Rapid Transit 1⅝ and Federal Mining 12, but Colorado Fuel was carried down from last night's level 2¼. Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Ohama and Pullman 8, Kansas City Southern, Long Island and American Express 1½ and Copper, Tennessee Coal, General Electric, Chesapeake & Ohio and Canada Southern 1. The aggressiveness and the trading became very active again. In the final dealings Anaconda slumped to 10 points below last night and the closing in consequence was rather irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building:

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	104	104	104
do com	95⅝	94⅞	95⅜
Smelter com	173¼	171¼	171¾
American Woolen	46½	45⅜	45⅝
Amalgamated Copper	114⅞	113¼	113¼
Baltimore & Ohio	116⅞	116¼	116¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	91¾	90¼	91
Canadian Pacific	177¼	176½	177
Chesapeake & Ohio	61	60⅛	60⅜
Colorado Fuel & Iron	74¾	72½	72¾
Chi. Gt. West. com	23¾	23	23⅛
Erie 1st pfd	83	82¾	82⅝
Erie com	50¾	50	50⅛
Illinois Central	180½	180	180⅛
Central Leather	48¾	48¼	48¾
Louisville & Nashville	156⅜	155⅝	156
Mexican Central	26⅜	26	26¼
Metropolitan Railway	125⅜	124⅝	125
Missouri Pacific	106¾	105⅝	105⅝
Manhattan	160½	160	160½
Norfolk & Western	85⅞	85¾	85¾
New York Central	156⅝	154⅝	154⅝
Ontario & Western	55¾	54½	54½
People's Gas	101	101	101
Pacific Mail	51½	50⅝	51
Pennsylvania Railway	140⅝	140⅛	140⅜
Rock Island	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝
Rock Island, pfd	62⅝	62⅝	62⅝
Reading, com	158	155¼	157⅝
R. I. & C., pfd	108	107⅜	108
R. I. & S., com	37	36⅞	36¼
Rubber, com	50½	50	50¼
St. Paul	190¾	187¼	190¼
Sugar	152	150½	151
So. Railway,, com	39⅝	39⅛	39¼
So. Pacific	70⅝	69⅝	70
So. com	161¼	160⅜	160½
T. C. & I.	160	159	159
Texas Pacific	36⅝	36⅛	36½
U. S. Steel, pfd	113⅛	112	112⅝
U. S. Steel, com	40¼	39⅞	40
Union Pac., com	159	158¾	158⅞
Wis. Cent., com	32	32	32
Wis. Cent., pfd	62¼	61½	61½
Wabash, com	24⅝	24	24¼
Wabash, pfd	48	47	47⅜
Nor. Pacific	209½	208⅛	208¾
Erie 2nd	76⅜	76⅛	76⅜
American Locomotive	77½	76⅝	76⅝
Twin City R. T.	121⅝	119½	121⅜
M. K. & T.	40⅜	39⅝	39⅞
Great Northern	326¾	324⅜	324⅜
Denver	46¼	46	46

WALTER W. CARR, BROKER,
PRIVATE WIRES.
MANHATTAN BUILDING.
Phones 1805.
Reference—City National bank.

Unlisted Copper Letter.
Jan. 20, 1906.

	Bid	Asked
C. & A.	121	122½
C. & P.	37¼	38
L. S. & P.	50	51½
Junction	27½	28
P. & D.	.....	26
Black Mountain	12	13
Keweenaw	18	18½

Wire trouble badly interfered with our market service today. Look for a much better and broader market next week, with Calumet & Pittsburg the leader.

OPHIR TUNNEL
Looks Better.

According to our best information, the Ophir Tunnel company has purchased the Buckhorn mine, adjoining the Ophir Tunnel, and have consolidated the two properties into one, to be known as the Buckhorn Ore company. The new company will have three million shares, par value $1.00. One million shares go to the Ophir Tunnel company, share for share.

Therefore Ophir Tunnel stock is as good as Buckhorn Ore company stock.

The principal officers of the Buckhorn Ore company are slated as follows: President, A. D. Thomson, Duluth; vice-president, James A. Butchart, Duluth; secretary and treasurer, A. L. Kern, Milwaukee.

Ophir stock for sale at market price and more information for the asking.

Latest—The Salt Lake Herald of the 14th inst, says that R. M. Atwater, the new manager of the Buckhorn Ore company, left on the 13th for the company's property at Ophir to superintend the work.

Interesting developments are expected next week in regard to the organization of the Buckhorn Ore company.

H. E. SMITH & CO.,
William Kaiser, Manager.
Main floor Palladio Bldg. Phones—Zenith 686, Duluth 82-L.

Government bonds firm; railroad bonds irregular.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street.

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	113⅛	113⅜
American Dev. Co.	.....	19
Arcadian	373	.....
Atlantic	26½	26¾
Arcadian	4¾	5¼
Adventure	5½	.....
Allouez	45½	46
Bingham	34⅞	34⅞
Black Mountain	12	12½
Copper Range	85	85¼
Calumet & Hecla	700	710
Calumet & Arizona	121	122
Calumet & Pittsburg	36½	36
Centennial	29⅜	30½
Daly West	17½	18
Franklin	17¼	18
Granby	10	10¼
Green Cons	29¼	29⅜
Junction	27	27½
L. S. & P.	.....	50
Michigan	16½	16¾
Mayflower	1	1½
Mass	11¼	11½
Keweenaw	59	59¼
Mercur. Cons.	63c	65c
North Butte	88½	89
Old Dominion	40	40¾
Osceola	103	104
Phoenix	1¼	1½
Parrott	42½	43
P. & D.	.....	26
Quincy	111	112
Tamarack	7¾	8
Trinity	20	20¼
Utah	66¾	66⅞
United Copper	64	64½
Union Land	.....	3½
Victoria	7¼	7⅝
Wolverine	134	.....
Winona	7½	8
Warren	.....	28
Copper Queen	.....	39½
Keweenaw	18	18½
Boston Con.	31½	31⅝
Nevada Con	11¾	11¾
East Butte	9½	9¾
Sullivan	.....	3¼

Copper Gossip.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was rather a disappointing affair to the average trader, but on the whole it seems to us to have been handled very well. After the sharp spurt of Amalgamated, Anaconda and Copper Range last night, it looked like a runaway market today, but somebody supplied stocks freely at the opening and made a good broad market on which orders could be executed easily either to buy or sell. United States Mining new stock, both common and preferred, was listed today. The old stock can be traded in, but not quoted.

Treasury Balances.

Wahsington, Jan. 20.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $141,049,615; gold, $78,476,725; gold certificates, $34,893,950.

Midway Horse Market.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report: Horse trade brisk; consignments stronger and received in good condition; demand from outside is wholly for farm mares and horses; buyers report a scarcity in the country and prices promise to go to the above normal; all classes moving at the following values:

Drafters, extra	$155@220
Drafters, choice	150@185
Drafters, common to good	135@180
Farm ares, extra	155@170
Farm mares, choice	135@150
Farm mares, common to good	110@135
Drivers, extra	150@175
Drivers, choice	125@150
Delivery, choice	135@175
Delivery, common to good	100@135

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, Jan. 19.—Cattle, receipts, 400; steady; beeves, $4.60@6.25; cows, $1.25@4.35; heifers, $2.40@4.85; calves, $6@8; good to prime steers, $5.35@6.25; poor to medium, $3.50@5.30; stockers and feeders, $2.30@4.25. Hogs, receipts, 20,000; strong to shade higher; estimated for Monday, 52,000; mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.55; good heavy, $5.40@5.55; rough heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.25@5.47½; pigs, 4.80@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.50. Sheep, receipts, 2,000; steady; sheep, $3.50@6; yearlings, $6@6.75; lambs, $5.75@7.80.

Bank Statement.

New York, Jan. 20.—The statement of the clearing house banks

For Sale Real Estate

THE REAL BARGAINS. READ EVERY AD CAREFULLY. SOMETHING HERE TO SUIT.

Please Stop and Consider

The 100-foot front, northwest corner Third avenue west and Third street, with $7,000 modern house and 50 feet of ground unoccupied, a splendid location for flats; this piece of property for $11,000

Also 207 West Third street, 8-room house and 50-foot lot, lot alone is worth the price $4,500

The finest 50-foot lot on upper side Fifth street, near Lake avenue.

Interstate Land and Investment Company

Providence Building.

WINTER RESORTS.

Winter Resort

KENILWORTH INN

Biltmore near Asheville, N. C.

There is no scenery in the world that will compare with the view from this palace. Located on the highest point in Asheville. Surrounded by one of the finest parks of 100 acres with springs and winding macadamized paths. Mt. Mitchell in full view. Dry, invigorating climate, adjoining Biltmore Estate. Magnificently furnished, cuisine unsurpassed. Orchestra, golf, livery hunting and fishing.

Open all the year. Write for booklet.

EDGAR B. MOORE, Proprietor.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

CRUISE OF THE TROPICS

The S. S. PRETORIA, 3,300 tons, sails February 17th, 1906, on a special cruise, calling at Bermuda, San Juan (Porto Rico), St. Croix, St. Kitts, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, Trinidad, Jamaica, Havana and Nassau; length of cruise 39 days. Others Steamers for West Indies and Bermuda every ten days. For illustrated pamphlets giving rates and all information apply to A. E. Outerbridge & Co., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 38 Broadway, N. Y. A. Ahern, Secy., Quebec, Canada or Cook & Son, 234 So. Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	St. Paul. Minneapolis	†3:05 p.m
*4:00 p.m.	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m.	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	Appleton	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m.	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	* 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:30 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 6:25 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
* 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
* 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Union Depot and 132 West Superior Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN.

Leave		Arrive
† 6:20 a.m	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	† 9:59 p.m
* 3:50 p.m		* 2:00 p.m
*11:15 p.m		* 6:10 a.m
* 9:30 a.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast,	* 6:30 p.m
* 8:15 p.m		* 7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Swan River, Hibbing, Virginia	†12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	St. Cloud, Wilmar and Soo City	† 9:50 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44

All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail. All points East.	Ar. *8:55 a.m
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †8:40 p.m

*Daily †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS		M.	P. M
7:30	3:15	Lv.	Duluth	Ar	12:00 7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.	Virginia	Lv	8:10 3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv	8:00 3:30
11:55	7:4	Ar.	Ely	Lv	7:35 3:00
A.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays			A.M. P. M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:30
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:15
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:00
6:15	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:03
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	-----	12:20
7:10	10:37	Ar. Virginia Lv	7:00	12:40
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:47
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	-----	12:24
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	-----	12:02
6:56	10:50	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:17

Daily except Sunday

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

HOTEL LENOX

Most thoroughly equipped in the Northwest. Sanitation perfect. European, $1.00 and up. American, $2.00 and up.

THE ALVERADO

Formerly known as Cook's Hotel. Most reasonable rates in the city. Steam heat, baths. Best of service. John McLeod, Proprietor and manager. 219-221 West Superior Street.

Hotel Superior,

Superior, Wis.

Largest and finest Hotel of the City. Bus meets all trains. American Plan, $2.00 and $3.50. European Plan, $1.00 up.

New Building. New Equipment. RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

HOTEL McKAY

Cor. First Street and Fifth Avenue West, Duluth.

The Miller

222-224 W. Superior St.

American and European Plan

Fifty Homelike Rooms.

JOHN W. MILLER, Prop.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

Owner Leaving City

Will sell his residence at a bargain. Has nine rooms and bath, stone foundation, full basement and concrete floor, good heating plant, city water, gas, electric light and bells. In prime condition throughout. House will rent readily to permanent and desirable tenant for $40 per month.

Good barn on rear of lot, rented to permanent and desirable tenant for $20 per month.

Lot 50x140 feet to alley. Street, avenues and alley improved.

Price $6000 Centrally Located

5%—Money to Loan—5%

Julius D. Howard & Co

216 West Superior St.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE UNDER AM. EX. BANK. ESTABLISHED 1883

More West Enders

$2000 A fine lot 50x140, well located on West First street, with building. 47-16

$2000 A beautiful 50x140-foot lot on West Second street. 231-116

$650 Lot 50x100 feet on West Third street. 252-14

$500 Lot 40x100 feet on Eighteenth avenue west. 232-15

LOANS MADE NO DELAY

4½% 5%

Money to Loan

With On or Before Clause.

John A. Stephenson

WOLVIN BUILDING.

4½% Any Amount All Privileges NO DELAY! **5%**

MONEY TO LOAN

BY

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

5½% First Floor, Lonsdale Building. **6%**

LOANS

5% and 6%

All Privileges Given.

No Delay.

G. G. DICKERMAN & CO.

NO. 5 ALWORTH BLDG.

We Lend Money!

Lowest rates, easy terms. We make all kinds of building loans, as you need the money. We issue BONDS and write FIRE INSURANCE.

Cooley & Underhill,

208 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

ANOTHER SNAPPY DEAL.

One of the best—the very best—business corners on Fourth street. Partially improved with building that is worth $6,000—land worth $7,500—pays 4 per cent net and plenty of room for buildings that will make this a 15 per cent payer.

PRICE $8500

Exclusively for sale by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

$2000 Will handle a property paying 22 per cent, new building in first-class location, with very good prospects for a rise in value

$5500 For an eight-room brick dwelling on lot 50x140 feet with barn for four horses. House has all modern conveniences, including hot water heat. This is the best bargain offered in the city.

Call in and see us about the above.

C. P. CRAIG & CO.,

220 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WEEK AN ACTIVE ONE IN REAL ESTATE CIRCLES

Several Important Deals Are Closed, Including One Involving the Erection of $25,000 Livery Stable and One for Erection of New Dock and Shops.

The past week has shown marked activity in local real estate deals of importance, particularly so as it follows the usually quiet holiday period.

Aside from a lease of some East First street property for improvement purposes on a large scale, the purchase of some good dock property has been closed, on which a new dock and shops are to be erected this coming year.

Acreage has also been moving quite lively and a number of fairly large sales have been made not far from the city. Improvement plans for the coming season are continuing to develop from week to week and the prospects grow brighter for the investment of a great deal of money in Duluth building before the close of the year.

Announcement was made through The Herald during the week of the close of a long time lease by John M. Ford, for lot 8, East First street, a lot between Lake and First avenues east, where Charles Espenschied, of St. Louis, Mo., a large owner of Duluth realty, will erect for Mr. Ford a brick livery stable that is intended to be one of the most complete and elaborate improvements of the kind in the northwest. Mr. Espenschied, who is locally represented by R. B. Knox & Co., owns the East First street property on which the new building is to be built. Mr. Ford was represented in the negotiations by John A. Stephenson.

The new livery barn is to be a brick structure with stone trimmings, three stories high and will cost in the neighborhood of $25,000 to $30,000. The plans are now well under way by W. T. Bray, architect, and will be out for figures soon.

The barn will occupy a space 50 by 140 feet. The basement will be used for the stable. It will have concrete floors laid in sections and drained by gutters that connect with the sewers. This will permit of flushing of the entire floor by water. There will be stalls for more than 100 horses, each stall with a slate floor laid on top of the concrete.

A system of trolleys will be installed to carry feed and bedding to the stalls. The harness room on this floor will be of air-tight construction. On the main floor first floor will be the offices, roll room, wash room and the reception room with its fireplace, etc. This room will be made one of the special features.

An electric elevator will run to the second floor with a carrying capacity for the largest vehicle that will be placed in storage room there. On the second floor, also, will be located the feed room with chutes running to the stables, and the sleeping rooms for employes.

The building is to be ready for occupancy by July 1.

• • •

A second important deal practically closed this week was the purchase by William Clifford and Napoleon Grignon, president and vice president, respectively, of the Duluth-Superior Dredging company, of 200 feet of dockage property on slip 6, between Eleventh and Twelfth avenue west, for $8,000. The property is to be occupied by a dock and some shops. Lots 1 and 3, block 18, Bay Front addition, were purchased of Foster & Fisher, through the office of Stryker, Manley & Buck, for $5,000 and lots 5 and 7 were purchased of the First National Bank of Duluth for $3,000.

• • •

A deal in acreage of no small importance to interests in Duluth, although it does not concern St. Louis county lands, was the purchase that has been made by E. L. Bradley and associates of 2,160 acres of Cass county lands about twelve miles southwest of Grand Rapids, for a consideration said to be in the neighborhood of $20,000. The purchase was made of Iowa parties, who were represented by Charles F. Hopkins of this city.

The lands lie mostly in sections 23, 24 and 25-142-25 and are understood to have been bought for their mineral prospects as well as for their value as timber lands. At the present time, drills are being worked at two or more points in proximity to the lands purchased by Mr. Bradley and there are many who believe that a new iron district is likely to be opened in that locality.

• • •

Since the first of the current year the Boston & Duluth Farm Land company has had a heavy demand for land in the vicinity of Mahtowa, Corona, Atkinson, Carlton and Sawyer, in Carlton county, and has disposed of between 5,000 and 6,000 acres. The coal and iron excitement in that county has had a very stimulating effect on the land business and prices are said to be steadily advancing. Considerable land for agricultural purposes is being sold in Carlton and St. Louis county, among the sales in the latter county being an 80-acre tract near Pitt Lake, to E. Eastman, for $560.

• • •

Another farm land sale of interest is that of 80 acres in Colbyville, from Clara B. Snively to A. H. Hale, for $4,000. The property is described as the south half of the southeast quarter of section 31-61-13.

• • •

Charles H. Maginnis has sold his residence at 1020 East Second street to J. W. Comstock, a lumber broker, for $7,500. Mr. Comstock has been renting the property since last May.

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Wardwell Ames has purchased of the Van Sant Land company lots 7 and 8, block 68, Endion, for $4,200.

• • •

Deeds have been filed this week, running from J. Doran to H. P. Upham, transferring some lots in blocks 60, 62, 70 and 72, Duluth Proper, Third division and others in block 58, Portland, for $10,000, also some acreage in section 28-50-14 for $15,000.

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Among the large sales recorded of range property this week was the transfer by Max Shapiro to Henrietta Talboys of some business property in block 32, Eveleth, for $7,000.

• • •

Architect W. T. Bray is preparing plans for a new city hall at Eveleth, that will cost in the neighborhood of $20,000. The building will be of brick, two stories high, with basement, and will be thoroughly up-to-date in every respect. It will occupy a ground space of 46 by 91 feet.

The basement will contain the fuel rooms, workshop, battery room and a fireproof storage vault and store room. The fire department and police department will occupy the first floor. There will be the stables, and two cell rooms, and an office for the chief of police. The cell rooms will contain two and six cells respectively. On the second floor will be the municipal court room, the council chamber and various city offices. The building will be erected on the present site of the old city hall.

• • •

Mr. Bray is also getting out plans for a 9-room brick residence, at the southeast corner of Twenty-third avenue east and Second street, for I. S. Moore. The house will be very attractive in design, and will number among the other fine homes that have been erected in the East end district the past few years. The building is to be ready for occupancy by next fall.

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The decorators are putting on the finishing touches to the handsome residence that has been erected at Twenty-fifth avenue east and First street for H. F. Williamson, and he expects to move in very shortly. Mr. Williamson has purchased the lot in the rear of his new house, and will have an unobstructed view of the lake and harbor. The house has been b uilding the past fall and winter on plans prepared by W. T. Bray.

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Another new East end residence that will be ready for occupancy in about a month is that built for George H. Mance, at the southeast corner of Seventeenth avenue east and Superior street.

• • •

The Fitger Brewing company is said to be getting out plans for a new brick block at Virginia.

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The First Methodist church congregation has received the offer of a lot for the erection of a parsonage. It is proposed to erect a dwelling costing about $10,000.

• • •

W. G. Putman of Massachusetts has bought a site on West Michigan street and will erect a two-story business structure this coming spring that will cost about $30,000.

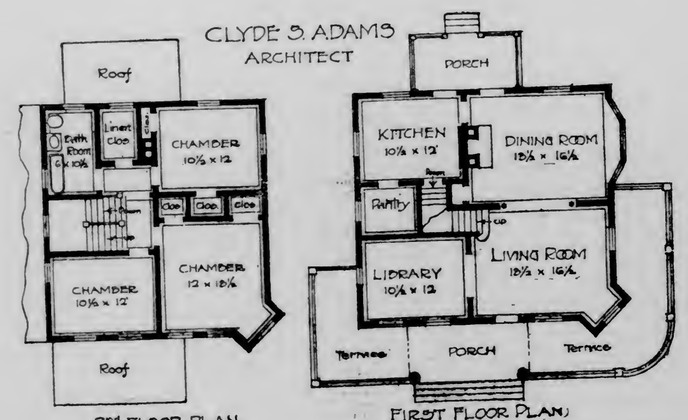
• • •

Transfers for the week were as follows:

John S. Morgan to Stryker, Manley & Buck, west 25 feet of east 25 feet of lot 307, block 54, D. P., Second division	4,500
John Nolan, et ux, to Peter Murphy, w½ ne¼, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, section 25, 52-14	1,200
John H. Reed to Chas. M. Morris, lot 8, block 16, Harrington's addition	1
Western Land association to Clyde Iron Works, lots 13, 14, 15 and s½ lot 16, block 1, Industrial division	5,250
Western Land association to Clyde Western Land association to John S. Morgan, west 25 feet of east 25 feet of lot 307, block 54, D. P., Second division	4,500
First National Bank of Duluth to Margaret E. Clifford, et al, lots 5 and 7, block 18, Bay Front division, First rearrangement	3,000
Max Shapiro, et al, to Henrietta Talboys, north 78 feet of lots 44, 45 and 46, block 32, Eveleth	7,000
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to John McAlpine, se¼ se¼, section 20, 57-19	350
James A. Robb, et al, to F. C. Talboys, lots 31 and 32, block 7, Chisholm	1,000
State of Minnesota to D., M. & N. Railway company, right of way over lot 1, section 16, 52-18, and other lands	759
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to Charles H. Maginnis, sw¼ nw ¼, section 12-60-21	200
Edgar W. Markell et al to M. Quigley, lot 13, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth	1
R. J. MacDonald to Malcolm McDonald, lot 14, block 18, MacFarlane's Grassy Point addition	1
Nicholas Lumber company to James H. Murphy, timber on ne ¼ nw¼, nw¼ ne¼, sw¼ nw¼, se¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ and ne¼ se ¼, section 21-52-18	5,500
James H. Murphy et ux to Johnson-Wentworth company, timber on same	6,900
Mueller Lumber company to same, nw¼ nw¼, section 32; ne¼ ne¼, section 15-60-21	500
F. W. Mueller et al to Virginia Lumber company, timber on sw¼ nw¼, section 12; ne¼ sw¼, section 9; nw¼ sw¼, section 15; ne? nw ¼, se? sw¼, section 29; ne¼ sw¼, section 15; lot 1, section 15; lot 2, section 29; lot 2, section 9; lot 2, section 15; lot 1, section 22-60-21	5,250
Charles R. Smith to C. A. Goodyear, sw¼ ne¼, s½ se¼, section 1-65-20, and other lands	210,000
Daniel McDonell et ux to J. Q. A. Crosby, und. ½ n½ nw¼, section 18-60-16	1
John Chesser et ux to George Rupley, ne¼ ne¼, section 19-60-13	525
G. W. Peters et al to Benjamin Shapiro, lot 6, block 121½, auditor's rearrangement of part of Portland	500
Erick Bjorklund et ux to Charles J. Traff, e½ sw¼ ne¼ sw¼, section 27-51-14	250
The Duluth Home & Garden company to C. J. Traff, e½ nw¼ ne¼ sw¼, section 27-51-14	200
Jaakop Matison to John Maki, se¼ nw¼, section 15-60-16	100
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to S. S. Hough, lots 3 ad 4, block 45, Eveleth	700
Oscar L. Mather to F. P. Sheldon, timber on lot 4, sw¼ sw¼, section 2-65-16	900
Interstate Land & Investment company to E. R. Salter, lot 6, block 32, Dodge addition	110
Southside Realty company to J. G. Vivian, lots 5 and 6, block 98, Virginia	200
J. R. McKay et al to Northern Lumber company, lot 1, ne¼ nw¼ w½ ne¼, lots 4, e½ sw¼, nw¼ se¼, section 19-55-16, n½ se¼, s½ ne¼, section 24-56-17	3500
C. G. Shipman et al to W. T. James, lots 6 and 7, section 21, and lots 6, 7, 8 and 19, section 22-63-13 and other lands	1
E. DeF. Barnett assignee to J. M. Hawthorne, lot 14, block 57, West Duluth, Second Division	14
P. R. Bentson to Ingeborg Bentson, und. ½, lot 13, block 1, Endion	1
Thos. J. Walsh et al to H. E. Torinue, lot — and 2, e½ sw¼, section 20-62-14	14
M. L. Copland to E. D. Nelson, metes and bounds in sections 28-51-14	1
F. A. Robinson, trustee to John Bergstrom, lot 5, block 50, Eveleth	250
Van Sant Land company to Wardwell Ames, lot 7 and 8, block 68, Endion	4,200
James Doran et ux to H. P. Upham, lot 107 to 112, block 60, 62 and 70, lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 137 and 139, block 72, Duluth proper, Third division; lots 3, 4 and 5, block 58, Portland	10,000
Joseph Doran et ux to H. P. Upham, ne¼ ne¼ sw¼, w½ ne¼ sw ¼, e½ nw¼, sw¼ sw¼, nw¼ sw¼, section 28-50-14	15,000
Duluth Universal Mill Co. to W. J. Jennison, lot 11 and 13, block 21, Bay Front division	1
Berlah Magoffin, Jr. to W. J. Greene, lot 19, block 9, Proctor	119
Isabella Arthur et mar to same, lot 17 and 18, same	1,400
E. D. Nelson et mar to Chas. Belanger, part of se¼ ne¼, section 28-51-14	670
John Chesser et ux to George Rupley, e½ se¼, section 13-59-12	1
George Rupley et ux to Guaranty Farm Land Co., lots 2 and 3, section 18-60-18; se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼, section 13-60-19	1
K. Olson et mar to Elizabeth Meyer, southerly 46 2-3 feet of lots 1, 2 and 3, block 85, Portland	1
George H. Craig et ux to Jennie H. Sherman, e½ of lot 299, block 71, Duluth Proper, Second division	1,450
Pat Greaney to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on undivided ½ of se¼ ne¼, section 7-59-17	175
Michael Kelley et ux to T. H. Irwin et al, timber on se¼ ne¼, section 7-59-17	1
Pat Greaney to Virginia Lumber Co., timber on sw¼ ne¼, se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw and nw¼ se¼, section 12-59-18	850
George H. Gamble et ux to Mulvey & McClure Land & Timber company, timber on se¼ se¼, section 20; lots 2 and 3, section 23; lot 1, section 28-57-15	2,000
St. Anthony Lumber company to I. T. Burnside, s½ sw¼, section 26-50-21	25
W. F. Leggett et ux to Frank Hicks, ne¼ section 22-62-12	1
Frank Hicks et ux to Frank Hicks, ne¼ section 22-62-12	1
Frank Hicks et ux to W. F. Leggett, und ½ ne¼ section 22-62-12	1
Masaba Improvement company to Peter Machek, lot 24, block 19, Sparta	140
F. H. Frerker et ux to J. O. Johnson, nw¼ ne¼, se¼ ne¼ section 30-50-15	1,700
Clara B. Snively to A. H. Hale, s½ se¼, section 31-61-13	4,000
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to E. Eastman, w½ sw¼ section 17-51-15	560
Chisholm Improvement Co. to Joseph Glaboker, lot 9, block 21, Chisholm	200
H. A. Scarlett et ux to T. A. Scarlett, lot 30, block 19, Marine addition	800
William Merrill et ux to Fred Merrill, nw¼ se¼, section 8-64-16	1
John H. Hickey to Vermilion Lumber Co., lot 2, sw¼ ne¼, section 4-62-16	600
Oriental Granite & Iron Co., to Fred Merrill, timber on lot 4, section 2-59-14	600
A. J. Lammer et al to same, lot 3, section 1, lot 1 and 2, section 2, se¼ nw¼, ne¼ sw¼, nw¼ sw¼, section 4-62-17	2,354
A. J. Lammers et al to Fred Merrill, timber on s½ ne¼, ne¼ sw¼, nw¼ se¼, section 29-63-16	1,418
A. J. Lammers et al to Fred Merrill, timber on lot 4 and 5, section 3, lot 1, se¼ ne¼, section 4, s½ sw¼, section 4, n½ nw¼, section 9-62-17	2,127
John Owens et ux to H. C. Withrow, lot 1, section 25-63-18	6
C. H. Taylor to F. B. Myers, lots 1, 2 block 9; lots 1, 2, 3, block 10, Biwabik	1,000

An Attractive Cottage for $2,455





This cottage is somewhat different in style from any recent suggestions, but has many pleasing qualities. The exterior is of shingles and pebble dash construction, which is always desirable and assures a pleasing and satisfactory facade. The interior, which is finished in hardwood throughout, is the result of much thought, as you will observe by a careful study of the above plans. On the first floor there are the following rooms: living room, dining room, library, kitchen and pantry, all good sized rooms provided with plenty of light and cheerful throughout.

The second story has three large bed rooms all plentifully provided with closets, also bath room which is unusually large, and adjoins a specious linen closet. This floor is provided with excellent ventilation throughout.

The following figures give the itemized cost of construction:

Digging	$70	Painting and glazing	200
Stone work	160	Shingle roofing	75
Cement floor	25	Plastering	200
Carpentering	450	Brickwork	7
Paper and nails	25	Plumbing	160
Millwork	400	Hot air heating	100
Hardware	60	Range	40
Lumber	475		$2,455

SOME BARGAINS

$2800 for 2-story frame with brick basement and stone foundation, containing three flats, renting for $32.50 per month, city water and sewer in each flat, near Garfield avenue and below Second street. (3930)

$3600 for 100x140 feet at corner of Twelfth avenue east and Fourth street. (429)

$2400 for 50x130 feet on upper side of Fourth street near Sixth avenue east. (431)

$1800 Nice little home at Lakeside, 7 rooms, electric light, on street car line, two 50-foot lots. (4004)

$2000 Good 7-room house on Forty-seventh avenue east, city water, sewer, electric light, good barn, lot 70x100 feet, easy payments. (1902)

$200 for lot 50x150 near Cascade square. (583)

$500 for fine 50-foot lots on Grand avenue in Oneota.

Many other bargains on our list. Stores, Houses and Flats for rent. Money to loan.

Stryker, Manley & Buck

$1200 Fifty foot lot, East Third street; excellent location.

$1400 Two lots (100x140) corner, on East Superior street, upper side—fine building site.

$400 Lot (25x140) on East Sixth street.

$4500 Eight room house (lot 50x140) very central.

$700 Two lots (25x140 each) West Third street, near Thirtieth.

30 acres fine garden and dairy land within two miles from postoffice.

11½ acres, two miles from city, on Hermantown road, fine garden land.

A. H. W. ECKSTEIN & CO.

401 Exchange Bldg. Zen. 'phone, 338. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

HAVE YOUR

Fire Insurance

WRITTEN BY

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Building.

EASY TERMS.

For Sale—Seven-room house No. 318 E. Seventh Street, lot 50 x 140—

$1800

PULFORD, HOW & CO.

309 Exchange Bldg.

R. B. Knox & Co.

FIRE INSURANCE
ACCIDENT INSURANCE
BURGLAR INSURANCE

Loans, Real Estate, Rentals

Room 1, Exchange Bldg.

$7500 will buy almost new modern home in beautiful location. Has 9 rooms, oak floors and finish, laundry, gas, and all the modern accessories. See us about it.

$2700 buys a good home in Lakeside, 8 rooms, water, sewer, bath, furnace heat, electric light, full basement, stone foundation, corner lot near car line. This is a snap.

$2650 will buy another home of 8 rooms, all modern improvements except heat, upper corner near car line, fine view.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city. Acre property our specialty.

EATON & WHARTON

Both 'Phones. Lonsdale Building.

If Your Job is Growing "Shaky" and the fault's not yours, get in the market for a "steady position" through a Herald want ad.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE.

	Old Phone.	New Phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Fuel Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	236	485
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & Le Borious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
ELECTRIC CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Con. Stamp & Print. Co.	702-K	755
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	983
STOVE REPAIR WORKS—		
C. F. Wiggerts & Son	1154-K	554
GOLD AND SILVER PLATING—		
Duluth Plating Works	780	780

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOOKS CORRECTLY WRITTEN UP and audited by expert accountant. Address Auditor, Evening Herald.

BOY OF 17 YEARS OF AGE WANTS any kind of work, has some experience in driving delivery meat wagon. 703 Garfield avenue.

YOUNG MAN DESIRES POSITION AS assistant bookkeeper; can furnish best of references and is a good penman. M 31, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG single man as poultry man on poultry farm. Address A. H. Bell, 4632 London road, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—SEWING IN TAILOR SHOP. Call or address 1122 East Fifth street.

YOUNG MAN WITH REFERENCES would like a position in store or employment office or other light work. Speaks Finnish. J. H. Michaelson, 327 West Fourth street.

BOOKS OPENED, ENTERED UP AND balanced; accounts rendered. Expert bookkeeper. M 98, Herald.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED.

WANTED — BY MAN WITH REFERences, board and room for the winter. Address with location and best terms. D. B. Cook, care of Herald.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss:
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 13th, 1906.
In the Matter of the Estate of Daniel S. Cash, Deceased.
On reading and filing the petition of James Cash, representing among other things that said Daniel S. Cash died siezed of certain real estate, situate in the County of S., Louis, and State of Minnesota, particularly described in said petition, in which said real estate said petitioner has and claims an interest, that said deceased died intestate, and that more than five years have passed since the death of said decedent, and that no administration has been granted in this state upon the estate of said decedent, and praying that a decree of this Court be made assigning and distributing said real estate to the persons thereunto entitled under said decedent.
It Is Ordered that said petition be heard by this Court on Monday, the 5th day of February, A. D. 1906, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Probate office in said county.
And It Is Further Ordered, that notice hereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.
Dated at Duluth, the 13th day of January, A. D. 1906.
By the Court:
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 13-20-27.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.
In Probate Court, Special Term, January 4th, 1906.
In the Matter of the Estate of Gust Fredell, Deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Emelia Fredell of Superior, of the County of Douglas, Wisconsin, representing, among other things, that Gust Fredell, late of the County of Douglas in the State of Wisconsin, on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1903, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of Douglas County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this St. Louis County, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Emelia Fredell granted;
It Is Ordered, That said petition be heard before said Court on Monday, the 29th day of January, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate Office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.
Ordered Further, That notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.
Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 4th day of January, A. D. 1906.
By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 6-13-20.

SUMMONS IN APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of the application of John Jenswold, Jr., to register the title to the following described real estate situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, namely: Lot 9 in block 20, Hunter's Grassy Point Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof,
Applicant,
vs.
All persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,
Defendants.
The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:
You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant in the above entitled proceeding and to file your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and, if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant in this proceeding will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.
Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1906.
J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.
(Seal of Dist. Ct., St. Louis Co., Minn.)
JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney for Applicant.
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 13-20-27, '06.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE AND RENTAL AGENCIES.

Wm. Prindle Co., Lonsdale building.
John A. Stephenson, Wolvin building.
Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 W. Sup. St.
L. A. Larson & Co., 102 Providence 'Phones 253.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NO. 1925 WEST THIRD street, six rooms, water and heat free. $35 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 503 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM; MODern conveniences. Call 311 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN; RENT reasonable. 204 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, bath, electric light, furnace heat. $3.50 per month. 456 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS, AT 611 East Fifth street. Inquire John Ganska, 431 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FRONT room, central, suitable for two gentlemen. Room 18, Dodge block.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE FRONT rooms, modern, very light housekeeping allowed. 307 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH bath and tableboard for two gentlemen, private family, low rates. X 67, Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping; steam heat, hot water, bath and gas. No. 7 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED FURNished room by week or month. 423 W. Third, Bestwick, Flat B.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE ROOMS furnished or unfurnished. 5 South Fifth avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 134 Mesaba avenue.

FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE FOR two gentlemen, with board or without. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. 528 West Second street.

FOR RENT — WARM, COMFORTABLY furnished room for gentlemen; modern house; $6 a month. 458 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR SALE— PAYING ROOMING house, fourteen rooms, all rented; new furniture; splendid location; bargain if taken at once. Inquire 611 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — THE CLUB RESTAUrant, located at 217 West Superior street, including all fixtures; capacity, fifty people, and a good living room; will rent cheap until May 1 to good tenant. Inquire downstairs, or P. Benetcau, Pioneer Press building, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR RENT — PARTLY FURNISHED house, 1027 East Third street; rent $15. Inquire 229 West Fourth street, evenings.

A COUPLE OF FURNISHED APARTments, central location, for March and April; suitable for man and wife or young married couple. Apply 206 Alworth building.

SEVEN ROOM HOUSE—$19.00 PER month including water. Call, 616 East Fourth Street.

SEVEN-ROOM, MODERN HOUSE, new, London road, Lakeside. $30 per month. J. B. Greenfield, 503 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—A SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE in the East end. Charles P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — NINE-ROOM HOUSE, Park terrace, Eighth avenue west and First street; strictly modern; steam heat included. Apply 205 Lyceum building.

BOARD OFFERED.

PLEASANT, WARM ROOM WITH board for two. All modern conveniences; 'phone, etc. 226 East Third St.

ROOM AND BOARD. 318 WEST SECond street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED large south room in modern house; steam heat, at $23.50 per month; central. Address M 94, Herald.

COME TO THE DACOTAH HOUSE, 117-119 West Second street, for A1 board and room; table board only if so desired. Furnace heat, porcelain bath, nice large closets in all rooms. Zenith 'phone 1445.

ROOM AND BOARD, 517 WEST FIRST street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms. 123 East First street.

BOARD AND ROOM, 305 E. THIRD ST.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—NEW SIX-ROOM HOT water heated flat, modern conveniences. I. G. Poterek, 122 E. 4th St. Both Phones.

THREE ROOM FLAT, $10.00 PER month; city water included. Seaton Terrace, 505 W. Michigan St.

FOR RENT — PLEASANT 7-ROOM flat, 1502 London road. Inquire 410 Palladio.

FOR RENT — THREE-ROOM FLAT, water, light and sewer. Rent $15 per month. C. H. Graves & Co., first floor, Torrey building.

FOR RENT—STORE BUILDING, FLAT and barn; fine location for saloon; first-class repair. Thomas W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST YESTERDAY — BROWN FUR gauntlet for left hand. Leave at or 'phone Yale laundry for reward.

LOST—LADY'S GOLD WATCH AND clover chatelain pin between 6th Ave. E. on Superior St. and Marshall-Wells. Return to Seekin's, the Florist, West Superior St., for reward.

LOST—LARGE SETTER DOG. RETurn to 9 Oxford street. Hunter Park.

LOST—GARNET STICK PIN, THREE large stones, and three small ones, clover leaf pattern, Tuesday night. Return to W. E. W., 321 West First St. Reward.

LOST—PEARL SUNBURST PIN—OPAL center. Liberal reward offered. Mrs. C. H. Stang, 317 East First street.

LOST — YESTERDAY AFTERNOON, lady's silver watch and fob, from Dul. Music Co., down Third avenue West to Lakeside car to Tenth avenue East, then to Second street. Finder please return to Herald office.

HAIR DRESSING.

MANICURING. ELECTROLYSIS. FAcial massage. Miss Kelly, opposite Glass Block.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HERALD "WANTS" BRING QUICK RESULTS

One cent a word each insertion. No advertisement accepted for less than 15 cents for a single insertion. Ads for one month, $1.00 per line. No advertisement taken for less than two lines.
When desired in place of an address, an advertisement can be addressed to a number, care The Herald, and the answers called for, and the answers for out-of-town advertisements will be forwarded.
Telephone your ads to The Herald. Both phones, 324.

LOAN OFFICES.

WE LOAN MONEY ON WATCHES, diamonds and all articles of value. Established the longest. The most reliable up-to-date place in the city. All business strictly confidential. Fire and burglar-proof safes. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY LOANED ON FURNIture, Pianos, Cattle, Horses, Wagons and all kinds of personal property; also to salaried people on their own notes. Easy payments.
WESTERN LOAN COMPANY,
621 Manhattan Building.
New phone, 935. Old phone, 759-R.

MONEY ADVANCED ON PLAIN notes; also furniture, pianos, horses, etc., at lowest rates and easiest terms.
MINNESOTA LOAN CO.
205 Palladio.

SPECIAL RATE LOANS
On your plain note, no endorsers. This new plan pays both interest and principal.
$10 pay 50c weekly or $2.00 month.
$15 pay 75c weekly or $3.00 month.
$20 pay $1.00 weekly or $4.00 month.
$30 pay 1.50 weekly or $6.00 month.
$40 pay $2.00 weekly or $8.00 month.
$50 pay $2.25 weekly or $9.00 month.
Offices very private. Call and see us.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs and all goods of value, from $1 to $1,000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street. Look for electric sign. Established 1887.

MONEY TO LOAN ON RIFLES AND shotguns. We keep all guns until next season before they are sold. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

UNION LOAN CO. makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own notes, without security; easy payments. Offices in fifty-one cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

MEDICAL.

FOR WOMEN ONLY—DR. RAYMOND'S Pills, Women's Monthly Regulator, has brought happiness to thousands of anxious women; no pain, no danger. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2 by mail. Raymond's Monthly Regulator in liquid, $3. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy company, Room 27, 84 Adam street, Chicago, Ill.

CONSTIPATION AND INDIGESTION cured quickly at home without the use of drugs, diet, massage, etc.; never fails. Full particulars will be sent free. Address John Olson, D. P., 44 Laflin St., Chicago, Ill.

PALMIST.

CONSULT GIRARD, MATTERS OF business and domestic affairs. Parlors next to Bijou.

ARCHITECTS.

FRANK L. YOUNG & CO., 202 Pal. Bldg.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—DR. STRICTLAND'S MONTHly Remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free. Send stamp for particulars. Crown Chemical Co., Box 93, Milwaukee, Wis.

LADIES—SEND 10c FOR PARTICUlars about "protector." Box 242, Minneapolis.

MARRY—IF YOU NEED A GOOD WIFE with farm, home or money or a husband with good home and income write us for particulars. Home & Comfort, Toledo, Ohio.



PURE, SAFE AND SURE!
Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

MISS MABLE ROSSMAN, 12 YEARS old, does fine work in hand-painted china and solicits your orders. Call or address No. 2241 Oxford street and Woodland avenue.

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHEREabouts of Sydney Berstein; was last seen in Duluth May, 1904. Address Mrs. Berstein, 117 Bayard street, Dayton, Ohio.

STOVE REPAIRS.

DULUTH STOVE REPAIR WORKS, 217 East Superior street. Both 'phones.

AGENTS WANTED.

McKINLEY FOUNTAIN PEN 25c. TO introduce my new catalogue of novelties. Send at once and own a good pen. Offer limited. Revere Supply Co., Box 602, A., Milwaukee, Wis.

WANTED—RELIABLE MAN OR WOMan to travel for manufacturing concern; specialty line; permanent employment; chances for advancement; salary $18.00 per week and expenses; expenses advanced. F. B. Cornwall, Duluth, Minn.

SATIN TOILET SPECIALTIES.

Satin skin powder doesn't show. Perfumes the skin. Flesh, white, pink, brunette.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

FOR SALE MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—DISSOLVING STEREOPTIcon, also Edison moving picture machine and stereoptican combined. Five hundred plain and colored slides, including lecture sets, song slides, etc., in lots to suit, at half price. Richards & Birch, 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE — SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, $1,000, 122 East Eighth street. Inquire 817 East Seventh street. New 'phone 684.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—NEW CUTTER. 7 Twelfth avenue west.

FOR SALE—NEW HOISTING ENGINES cheap; with or without boiler. One 7x10, one 8x10, one 10x12. All double cylinder, double drum. Clyde Iron Works.

FOUR NEW GASOLINE ENGINES FOR sale cheap if taken at once, sizes 3, 6, 4 and 2½ horse power. Address M 25, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHURN DRILL OUTFIT, now two miles north of Biwabik, at much less than cost. 416 Lyceum building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—CORRECT MAPS OF CUYuna Iron Range. Morrison, 416 Torrey building.

NEAT LITTLE HOME, WALKING DISTance, East End; bath, gas, etc.; easy terms; enough income to cover interest and repairs; price $1,850 if purchased direct from owner. Write L. B. 252 P. O.

RAILS CUT TO LENGTH FOR CONtractors. Switches, frogs, crossings and track material. M. Mitshkun Co. Detroit, Mich.

PONY SLEIGH—AT A BARGAIN. Address M 92, Herald.

WANTED—EVERYBODY ON RURAL delivery route to see the new government approved mail box. Joseph E. Fox, 628 West Superior street.

NEAT LITTLE HOME, WALKING DISTance, East end; bath, gas, etc.; easy terms; enough income to cover interest and repairs; price $1,850 if purchased direct from owner. Write L. B., 252 P. O.

FOR SALE—A FEW VERY DESIRable lots at beautiful Solon Springs. Will make it a bargain to any one taking them all for cash, but would sell singly. Address W 2, Herald.

FOR SALE—A LADY'S BADGER FUR cape, new; 1 first class cook stove and other articles. Room 18, Dodge block.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.
HOWARD, FARWELL & CO.,
Hunter block, 17 West Superior St.
W. J. Allen, Local Manager.
EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

WE OWN 5,000 ACRES MINERAL lands in Crow Wing county, Minn., for sale cheap; all lands adjoining now leased to iron ore companies. Bank of Borup, Minn.

SKIS, GENUINE NORWEGIAN STYLE, all sizes. J. W. Nelson, 5 E. Sup. St.

THE GOPHER SHOE REPAIR WORKS does it while you wait.

HORSES FOR SALE.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

RECEIVED — TWO CARLOADS OF logging horses; prices lowest. L. Hammel Company.

CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

SUITS PRESSED, 40c; PANTS, 15c; TWO for 25c. Toback, 31 East Superior street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 129 West Superior street.

MUSICAL.

Piano lessons at your home by competent teacher. Latest and best methods. 25c a lesson. Address V 35, Herald.

Watch Repairing and Engraving.

W. S. W. BLAKE, WATCHMAKER. Kugler's drug store, 108 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Formerly with F. D. Day & Co.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE — FIRST-CLASS DRUG store, location good, in Duluth, for cash; other information later. S 3, Herald.

THERE IS A GOOD OPENING FOR A restaurant and boarding house in a rapidly growing village in St. Louis county. No competition; experienced parties can get full inforamtion by addressing R and E., Herald.

CORPORATION CONTROLLING BUSIness established 1865, desires services of energetic business man to manage branch office. Investment $1,000 upwards. References regarding ability and integrity required. Salary $2,500 annually and commissions. Address Box 536, Madison, Wis.

WANTED—RESPONSIBLE MAN TO manage branch office and depot for large coffee and spice company owning its own mills; salary up to $200 monthly and commissions; references and investment of $1,000 required. Address Manager, 18 River St., Chicago.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business, no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale, send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313-X Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

$2,500 WILL BUY A GOOD BUSINESS well located in Duluth, averaging $2,500 per month, paying a net profit of $300 per month. A first-class proposition for a first-class party. Address St. Louis County Realty company, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—HORSE FOR THE FEED during winter; best care. M 93, Herald.

ANY ONE THAT WANTS TO BUY city property, timber or mineral land, call on A. P. Froeberg, 216 Sixty-fourth avenue, West Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FORTUNE TOLD FREE—SEND A TWO cent stamp, name, address, birthdate, and I will tell your Fortune Free. I tell more than all others and it comes true. Please try me and see. Jose Irving, Dept. 23, Box 98, Hammond, Ind.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—BY YOUNG MARried couple, no children, small modern detached house in East end. M 28, Herald.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—TWO HARNESSMAKERS. J. H. Constantine, 104 West First street.

WANTED — NON-UNION PLUMBERS and helpers. Address M 27, Herald.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY — FIRST-class trousermaker; also vestmaker; steady employment for competent men. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — A REGISTERED SCANdinavian pharmacist. Apply at the White Swan Drug store.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED MAN to take charge of wall paper department Apply at once, Fremuth's.

$80 A MONTH SALARY AND EXPENses to men with rig, to introduce our Guaranteed Poultry and stock Remedies. Send for contract; we mean business and furnish best references. G. R. Bigler Co., X 525, Springfield, Ill.

DELIVERYMAN WANTED — CALL evenings. 207 West Superior street.

MANAGER—Man of strong executive ability and of broad business experience for responsible position in large manufacturing company; must have A1 record to receive consideration; salary depends on man. HAPGOODS, 311 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis.

ENGINEERS, ELECTRICIANS, FIREmen, machinists, etc. Send for new 52-page pamphlet containing questions asked by examining board of engineers; sent free. George A. Zeller Book Co., 313 S. 4th, St. Louis.

WANTED — COMPETENT ELEVATOR boy. Apply Gray-Tallant Co.

WANTED — COMPETENT MEAT AND pastry cook for restaurant. Telephone 405. Room 41.

WANTED—TEAMSTER. GOOD MAN, Monday morning; one who lives in West Duluth preferred. National Iron Company.

FIFTY STATION MEN FOR WASHington, 14 to 29c yard—ship Monday night. Free fare. E. Downie, Western Labor & Supply Co.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO LEARN the sporting goods business. Apply in person. Kelley Hdw. Co., Monday a. m.

WANTED—A BRIGHT BOY TO WORK in store and deliver. 24 Third Ave. W.

WANTED—A GOOD SCANDINAVIAN boy, about 15 or 16 years of age, at the White Swan Drug store.

MEN WANTED—TO STOP USING OLD fashioned mixtures, such as Bals, Copaiba, Sandalwood Oil, etc. Get the new cure, "Mexican Oil Treatment," for $1.25. Sold only at "Guarantee Drug Store," 620 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

500 MEN $4.00 DAILY PERMANENT—pass circulars, tack signs—no canvassing. Continental Distributing Co., Chicago.

MEN—EVERYWHERE TO DISTRIBUte our samples, $3 daily, steady, no canvassing. "Oliver," Monroe Building, Chicago.

CAPABLE SALESMAN TO COVER Minnesota with staple line, high commissions with $100 monthly advance. Permanent position to right man. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

TRAVELING SALESMAN TO SELL TO retail stores our own makes of Spring Dress Goods, Shirtings, etc., on commission. Good side line. South Philadelphia Woolen Co., Box 1341, Philadelphia.

DETECTIVES—SHREWD MEN WANTed in every community to act under our instructions; previous experience not necessary. Send for free book of particulars. Grannum's Detective Bureau, A, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—SALESMEN OF ABILITY and neat appearance to call on all merchants in their territory; elegant side line convenient to carry; good commissions; prompt remittance. Belmont Mfg. Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED — SCANDINAVIAN YOUNG man willing to work, with steady habits; good references and familiar with taking orders and delivering. Must be able to get and hold trade. One acquainted in East end and Lakeside preferred; $60 per month to right party. No barn work. S 2, Herald.

100 LABORERS AND STATION MEN, Chicago & Northwestern railroad, near Green Bay, Wis.; all winter; sandy country. Laborers, teamsters and station men for new railroad work in Minnesota; all winter; fare. Woods crews, pulpwood cutters, cedar cutters, extra gangs; South; city work, etc. National Employment company, 421 West Michigan street.

GOVERNMENT CIVIL SERVICE EXaminations will be held in this state during March and April. Full information and questions recently used by the civil service commission, free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.
Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED EVERYWHERE — HUSTLers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS. APPLY D. W. Dibell, Bay View Power House.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Now is the time to prepare for the "busy season." Write for "free" 111 catalog. Moler Barber Col., Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—STEAM SHOVEL MEN, ENgineers, cranemen, firemen and dinky runners; standard wages; steady work. Apply or write, Duluth Employment company.

WANTED—MACHINE SHOP BLACKsmith for heavy work. Apply National Iron company, Duluth, Minn.

MAN TO DELIVER GROCERIES. E. M. McEwen, Proctor.

WANTED—CANT HOOK MEN, UNloading logs; steady work for good men. Apply foot of L avenue, Superior, near Murray-McCann mill. Edw. Hines Lumber company.

WANTED—FOR THE UNITED STATES marine corps, unmarried men between the ages of 21 and 35, able-bodied, of good character and temperate habits, citizens of the United States, or who legally declare their intention to become such; must speak, read and write English, marines serve at sea, on men-of-war, in all parts of the world, on land in our island possessions and at navy yards in the United States. Recruits desiring service in the Philippine islands may be enlisted accordingly. Apply at 5 South Fifth avenue west, Duluth.

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES' SUITS, FANCY WAISTS, Shirt Waists and Dresses. Orders taken for one week at reduced prices. Mrs. Reed, No. 7 West Superior St., Room 1.

TIMBER LANDS. V 9, HERALD.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 2703 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call 127 West Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT UNDERwear and hosiery saleslady. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1411 London road.

LADIES—TO DO PIECEWORK AT home; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 E. Monroe, Chicago.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1132 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL TO HELP with housework; none but a good girl need appy. 223 Eleventh Ave. East.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1715 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD LAUNDRESS LIVING in clean neighborhood, to take home washing for family of three adults. 606 West Second street. New 'phone 1388.

WANTED — EVERY WOMAN TO TRY Dr. Le Gran's female regulator. Guaranteed. Kugler, Your Druggist, 108 West Superior street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSes, laundresses, general housework and nurse girl. Somer's Emp., 17 Second avenue east.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

HOUSEWORKER WANTS DAY WORK, beginning Jan. 27. S 10, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer. Will leave city. Wages no object. S 1, Herald.

UPHOLSTERING.

UPHOLSTERING — LARGE ASSORTment furniture coverings; delivered your residence for selection. Work estimated. Telephone Cameron, upholsterer, Zenith 787, Bell 325-L.

DYE WORKS.

DULUTH DYE WORKS, 3 W. SUP. ST. 2023 W. Sup. St. Old 1341-L; Zenith 1334.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS, LARGest and most reliable dye works in Duluth. First-class work guaranteed. Work called for and delivered. Both 'phones. 6 East Superior street.

CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

C. F. JOYCE. 631 MANHATTAN BLDG. Old 'phone 1614.

COD LIVER OIL.

1905 IMPORT COD LIVER OIL. Alfred Swedberg, 2015 West Superior st.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

Mrs. A. Ferguson, graduate midwife, 617 Fifth avenue east. Also private hospital. Old 'phone 434-L.

Mrs. H. Olson, graduate midwife. Private hospital, 329 North 58th avenue, West Duluth. New 'phone 3124-X.

CIVIL ENGINEER.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintendent for waterworks, sewers, etc.

MILLINERY.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. OLD 'phone.

M. A. COX, 330 EAST FOURTH ST.

FIRE INSURANCE.

WRITTEN IN BEST COMPANIES. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Sup. St.

STENOGRAPHY.

GRACE BARNETT, FIRST NAT. BLDG.

Miss Nagle, 219 Axa Bldg. Zenith 1244-D.

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHES.

G. SHAPIRO, 721 W. SUP. ST., BUYS and sells old clothes. Zenith 1582-X.

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIR'D

RUBBER ROLLS REPLACED, AND extra parts for all makes of wringers; also we sell best high grade wringers, washing machines, etc. Special agents for American Wringer company. Interstate Mercantile Co., No. 231 East Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

IF YOU WILL BRING

Suit to 10 Fourth avenue west, we press it for 50c; pants, 15c. J. Oreckovsky.

PATENT ATTORNEYS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, Washington, D. C., established 1861. Booklet free. Highest references.

ASHES REMOVED.

CALL 48, EITHER 'PHONE.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER ARRIVES WITH A CARload of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Jan. 23. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

HALL FOR RENT.

Steinway hall, for private parties and concerts. Bradbury School of Music.

PRIVATE HOSPITALS.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATE MIDwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave. East. Old 'phone, 1594; Zenith, 1225.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS.

COCKERELS, FINE LARGE BIRDS, dark or light, $2.50 to $5.00 each. Pullets and hens, $1.50 each. There are no better in his state. J. B. Greenfield, 203 Lonsdale building.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs, band and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—TEN TO THIRTY thousand acres cheap Western Canada land. Send legal plats, prices and terms in first letter. Be definite, or no attention will be given. Charles O. Elwood, 143 East Fourth street, St. Paul, Minn.

One Cent a Word Each Insertion—No Advertisement for Less Than 15c.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 15, 1906. Work—Second degree. Charles A. Bronson, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, Jan. 22, 1906. Work—Second degree. John Cox, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 24, 1906. Work—M. M. Degree. Charles A. Payne, H. P.; Alfred Le Richeux, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month, at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave, 7:30 Tuesday, Jan. 16th, 1906. Order Red Cross. Masonic Temple. C. W. Wilson, Em. Com; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Thursday, Jan. 18th, 1906. Work—Fourth, Fifth and Sixth degrees. George W. Buck, preceptor; Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

EUCLID LODGE, NO. 198, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings first and third Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 17. Work—First degree. W. J. Darby, W. M.; A. Dunleavy, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY hall, 224 West First street. Visiting Sir Knights always Wednesday in K. O. T. M. welcome. J. P. Peterson, commander; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 22 West First street. J. B. Gelineau, record keeper, office in hall. Por rent of hall apply at record keeper's office. Hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and Saturday evenings.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets at Elks' hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Jan. 18. Benefit degree. T. J. McKeon, G. S.; Lucy Purdy, L. G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe; T. A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets at new Maccabee hall, 224 West First street, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Patschkouska, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murveld, financier, 21 East Fifth street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. William J. Stephens, W. M.; T. J. St. Germain, 110 First avenue west, financier; H. B. Ivens, recorder. Sick benefit meets at 7:30 o'clock.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp, at 118 West Superior street. J. A. Wharton, C. C.; T. L. Foss, K. R. S.

I. O. F.
COURT COOMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evenings at 8 o'clock at Rowley's hall, No. 112 West First street. Next Regular meeting, Feb. 2nd, 1906—Initiation.
F. A. Tupper, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 29, MEETS every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior street. J. W. Parker, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, secretary. 11 First avenue east. Apply to W. E. Brown, 117 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO.

SECTION 2
Pages 13 to 24

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 PAGES

SATURDAY, JANUARY 20, 1906.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

The Butte Mines

North Butte Continues Steady Output of Rich Ore—New Butte Companies Are Being Organized.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 20.—The new hoisting engines for the North Butte and Leonard mines have been heard from, a message having been received in Butte to the effect that they would be shipped from Milwaukee the latter part of this month. The buildings in which they are to be installed are finished. The first engine that arrives will be turned over to the North Butte company, as that corporation has been given the preference. Both engines are alike and are practically the same as those in use on the West Steward and Original mines. They will work to a depth of 3,200 feet. The contract called for their delivery Dec. 1, but some of the parts had to be recast, causing the delay. It is not likely that either of the new hoisters will be in commission much before April 1 or later, for some time will be required to put them together after their arrival. The work will be conducted as rapidly as possible, however, as it is the desire of both companies to get them in motion.

North Butte continues a steady output of rich ore. About 700 tons of ore are being shipped daily to the Washoe smelter, averaging about 8 per cent copper.

* * *

The new East Butte Mining company is already an important factor in copper production, but its plans aim to make it, next to the Amalgamated companies, the largest operating concern in the Butte district. It now owns ten or twelve small producing mines from which nearly 200 tons of ore are being shipped daily, but the output will within ninety days be increased to 500 tons a day. The company has options on a great amount of additional ground, and Manager Wall and James M. Neill, the consulting engineer of the company, are now examining the property with a view of determining what parts of it to take into the company. Negotiations are also on for about twelve other mines in the Butte district which the East Butte is anxious to acquire, but they are at present tied up with another company. The latter will, it is understood, surrender them, and East Butte will then take them in, making the company next to Anaconda and Boston & Montana, the largest and most important mining company in the Butte district. The promoters of the company say they can do it without increasing the capital stock.

* * *

The Raven is now preparing to tap its three large copper veins at a depth of 1,500 feet by way of the Buffalo shaft, and will begin the crosscut this week. Its ore bodies on the 1,200-foot level are looking fine. When the veins are cut on the 1,600-foot level the company will have an immense area of stoping ground and will extract ore at a rapid rate. It mined considerable last week and shipped it to the Washoe smelter.

* * *

If everything goes right, Butte will soon have another mining company, but matters in connection with the work of organization are still in embryo. Last week W. McC. White went East, taking with him options on a number of claims south of the city, his intention being, it is claimed, to take the preliminary steps towards forming a company with a view of buying the property. The list of claims given out contains the following, on which it is alleged options have been secured: Bonanza, Pawnee, Emma, Noble, Millionaire, Mary Ann, Montana Central, Black Pilaff, Alsice, Spring, Ophir, Pike's Peak, Maggie, Travona, Star West, Mary Louise, Britannia, Haystreak and Bob Ingersoll. It is said there are four or five others.

This list is not apt to be correct. The Travona belongs to W. A. Clark, the Star West belongs to the Trenton Mining company and the Emma is already under lease and bond to some of the head men of the Montana Zinc company. Some payments, it is understood, have been made on it.

It is well known, however, that a number of those in the list are included in the options. The work of securing the options was begun about three weeks ago and is still in progress.

* * *

Amalgamated has equipped the J. I. C. mine with a good, substantial hoisting engine and air compressor and is now prosecuting development work in the upper levels of the property. No ore has yet been raised and it is likely that none will be taken out until the work under way is farther advanced. The mine is located east of the Belmont and for several years up to the time the company decided to operate it lessees had been in charge of it. The shaft is 650 feet deep.

* * *

Although the numerous stories of many rich strikes in Butte mines since the big strike was made in the Anaconda were all unfounded, the fact is that a very much higher grade of ore is being hoisted from nearly all of the mines of the Amalgamated, United Copper and Clark companies than formerly, and at the present rate of production the Butte district will produce about 160,000,000 pounds of copper more in 1906 than it did last year.

* * *

Reports from that part of the Butte district northeast of Columbia gardens are to the effect that a vein of copper ore four feet wide has been struck at a depth of 350 feet in the Protector claim, which is under lease to Butte men. The Protector is the claim on which F. A. Heinze sunk a shaft 300 feet without striking anything greater than a stringer of ore about six inches wide. After Mr. Heinze quit work other persons took hold of the property and resumed sinking, with the result that the present strike was made.

* * *

The affairs of the Pittsburg & Montana Copper company, so far as the personnel of the corporation is concerned, had undergone quite a change during the last month and the end is not yet. Ralph Baggaley, who became general manager of the enterprise three years ago, was the first person to step down and out, and William K. Kirkpatrick, assistant secretary and treasurer, the second, although Mr. Kirkpatrick is still attending to the duties of the two positions and will remain until his resignation is accepted and his successor appointed. It is not known that any other changes will take place at present, Oscar Rohn, who succeeded Mr. Baggaley, arrived from the East about a week ago and is now in the working harness.

* * *

Patsy Clark of Spokane and several prominent Butte men have been engaged in straightening out titles to mine interests in the Butte district recently with a view to developing the property embracing these interests. The ground is located in the northwestern part of the copper belt. It is the intention to organize a company to operate the ground, but no definite steps in this line have yet been taken. Mr. Clark is now in the East, and until the affairs of the proposed corporation are in shape little of what is to be done will be generally known. Mr. Clark has owned mining claim interests in Butte for more than twenty years and they are valuable. It can be stated that the proposed company will be legitimate in every particular and that it will be a valuable addition to the list of corporations now operating here.

Calumet & Arizona's Earnings

This Year Expected to Reach $25 Per Share—Warren Company Getting Ready for Business—Shattuck Sending Ore to the Smelter.

Bisbe, Ariz., Jan. 20.—Calumet & Arizona production this month, unless interfered with by lack of coke, will make about the same figure at the smelter that was made last month, something like 3,700,000 pounds. Copper Queen production at the smelter will also be about the same, in the neighborhood of 8,000,000 pounds, again with the proviso that coke does not run short and compel cutting down of the ore treated at the great smelting plant.

Calumet & Arizona, Lake Superior & Pittsburg, Pittsburg & Duluth are now shipping 500 tons of ore daily from the mines to the smelter, the production which prevailed last month. Copper Queen mines are shipping in the neighborhood of 1,400 tons daily to its smelter and would doubtless be getting out considerably more ore were it not for the shortage of coke that prevails. Calumet & Hecla production for this year, as now estimated, will be about 85,000,000 pounds. Copper Queen production at a conservative estimate will exceed the great production of Calumet & Hecla by 10,000,000 or more pounds.

Calumet & Arizona, on a production of 33,000,000 pounds from ore from its own shafts this year, which may be considered a very conservative figure, and putting the cost of production at 10 cents, which is fully 2 cents over what its copper will cost it, will earn in the neighborhood of $25 per share. But one copper mining company in the country, with stock on the market, will earn more than this amount. The leader is Calumet & Hecla, which it is estimated will earn on its 100,000 shares $55 per chare.

* * *

Five carloads of material of various kinds for the Calumet & Arizona smelter have lately been wrecked en route to Douglas from manufacturers. A feature that puts the incident out of the ordinary is the fact that each of the cars was wrecked at a different point, in a separate accident. Much of the smelter material was so damaged in these five wrecks that it had to be sent back to the makers for replacement. Delays have been consequent at the smelter in the carrying out of work in hand.

* * *

The Copper Queen and Calumet & Arizona companies are preparing to make up a geological map of the district to supplement the maps issued by the government a year or two ago. They will have engineers in the field and the new maps will show a very material change from those issued two years ago.

* * *

An increase of about 50 per cent in the size of the Copper Queen smelter has been nearly completed and will be blown in very soon. This will give the company capacity for about 10,000,000 pounds of blister copper a month, or of refined copper 1 per cent less. This will make it the second copper smelting works in the United States, that of the Amalgamated at Anaconda being first. The total product of the Copper Queen mines here produced during 1905, according to official statements, was 77,000,000 pounds of copper. But this included some 5,500,000 pounds in the form of sulphide ores that were shipped to the Old Dominion smelter at Globe, and have appeared in the product of that works, and therefore should not be included in the Queen output.

The production of the Calumet & Arizona was increased during the year to 34,560,000 pounds, and this smelter is also being greatly enlarged.

Prof. James Douglas, president of the Copper Queen and affiliated companies in this part of the Southwest, thinks that there will be an increase in Arizona the coming year of about 10 per cent in the copper production, but his figures taken separate, show the probability of a greater increase than that. The increase from his own mines alone will be more than 10 per cent for the entire territory, while the Calumet group will be nearly half as much.

The serious situation as to coke for the smelters and mines here is somewhat relieved, though it is still very bad. The Copper Queen smelter is supplied for a few days only; the Calumet & Arizona is in better shape, for it had sixty days stock on hand at the beginning of December and is getting in a little from time to time. At the mines there is not so much fear, aside from a few localities where coal was used and where wood is now depended upon. At the Denn and some other new developments the wood supply is short and the men are burning mesquite, greasewood and sagebrush, in fact, everything that will make heat. Most of the mines use oil entirely, and are not troubled. The chief difficulty in this region is at Tombstone, where the Consolidated company must have steam and is out of coal. Its pumping and general progress depend upon constant steam, and if the fuel supply gives out there will be an expensive job, but the company has been able to maintin fires.

* * *

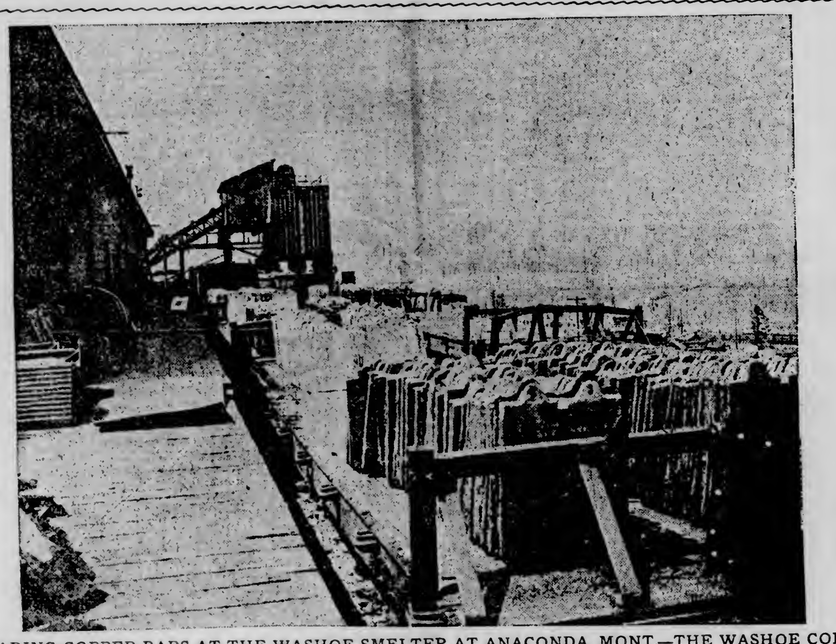
I. N. Kinsey, former chief clerk at the Calumet & Arizona smelter at Douglas, was in Globe last week making up the books of the new company which took over the property of the Globe-Boston Copper company in the Globe district. Consummation of the purchase was brought about through Hoval A. Smith and the presumption is that the ground was taken over by Mr. Smith for himself and the Cole party in interests which he represents in Warren district enterprises in which he has been engaged. The fact that Mr. Kinsey is engaged upon the books of the new company lends color to the presumption. Mr. Smith personally has given out nothing regarding the deal, at least not for publication.

Besides the purchase of the Globe-Boston property, it is the expectation at Globe that Mr. Smith will later take in about fifty more claims adjacent, a portion of which are held in the Taylor group. Mining experts have looked over all this property in the last several months in the interest of Mr. Smith and associates, and are said to have made a favorable report on a considerable portion of the ground, if not on all. A first payment has been made on the purchase price of $130,000 of the Globe-Boston company, and one-half of that amount in all is to be paid within six months. The final payment, $27,000, falls due Jan. 15, 1907. Should purchase of other ground be made in the vicinity, the terms of payment will probably be made on the same basis.

* * *

Pittsburg & Duluth has run into native copper in a drift just started from the 1350 level. The beginning of this drift is likely based on findings made with the diamond drill in the course of the research that was active a while back and probably indicates readiness for considerable work from the lower level of the mine. The latter is looking good but aside

(Continued on page 21, second column.)



LOADING COPPER BARS AT THE WASHOE SMELTER AT ANACONDA, MONT.—THE WASHOE COPPER SMELTER IS THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

Menominee Range

Unique Device at Great Western Mine—Old Kimball Property to be Reopened—The Milwaukee's New Ore Dock.

Ironwood, Mich., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—An interesting sight at Corrigan, McKinney & Co.'s Great Western mine, at Crystal Falls Menominee range, is a combination pump, operated by compressed air. The history of this unique device dates back several years, when a collapse of the surface ground, caused by the caving system of mining, carried down stopes and threatened the life of the shaft. A considerable portion of the cave, approaching 200 feet in depth, was thereupon filled with sand, and the stability of the shaft was restored. It was necessary to install pumps in order to prevent the flooding of the mine, but instead of pumping the water direct by steam, a method which on account of the sand, would be very destructive to the ordinary type of pumping machinery, a small air compressing plant and vacuum pump were put in and two cylindrical tanks, each of a capacity of 2,000 gallons, were installed in the bottom of the pit. Each tank is equipped with a water inlet, discharge pipe and check valve at the bottom, and a compressed air and vacuum pipe at the top. The tanks, connected, occupy space in a reservoir, which is the receiving vat for all the surface water. While the water is forced into one tank by compressed air, the same movement of the pump drives the air out of the other tank, creating a perfect vacuum and forcing the water into the pipe which conveys it to the top of the pit and into the sluice-way, by which it is carried out of range of the mine. When the tank is emptied of water, the air in it, which is under compression, is automatically withdrawn and taken back into the compressor, losing only a part of its pressure in the process and adding materially to the economy of the device. The two tanks operate in balance, one filling while the other is discharging, and thus a continuous stream of water is maintained. The only parts of the device to which the sand in the water can exert a destructive force is on the check valves, saving greatly in wear and tear. The pneumatic pumping system has a capacity of 8,000 gallons per minute. The fuel consumption per unit of water is slightly heavier than in direct steam pumping. The shaft is now down to the twelfth level, and sand will continue to be run into the pit to compensate for further caving.

After preparations, started early last August, water is now coming out of the old Kimball property at Crystal Falls, preparatory to reopening the mine. The present operators are the Corrigan-McKinney company. The shaft, put down many years ago, is not of great depth, nor are the openings extensive, and it is expected all the water will be out by the first of the coming month. There is confidence that important ore bodies will be found, and it is even likely that some ore will be sent out this year. The machinery equipment installed is serviceable and permanent, and is installed in newly erected engine and boiler houses. Drifting is in progress at the old Fairbanks property, also taken over lately by Corrigan, McKinney & Co., and some ore, mined during the course of the exploratory work, is being stocked on surface. At the company's Dunn mine, a fine new hoisting plant, ten-foot, first motion drums, ordered some time ago, will be installed and in readiness for operation by the opening of the shipping season. Excavation for the foundation is now in progress. In the same district, the Buffalo & Susquehanna company has so far met with excellent results in its exploration of a forty-acre tract recently acquired under option. The property adjoins Corrigan, McKinney & Co.'s Armenia mine, on the north. Much ore has been found, showing in a drift extending from the bottom of an old shaft, or test pit, seventy feet in depth. The outlook is considered sufficient to warrant sinking deeper, but preliminary to this undertaking a hole, intended to undercut the ground below the shaft, is being put down from surface by a diamond drill.

The Florence mine, operated by Lauterbach, Thalman & Co. of New York, added 203,500 tons to its record of production during the past season, its banner year, bringing its total outgo close to the 2,000,000-ton mark. The property is one of the only two mines developed in the Wisconsin portion of the Menominee range. It was opened in 1880, and while it has not been operated every year since then, it has made shipments every season. The ore is non-Bessemer, and of a grade for which there has been a poor demand at times in the past. The original find was attacked by the open cut method. This pit was long ago abandoned, but during the past year exploratory work conducted from it was productive of the discovery of new lenses of ore which apparently add considerably to the life of the mine. No. 7, located in swampy ground, three-quarters of a mile to the west, is the principal shaft at present. It is down about 800 feet, and here also important discoveries have been made the past few months, diamond drills boring from the workings having tapped ore bodies, the presence of which had not previously been known. The ore mined in No. 7 runs about 55 per cent in iron, with a high phosphorus content, a grade lower than that taken from the scene of the original discovery on the high ground to the east. There are bunches of pyrites and graphite which occasion no little annoyance. The company is employing a force of 190 men, which will be retained throughout the winter, for the most part engaged in opening new ground. Two diamond drills are in commission, one underground, the other on surface, and it is planned to continue the exploratory work on an extensive scale throughout the year. This work will not be confined to the company's own lands, but attention will be devoted to a number of properties on which options have recently been secured.

In the Dickinson county field of the Menominee, the Republic Iron & Steel's Penn company is preparing for a season of activity at the Norway mine. A new find of ore has recently been made in the company's West Vulcan workings, and at the Loretto mine, operated by a Chicago concern, an encouraging lens of high grade ore

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Utah Copper Merger

Two More Bingham Mines Now Mentioned for the Pending Consolidation.

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 20.—Private advices from New York indicate that the proposed Bingham copper merger is practically certain to go through, and that two properties not hitherto mentioned are likely to be included. These two properties are the Fortuna and the Ohio.

The new combination will probably have a capitalization not far from $100,000,000. It may be more than that, as President Samuel Newhouse of the Boston Consolidated, one of the principal parts of the proposed combination, recently declared that this property would be able to pay 8 per cent on $50,000,000 as soon as the ore treatment works are completed.

The fate of the deal rests with two men—Daniel Guggenheim and Samuel Newhouse. Simon Bamberger, who controls the Fortuna, is also present at the conferences in behalf of that company, but possession of the Fortuna is not vital to the merger. Mr. Guggenheim and his allies already have control of the Utah Copper company. They are seeking to purchase the others. Mr. Newhouse, who was one of the original promoters of the Boston Consolidated, is able to deliver control of that company, and recently he has authority to include the Ohio Copper company in his negotiations. The proposed combination would include the Utah Copper, Boston, Ohio and Fortuna. It is rumored that the Yampa may be taken over, but this is not so likely.

The Ohio Copper company is controlled by the Cattrews of Dayton, Ohio. It was purchased about three years ago for a little over $200,000. Since then large bodies of copper sulphides have been opened up, and in developing them the fact has been demonstrated that the great porphyry belt extending through the property contains copper in commercial quantities—the same kind of an ore body as the mainstay of the Utah Copper and the Boston Consolidated. The property has paid for itself and for the improvements. It was under option to the Utah Copper company for $750,000. It is said that the Colorado crowd which sold control of the Utah Copper to the Guggenheims last year sought to turn the Ohio over for $1,500,000, with some trimmings in addition. The Guggenheims declined to permit this, and the option was allowed to lapse. Now the price has been raised above the $1,500,000, and Mr. Newhouse has the property to sell.

The Fortuna adjoins the Ohio, and has about 200 acres of territory. This is not a prophyry-concentrating proposition, like the others, but the ore, a sulphide, comes from a lode. The formation resembles that of the Utah Consolidated company's Highland Boy mine. The Fortuna is shipping about fifty tons daily of ore running 5 to 6 per cent copper, with values in precious metals. Its principal value to the Guggenheims would be to do away with the prospect of litigation in the future, as the Fortuna, claims the apex of some ore bodies extending into other properties. It is looked on also as a valuable property.

The Yampa is owned by the Tintic Mining and Development company, at the head of which is Henry Stern of New York. The ore in this also is a sulphide from a lode—the extension of the Highland Boy lode. The company has suffered a great deal in the past from incompetency, but the smelter is now running well and has a capacity of 600 tons of ore daily. A campaign of extension and improvement has been undertaken, which will undoubtedly go ahead, whether a deal is made or not.

The Black Hills

Lead, S. D., Jan. 20.—The report of an important strike on the Homestake South Extension, near the Ellison shaft has just been received from Manager Olson. A ledge that looks very promising has been encountered, but so far it has been impossible to determine values, as a volume of water has swept into the shaft and stopped work temporarily. The shaft had reached a depth of seventy-five feet when the ledge was encountered. A pump has been put in and work will be pushed rapidly, so that the shaft may be unwatered and the value of the ledge determined. The hoist has been erected and practically all the machinery has arrived. A small engine is being used at present, but a large one has been ordered and will soon be on hand. The company is well pleased with the progress of work and the ore, which developments are showing up.

Custer, S. D., Jan. 20.—One of the most encouraging reports of recent days is that coming from the Lillian Bell Gold Mining and Milling company, which owns a number of claims located just outside of this city. Eastern capitalists have become interested in the company and the intention is to sink a three compartment working shaft. Several large bodies of ore have been found on this property averaging $7 and $8 a ton. The ore is very accessible and can be easily worked. The company also owns a good mill site and water right.

Heavier Output On Mesaba

All the Independent Concerns Preparing to Enlarge Their Production During the Coming Season—Drilling by the Steel Corporation.

Virginia Minn., Jan. 29.—Special to The Herald.)—In keeping with the rule that will be in force generally in the Lake Superior iron region this year, the Republic Iron & Steel company is preparing to materially enlarge its ore production. The Penn group on the Menominee and the Republic, Cambria and Lily mines on the Marquette will be vigorously wrought, while from its properties on the Mesaba the company will ship upwards of 600,000 tons, or about double the outgo of 1905.

The Jones & Laughlin Steel company also will produce heavier. Little of the increase will come from the Lake Angeline mine on the Marquette, which will send out the customary several hundred thousand tons, but there is a prospect of a fair-sized output from the Rolling Mill property, now being opened up at Negaunee, and the Mesaba mines will do materially better than a year ago. From the latter range it is expected to ship 900,000 tons, mined at the Letonia, Lincoln and Grant, which, in 1905, produced 675,000 tons. The grab system of stripping and mining at the Grant will go into commission about April 1. A lease to the Longyear property, in the Hibbing district, recently taken over from the Williams Iron company, has added considerably to the ore reserves of the Pittsburg steel concern. The tract contains a large body of ore, estimates of the amount ranging up to 10,000,000 tons.

Pickands, Mather & Co. of Cleveland is another interest active in the Lake Superior fields which will excel its 1905 record of shipments. Last year there were forwarded from the mines it operates a total of slightly more than 2,000,000 tons, a portion of which was to the account of ore consumers sharing in the ownership of certain of the properties wrought. This year the company will have eighteen or twenty stripping mines on its list, and it is expected that the combined production will foot up 2,500,000 tons or very near it. Its largest producer is the Albany, a milling proposition in the Hibbing district, whose operation last season was badly hampered by frequent periods of wet weather. The Albany this year will have the advantage of a newly opened level and will do better than the output of 242,000 tons achieved in 1905. The Mohawk, near Biwabik, on the eastern Mesaba, will be a new shipper for the company the coming season. Stockpiling is in progress this winter, along with the development work, and the outgo this year doubtless will be 100,000 tons or more. The development of the Syracuse and Bangor mines, on the shores of Lake Embarrass, is being attended with great difficulties and heavy expense, the obstacles to be overcome before the ore bodies are penetrated being such as would long ago have discouraged a less enterprising concern. The overburden is for the most part constituted of quicksand mixed with boulders, and so far has defied all attempts to sink through it. Operations now are confined to the Syracuse, where at a point well back from the lake and where the ledge has been ascertained to be sixty-five feet down, a fresh attempt at shaft sinking is being made. The method followed involves the use of steel interlocking piling, which it is sought to drive down to the rock overcapping the ore body, and with this accomplished to excavate the material within the steel chamber, at the same time providing the shaft with the ordinary timber crib wood. Drill holes driven at the site had failed to encounter boulders of any great size, and after excellent progress had been made it was with surprise that at a depth of twenty-two feet a huge stone was found blocking the further sinking of the piling. Latest advices from the property are to the effect that the boulder refuses to bulge an inch and that it will be necessary, probably, to remove the sand inside the piling in order to remove the big stone.

The big Stevenson mine of Corrigan, McKinney & Co., which in 1904 led all Lake Superior producers with an output of 1,625,000 tons, possibly may not exceed that record in 1905, but is expected to send out more ore than was forwarded last year, when the shipmens amounted to 1,429,000 tons. A stripping contract calling for the removal of a million and a quarter cubic yards of overburden has recently been awarded to the Drake & Stratton company, and other preparations are making for heavy work the coming season despite that the night shift crew at the Stevenson, Corrigan, McKinney & Co. are developing the St. Paul mine, an underground property which will enter the shipping list this year. A townsite has been platted at the location, and with the westerly extension of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern running in close proximity the new community is expected to enjoy a lively boom the coming summer. The Forest and Alexandria mines are a mile distant. Five miles west of the St. Paul location is the recently platted townsite of Snowball, and beyond that is Bovey, to which the railroad is extending and near which the Canisteo mines are being opened by the Steel corporation. The location at the Canisteo, formerly known as the Washburn, has been given the name of Coleraine, in honor of President Thomas F. Cole of the corporation's Lake Superior mining department. As soon as the snow leaves the ground a large number of

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Manhattan a New Gold Camp

Stampede to Ground That Yields $4,000 to the Ton—Another Boom Town in the Nevada Desert.

Goldfield, Nev., Jan. 20.—Manhattan, Nevada's newest gold camp, is the scene of one of the most exciting rushes in the history of the state. Within a week 4,000 persons have stampeded into the district. Where two weeks ago scarcely a score of men worked at a few prospects, there is now a small city of tents, with a few rough shacks, and with hundreds protected from the weather at night only by blankets.

The cause of all this turmoil is the recent shipment from the April Fool mine at Manhattan of gold ore running $4,000 to the ton. There have been so many groundless rumors of sensational discoveries in various parts of the state in the last few years that the average Nevada man has come to pay little attention to the frequently recurring lurid tales about rock worth thousands of dollars to the ton.

"Is that so?" he says languidly, as he hears each story. And then returns to whatever he has been doing.

Thus it has come about that the Manhattan district, although discovered over nine months ago, has not hitherto attracted any great attention.

George Humphrey, the Reno, Nev., cattleman, who is the "Father of Manhattan," left Tonopah on April Fool's day, 1905, and started for Belmont, a settlement some distance to the northeast of Tonopah. About noon his dismounted to sleep for a while. When he awoke his eye fell on a piece of rock which looked as if it might contain gold. He saw it had come from an outcrop not far away. Putting the piece in his pocket he took it to Belmont, where he had it assayed. He learned that it contained over $1,000 in gold to the ton.

Humphrey hurried back with his brother next day, and together they staked out the April Fool claim on the original discovery and made other locations. They started to work the properties and soon demonstrated that they had a large amount of high grade ore.

They named the district Manhattan. A few other prospectors drifted in, staked out claims and began digging around. Not long ago, however, teams began hauling ore from the Humphrey brothers' claims to the railroad at Tonopah. Then it became known that the entire shipment had brought about $4,000 a ton.

Miners started to drift over from Tonopah and Goldfield, but still there was no excitement. About a month ago a public meeting was held of miners in the district, and resolutions were adopted warning all claim jumpers that the rights of the original owners would be protected. People began to wonder what all these warnings meant, unless the district possessed something of value. More claims were located by the early comers, and those who drifted back to Tonopah and Goldfield spread the news that wonderful finds of gold had been made.

Then the older mining camps awoke, and the stampede began. First the idlers and camp followers started on foot or horseback to make the forty-six-mile trip to the northeast. Then others followed, until the fever became general.

Every team, every horse, every mule in Tonopah and Goldfield was pressed into service. In the long procession were automobiles hired at $200 a day, and loaded down with men carrying prospectors' picks. There also were men plodding along on foot and poking at patient burros loaded down with tools and camp equipage. Six mule teams hauled lumber for hastily constructed saloons and stores. Every means of locomotion possible was employed.

This is the fourth big rush in Nevada in five years. First came the discovery of Tonopah, and the consequent boom. Then "Diamondfield Jack" Davis escaped from the shadow of the gallows, having been pardoned after being sentenced to death in Idaho for murder, and made discoveries which gave him fortune and started the stampede for Goldfield. Later same the finds of Bullfrog and the flow to that region, well to the south of both Tonopah and Goldfield. But the only stampede which approached the present one was that to Goldfield, and that was far behind in size and suddenness.

The scenes at Manhattan are much as they were in the early days of Goldfield. There are the restless crowds, the tent saloons and gambling houses. So far there has been no serious disorder, but trouble is likely to occur between rival claimants to ground and in rows in the gambling houses and saloons, as must be the case in every mushroom bonanza camp.

Manhattan is known as a "poor man's camp." This is Western parlance for a mining camp where the ore is found "at the grass roots" and contains such high values that practically no money is required to work it at a profit. Goldfield and Bullfrog are "poor man's camps," but Tonopah requires capital to make the mines profitable.

COLORED INK



Miss Frances Woodbridge entertained at an informal musicale Monday evening at her home on East Third street, and the affair was one of the most charming of the week: The program was a delightful one and the numbers given were:

Prelude
"Serenade d'Arliquin".....Schutt
Miss Rogers.
"Mattinata"
"Ninon".....Fosti
Miss Woodbridge.
Hungarian song.....Korbay
"Merry Spring".....McDowell
"The Minstrel Boy".....Shelley
Mr. Martin.
"Flower Fetters".....Willihy
"Oh, the Torment".....Paderewski
Miss Woodbridge.
March Grotesque.....Sinding
Miss Rogers.
"I Had a Flower".....Killie
"Lend Me Your Aid".....Gounod
Mr. Martin.
"Florian's Song".....Godard
Miss Woodbridge.

Accompanists, Miss Rogers and Miss Cleland.

The guests were:
Messrs. and Mesdames—
H. A. Dancer, John Martin.
Misses—
Richardson, Effie Smith,
Duncan, Ruth Markell,
Mabel Duncan, Virginia Morris,
d'Autremont, Maud White,
Mildred Cleland, Sybilla Hartman,
Pauline Smith, Katherine Ensign.
Ruth Rogers,
Messrs.—
Whyte, Grady,
Covey, Green,
Gridley, Akins,
Hubbell, C. F. How, Jr.,
McCormick, Norton,
Glass, Sterling Smith.
Lumb,

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Baird left the first of the week for a visit at Phoenix, Arizona.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Simonds, left during the week for a visit at Minneapolis.

Miss Martha Beland who was the guest of friends in the city returned Thursday to her home at Marquette.

Mrs. R. S. Collet left Wednesday for a visit at Spring Valley, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Lounsberry left Wednesday for Havana, Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Ferguson left the first of the week for a month's trip to Central America.

Mrs. A. A. Fider entertained at a birthday party last Saturday afternoon in honor of the seventh anniversary of her little daughter, Ruth. The afternoon was spent with games and music and the guests were:
Misses—
Dorothy Thompson, Janet Welbanks,
Loretta St. Germain, Rebecca Fremuth,
Dorothy Ericson, Leonore St. Germain
Garnet Lowe, Clara Fider,
Ruth Ellson, Alice Lamb.
Jennie Hart,
Master Clarence Lowe.

Capt. and Mrs. John Monaghan of 424 East First street, left the first of the week for a visit in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Abraham of 1426 East First street spent the week in Minneapolis.

Mrs. Arthur Bruley of Tenio, Wash., is visiting her parents, Judge and Mrs. J. B. Black of West Duluth.

Mrs. John Ward of Ontario is visiting her sister, Mrs. David Sang of West Duluth.

Mrs. J. P. Smith of West Duluth left Wednesday evening for a visit with friends at St. Paul.

Mrs. F. W. Paine visited in Minneapolis for a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hartman returned the first of the week from Boston where they spent the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Costello and children left Thursday for Los Angeles, where Mrs. Costello and the children will spend the rest of the winter. Mr Costello will return next week.

Mrs. T. W. Hoopes left Sunday evening for a short visit at Fond du Lac, Wis. She was joined later in the week at Chicago by Mrs. D. W.Stocking and they left together for St. Augustine, to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oppel entertained at cards Wednesday evening at their home, 609 East Sixth street. The guests of honor were Mr. and Mrs. William Oppel and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Atkins of Tower. Cinch was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. Joseph Ganter and Mrs. William Bradley and the men's prizes went to Joseph Isabel and Joseph Ganter. Those present were:
Messrs. and Mesdames—
William Bradley, Mrs. Frances Oppel,
George Northfield, Joseph Ganter,
William Wright, R. Mrick,
Misses—
Lena Blake, Lillian Oppel.
Adalia Oppel,
Messrs.—
Isabel, Stevenson.
C. Wright,

Miss Ida Bogan was hostess at dinner Wednesday evening at her home, 318 Sixth avenue east. The affair was in honor of her cousin, Miss Cecilia Bogan of Hubbell, Mich. Covers were laid for the following guests:
Misses—
Mae McCloud, Edna McLeod,
Helen Sanborn, Minnie Weis.

Mrs. Henry Elliot was pleasantly surprised Wednesday afternoon at her home at 904 Garfield avenue. The affair was in honor of the birthday anniversary of the hostess and the guests were:
Mesdames—
J. S. Forward, R. Harper,
Albert Elliot, George Benison,
Elizabeth Burns, A. Smart,
E. Macfarlane, J. A. Heverlein,
J. H. Elliot, Walter Rooney,
Georgiana Dodge, S. Nahan,
J. Close, Herbert Elliot,
Shumacker, Edward Lowe.

Miss Violet Hibke was pleasantly surprised last Saturday afternoon at her home at Hunter's park. Those present were:
Misses—
Swava Johnson, Margaret Johnson,
Elizabeth Gibson, Gertrude Blesner,
Grace Grant, Ruth Luxon,
Patience Quigley, Tracie Ecker,
Selma Moyer, Elda Luxon.
Masters—
William Grant, Albert Ecker,
Howard Quigley, Harold Quigley,
Lewis Clark, Lawrence Anderson
Robert Mathews, Roderick McLoud,
Clarence Hibke, Julius Nolte.

Miss Fortune of Seaforth, Ont., is the guest of her sister, Mrs. P. F. Carpenter of 2819 West Superior street.

Miss Olga Overby was pleasantly surprised last Saturday evening at her home in West Duluth. The evening was an informal one and greatly enjoyed by the following guests:
Mr. and Mrs. A. Lallanne.
Mrs. E. Madden.
Misses—
Della Johnson, Sigrid Anderson,
Inga Anderson, Florence Kerski,
Agnes Larsen, Olive Overby.
Masters—
Hjalmer Johnson, Victor Anderson,
Charles McCollem, Ingwal Anderson,
Arthur Grandly, Clifford Bywood,
G. Anderson, George Grandly.
George Overby,

Mrs. E. Teske was pleasantly surprised Monday afternoon at her home, 511 East First street. The afternoon was spent with cards and music and the card favors were won by Mrs. Walsh and Mrs. Worki. Those present were:
Mesdames—
Walsh, Worki,
Petruski, J. Stubler,
Hansen, Waldon,
J. J. Cullen, Saxine,
Otto, A. Reinke,
Shuman, Stock,
Collatz, Bagley,
J. Boettcher, W. Lawrenz.
A. Metter,
Misses—
Teske, Cullen,
Collatz, Metter,
Boettcher, E. Boettcher.
Masters—
Frank Metter, Fred Teske.
John Cullen,

Dr. Lucy Dalley has as her guest, Mrs. John M. Rettenhouse of Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. William Oppel and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Atkins of Tower are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Oppel of 609 East Sixth street.

Miss T. Brophy of West Duluth left Monday morning for Abbotsford, Wis., to visit her sister.

Miss Alice Bailey returned to Carlton the first of the week after a visit with her parents at West Duluth.

Mrs. Kenyon of Minneapolis is the guest of Mrs. Swangie of West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Cabot of West Duluth returned during the week from a short visit at Bemidji.

Mrs. W. W. Benner of West Duluth was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening at her home in West Duluth. The guests were the members of the class of 1902 of the Longfellow school and a delightful evening was passed.

The social event of next week will be the Elk's charity ball, which will take place Wednesday evening at the Spalding. The charities of this organization are accomplished in so quiet and unassuming a manner that but for the charity ball few people in the city would know that the lodge made a feature of this work. The ball is always a brilliant social function and every detail that will add to the pleasure of the Elks' guests is attended to. Flaaten's orchestra will play and a large number of invitations have been issued for the affair. The details will be in the hands of the following committees:

Executive—H. W. Andridge, D. H. Costello, H. I. Gooch, Verne Culbertson, A. C. LeRicheux, Charles Goodrich, A. J. Lyle.

Decoration—R. M. Edwards, Prescott Wyman, W. L. Gorrie, G. E. Dixon, James S. Ray, George S. Munsey.

Floor—D. H. Costello, J. H. McFadzean, M. A. Ryan, N. Lundberg, L. W. Farmer, Charles Beuglet, H. I. Gooch, J. T. Black, J. W. Kreitter, A. V. Oueilette, G. H. Young, C. W. Benson, E. A. Tessman, H. B. Knutsen, F. J. Patton, Edward Hazen, C. H. Dorrance, F. G. Bradbury.

Reception—J. T. Armstead, H. W. Andridge, J. L. Fuller, Cook Ely, F. M. Anderson, A. H. Kreiger, W. H. Alexander, J. B. Cotton, George H. Crosby, Jesse R. Sharp, John Cox, Fred Raynolds, F. B. McTague, A. H. Smith, A. E. McManus, Charles Goodrich, Alex Marshall, R. R. Wells, W. A. Eden, R. J. Rooney, E. M. Ferguson, H. F. Williamson, Jr., B. G. Segog, W. H. Wilson, C. H. Bagley, W. M. Burgess, John Panton, C. W. Eaton, I. D. Burgh, D. G. Black, S. F. McLeod, J. G. Harris, J. C. Fisher, H. S. Davis, A. M. Miller, Jr.

A charity ball was given Thursday evening at the old Masonic Temple for the benefit of a family of Russian refugees in whose welfare Mrs. I. Freimuth is interested and for them she arranged this affair. A large number were in attendance and some beautiful gowns were worn. LaBrosse played a delightful program of dance music and among those present were:
Messrs. and Mesdames—
A. Freimuth, Victor Kohn,
J. B. Sattler, J. D. Sattler,
Emil Otto, L. Albenburg,
P. H. Levy, M. J. Levy,
H. Y. Josepha, Frank Fleishmann
Gomberg, Brinkman,
Max Shapiro, David Kohn,
A. Gingold, Niles,
Kastriner, Neuman,
I. Lieberman, Joseph Orecovsky,
D. Kenigsberg, J. Orecovsky.
Mesdames—
Lower, L. Oreck,
Harris,
Misses—
Karon, Stella Levy,
Sadie Polinsky, Rose Krojanker,
Annie Shapiro, Clara Shapiro,
Elsie Silberstein, Hattie Shapiro,
Sadie Rocklin, Bessie Rocklan,
Melvitz, Wyneberg,
Harris, Winstein.
Messrs.—
L. Levy, Julius Selgel,
M. Freimuth, Hirschfield,
H. Butchman, David Lewis,
B. Cook, S. Gittleson,
Louis Zalk, M. Rosenberg,
Harry Glazier, A. Rocklin,
J. Kohn, M. B. Cullum,
Julius Cook, Mendel Silver,
Schwartz, Harry Zeln.
Joseph Giddings, C. Shapiro.
O. Fleishman, C. Kilpina,
S. Y. Josephs, Winestein,
Hugo Kohn,

Mrs. M. Burns was pleasantly surprised Wednesday afternoon at her home at West Duluth. Progressive pedro was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. Doherty and Mrs. Harvey. Those present were:
Mesdames—
Kern, Doherty,
O'Brien, Harvey,
Masse, Thomas,
Gorman, Kingham,
Jacobs, J. Doherty,
Schulte, Dunleavy,
Richards, Boardwell.

A delightful sleighride was given Thursday evening by a party of West end young people. After the drive a hot supper and dance followed at Gilley's hall. Those present were:
Messrs. and Mesdames—
M. Madson, A. Hendrickson,
Charles Johnson, P. A. Lund.
A Saltwick,
Misses—
Hobner, Maria Paulson,
Ida Saltwick, Bertha Saltwick,
Clara Engbretson, Alberta Lund,
Agnes Elmquist, Tillie Erickson,
Bergstrom, Hilma Osman,
Jensen, Jensen.
Messrs.—
Solberg, Frank Johnson,
Carl Erickson, J. F. Johnson,
Arthur Mallony, Oscar Eklund,
George Hoglund, T. Highmark,
A. Wick, Leonard Erickson.
J. Jermbjork,

A delightful sleighing party was given Tuesday evening of this week by a number of young people. The drive along London Road to Lester Park was enjoyed and upon their return they were entertained at the home of Miss Cora Noll of 518 West Second street. Those present were:
Misses—
Edna Olson, Bessie Garvey,
Cora Hill, Mary Johnson,
Cora Noll, Jennie Garvey,
Laura McCormick, Bertha Wangen,
Mamie Donahue, Grace Wilson,
Irene Lefert, Myrtle Hagerty,
Stella Taylor, Hilda Olson.
Emma Olson,
Messrs.—
Fred Oson, Frank Colhan,
John McIntosh, Fred Jensen,
Royal Maxwell, Simon Neff.
Edward Wipson, Duncan Brown,
James Lydell, Edward Colhan,
Lawrence Duer, Louis Holler.
Herbert Forest,

Miss Josephine Person entertained at a delightful party Tuesday evening of this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Thoren of 226 Twentieth avenue west. The affair was in honor of Miss Ruth Peterson of Fergus Falls, Minn. An enjoyable evening was spent by the following guests:
Mr and Mrs. C. G. Peterson.
Mesdames—
C. B. Olson, Mary Person.
Misses—
Hilda Lindgren, Emma Peterson,
Ida Person, Annie Johnson,
Lydia Johnson, Ellen Johnson,
Ellen Renstrom, Heding Person,
Hannah Johnson, Minnie Olson,
Amanda Nilson, Lydia Olson,
Emma Nilson, Olga Hogberg.
Hulda Olson,
Messrs.—
Charles F.Peterson Frank Peterson,
N. E. Ericson, Gilburn Peterson,
Joel Peterson, Carl A. Pearson,
Charles Johnson. CharlesL. Johnson

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. McNeal of West Duluth returned during the week from a visit at Toledo, Ohio, where they visited friends during the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Cutterham of Chicago are visiting Mrs. Cutterham's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fisher of West Duluth.

The St. James Young People's club met Thursday evening at St. James, hall and progressive pedro was played. The prizes were won by Miss Effie Brotherton and George Cheurette. Several piano numbers were given by Miss Julia Doyle.

A delightful surprise party was given Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Henrietta Fugle at the home of her son, Charles H. Fugle of Forty-third avenue east. The affair was in honor of the seventy-fifth birthday of the guest of honor. A birthday cake with the number of years marked on the top with candy was a feature of the merry making and Mrs. Fugle was presented with a painted china cup and saucer bearing her monogram and a growing plant. Eighteen guests were present and in the card games of the afternoon the prizes were won by Mrs. William Mies and Mrs. M. J. Durkin.

Dr. and Mrs. M. S. Jones of Battle Lake, Minn., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Seashore of West Duluth.

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HOW ACQUIRED.

Use of Mme. Ruppert's Face Bleach Assures Perfect Complexion.

It is said that beauty is but skin deep. Nothing is more true. But there can be no real beauty unless the skin is beautiful.

Nothing is easier to be had than a beautiful skin, if the proper remedy is used.

Mme. Ruppert's Face Bleach has never failed in the past to naturally beautify the complexion. Its use imparts to the skin a girlish loveliness. This loveliness is not artificial, but natural, as the effect of Mme. Ruppert's Face Bleach is to restore the skin to childish freshness and bloom, leaving it wholesome and pure.

It is positively harmless to the most delicate skin, and while using it one may attend to regular household, office or social duties, it being impossible to detect its use, as it does not show after application.

Face Bleach is guaranteed to remove painlessly and harmlessly wrinkles and lines of care, freckles, tan, moth, pimples and blackheads, and in fact any disease or discoloration of the skin.

Call at our toilet goods counter and have its merits further explained.

We also sell Mme. Ruppert's Almond Oil Complexion Soap, an exquisite toilet soap; Mme. Ruppert's Gray Hair Restorative, for restoring gray hair to its natural color; Mme. Ruppert's Depilatory, for removing superfluous hair, and a full line of her toilet requisites.

Wholesale Distributers, L. W. Leithhead Drug Co.



MISS RENA SMITH.

Many of the Duluth friends of Miss Rena Smith will be interested to know what she has been doing recently. Miss Smith, as many Duluthians know, has studied, since reaching Paris, with Victor Maurel and for many months past she has been in London still under his instruction. Within the past month Miss Smith with her mother and teacher have gone to Italy, that she may perfect her Italian. No definite plans have yet been made for her debut, but she has sung for several managers and critics and has received such encouragement as makes her ultimate success a certainty.

Clubs and Musical

The most interesting event in club life during the week was the meeting of the Women's Council which took place Tuesday morning at the library. The organization decided to extend to the federation clubs of the Eighth District an invitation to hold a district meeting in this city. No federaton meeting of the Eighth district has been held for the past three years and the present vice president of the district, Mrs. T. L. Hollister of Aitkin is most anxious this year that the help of such a gathering may be extended the women of the smaller towns who are unable to attend the meeting of the state federation. The meeting will be held in this city Tuesday, Feb. 13.

It was also decided at this meeting to hold the mid-winter breakfast which has come to be regarded as a feature of Duluth club life, in connection with the federation meeting and the committee in charge has already made arrangements for the breakfast to be held at the Spalding Feb. 12, which is Lincoln's birthday and also the day preceding the district federation meeting. The committee in charge of the affair consists of Mesdames G. A. Elder, F. L. Barrows, Alexander Milne, H. L. Paddock, Julia M. Barnes, H. C. Marshall and E. W. Markell and Misses McHugh, Ensign and Anderson.

The committee in charge of the district meeting will be Mrs. H. S. Ely, Miss Statham, Mrs. A. H. Crassweller, Mrs. Pinkerton and other presidents of federated clubs.

The meeting of the Unity club which was held Monday evening at the Unitarian church was the second during the year and that the subject and speakers appealed to Duluth people was shown by the large attendance. "Education from the point of view of the Home, the School and Society" was the subject of the evening's discussion and the speakers were Mrs. J. L. Washburn, Charles Alden Smith and Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr. During the informal discussion that followed the presentation of the subject by the regular speakers, Judge C. F. Amidon of Fargo and Rev. Harry White spoke and President E. W. Bohannan presided.

Prior to the evening's discussion, the chairman announced that the treasurer was present, prepared to receive the annual dues of the active members and the fact that the announcement met with no response is to be regretted as the club is at present entirely without funds and the secretary is unable to advertise the remaining lectures of the course. It is hoped that people who have previously been interested in the club will renew their interest far enough to become members and that new members will join. Two meetings remain in the course for this year at which the subjects for discussion will be "Federal Control of Railroads and Rate Making" and the last meeting which will be held February 25 at which "The Metals in Human Progress" will be the subject of a talk by Dr. Nelson P. Hulst.

Kubelik, the celebrated Bohemian violinist, assisted by Ludwig Schwab, accompanist, and Agnes Gardner Eyre, solo pianist will appear at the Lyceum on Tuesday evening, Jan. 30, presenting a program of uncommon excellence. Interest in the coming of this remarkable young musician, who at the age of 25 has been pronounced by all Europe and America the supreme master of his art, is widespread and expectant. The most sensational and at the same time the most scholarly violinist of the day, he is endowed with a fascinating, mystic personality and an abundant poetic temperament that exercise a charm as complete as that produced by the beauty in his playing. The great as was Kubelik's success with his audiences on his first visit to America four years ago, it was small as compared with that of his present visit. During his absence he added to his pleasing technical control the qualities of soul, feeling and deep musical understanding. Kubelik will be heard here in Handel's Sonata No. 4 in E Major; Ernst's "Concerto Pathetique in F Sharp Minor;" Beethoven's "Romance in G Major;" Sarasate's "Spanish Dance, No. 8;" and Wienlawski's "Carnival Russe." These selections will permit him to run the gamut of the emotions, to display his temperament and musicianship, and to show that mastery of the mechanical side of his instrument that has given him the sobriquet, "demon of technique." Miss Eyre, a pianist of great talent, will render a Lescheticky Barcarolle, a Chopin Nocturne, a Chopin Valse, and a Saint Saen's Etude.

The Evening Browning class of the Twentieth Century club will meet Monday evening at the club room of the library. This will be the first meeting of the class since before the holidays. The last lecture upon "The Ring and the Book" will be given by the leader of the class, Rev. J. W. Powell.

The Bishop's club will meet Tuesday evening at Cathedral hall. The leader for the evening will be Mrs. L. H. Corcoran and the following program will be given:
"He Is Good, He Is Kind"....Nassenepp
Miss Grayce Frances Turner.
Roll Call from Psalms.....
Bible Study—
1. "Ancient Jerusalem,".....
Mrs. Roney of Superior.
2. "The Temple".....
Mrs. Corcoran.
3. "The Apostles, Their Labors and Foundations".....
Miss Agnes Murray.
Book review of Zangwill's "Children of the Ghetto" and "Ghetto Tragedies".....
Mrs. Cadogan of Superior.

That the life and work of Miss Margaret Evans who holds so dear a place in the hearts of Minnesota club women is appreciated throughout the land is shown in the following account of her work taken from the Commercial Appeal of Memphis, Tenn.:

The life record of Miss Margaret Evans forms an interesting study. She was born in the '40s, of Welsh parents, at Utica, N. Y., where she had her early education. She won her way through college by teaching, graduating from Lawrence University at Appleton, Wis., in 1868, and supplementing this course by post-graduate study and by etxensive travel and study abroad. Her educational career began in 1869 as professor of German and history at Downer college. In 1874 she took the position of dean at Carleton college, from which no offer, however attractive, has served to draw her. Few women occupying high posts as educators have been able to reach out and do service in lines of social and religious endeavors as has Miss Evans. She was president of the Minnesota branch, Woman's Board of Missions of the Interior, for over twenty years, and was the first woman elected a corporate member of theh American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. She has been president of the Minnesota State Federation of Women's Clubs, and is known throughout the land as chairman of the committee of education and in the work of rural improvement societies. A fine type of the cultured and consecrated woman, her character and animus are of the sort to command appreciation and respect from all who learn of her work and worth.

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The Literature class of the Twentieth Century club will meet Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the club room of the library. The class leader is Mrs. C. H. Merritt, and the following program will be studied:
Current events.
"Dershavin," Mrs. Edmond.
"Karamizin," Mrs. E. L. Fisher.
"Conditions at Close of Eighteenth Century," Mrs. Howell.

• • •

The Morning Browning class of the Twentieth Century club will meet Tuesday morning at 10:15 o'clock at the club room of the library. Six more lectures remain in the course, and as the class has just finished its study of "The Ring and the Book," and the study of other poems begun, the time is opportune for any desiring to join the class to enter now. Rev. J. W. Powell, lecturer of the class, will talk at Thursday morning's meeting on "Balaustion's Adventure."

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The Women's Alliance of the Unitarian church will meet Wednesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock with Mrs. A. M. Gow of 1401 East Third street.

• • •

The January musicale by pupils of Mrs. Stocker, assisted by Mrs. Carl Sheldon, violinist, will take place at 1014 East Second street, on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Following is the program:
Soprano solo—"Hush, My Little One"..
.....Henschel
Miss Myrtle Hobbs.
Piano solos—
(a) Prelude .....Chopin
(b) "Chant d'Automne"..Gretchaninow
Miss Clara Stocker.
Contralto solo—"Song of a Heart"....
.....Tunison
Miss Jeanne Langtot.
Soprano solo—"Ave Maria".....Luzzi
Miss Florence Ely.
Piano solo—"Impromptu" .....Schubert
Miss Emily Schupp.
Soprano solo—"Little Boy Blue"....Nevin
Miss Evelyn Greenfield.
Mezzo-soprano solo—"The Wish"....
.....Harry Rowe Shelley
Miss Grace Ely.
Piano solo—"Pavan" .....Sharpe
Miss Irma Cujer.
Soprano solos—
(a) "Eternal Love".....Arthur Nevin
(b) Norwegian Song .....
Mrs. Horace Davis.
Violin solo—"Berceuse Russe"....
.....Claude Madden
Mrs. Carl Sheldon.
Mezzo-soprano solo—"Ecstasy".....Beach
Mrs. John Segog.
Piano solos—
(a) "Aasa's Death" .....Grieg
(b) "Cradle Song" .....Grieg
Miss Isabel Pearson.
Soprano solos—
(a) "Consolation" .....Neidlinger
(b) "The Cottage" .....Neidlinger
Miss Helen Haskett Mason.
Vocal trio—"Within Their Tower the Bells Sound Gay" .....Wekerlin
Misses Florence and Grace Ely and Miss Jeanne Langtot.

PREDICTS FAILURE.

Opinion of Attempt to Establish Women's Club in Paris.

Another attempt is being made by women to establish a woman's club in Paris. It will be another failure, which can only be explained by the peculiarities of race, climate, and the nature of the country, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The French woman, notwithstanding the opinion of foreigners, is a home woman, who finds too many occupations in caring for the members of her family, in household duties, to spend any time in the cold drawing rooms of club houses where she would make acquaintances and meet strangers who would interest her very little. The French woman has been taught, she has it in her blood, that the four walls at her home are her world; her mother thought that, and her ancestors were a race of patriarchs, I don't think I ever met a French woman with a spirit of unrest, who wanted to be out anything all the time. Now, we can understand that the English woman, who has servants to do her work, will sometimes like to get out of herself and away from the dreary climate of London and England. "The weather is enough to drive one mad," the English frequently exclaim in their native land, and they seek diversion among their friends in clubs and rooms. Not so the Frenchman, not so the French woman, the climate in France, except in November and December, is bearable and conducive to good humor. The dreary months are spent in getting the Paris home fit for habitation after the numerous outings and the preparation for and enjoyment of the holidays. Something in the land and in the atmosphere of France is exhilarating and makes one satisfied with the spot where one spends one's life; the country induces people to take root wherever they are, and therefore they do not feel the need of artificial pastimes, such as clubs. Public life for women in Paris will never find favor, because the French woman is never in such a hurry that she cannot go home to luncheon, at the luncheon hour, no matter how far away she may be at that time. She will wait twenty minutes for an omnibus or a car to take her home to luncheon. Shopping does not keep her so long from home, because she is not a shopper; the word does not exist in the French language, and I hope French women will never adopt the habit of the word, as sporting and club men have adopted English words and customs to suit their new wants. Beside, French women never can get used to spending from $100 to $300 a year to defray the expenses of a club. They know the value of money too well, and they probably prefer to spend it for dress. It seems strange, but French women are not the social beings that American and English women are. That feeling of never wanting to be alone, or getting tired of the members of one's own family, never troubles her. She likes to see friends, but at times set apart for social duties. Not long ago, at the Bureau, Frenchwomen met some Brooklyn women, and when they told the Parisiennes that their friends continually "dropped in" on them at their homes, they listened, wide-eyed, as if they could not believe their ears, and were trying to make their sight come to their help. As you see, the customs of home life in France and in America could not be more different if the two countries were situated on different planets.

What about shop girls, the girls of the working classes? They have their homes or a furnished room, and are comparatively happy in their solitude. They take their luncheons at cheap restaurants and their other meals at home, for Beranger's "Jennie l'Ouvriere" still exists; she has a "mansard" or attic room, one just under the eaves of the roof, has flowers on the window sill, a caged bird which sings all day long. She has her little kitchen or corner, where she does her own cooking, and while doing it sings joyous duets with her canary bird; for she is not tormented by the spirit of unrest, and has no nervous troubles that keep her from enjoying her own sweet home.

IS NOW A PEERESS.

"Baby" Beckwith, Once of America, Now English Woman

Boston Daily Advertiser: "Baby" Beckwith, remembered as one of the most beautiful and popular girls in the younger New York society set not so very many years ago, is the newest addition to the colony of American poeresses in Great Britain. She now is Lady Leigh, mistress of Stoneleigh Abbey, and shares with Lady Warwick the position of leading hostess of Shakespeare's country.

Her husband, Dudley Leigh, became a baron on the death of his father, the aged Lord Leigh of Stoneleigh Abbey, and his wife now has a place in Burke's. Her accession has given pleasure to her friends, for she is one of the most popular Americans in all England. She was a particular favorite with her husband's family.

Frances Helen Forbes Beckwith was her full name, but in the last days of the Empire, when she was yet a child, she was taken by her father to France, where the late N. M. Beckwith represented the United States in the court of the Tuileries.

There she became a particular favorite with the Empress Eugenie, and in the entourage of the Empress she was given the affectionate nickname "Baby" Beckwith. The name clung to her long after she had outgrown any suggestion of diminutives, and even now her old New York friends refer to the new peeress as "Baby" Beckwith.

Lady Leigh was a great traveler, with her father, and it was while she was in India that she met her husband, then private secretary to the Secretary of State for India. They were married in London in St. George's, in Hanover square. The wedding was one of the great social events of the London season. The reception was held in the Rubens room in Spencer House, and royalty and all of London society attended.

Since her marriage Lady Leigh and her husband have resided in a small place near Stoneleigh Abbey, where she has devoted herself to her gardens. She has a passion for flowers, particularly roses, and this she has been able to gratify in her own gardens and in those of Stoneleigh Abbey, which are famous.

Lady Leigh even now looks hardly more than 30, and she has retained the fresh beauty and personal charm that made her a favorite in New York, and has since won her social success in London.

MENTAL SCIENTIST.

Mary Ellen Lease Develops New Turn of Mind.

Mary Ellen Lease has become a Mental Scientist. The former political advocate of William Jennings Bryan, whose ringing Kansas voice and incisive accents denounced the errors of the G. O. P. in a flow of language which could not be dammed or turned from its course, now announces that we must give out thoughts of love, says the New York World.

"There is no chance, there are no accidents, and, despite all that is said to the contrary, no luck," says Mrs. Lease. "Things are more evenly balanced than they seem. We reap what we sow. We get what we earn—just that and no more."

Mr. Bryan may accept the inference.

Mary Ellen Lease does not admit that she is a Mental Scientist. Truth, she says, must not be labeled, because it creates prejudice in the public mind. But for an hour at the Murray Hill Hotel she told the New York City Mothers' club how to become conscious of their soul power and what it would do for them.

She was scheduled to speak on "Industrial Conditions," but these she dismissed in a few sentences. In her dealing with soulful subjects her metaphor lost nothing of its up-to-date directness.

"The race today," she said, "is coming up from the basement apartments, from the cellar to the light. A tidal wave of awakened soul power is sweeping across the world. The soul recognizes its high prerogative and commands the body to do its will. With the power which is within us in harmony with the law of the universe, we can control conditions, create circumstances.

"The power of concentrated thought, in its utility or abuse, is greater than any phenomena of the physical world."

The women were applauding wildly. Mrs. Lease's Kansas voice floated out over the hubbub with added vigor:

"Thought is power. We are what our thoughts are. If you don't want to appear poor, don't think you're poor, and you won't be."

This time the applause was deafening.

"If you worry, you corrode the mind."

"Mrs. Lease has given us some splendid thoughts," said Mrs. W. Thomas, who is a disciple of raw-food theories. "I suppose you all sat down to a good dinner today. I had two raw eggs, some peanuts and two glasses of milk. I have been fearfully ridiculed, but I will stick to my goal if it kills me."

"Heaven is a condition," agreed Mrs. Lease, sententiously.

Normal School Notes

The second year class had charge of the program in chapel this week. Monday. Miss Hune gave a piano solo, Tuesday Mr. Bohannon gave a short talk, Wednesday Miss Margaret Mitchell played an instrumental solo, Thursday Rev. J. W. Powell of the Endion Methodist church gave a talk on the "Value of Appreciation," and Miss Marietta Murray sang Friday morning.

• • •

Miss Pierce of the American Book company of Chicago visited the school Thursday morning.

• • •

The senior class has issued invitations for a dinner Friday evening, Jan. 26. The faculty and wives of married members, and Mr. and Mrs. Washburn will be the guests.

• • •

The freshman class gave a sleighride Friday afternoon. The guests were the members of the class, and Miss Shoesmith and Post. A ride was taken to Lakewood where supper was served and the party returned about 7:30 in the evening.

• • •

Miss Mason entertained the third year class Friday afternoon in her rooms. Games were played and light refreshments served.

• • •

The junior class had a meeting Friday and planned giving a sleighride in the near future. The ride will be taken to Lakewood, where supper will be served and the party will return in the evening.

• • •

The school has added about 125 books to the library in the last few weeks. The books are very fine; most of them relate to nature study and birds. Besides these, there are quite a few on English literature and also text books.

• • •

The second division of the senior cooking class gave its luncheon Monday afternoon. The guests were the members of the first division of the class, and Miss Eaton, the instructor. The luncheon was served in the dining room, which was prettily decorated for the occasion. The following menu was served:
Oyster Cocktail.
Escalloped Veal. Corn Fritters.
Nut Bread.
Fruit Salad. Bread and Butter Sandwiches
Orange Ice and Cake.
Chocolate.

• • •

The members of the drawing classes have been decorating one of the art rooms this past week. Curtains and draperies were made and several window seats and a cozy corner were added.

• • •

The painters have been at work tinting the walls of most of the rooms of the school.

• • •

The Glee club held its weekly practice in the music room, Friday afternoon.

• • •

The basketball team held their weekly practice at Harmony hall Friday afternoon. There are three teams of seniors, juniors and third years. The normal team of Superior has challenged the school team to a game. Fred Ober is coaching the team and there will probably be several extra practices in the near future.

A Jamaican Lady Speaks Highly of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mrs. Michael Hart, wife of the superintendent of cart service at Kingston, Jamaica, West Indies Islands, says that she has for some years used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for coughs, croup and whooping cough, and has found it very beneficial. She has implicit confidence in it and would not be without a bottle of it in her home. Sold by all leading druggists.

SAILS FOR ALGIERS.

Tangier, Morocco, Jan. 20.—The American cruiser squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee, sailed from here today for Algiers.

Watch for the Grand Masquerade ball given by the Herman Sons, Feb. 15.

Edison the Wizard!

We are headquarters for Edison Phonographs and the famous Gold Moulded records—the No-Scratch kind. Machines sold on the Easy Payment plan.

B. F. HATHAWAY,

200, 201, 202 Alworth Building.

LOUIS J. HOPKINS IS NOT GUILTY, SAYS JURY

Is Out About Two and Half Hours in Land Case.

Say Their Minds Were Made Up at Beginning of Deliberations.

L. J. Hopkins is not guilty.

The jury in the case in United States court went out this morning at 11:20 and about two hours later went to luncheon. The members returned about 2:15, and thirty-five minutes afterward announced that they were ready to deliver a verdict.

Judge Amidon received the jury in the grand jury room, and present at the time were United States Attorney Haupt, his assistants, Paul Ewert and Dickey, and the attorneys for the defense, J. L. Washburn of Duluth and C. A. Severance of St. Paul; and present also was the defendant, Louis J. Hopkins.

The foreman of the jury turned over the verdict to the clerk and when the words "We, the jury, find Louis J. Hopkins, the defendant, not guilty," a look of relief spread over almost every countenance in the room. The usual formalities were gone through with and the jury was dismissed.

Several of the jurors in talking over the matter afterwards said that it seemed that from the time the jury left the court room this morning until the verdict was made, the minds of the jurymen were all of one accord that the defendant was not guilty, but they felt that they could not return to the court room immediately without giving some consideration to the documentary evidence which was before them to be looked over. It was for that reason that there was a delay at all.

Several of the jurymen said that the charge of Judge Amidon this morning impressed the whole jury as the ablest and fairest they have ever heard from the bench.

These jury men also said that they consider that District Attorney Haupt put up a wonderfully strong fight under the circumstances and they could not help feeling impressed at the manner in which he handled the case. They said they could not, however, see where Mr. Hopkins was connected with the land fraud if such existed, in the slightest degree; and if there was any, he was innocently involved.

IRATE HUSBAND SLASHED BY DESPOILER OF HIS HOME

Jurgen Jeronimous Stabs Mike Maloney in Sensational Affray.

Maloney Lying Between Life and Death at the Hospital.

An erring wife, an irate husband and a gay Lothario figured in a sensational cutting scrape on the boulevard shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The husband is in St. Mary's hospital hovering between life and death. The Lothario is in jail, waiting trial for assault in the first degree, and the wife, battered and bruised from a subsequent collision with a street car, is being held by the police as a witness.

Mike Maloney, the husband, lives on Twelfth street, near Fifth avenue east, and Jurgen Jeronimus, a cigarmaker and a widower, lives on the Boulevard, near Fourth avenue east.

Maloney has several times complained to the police that his wife and Jeronimus have become too intimate, and the police have made several trips to the home of Jeronimus in an effort to secure some positive evidence against the pair, but in vain.

Maloney claims that his wife has been living with Jeronimous at his home since the day before yesterday. Today, a little after noon, Jeronimous and Mrs. Maloney were leaving the house and getting into a sleigh, when Maloney saw them, from in front of his house, and immediately started in pursuit. Jeronimous and the woman got into the cutter, and started to drive off, but Maloney caught up with them, and jumped on behind the sleigh.

According to the story told to the police by Mrs. Maloney, her husband began pummeling Jeronimous on the back of the head with his fist, and the latter, who had drawn his knife and holding it in his teeth, seized the weapon and slashed Maloney's wrist with it. The steel severed the artery in the wrist, and with the blood pouring down over his hand, Maloney dropped to the ground, while the guilty pair drove off.

Maloney was able to drag himself to a drug store on Fourth street, where he fell unconscious, and was later taken to St. Mary's hospital. He is in a critical condition, owing to the terrible loss of blood, and his recovery is doubtful.

Meanwhile Jeronimous and the woman drove down the hill. Both had lost their hats during the struggle with Maloney, and they stopped in front of Wold's saloon on Fourth street, where the man attempted to get a hat. While he was gone in the saloon, the horse became unmanageable, and Mrs. Maloney was unable to control it. It ran along Fourth street and collided with a street car, throwing Mrs. Maloney to the ground, injuring her about the face and hands.

Sergeant Fritz of the police department, was shovelling snow in front of his house, and saw the man and the woman pass, bareheaded. Knowing of the trouble the police have been having with them, he immediately suspected that something was wrong, and throwing down his shovel started in pursuit.

Detective Terry was on his way home when he saw the crowd gathered in front of Wall's saloon, and hearing something of the trouble, went inside and placed Jeronimous under arrest. Sergeant Fritz came up a moment later, and the prisoner was taken to headquarters, while an officer was sent in search of Mrs. Maloney, who was found a few moments later in front of St. Mary's hospital.

Maloney's wound was a serious one, and if it had not been for the assistance of some men whom he happened to meet, he would probably have bled to death before he reached the drug store.

A charge of assault in the first degree will probably be preferred against Jeronimous.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS

Year Broke All Records for Number of Contracts Let.

Municipal Operation of Rock Crushers Was Profitable Venture.

Containing a complete summary of the work done by the department during the year, the annual report of the board of public works, completed today, gives some interesting and valuable statistics concerning the general street work of the city.

Several recommendations are also made to the council, regarding improvements which are considered necessary by the board.

The item of repairing old sidewalks is taken up by the report. The board calls attention to the large sum expended for repairs to old sidewalks. Great care has to be taken in keeping up the walks in order to avoid damage suits, and the expense is a very heavy one. The board urges that the council watch strictly the districts which are ordered stricken from the list of new walks ordered, and that the council take up the general order for new sidewalks as early in the spring as possible, in order to keep down the expense of repairing the old walks, to a minimum.

Another important recommendation is the one in regard to the old wooden bridges.

The number of old, wooden bridges in the city is almost unlimited, and the expense of maintaining them is a very large and growing item. The board recommends that the council consider the plan of replacing the old bridges with second hand iron bridges, which can be secured from a local concern at an almost nominal figure.

* * *

Duluth, from its size and topography, is one of the most expensive cities to properly maintain, in the country. The report of the board states that there are 67.32 square miles of territory within the city limits, which is exceeded by only about half a dozen cities in the country. The city has 113.20 miles of graded streets, 56.45 miles of gravel streets, 28.26 miles of macadam roads, 20.18 miles of cedar block pavements, 2.01 miles of sandstone, 1.47 miles of brick, 7 miles of asphalt, 2.30 miles of tar macadam, .71 miles of creosote blocks, 16.87 miles of storm sewers, and 55.13 miles of sanitary sewers.

The city is lighted by 516 incandescent street lamps and 400 are lights.

* * *

The number of contracts let last year was greater than in any year since the board was organized. During three months of the year the letting of contracts had to be suspended to allow money enough to accumulate in the revolving fund to permit the board to let the contract for West Superior street.

The total amount of contracts let through the revolving fund since it was established is $688,751.13, of which $168,199.24 represents last year's work.

Four large contracts for street improvements were let from other funds besides the revolving fund. Grand avenue from the ore docks to Central avenue was improved at a cost of $6,715.10. London road from Thirty-ninth to Fifty-first was improved at a cost of $10,563.54. The sum of $1,600 was expended on the New Duluth and Fond du Lac road, making a total expenditure to date of $7,118.84, and a contract was let for an outlet sewer at Second avenue east, to cost $4,000. This work has not yet been completed.

The following table is a summary of the contracts let during the year:

Grading and paving streets and alleys	$164,242 68
Sewers	30,885 98
Sprinkling	7,739 72
Laying wooden sidewalks	8,899 94
Laying cement sidewalks	1,542 25
Miscellaneous	1,156 85
Total	$214,466 82

* * *

Rigid economy on the part of the street commissioners, under the instructions of the board, has resulted in a big saving in the cost of maintenance of streets, alleys and sewers during the year. Every item of expense has been closely watched and every district in the city has lopped a considerable sum from its expenses in 1904.

The following table shows the comparative outlay in the different districts for the last two years:

	1904.	1905.
First	$8,816 62	$8,632 97
Second	22,235 70	15,440 47
Third	13,100 05	7,027 69
Fourth	16,616 15	11,887 54
Fifth	9,644 23	7,231 19
Sewers	11,019 68	9,637 75
Totals	$82,464 53	$59,756 61

* * *

One of the largest outlays the board has is for street cleaning. This year, by careful economy, the sum of $3,626.70 has been saved on this item, by means of reducing the number of flushings and cutting down the force somewhat. The board has 1,785,662 square feet of pavement to keep clean.

* * *

The city rock crusher has proved a profitable investment this year, and estimating the rock turned out at market prices, and allowing for all expenses in connection with the plant, it has a balance of $2,931 to the good, which is a clear profit during the year of about $2,500, as there was a small balance carried over from last year.

The portable rock crusher purchased during the year has also been operated at a profit, and has partly paid for itself in the first year of operation.

* * *

The following table shows the expenditures made by the board from the public works fund during the year:

Repairs to streets	$20,012 25
Repairs to wood silks	8,153 90
Repairs to sewers	4,169 27
Repairs to bridges and docks	4,650 05
Cleaning gutters and sewers	3,754 07
Cleaning streets and alleys	13,461 23
Removing ice	7,229 23
Chain gang	1,989 45
Office and general supplies and repairing county roads	20,033 70
Less material on hand	138 47
Total	$89,969 85

HAS CHANCE OF SUCCESS

Swedish Explorer Says Airship May Reach North Pole.

Dr. Otto Nordenskjold Says Wellman Expedition May Be Successful.

"The plan to reach the North Pole via the airship route, as projected by a Chicago newspaper, is, I believe, feasible, and I think that Walter Wellman, who has charge of the expedition, has a chance of meeting with success, provided precautions are taken to see that everything needful and possible in the way of equipment to help him are provided."

Dr. Otto Nordenskjold, the famous Antartic explorer and geologist, who will lecture tonight at the high school on the "South Polar Region," made this statement today, shortly after his arrival in the city. He came to Duluth over the Great Northern from the Twin Cities, getting here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The famous Swedish explorer is registered at the Spalding.

The doctor has gained a world-wide repute, and is considered an authority on anything pertaining to the polar regions. He has traveled all over the world, and became particularly famous by reason of his expedition to the Antartic regions. The expedition lasted from 1901 to 1904, and Dr. Nordenskjold spent two years in the ice fields, going as far south as the sixty-seventh degree.

"I was one of those who believed the unfortunate Andre had a chance of success when he started for the North Pole in a baloon," continued the explorer. "Of course that chance was not what might have been called a very good one, but still there was a chance, and I was among those who were of the opinion that Andre had reason for the confidence he expressed of being able to accomplish what so many believed was an impossibility, find the north pole with the assistance of a baloon.

"It was in 1896 when that expedition started. Nearly ten years have passed since then, and there have been many great and remarkable improvements in baloons and airships since then, so that now, under conditions as they exist at present, Mr. Wellman may possibly reach the pole, or at least penetrate farther into the arctic regions than any other explorer has done before him. I am greatly interested in his efforts, and will anxiously await to learn what the expedition will be able to do.

"While greater efforts are now being made to reach the North Pole than to explore the Antarctic regions, I believe South Pole explorations to be the more important, from a scientific point of view, at least. Less is known of the latter regions than the former. It is not likely, however, that any more expeditions will start South in the immediate future. There were three separate parties in our expedition, and the reports are not yet completed. Until they are completed it is not likely another attempt will be made to reach the South Pole. There will be a Polar conference at Brussels next summer, when polar research will be reviewed and discussed in all its lights."

Dr. Nordenskjold is modest and not at all fond of talking of himself. He is youthful in appearance, and is only 37 years old. He speaks very good English and is easily understood. He easily looks the scholar. The lecture will be fully illustrated by stereopticon views. The doctor will be introduced by J. Uno Sebenius.



FRANOVICH JURY HAS LONG VIGIL

Is Not Near an Agreement After Deliberating Twenty-Four Hours.

After a vigil of twenty-four hours, during which time they could not reach an agreement in the personal injury case of Rudolph Franovich against Butler Bros., for $30,000, the jury was taken out to lunch by a deputy sheriff this noon. It was understood that the jurors were at that time about as far as ever from coming to an agreement.

The case was given to the jury at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and from that time until this morning the question of whether Franovich should or should not receive any further compensation for the loss of his arm under a locomotive belonging to Butler Bros., was threshed out, the jurors refusing blankets and discussing the matter all night. Looking tired and worn the twelve men filed into Judge Dibell's room this morning for further instructions and then resumed their deliberations. The court told them that if they invalidated the settlement of $550 effected between Franovich and the contractors, it must necessarily be found that John Butler deliberately deceived the boy with false statements about his attorneys, and that he believed what was told him by Butler and acted thereon. The long session held by the jury shows its effect most on the older men comprising that body and among whom are Capt. Coburn and E. S. Munger.

As this is the second time that the Franovich case has come up for trial it is assumed that the court is giving the jury every opportunity to reach an agreement and dispose of the matters so far as this court is concerned.

We Buy Logs

The Red Cliff Lumber Co. will pay the highest cash price for white pine, Norway, spruce and tamarack logs, delivered on railroad. Red Cliff Lumber Co., Duluth, Minn.

CELEBRATE BURNS DAY.

Clan Stewart to Have Scottish Concert Thursday Evening.

The birthday of Robert Burns will be celebrated by Clan Stewart next Thursday evening with a concert at the Flaaten conservatory hall. The program will be one to warm the heart of and Scot and is as follows:

PART FIRST.

Bagpipe selection ..... Prof. John Smith.
Address of welcome ..... Chief John G. Ross.
Song—"A Red, Red Rose" ..... Miss Alice Sjoselius.
Song—"Caod Mille" ..... John H. Matheson.
Reading—"The Cotter's Saturday Night" ..... Miss Mae Wylie
Song—"March of the Cameron Men" ..... J. C. Myron
Song—Selected ..... Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward
Song—"Star of Robbie Burns" ..... Phillip Gordon Brown.

PART SECOND.

Address—"Robert Burns" ..... Clansman H. J. McClearn.
Song—"Dinna Ask Me" ..... Miss Alice Sjoselius.
Song—"Scots Wha Hae" ..... J. C. Myron.
Reading—Selected ..... Miss Mae Wylie.
Song—"An Gleann Sith Robb Mi Oj" ..... John H. Matheson.
Song—Selected ..... Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward.
Song—"Battle of Stirling Bridge" ..... Phillip Gordon Brown.
Accompanist, Miss McCaskill.

WILL DO ITS PART.

Pilgrim Church to Aid Toward Fund for Missions.

The Congregational churches of the United States in order to increase the interest in the work of foreign missions, and also try and raise a million dollars for a forward missionary movement, are planning a series of meetings throughout the leading cities of the country.

Last evening, representatives of Pilgrim Congregational church met at the residence of Rev. Alexander Milne, together with a representative of the American board, Rev. Charles H. Maxwell, formerly pastor of the Linden Hills Congregational church of Minneapolis, but now of Chicago, to plan for such a meeting in Duluth.

The meeting here will be held February 28 and will be addressed by prominent workers and returned missionaries of the American board. There will be morning and afternoon sessions, and in the evening a banquet in the church parlors, to which invitations will be sent, followed by addresses by speakers from out of town. At the meeting last evening committees were appointed to arrange for the coming meeting as follows:

Chairman of press committee — T. H. Hawkes, Jr.

Supper committee—W. W. McMillan, W. G. Hegardt, Albert Baldwin.

Invitation committee — Rev. Alexander Milne, Ward Ames, Oscar Mitchell and W. S. Woodbridge.

Entertainment committee—Ward Ames.

Names of speakers and programs for the meeting will be published at a later date.

COPPER STOCKS SHOW DECLINE

Amalgamated and Anaconda Relapse After Spurts.

Those copper stocks which made such spurts yesterday declined today and other stocks were affected. North Butte opened at $89.50, went to $89.75 and dropped to $88.50. The closing price was $88.50 bid and $89 asked. Amalgamated opened at $114.50 asked, went to $115.12½ and then dropped to $113.12½. The closing price was $113.12½ bid and $113.37½ asked. Anaconda dropped from $290 to $273.

The Bisbee stocks were dull. Calumet & Arizona sold at $121 and closed at $121 bid and $122 asked. Calumet & Pittsburg closed at $35.50 bid and $36 asked. Junction sold at $27 and closed at $27 bid and $27.50 asked. Lake Superior & Pittsburg was $50 bid and $52 asked early and closed at $50 asked and Pittsburg & Duluth closed at $26 asked and closed unchanged.

Black Mountain sold at $12.50 and closed at $12 bid and $12.50 asked. Keweenaw was $17.50 asked at one time and closed at $18 bid and $15.50 asked, Warren closed at $18 bid and $20 asked and Copper Queen of Idaho at $3.50 asked.

Gopher Club Entertains.

The Gopher Social club entertained last evening at a sleighride, and after the drive the members were entertained at the home of Arthur Peer. An informal musical program was given by Phillip Thorstad, Arthur Peer, William Adams and Frank Glover. The chaperones were Miss Preston and Miss Pritchard. Those present were: Misses Eva Schallen, Dora Williams, Edith Leonard, Ella Swanstrom, Hilma Strandmark, Lydia Olson, Thyra Olson, Florence Nelson, Jennie Stubbs, Winnie Leonard, Annie Segerman, Lillia Johnson and Lily Larson, and Messrs. Arthur Peer, Al Swanstrom, William Adams, Fred Huffman, Marcus Skomars, Phillip Thorstad, Lwo Marlow, Walter Matheson, Niel Matheson, Llewellyn Pritchard, Elmer Bjork, Frank Glover and George Larson.

Too Late to Classify

Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Scalp Treatments, Facial Massage, Manicuring and Children's Hair Cutting at Miss Horrigan's

A COMPLETE FURNISHED APARTment, central location, for March and April; suitable for man and wife or young married couple. Apply 206 Alworth building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

George Marshall and Mary Melinda Hantz.
Otto R. Nelson and Ellen Cristine Anderson.

BIRTHS.

HUBERT—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hubert of 316 Restormel street, Jan. 8.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Charles Baxter, frame dwelling on Fourth street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenue west, to cost $4,500

UNION SERVICES BEGIN.

Scandinavian Denominations Start Revivals at West End.

The union services arranged by the various Scandinavian churches at the West end began Thursday evening at the First Swedish Baptist church at Nineteenth avenue west and First street. The churches which take part are the Mission church, the Norwegian-Danish Methodist church, the First Swedish Methodist church, the Salvation Army corps, and the First Swedish Baptist church. The service last night opened with a song session led by Rev. A. Edstam, followed by a scripture reading and invocation by Rev. F. O. Kling. The church choir sang and Rev. Mr. Edstam greeted the large audience that had gathered. He expressed his pleasure at meeting with people of other denominations who together join in praise to the Savior. He introduced Rev. J. A. Anderson, who gave the principal address of the evening.

Rev. Mr. Anderson took his text from Isaiah xl-31: "But they that wait upon the Lord shall renew their strength." He said:

"As the time goes by there seems to be a decline in strength and power in the religious life. The human mind is affected by worldly matters and some times a tired feeling possesses the soul. We are in constant need of strength to perform our Christian duties; and if we renew our strength in the Lord we become better Christians. But our text tells us that only they that wait upon the Lord shall receive strength. If you have had wonderful experiences in the Christian life in past times, you need the same power today. Those that receive power from the Lord must have great joy in their soul. Some say that religion is only to help us when we die. The religion of Jesus Christ will help us during our entire lives, and help us to be better men and women and when the time comes for us to leave this life for the eternal one we are prepared to meet God. Past history shows us that the power of God has achieved wonderful results. When Peter one of the diciples of Christ, preached the marvelous sermon recorded in Acts, 3,000 were converted, it was the power of God. The same power will be given those who wait upon the Lord."

A session of testimony followed the address. Among those who took part were: Ensign Miss Lindberg of the Salvation Army, Ensign Erland of Denver, Colo., who is visiting here; Rev. Petrus Beckstrom and Mrs. Beckstrom of Hibbing.

The next meeting will be on Sunday afternoon at Swedish Mission church at 3 o'clock. Rev. A. Edstam will then give the principal address.

WANTS SECOND PAYMENT FOR RED LAKE INDIANS.

Washington, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Steenerson, today called on Indian Commissioner Leupp, regarding the matter of paying Red Lake Indians the second installment of money due them from sale of their ceded lands. The amount due them is $100,000. It is proposed to require Special Agent McNichol of the department to give an additional bond so that he may disburse this sum to these Indians.

WARM AT CLEVELAND.

The Themometer Reaches 65 Degrees in That City.

Cleveland, Jan. 20.—The official thermometer at the weather bureau office here this afternoon registered 65 above zero. Only on two other occasions—Jan. 1, 1876 and Jan. 11, 1890—has the temperature reached a higher point than this during the month of January in the thirty-five years since the weather bureau office was established in Cleveland. On the first date the mercury touched 69 above. On Jan. 11, 1890, it reached 67.

CONSIDERS FORAKER BILL.

Washington, Jan. 20.—The senate committee on interstate commerce today began consideration of the Foraker bill with the object of perfecting it in accordance with the views of those who support it.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York--Arrived: Maine, from London.

FUNERAL OF MGR. RAVOUX IS HELD AT ST. PAUL.

St. Paul, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The funeral of Mgr. Augustin Ravoux, who died Wednesday in St. Joseph's hospital at the age of 91 years was held from the cathedral here today. Archbishop Ireland preached the funeral oration and the services were attended by many men prominent in the Catholic church of the Northwest, city and state officials. Mgr. Ravoux was one of the first Catholic priests to come to the Northwest as a missionary.

WOOD TO SUCCEED CORBIN.

Manila, Jan. 20.—Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will succeed Maj. Gen. Corbin in command of the military division of the Phillippines on Feb. 1. Maj. Gen. Corbin will leave on Feb. 2 for Hongkong, sailing thence for San Francisco on Feb. 9 on the Pacific mail steamer Korea.

IOWA DRUMMERS MEET.

Des Moines, Jan. 20.—Fifteen hundred delegates to the convention of the Iowa State Traveling Men's association are here today, and a warmly contested campaign of several weeks' duration for the position of secretary-treasurer is nearing an end.

CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT TO ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF

Duluth & Chiricahua Development Company.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

We, the undersigned, A. M. Chisholm and George H. Crosby, of Duluth, Minnesota, do hereby certify that we are President and Secretary respectively of the Duluth & Chiricahua Development Company, a corporation of the State of Minnesota.

That at a special meeting of the stockholders of said Company duly held at the office of John G. Williams, Suite 605 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn., on the 23rd day of December, 1905, the following Resolution, amending the Articles of Incorporation of said Company, was duly adopted by a majority vote of all the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company, to-wit:

"Resolved, that Article I. of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: 'Article I. The name of this corporation shall be Sullivan Copper Development Company.' And that Article IV. of the Articles of Incorporation of said Company be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: 'Article IV. The amount of capital stock of this corporation shall be Four Hundred Thousand Dollars ($400,000) divided into Forty Thousand (40,000) shares of the par value of Ten Dollars ($10.00) each.'"

A. M. CHISHOLM,
President.
GEORGE H. CROSBY,
Secretary.

In Presence of:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM ELDER.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

Be It Known, that on this 12th day of January, 1906, personally appeared before me A. M. Chisholm and George H. Crosby, to me known to be the persons described in, and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they, and each of them, being duly sworn on oath, said that the facts therein set forth are true of their own knowledge.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of January, 1906.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Notary Public,
St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
My com. expires Aug. 3, 1906.

State of Minnesota, Department of state.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 18 day of Jany., A. D. 1906, at 3 o'clock p. m., and was duly recorded in Book L-3 of Incorporations, on page —.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record Jan. 19, 1906, at 11:30 a. m., and was duly recorder in Book 3 of Misc., page 532.

M. C. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CDARK,
Deputy.

CITY BRIEFS

A meeting of the executive board of the Twentieth Century club will be held Monday morning at 10 o'clock at the club room of the library.

W. J. McCabe will address the Sunday meeting of the boy's department Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, and Phillip Helmbach will act as leader. Miss Bradshaw will sing and H. H. Stone will give a selection on the musical chasses. T. F. Upham will speak to the younger boys at 3 o'clock.

An investigation of the false alarm which gave the fire department a run to Second avenue west and Superior street last night, is likely to be made by the police and fire departments. It was reported that the box was pulled by a small boy, who broke the glass and ran.

The petit jurors serving during the present term of district court and who are not now engaged on trial of a case, have been excused until Tuesday, Jan. 30.

Unusual weather conditions were noted at Duluth yesterday. During the entire day there was only a difference of 11 degrees between the maximum and the minimum temperatures.

PERSONALS

W. O. Kinsman, of the land department of the Duluth & Iron Range road, is in St. Paul on business.

Thomas W. Bayerd, of the Duluth Corrugating & Roofing company, was called to Cleveland yesterday by a telegram announcing the illness of his little daughter with diphtheria.

Harry J. Snyder, manager of the Douglas Shoe store, has returned from the East.

John Turge, who has been confined to his home for the past week with lumbago, is again able to be out.

John Thompson left today for Ada, Minn., where he will be in charge of a logging train.

Mrs. Kate McQuinn, of 1901 West Superior street, is confined to her home, having fractured her right foot by a fall on a sidewalk at the West end.

J. T. Stewart, manager of the Duluth Music company, has returned from a three weeks' business and pleasure trip to St. Paul, Fargo and other points.

Mrs. Fred M. Anderson, of 30 Seventh avenue east, has gone to Winnipeg for a short visit with relatives.

V. J. Mullery left for St. Paul today.

W. T. Smith has returned from Milwaukee and other Wisconsin points.

H. E. Emerson left for St. Paul today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Zweifel and E. J. Butchart leave tomorrow over the Omaha for Ocean Park Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Young, of Two Harbors, are guests at the St. Louis.

IMPORTANT SALE.

The Fair, Superior, Announces Another Bargain Event.

Mr. A. J. Pederson, of the Fair, Superior, has just returned from a trip to the Eastern markets and as a result of a very successful cash buying trip, announces in this issue a three days' sale, beginning Monday morning, that will prove of particular importance to Duluth women. Hundreds of items are quoted in wanted merchandise of every description, at prices that will surprise the most expectant shoppers. Complying with its usual custom, The Fair will allow car fare to Duluth patrons on all purchases of $2.50 and over. The sale begins at 10 o'clock sharp, Monday morning.

MINING MEN TO INSPECT MINES

Party of Eastern Capitalists Reach Duluth for Hibbing.

A party of Eastern men interested in Northern Minnesota iron ore properties arrived in Duluth this morning over the Omaha road from Chicago, on a tour of inspection to the mines on the Mesaba range, and to attend the annual meetings of the respective companies in which they are interested and which will be held in this city next week.

In the party are Capt. John Mitchell and John C. Gilchrist, vessel agents of Cleveland; J. W. Rhodes and E. W. Ohl and Mr. Neill of the Cherry Valley Iron company, Pittsburg, Pa.; F. W. Hart, a wholesale merchant of Cleveland. They are interested in the LaRue mine at Nashwauk and the Croxton, Nassau, Hobart and Brunt mines at Hibbing. Accompanied by Capt. Joseph Sellwood and D. M. Philbin the party will leave this evening by special train over the Great Northern road for Hibbing. After spending Sunday and Monday inspecting the mines the party will return to Duluth for the annual meeting of the mining companies next Tuesday.

WARM IN CHICAGO; COLD WAVE COMING.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—This was, with one exception, the warmest winter day experienced in this city since the establishment of the weather bureau, the temperature reaching 62 deg. In 1876 a January day attained a temperature of 65 deg., which is the record for winter. A decided fall in temperature is promised within twenty-four hours.

INCREASE IN WAR BUDGET.

Paris, Jan. 20.—According to M. Klotz, reporter of the war budget in the chamber of deputies, the estimates for 1906 show an increase in the war expenditure of nearly $6,800,000 over 1905.

Attention, Elks!

Rev. R. J. Mooney will preach tomorrow morning at St. Luke's church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, at 11 o'clock, on "The Mission of An Elk." Elks will meet at the hall at 10:15.

WANT BENSON TO RUN AGAIN

Delegation of German Citizens of St. Cloud Call on Mayor.

St. Cloud, Minn., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The improbable came to pass in this city yesterday afternoon, when a committee of the most prominent German citizens of the city called on Mayor Benson and asked him to be a candidate next spring for re-election. The city election takes place April 4, and politics are brewing already for that day. Mayor Benson first colored up when the purpose of the visit of the committee was revealed to him, and for a while he thought he was the object of a joke. He stated point blank at first that he would not run, but the men who came to see him were persistent and left him without accepting a refusal. It is stated that he will be re-elected in spite of the strong opposition which the saloon men will show.

Sentiment among the best class of Germans, as well as the best citizens at large, is turning in favor of the Sunday closing law, but according to the statement of the men who waited on the mayor, those who have made up their minds to champion him for re-election will not make the closing of the saloons on Sunday an issue. In fact, it is stated that such an issue will be avoided.

Mayor Benson stated today that he would leave for Chicago as soon as his pressing business here allowed him to go. He has still in mind to go to Mexico, but it is thought that his order in regard to opening the saloons will be kept in his absence. The fever heat of the first few days of the year has cooled down, and the saloon men see plainly that the mayor is not to be bluffed by anyone.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



At the Lyceum

"The County Chairman" on Monday and Tuesday, and "A Runaway Boy" on Friday and Saturday.

George Ade's "The County Chairman" which will be presented at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday evenings is described as a comedy that "fairly scintillates with humor."

While there is plenty of side-splitting merriment, a strong dramatic plot forms the basis of the story. Jim Hackler, the county chairman, by a master stroke carries the convention and puts in nomination for state's attorney, his young law partner Tillford Wheeler. The rival candidate is Judge Elias Rigby, the typical, miserly lawyer of the country town.

Hackler and Rigby are sworn enemies of many years' standing and the complication is further complexed because young Wheeler is in love with the daughter of Rigby. As the day of the election draws near Hackler, "gum shoes" it from Antioch, where the scene of the play is laid, and goes to a neighboring town where he secures evidence that Rigby has defrauded an orphan girl of her inheritance. The story of the guilt is sufficient to effectually damn Rigby's chances of election. As Hackler is about to send the story of the judge's theft to the press, the judge's wife, Hackler's former fiancee, appears and a finely acted scene, Hackler with characteristic generosity, tears up the evidence for the sake of his old time love for Mrs. Rigby.

This is in main the story. Supplementing it are a score or more of those inimitable characters that George Ade draws so well. The naive humor of the shiftless darkey Sassafras, the town ne'er do well, is as refreshing as any creation on the latter day stage. Sassafras is never malicious and while he leads not exactly an exemplary life, his methods of gaining a living are accomplished in such a humorous way, that his every entrance is the signal for laughter. His expediency of naming his baby for whatever candidate happens to give him the most money is ludicrous.

The flirtatious milliner, who has "met so many traveling gentlemen," the store box orator who engages in wild flights of rhetoric concerning the impending ruin of the country and is so busy talking that he cannot split wood for his over-worked wife, the editor of the country paper, the "wise" man of the village who remembers events that happened before he was born, the lovable Lucy and a host of others led by the big, ragged Jim Hackler, form a complement of stage characters as entertaining as any on the contemporary stage.

Henry W. Savage has given "The County Chairman" an unusually attractive stage setting and the cast is fully up to the standard observed in all his productions. Theodore Babcock, well known as a character actor, will have the role of the Hon. Jim Hackler. His interpretation has brought him the highest praise. George Thatcher, the famous minstrel, will be seen as the shiftless negro Sassafras, a role of which he makes every opportunity.

"A Runaway Boy."

M. H. Meyer's big production of "A Runaway Boy," of which the famous boy actor, Joseph Santley, is the star, will be at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday, giving a Saturday matinee.

Coming Soon.

The list of bookings for the Duluth Lyceum for the balance of January, and during February, are the following:

"Liberty Belles," a musical comedy, first presentation in Duluth, Jan. 29 and 30; Kubelik, the celebrated Bohemian violinist, one concert, Jan. 31; Henry W. Savage's original company, presenting "The College Widow," Feb. 2 and 3, three performances in all; the cartoon musical comedy, "Buster Brown," Feb. 6 and 7, with a matinee for children, Wednesday, Feb. 7; Pauline Hall, in a revival of "Dorcas," three performances, Feb. 9 and 10; the W. T. Carlton Opera company in "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," one night, Feb. 12; "The Serio Comic Governess," two nights, Feb. 13 and 14; "Piff, Paff, Pouff," Duluth, Feb. 16 and 17, with a splendid cast and big production; Grace George, under the direction of W. A. Brady, on Feb. 19, in "The Marriage of William Ashe," which has had a phenomenally successful engagement at the Illinois theater, Chicago; Louis James, in repertoire, Feb. 23 and 24, and Joseph Murphy, in "The Kerry Gow," Feb. 21 and 22.

* * *

The High School Girls will follow the Baltimore Beauties at the Lyceum.

* * *

Louis James' repertoire in Duluth will be: Feb. 23, "Richelieu;" Saturday matinee, "Igomar," and Saturday night, Feb. 24, "Virginius." Mr. James is supported by Norman Hackett, well known in Duluth, and a capable company, including Miss Aphia James and others.

Where, When and How

are three questions agitating the minds of the prospective tourist.

WHERE? Florida, Cuba and the South. Because the beautiful Southland is not so far from home, and the expense is light in comparison with the Far West.

WHEN? Now, for the blizzard of the North is upon you.

HOW? Via the

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

in connection with

Queen & Crescent Route

BECAUSE the "Chicago and Florida Special," leaving Chicago at 1:00 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:50 p. m. and St. Augustine 10:00 p. m., and the "Florida Limited," leaving Chicago 9:00 p. m., arriving Jacksonville 8:50 a. m. and St. Augustine 10:00 a. m., will take you in through sleepers, club, dining and observation cars, modern day coaches, etc., etc. Write for Winter Homes booklet and other literature to

J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

W. H. TAYLOE,
General Passenger Agent, Washington, D. C.

G. B. ALLEN,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Louis, Mo.

S. H. HARDWICK,
Passenger Traffic Manager, Washington, D. C.

The Metropolitan

The Baltimore Beauties in Burlesque and Specialties All Next Week.

After their triumphs in Chicago and the Twin Cities, the Baltimore Beauties come to the Metropolitan, opening their engagement there with a performance Monday evening. As do all the companies which come to the "Met" now, the Beauties will remain until Saturday night, and during the week will give matinees on Tuesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Thursday will be ladies' day and souvenirs will be given to all women attending either the matinee or the evening performance. No smoking will be permitted at either.

Like the Yankee Doodle Girls, who made such a hit with "Met" patrons this week, the Baltimore Beauties are charges of T. W. Dinkins and he is said to have engaged some of the cleverest vaudevillians and burlesquers in the country to enact the principal roles in the two act musical comedy, "A Scotch Highball," which the Baltimore Beauties give, in addition to an olio of clever specialties.

These last are given by such people as Glenroy and Hughes, comedians; Edna Davenport, the dancing marvel and Armstrong and Bertrand, vocalists and dancers, and the Zarrow troupe of bicyclists.

The catchy songs sung by the principals with the aid of the large beauty chorus are said to be a most attractive feature of the entertainment given by the Baltimore Beauties.

The New Bijou

High-Class Vaudeville Will be Presented During the Coming Week.

A strong bill of vaudeville acts will be seen during the coming week at the Bijou, many well known artists being booked. Among them are Love and Rollas in a screaming comedy skit, "The Midnight Express."

Alfred Anderson, known throughout America as the male Melba, will sing at each performance during the week. Wells and Wells, comedy musical artists and expert banjoists, will play upon illuminated instruments, and Daly and Murphy, singing and dancing comedians, come with a new line of jokes and comedy skits. Dolly Wells, lightning cartoonist, will make several sketches in rapid succession.

Harry Wilmot, the sweet-voiced singer, will open a several weeks' engagement, singing the illustrated songs. Mr. Wilmot has a rich baritone voice.

The Jullans, physical culture exponents and daring aerial gymnasts, will present a clever act on the aerial rings, and the moving pictures will be exceptionally good, two long films being used. One is "Monsieur Beaucaire," who has a thrilling and exciting love affair in which a duel is fought. A screaming comedy subject will also be exploded entitled "A Bicycle Robbery."

Matinees are given daily at 2:45 and the evening performances begin at 8:00 and 9:30. Special school children's matinee Saturday.

Caruso, Serious Caricaturist

Impressions of Tenor Off Stage—Tells of Time When He Was a Chorister.

New York, Jan. 20.—When viewed off the stage of the Metropolitan opera house Sig. Caruso, the tenor, is seen to be neither so short nor so stout, as he has sometimes been represented to be. If a woman, he might be described by that good, old-fashioned word, "buxom." Yet with all this to the good he is still by no means the beau ideal of youthful 16 and still more youthful 26.

Further than this, Caruso has about him all the marks of the expatriate, and the unwilling expatriate at that. Should the demand for imported song birds at high salaries continue and his voice allure the American impresario for twenty years to come, at the end of that time Caruso would still be at odds with his environment and his nationality would be as conspicuous as at present.

This being the case, it was natural that while he was being interviewed he should mention Naples. It was in connection with the Christmas season that he spoke of it and he expressed his longing to be there.

"It is not that we have more joyous holidays," he said. "No, it is not that. It is only that I was brought up there, and as the years go on we seek our own—that is all."

"You are such a nation of asking questions, and I am always hearing people say, 'Tell me what you did and thought and felt.' I don't think my memories are any different from those of anybody's who has lived to man's estate.

"I was brought up by a father who wanted to make a mechanician of me, and when I earned my first musical money I was getting 40 cents a day at my trade. I used to sing in the boy choirs, wore a white robe and an angelic look like the rest of my companions; but, I am sorry to say, I don't think I startled them at all with my wonderful voice.

"There is one funny memory that comes back to me. I was quite a lad and had gone to church to sing at the midnight mass on Christmas eve, which is made so much of in foreign countries.

"On this particular night the worshipers had to wait a long time for the service to begin. The priest had met some friends and they had dragged him away with them to celebrate. Naturally they had eaten and drunk heartily while the little band of quiet worshipers in the dimly lighted church were on their knees listening to the organ and awaiting the priest.

"Finally he came and the service began. It went along very perfunctorily until he ascended the pulpit, and then they settled into their seats to listen to the usual story of Christmas eve and the usual flight of eloquence.

"The church was small and close, the incense burning up what little oxygen there was, and this long wait had caused a very somnolent feeling, which only the presence of the priest and the desire to hear a wonderful sermon prevented from becoming too marked for reverence.

"The priest leaned over the edge of the pulpit and bowed in a way that suggested the mechanical toys that they sell at carnival time. After a long interval 'Friends' came from the scarcely parted lips. Then he bowed again a few times and the congregation yawned in sympathy.

"He straightened up with a staccato motion and struck into an andante beginning with 'Dear friends, it is a happy night.' Pause. 'A happy night.' Another pause. 'A very happy night.'

"All at once succumbing to the power of the celebration and the heat of the church, he seemed to forget his whereabouts and sank back, saying 'Good night' with a snore that effectually ended the sermon and hypnotized the majority of the worshipers.

"Caruso is inimitable while he tells this story, which needs his gestures, his rollicking laugh, his infectious mirth, to make it effective. As he talks, sometimes rising from his chair, sometimes leaning over an imaginary pulpit, sometimes sitting with companions at a cafe table, you get the whole scene. At the climax the snore is so well done that you start, deceived for a moment into the belief that it is a genuine expression and that the interview has come to an untimely close.

"And it is rather his good nature than his predilection that prevents the interview from reaching this or another equally effective limit, for he is no friend of that form of torture. He recoils from the sight of the newspaper and announces that he never reads one—never, never.

"I am afraid I shall see something about myself," he says. "How would you like to read that Caruso ate a beefsteak today or that Caruso walked on the avenue? Of course, I walk on the avenue and I eat, but is there anything remarkable in that? Why ask you? Is it serious? Has that anything to do with my art?"

It takes three people to assure Signor Caruso that it is not serious, and he returns from the inner door through which he has almost disappeared, mollified for a moment.

The talk about his life as a chorister leads him to discuss the change in the Catholic musical ritual.

"I know," he says, "that a great deal of criticism has been made in regard to the substitution of the Gregorian, and the complaint is heard that thousands of people have lost their means of livelihood. Personally, I think it is a greatly needed change, one that tends to the dignity and seriousness of the service.

"The church should not be looked on as a career or a profession, unless, as in the case of the ministry, there is a call for it. The operatic and the concert stage are provided for those who want a means of livelihood only; there should be sacredness connected with every idea of the church."

Then, taking up a new topic, he continues:

"Have you ever thought how strange it is that your country does not produce tenors? It is true, is it not? You have sopranos, contraltos, bassos and barritones in abundance, and there are more on the way, if you believe the reports of Herr Conried; but the tenor is conspicuous by his absence.

"I attribute this partly to the climatic conditions. You will find the same conditions in most Northern countries.

"In Russia, for example, a tenor is a great rarity, although they have magnificent bassos and baritones. There is no place in the world where one is appreciated so much.

"That is one reason, but not the vital one. You are too commercial to produce tenors.

"If a man should find himself the possessor of a wonderful quality of voice he would not take chances on its permanence, but would tear to lose it and at the same time lose his opportunity of making money in some other way. Even parents look askance at the boy who sings well and do everything in their power to discourage his pride in his talent.

"For a second the great tenor looks dejectedly on the ground. "It may be well. The life of the artist is not a happy one; it is a life of continual sacrifice.

"He finds his great joy with his family and his few intimates, and how much time can he spend with them? Even on Christmas day, on New Year's day he must be on duty, and when Sunday comes he is fortunate if he does not have to leave them for the public demand.

"I left the hotel this winter and took a house so that I could have a little of the home atmosphere and my chef de cusine, for you know indigestion and vocal cords have a close connection. There I telephone to a few of my chums 'Come up to dinner without your evening coat, and we have nice informal times. If it were not for that I should have remained, for your American hotels are comfortable places for the birds of passage.

"Besides my home I have"—and a broad smile illumines the grave face—"I have my art."

He points expansively to a handful of caricatures.

"This is the way I amuse myself. You have heard of them before? Yes? Then the newspapers do speak of my art sometimes? Do take me seriously." It is well.

"See, here are Nordica, Bauermeister, Vigna, Van Rooy, Goritz."

Caruso is delighted with the appreciation shown. He is a man with a fad which comes pretty close to being the real thing, that is, it would, were not for the presence of a greater talent.

"I think it is almost necessary for a man to have some work outside his profession. It relieves the strain on his nerves and calms him. Then, too, it is a pleasure.

"Whenever I look at anyone, at the same moment I see the caricature. You will find that most men who make this a profession have the same faculty. It is as if a shadow stood beside the original.

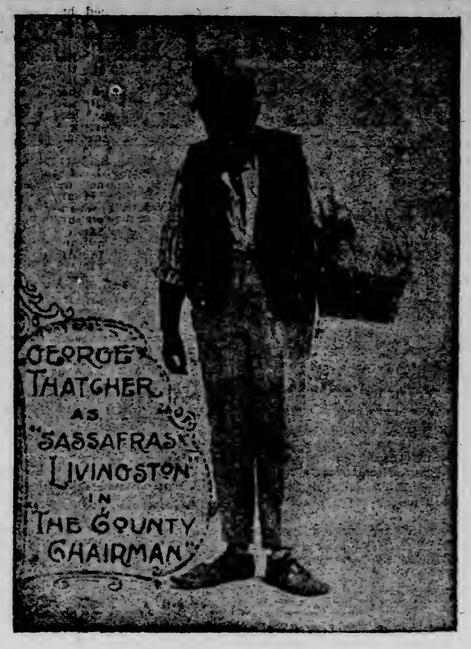
"When there is an aggressive mannerism, a special pose, a feature that is out of harmony, the caricature is very easy, for nine people out of ten see that deformity and recognize the person caricatured immediately by that. With a more classic face the difficulty increases, but there is always something distinctive.

"Vigna and Nordica are examples of this. Everybody knows that funny pose of the conductor, but the classic features of Nordica present difficulties, but, it is not so bad.

A rumor that Mark Twain was about to give a dinner to the cartoonists was mentioned. Caruso looked sad at the omission of his name. It was evident that he would consider an invitation to the dinner a greater compliment than the applause he receives at the Metropolitan Opera house.

"Perhaps he only knows of me as a singer?" he asks, half interrogatively.

And with his modest question the interview ends.



ONE OF THE MOST INTERESTING CHARACTERS IN "THE COUNTY CHAIRMAN" AT THE LYCEUM NEXT WEEK.

New York Theaters

Seven Plays Condemned to Death by Broadway Within Past Month—"The Clansman" a Forceful Melodrama—Jim Corbett in a Shaw Play.

New York, Jan. 20.—American theatrical public opinion is quick and final. Within the past month Broadway condemned seven plays to death and their remains were buried immediately. Formerly it was not so. The verdicts were slow and the executions tardy. Not only were failures kept going, but successes did not demonstrate themselves rapidly. John T. Raymond borrowed $300 to bring out "Colonel Sellers," and the start was so feeble that there would have been a stop stop at the end of a week if Mark Twain had not put $1,000 into the venture. Eventat the end of a week if Mark Twain got $50 for each one of the thousands of performances. William J. Florence could not get a loan with which to stage "The Mighty Dollar," and his credit was so poor that, the furniture being unpaid for at the end of an unprosperous fortnight, it was taken away and "the sudden illness of Mrs. Florence" shut the house for that evening. But the Florences were enriched later. Now, Colonel Mulberry Sellers and Hon. Bardwell Slote were true American humorists, Raymond and Florence characterized them racily, and in these present different times they wouldn't be more than a day old before their theaters were crowded.

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The hasty clearance of Broadway stages has given unexpected opening to dramas by two clergymen, the Rev. Drs. Thomas Dixon and Charles P. Goss, and to a third in which a pugilist, James J. Corbett, is the principal actor. Truly, the professions are getting hobnobby. In "The Clansman" the parson who takes the stage for his pulpit makes a political stump of it, too, for his play is an avowed attempt to agitate the question of negroism. New York newspapers have been pestered with letters purporting to come from partisans, the advertisements have heralded the piece as having caused tumults in the South, and the author, being a man of peace as well as turbulence, has hoped publicly that there would be no disorder in the theater when it was presented. Brother Dixon need have had no fear. He could foment no fury in New York. We never went through a reconstruction period, the word carpetbag has no political meaning to us, and the Ku Klux Klan is remembered vaguely as something far off. Of course, I am speaking of our people who make up theater audiences, and not of those who have read "The Clansman" and "The Leopards Spots." So, as I suppose, New Yorkers generally won't see, or if they do see they won't care about, the racial problem as Brother Dixon dramatizes it.

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On Monday night the theater was crowded by people of Southern birth, and they wildly approved every assertion of the negro's social inferiority; but on Tuesday night, when the assemblage was largely Northern, there was little ado over the discussion of a fact that isn't disputed in this part of the country. How can we get excited because Brother Dixon says that black is black and white is white? As to the mulatto lieutenant governor of South Carolina's proposal to marry the daughter of the white abolitionist, we take it as a practical joke on a man who preaches miscegenation, but won't have it practiced in his own family.

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With its preachment thus null in New York's view, "The Clansman" is left a mere melodrama of the Ku Klux Klan; and it is a forceful one; but its place with us is in the Bowery, not in Broadway. Probably we won't buy it largely at two dollars, but we might at fifty cents. As likely you know, its hero is a highbred young Southerner, who leads the Klan in South Carolina, and the opposing villain is the brown Lieutenant Governor Lynch, while other real personages, such as Governor Shrimp, General Forrest and Senator Thompson, figure in the play's politics. Lynch is made to take the white heroine into his arms with a suggestion of lustful assault, but his offense isn't criminal, for it consists of an offer to be her husband. The actor is a big, handsome, intellectual fellow, with half of a negro's color but none of a negro's features. Dixon hasn't been unfair to the blacks in that particular, for the player of the white hero is not at all good looking.

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Mr. Dixon has gone to "The Bells" for a device to present theatrically, yet not revoltingly, a negro's assault upon a little white girl. He is an ugly animal, as we have seen him earlier, and she a dainty creature. She wanders from the house and her body is found in the woods. Her brother calls the Ku Klux Klan together. We don't see them at first, in the dark of their cave at midnight, but we hear them open their session with prayer. Slowly their masked figures in ghostly white come into dim view. The negro is brought in and thrown among them. His terror is abject, but he won't confess. Here the idea from "The Bells" is utilized. The dead child's father is a hypnotist. The negro is put into a trance and commanded to tell what he has done, as Mathias was; and, also as in the case of Mathias, a light shines into the gloom and illuminates the culprit while he describes his crime. This makes a weird episode, for it is well done. But I think that our audiences are disappointed in the outcome. The wretch is merely sent out with a guard to be hanged quietly. We expect to see him burned alive. If ever "The Clansman" should be transferred from Broadway to the Bowery, perhaps a spectacle will be made of pyrotechnic capital punishment.

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Brother Goss did not himself make over his story, "The Redemption of David Corson," into a play, but let Lottie Blair Parker do it, and she has endeavored to give it a resemblance to her "Way Down East." Does it surprise you that Julia Marlowe was convinced that the book contained theatrical value? She planned to act its gypsy girl who tempts young David to eschew Christianity and take to gambling, adultery and murder, and then, in a way dear to the heart of an emotional actress, redeems him through her love. The character, I should say, would have been highly popular if Miss Marlowe had played it, for she would have insisted upon a reasonable dramatization, with the girl dominant instead of the man.

The play which Mrs. Parker has made of the clergyman's novel begins and ends in a Quaker village. A fakir's wagon strikes the town, and while he sells a cure-all, his gypsy girl wife tells fortunes. She there obtrudes herself into the fortunes of David Corson. In the second act he is a barker with the outfit in Cincinnati. The fakir carouses with dissolute comrades. David bribes a judge to decide his sweetheart's marriage illegal. The fakir fights to keep his wife away from the Quaker, and quite rightly, it would seem—if the play's point of view didn't ask us to give sympathy to the illicit lovers. Moreover, Mrs. Parker tricks us out of seeing a lively scrap by placing it in an adjoining room. We get David's word for it, however, that he has killed the fakis. In the third act this hero keeps a prosperous gambling hall in New Orleans and is several other kinds of a rascal. It is not until the last act, when he goes back to his village, redeemed, that he is worthy of anything but handcuffs and a hangman's noose. I am told that Miss Marlowe's decision was that David wasn't worth saving.

Jim Corbett in a play by George Bernard Shaw! But it is pretty nearly all right. The fellow who gives the title to "Cashel Byron's Profession" is a "pug," as the author makes him say, who tries to be gentlemanly. In Augustus Thomas' "The Other Girl" the same character was made by Thomas and Lionel Barrymore on intimate studies of Kid McCoy, who is such a "gent" that young women marry him one after another, and one has remarried him after each of three divorces. Corbett has no such wedding ring record, but he is as good-looking as McCoy, he has been vaudeville long enough to behave on the stage exactly as he does off, and hence the project of putting him into the role of Shaw's "pug"—not to act it, but to be it. Shaw object to it? Oh, no. He had dramatized the story, but readily consented to Stanislaus Stange making a play more likely to get the dollars.

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Corbett makes his first entrance into gentle Miss Carew's garden in a training costume—white sweater, cotton knickerbockers, golf stockings and walking shoes; and from what he says to her she would, if she were an American girl,

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER Sunday, 3 p.m. 3rd Regt. Band

TONIGHT—"THE SHO-GUN."

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, JAN. 22-23—

"AS BILL SAYS."

HENRY W. SAVAGE OFFERS
GEO. ADE'S RECORD-BREAKING SUCCESS—

THE COUNTY CHAIRMAN

THE PLAY THAT HAS MADE ALL AMERICA LAUGH.
Produced With All the Massive Elaboration of Scenic Appointment and Accuracy of Detail Which Distinguished Its Phenomenal Run of
SEVEN MONTHS AT WALLACK'S THEATER, NEW YORK
ENACTED BY A CAST OF FAMOUS PLAYERS
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c $1.00 and $1.50.

Friday and Saturday and Saturday Matinee, Jan. 26-27
AMERICA'S GREATEST YOUNG ACTOR
JOSEPH SANTLEY
AND HIS COMPANY OF 30 PEOPLE, IN
"A RUNAWAY BOY"
The Masterpiece of Realism and Scenic Art—The Great Circus Scene—The Most Elaborate Production Ever Produced at Popular Prices.

Jan. 29-30—LIBERTY BELLS. | Jan. 31—JAN. KUBELIK.

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT, LAST TIME,
Yankee Doodle Girls
Big Wrestling Match
Mattson vs. Johnson.
Monday night and all next week, the Baltimore Beauties.

New BIJOU
10—BIG FEATURES—10
NEXT WEEK.
HERE THEY ARE:
LOVE and ROLLAS' Comedy Sketch Artists.
ALFRED ANDERSON The Male Melba.
WELLS and WELLS Comedy Musical Artists.
HARRY WILMOT The Man With the Voice.
DALY and MURPHY Singing and Dancing Comedians.
THE JULIANS Gymnastic Wonders.
DOLLY WELLS The Only Lady Lightning Artist.
Prof. SCHNEIDER'S Solo Orchestra.
ILLUSTRATED SONG "Down in the Vale of Shenandoah."
MOVING PICTURES Monsieur Beaucaire and the Bicycle Robbery.
A SHOW TO PLEASE—LADIES, GENTLEMEN, THE LITTLE ONES.
MATINEE DAILY AT 2:45. 900 Seats 10c—No Higher.
EVENINGS AT 8 AND 9:30. Prices—10c, 15c and 20c.
Special school children's matinee Saturday afternoon. All scholars admitted for 5c, under 14 years of age.
FOLLOW THE CROWDS. YOU CAN'T MISS IT.

EXTRA! EXTRA!
St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.—Hundreds of workingmen shot down like dogs in the streets of this city today.—News Item.
RED SUNDAY
Demonstration at
KALAMAZOO HALL
15 West Superior St.
Sunday, Jan. 21, 8:30 P. M.
There will be four short orations in Finnish, Polish, Jewish and English.

GRAND CONCERT!
Jens Flaaten and the Third Regimen. Band at the Lyceum Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in popular and classical numbers.
Get the band habit, it is one of those that the more you become addicted to it, the better off you are. Admission 25c.

DR. OTTO NORDENSKJOLD
the noted searcher for the South Pole, will deliver his celebrated lecture,
"TWO YEARS AMONG THE ICE IN SOUTH POLE REGIONS,"
profusely illustrated with stereopticon views, Saturday, Jan. 20, 8 o'clock p. m.
At Central High School Assembly Hall.
Tickets, 50c each. For sale at Lundberg & Stone's bookstore, 221 West Superior street.

discover his profession at once; but she is innocently English, she is depicted very delicately by the Margaret Wycherly who came to New York to act in Yeats' idealistic dramas, and when he says right out that he is a "pug" she doesn't know what he means. He shapes up well in that first suit; so he does later when, for the minute before he hides them from Miss Carew under a long coat, he appears in a rig for the ring. At that time he is accompanied by a trainer, and why not a set-to for realism's sake? Wouldn't Ibsen have kindly obliged? And Stange wasn't hide-bound to Shaw, anyway.

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But the scheme was to represent a "pug" in an endeavor to be a "gent," and so Corbett is kept most of the time in the habiliments of a Beau Brummel of 1906. In the frock coat of an afternoon he might be photographed for a tailor's fashion plate for shape and pose as well as clothes. But the test comes when he puts on a clawhammer coat for an evening. My most severely critical judgment is that he wears the black and white quite as easily as the average gentleman, although more stilly conscious of them than the average waiter.

If Corbett were to try to be an actor who acts he would make a mess of it, but he has been stage broken to talk and move precisely as he does in a hotel parlor, which is, perhaps, as near as he gets to a fashionable drawing room. He has a rigidity of attitude once in awhile, and at others he seems about to side-step, or put up his hands, just as Barrymore did when impersonating McCoy, and those things serve for nice points in characterization. And when, at the end of the play, he has fled from his last fight, is pursued by the police, seeks a refuge in Miss Carew's house, tells her he loves her, and they embrace, he seems to retain something of the "pug's" feeling with the "pug's" gear that he still wears in his flight. He hugs the girl like a wrestler, and I am sure that if some one were to cry "Break away!" he would do it on the impulse, his love of the embraced one to the contrary notwithstanding.

* * *

The weep-wet woes of the actress who, with many men wriggling at her feet in throes of desire, is unable to hold on to the one who wants to get away from her, is with us for the some hundredth time. Henrietta Crosman is her new portrayer in a tragic brevity, "Madeline," and, as off before, the parting that gives mortal pain is with a diplomat who, for the sake of his career, must throw his mistress down and take up a respectable wife. The author, Mrs. W. K. Clifford, an English-novelist, gave to Madeline no variation that would have inclined Miss Crosman to play the part, for she is a captivating comedienne without emotional power, and this role is a half-hour wail of misery without a moment of good humor for relief. Now, it is a fact heeded by most playwrights that no emotional passage can keep a firm grip on an audience as long as that; it must let go once in a while to ease the tension with a laugh, and that point was illustrated on the opening night of "Madeline." When the woman on the stage had for a quarter of an hour made no change in her manner of misery, further than to shift from sobs and moans to ah-me and my-god, a woman in the audience snickered te-he. And when there was a command to hush, she broke into a ha-aha and was taken out in hysterics.

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However, Broadway audiences generally don't grieve acutely with these Madelines of the drama. This one isn't a sysline of the drama. This one isn't a sys-tematic creature at all. She chose to be a free lover and foul liver, and why should we mingle our tears with hers when, after eight years of willing concubinage, her paramour decides to go to the altar with a decorous woman? She has one theatric merit, though—that of uncertainty as to the manner of her death.

"There is no other way," she says, and brings out a pistol.

But just as all seems ready for her suicide she develops a desire to murder the diplomat. She locks him in her room. We hear the pistol go off and, when the curtain is raised, we see her dead body lying in the heavenly radiance, but if we are Chavanistic in our faith we know that her soul has gone hellward. While we can't very deeply deplore that fate for Madeline, for we have known nothing good of her, we wouldn't like to feel that Miss Crosman is going to be personally involved in the penalty of sin, for during the earlier and better part of the evening she has been the buoyant, wholesome and lovable old maid in "Mary, Mary, Quite Contrary."

* * *

During the interview reported below Mr. Wauton makes pantomimic gestures of devouring oysters and drinking coffee for it is his hour of dejeuner, a matinee is near at hand and moments are precious things. While he seems to be eating a full-sized luncheon, the fact that when he finishes nothing has been disturbed on plate or cup shows him master of his craft.

The Toy Soldier's face, which in real life belongs to a well grooned man of certain good looks and uncertain age, lights up at the mention of the appreciation shown his work here. It is his first visit to America.

"The success of a pantomime depends on something quite indefinable," he said when, asked to tell about his art. "It is short as it is, I consider one of my cleverest bits of byplay, was inspired by the sight of two soldiers at a public house last night, both of them very drunk, who talked to himself and went through a ridiculously funny scene.

"In a pantomime nothing is too small to be taken into account. The size of the theater makes a difference in your work. In a theater that is too large I had to cut out all the finest, most subtle touches, and others had to be exaggerated. I prefer the small theater where the audience is near and the magnetic current is very closely connected.

"The way the modern stage is lighted is a great help. I have an idea of the unpleasant conditions under which the work of former days was carried on, for in South Africa a small theater in which I played was equipped only with gas footlights, and being accustomed to the splendid electrical effects we usually get I could not seem to get hold of myself.

"Pantomime is entirely a matter of detail, and consequently the more cultivated and intelligent the audience the surer you may be of appreciation. To reach the gallery you have to give horse-play, and for a pantomimist who loves his work that is as incongruous as for the tragedian to play a low comedy part.

"There is a certain class of people whom the pantomime seems to repel. That would not be so bad if it were not for the effect on the pantomimist, who, strung up to the highest pitch, is conscious of that inimical feeling and is sometimes almost paralyzed in his work.

"Just the other night at the Lyric I struck a man of that type in a box. As soon as I came on the stage and my eyes glanced toward him, I knew what I was up against.

"He was of the blase sort, wouldn't be amused. He sat back with a stolid expression. 'Why don't you get to work and do something?' was written all over his smug face.

"To save my life I could not keep my eyes away from him. That is the worst of a face like that. It hypnotizes you. You can't ignore it and you can't forget it. Presently this man's face relaxed, and when a man like that once lets go of himself he does it with abandon.

"Another condition that has to be carefully studied is the mood of the audience. For instance, you cannot do the same piece of work after a ballad has been sung that you could after a topical song. Very often I have the feeling that my audience is a lump of wax, absolutely malleable; that I can mold them to my wish.

"And another serious thing about it is that the slightest noise is powerful enough to break the charm. The creaking of boots, a cough, the rustle of draperies and the nervous tension on which you depend for your effects is gone in a second. It is your task then to make some change to do something immediately that will regain control.

"When I first began here I could not seem to make the stage carpenters understand that they must not make the slightest sound. I heard one of them say in a one of protest to another:

"'Oh, well, I could understand his making a fuss if he said anything, but he doesn't talk at all; so what difference does it make if a feller does make a little noise?'

"I have been asked many times since my arrival concerning the difference between the English and the Americans, especially in regard to their sense of humor. I must say neither in that nor in other qualities do I see any essential difference. I think perhaps the English, while they have fully as keen a comprehension of what is amusing as the Americans, do not show their feelings quite so plainly.

"I do not believe that anybody can be taught to be a pantomimist. There must be self-training, for every gesture must be the expression of individual thought, and no one can teach another about his personal feelings. The pivot of the whole school of pantomime, but it is founded on that error the expression of set actions, like mechanical acting.

"Yet the French are the most appreciative of pantomime work of any nationality. This is because essentially they are masters of details, understanding every slightest gesture. The movement of an eyelid means as much to the French spectator as the motion of the body would to an Anglo-Saxon.

"I do not believe that an Anglo-Saxon audience could be made to sit through an entire drama done in pantomine. If they did it would have to have a scroll let down as in olden times with explanations on it. The French delight in long pantomimes, and in Berlin I have seen a whole evening devoted to the mysteries of dumb show—that old term for the pantomine. The longest one I ever wrote, half an hour, was called 'Cissy's Dream,' and was successful, but I would not dare test a longer one.

"I like serious work better than the humorous—we all do. Why, I can't tell. It is a greater mission to amuse, but it is a greater to make one feel and think.

"Friday, in 'Robinson Crusoe,' I might name as my favorite piece of work. The first appearance of Friday at the cannibal feast, the opportunities for him there and afterward to show gratitude, devotion, affection, endurance, with a lighter vein of comedy, all go to make an attractive role. I am surprised that it has never been given here, for there never was a child who did not love it.

"Here in 'The Babes and the Baron' I am cast as the Toy Soldier and am probably better known for my military work than any other. In fact, the criticism has been made that I could not do anything else and that my work was always just the same. That criticism proves justs what we have been saying, that the majority of people, and among them critics, are not finely trained enough to detect the subtle difference in pantomine work.

"Another criticism that was made over here in one of the Chicago papers was amusing. I was accused of being a plagiarist—a plagiarist of whom, do you think? Myself! For the same critic said I did the same work precisely that some one at the Empire theater in London had done three months before. He had seen it and of course he knew, but what he did not know was that I was the man at the Empire; but then in pantomines those mistakes will occur.

"For three years I played at Drury Lane and one night I was standing in the wings and one of my soldiers was standing a little way off. Sir Augustus Harris came along hurriedly, stood in front of it a moment and said, 'I say, Walton.' Then he looked again and saw his mistake. The whole cast was in roars of laughter. His expression was a pantomime in itself.

"In the West—and I think this did get in the papers—there was a woman who saw my pantomine work and was apparently much interested in it. She said afterward to her companion:

"'My dear, I think that poor man ought to be encouraged. There are many people in his condition, absolutely deaf and dumb, who would give up the struggle and go on the streets to beg.'

"Another time a friend of mine heard two men talking at the close of one of my acts.

"'I think he's very funny,' said one to the other. 'I enjoyed it immensely, but I simply couldn't understand a word he said.'

"My costumes, which are tools of the trade, are designed by myself to suit certain byplays. I follow the regulation soldier's outfit closely except in wearing a full dress suit in white, which is out of the ordinary, but is a good stage effect.

"I have these military clothes made by the best army and navy tailor I can find. The costume used in the bazar scene, which is very complicated and helps with its peculiar cut to give effectiveness to the scene, was suggested by the trouble a woman finds in locating a pocket in her new gown.

"The suit of evening clothes, which is only half there, showing the Tommy Atkins uniform when I turn, was made by having a suit fitted to a man of my proportions and then cut it lengthwise through the middle and when it is worn the fastening is done by a set of elastics. All this may seem trivial, but it i star from that, the costuming being a very important part of the effect one desires to get."

The Pantomimist's Delicate Art

A Branch of the Dramatic Profession Little Known in America.

New York, Jan. 20.—Just why pantomime is not more popular on the American stage it would be hard to say. Possibly it may be that good pantomimists are few and far between and the bad ones are often so hopelessly bad that even the good nature of an American audience won't stand for them. Yet artists in this branch of acting like Fred Walton declare that there is no form of dramatic art so little appreciated, so delicate in its attractiveness and so individual as this.

Gossip of the Rialto

Bernhardt's Texas Tour in a Tent—Gillette to Have New York Theater at His Disposal—Sardou Rewriting "A Scrap of Paper."

New York, Jan. 20.—The great tent prepared for Sarah Bernhardt's tour in Texas, where the theatrical trust has barred her out of the theaters, has a seating capacity of 5,000 and is as fully equipped as it is possible to equip a tent. The Texas tour will open at Dallas. It is the intention to run excursions to all the cities where the French actress will play.

* * *

When William Gillette gave his last performance in London after a very successful stay on the other side, he astonished his audience by saying he would never again act in England; indeed, that he would never again act out of America. Even on this side the announcement was not understood. It is now explained by the news that Charles Frohman is to place a New York theater at Mr. Gillette's disposal and that the author-actor will give his time in the future almost exclusively to that city.

* * *

Sardou, at 74, is rewriting "A Scrap of Paper," which brought him fame and fortune forty years ago. It is said that the new version will be more elaborate and practically a new play.

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Emma Dunn has made a big success as Pepeeta in the dramatization of Rev. Charles Goss' novel, "The Redemption of David Carson."

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"The Girl Who Has Everything," an American comedy by Clyde Fitch, will be given its first performance on any stage in Cleveland, Thursday, Feb. 1, with Miss Eleanor Robson as the lucky girl and the following players: Ada Dwyer, Alice Sheldon, Isabelle Richards, Gerda Henius, H. B. Warner, Earl Browne, Master Donald Gallaher and Reuben Fax. Miss Sylvia Lang, played by Miss Robson, is a young woman who finds herself face to face with many responsibilities, which she meets with the courage and cheerfulness typical of the American girl. The pivot of the play is the triumph of character and soul over environment. Three of the acts take place in a fashionable quarter of New York, and one act is played in a Harlem apartment house.

* * *

John Barrymore, better known as "Jack," the youngster of the family, as a schoolboy in Philadelphia showed such a talent for drawing that he was sent to England to study art in the Slade school. He has gained some reputation as a cartoonist and illustrator. In 1902 he won the first Press Artists' league scholarship in New York. But histrionic heredity prevailed, and "Jack" decided to follow his brother and sister on the stage. He made his debut in the role of the seriocomic press agent in Clyde Fitch's 'Glad of It.' The play fell down, but "Jack" Barrymore didn't. He got a part in the Willie Collier production of "The Dictator," and walked away with it—the nonchulant and thirsty "wireless" telegraph operator at Porto Banos, which he played until cast with the rest of the Barrymore bunch in "Alice Sit-By-the-Fire." The indications are that Jack's drawing talents will be exerted mostly on audiences and his salary. Ethel Barrymore admits that she and her brothers have thought of writing themselves a play. This recalls one of her father's best-remembered witticisms. When Steele Mackaye once told Maurice Barrymore that he would never become a great actor until he had had a great sorrow or a thrilling experience, "Barry" retorted, in a flash:

"You write me a play, Steele, and then I shall have both!"

* * *

"Cissy" Loftus ought to be about as pleased a young woman as London contains at present. After a run of rather bad luck both in the United States and her own country, she has scored a really big hit as Peter in Barrie's revived "Peter Pan," and what is more has just had a letter of personal praise and thanks for her work from Mr. Barrie himself. In the spontaneous letter which he sent Miss Loftus a day or two ago, Barrie wrote: "'Peter Pan' is the most difficult part I have ever asked a lady to play, but you strike exactly the right note, and if you do not appear in any more of my plays it will be your own fault." Mr. Barrie ought to be in high good humor and dispensing lavish praise wherever it is deserved, for "Peter Pan" is now an international success. Besides being revived in London with even more success than at first, and played by Maude Adams on this side to exceptional business, this fairy play of Mr. Barrie's has just been played in Germany for the first time and received a rousing welcome from the critical Teutons. The scene of this success was the municipal theater at Mayence. The first night enthusiasm was "almost bewildering." It would be interesting to know what the author's royalties from England, America and Germany eventually amount to.

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For some reason or other, Mrs. Langtry seems unable to find a successful new play to replace "The Degenerates.' That is probably why she has just started on a lengthy tour in South Africa, instead of trying conclusions again in either England or the United States. Since she scored so greatly in the Sydney Grundy play, the "Jersey Lily" has produced half a dozen new pieces, including one on Marie Antoinette by the author of "Zaza," but one and all have been failures. As for "The Degenerates," the actress has worn it threadbare in both England, America and in the antipodes, and so audiences at "the Cape" are being given a chance to see it.

* * *

Mrs. Leslie Carter will wear all new costumes during the New York engagement at the Academy of Music. The gorgeous robes of Adrea, many of them heavily encrusted with gold, have been in the hands of workwomen for three months. They will be duplicates of those she has worn en tour. The original designs were procured by David Belasco in London, Paris and Berlin. In accordance with his usual method, Mr. Belasco spent many weeks in the British museum, examining the valuable books which are accessible only to favored personages, and, by the time he had made the notes he required, and had studied the old works—he was prepared to talk with the actual designers of the costumes authoritatively. Mr. Belasco does not care to talk about the cost of his productions, holding that mere dollars and cents have little to do with the value of a stage offering, but it may be whispered, entre nous, that he will have paid out thousands of dollars for Mrs. Carter's costumes alone, for the three plays—"Adrea," "Du Barry" and "Zara"—which she will revive at the Academy of Music.

* * *

It will not be long before the 500th performance of "The Music Master," with David Warfield in his great creation of Herr Anton von Barwig, will be celebrated at the Bijou theater, New York. The size of the audiences never diminishes. It is fair to say that nearly everybody living in New York who has seen "The Music Master" at all, has seen it at least twice, and in some instances three or four times. The charm of this wonderful comedy drama, as produced by David Belasco, and interpreted by David Warfield and the talented cast selected by Mr. Belasco, is as great after seeing it two or three times as at first. As for the performance itself, it is always kept keyed up by an occasional rehearsal, as well as through the vigilant watchfulness of Mr. Belasco and several assistants, whose business is only to watch each rendering, to see that it is up to the high standard originally set.

* * *

Odette Tyler, as Maryland Calvert, in the great revival of David Belasco's picturesque drama of the South in war times, "The Heart of Maryland," has achieved the triumph of her stage career. She throws herselm heart and soul into the character, just as did Mrs. Carter when she played it. The result is a convincing picture of the sweet Southern girl, which is always in harmony with the romantic setting of the play. With such sterling artists as R. D. MacLean, John E. Kellerd, Orrin Johnson, Wallace Edinger and Edna Wallace Hopper, in support of Miss Tyler, it is easy to understand why the play is as well acted as ever it was, and why it is repeating its business success of years. Mr. Belasco goes to see it at frequent intervals, and the mark of his presence can always be seen by those that know the play well, in little touches here and there, that could come only from the hand of a master.

* * *

David Belasco never employs a supernumerary. He holds that there is no such thing in a complete stage performance. The old fashioned "super" no longer exists for the artistic producer. Mr. Belasco engages actors for small parts. He never insults them by calling them "supers." That is one of the many reasons that a Belasco performance always gives the impression of having been watched personally in each one of its details, from the greatest to the least prominent. There are no "supers" in Mrs. Leslie Carter's company. Every person appearing is an actor or actress.

* * *

Until about a week ago, comparatively few persons, even in .France, were aware that a daughter of Victor Hugo was still living, but then the death of Paul Meurice, who was this lady's guardian, called attention to the fact. Ade le Hugo is now 75, weak in her mind and lives in a small country house, not far from Paris under the care of two nurses. Thanks to the royalties on her father's work Miss Hugo is immensely wealthy, but she has no idea and works hard at writing plays which she imagines are produced in Paris. Taken to a matinee at one of the theaters, she sits in a corner of the stage box, believing that the piece she is watching is one of her own and bowing when the audience applauds. Occasionally she sends 'round little notes, asking the actors to alter this or that rendering, and as she leaves the theater she invariably remarks: "If only my strength would let me attend rehearsals! They acted well enough, but it was easy to see that the authoresss' final touch was wanting."

* * *

Oscar Hammerstein is slowly recovering from an operation for the removal of a piece of bone from his nose which interferred with his breathing. Although it may be said in justice to Mr. Hammerstein that it had no effect on his flow of language.

* * *

Arrangements have been completed for the production of Augustus Thomas's new play, "The Embassy Ball," in which Lawrence D'Orsay is to star. Much that was objectionable in the play as it was originally presented has been cut out, and Mr. Thomas is confident that it will be a go. The first presentation will be made at Providence January 22, and after a few weeks on the road it will be brought to New York.

* * *

Edward Harrigan is to have one more try for success by giving a two weeks' cycle of his old play which so delighted New York playgoers of a generation ago, beginning with "Old Lavender." The revival will be at thhe Yorkville Theater, and a special company is being organized to supportr him.

* * *

There has been a rumor to the effect that Oscar Hammerstein was to take charge of Lew Fields' theater. As the Shuberts have a contract to book the shows for Lew Fields for thch balance of this year the report caused a good deal of comment. It has been promptly denied by Mr. Hammerstein.

* * *

Imitation is the sincerest flattery. Since David Belasco produced his romantic drama of the days of '88, in California, "The Girl of the Golden West," there have been a dozen plays produced in New York, the scenes of which are laid in the Far West. With but one exception, all have been rank failures. This may be attributed to the fact that the success of "The Girl of the Golden West" depended first on the excellence of the play as a play, and then on the cast. There is only one Blanch Bates, and she is playing the "Girl," at the Belasco theater. Then there is only one dramatist writing for the American stage of equal ability with David Belasco, and that is David Belasco. Verbum sap.

* * *

According to Bill Sill, who is known officially as William Raymond Sill, manager of Lew Fields in "It Happened in Nordland," he was looking after some business in the interest of his star in Wheeling, W. Va., last week, when he proceeded to the railway station, which skirts the river there, intending to depart from Wheeling as hurriedly as possible. He employed a youth attached to the Court theater to assist in carrying his grip, and as they were walking along the river front approaching the depot, Sill saw a stern-wheel steamer plowing its way up the muddy stream. On its sides, painted in letters large enough to be read half a mile away, appeared the boat's name, "Ben-Hur."

"Funny name for a river craft," said Sill, "'Ben-Hur!' "

"Yep," replied the theater attache. "It does beat the very devil himself how Klaw and Erlanger advertise."

* * *

Forbes Robertson, the English actor, has been compelled to close his London season on account of an attack of influenza, and is resting at present in Switzerland prior to taking up a tour of the principal cities of England outside of London in the spring. Mrs. Robertson (Gertrude Elliott) is in Switzerland with her husband.

* * *

Vaughn Glaser, who has been playing in his own stock companies for several seasons, has been added to the list of Shubert stars. Mr. Glaser is organizing a company that will tour some of the Shubert houses later in the season in a revival of "Old Heidelberg."

* * *

Charles Frohman's next production, and one which is booked for an early presentation, is the play "Mispah," made from Ella Wheeler Wilcox's poetic story of the same title. In collaboration with Luscombe Searelle, the poetess has made the play into four acts, which follow rather closely the Biblical story of Esther. The play had a brief trial in San Francisco last summer and was well received.

* * *

Elfie Fay is out with a denial that her tour in "The Belle of Avenue A" is to close. Elfie says a chorus person that was discharged for incompetency was responsible for this knock.

* * *

Robert S. Russell, son of the late Sol Smith Russell, has given to the Song and Jest Club of Schenectady, N. Y., of which he is a member, the costumes and other appurtenances worn by his father in the various roles that he played. They will be made a part of the valuable collection of the club, and will only be used once a year when the annual show is given, the young Mr. Russell wearing them at that time.

* * *

Channing Pollock's play, "The Little Gray Lady," which has been hovering about New York, waiting for an opening, will go into the metropolis sooner than had been hoped. Henrietta Crosman's engagement at the Garrick in "Mary Mary, Quite Contrary," has now set New York afiame with enthusiasm, so some of the Crosman time is judiciously yielded to the new play, of which much is expected.

* * *

A new vaudeville team was organized last week, and will be known as Kelly and Guyer. Harry Kelly, the well-known young comedian, is one part of the team, and Charles Guyer, who with his former partner, Nellie O'Neill, has been doing a dance specialty in vaudeville since they left "Babes in Toyland," is the other. Guyer and O'Neill separated week before last, and the new partnership between Kelly and the former resulted.

* * *

The Cercle Francaise of Harvard university has made arrangements for the appearance there in the spring of Sara Bernhardt and Margaret Anglin in a matinee performance of "Pelleas and Mellisande." It said that Bernhardt will also give special matinees of the piece in New York and Boston before she returns to France. Miss Anglin will appear in both performances if they are booked.

* * *

A new comic opera just completed and which Klaw & Erlanger will produce in the spring is called "The Free Lance." It is by Harry B. Smith, with music by John Philip Sousa.

* * *

Sam Devere, the veteran proprietor of burlesque attractions, is recovering from an illness that for a time threatened his life. Devere has been in harness for a number of years and has amassed a comfortable fortune. He is building a home near Hempstead, L. I., where it is reported he contemplates settling down for a well-earned rest. In case he follows out his present plans, Devere has retired from active management or will do so at the end of this season.

* * *

Maxine Elliott took occasion last week to again report that there is no truth in the rumor that she and her husband, N. C. Goodwin, will appear as joint stars next season. Miss Elliott will continue under the Dillingham management and will likely use the present Clyde Fitch play, "Her Great Match," as her vehicle for next season. Goodwin is under a three-year contract to Manager Charles Frohman, and is now resting in Europe. It is reported that he will return to this country this week and may take up another role before the end of the season. He appeared early in the season in two plays, both of which proved failures and were withdrawn in short order.

It Is a Bargain City

Secret of Good Clothes New York Women Wear—More Bargains There Than Anywhere Else.

New York, Jan. 13.—The good clothes of New York women sometimes surprise visitors from other countries. Not so much the good clothes of the wealthy and the well-to-do as those of women with little income to spend on dress. The other day an Englishwoman expressed her surprise somewhat after this fashion:

"In England, married women of the poorer classes, the wives of clerks and artisans, and also unmarried, self-supporting women, dress so plainly as a rule that their circumstances, their station in life, is known at a glance. The exceptions to this rule are apt to be looked at askance.

"In cut, trimmings, materials, the gowns of the wealthy women, or of the upper class women, as we say, are quite distinct from those of women in poorer circumstances. The latter may be respectably clad, but they don't look smart or stylish.

"In New York I find no such distinction. Women whose appearance at first glance suggests affluence belong, I learn, to the class called poor in England.

"For instance, one morning on my way to Staten Island to spend the day I rode in the subway beside a young woman who, I inferred from her talk with a companion, was on her way to her daily work in an office building. I wore what I considered a handsome street suit. It was made by a noted London tailor and cost me £25, which would be $125 of your money.

"The young woman wore also a street suit of apparently good material, thoroughly modern cut and silk lined, judging from the swish as she passed me getting out at the bridge. Barring some minor accessories that young woman was as well dressed as I was. How did she do it?

"I go into the New York shops and see women of the plainer classes dressed in the height of fashion sometimes. How do they do it?"

When the Englishwoman's questions were referred to a young married woman, the wife of a clerk with a salary of $1,500 a year, who keeps house in Manhattan, has two children and always looks well and fashionably dressed when she appears in public, she answered without a second's hesitation.

"Marked downs," she said. "The young woman of the subway was wearing probably a gown she had just purchased for $18.50 marked down from $50 or more.

"Had the Englishwoman met her before Christmas, the chances are that she might not have been so favorably impressed with her clothes, for at that time the young woman would have been wearing her last winter's suit. I know I was wearing mine until a few days ago, and of late I often wished in vain—for in rainy Sunday was an excuse for appearing at church in a shabby garment.

"I could not afford to buy a new suit till the stores began their annual marking down. I have never been able since I was married to buy any new clothing at all at the beginning of the season, when goods are first opened, and here are hundreds of women in New York who are in the same boat with me.

"But you always look well-dressed."

"Well, that is part of my religion. It is whole religion of a good many New York women and the department store proprietors are their patron saints.

"Before I was married I did not live in New York and I had the chance of visiting several of the largest cities of the United States; therefore I know what I am talking about when I say that one can dress better for less money in New York than in any other city in America and all because of the marked downs. No other city, I am sure, cuts down the prices of goods after the holidays to the extent that New York does.

"Were it not for the marked downs I know I should be soon obliged to confess poverty by my clothes. As it is, I put up very nearly as good an appearance as a former school friend living near me, who is married to a man with an income three times that of my husband's and who has no children.

"This friend buys her clothes early in the season, blossoms out in a new winter suit and hat about Nov. 1, while I wear my last winter's suit till about Jan. 1. That's the difference between us.

"Of course it is not the easiest thing in the world to keep from looking shabby before the marked down season arrives. It requires management. This is my plan:

"So soon as really springlike weather arrives I put carefully away my winter suit beyond the reach of light, dust and moth. By doing that a gown will keep fresher a good deal longer. Then I get our last season's spring suit and wear it until the new spring goods take a tumble from the first stiff prices.

"Last January I bought for 50 cents an untrimmed beaver felt hat like those originally sold for $2 each in one of the high-class stores, trimmed it myself and wore it again this winter. This week I hope to replace it with another of the same brand trimmed with marked down velvet and wings.

"The other day I bought a cloth suit for $20—a duplicate of suits which sold at $60 last fall. I also bought enough cheviot at 49 cents a yard, marked down from 75 cents to make an every-day suit. This, with the aid of a seamstress for one day, I shall make myself.

"It is the same way with my husband's and the children's clothes. Seldom or never do I buy a garment for any of us, or one yard of material, except in the marked down season. I am not the only woman who shops in this way either.

"I have a friend whose income is even less than mine, although her family is the same size, and who likes to put up a bluff of being much better off than she really is to friends of her girlhood. When she first went to housekeeping her furniture was bought a piece of two at a time at marked down sales.

"Most of her groceries are bought on bargain days at certain stores which are in the habit of holding out special inducements to purchase staple goods at a trifle below market prices every now and then, and every article she wears came from a bargain counter. She must either do that or look as poor as she is—which her pride forbids.

"To some extent," said a New York department store manager, "there are markdown sales in London at certain times of the year, but I never knew her in the other city of the United States is there anything like the slaughter in prices of ready made garments and dry goods which goes on in New York every year after the holidays. And it is perfectly true that hundreds of women wait of necessity for this slaughter to begin before getting their winter clothes.

"For this reason New York department stores are almost as busy in January as in November, and have practically no dull season at all except in midsummer. In other cities—cities say in the far Eastern and Western states—dry goods, underwear and even outer garments of good style and material are carried over to a second season and remain salable. Not so in New York.

"For a New York merchant to trot out old stock at the opening of the fall season would queer him. New York women are not easily fooled. They know last year's hat and coat when they see it every time.

"In January, therefore, in this establishment, prices go down with a bang, and they continue to go down till every bit of old stock is cleared out, which at latest must be by the second week in February. Soon after that date we begin to display spring goods and we need all the room we can get for the new stock.

"If coats and suits don't go off when marked down to $25, we drop the price to $20, to $15, to $10 even, to clear them out. Last year, I remember, there were several evening coats forty inches long of white cloth left over in January, the original price of which was $50. They were a trifle shopworn and soiled from trying on.

"The last of them went for $10 and was bought by a poor looking woman who, the saleswoman thought, was about the last shopper in the world to need a white evening coat. She concluded the purchase must have been made for some one else.

Late in the autumn the customer appeared again and made herself known to the saleswoman. She was wearing a very handsome long black coat which looked familiar to the saleswoman.

"I had it dyed for $2, and doesn't it make a fine winter coat?" the wearer whispered proudly.

"No wonder she was proud. She had got an $80 coat for $12. And this is only one example of the bargains to be had every day.

"Supposing New York women in general should take it into their heads to postpone their shopping till the marked down season, where would your profit come in?" the manager asked.

"No such calamity will ever befall us. New York women are splendid spenders. They are economical only when they must be.

"The first sight of a new fall or winter suit generally does the business with most women, provided they have the price of one in their pocket. Economical resolutions are never proof against this sight, our saleswomen find. New goods, perfectly fresh samples, are eagerly grabbed the moment they appear on the counters.

"Oh, no. Nothing but stern necessity will induce a New York woman to put off getting new clothes till the marked down season."

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

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It gives better satisfaction for the money than any other.

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"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

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Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address any other city of the United States is there anything like the slaughter in prices of ready made garments and dry goods which goes on in New York every year after the holidays. And it is perfectly true that hundreds of women wait of necessity for this slaughter to begin before getting their winter clothes.

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Old Remedy. New Form.

NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.

Tarrant's Extract of Cubebs and Copaiba in

CAPSULES.

The latest, quick and thorough cure for gonorrhoea, gleet, whites, etc. Easy to take, convenient to carry. Fifty years successful use. Price $1, at druggists, or by mail from The Tarrant Co., 44 Hudson St., New York.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, Phila., Pa.

LOW RATES

VIA

Louisville & Nashville R.R.

TO THE

MARDI GRAS

NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE, PENSACOLA,

Tickets on sale Feb. 21 to and including trains scheduled to arrive at New Orleans, Mobile or Pensacola before noon Feb. 27, limited to return March 3; by deposit and payment of 50 cents extension of limit can be secured until March 17, 1906. For rates, time tables and beautiful illustrated booklet giving a history of the Mardi Gras, address,

H. C. BAILEY, N. W. P. A.....Chicago.
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J. H. MILLIKEN, D. P. A....Louisville.
C. L. STONE, G. P. A.....Louisville, Ky.

Is Your Hair Sick?

That's too bad! We had noticed it was looking pretty thin and faded of late, but naturally did not like to speak of it. By the way, Ayer's Hair Vigor is a regular hair grower, a perfect hair restorer. It keeps the scalp clean and healthy. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

WOMEN FEMALE PILLS

great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 338 Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

INTERFERES WITH GAMES

Mild Weather Caused All Evening Contests to Be Postponed.

Thirty Games Are Delayed on Account of Sloppy Ice.

The thaw, which set in Thursday night, finally had its effect on the ice at the curling club, and at the completion of the games in the 3 o'clock draw yesterday afternoon, all other games had to be postponed owing to the soft ice.

The rink was dark last night and the curlers spent the evening at the hotels or the theaters. The games in the 6 o'clock draw were postponed until 8 o'clock this morning, when, in spite of the wretched ice, play was resumed, and an effort will be made to finish up some of the contests at least.

The games in the 3 o'clock draw yesterday were in the Flour City, Meyers and International events, none of which are as yet very far advanced.

Games were scheduled in the Duluth, Canadian Soo and St. Paul Jobbers' events for 6 o'clock, and all three of these might have been brought to the final round, if it had not been for the poor ice.

Following is a summary of the games played in the 3 o'clock draw yesterday afternoon:

INTERNATIONAL EVENT.

First Round—
Hastings forfeited to Chisholm.
Macauley, 3; MacLeod, 10.
Preliminary Round—
Duncan forfeited to Stocking.
Second Round—
Ron Smith, 12; Bradley, 9.

FLOUR CITY EVENT.

First Round—
McCutcheon, 14; Halcrow, 12.
Fairbairn, 12; Fullerton, 11.
Macrae, 12; Dunbar, 11.
Preliminary Round—
Jamieson, 23; Hanchett, 11.

J. E. MEYERS EVENT.

First Round—
MacGilvray, 7; Rochon, 18.
Second Round—
Whalen, 17; Campbell, 14.

WILL MEET FOR THE THIRD TIME

Carl Mattson and Martin Johnson Will Come Together Again.

For the third time within the month, Carl Mattson, the Minneapolis wrestler, will endeavor to throw Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, at the Metropolitan theater tonight.

Mattson undertakes to throw Johnson twice within one hour of actual wrestling time, for a purse of $150 and a side bet of $50.

Mattson has been resting and training for the last week, and is in fine shape for the match tonight. He expressed himself as being confident of throwing Johnson twice within the time limit, and of evening matters up for his failure in the first two meetings.

SNOW PUTS STOP TO ICE RACING

Track in West End is Buried Under the Beautiful.

The heavy snowstorms of the past week have put a stop to the ice racing on the bay temporarily, and the second race of the series, planned for this afternoon, has been postponed until next Saturday.

The track is covered with snow, and owing to the uncertainty of the weather, the racing officials have decided not to clean the track for a few days, until the weather becomes more settled.

If the sky clears during the early part of the week the track will be prepared for the races next Saturday.

CHOSEN UMPIRE FOR AUTO RACES

Ward Ames, Jr., Will Officiate in Big Florida Meet.

With the exception of New York, Minnesota will probably have a larger representation in the list of tournament officials, who are to act at the coming automobile races in Florida the week of Jan. 22 than any other state in the United States or Europe.

Ward Ames, Jr., of Duluth, has been appointed as one of the eight umpires, and Minneapolis has five men on different boards. Asa Paine of Minneapolis, president of the Florida East Coast Automobile association, is chairman of the tournament executive committee and a member of the race committee. Col. F. M. Joyce, president of the Minneapolis club, has been appointed as one of the judges; George A. Rose, as one of the assistant timers; R. J. Smith, secretary of the local organization, as one of the three assistant clerks of course; Dr. C. E. Dutton, as one of the four scorers, and L. H. Fawkes as an umpire.

The positions given the Minnesota men are all important, and places the state in a prominent position at the coming tournament, where all the leading cities of the world will have representatives.

SULLIVAN OUT IN FIFTEENTH

Joe Gans Wins a Decisive Victory at San Francisco.

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—Joe Gans, rejuvenated, put up the fight of his life last night and knocked out Mike (Twin) Sullivan in the fifteenth round. The issue was hardly in doubt from the first round. Gans was always the aggressor and kept right on top of his man. Sullivan made several brave rallies, but he could not hurt the colored man, and finally in the fifteenth round a series of right hand blows to the jaw ended Sullivan's aspirations and put Gans once more at the top of the fighting heap.

Gans' left eye was closed early in the fight and Sullivan kept playing for it, but at no time did he have the Baltimore man in distress. In the eighth round it looked as if the fight was over. Gans put in two lefts to the heart and a right to the jaw. Sullivan went down, but was on his feet in a moment, and Gans went after him, swinging left and right. Sullivan went down again, but came up fighting. He was groggy but game and cool.

In the ninth Gans went at his man again. A right to the heart and a right to the jaw sent Sullivan down, but he managed to last through the round. From this time on Gans forced the fighting more fiercely than ever. In the eleventh he merely toyed with Sullivan.

In the twelfth Sullivan braced and sent some straight lefts to Gans' face.

In the thirteenth Sullivan was still strong and played for the colored man's eye. He landed a hard blow on the stomach that apparently hurt Gans. In the fourteenth Gans devoted all his attention to Sullivan's middle section and landed half a dozen hard rights.

In the fifteenth came the finish. A right to the jaw staggered Sullivan, and quick as a flash Gans was after him with several more accurately placed blows. Finally a left swing struck the pit and Sullivan went down and out.

Gans impressed everybody by his splendid account of himself and his aggressiveness. His boxing was nearly perfect. Most of Sullivan's blows were blocked, and the way Gans used his right with shorts swings to the jaw and rippling punches to the stomach was a revelation. Sullivan showed much cleverness and gameness, and although punished severely, did not lose his head. Gans was favorite in the betting with odds 10 to 7 in his favor at the ringside.

Where the Ski Men of the North Gather in Winter Time



THE GREAT SKI RUN AT ISHPEMING



GUSTAV BYE MAKING 111 FEET 6 INCHES

Ishpeming, Mich., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Brasswire" hill, on which the annual ski-jumping tournament of the National Ski association will take place on the coming anniversary of George Washington's birth, Feb. 22, is this season more than ever formidable. A glance down the course from the high trestle work at the top presents a long straight path so steep in descent as to really appal all but the most courageous expert riders. None but men with wonderful nerve will dare attempt the terrific slide from the brow of the miniature mountain to the "bump," well down the hill, from which they will spring into space, to come down many feet below. The hill last winter was formidable enough to strike terror to the more timid aspirants for honors, but it has been made much more so as a result of the blasting operations and other improvement work carried on at the course last summer, designed to make the jumping still more thrilling and exciting. It will be with frightful momentum—some estimates are 150 miles an hour—that the best riders will approach the "bump," and the men who outjump their rivals and maintain their equilibrium as they dash onward to the foot of the decline will deserve the honors and prizes to be awarded. There is little question that jumps of over 100 feet, smashing the American record, will be negotiated, and if the ice and snow conditions are perfect, with the many experts gathered here from Northwestern states competing, there is a possibility that even the best records registered in Norway will be approached. During the past few days a number of members of the Ishpeming Ski club have given the hill a trial, but they have done it very gingerly, nor have all of them started from the very top. All have been a little timid, and none attempted to make long jumps.

Among the jumpers who have given notice of their intention of competing is Olaf O. Jonnum, who holds a number of trophies won at ski tournaments in Norway. He came to America two years ago this winter, shortly after the royal meet at Holmenkollen, at which he was awarded second prize. An effort was made last year to locate Jonnum, but his address could not be procured. He is now at Starbuck, Minn., when he writes that he will participate in the Ishpeming meet, and that he will be accompanied by Asmund Melgaard, an expert skier, who arrived from Norway last winter. Jonnum and Gust Bye, minner of last year's tournament, competed in a number of contests before the latter came to America. Bye also is entered for next February's event, as is Sigard Thingstad, who captured second prize at last year's annual tournament.

Sporting Comment

It was at a disgraceful hour of the night or rather morning, a day or two ago, when half a dozen weary curlers, and a tired reporter hit the trail for the hotel and rest. The reporter paired off with a veteran of the game, from one of the Canadian rinks—a Scotchman whose burr would made Bobbie Burns look like a rank impostor.

The curler was silent and rather taciturn. The high school clock chimed the hour of 2.30 a. m.

"You must be all in," said the reporter, to the veteran who had been on the ice for a stretch of about twelve hours, with thirty minutes for refreshments.

"It's na like this in Winnipeg," said the veteran.

"You get to bed at a decent hour there, do you?" asked the reporter.

"I ken the time," said the veteran, when we star-r-ted cur-r-lin' there 'o the clock. We cur-r-led aw the mornin' and aw the afternoon."

"And then you quit and went to bed, like respectable folks should?"

"Naw, mon, we cur-r-led aw o' the evenin'. The last stane was laid doon at 6 a. m."

"Jove, you must have been ready for the undertaker then. When did you get up?"

The veteran puffed reminiscently at a stogie.

"I just took a wee bit drappit o' the Scootch and star-r-ted again at 7," he said.

* * *

There was one curler at the bonspiel who was a constant source of wonderment to all. He hailed from Minneapolis, and his dialect was fearful and wonderful. It might have passed for a provincial version of Egyptian, but it wasn't. He was cornered one evening in the club rooms and forced to reveal the secret.

"Ay bane a Svede," he said with a grin," and the Scootch do gang sair har-rd for me."

The mystery was one no longer. He was a Scandanavian curler.

* * *

Curling bonspiels, like elections, have their mission. Like fleas on a dog, they keep a city from sinking into "innocuous desuetude," and give people something to think about besides copper stocks and grocery bills.

If they become chronic, as they are in Winnipeg, they are apt to strike in and prove fatal, turning an otherwise quiet and peaceable citizen into a raving, burr-tongue curler, who dreams of "wicks" and "draws," instead of sinking into a peaceful sleep, undisturbed by fence walking felines and other noises of the night.

But the invasion of the Celts is over for this year, and the city can now devote its attention to the seething, sizzling turmoil of the approaching election.

On one thing the Duluth curlers are agreed. There may be better sportsmen raised than the members of the Northwestern Curling association, but they haven't struck Duluth yet. It was a pleasure to lose to them, and when they lost they lost like curlers.

* * *

Out at Woodland Park this afternoon they are holding a ski tournament, or at least they were planning to hold one if the weather man quits his capers and attends to business.

It is worth a trip to the pretty little suburb to see the ski jumpers, the bears and the new Washburn school, "the greatest assortment of unparalleled attractions ever gathered under one roof."

SENSATIONAL RIDE

To Fame of Young Jockey Radtke of Chicago.

Herman Radtke, the lightweight jockey, who is sustaining in Frisco the reputation he made for himself as a crack rider on Middle West tracks last summer, first saw the light of day in Germany sixteen years ago. When he was 8 months old his parents removed to this country and settled at Oak park, Chicago. As Radtke occupies the same position in the turf world that Battling Nelson does in pugilistic circles, Chicago seems to have the call on lightweight championship honors. Radtke's career as a jockey has been meteoric. Eight short months ago he was an unknown. With little previous experience around horses he rode his first winner, By Play, at Union park, St. Louis, in April of last year. The boy's style of riding caught the watchful eye of Jack Keene, who purchased for $5,000 a contract which J. F. Davis had on the lad's services after he had won fifteen races. This contract still has twenty-one months to run. Radtke's record in the last few months has been little short of wonderful. While other crack jockeys have been the result of a gradual development, Radtke's rise to fame has been instantaneous. He has ridden more winners at every track where he has had mounts since last April than any other jockey, with the single exception of Detroit, where he rode for only ten days. In spite of the fact that he did not begin riding until April, he finished up the year no worse than third in the list of winning American jockeys. On ten different occasions during the year he rode three winners in one day. He has the enviable reputation of always riding to win if he possibly can. Alert at the post, an excellent judge of pace, and a strong finisher, he has a tremendous following in San Francisco, and horses that would be 5 to 1 with almost any other rider are no better than 3 to 1 when Radtke has the mount. His consistent record and frequent victories have made him popular with the race-going public. He can ride at ninety-five pounds, and Jack Keene thinks he will not exceed a riding weight of 100-pounds during the life of the contract he has on his services. Both in and out of the paddock Radtke is a modest little chap, on whom the honors he has earned rest lightly. He speaks German as fluently as he does English. He already heads the list of winning jockeys at Oakland and Ingleside, and if his successes continue in the same ratio as in the past he surely will be one of the chief contenders for championship honors in 1906.

A CRACK ATHLETE

Is Young Jay Gould, a Pampered Son of Wealth.

A multi-millionaire in his own right, as careless of his own life and limb as the most impoverished Sicilian bandit, a pampered son of wealth, one of the gamest, grittiest, most versatile athletes in this broad land of sports. That is young Jay Gould. And the boy is only 17 years of age.

He gave an exhibition of his prowess in a field hitherto comparatively new to him, when in a handicap racquet match at Georgian court, near Lakewood, this week, he forced the great Peter Latham, the world's champion, to play his best.

At birth the boy was a slim, weak lad, and his father resolved that only an outdoor life would make a virile man of the youngster. It did. The boy has taken to outdoor work as a duck does to water. Every spare moment of his life is spent on tennis court, polo field or track.

When Jay Gould and his brother Kingdon first donned their short trousers no expense was spared to make Georghan court a perfect Travers island. Their father, George Gould, made arrangements to have "Bob" Nichol coach his boys. The best polo ponies that the West could produce were hurried into the Gould stables.

Today the pair are ranked with the best polo players in the United States. Jay is a daredevil. Whenever the Lakewood team plays at Van Cortlandt Park the eyes of thousands are riveted on the youngster every second of the time. His seems to be a charmed life. He dashes in front of opposing ponies and within a hair's breadth of uplifted mallets with all the recklessness and expert horsemanship of a cowboy.

Several times he has been severely injured at Georgian court. Once while his mother was looking on, a mallet struck him over the eye and unhorsed him. But the boy is no quitter. Not a yellow streak in him. A fortnight afterward, when he was again able to "sit his horse," he was in the game. Two score and ten such hurts, he said, wouldn't have kept him away any longer than could be helped.

NEW FOOTBALL CAPTAINS.

Nearly All Backfield Men Chosen to Run Gridiron Teams.

Football captains next year are nearly all backfield men. Forty of the leading institutions—with the football game still in good standing—have made the following selections of the 1906 captains:

Vanderbilt—Blake, halfback.
Tech—Billy Wilson, halfback.
Sewanee—Watkins, center.
Auburn—Frank Jones, tackle.
Georgia—Lowndes, quarterback.
Yale—Morse, halfback.
Princeton—Dillon, guard.
West Point—Hill, halfback.
Dartmouth—Glaze, quarterback.
Pennsylvania—Stevenson, quarterback.
Amherst—Hubbards, halfback.
Williams—Waters, quarterback.
Dickinson—Davis, tackle.
Annapolis—Spencer, halfback.
Holy Cross—Connor, end.
Brown—Schwartz, quarterback.
Lehigh—Bechman, guard.
Bucknell—Frank, quarterback.
Syracuse—Stinson, halfback.
Bowdoin—Drummond, halfback.
Carlisle Indians—Davis, halfback.
Gallaudet—Horton, halfback.
Washington—Steenerson, halfback.
Hanover—Gore, halfback.
W. U. P.—Miller, tackle.
W. & J.—James, tackle.
State—Dunn, center.
Chicago—Eckersall, quarterback.
Michigan—Curtis, tackle.
Minnesota—Current, fullback.
Wisconsin—Meizner, quarterback.
Indiana—Hare, quarterback.
Purdue—King, guard.
Wabash—Sutherland, guard.
Iowa—Schwinn, tackle.
Northwestern—Gilbraith, tackle.
DePauw—Jewett, halfback.
North Dakota—Burtness, tackle.
Illinois—Caruthers, halfback.
Case—Bradford, guard.
Oberlin—Waters, end.
Ohio Wesleyan—Rike, halfback.
Denison—Pannent, halfback.
Wittenberg—Swinehart, halfback.
Wooster—Hatfield, fullback.
Ohio Medics—Cann, end.
Kenyon—Rising, quarterback.
Heidelberg—Zechtel, end.

FEW BALL PLAYERS

Who Have Abandoned the Diamond of Their Own Volition.

The players of consequence who have doffed the spangles of the diamond of their own volition are few and far between. Bill Lange, the great outfielder, was one, and he has steadfastly refused to be coaxed back into the game. Joe Corbett quit the game, but was finally induced to break into it once more.

John Ward, the tricky shortstop, was still good for a few more years when he abandoned the diamond for law. Dr. Pond, the Baltimore twirler, quit baseball to go to the Philippines as a surgeon, while Pete Husting of the Athletics quit to practice law. Another star pitcher who left the game while still in his prime was Lewis, who formerly twirled for Boston.

Mike Griffin, the former Brooklyn outfielder, also quit while still a star, but the reason for his retirement was because he was sold to St. Louis and did not receive a portion of the purchase price. He was worth $20,000, it is said, and, consequently, did not have to worry. There are also a few others, but not many.

MONEY IN RACING.

Horsemen of the Country Divided $6,000,000 Last Season.

Statistics of the racing season of 1905 show that notwithstanding the unsettled condition of the sport throughout the Middle West for the year there was only a slight decrease in the money distributed over that of 1904. There was enforced cessation of racing at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City, yet the total of prize money awarded to horsemen in the United States and Canada shows a falling off less than $200,000.

There was a big increase in the East all along the line. The increase at the New York tracks was almost $150,000. Benning showed a slight increase. Pimlico came in with almost $40,000, and the new course at Providence with something more than $50,000.

The amount distributed to horsemen was approximately $5,600,000. Add to this the prize money offered at minor tracks of the Texas, Alabama and Georgia circuit; Denver and Pacific coast tracks, which race independently of the New California Jockey club, it will be seen that the horsemen of the entire country divided up about $6,000,000 during the year of 1905.

New York naturally leads in the list with about $2,500,000. California and Louisana, with their long winter meetings, are second and third on the list, with more than $600,000 each. Canada contributed about $230,000, and even Indiana, which has not been known to thoroughbred racing since the closing of the Roby track, added $17,000 to the grand total.

During the year there were recognized 1,301 racing days, with a total of 8,011 races decided. More than 1,700 owners won a share of the money, and 200 of these won more than $5,000 each. These figures serve to show the growth of racing in this country, and the amount of money that is involved in one year of the sport.

Winter racing has taken giant strength in the last few years. Since Thanksgiving day last year four tracks have been in operation and one since Nov. 11. Up to the end of December, Oakland had raced forty-three days, while Ascot park, City park and the Fair grounds had each raced twenty-seven days, making a total of 124 days, with 752 races run. The value of these races were $365,750.

The biggest winner was S. M. Williams, whose horses captured $8,600 at Ascot park and $3,425 at Oakland, a total of $11,840 for forty-three days, or an average of $2,750 per day. Barney Schreiber was the leader at San Francisco, with $8,560. Schreiber also had the distinction of being the largest Western winner of the season. During the year 280 of Schreiber's horses finished in the money.

One of these days a want advertiser will offer for sale something you have long looked for—but you will be none the wiser if you overlook the ad.

BLOOD POISON Is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

BRILLIANT PROSPECTS

Entry Lists to the Big Handicaps Show Good Increase.

Considerable Opposition Against New Course at Salem.

New York, Jan. 20.—That the Eastern racing season for 1906 will be even more brilliant than that of 1905 is plainly evidenced by the entries for the big handicaps which have just closed. The returns are all in now, and it is possible to size up the situation somewhat. The entire list of stakes show a greater number of entries than those of last year. The Brooklyn Handicap has 57 entries, the Suburban 70 and the Brighton Handicap 70. So it goes throughout the list. And they include the very best horses in training. Sysonby, Artful, Stalwart, Oiseau, Hermis, Waterlight, The Picket, Ort Wells, Burgomaster, Delhi, Kuroki, Wild Mint, Tanya, Roseben and scores of others are all entered for the big events, and unless some animal shows up, like Sysonby did last year, so unquestionably superior of everything else, royal sport is due to result.

An interesting entry from California is W. W. Elliott's Lubin. Lubin is a 6-year-old, by Lazzarone—Tarantella, and enjoys the distinction of having beaten Proper twice in California this winter. He beat the Jennings horse in both the Thanksgiving and Christmas Handicaps. He will go after him again in the Burns Handicap Jan. 27, after which his owner will ship the horse to Texas, to be rested up for the Eastern campaign next summer.

According to the announcement of Mr. Nathanson, secretary of the Crescent City Jockey club, fifty-four of the original seventy-seven entries are eligible for the Crescent City Derby, which will be run at the fair grounds about the middle of March. Just one week ago owners of colts and fillies were required to pay $20, and only twenty-three were declared out, which is a good showing, and at the same time increases the value of the stake.

Racing is not to go in New England without a struggle.

The New England Breeders' association, which will conduct racing at Salem, N. H., this year, has not yet succeeded in convincing the Puritanical element that its purposes are praiseworthy, and the opposition to allowing running races is still strong.

Governor McLane and his council have been presented with a petition from a committee representing the State Sunday School association, praying for an investigation of the track now being constructed at Salem and of the facts surrounding the passage of the bill authorizing the conduct of racing at the new track by the New England Breeders' club.

The petition asks the governor and council to "exercise their constitutional right of calling upon the supreme court for its opinion as to the adequacy of our existing laws (in relation to gambling), the power of the legislature to amend or repeal the charter, and any other matters as to which it is felt that such advice would be of value."

It has been stated that the new chain of tracks under the jurisdiction of the Jockey club will read: Benning, Baltimore, Toronto, in the spring, and Kenilworth, Salem, Providence, Montreal, Toronto, Baltimore and Benning in the fall.

The first important running meeting to be held in New Jersey since the anti-betting legislation of 1893 closed the Monmouth, Clifton, Guttenburg and Camden tracks will be conducted by the Country club at Lakewood, on April 26, 27 and 28. It is to be a meet for ponies, hunters and steeplechasers, and only amateurs will ride, except in the open races.

The course will be a little more than a mile, laid out on the golf links, with the start and finish in front of the clubhouse. There will be a grand stand erected near the finish line. Application has been made to the National Hunt and Steeplechase association for permission to hold the meeting under its rules.

George J. Gould is president of the Country club, but the details of the management of this meet will devolve upon a general committee, of which H. L. Herbert is president; W. Ross Proctor, secretary, and H. S. Kearney, treasurer.

ENGLISHMEN PIN FAITH IN PALMER

Believe New Boxer Can Win Back Championship Belt.

Jack Palmer, the champion boxer of England, is in receipt of some very good advice from the pugilistic authorities of the tight little island.

Dec. 19 Palmer won his title by defeating Geoff Thorne in 10 min. 45 sec. Thorne is the same pugilist who was beaten by Bob Fitzsimmons in Chicago in one round Oct. 28, 1899.

The Mirror of Life, the leading pugilistictic periodical of England, advises Palmer to renunciate his intentions of coming to America to meet Gus Ruhlin, Hart or any of the other aspirants for the heavyweight championship. The editor also points out and proves his demonstration that Australia is the only surcease for Palmer between Charbydis and Sylla by accentuating the fact that Jack Johnson, the Ethiopian negro fighter is now on his way from America to England.

The advice, coming from the undisputed

pugilistic authority of the old country, is equivalent to telling Mr. Palmer that he would be as easy for the Americans as a farmer in the hands of a con man.

The Briton's advice to Palmer is to take a trip to Australia. To begin with, they are absolutely certain that the seeds of typhoid fever have been entirely eradicated from his system.

It must be borne in mind that by whipping Mike Williams, Jack Palmer annexed the title of champion of South Africa. Only two titles remain now to be won, those of Australia and America, and if that can be accomplished, Old England will have a real champion within her gates.

According to American advices Jack Johnson, the big buck black, will be in England ere long in search of matches. Tom Dingsey, the Canadian, has already arrived, and has not been long in issuing challenges to the Novocastrian. Britons advise Palmer to side-step the pair of them, and simply refuse to listen to the voice of the charmer.

Their advice to Palmer is to take a trip to Australia.

There's a little fellow in Australia named Tim Murphy. Tim is champion of Australia, having defeated Billy McCall for that title. Were Jack to get on a match with Tim and beat him—and according to an Australian correspondent this would not be a difficult thing to do—were Jack to beat Murphy, he would then be champion of the whole world with the exception of America, as he has already beaten Mike Williams, the champion of South Africa.

Now d'ye see what they are driving at, eh?

By the time Jack has got through with Murphy, it is on the cards for him to meet the American aspirants. The winner of that contest would be the undisputed champion of the world, and Palmer the champion of the remainder of the world, would have sparring engagements at the music halls, $20,000 purses, etc.—wot?

What do you think of this for a dream?

USE OPPOSITE STYLES.

Britt and Nelson Are Exponents of Different Boxing Schools.

Britt and Nelson, who are certain sooner or later to meet again in the ring, represent diametrically opposite schools of fighting, and despite the outcome of their former contest a few months ago, each holds that his system is the best in all practical purposes.

Both Nelson and Britt have good arguments in defense of their mode of battling. Here is what they say:

(By BATTLING NELSON.)

"I think the fellow with the wallop is the one to be feared. By that I mean the pugilist that wins matches by the knock-out route. This style of fighter has many advantages over the clever boxer, who invariably obtains the decision at the end of the bout by his cleverness. In the end the fighter always has the boxer on the retreat and he always has to stop backwards to get away, while the fighter is steadily advancing in the natural way, and he just covers half of the ground. This is one of the main reasons that the so-called clever fellows appear to be tired after a long battle.

"In my recent battle with Jimmy Britt I will venture to say that he covered at least twice the ground that I did in backing away from side to side. The boxer who is what is termed the clever man has one advantage over the fighter. That is only when the bout is a short one. Send him the distance and there is but one ending—the latter will invariably win, just the same as the thoroughbred which you match a stake horse with a sprinter over the Derby route.

"To be successful in the fighting game, you must be a fighter and have a punch. Regardless of what is said about the clever fighters, the public want to see the fighters who finish their arguments by a sleep producer and leave no ground for argument. I found Herrera and Young Corbett to be the hardest punchers and Abe Attell the cleverest. Britt is as game as any of them, but never had any steam behind his blows.

"My next battle is with Terry McGovern, and you will see more fighting in those six rounds than in many twenty-round bouts, as Terry will mix it from the jump and there is bound to be a finish in that time.

(BY JAMES E. BRITT.)

"Cleverness in boxing is the same as cleverness in any other walk of life. The clever fighter has this advantage over the rough-and-ready pugilist—he knows what to do, when to do it, and why he does it. Cleverness should never be a barrier to hard slugging when it is necessary. The scientific boxer avoids waste motion. He plans a blow and tries to get it home in a scientific way that will not only hurt but puzzle the fighter of the slam-bang order.

His knowledge of how to handle his hands makes the really clever boxer to adopt certain defense in tight places and finds means of turning the tables suddenly on his opponent. The knowledge of numerous ways to escape a dangerous position keeps the clever man becoming fatigued. In the same fix the slugger could only sing

"There are two fighters who are naturally clever with their hands. These men are brilliant things in a ring without stopping just how they come to do it. The weakness of this style of fighter is that he will fight every man the same way. He cannot, like a real student of the game, develop a new plan for different opponents, and he is readily beaten as soon as his particular style of fighting is generally understood. The fighter who uses his brains is generally successful. He learns himself thoroughly and can often make the pace that is just suitable to himself. The rough-and-ready man depends on main strength and the power of taking punishment to win. He rarely improves from the physical standpoint, and his frame begins to wane as his strength declines. If not in good condition he falls an easy victim to men below him in physical makeup.

"This is why the clever man lasts longer as a fighter and even when he no longer has stamina to enter the ring he is useful as a second, coach or teacher of boxing. The records of Jim Corbett, Kid McCoy, Tommy Ryan, Jack O'Brien, Joe Gans and George Dixon go to show that it pays to be a clever boxer."

MEMPHIS TROTTING TRACK

To Be Kept Intact for Matinee Races During Summer.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 20.—The famous "Two-Minute" course of the Memphis Trotting association will be preserved from the march of progress, and although Grand circuit meetings may not take place there again for many seasons, the noted Billings plant will continue to be the winter home of the harness horse and a place for matinee races during the summer.

George James, F. G. Jones and other influential harness enthusiasts have decided to perfect an organization whereby the course will be kept intact. Weekly matinee racing will take place there during the coming summer, and an inter-city matinee may be held late in the fall.

NEARY GETS DECISION IN FIGHT WITH BEZENAH.

Milwaukee, Jan. 20.—Charles Neary of Milwaukee was given the decision over Andy Bezenah of Cincinnati by Referee Hogan at the end of the eighth round. The bout from start to finish was of the whirlwind character. Bezenah's blows were directed to the head, while Neary made a target of Bezenah's body. It was give and take throughout. In the third round Bezenah got in several wallops to the head, which seemed to stagger the Milwaukee boy, but in the following round Neary punished his opponent so severely about the body that he had him very tired and worried. Neary was the more aggressive and this, coupled with the effectiveness of his blows and the fact that Bezenah was hanging on two or three occasions during the bout, gave the decision to the Milwaukee boy.

SMALL FRY CUT LARGE

Hunks of Ice at Meeting of the Minor Leaguers.

Quite a Change From That of Four Years Ago.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—To enjoy the real essence of winter baseball one should attend a minor league convention, such as was held in Chicago last week.

Nineteen leagues were personally represented, and some leagues had from five to seven delegates present, in most cases chaperoned by their respective league presidents.

There was little attempt at trading or dealing for players. The deep politics of the game was being played by the leaders, while the small fry were only anxious to see that every one "toted fair," as one of the delegates expressed it.

The one man who for years has managed to keep to the front by pickling out the proper tools to do his work, George Tebeau of Louisville and several other places failed to show up at the meeting place. Several others who had combined with George, although in the city, failed to make their appearance at the meeting, among them Charley Havenor of Milwaukee, Ed Hanlon, president of the Baltimore club and manager of the Cincinnati club, and the legal light, Mr. Griffiths, practically three members of the important national board of clubs last year.

Seeing defeat, this trio refused to stand for the medicine and remained away to try and hold the Class A alliance together. And at the last moment a few of the mistrusted gentlemen flocked together, and at the suggestion of J. Ed Grillo of Toledo, the old officers were elected for one more year. This included Mr. Watkins of Indianapolis, who is the treasurer of the combine. More than one-half the Class A clubs refuse to stand for any more contributions to the fighting fund. By his smooth work Mr. Grillo failed to make a hit with President Ban Johnson of the American league and lost much ground by his attitude in making little of the alliance before the small fry and doubling up with the bunch on the outside.

Four years ago the minors got together in a small hotel in this city and held a very important meeting, but the press reports were cut to a few lines, and the minors were considered a big joke. It was much different this week. The convention was held at the Auditorium Annex, and the papers gave full reports of the meetings. The minors had gained immense ground in four years, working independently of the major leagues.

Two years ago the Class A leagues, led by Tebeau and Griffiths, used the sandbag on the small leagues at St. Louis, and forced changes in the constitution that tied the little fellows into a hard knot. It took a four-fifths vote to change the constitution, but the trick was turned this week and with the votes on hand the constitution was changed so that a two-third vote will do the work, then the number of the national board was changed to read seven instead of five, and two old members returned in M. H. Sexton of Rock Island and James H. O'Rourke of Connecticut. Sexton, a fine baseball legislator, had been thrown down by Tebeau, and now that Sir Michael is back to see his friend George out and to the bad, there is joy in the Three Eye league.

Jim O'Rourke, still playing ball for the pleasure that it gives him, was back with practically the old crowd who had built up the organization, and John H. Farrell, the secretary and the prince of baseball diplomats, was elected to office for five years in the face of the fact that Messrs. Tebeau and Griffith had planned to take his scalp. This one move by the minors strengthened their case as nothing else could have done, and those with property rights had good cause for rejoicing. It was also pleasing to the major leagues. A new light broke in from the West in D. M. Shively of Kansas City, a bitter rival for years of G. W. Tebeau. Shively was picked as a fighter, but on the level, and while practically the champion of the "brush," as he pleased to call those leagues under Class B, he stood just as strong with the higher classes. Shively is a bright baseball man, and has a future if he cared to follow this line of work.

Handling a minor league is not all clerical work. While the big meetings were going on the "Can" league held several open sessions in the corridor and side rooms on the first floor. Those to receive hold-over places on the board were M. J. Finn of Nashville, Ashenbach of Cincinnati, Jack Grim and Billy Murray of Jersey City, Charley Frank of New Orleans, Bill Rourke of Omaha, Walter Burnham of Newark and E. Barrow of Toronto. The principal work of this organization is to further the science of engaging and releasing ball players. Messrs. Ashenbach and Finn gave their experiences. It was Mr. Finn's excellent sprinting qualities that saved his block when he released "Bullhead" Childs, the giant pitcher. Mike offered the scrub player $250 per month, but the young man was out for grand opera prices, and stuck for $350. He always came back at the close of a smoke talk with the expression: "I'm good, see, and must have the coin. No Rube Glue gag goes with me, see, for I am the whole goods and I know you want my work." Finally Finn grew tired of the same old story, so one day when Mr. Childs suggested that he was the goods Mike in his smiling way came back with a feeler, "I don't think you are, and I don't want you." There was a flash, Finn ducked as the last word was uttered, missing the swing by several inches, and before the big fellow could regain his balance Mike was headed for the open gate and the village beyond the ball park with the irate pitcher in hot pursuit. Soon after Mr. Finn was officially assured that Mr. Childs had borrowed 30 cents from a bartender and escaped on a freight train for the next important ball town.

T. H. MURNANE.

SHREWD SCHEME

Worked at the Expense of the Owners of Books.

Those who are in the "know" are still laughing over the shrewd way in which several wise Cincinnati financiers have been bringing sorrow to the hearts of the promoters of handbooks in the fair Southern city of Atlanta. It was a shrewd scheme that was worked at the expense of the owners of the books. It was not exactly first-past-the-post information, but it was operated under the strength of a simple code which, on its surface, meant only an inebriating suggestion to the laymen, but to the festive handbook operative spelled disaster and possible ruin.

Cincinnati, as is well known in turf circles, is a sort of clearing house for race information, and in that connection the result of the races at Ascot and other Western cities is transmitted from this city to Southern points where they have a love for the game. The possibilities presented by this condition aroused the interest of a secret coterie of young men and they got their heads otgether and whispered wise things into each other's ears. The result was that friends of the crowd who made Atlanta their home were put next to what was coming off. After careful study and thorough training the Atlanta confederates were made cognizant of the equine equivalents of various drinks. "Gin fizz," "gin rickey," "Martini cocktail," "Manhattan," "beer," "cherry flip," "whisky," "highball" and other fancy producers of nonsense meant such a horse entered in this or that race on Western tracks.

When the news of a result of a race was received in Cincinnati there was a fast wire bearing the name of one of the drinks sent to one of the Atlanta confederates, and he, with the aid of another was to do the rest. A big killing, which made one of the Atlanta handbooks totter, was made on Druid, which horse won at Ascot recently. His synonim was "Tom and Jerry." In a loud voice he asked the boy in the white jacket for one of those seductive affairs and the other fellow suddenly lost interest in the dope sheet. He produced a roll big enough to trip an elephant and placed it all on Druid. That horse won so easily all the way that its rider looked back at the rest of the field and laughed.

The handbook made good without registering a kick. The Cincinnati crowd got their bit, which was large enough for them to invest in some glad rags and then plant some in their favorite Bau Verein.

LUCK IN BASEBALL.

Freak Pitching Record of Ed Kenna, the Poet Pitcher.

Ed Kenna ,the poet pitcher, who was with Cleveland three years ago and with the Western league two seasons ago, has a good claim to a freak pitching record. He officiated against Des Moines one afternoon and was touched up for nineteen safe hits, and yet his opponents failed to get a man over the pan. In one inning he was hit for a triple, a double and three singles and still his opponents failed to get a man home.

The first batter hit for a triple, but was nailed trying to stretch it into a homer. The next man doubled down the left field foul line, but was afterward caught off second by the poet. The next three batters hit safely and then Kenna struck out the next batter with the bases full.

Two days later Kenna was sent in against the same team. For eight innings he did great work. Not a batter placed the ball in safe territory and his teammates made but one error. He had perfect control, and during this period gave only one base on balls. The Denver team managed to get one runner across the pan, which looked as good as 100 when the ninth inning was about to close. The bard fanned the first two batters, but the third reached first base on a fluke. Then Ganley, who is now with Pittsburg, stepped to the plate and drove out a home run, which won the game. Only one hit was made off his delivery, and yet Kenna lost the contest by one score.

JAMES R. KEENE

Has Four Entries in the Grand Prix de Paris Event.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 20.—Among the young mares to foal this spring at Castleton Stud is the 4-year-old bay filly, by Cyllene, sire of Cicero, the latest English Derby winner, dam Lady Minting, by the Derby winner, Minting. This filly, called Half Crown, was so large and growthy as a 2-year-old that Maj. Daingerfield would not ship her East to Trainer Rowe, and, after consultation with Mr. Keene, bred her to Disguise II. The books at Castleton Stud show that the Keene stable has four entries in the Grand Prix de Paris this year. They are Swagger, b c., by Ben Brush, dam Blue Grass Belle, War Dance; Bohemian (imp.), b. c., by Florizel, dam Roseland, by Boulevard; Nogi, b. c., by Commando, dam Lady Reel, by Fellowcraft; Oyama, b. c., by Commando, dam imp. Ben-My-Cree, by Galopin. These same four 3-year-olds are among the nominations for the Doncaster St. Leger.

THE HERMIT

Is Being Trained for All the Big Trotting Events.

Lexington, Ky., Jan. 20.—A five-year-old here, a candidate for big trotting stakes, which went through last season in good shape and now being daily jogged over the ice and snow, is the brown stallion The Hermit, owned by J. J. McDonald, of Cuthbert, Ga., and trained by Will Freeman. The Hermit raced in several of the big Futurities as a two and three year old, pitting against such stars as Grace Bond (2:09¼), Alta Axworthy (2:10½). Alice Edgar, Lord Revelstoke, Totara and Wilteen, and performed highly creditably. Freeman made no effort to send him for a record mile last season, but he showed throughout his four-year-old form that he had speed enough when keyed up to cleverly touch the 2:10 line. The Hermit is a son of the dead Adbell, sire of last year's Futurity winner, Miss Adbell, and his dam, Bonna Allerton, has a mark of 2:17½. She is the daughter of the great Allerton (2:09¼). As The Hermit has no mark, he is eligible to all the big stakes, from the M. and M. to the Transylvania.

HERRERA'S RECORD.

The Mexican Comes Up Strong When He So Pleases.

While it may be a little late for such comment, it is nevertheless interesting to study this man Herrera, who made such short work of Corbett in Los Angeles recently.

Herrera's record has been somewhat erratic, and he has always been in the second rate class, principally for two reasons. He never climbed suddenly into the limelight in the manner of Jimmy Britt and Nelson, and it is beyond a doubt a fact that when Corbett and Britt were in their prime they were none to anxious to go against the terrific hitting Mexican. Nelson has felt the force of Herrera's wicked right ,and if the latter had been anything but a sick man, the Dane would probably have tasted defeat at the hands of the dark-skinned boy.

Herrera has defeated men and been defeated with consistent regularity by men of more or less ability. His standing hardly seems to have been affected in the least. They are prejudiced against him in California, or, at least in 'Frisco, and the promoters do not believe he would prove a card. Only by defeating the best man in his class right up to Nelson's door can he hope to get a big match in 'Frisco.

Many think he could defeat Nelson today. He might. His victory over Corbett, decisive as it was, hardly amounts to a criterion. Corbett was so far removed from a chance that it was like baking snowballs in an oven. But all accounts of the battle indicate that the Mexican was fast, strong and has as stiff a punch as ever.

It will be interesting to see Herrera go against a man worthy of his best endeavor; to see the Mexican really in good condition and serious in his intention to climb straight to the top, something he might have accomplished long ago if he had taken care of himself, and allowed ambition to displace his natural bent to be lazy.

It has been stated that the winner of the Corbett-Herrera go would meet Kid Hermann. Hermann is coming rapidly to the front, and will prove a tough proposition. If Herrera defeats him decisively, it will do much to increase the value of the Mexican's stock.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Business Reports Are Irregular Owing to the Vagaries of Weather.

New York, Jan. 20.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Trade reports are more irregular, chiefly because of the vagaries of the weather. At some points results are all that could be desired, the new year starting with much heavier transactions than in 1905 but high temperature and excessive rains in other localities retard retail distribution of winter goods and it is becoming necessary to reduce stocks by clearance sales. Nothing disturbs the vigorous preparations for spring business, which promises to make a most gratifying exhibit. Open weather is facilitating outdoor work, building operations progressing at an unprecedented pace for the season and the Construction News reports permits issued in 1905 to a value of $528,158,412, which is 40 per cent in excess of the preceding year. Official returns of foreign commerce also tell of a new record established last year, the total for December exports alone rising about $35,000,000 beyond any other month in the nation's history. To some extent this is attributed to the approaching tariff regulations in Germany. For the last week at this port exports showed an increase of $4,102,483 and imports gained $1,239,057 as compared with the same week last year. More advances in wages are announced and an agreement as to coal mining is more probable, but some friction is noted in the building trades. Manufacturing plants make favorable reports especially those of the leading industry, and another new high record has been established in the security market. Railroad earnings thus far reported for January were 7.70 larger than a year ago.

Closing of large contracts for pig iron for the leading interest proved an element of strength in the iron and steel industry that improves the tone and makes the outlook for the first quarter most satisfactory. Buyers are more numerous in the primary markets for textile fabrics, although the increased interest thus far is confined almost entirely to purchases of second hand.

Increased supplies have somewhat depressed the tone of country hides, but packer lines are fairly steady and no division of the market has shown a normal decline in proportion to the seasonable deterioration in quality. Activity of eastern wholesalers in handling samples indicate that original orders for fall shoes will be placed much earlier than in previous seasons.

Failures for the week number 286 in the United States against 335 last year and thirty-seven in Canada against twenty-four a year ago.

THE WESTERN COAL INDUSTRY

Business is Slack Owing to the Very Mild Weather.

Chicago, Jan. 20.—The Black Diamond, official newspaper of the coal industry, reviewing the Western trade, says:

Trade conditions in bituminous coal in the Chicago market and at nearly all other important Western distributing points are on the weakest basis ever known at this season of the year, the present week. Anthracite demand is not much better than that for bituminous, the only exception being that the anthracite companies have storage rooms where they can unload surplus coal if it accumulates too rapidly. Private shippers of anthracite do not always enjoy these advantages and in such instances they are offering their product at demurrage prices, attempting to force a sale of it.

Naturally enough the mild weather is at the bottom of these unusual mid-winter conditions. In addition to the mild weather, the lack of homogeneity among, and failure on the part of producing companies to recognize the signs of the times existing in the serious over-production, are features in making the market worse than it otherwise would be.

In the Northwest tributary to dock territory the demand is light and dock interests report many cancellations of orders placed some time ago which have not yet been filled. The weather in the Dakotas, Minnesota and Wisconsin comparatively, has been as mild as elsewhere and consumption has been materially reduced from that in former seasons. It is reported that if demand does not increase in that territory very shortly there will be a large surplus stock of bituminous coal on the docks at the end of the season, estimated at from 800,000 to 1,000,000 tons, which of course will be a factor in the next year's shipping trade.

In the Western anthracite trade there are no features of importance. All the domestic sizes are in abundant supply with the shipping companies and the volume of new business coming forward is at the minimum for this season of the year. In the wholesale trade prices on demurrage coal from individual operating companies are being badly shattered. Prevailing quotations this week are on the basis of $5.15@5.40 f. o. b. Chicago for stove and chestnut. Some of this coal has been offered in nearby towns like Elgin, Aurora and other points at these figures, but there is on means of knowing to what extent such quotations have been made outside of Chicago.

Busy People Need

NEURALINE

They cannot stop work for

Neuralgia, Headaches, La Grippe, or Pains.

When chilliness, sneezing and general aching of the body announce Colds or La Grippe, stop it by taking a few NEURALINE powders according to directions.

Price, 2 Powders 25 cents

Ask your druggist for Neuraline. Manufactured by EUREKA MEDICAL CO., South Bend, Ind.

Scandinavian Cables

PREPARATION FOR THE CORONATION

Expected to Bring Fifty Thousand Sight-Seers to Christiana.

Christiania, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hotelkeepers and merchants are already busy preparing for the coronation in the spring, which is expected to bring at least 50,000 sight-seers to Norway. Owing to the great number of Scandinavians in the United States, it is hoped that President Roosevelt will send a formidable embassy, representatives of the civil government as well as representatives of the army and navy.

Jonas Lie, the famous Norwegian poet, now residing in Paris, has written a remarkable letter to King Haakon, assuring him of the world's sympathies and the Norwegians' loyalty.

"You represent the majesty of the people," he writes, "and no one doubts that you feel your responsibilities and will live up to your duties. Ancient Norway, with its traditions, its glory, is the coronation gift conferred upon you by the people, a free gift, which obliges you to be a thorough Norwegian in spirit, manner and speech. You are king of a country which for 500 years borrowed its rulers and shared them with other peoples. For 500 years Norway has been ruled by men who had not a Norwegian thought, and who acted in accordance with the dictates and interests of other peoples.

"Across your shoulder we will throw the mantle of ermine, on your head we will place the royal crown, we will anoint you with holy oil, and we ask only this: That you listen to our heart beats and act accordingly.

"If you listen to the children of the land of the Midnight Sun, be assured that the love you extend to them comes back a hundredfold."

Kink Haakon was deeply moved by this letter. But it is said that he doesn't like the idea of having a lot of oil smeared over his forehead, his breast, feet and hands.

HANS CHRISTIAN ANDERSON

Dictated Book to Baroness von Bay, Says the Baroness.

Copenhagen, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The descendants and friends of the late Hans Christian Anderson are rather annoyed by a book issued by Baroness Adelina von Bray, which purports to be written according to the dictation of Anderson's ghost. The book is entitled, "Pictures From the Great Beyond, Dictated by Hans Christian Anderson."

Following this statement, signed by Anderson in his well known hand:

"On my travels in the various spheres of the spirits, I see a lot of people, or rather creatures that were people.

"We converse with each other and tell tales of our earthly lives."

"Many of these tales are incorporated in the following pages, and all are true. ANDERSON."

The baroness is not insane, as might be expected, and her book is having a wide sale—among spiritualists.

NANSEN AS A POET.

Most People Like Him Better as a Polar Explorer.

Christiania, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Public opinion is not very enthusiastic about Nansen's poetical work "Unionens Ossloesling," describing the political events preceding and following the crisis of June 7th, in dramatic form.

The majority of readers insist that they like Nansen better as a simple scientist and an Arctic explorer—his prose is certainly superior to his rhymes.

The book was expected to clear up a number of political riddles, but does not. Either Nansen had no "secret mission" upon his several visits to London and Copenhagen, or refuses to divulge it.

There are people in Norway who regard Nansen's polar achievements more from the standpoint of sport than from that of science. While they admit that he is a very learned man, they say science would never have led him as far as he got, if he were not a "good sport" at the same time. King Haakon is exceedingly fond of Nansen, and in conversation recently stated that he was the most interesting man to listen to he had ever known.

GERMANS AND POLES

Had Deplorable Clash at the Swedish Nobel Prize Celebration.

Stockholm, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—"I drink to the health of our Swedish friends, the representatives of science, art and literature, whose voice is more potent than ever today in the learned councils in fine nation." With this toast Baron Muller, German minister, tried to make good, at the Nobel prize banquet, the deplorable bickerings between the German and Polish prize takers, Sienkiewicz and Professor Koch.

The minister next went into details showing the proud standing of Swedish science and lauding the munificence of her king and parliament towards scientific undertakings.

Sienkiewicz started the row by declaring emphatically that the Polish nation was neither dead nor indulging in dry rot, and that those nations who, because they yielded certain military power, tried to subjugate Poland would learn, sooner or later, that they were mistaken and had triumphed too early. The poet evidently referred to the Prussian government which, together with Russia, is forever trying to humble the Polish nation by forbidding the use of the Polish language and by other petty means. At the conclusion of the speech all present rose and thanked Sienkiewicz, all except the Germans, who ostentatiously kept their seats and looked glum.

Professor Koch, who had previously been warmly feted by Dr. Woerners, had the bad taste to deliver himself of a speech in which he claimed that he was roundly robbed of the fruits of his labors by certain colleagues in all parts of the world. He spoke of jealousies and unfair competition by physicians, complaining that "certain scientists" made a business of stealing the labor of others, not only for the purpose of money making but to gain fake reputations. There were protests from many sides and the meeting was in danger of ending rather undignifiedly, when Minister Baron Muller forestalled further trouble by the toast mentioned.

DUTCH CHEESES FOR KING HAAKON

They Are a Present From His Old Traveling Companion.

Christiania, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—King Haakon received a formidable present from Rotterdam the other day, six of the finest Dutch cheeses he ever beheld, and his initials and royal crown carefully traced on each. With it came a short note, reminding the "Mynheer King" of his old friend and traveling companion. The letter was signed with the name of a favorably known Dutch cheese merchant, residing in Rotterdam. This is how king and merchant struck up an acquaintance: Early in June last, the Dutchman was traveling to Copenhagen by rail, occupying a first-class compartment all by himself. As it was insufferably hot, he took off his coat. Suddenly, at a minor station, a second traveler entered the compartment, and the Dutchman politely prepared to put on his coat again.

"Never mind," said the stranger, "it's boiling hot, and I am going to take off my own coat." Then the two men began talking about all sorts of things, both using the German language. Looking up the Dutchman said: "What a fine portmanteau you got. It must be English?"

"Sure, it wasn't made in Germany," replied the Dane, for as such he had introduced himself.

"Do you often go to England?" asked the Dutchman.

"Sometimes. I found my wife there, and her father, a very generous gentleman, supplied me with this excellent portmanteau."

"Well, I wish I had a father-in-law of that sort," said the Dutchman, "mine, instead of giving, is constantly asking."

The two men talked in that strain until they arrived in Copenhagen. When the train pulled into the station, the Dutchman noticed to his astonishment, that a red carpet was spread across a certain part of the "perron," and, stranger still, the compartment wherein he and the stranger sat, stopped exactly in front of the carpeted space.

"I wish you good day and good business in my grandfather's capital," said the stranger.

"With whom did I have the honor?" The Dutchman opened his eyes wide.

"Oh, nobody in particular, they call me Prince Charles. Come to see me if business permits."

Then a number of lackeys in the royal livery came to carry out the prince's portmanteau, walking sticks, etc. To one of them, Charles said: "Take this gentleman's satchel and conduct him through the royal entrance, and see that he gets a cab without delay."

Now the Dutchman proved to Haakon how much he appreciated his kindness "to a traveling companion."

ANARCHIST MIGHT BE EXECUTED

According to Danish Law, and His Tongue Torn Out.

Copenhagen, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—That the Danish laws are in sad need of revision and modernizing became again evident the other day when the well known S. M. Rasmussen, the painter-editor, was accused of "endangering the safety of the state." When not engaged in printing pictures, which he sells at a high price, Rasmussen enjoys himself in his Scorpionen, a little tupenny anarchist sheet which few people take seriously. Scorpionen never did more harm to the world than Most's New York Freiheit, but the authorities keep an eye on it, nevertheless.

Some weeks ago Rasmussen delivered himself of a rather foolish tirade in which he made fun of certain religious ceremonies and concluding with Hamlet, that there was something rotten in the state of Denmark, pounded the government to his heart's content. Almost immediately the state's attorney prosecuted Rasmussen for two distinct crimes enumerated in the "bloody section" of the old Danish law: "Public contempt of religion" and "Endangering the safety of the state." The first offense was formerly punishable with the loss of the blasphemous tongue, which was torn from the mouth by the hangman, and then thrown into the culprit's face. The second crime was punished even at the beginning of the last century with death under gruesome circumstances, such as cutting out the heart, hacking off hands and feet and finally quartering the body.

In order not to be compelled to sentence Rasmussen according to law, the court decided to take a less serious view of the painter-editor's crimes and changed both to common blasphemy and lese majeste respectively. Then they sentenced poor Rasmussen to eight months in the penitentiary.

FINNISH SOCIALISTS

Charge That the Capitalists Are Siding With Russia.

Helsingfors, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Finnish Socialists must be quite sure of the success of their propaganda, or at least of the downfall of autrocracy, for they are beginning to sign their proclamations with their full name. Under one of the latest we find the following names: Emil Perttilal, Augustus Rissanen, Yrjo Sirola. The latter signs as "secretary of the party."

The proclamation appeals "to the international army of Socialists" to help the Finnish proletarians "to achieve the most elementary political and social liberties."

The workmen say they are "not only threatened by autrocracy," but even more so "by capitalists who are trying to keep us forever in slavery or sentence us to non-employment." The Socialists oppose the senate, as the senate is merely an institution "to forestall democratic government and equality." If nothing else will do, the Socialists propose more general strikes "until the backbone of capitalism is broken."

The Grip.

"Before we can sympathize with others, we must have suffered ourselves." No one can realize the suffering attendant upon an attack of the grip, unless he has had the actual experience. There is probably no disease that causes so much physical and mental agony, or which so successfully defies medical aid. All danger from the grip, however, may be avoided by the prompt use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy, not one case has ever been reported that has resulted in pneumonia or that has not recovered. For sale by all leading druggists.

INVENTOR PROMOTED.

Author of Charity Postage Stamp Advanced in Position.

Copenhagen, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Mailing expeditor" Holboell, the inventor of the charity stamp, has at last received his reward. From an ill-paid subaltern position, he was raised to that of postmaster which is a lucrative and honorable position in the Scandinavian countries.

The charity stamp yielded nearly 150,000 kroners about Christmas time and New Year's, and as a consequence the great hospital planned for tuberculous poor children will soon be set going. The stamp is not a frank, but is added to the postage on letters, packages, etc., as contribution to charity. Sometimes the whole rear side of a letter is covered with charity stamps, each of which sells at two oores. The entire proceeds of the sale go to charity, and that Holboell, the inventor of this cheap and easy method for doing good, was duly rewarded, gives general satisfaction.

EVERYBODY SATISFIED. MANY PRAISING HIM.

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Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs, Diseases of Men, Diseases of Women, Chronic Diseases.

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Saturday, Jan. 27,

From 9 a. m. until 8 p. m.

One day only—returning every month.



Dr. Rea has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting diseases in adults. Many cases of **Deafness, Ringing in the Ears,** Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargement and all long-standing diseases properly treated. **Lost manhood, nervous debility,** spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, Effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Weak Back, Burning Urine, passing urine too often, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive sealing treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers, Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles, Varicocele and enlarged glands, with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the twentieth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA, Minneapolis.

The Approved

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

Effervescent Cure for Headaches

Contains no heart depressing, dangerous drugs.

Removes the cause of headaches. Acts quickly, pleasantly, with such general good effects that it has retained the favor of Physicians and the Public *for more than 60 years.*

At Druggists, 50c and $1, or by mail from THE TARRANT CO., 44 Hudson Street, N. Y.

How do you feel?

Depressed?
Irritable?
Palmo Tablets soothe the nerves and dispel depression.
They make you look and feel younger.

50 cents. Guaranteed. Book free.

For sale by Max Wirth, Druggist.

A Reporter at School

What He Saw and What He Thought and What He Heard in One of Duluth's Institutions of Learning.

The slim reporter went to school this week. It is said to be the city editor's private opinion that he ought to attend regularly, but he has not been doing that for some years.

In this particular instance, the slim reporter went to school for the same reason that he and the other reporters on The Herald—fat, lean, short, tall and medium—do most things, to get copy for this great family paper.

It does not matter now which particular school he went to. Whether it was the Lincoln, the Jefferson, the Endion, or any other, he found a first rate institution, and concluded, after he had taken the spit balls hurled by bad boys from his ears, that after all he had had a good time.

This in itself is quite an admission, for in any city but Duluth a mission of this kind would not have been so pleasant for the reporter. But in Duluth, the charm of the teachers obviates some of the feelings of uneasiness or awkwardness which seems to come back upon a grown man when he enters a school room after many years. This is applicable in most cases, except those of school superintenients and members of the school board.



The Reporter Drawn by a Pupil as He Visited the School.

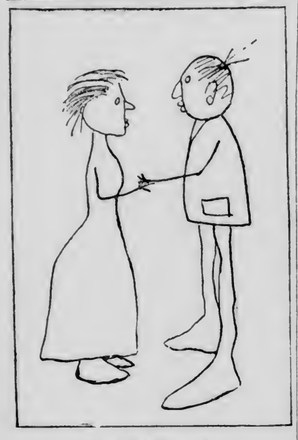
Bidding good-bye to his comrades at the office, the slim reporter started out boldly for the institution of learning. He felt as confident of himself as Mayor Cullum does of his re-election. This confidence did not leave him until he reached the threshold of the school house, and then it rather went back on him, and finally fled all together.

He had marched boldly into the presence of captains of industry; he had interviewed the strenuous Carrie Nation, and had once covered for his paper a big reception given by some lodge of ladies, but just the same his spirit was not so awfully buoyant as he entered the school building and trudged up the stairs to the principal's office.

Doing all the stunts which your newspaper reporter of today is obliged to do are altogether different from entering a strange school house, and allowing the pupils thereof to gaze long and wonderingly upon you. It is not so bad merely to enter the school house,



A Pupil's View of Teacher.



Greets the Teacher.

but to go into the very class room is another matter.

Do you remember how interested you always were when you went to school and some stranger entered the room? What excitement this sometimes caused. It varied the monotony of study, and you welcomed it with grins of approbation; speculated as to who the visitor might be, and devised means of making him uncomfortable after you had assured yourself by his demeanor that he was not connected with the school in any official capacity.

The slim reporter thought of those things as he slowly climbed the stairs. He made about as slow progress as some of the school children do when they are sent to the principal's office.

Finally, he reached the door of the office and paused, half inclined to flee, but he gave that thought up and decided to face the music—and the children.

He tried to look unconcerned as he approached the principal's desk and seemed to regain some of his confidence when that lady smiled inquiringly at him.

Certainly he could visit the school. She was most happy to have him as they liked to have everyone take a big interest in what is being done for young Duluth in the way of education. She would take him around herself.

Ah, this was better. He was to have the protection of the principal. He might be taken for a new member of the school board or some other person in authority if he had the chaperonage of the head of the school. At any rate, he would be practically immune from spit balls. This was all very comforting.

The principal chirped busily about the work, the total attention and the order which was maintained as she led to the way down the hall.

"This is a B fourth," she observed as she opened a class room door and pushed the slim reporter in ahead of her. It was like being suddenly thurst into a den of lions. The reporter thought of the persecuted Christians in the bloody days of Nero and pitied them with all his heart. In the hall it had been quiet and peaceful, but the opening of the door released the noise of an arithmetic class in full swing.

But the principal did not desert. She closed the door, cutting off all means of escape, and led the reporter to the throne in the front of the room. He felt like a culprit and somehow the pupils seemed to consider him in the same light.

From the time he had entered the schoolhouse to the time he was presented to the young woman who presided over the B fourth class, his brow was hot and feverish and he seemed to be dazed but the smiling teacher in front of him seemed very cool and collected and he recovered, gradually. The principal explained that he was visiting the school and then ducked, hurriedly, leaving the poor fellow to his fate.

He fingered his hat nervously while a red headed boy was getting a chair for him, at the request of the pretty teacher. He was conscious that all eyes were upon him and he felt that never had he been so much in the limelight before. Not even on the occasion of his first and only appearance as an afterdinner speaker—and wit.

The teacher did her best to make the poor newspaper man feel at home, but the children could not help feeling an interest in him so keen that they kept up a most close scrutiny of him and did not stop whispering about him until the teacher suddenly reprimanded the entire class for such a breach of etiquette.

Of course the reporter did not blame them, at all. He did the same thing himself when he was in the B fourth grade. He knew that the pupils were wondering which one of their number claimed him as a relative. When a visitor comes to school he is either a school official, a relative of some one of the scholars, or "teachers fellow." The first theory, if the visitor be a man is that he is the proud papa of some one of the pupils, but as no one claimed the slim reporter for a parent, the theory that he was "teacher's fellow" gained holders and a wide circulation.

The arithmetic class was reciting when The Herald's representative came upon the scene and the recitations were resumed as soon thereafter as possible. A rosy cheeked girl with two yellow braids down her back came timidly forward and offered the visitor a book, which was graciously accepted. The rest of the class showed its approval of this, and the teacher smiled. Everyone felt that the little girl had done just the right thing.

A little boy who looked like the pictures of little Ralph Waldo Emerson Backbay in the comic weeklies, was struggling with an example which involved a certain number of cows. Try as he would, the answer came out 2½.

He felt that is must be wrong and the expression on the teacher's face confirmed this contention.

"Well," he said, at length, "I guess the answer is two cows and a calf."

The teacher laughed outright at this and the visitor felt encouraged to laugh also. Some of the pupils who had the right answer to the problem joined in.

After this the situation was less strained and the reporter began to feel more at home. At the conclusion of the recitation a desire to hear the A third class receive a reading lesson, prompted him to leave.

After receiving directions for gaining the A third room, he took his departure. He made his way to the room alone, not having the guidance of the principal. But his try-out in the fourth room had given him courage and he stalked boldly in, trying to look dignified and make an impression. To his surprise he found that he knew the teacher, who came forward to greet him. This was an unexpected pleasure for all, pupils included.

The teacher bit her lips, blushed and smiled and the slim reporter did the same. He was also conscious that he was stepping on his own feet. Inwardly the teacher wondered what his mission was, for she knew that he was no kin of any of her charges.

"I am visiting the school today," he said, by way of explanation, "with the hope of writing something interesting about it for The Herald."

"How charming," said the teacher, much relieved.

"Scholars," she said to the interested youngsters, "this is a representative of The Herald. He has come to hear you read and I hope you will all do your best."

"We take The Herald," yelled one little fellow, feeling that the introduction called for some sort of a statement from him.

"So do we," sang out the others.

The teacher fortunately did not look upon this natural outburst as anything out of the way.

Meanwhile the reporter tried to gaze upon the class with the benign glance which the members of the school board invariably adopt when about to administer a word of warning or advice or approbation to a graduating class. The pupils seemed somewhat impressed and he felt that after all, it was rather pleasant to go visiting.

He sat down in the chair proffered him and took a book from the hands of the fair teacher. The book contained, among the things, the adventures of one Roger, and it was this literary gem that the members of the A third class were taking up.

The recitation progressed rather satisfactorily and the reporter began framing in his mind the appropriate and clever praise he would give the teacher for her class when he left.

One little girl, bashful and the possessor of a pronounced lisp, got into difficulty over the words can and may. The teacher, to test her, asked her to explain the uses of the two words.

The little girl thought a while and then said:

"You use the word can when you speak to a man and the word may when you speak to a lady."

The teacher smiled and the reporter plainly showed that he thought the answer worth while.

As the reading lesson neared its close, so did the afternoon session of school, and the reporter felt that he must get away before school let out for he knew his stiff hat would be shining marks for many snowballs if he tarried too long.

On the way down the hall, The Herald man stopped in a first grade room, feeling that he ought to at least stop in and see what the wee tots were doing. He introduced himself to the teacher, who explained that they were playing a new game that afternoon. He was cordially invited to participate, but was forced to decline and seek the out of doors, leaving behind the lisping little girls with braids, the scrawls on the blackboards and some memories of the past—which involved another school, other little girls and some little boys.

Healing the Immigrant

How Europe's Sick Must be Cured in American Hospitals — Medical Students in New York City Have Chance to Study Unusual Diseases.

New York, Jan. 20.—(Special to the Herald.)—With one of the busiest seasons behind them that has ever been known, the officials of the immigration department on Ellis Island, the great gateway to America for the invading host from the Old World, have now leisure enough to reflect upon what the year has brought forth. The full statistics for the year will not be made up for some time yet, but the first six months of 1905 have shown that Italy continues to hold her place at the head of the emigrating populations. From January until July 1st more than 164,000 Italians passed through the inspecting rooms of the Island on their way to become American citizens. Austria-Hungary follows with 147,867, and then in order come Russia, Sweden and Germany.

These, in many ways, are most undesirable facets. His personal experience on Ellis Island has led Dr. George W. Stoner, chief of the staff of medical examiners, to the belief that the immigrants from Southern Europe are far less fitted physically for useful citizenship than those from the North. His opinion is corroborated not only by the work of the hospital on Ellis Island itself but by reports from all the hospitals scattered over the city. The men who labor in New York hospitals have abundant opportunities to investigate the subject, for of the arrivals who are declared physically unfit for admission to this country, only about ten per cent are deported. The other 90 per cent of sick, weak, or otherwise constitutionally undesirable additions are reluctantly admitted because they pass favorable educational examinations or have money or relatives already settled in the United States.



THEY MAKE WORK FOR DOCTORS.
Strangers From Abroad as They Appear at the Immigrant Station.

It is this mass of unhealthy humanity pouring month after month into the most crowded quarters of the city, which furnishes the greater number of free dispensary and hospital patients, for not all of the 90 per cent admitted on the strength of their material resources find themselves able to keep their heads above water in the new land of promise. The healthiest of all Europe's races, the Swedes, rarely stay long in New York. Instead they pass on to the homes of their fellow countrymen in the Northwest, usually to Minnesota. The Hungarians drift steadily toward the mining towns of Pennsylvania. But the great New York. Here they overflow into the streets of the East Side from the swarmbody of Italians gets no further than ling tenements in which they are herded until there are parts of the city which look more Neapolitan than Naples itself. Side by side with them dwell the refugees from the Russian Ghettoes, to whom life has hitherto meant nothing but persecution and even now means little more than incessant drudgery in sweat shops.

The problem to the sociologist is a grave one; to the physician it affords an education the value of which can hardly be overestimated. No other city in the United States possesses such a wealth of material for demonstrations in the clinics by which medical instruction, and especially advanced instruction, is now chiefly given—a fact for which other cities may be devoutly thankful. Out of 800,000 arrivals in 1904, 600,000 found their way into the country through Ellis Island, no other port of entry having one-tenth that number.

It is rather an unwelcome distinction that is thus thrust upon New York, but it is made to serve a valuable purpose in the dispensaries of the hospitals. Among the many thousands of future citizens in the foreign quarters lie hidden many ailments hardly known as yet in this country, but against which physicians and medical inspectors alike must be prepared to wage continual war. Trachoma, for example, a dangerous and extremely contagious disease of the eye, is practically unknown among the old American stock, but in Southern Europe it is so generally prevalent that parents who can possibly afford to pay for tuition never think of sending their children to public schools. The incessant vigilance of the immigration inspectors has not entirely succeeded in shutting the gate against this malady, and cases of it crop up from time to time in the dispensary of the New York post-graduate medical school in the heart of the upper East side. The spread of this disease throughout the country, the commissioner general of immigration says in his last report, would work incalculable harm to the public school system which has been so laboriously built up throughout the country.

To the advanced student of medicine in New York, the foreign population of this city is useful in much the same way that the great commerce of England is to his cousin in London. With the rapid commercial development of the tropics in recent years and their increasing importance in the history of the world, the lack of adequate knowledge of the special ills that flesh is heir to in the warmer regions of the globe has been especially felt in Great Britain, whose vast carrying trade and widely scattered empire bring her into more direct contact with the tropics than any other country, with the possible exception of ourselves. Two years ago the situation was met by the establishment of the London School of Tropical Medicine as a part of London university. With the American flag flying over the Philippines and Porto Rico, with Cuba at our doors and the Panama canal still undug, a movement is now on foot to inaugurate similar work at the post-graduate medical school and hospital in this city.

With a million or so immigrants pouring into the country every year, however, American physicians do not have to look far from home for problems to tax their skill. The tenacity with which many of these new arrivals, with the poorest of physical foundations to begin with, cling to life in the face of poverty, dirt and hardship, is a puzzle. One well-known Chicago surgeon, who is now pursuing special work at the post-graduate, has declared that many of the lower classes of immigrants seem to have been made by long exposure immune to the dangers of dirt, just as negroes are immune to yellow fever.

To suppose, however, that all, or even the great proportion of the new arrivals are undesirable would be a gross error. Throughout 1905 Ellis Island received daily thousands of sturdy workers to whom the new land offers boundless opportunity and who have the ability and industry to seize it. The evil lies in the accumulation of the refuse of this flood in the stagnant pools of New York's most crowded quarters. Charitable organizations have noticed that any unusual wave of emigration from one country at once, throws upon their hands a vastly increased proportion of this particular nationality. The explanation is simple. Ordinarily the immigrant has some notion of what he expects to do once he has arrived in the Land of Promise; but at times there comes a great influx from some over-populated region, a vast horde actuated by dim ideas of an overflowing home of plenty, without plans or resources. For them there is only one course—to crowd into the sections of the city where their own people are already settled and to remain there imprisoned by their ignorance of America, its language, its customs and its opportunities.

This is the fate of the unfit, and it is with the unfit that the physician has to do. In many of the clinics of the post-graduate medical school, the lecturer must be prepared to talk to his physician-students in one language and to his patient in another—a complication which would be an intolerable nuisance were it not for the incalculable advantage derived from the variety of physique, of habits and of diet thus presented.

If a merchant has been fortunate in securing a stock of goods at a nominal cost, he is enthusiastic, and his enthusiasm bubbles out of his advertising—for he is human, and likes to clear up a good profit for himself while making new records in price cutting to his customers.

NEVER TIRE OF IT.

Duluth People are Pleased to Show the Gratitude They Feel.

People cured of lame, weak and aching backs, kidney weaknesses and urinary troubles, never tire of letting others know about the remedy that did it—Doan's Kidney Pills. The cures are permanent cures, as people who were cured years ago now testify. Here is a case of the thorough work of Doan's Kidney Pills in Duluth.

J. H. Tomlin, lather and contractor, of 112 West Palmetto street, Duluth Heights, says: "What I said in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills, six years ago, was not only true, but the cure I described at that time has been permanent, and I am pleased to inform other sufferers of this fact. My case was a severe one, and it clung to me persistently for two years. The backache finally got so bad that I was obliged to lay off from work for days at a time, and I suffered such pain that it hurt to bring the slightest strain on the muscles of the back and loins. The kidney secretions were irregular, and I was unable to rest well at night. All these irregularities yielded promptly to the treatment, and the result was a permanent cure."

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JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

Our Public Property

By Charles Richardson, First Vice-President National Municipal League.

It is as strange as it is deplorable, that while we as a people, are noted for our eagerness and shrewdness in the accumulation and protection of our private property, we are even more remarkable for our apathy in regard to our respective shares in our public property, and in the rights and powers vested in the communities of which each one of us is a part. There is a general lack of anything like an adequate conception of the value of those shares. There would be a great change in the ideas and conduct of American voters if they could be made to realize the enormous value of their public property, and the immense difference it would make to every man and woman, if that property could be managed by men of superior ability and integrity, and not by those who are more or less incompetent or corrupt.

The visible or tangible portions of this splendid heritage, consist of public lands and buildings, roads, streets, sewers, parks, schools, waterworks, gas works, and many other forms of material assets. Their aggregate value is too great as it is, it will seem but little compared with the almost infinite value and importance of those intangible portions of our public property, which consist of the sovereign rights and powers won for us by the sacrifices of heroic ancestors, and now belonging to us as an independent self-governing people. It would require many papers like this to describe all the ways in which these far-reaching powers can be used by our representatives to promote or lessen our prosperity and happiness.

Think for instance of the manner in which the power to levy taxes, establish tariffs, and issue money, can be and exercised as to bring a golden era of prosperity, or a flood of panic and business prostration, to every household. Think of the power to involve us in unnecessary wars, making us responsible for thousands of lives, and compelling us to sacrifice our prosperity and possibly our own lives, because of the folly or wickedness of the agents whom we have selected. Think of the powers which can be so wielded as to restrict corporations to the lines of general usefulness, moderate profits and fair dealing with the public, so as to enable them to become more terrible than the devouring dragons of antiquity. Think of the splendid moral and material results which might be achieved in an American city, if a majority of the voters should always work together for the nomination and election of the right kind of officials and lawmakers, and could never be so intimidated or misled as to assist, or acquiesce in the choice of those who are corrupt or incompetent.

It might be a long and difficult task to free such a city from debt and to overcome the terrible evils incurred behind bad laws, bad customs, and bad characters. But the final result would be a city that would be a model for the world. It would be clean, healthy, orderly and beautiful. It would be well paved, well drained, and well lighted. It would have fine buildings, parks, boulevards and avenues, and an ample supply of pure water. Its corporations would be obliged to pay reasonable prices for their privileges, and to deal fairly with the public. There would be no election frauds, and no favors for the vicious, criminal, or predatory classes. The children would all be well taught and well trained. There would be a great increase in public work and improvements, but the public money would be so wisely and honestly spent that the taxes would be low. The city would be so desirable and attractive, the cost of living would be so moderate, and the business facilities would be developed with so much care and intelligence, that there would be a constant growth in population and prosperity and in opportunities for capital and labor.

Of course the man who opposes what is wrong must encounter the antagonism, and the more or less plausible arguments, of those who thrive by it. He will be told for example that policies are more important than candidates. But the election of men of integrity and wisdom is not only the most important of all policies, but it is also the best possible means for securing the adoption and the enforcement of every other policy that is wise and expedient. It is folly to rely upon the political principles of candidates whose moral principles are too weak to withstand great temptations.

The advocate of reforms will be told that many of our public officials are men of ability and high character, and are giving the people excellent service. This is true, but it is equally true that while the management of our public affairs might be much worse than it is, it might also be vastly better, purer, more intelligent, and much less costly. There is no government in the United States that is entirely free from serious faults. Among the most common of such faults are, the payment of extravagant prices for poor materials, poor service and superfluous employees, the close affiliation and co-operation between officials, grafters, spoilsmen and political machines, the corrupt granting of franchises, contracts and special privileges, a lamentable lack of business efficiency and foresight, and a failure to prevent disease or to repress fraud, vice and crime. It may be said with truth that in many cases American governments are little more than compromises between the avarice and greed of the vicious and unscrupulous classes on the one hand, and the desires of the best public men and the fear of political defeat on the other. If we want to improve these conditions we must learn to act as if we were something more than the "dumb driven cattle" of party leaders.

One of the greatest difficulties in the way of a reform movement is the tendency of the timid voter to withhold his support, on the ground that so many others will act in the same way, that it will be impossible for the movement to succeed, or for his own inaction to make any difference. This reasoning is the principal cause of that appearance of apathy which is a constant source of strength and encouragement for the promoters of existing evils, and of discouragement and disaster for the advocates of honest government. The argument is as unsound as it is vicious, because our own sins of omission cannot be justified by the similar faults of others, and because great movements like great trees, must have small beginnings, and it is when they are just beginning that aid and nourishment are most needed and can be of the most use. No man has a right to regard himself as a good citizen when he is neglecting an opportunity to assist with his voice and vote, in supporting what is wrong, and in supporting with the management of our public property and public business.

Philadelphia, Pa.

Rarest Postage Stamp

One Issued by a Baltimore Postmaster in 1845 and Was Sold for $4,400.

It has often been asked, "What is the rarest stamp issued in the United States?" The price which was paid for the famous 10-cent stamp of Baltimore, which was issued by the postmaster of that city in 1845, can truly be said to be the highest ever paid for a United States issue. It sold for $4,400. The design of stamp shows an autograph of James M. Buchanan, with value below.

There are a number known of the 5-cent value, but as far as known this was the first one discovered of the 10-cent variety. There was also another copy discovered in Washington, D. C., which was in the possession of a lady who found it among her father's old letters, and was discovered accidentally while looking for biographical matter. This sold for a large sum.

The highest price paid, prior to this sale, was $3,000, which was given for a fine copy of the 20-cent stamp issued by the postmaster of St. Louis in 1845. This stamp pictures two bears standing on each side of a coat of arms, with value above, St. Louis at the top with the word "Post Office" at bottom. It was sold to Mr. W. A. Castle, of Springfield, Mass.

This stamp was one of a big find made in Louisville, Ky., among which was a unique pair, consisting of the 20-cent and 10-cent together unsevered, which was sold to F. A. Ayer, of Bangor, Me. It was afterward sold by Mr. Ayer, together with his magnificent collection, for a price which would open wide the eyes of a person not knowing the value of the little labels.

There are a number of the early issues of the United States, which are valued from $500 to $2,000 each, among which is the well known rarity the New Haven envelope, issued by the postmaster of that place in 1845. This is printed in red ink, with the numeral 5 in center, Post Office at top, with signature of E. A. Mitchell, the postmaster, at bottom. This stamp was unknown until 1871, when a specimen was discovered in a collection of ordinary stamps bought for a few dollars. This stamp was sold to Philip von Ferrary, the great French collector, for $40. This was many years ago, as the stamp readily brings $1,200 now, which shows a great advancement in value.

Another rare stamp is the one issued by the Millbury postmaster in 1846, and is valued at $1,500. This has a picture of George Washington in center, with "Post Office" at top, with "Paid 5 cts." at bottom. It is printed in black ink on a bluish colored paper.

The stamp issued by the Brattleboro postmaster in 1846, is another very rare one, bringing as high as $600 at private sale. This has a central design, consisting of the initials of the postmaster, with the name of place at top, and "5 cents" at bottom. It is printed in black ink on a buff colored paper.

There are a number of others which bring from $100 to $1,000 each, such as some of the provisionals issued by the Confederate postmasters during the Civil war period. There are a few which would mean a good sum to the lucky finder—the Beaumont, Uniontown, Madison, Livingston, Greenville, Rheatown, Spartanburg and others.

There are any quantity of lesser value which if found would yield the finder a handsome return. It must be understood that not all old stamps are rare, as there were many more printed of certain varieties than others, but the person who has access to files of old letters and documents, has a possibility of picking up something which would doubly pay him for the trouble, if sold.

There are more than 1,500,000 collectors of these little labels, including among others H. R. H., the Prince of Wales, who is president of the Philatelic society of London, England; the queen of Holland, king of Siam, as well as princes, dukes and others of less rank. In the United States alone there are over 500,000 collectors, composed of some of our most distinguished men, who take a relaxating moment from business cares in looking over their accumulations which they have got together after years of searching.

Many collections have been sold, bringing high prices, among which was the William Thorn of New York City, which was bought by a Boston firm, the price paid being $45,000.

Stamps are continually rising in value, especially the rarities, and it behooves the collector to pick up the ones that are easy to get now, as it will not be many years before certain stamps will be as rare as the ones mentioned above.

EVERETT VAN VOORHIS.

LONDON IS EXCLUSIVE.

Jack London, the author, who was recently in Boston, recalls an early visit eleven years ago, when he arrived on the truck of a freight car, says the Kansas City Journal. He lost his way in the tortuous streets of the city, a unique experience for him, although he has tramped about many cities of the world. London's experiences as a tramp have not made him open-handed and hospitable. On the door of the London home in San Francisco is a sign reading: "No Admission Except on Business; No Business Transacted Here," while on the back door is another sign, reading: "Please Do Not Enter Without Knocking! Please Do Not Knock."



For Invalid Cookery

Delicious, strengthening beef tea and other toothsome and nourishing dishes for invalids and convalescents may be quickly prepared with Armour's Extract of Beef. It gives soups a rich, beefy flavor. Containing the entire strength of beef it may be substituted for meat. It is already prepared and saves time and fuel in cooking.

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Armour's Extract of Beef is in a very concentrated form. Will not spoil and is always ready to use.

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An Automatic Tripping Device for the Camera

Scheme for Taking Your Own Picture With a Kodak.

Simple Apparatus Devised by A. E. Watts of Duluth.



AUTOMATIC TRIPPING DEVICE FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC SHUTTERS, INVENTED BY ALFRED E. WATTS OF DULUTH.

Alfred E. Watts, who is connected with the office of Maj. Charles L. Potter, government engineer for the Lake Superior district, claims to have discovered the first practical means whereby a person can take his own picture with a kodak, without the assistance of a second person, and take it successfully, whether it is desired to take a quick or a prolonged exposure.

Mr. Watts has been working on this for a long time, and Jan. 9 last two United States patents were issued him for improvements in automatic tripping devices for photographic shutters, as his invention is termed.

The invention consists of an apparatus which may be attached to any hand camera or kodak, so as to automatically operate the lens shutter precisely as it is operated by the hand, giving any predetermined time of exposure which the camera shutter provides for. It will also automatically measure the time between the opening and closing of the shutter, where a time exposure is desired, doing it more accurately than can be accomplished in the ordinary way by aid of the watch, and enabling the photographer to take his own photograph under all conditions of light, whenever it is possible for him to stand in front of the camera, and giving him all the time he desires to get ready for the photograph before the plate or film is exposed. At the instant of termination of exposure, whether long or short, a signal on the attachment acquaints the photographer of that fact.

The apparatus invented by Mr. Watts is comparatively simple, and is said to be little likely to get out of order. No strings, wires, tubing or clockwork is employed, yet the operator has absolute control over it.

Mr. Watts has had a handmade model of the invention in constant use on his camera during the past year, and it has given entire satisfaction. Some of the photographs taken with the apparatus have been reproduced in The Herald.

The advantages of an invention of this kind are obvious. Persons who are visiting other places of interest, or who are doing amateur or professional photographic work of nature, and who wish to appear in the picture may easily do so without any aid from another person. Group pictures can be taken, including the photographer himself.

No claim is made by Mr. Watts that his apparatus will be used for photographing children or persons where expression is the main object to be attained. Such exposures, he says, must necessarily be made at moments which cannot be predetermined, and when the kodak will have to be used in the old way.

MENOMINEE RANGE.

(Continued from page 13.)

has lately been encountered. At the Saginaw mine at Norway, formerly the Perkins, now controlled by John Jones of Iron Mountain and associates, a larger diamond drill base been placed in commission, a machine of smaller capacity having been found inadequate. The drill is located on the bottom level, 240 feet from surface. With the smaller drill, a hole, 120 feet in depth, was secured and for the entire distance cut ore of lessemer grade. With the larger drill in service, it is the intention to put down the hole to a depth of 1,000 feet.

The Milwaukee road's new ore dock, now in course of erection at North Escanaba, is not expected to be completed before July or August, but it will be possible to use it in a small way prior to that time. A force of 135 men is employed. The dock proper will be 1,470 feet in length, with an approach of 3,000 feet. It will have a height above the water of seventy-three feet, and will easily accommodate the largest bulk carriers plying the lakes. The approximate cost of the structure will be three-quarters of a million dollars.

HEAVIER OUTPUT ON MESABA.

(Continued from page 13.)

dwelling houses will be constructed at the Carlston for the use of employes of the company.

Notwithstanding a heavy fall of snow, stripping operations still continue active on the Mesaba, and unless a prolonged spell of cold weather prevents there will be little cessation in the work. There is a surprising lack of frost, in consequence of the unprecedented mild temperature so far experienced. Winston Bros. & Bear have 600 men engaged on stripping contracts at the Mahoning, Iroquois and Monroe Tener mines. It is not intended to work all winter at the Mahoning; in fact, operations are about to be suspended here, but at the other properties the removal of the overburden will be prosecuted as long as possible. The Drake & Stratton company, stripping contractors, has 900 men on its payroll and plans to continue its mine and railroad work throughout the winter. At the Duluth mine, all mining work has been suspended until April 1. At the Victoria, on the other hand, men have been sent underground and the property will again be hoisting ore as soon as the necessary preliminaries can be attended to. It will require several weeks before the mine is in condition to produce, as it has not been operated for a number of years and the drifts are particularly filled with sand and rock.

Negotiations quitely conducted and extending over a period of four years have been concluded with George A. St. Clair, a well-known Lake Superior mining man, in possession of the fee to 9,000 acres of land lying on the eastern end of the Mesaba, beginning a mile distant from the Mailman mine and continuing in an easterly direction for four miles, and already has diamond drills at work. Past operations conducted by Mr. St. Clair on the Mesaba at points where former operators had failed to locate merchantable ore bodies have been attended with remarkable success, and notwithstanding that the territory to which he is now devoting attention has long been in disfavor, in consequence of a supposedly badly broken formation, he confidently anticipates important discoveries. The Steel corporation recently secured an option on the Merrill lands, in the same district, and will put down a number of drill holes in search for ore. It is also reported but not officially confirmed that the corporation has taken over under option two promising properties on the so-called Cuyuna range, already partially explored by the Orelands company.

Hibbing, Minn., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is considerable activity in mining circles on this end of the range at present. The winter thus far has been mild and there has been little interference with stripping operations from cold weather. The underground mines are piling up good sized stock piles in anticipation of a heavy season's shipment as soon as navigation opens in the spring. The Oliver Iron Mining company is preparing for a larger output than ever and all of its machinery is being overhauled and put in shape for the coming season. Orders have been given at the machine shops here to get all its steam shovels repaired as soon as possible, and along with this all of the locomotives of the company are being overhauled.

Test pit work has been under way on nearly all of the ore bodies in this immediate vicinity the past season and there has been no let up in this line of work during the winter. The Steel corporation took over the Winnifred mine last year and for some months has been busy in getting the property in shape for extensive operations. The property is being thoroughly explored and new shafting is being put in besides considerable cross section work.

The Nashua is a new mine that is being opened near the Pillsbury mine. This is owned by an independent company and it is the intention to have the property in shape for shipping in 1907.

Local papers are predicting a strike in this field this spring, at least are trying to make a bluff that such is the intention of the miners, and that it will be brought about by the members of the Western Federation of Miners, which has been conducting an active campaign organizing the miners on the ranges the past year. This is a "pipe dream," for the miners have not considered any such proposition, nor is there any likelihood of any trouble this year.

CALUMET & ARIZONA'S EARNINGS.

(Continued from page 13.)

from the finding in the drift there has been little recent change in the property.

* * *

Lake Superior & Pittsburg's new ore body on the 1050 level north of the shaft is looking good, as is the mine throughout. The drift in the new ore body is being continued on, while they are also preparing for drifts on the 900 and 1100, underlying and over, the ore body. The shaft is sinking steadily. It is now down 1154 feet. One-half is in very hard formation and the other in very soft. As a consequence sinking is attended at present with many difficulties and progress cannot but be comparatively slow until the ground gets better.

* * *

At Briggs shaft of the Calumet & Pittsburg they are making fine progress with the work of making openings for the 1150 station. The shaft has no ore. It has not been expected that it would get it, but it is the expectation that drifts to be run from the lower level will get into the ore bodies of the property. These drifts are not likely to be delayed much, if any, after completion of the work of cutting the station that is proceeding so satisfactorily.

* * *

Not only is there splendid showing in evidence in Hoatson shaft in regard to ore prospects, but there is a splendid showing as well in the manner in which the sinking is being carried on at a world beating pace. The shaft is now down in the neighborhood of 950 feet, having a lead of something like 50 feet on Denn. last months sinking record of 162 feet broke all previous records in the camp, if not in the country, for a shaft of the same size. Hoatson's wall plate is a 25. Last month's record may not be duplicated this month, but the difference will be small if it exists at all. The energy behind this job of sinking is evident everywhere. On the dump at the shaft the red iron stain has become very prominent during the week. The formation they are going through is a broken up lime with stringers of hematite iron and some ore. It looks as favorable as any lime formation could possibly appear. Water is not expected in the shaft much this side of the 1100 level and possibly not then. The Lowell is draining that portion of the country pretty thoroughly on the upper levels.

* * *

Drifting has been suspended at the Junction pending the installation of the first 1,000 gallon pump on the 1,000 level. When the pump is in place, the main drifts to reach the ore bodies that have been defined by drifts run already, will begin. This new drifting will all be from the 1,000 level. The surface foundation has been completed for the new hoist, a portion of which has been received by the Southwestern at El Paso and is due here at any time. Erection will be commenced immediately the parts are assembled on the ground.

* * *

Drifting continues on the 1000, 1100 and 1,200 levels at the Lowell. There have lately been no new developments at this property, except the steady incoming of more and more ore.

* * *

Hoval A. Smith has been absent from the city the most of this week. Owing to his absence, it has been impossible to secure authoritative confirmation or denial of reports which have been current to the effect that surveyors are employed on Warren Development & Realty company ground for the purpose of establishing grade for the electric railway line which Mr. Smith announced some time ago would be built by the company at early date following the acquirement of complete title to all the lands of the company. Surveyors have been running lines on Warren property for several days. but whether they are making the electric road survey or doing other work is not known. It has been considered by some that the call made recently on Warren stock was occasioned by plans that may be entertained for building of the road and the taking of other steps preliminary to placing on the market of the lots which will be carved out of the townsite, to the number of several thousand, if the company cares to put that many on sale.

* * *

Report has been current in the city for the past couple of weeks that the Calumet & Arizona had purchased the property surrendered last summer by the Higgins. During the last week the Bisbee West was worked into the report in conjunction with the Higgins. It being averred that the Calumet & Arizona elicited the statement that there was nothing in the report, no advices of any purpose to purchase either of the properties, or authority for steps in that direction having been received here. That the report had reached the outside, Mr. Parnall said he was aware of, through a letter he had received from a broker advising him that a block of Bisbee West stock was available at a reasonable figure, and expressing the opinion that the Calumet & Arizona would want it to add to its control of the property. The letter statement was the first Mr. Parnall had heard of the report associating the Bisbee West in the Higgins rumor.

* * *

During the last two weeks parties representing Michigan capital have been engaged gathering ground lying between the Denn-Arizona and the Cochise Development. This territory is mostly covered by the claims of the old Copper King company. So far those taking it in have secured the claims of Peter Hanson and of Henry Sollins. Others are believed to be either under option or purchased about which knowledge has not yet come to the public. Mr. Collins and Mr. Hanson received $5,000 each and it is understood that this is a figure that will be offered for all the claims in the strip that are taken. Payments to Hanson and Collins were in full in cash. Who ever may be behind the purchase of the property they have implicit faith that pay ore exists under the great porphyry belt extending on the Cochise side of the canyon. Should this theory prove correct it will open in Bisbee a tremendous new area of producing ground. What is to be done with the claims being purchased at the present time along the porphyry belt has not been made public, though it is said that a development company is ready to take them over and commence actual work as soon as the ground is secured.

* * *

Supt. Byron Pattison of the Shattuck has returned from Duluth and Chicago, where he spent the holidays, and looked into the hoist and tramway matter. The Shattuck is now a producing mine, for its first ore has been shipped to the Queen smelter at Douglas, and this shipment will be maintained for some time. Several supply concerns and contractors are figuring on the work to be given. Survey for the tramway has been completed, and present expectation is that the Shattuck will commence regular shipments to the smelter in June or July.

* * *

Saginaw has overcome the water on the bottom levels and is again driving its lower drifts. This exploration cut more than 150 feet of leached ore and lean copper ground on its upper levels, fully proving the nature of the country at that point, and putting its land within the ore bearing zones.

* * *

General Manager Arthur S. Dwight, of the Greene Consolidated, who has been in Duluth and at Chicago for some weeks, has returned home. He states that he hopes to work out some new methods of mining at Cananea as the result of his trip to Duluth, and hopes to reduce mining costs thereby to a considerable extent. The mine is producing about 100,000 tons of ore per month and is mining a lot of lean ore which can be reduced at a profit at present metal prices. Some 6,000 men are employed in mine concentrator and smelter.

* * *

Supt. Horr of the Chiricahua Development company has been in Bisbee the past few days looking into the diamond drill proposition, with a view of working drills underground. The past few weeks have been devoted to straightening the shaft and other preliminary work. The drift on the 385-foot level, from the Mars shaft, is planned to come under a fine ledge that has yielded high returns from prospect holes on the surface. It is said that copper running to 20 per cent has been cut in these prospect holes from time to time.

Other properties in the Chiricahua district remain with nothing to indicate any change in the manner of development. It is said that the property of the Duluth & Chiricahua company has not yet been turned over to the Sullivan company, which was recently organized to handle it, but that it is to be shortly.

Sometimes nervous woman's afflictions are imaginary. Again they are a form of actual and terrible illness. In any event, Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea makes you well. A great nervo tonic. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Mining in Colorado

Colorado Springs, Colo., Jan. 20.—The Bill Nye claim on Copper Mountain, just outside the producing area, is in ore that returns profits from cyanide treatment. Osborne and Merritt, lesses on the Blue Annie claim on Gold Quartz hill, have opened a two foot ore body carrying $20.28 gold values a ton under fire test. Better values are expected. This hill is outside the known mineral zone. Both strikes are important.

A three foot ore shoot is being stoped in the Mohican mine on Battle Mountain by Wyndham & Co., lesses. Returns give $40 a ton on carload shipments.

The Portland Gold Mining company has declared its regular uarterly dividend. $180,000; also an extra $60,000; total $240,000. This company has now paid $7,177,080.

Stratton's Cripple Creek Development and Mining company has paid its first dividend, $50,000. The company is operating the 700 acres of the Stratton estate on the leasing system.

B. J. Hatmaker of Buffalo, N. Y., has been at Georgetown for several days putting the Codove group of mines in operation. The property has been closed for two years.

Camp Paquin district is active, due to a promising strike in the Bunnie group. Assays run from $4 to $5 gold and 53 to 80 ounces silver. The pay streak is eight inches. Low grade ore makes the veln three feet wide.

The Running Lode mine near Black Hawk, owned and operated by the Gower Mines Syndicate of London, England, is in an ore body 15 to 18 inches thick and carrying values from $93 to $200 a ton. The strike was made in the thirteenth level a distance of 60 feet from the shaft. The ore is of the gray and copper kind. The mine is yielding 500 tons monthly, 400 of which is smelting and the rest mill grade. The property was purchased in 1900 for $15,000. Its gross production since has approximated $1,000,000, with nearly $500,000 dividends. Capitalization is $75,000.

Idaho Mines

Boise, Jan. 20.—The Rapid Creek Placer Mining company owns twelve claims on Rapid creek, near the old placer mining district of Warrens, which has produced $75,000,000 since the discovery of gold there in 1862. The company is capitalized at $200,000. A test run by "shoveling in," small boxes being used, gave a result of $12.50 a day for each man employed.

The opening of these placer mines, with many others in different parts of the state, prove that many gulches and creeks prospected and worked during the early days of mining and abandoned, will now pay handsomely with improved methods and a little capital for proper equipment. This has been fully demonstrated by companies operating in Boise Balsen and other districts of southern Idaho.

Late reports from Big Creek are to the effect that the Adit tunnel, driven on the Davis property by the Penn-Idaho company, has reached the ledge, and some very rich ore has been extracted.

Arrangements are going ahead for putting a plant on the Standard mine at Roosevelt next spring. It is to be of 100 tons daily capacity, using both the amalgamating and cyaniding processes. The mine will be thoroughly opening during the whiter.

A report came down from Pearl last evening that at the depth of ten feet on the Swamp Angel No. 1, ore running over $300 to the ton had been struck. The ledge is six feet wide with a 16-inch vein of the rich ore.

Alaska Mines

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 20.—Travel from Skagway to Dawson is very lively for the season. Mining is conducted on an extensive scale, but more machinery and fewer men are employed than formerly. The largest dredgers ever constructed for mining purposes are found on Bear creek, Klondike district, and are operated night and day at an expense that is surprisingly low. Each shift works eight hours. The amount of pay dirt is a surprise to those who are engaged in this new method of mining and the amount of pay from second-hand dumps, taken out by these dredgers is encouraging. his winter the mines are doing well, having little snow and ice to contend with. Many new plants are contemplated for properties that have remained idle for lack of capital. he winter in this part of the territory has been almost as mild as it has been in Seattle.

While Americans are making rapid progress in the construction of railroads in Alaska, the British are following the example and branch lines and terminals are projected at numerous points in British territory.

Mining in California

San Francisco, Jan. 20.—The owners of the Yellow Aster mine at Randsburg, Mohave county, are said to be negotiating for the sale of the mine to a company of British capitalists. The Yellow Aster has made millionaires of its owners, John Singleton and the Movers family, as it has been for five years one of the best paying mines in the state. The vein of gold ore is very wide and the expense of working it is small.

The output for 1905 of the St. John quicksilver mine, near Vallejo, was $30,000. The mine was recently reopened and $100,000 was spent in development work.

Under the town of Wallace, Calaveras county, a rich deposit of gravel has been struck, which promises to develop into a number of good mines. James Hemerich was diging a well before Christmas, when, at the depth of eleven feet, he struck a gravel deposit that looked promising. On Christmas afternoon he washed six pans of gravel from which he obtained $15.03 in gold. The following day he panned out $10, and he has been regularly at work since then, averaging about $10 a day. His neighbors caught the gold fever, and several have dug shafts and are taking out gravel that pays.

A new body of rich copper ore has been opened up in the Afterthought mine, in Shasta county. The vein is thirty feet wide and the copper values range from 8 to 11 per cent, while the gold and silver values are correspondingly high.

In Corallitas canon, about twenty miles east of Tehachapi, in Keen county, Fred W. Eickert has struck a ledge of peculiar formation, which assays $64 inn zinc, lead and silver. The mine has been bonded to a Belgian corporation.

CLOQUET.

(Continued from page 23.)

McLeod, Cal., where they have accepted a position with the McLeod Lumber company at that place.

Highland lodge, No. 115, A. O. U. W., held its annual installation Friday evening, when the following officers were installed. J. P. Hisson, P. M. W.; Fred Hall, M. W.; Martin Johnson, foreman; William Sarrett, overseer; P. E. McGugin, recorder; A. A. Cameron, financier; L. F. Leach, receiver; M. J. McMahon, guide; Paul Gouther, I. W.; John McKinnon, O. W.

George H. and Frank M. Prince spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Hugh McMillan of Superior spent a few days in Cloquet this week.

G. L. Selk has accepted a position as superintendent of the Staples Lumber company's mill at British Columbia and left last week for that place.

Miss Gallipeau left for her home in Minneapolis Thursday morning after spending a very pleasant week visiting her uncle, Mr. Phelion. She was accompanied as far as Superior by her aunt, Mrs. Phelion, who will spend a few days visiting friends.

Earnie White is seriously ill. He was removed to a hospital at Duluth this week.

Miss Margaret Morgan entertained a few of her friends at her home Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson are the happy parents of a daughter born Wednesday, Jan. 10.

Hilda Alstead has returned from Spokane, Wash., and will remain with her parents for the winter.

Clare Gripler has returned from a visit with his sister, Mrs. H. E. De Villiers, in North Dakota.

Mrs. Edmond Pettler has returned from Minneapolis and will make her home in this city.

Miss Nellie McSweeney came down from Duluth and spent Sunday with her parents in Cloquet.

Mr. Mayburn of the Cloquet Lumber company's store made a trip to the Twin Cities on business last week.

Roy McMillan, who has been quite ill, is convalescing.

Pat Ronan has returned from a visit at Dorsey's camp.

Mrs. J. F. Ryan entertained Friday afternoon.

IRONWOOD

Ironwood, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—M. Rutledge of the anti-saloon league of Ishpeming, was in the city several days on business.

Capt. J. F. Finigan of Matchwood was in the city all the week.

B. Brownell of Watersmeet was in the city on business Monday.

Fred Richards returned from Milwaukee Monday, where he had accompanied his brother, John, to the hospital.

C. Pierson of Silver City, N. M., was in the city on business Tuesday.

J. Donovan departed for Watersmeet Tuesday on business.

A. McKinnon of Antigo was in the city Tuesday.

A card party was given by the Hurley council of the K. of C.'s at their hall Thursday evening. A number of Ironwood people attended.

W. Wester of Silver City, N. M., was visiting friends and relatives Tuesday.

P. Schivin of Kaukauna was in the city on business Wednesday.

James Blench, one of the eight men buried by a fall of ground at the Newport mine, was recovered Tuesday.

Assistant Supt. Sampson of the Ashland division of the C. & N. W. railway was in the city on business Wednesday.

Mrs. Forty died Saturday at her home. The deceased was forty years of age and leaves a husband and four children to mourn her death. The funeral took place Tuesday morning from St. Ambrose church, Rev. Bucel officiating.

Mrs. N. W. Pilmears of Best was in Ironwood Thursday.

O. O. Little of St. Paul was in the city on business Wednesday.

R. F. Hayes of Milwaukee spent Thursday in the city on business.

Nelson Bros., for a number of years clothing merchants of Ironwood, have sold out their stock of goods and will retire from active business. S. L. Marks has bought the entire stock of goods and will do the business at Nelson Bros.' old stand.

C. J. Shaddick of Ishpeming was in the city on business Thursday.

J. J. Dugas of Menominee was in the city Wednesday, visiting with friends.

H. I. Segerstrom have about closed up his business affairs and will leave for St. Louis, Mo., in the very near future, where the family will visit for some time. Mr. Segerstrom expects to locate permanently in the city, when he finds a suitable location.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Swedish M. E. church is making arrangements for a social and musical entertainment Saturday evening, Jan. 27. An excellent program is being arranged for the occasion.

L. L. Brown of Chicago spent Wednesday in the city on business.

Division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians, is already at work making arrangements for its annual celebration of St. Patrick's day.

Mr. and Mrs. John Buchanan of Rio, Wis., visited with Mr. and Mrs. Kearney all week.

Mrs. S. E. Elmore of Van Buskirk was in the city on business Tuesday.

J. B. Mullen of Fond du Lac visited with friends in the city Tuesday.

ELY

Ely, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. F. F. Berringer and daughter are visiting friends in Two Harbors and Duluth this week.

Chas. Schaeffer of Duluth is spending a few days in the city.

William Mack has started a restaurant in the rear of Peter Bergleen's saloon.

The D. & I. R. passenger was derailed within a hundred yards of the depot. No one was hurt, but the whole train left the track.

The school board met Monday afternoon, at which a large amount of routine business was transacted.

W. H. Congdon has purchased the Ely bowling alleys and will remove them to Tower.

Mrs. David Brown had the misfortune to slip and fall Wednesday, and is suffering a severe sprain of the wrist.

Capt. John Sullivan of the Section 30 was in town Thursday.

Assistant County Attorney Poirier of Virginia transacted business here Wednesday and Thursday.

John Columbo left this week for a two months' visit to Seattle, Wash.

Cards are out for the wedding of Miss Julia Forcier, of Winton and Arthur A. Sheridan of this city. The marriage will take place at the residence of the bride's parents, Feb. 7, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The ladies' Snow Shoe club had an outing Thursday afternoon, after which a most delicious lunch was served at the home of Mrs. Louis Elsinich.

Miss Kate Bonich and John Juduic will be married at the Catholic church Sunday afternoon.

Joseph Conan and wife have returned from a trip to Chicago.

Peter Shaefer returned last night from a ten days' business trip to Duluth.

Mrs. Robert McLeod, of Butternut Lake, Wis., is visiting friends and relatives here this week.

THE TELEPHONE WAR

Shifts From North Dakota to Northern Minnesota Towns.

Crookston, Minn., Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The seat of war between the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company and the Tri-State Telephone company, in the Northwest for the coming summer, promises to shift from North Dakota towns to Northern Minnesota business centers. The fight has been bitter, and is still on in Grand Forks, where both companies operate local systems, and there have been lively scraps in many smaller North Dakota towns during the past summer. The Northwestern got a foothold in Crookston when the local exchange was purchased from the Iron Range company recently, together with the long distance lines between here and Halstad, and between here and Cass Lake, the local exchanges at Cass Lake and Bemidji being included also. The Tri-State, however, will have an application for a franchise for a local exchange presented at the next meeting of the city council, when the local fight will be on in earnest. As to what action the council will take nothing can be stated definitely at this time. That the Tri-State has received encouragement from some members of the city council there can be no doubt, as some of the councilmen have announced openly that they will support the move for a second telephone system for Crookston.

ASTHMA CURE FREE!

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY.



There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. WELLS, of Ville Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and Asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, Asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves, but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full-size bottle."

DR. TAFT.

Dear Sir: I have used amost a large bottle of your Asthmalene and it has improved my health a great deal. Weeks at a time during the past year I could not lay in my bed at all, for as soon as I did I would choke nearly to death with Asthma. but now I can sleep as well as I ever did before in my life. I will send for another bottle of Asthmalene, because I know it will cure me.

ALEXANDER WOLFE,
Wyandotte, Minn.

Avon Springs, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1901.

DR. TAFT.

Dear Sir: I write this testimonial from a sense of duty, having tested the wonderful effect of your Asthmalene, for the cure of Asthma. My wife has been afflicted with spasmodic asthma for the past 12 years. Having exhausted my own skill as well as many others, I chanced to see your sign upon your windows on 130th street, New York, I at once obtained a bottle of Asthmalene. My wife commenced taking it about the first of November. I very soon noticed a radical improvement. After using one bottle her Asthma has disappeared and she is entirely free from all symptoms. I feel that I can consistently recommend the medicine to all who are afflicted with this distressing disease. Yours respectfully,

O. D. PHELPS, M. D.

DR. TAFT.

Dear Sir: Please send sample bottle of Asthmalene to Miss Hattie Nichols, she is a great sufferer with Asthma. I saw her parents a few days ago and they told me that she had been unable to lie down for a long time. Asthmalene has done so much for my wife that I feel that I ought to let every sufferer from that terrible disease (Asthma) know of its virtues.

REV. GEO. W. STONE,
Pastor Baptist Church, LeRoy, Minn.

TRIAL BOTTLE SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.

Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT, 79 East 130th Street, New York City.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Trade Supplied by Leithhead Drug Co., Duluth.

NEW DEPARTURE AT ANNAPOLIS

The New Marine Engineering and Naval Construction Department.

Annapolis, Jan. 20.—Midshipmen don't spend all of their time hazing and being hazed. They are about the hardest working students to be found anywhere. Every day something is added to the list of things they must know. They must be the most skilled engineers as well as tacticians. In fact, so constantly is warship machinery improved and increased that it is hard work for the naval officer to keep up with it.

With the number of midshipmen jumping from an average of 300 to 830, with the prospect of nearly a thousand next June, more room and greater facilities were required for mechanical instruction at Annapolis. Accordingly a big slice of the $10,000,000 appropriated by congress for the enlargement and equipment of the naval academy has been spent on the new marine engineering and naval construction building—a huge structure, 266 by 175 in size. It is two stories high, and cost $400,000 before a dollar had been expended for interior equipment.

On the ground floor is the model room, crammed with working models and exhibits of the thousand and one pieces of the machinery with which the naval officer must be as familiar as he is with guns and torpedoes.

Adjoining the model room is the mechanical laboratory. Here is the full-sized working installation of the "Long-Arm" system of power doors, operating from a central station which, on a warship, is located above deck. When the officer in command releases a wheel he starts the door motors going, and the bulkhead doors are closed throughout the ship, rendering it unsinkable. At the same time the men below have the power to hold up any door temporarily for their own safety.

This is a fair example of the value of the marine engineering department in familiarizing midshipmen with the machinery of which they will later be in charge. All the new cruisers of the "Colorado" type, and the new battleships of the "Connecticut" class are equipped with this electrical door-closing system. It is a device which has been developed in the American navy only, and the working exhibit here received very interesting and enthusiastic attention from Prince Louis of Battenburg when he visited the academy early in the winter.

In the mechanical laboratory, the midshipmen are instructed in classes of 275 some part of each day. A squad of midshipmen may be employed in the machine shop with automatic tools while another party is in the woodworking department, making patterns for machines. One company of the first-class is engaged in moulding, both in iron and brass, and on Saturday the brass furnace is put into operation and the midshipmen cast from moulds they have made during the earlier part of the week.

The naval officer of the future in this way acquires practical knowledge of the construction and operation of the ships he will later command.

Are you usually suspended "between the hammer and the anvil?"—the hammer of too-big-expenses and the anvil of too-small-income? There are many little ways in which, by Herald want advertising, you can reduce the size and weight of the hammer and increase the size and resiliency of the anvil.

Who Gets the Most Out of Life?

Not the wealthiest, not the most learned, nor the idler—but the man who has good health and works for his living. This truth is trite, but not trivial.

Every man should guard his health as his most valuable possession. The more so because health is easier to retain than regain.

Keep your grip on health by regular exercise, reasonable care in eating and requisite sleep. Take Beecham's Pills occasionally, to tone the stomach and keep the liver and bowels in good working order. And don't worry.

Observe these simple rules and you will agree that the one who gets the most from life is

The Man Who Uses

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere in Boxes. 10c and 25c.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS.

NEGAUNEE

Negaunee, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. E. J. Koob is here from Crystal Falls for a month's visit with Mrs. F. V. Koch, who is seriously ill at the family home in this city.

Mrs. Joseph Trathen, who has been receiving treatment for the past two or three months in a Milwaukee hospital for sore eyes, returned home Wednesday, greatly benefitted by the treatment.

Charles Larson spent several days here visiting his mother and brother and returned to Rockland Thursday morning.

Adolph M. Koob came down from Minnesota Wednesday night for a visit to his mothere, who is very ill.

Edward Webb concluded a visit here with relatives and returned to Mountain Iron, Minn., Friday night, accompanied by Albert Webb.

Mrs. George Barnes and daughter, of Marquette, were here Saturday, the guests of Miss Mary Mullaughney.

Miss Mary Thibault, of Rapid River, is visiting relatives here.

William Murray arrived here Monday from Wilder, Tenn., on a visit to relatives. He is accompanied by his son-in-law, G. S. Haggin, of Pierson, Iowa.

W. A. Garner, cashier of the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company's land department, spent Wednesday at Michigamme and other up-the-road points.

Miss Irene Connell, of Marquette, visited with Negaunee friends Sunday.

Albert Johnson has resigned his position with John W. Elliott and departed for Kewaunee, Ill.

Mrs. A. H. Boynton, of St. Ignace, has been the guest of Mrs. A. W. Garner during the past few days.

Mrs. Elizabeth Lobb, of Munising, visited friends here Monday.

Bert Carmichael has accepted a position as passenger brakeman on the South Shore road, entering upon his duties Saturday.

Miss Nellie Gaffney concluded a visit here with her mother and returned Sunday to Green Bay, Wis.

Charles B. Burt arrived in Negaunee on Tuesday from Milwaukee, where he and Mrs. Burt have taken up their residence.

Mrs. Edward Hallbecker left here Wednesday night to join her husband at Hibbing.

Mrs. G. Steede departed Wednesday morning on a visit to her sister rM.s. J. Fisher, at Marshalltown, Iowa, and expects to be absent a week or ten days.

Rev. C. M. Thompson, of Marquette, held quarterly conference at the Mitchell M. E. church i nthis city Tuesday evening and departed the following morning on his second round of official calls on his charges in his district.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hanson, who had been here for the past two weeks visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Peter Rassmussen, have returned to their home in New Lisbon, Wis.

Thomas Eddy has resumed his former position at the L. S. & I. depot in this city, the company having closed the telegraph station in Ishpeming.

Mrs. Alvin Greene, who had been here on a visit to her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Samuel Mitchell, returned to her home in Milwaukee Monday evening.

John May is here from the Mesaba range on a visit to his mother and sisters.

James Uren arrived here Monday from Canborne, England.

Mrs. Samuel Perkins, of Ironwood, arrrived here Monday evening to spend a few days visiting with her daughters, Mesrames Albert Kent and Charles Muck, Jr.

Wilfred Jandron came up from Gladstone Wednesday afternoon on a visit to his parents.

R. W. Jackson has taken the position of night clerk i nthe Nelson House in Ishpeming.

Harry Davidson was down from Champion Wednesday.

A. F. Benson, mining engineer for the Republic Iron and Steel company, was in Iron Mountain for several days doing some engineering at the Traders mine.

Following are the newly elected officers of Gray's camp No. 3718, R. N. of A., of this city: Oracle, Cecil Lowdermilk; vice oracle, Nancy Schorlemmer; past oracle, Jennie Simcox; chancellor, Bertha Macomber; receiver, Anna Roberts; marshal, Anna Collins; assistant marshal, Albina Lacombe; I. S., Jennie Paynter; O. S., Maggie Ford; manager, three years, Axel Rasmussen; physician, J. H. Andrus.

The annual meeting of the Escanaba Land & Iron company was held at the office of Attorney F. A. Thoren in this city Monday. With the exception of the election of Capt. Samuel Mitchell to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. O. D. Jones of Marquette, the directorate remains unchanged, the other members being: Charles Johnson, J. H. Winter, Geo. J. Maas, J. E. Suess and Mrs. S. P. Kline of this city and Mrs. Elizabeth Lobb of Munising.

Mrs. J. E. Suess entertained the Five Hundred club very pleasantly Monday afternoon, Miss Emma Jeffs, of Rockland, being a guest of honor.

Thomas Esterbrook is down for a few days from the Globe property in the copper country, where he is working under Capt. Smitheran. He will take his family back with him.

Mrs. F. M. Wells left Wednesday evening for a few days stay in Chicago and will also make a brief visit at Neenah before her return.

Miss Jennie Cons is visiting friends in Hibbing, Mnn.

Mrs. C. T. Smith concluded a visit of several weeks here Saturday evening and left for her home in Green Bay, Wis.

Louis Villeneuve, of this city, and Miss Rose Merrelle, of Ishpeming, were united in marriage at St. Joseph's Catholic church in Ishpeming Tuesday morning. The bride was attended by Miss Alphonzine Villeneuve, a sister of the groom, and William Barabe, of this city, was best man. After partaking of a dinner and a reception in the evening at the home of the bride's parents, the happy couple repaired to this city, where they will make their future home.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Roy mourn the death of their infant child, which occurred Sunday, after a week's illness with measles. The funeral was held Monday afternoon.

A son was born to Prosecuting Attorney and Mrs. F. A. Bell Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bartholomew Dushane have the sympathy of their friends in the death of their infant daughter, Harriett Hazel, aged five months, which occurred Monday. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon.

Charles H. Chapman, state game and fish warden, has announced his appointment of deputies for 1906. For Marquette county they nre Henry E. Kellan of Marquette, J. Case Downing of Ishpeming and William Harrington of Michigamme.

August Murray, carpenter in the employ of the Oliver Iron Mining company, who had his left hand and arm badly injured Saturday while operating a buzz planer in the Ishpeming shop, had the arm amputated an inch or so below the elbow, Wednesday.

At the meeting of the directors of the Ishpeming Ski club Wednesday afternoon the following committees were named to manage the National Ski tournament, to be held at Ishpeming on Washington's birthday: Transportation—F. W. Durham, Carl Tellefsen and A. J. Yungbluth. Reception—M. M. Duncan, Erick Hoyseth, Thomas Lokken, J. S. Wahlman, Carl Tellefsen, H. S. Thompson, Fred Braastad, George Skogberg, H. L. Ramsdell, O. G. Aas and C. W. Jarvis. Advertising—George A. Newett, Ed J. Butler and T. W. Durham. Hill—Erick Hoyseth, Carl Thompson and Carl Tellefsen. Admission and patrol—H. S. Thompson, Carl Tellefsen, F. J. Baker, W. W. Graff, C. H. Dawson, O. G. Aas, Christ Olson, Wilham Tellefsen, J. S. Wahlman, W. S. Hillyer, W. H. Moulton, B. J. Goodman, Jr., A. E. Sterne and Albert Bjork. Finance—J. S. Wahlam, T. W. Durham and H. S. Thompson. Entry—Carl Tellefsen, Axel Holter and O. G. Aas. It has not yet been decided what entertainment feature other than the ski tournament will be arranged. Last year an exciting dog race was conducted in the forenoon, and in the evening there was a reception and ball at Braastad's hall, with the Calumet & Hecla band furnishing the music. It is expected that a dog race will be held this year, and that there will be a ball in the evening in addition to the attraction at the theater.

Charles Belstrom came up from Escanaba Friday to attend the funeral of his nephew, Albert Belstrom.

August Hellman sustained a compound fracture of the leg by a fall of dirt while at work underground at the Blue mine Thursday morning. He is being cared for at the Negaunee hospital, where he will have to spend several weeks.

Emil Gagnon has been given the contract for putting in good repair the dwelling houses owned by the Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, situated on the lands acquired from the Jackson Iron company. They number fifteen and are scattered about the Jackson location and Cornishtown.

Kose Kazimer, the Hungarian cemetery wrecker, who has been an inmate of the Marquette county jail since Sept. 29, is now confined in the state hospital for the insane at Newberry, having been taken there Friday afternoon by Sheriff Rough. Kazimer was examined Friday by an insane commission consisting of Dr. Harkins of Marquette and Dr. Picotte of Ishpeming, who after inquiring into the case decided that the man was insane beyond all question. A commitment was issued by Probate Judge Potter within a few minutes after the physicians announced the decision, and Kazimer was hustled off to the asylum.

At the James tract, in the Iron river district, recently taken over under option by the Mineral Mining company, a shaft was sunk several years ago by the Bird Iron company, which abandoned the property after sinking several hundred feet, not because it was considered worthless, but because in order to go on with the work would require a much longer plant of machinery than the company cared to invest in at the time. It was stated that the property was a very promising one and that the indications were very favorable for opening up a mine. The old shaft will now be unwatered and investigation made from that point.

The new dry house at the Oliver Iron Mining company's section 16 mine is now completed with the exception of the lockers, which will not be ready for use until the end of this month, when the building will be occupied. The dry house is equipped with modern appliances and is conveniently arranged.

The Mineral Mining company has discontinued drilling on the Boyington property, at Iron River, and transferred its activity to the Konwinski property, where the drill is now in operation. Two drill holes were sunk on the Boyington property, but it is said that the showing was not very encouraging.

A prompt response has so far been made to the call by the First National bank for the payment of taxes. The roll was opened on Dec. 1 and so far nearly $61,000 of the amount to be collected has been paid in. Following is a comparison of the main features of the rolls for 1904 and 1905:

Total of tax roll, 1905.....		$98,209 58
State taxes	$16,412 32	
County taxes	22,873 51	
Total of tax roll, 1904.....		$91,241 03
State taxes	12,755 99	
County taxes	23,284 87	

Since Jan. 9th 4 per cent interest has been charged on all outstanding taxes and this interest must be paid until March 1, when returns will be made to the county treasurer. The delinquent taxes turned in with the roll to the county treasurer on the first of last March amounted to only $445.65, and there is good reason to believe that even this small amount will not be exceeded when returns are made this year.

Mrs. Henry Downing is preparing to leave here to join her husband at Bovey, Minn., where Mr. Downing is employed as master mechanic for the group of mines being opened up by the Oliver Iron Mining company.

An option for the lease of the McDonald property, a 40-acre tract adjoining the Armenia mine at Crystal Falls on the north, has been taken by the Buffalo & Susquehanna Mining company. An old shaft put down many years ago will be freed of water and if indications appear favorable the property will be given a test. Mixed ore was found at the time of the former operation.

The Leonard Iron Mining company has taken an option on twenty forties in Mastodon township, Iron county, Menominee range, owned by the Sheldon estate, and will conduct extensive exploratory work there. Low-grade ore has been found on the tract, ore for which there now is a demand.

F. A. Bell, prosecuting attorney, has completed his annual statement to the secretary of the state, showing the transactions of his office during the year 1905. A total of 437 arrests were made during the year, 75 per cent of which were disorderly or misdemeanor cases. The above figures include the business done by all the justices of the peace in the county, and for every kind of crime. There were thirty-five violations of the state liquor law, in which the defendants with one exception either entered a plea of guilty or was convicted. The fines from this source amounted to over $1,200.

Delta leads all counties of the Twenty-fifth Judicial circuit in the matter of litigation, 165 suits out of a total of 564 for the circuit having been entered and commenced in the circuit court for that county during the year 1905. Marquette county is second in the list with 155, and other counties lead as follows: Menominee, 108; Dickinson, 103; Iron, 33. The above figures include criminal, chancery, default and every kind of case adjudicated by the circuit court.

According to the terms of an act passed by the last legislature, counties in this district are required to pay the circuit court stenographer a salary fixed at $3,000 per annum, apportioned among the different counties on a basis of the number of cases entered and commenced in the circuit court. The apportionment for the year 1905 made by Judge Stone, and prior to that the clerks of the different counties in the district, is as follows:

	Cases.	Amount.
Delta.....	165	$877 56
Marquette	155	824 40
Menominee	108	574 44
Dickinson	103	547 80
Iron	33	175 80
	564	$3,000 00

One of the diamond drills operated by Cole & McDonald was taken from here to the Belt mine on the Copper country range Wednesday. They still have three drills in operation near this city.

Adolph Koob was badly injured Tuesday about the head and shoulders while at work at the Blue mine. He was working beneath a cable which slipped from its pulley and fell upon him.

Thomas Waters, who was here from Buffalo on a visit, left for Alpena Tuesday.

Miss Lottie and James Rough, Jr., arrived home Wednesday from Calumet, after a few days' visit with their sister, Mrs. Al Bohrer.

Mrs. Frank Koob of Crystal Falls is here visiting her parents.

CALUMET

Calumet, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—N. F. Kaiser, city clerk, was married Wednesday to Miss Laura McNab. They will return to Calumet after the wedding journey and make their home on Sixth street. Mr. and Mrs. Kaiser are both popular young people of this city. The wedding took place in Chicago, where Miss McNab was visiting friends.

The funeral of George Dosen took place Thursday with interment at Lake View. Mr. Dosen was accidentally killed in the shaft of the Red Jacket mine Tuesday afternoon by a piece of falling rock. He came to this country about six months ago and is survived by a wife and two children.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Morris and daughter, Miss Rose, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex Levin, have returned to the Soo.

George W. Davis of Ann Arbor is visiting Calumet friends.

James Barker and Frank A. Lyon of Detroit, are visiting Calumet friends.

Thomas Trezona has moved to Butte, Mont., where he will make his future home.

Thomas Wills has gone to points East and South, as far as Georgia, for several weeks.

Robert Edwards of Duluth was a business caller in Calumet this week.

Miss Selma Christianson will leave next week for Denver, Colo., on an extended visit. About sixty of her friends gathered at the Norwegian Lutheran church parlors last night and presented her with a gold watch and chain before her departure. A pleasant time was had.

Thomas A. Merritt of Duluth is visiting his Copper country friends.

Village Clerk Nick F. Kaiser has gone to Chicago on business.

John Bracco and Vincent Vairo have gone to Sonora, Mexico, where they will inspect the property of the Sonora Bonanza Mining company.

Monday evening fire caused considerable damage to Paul Chare's home on Amygdaloid street. Two families occupied the house, both of whose effects suffered considerable damage.

Frank E. Moses of Trenton, N. J., an experienced gas engineer, arrived in Calumet this week. He has been called here to go over the field and estimate the cost of the installation of the new gas plant to be located here by a local concern.

George T. Fuller has resigned his position as collector for the Mining Gazette company and will enter Paul F. Kochm's coal and wood office on Monday. He will be succeeded in his present position by Martin Effinger.

Charles Thompson, manager of the Calumet hockey team, has arrived home from Canada, where he had been looking for new players. He has signed Horace Hall, and is negotiating with two or three others.

Capt. and Mrs. James Wilson visited friends and relatives in Duluth this week. They left Calumet last Sunday night.

Russell, the 4-year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. William White died Sunday night of diptheria.

S. A. Davis of St. Paul, general superintendent of the Western Express company, and W. D. MacIntosh, route agent, have been recent visitors to Calumet.

Last Sunday at the Calumet Presbyterian church Rev. Daniel Stalker ordained four elders for the ensuing term as designated by the church authorities. The elders are Dougald MacKinnon, David Armit, William Kennedy and Adam Law.

Mrs. Charles M. Jilbert died last week at the C. & H. hospital of pneumonia after being ill one week. She leaves a husband and four children, the youngest a babe, two months old. Her sister Mrs. Johnson, of Munising, arrived in Calumet, Saturday night to attend the funeral which was held Monday afternoon from the Laurium M. E. church.

A new hospital has been established in Calumet. It will be a public institution with Dr. Otto Kohlharas at its head. It is well equipped in every way and has a very complete operating room. The first operation was performed last week. There are several patients in the hospital already. For the present it is located in the Corgan block, Red Jacket. Calumet now possesses three up-to-date hospitals.

John Peterson has purchased the interest of Col. Somers in the Bijou theatre here. Mr. Somers retires owing to ill health.

Charles W. Brown of Oshkosh, visited Calumet last week.

W. T. Karri of Butte, Mont., is visiting for a short time in the copper country.

Miss Charlotte Williams died last Saturday of tuberculosis. The deceased was 22 years of age and very popular. The funeral was held Monday afternoon under the auspices of Stella Rebekah lodge, No. 286, I. O. O. F., with interment at Lake View.

Staff Captain Dale of Duluth was in Calumet last Sunday visiting the Salvation army in that city.

Dr. and Mrs. A. I. Lawbaugh have gone to ——amee, Fla., to visit for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell have gone to Thomasville, Fla., after visiting relatives in Calumet for a short time.

Miss Lottie Wearne has taken a position as stenographer in the First National bank.

Miss Grace McGraw of Appleton, Wis. is visiting relatives and friends in Calumet for some time.

Martin Ellsworth of Rockford, Ill., is visiting in Calumet for a few days.

Edward Miller of Milwaukee, is calling on friends in the city.

Ernest Hodge, who has been visiting his parents for some time has returned to Chisholm, Minn.

The annual meeting of the Calumet Congregational church last week proved to be an interesting one. For the first time in ten years this church is free from all indebtedness.

Mr. and Mrs. Barney Morris and daughter of the Soo, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Levin of Sixth street, for a short time.

Attorney William R. Oates, secretary of the Wolverine & Arizona mining company and Miss Cleo Cressinger were married last week at the home of the bride in Maple Valley, Mich. Mr. Oates left Calumet about two weeks ago, supposedly on a business trip, and it now develops that he stole a march on his friends. The bride is well known in Calumet, having been supervisor of music in the Osceola schools last year. Mr. and Mrs. Oates will reside in Calumet after their wedding journey.

Word has been received in Calumet that Major John M. Berrimen, a Calumet boy, now in the Salvation army at Atlanta, Ga., will be married Jan. 23 to Capt. Mamie Jasperson at that city. Col. Holz will perform the ceremony. Maj. Berriman has many relatives here whom he visited last summer.

Mrs. M. Orek left Wednesday for Duluth, where she will visit before going to St. Paul.

Edward Reeder has returned to Nelson, B. C., after a short visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Reeder.

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. N. Bowser of Bemidji spent Friday with friends in New Duluth.

The Ladies' Social league of the Presbyterian church gave a social at the Macedonia hall on Thursday night, which was very well attended. Miss Katheryn Brett was awarded the prize for guessing the greatest number of advertisements, and Joseph Hennes, Jr., drew the prize in the hat pinning contest. Refreshments were served and a very enjoyable time was had. One of the pleasantest features of the evening was a number of recitations given by Miss Georgia McKay.

Miss Margaret Fischer of Duluth spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Frank Fischer.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Seller, Sunday, Jan. 14.

Miss Mabel Bartz of the Duluth normal school was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Bartz, Saturday and Sunday.

Among Saturday's Duluth visitors were: Mrs. Jerry Lockhart, Miss Luella Lockhart, Violet Huber, Miss Winnifred Tower, Mrs. Otto Krueger, Miss Edith Krueger and Florence Wills.

William Bayer of Iron River, Wis., spent Sunday in New Duluth, the guest of his sister, Mrs. Leo Biebl and Miss Mollie Bayer.

Albert Laidley, Paul Sheff, Charles Wills, Charles Strand, Edgar Tizzard, Alfred Leonard, Tom Millen and Gust Jacobson went to Fond du Lac, Sunday.

Miss Katheryn Brett of Duluth was the guest of Miss Ethel Becklinger, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hellenbeck of Fond du Lac, called in New Duluth, Sunday.

Miss Gertrude Hanson of Duluth is visiting her mother, Mrs. P. Hanson.

Paul Sheff of Hibbing is spending the week in New Duluth.

Claude H. MacKenzie of Minneapolis was the guest of fgriends in New Duluth Friday.

Among Monday's Duluth visitors were: Edgar Tizzard, Charles Strand, Paul Sheff, Alfred Leonard and Gust Jacobson.

W. A. Thayer, venerable council of the Modern Woodmen of Riverside camp was presented with a beautiful Woodman locket at the meeting Tuesday night. Mr. Thayer has held the office of venerable council for two years and is just entering upon his third term.

The Knights of Pythias of Riverside lodge, attended the funeral of Charles Gasper at Fond du Lac, Thursday. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. Knudsen and the Knights of Pythias.

AITKIN

Aitkin, Jan. 20.—(Special to the Herald.)—Miss Schiburski of Little Falls, has been visiting her sister Mrs. E. J. Burns.

Mrs. P. A. Woolley has returned from a visit in Southern Minnesota.

A son was born last Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McRae.

C. H. Marr, of Grand Rapids, spent Sunday here.

Col. W. Potter has gone to California to spend the remainder of the winter.

Mrs. S. H. Hodgsden entertained the Euchre club last Thursday evening.

Mrs. Wyman Eddy is suffering with a badly sprained wrist received in a fall in the roller rink last Saturday while learning to skate.

Mrs. D. M. Falconer has been appointed on the library board to succeed Mrs. F. E. Krech who resigned.

V. J. Tuttle, of Minneapolis, spent Sunday here.

J. B. Galarneault went to St. Paul last week to attend the first meeting of the state highway commission of which he is a member.

A new post office has been established in this county at Jewett with Charles Jewett as postmaster.

W. V. Puntney is visiting his former home in Cresco, Ia.

Erick Erickson and Miss Amanda E. Johnson both of this county were married last week at La Port, Hubbard county.

The Foresters' lodge held their annual installation of officers Wednesday evening. A large number of members and guests being present. The evening closed with a banquet and ball.

Mrs. W. Potter is recovering from a recent illness.

D. W. Kremerer returned from Minneapolis last Thursday, bringing Etha, who is recovering from a recent operation for appendicitis.

Dr. J. F. Avery has been appointed local surgeon for the Northern Pacific railroad company to succeed Dr. C. Graves.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank of Aitkin was held last week and the following officers were elected for the year: President, A. R. Davidson; first vice president, A. D. McRae; second vice president, William Davidson; cashier, B. R. Hassman; assistant cashier, Charles A. Young; directors, A. D. Davidson, A. R. Davidson, A. D. McRae, William Davidson and B. R. Hassman.

P. W. Kibbey has purchased the saw mill machinery of Oswald Bros. at Klondike and will move it to Bennettville, where his own mill burned not long ago.

B. M. Hungerford returned last Friday from Minneapolis having been a guest at the West hotel during the recent fire He lost some valuables, but escaped unharmed and was the means of saving the life of a young woman who was overcome by the smoke. This is the third hotel nro Mr. Hungerford has been through.

J. P. McQuillin and C. N. Howe attended the meeting of the State Agricultural association held in St. Paul last week.

Mrs. E. J. Gundstrom has undergone an operation for appendicitis in a Brainerd hospital.

Mrs. G. W. Knox, Mrs. F. M. Shook and Miss Minnie Smith entertained a large company of ladies last Friday afternoon at euchre. Favors were won by Mrs. F. E. Green and Mrs. P. A. Young.

N. I. Cluff transacted business in Duluth last week and then went to St. Paul to attend a meeting of the Municipal League.

L. W. Daniels has been appointed village electrician until April first.

The Merchants association has re-elected T. R. Foley, president; Louis Hallani, secretary and attorney; E. J. Goward, treasurer; J. D. Farrell, W. M. Kemerer and P. O. Erickson, directors.

TOWER

Tower, Jan. 20.—(Special to the Herald.)—The Sudan fire department gave a dance at the Breitling hall last Friday evening.

Miss Mamie Erickson has returned to her home in Tower for a week's vacation.

Mrs. Fred Gagnon who has been with her sister in Minneapolis for several months returned to her former home in Tower Monday evening.

Mrs. Burns returned Monday evening from her trip to Michigan.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. George Abrams, a baby boy on Tuesday last.

Miss Tillie Thorp who has been visiting in Virginia for the past two weeks returned home Tuesday evening.

Axel N. Helstrom an old time resident of Tower, left last Tuesday for Virginia with his family where he intends to make his future home.

Miss Hazel McDonald of Sudan, left Wednesday for Mt. Iron, where she intends to spend the winter visiting her sister Mrs. John Trezetta.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Oppel were in Duluth for a few days and returned Wednesday evening.

Mrs. E. J. Atkins was a visitor to Duluth for a few days and returned to her home Wednesday evening.

The teachers and pupils of the high school enjoyed themselves with a sleigh ride party Wednesday evening.

Miss Maude Campaign gave a birthday party at her home Thursday evening. All present report having a good time.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Holter on Thursday last, a baby boy.

Miss Bertha Govett returned to the city Friday evening from Hibbing, where she spent the holidays with her parents.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Jackshaw, a baby boy on Saturday last.

A fire was discovered about 3 p. m. Saturday in the Finn bath house on the west end of North Second street. It was extinguished by the fire department without much damage to the building, but the contents were all destroyed by water and there was no insurance.

Miss Doyle of Winton, spent a week visiting Mrs. M. C. Woodard at Lake Side.

Mrs. J. D. Murphy has gone to Eveleth to look after business matters there for a few weeks.

TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. A. Danield and wife left yesterday for Chicago and Eastern points. They will go to Cleveland, Washington and New York. They expect to be gone about three weeks.

Miss Ada Tibbet went to Hibbing today to visit with her brother.

J. Delaney, formerly proprietor of the Clifton hotel, now of Superior, was in the village the early part of this week.

P. J. Welch, chief train dispatcher for the Duluth & Iron Range, left here Tuesday to accompany his wife, Miss Margaret Welch to Rochester, Minn., where she is going for treatment by the Drs. Mayo. Miss Welch is from Ishpeming, Mich.

Dr. F. E. Thomas was at Tower last week attending to his practice at that place.

Mesdames F. E. Thomas and J. G. Miller spent several days of last week visiting with friends in Duluth.

H. H. Stone of Duluth installed the officers for the ensuing year in the local lodge of the Royal league last Tuesday evening.

Miss Emma Gudhue returned from Cloquet, Minn., and is now at the home of her uncle, E. J. Steuerwald. She will leave tomorrow for Brookings, S. D., where she will visit with her parents for a time.

John Fulton will leave tomorrow for a short visit with friends in St. Paul.

W. S. McCracken and wife left Tuesday for Omaha, Neb., for a short visit with friends and relatives.

The furniture for the new city hall has arrived and will be put in Saturday of this week or the first part of next week. The electric light fixtures are now being put in.

O. G. Elben and wife left last night for points in Iowa to visit with relatives and friends. They will also go to Denver.

J. M. Latta and wife returned Tuesday evening from West iver Herbert, N. S., and St. Johns, N. B., where they have been visiting with relatives for the past six weeks.

Miss Bertha Shea returned Wednesday evening after a month's visit with her parents in Glencoe, Minn.

The timber work on the new Duluth & Iron Range ore dock, now under construction here, has been awarded to George H. Spurgeock. The dock is to be completed and ready for use by the opening of navigation. It will have a five hundred foot water front and a capacity of 100,000 tons.

Engineer Fred. Flora, who has been working for the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, for the past two months, returned last night.

Brakeman W. R. Alexander returned the early part of this week from Belleville, Ont., where he has been visiting with relatives.

F. E. Helm, general yardmaster for the Duluth & Iron Range, was able to leave the Two Harbors hospital last Friday. Although Mr. Helm has not completely recovered from the effects of the operation which he has recently undergone, he reported for work on Monday of this week.

Miss Rilla Weller of Duluth, visited with Miss Lizzie McPhee several days during the past week. Henry Nolan, who has been visiting with his sister, Mrs. W. H. Blake, returned to his home the early part of this week.

O. T. Wedmark, superintendent of the schools of Knife River, was in the village Saturday last.

On Saturday evening of this week there will be a hockey game at the skating rink between the Two Harbors high school hockey team and the Victorias of Duluth.

At the meeting of Harbor Lodge, No. 88, Knights of Pythias, Thursday evening, B. F. Fowler and James Coggswell were elected as delegates to the meeting of the Grand lodge at Minneapolis, and J. W. Brownell and E. F. Young were elected alternates.

The whereabouts of Milton S. Torrison, agent for the Duluth & Iron Range at Lakewood, is a matter of interest to some people in Two Harbors as well as to the postal authorities. Mr. Torrison was agent at Highland (Marcy postoffice) for some time up to the 7th of last month when he was transferred to Lakewood. On his failure to make prompt report for Marcy postoffice at the end of the year the postal authorities investigated and found him short for something like $200. He has also been tampering with registered mail at the Lakewood postoffice. The last seen of him was on Sunday last, when he drove from Duluth in a hack to the Lakewood station. He broke in a window in the building and secured some of his belongings and then drove away. His bondsmen, D. F. Wetherby, G. H. McGreevy and John Minn of Two Harbors, were called upon by the postal authorities to settle his shortage to the amount of about $200.

The Dempster Remedies positivcly cure rheumatism and all stomach troubles. Address Tenth avenue, Two Harbors, Minn.

FRAZEE

Frazee, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stillings left for Eau Claire, Wis., on Tuesday, where they will visit friends and relatives for some time. Mr. Stillings has been ill for several days, but it improving.

Mrs. Edward Gummer left on Thursday evening for Minneapolis to consult a physician.

Mr. Weymouth is in from the camp to hear news about his daughter, Mrs. Guy Chiles, who was operated on at the Brainerd hospital on Wednesday or Thursday. Mrs. Chilton's case is very critical.

Mrs. Ellen Sperbeck died last Tuesday and the interment was at Oak cemetery on Friday. Funeral services were held at the Baptist church, of which she was a respected member. She leaves two daughters and one son to mourn her loss and had been a resident of Frazee for twenty-six years.

I. J. Collins received a bronze medal as a record for high merit and as a prize from the St. Louis exposition. Mr. Collins sent some white improved Dent corn to the Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce through Capt. Wellman, and it was sent as an exhibit to the world's exposition.

The Woodmen and the Royal Neighbors have installed their officers for the coming year. The Woodmen banquet was one of the events of the season and the lodge keeps increasing in members, as also does the Royal Neighbors.

The I. O. O. F. installed the officers this week and invited a few friends to a social time. The Oddfellow's hall was crowded with a very enthusiastic number of people and the supper served was of the choicest and very elaborate. A social time occupied the last part of the program.

The Methodist Ladies' Aid met with Mrs. Clark on Wednesday and a 10 cent lunch was served to a large number of people who enjoyed the repast very much.

Revival meetings are being held in the Baptist church by two lady evangelists from the Northwestern Bible Training School of Minneapolis.

Beno Buck has returned from Balfour, N. D., where he has been in charge of the Baer Bros. store.

James Graham had an exciting time with a wolf which was caught in a trap, and which he tracked for a long distance.

Paul Koshmick has resigned from his position in the meat market.

Rev. George Warner of Minneapolis preached in the Baptist church on Sunday, in view of being called as pastor.

PROCTOR

Proctor, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Nellie Shunk spent a couple of days this week with friends in Duluth.

H. Wombacher departed Saturday for Peoria, Ill., where he will spend a few weeks with friends and relatives.

J. W. Jollymore visited Mrs. J. Jollymore on Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. R. C. Roberts of Tennessee is the guest of Miss Nellie Shunk.

Mrs. T. Bell spent a couple of days in Duluth with Mr. Bell's mother, Mrs. Ward.

Mrs. J. C. Code spent Monday in Duluth with friends.

Miss Louisa Sorrell spent Saturday and Sunday of this week in Duluth with friends.

F. Dallowitz departed Saturday for Peoria, Ill., where he went to spend some time with his mother, Mrs. T. Dallowitz.

A surprise party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. McCabe on Monday evening, in honor of their daughter, Miss Mary. A large party of young folks attended, games being played and refreshments served. Those present were Misses Hattie Willets, Belle Jacques, Lucile Haley, Florence Tallion, Ruth Bird, Evon Reneaud, Maude Deers, Mamie and Leona Paulu, Jennie Bishop and Mary and Alice McCabe, Messrs. Norbert Btennon, Cortland, McCullum, Leo Brennon, Joseph Demerce, Homer Reneaur, James Keno, Ivan Stewart, Percy Willets and Edward and Francis McCabe.

Miss Marie Wombacher was a Duluth visitor a couple of days this week.

Miss Marguerette McFadden was the guest of Duluth friends a few days this week.

D. V. Adams was in the village this week.

D. Haley, who is at St. Mary's hospital, is reported to be getting along nicely.

Miss Anna Bemil spent a couple of days in Duluth this week with friends.

Mrs. J. Humphrey spent Sunday in the village with her father, N. Cameron.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frason spent Monday in Duluth with friends.

Among Duluth visitors this week were Mesdames A. Anderson, P. Roynane, F. Carney, J. Jollymore, G. Birch, C. Birch, T. Brennon, Jacques, P. Mitchell, Hatch, Von Divore, C. Van Leurven.

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Revival services have been held in the local Methodist church every evening during the past week. Rev. James A. Roberts, pastor of the church, has been in charge of the services, and increasing interest has been shown by the large number of townspeople who have been in attendance. Rev. Roberts is an eloquent and forceful speaker, and the good work he has done in this community is amply demonstrated by the long list of new members who have jointed the Methodist Episcopal congregation since Mr. Roberts came to Cass Lake last fall.

Anent the report of Mr. White, who was sent here for the purpose of investigating the land embraced in the national forest reserve and reported substantially, that it was unfit for agricultural purposes, the conditions existing on the farm of J. W. Mackey, at Farris, one mile beyond the western boundary of the reserve, are a refutation of the claims made by President Roosevelt's emissary. Mr. Mackey has resided at Farris six years. He has a frame two-story house, 22x36, sided and painted, with stone foundation and a good cellar. He has 30 acres under cultivation, and 20 more ready for the plow, besides a large pasture. He reports excellent crops during the past three years.

L. J. Jennings has leased the Klondike restaurant.

Rev. Father Murphy, in charge of the local Catholic congregation, has gone to California. The priest's health has not been the best of late, and the trip to the Golden Gate is taken on the advice of his physician, in the hope of benefitting his physical condition.

The Congregational Ladies' Aid society has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. G. W. Marshall; vice-president, Mrs. G. Millet; secretary, Mrs. H. L. Hartley; treasurer, Mrs. S. Sutor.

S. O. Dahle, of Minneapolis, has purchased the building and grocery stock belonging to S. K. Flatt and will continue the business.

Albert Marshik has purchased a saloon and hotel at Bovey, in Itasca county, and will take possession on March 1. He will install a manager to care for his interests at Bovey, and will continue to personally look after his saloon in Cass Lake.

Miss Grace Hill is again at her post in the telephone exchange, having recovered from a two weeks' illness.

H. E. Emerson, chief deputy of the state grain inspection bureau, and E. H. Pugh, head of the Duluth sampling bureau, were here from Duluth during the week, looking over the work being done by the local corps of inspectors, which received their "O. K."

A. J. Winters, formerly bill clerk at the Great Northern depot, has gone to Bemidji, where he has accepted a position with the M. & I. railway.

Glenn Harding has become a member of the Cass Lake band and will hereafter play the solo baritone parts. Glenn is a talented musician and his accomplishment will add greatly to the instrumentation of the organization.

C. F. Miller, of Long Prairie, was in Cass Lake the first of the week, conferring with the local manager of his grocery business.

H. A. Todd, a member of the local grain inspecting corps, returned the first of the week from Minneapolis, where he had visited for several days with relatives.

Heber L. Hartley returned on Monday frem a business trip to Duluth.

As a result of the visits of the Commercial club of the Twin Cities in circulating the fraudulently-signed petition of the White Earth Indians favoring the forest reserve, the local merchants have cut out the wholesale houses of St. Paul and Minneapolis and are giving the orders for goods to the Duluth drummers.

D. V. Wardner, bookkeeper for the Cass Land company, is again at his post of duty, having been confined to his home for a week, with la grippe.

Harvey S. Clapp, a Duluth attorney, was transacting business in Cass Lake the first of the week.

Misses J. and C. Depolder have departed for their former home at Graceville, where they will visit for several weeks with relatives.

John Lunney, who left Cass Lake several weeks ago and purchased a stage line doing business between Grand Rapids and Bovey, has disposed of the business and returned to Cass Lake, where he will remain until spring.

W. Morey, of Minneapolis, representing the German-American Fire Insurance company, was here for a few days consulting with H. E. Reed, local agent for the company, relative to the origin of some of the fires which we have had of late.

F. E. Higgins, of Minneapolis, known as the "lumberjack sky pilot," has been doing some missionary work among the employes of the logging camps on the reservation.

CHISHOLM

Chisholm, Jan. 20.—(Special to the Herald.)—Saturday morning, Jan. 13, about 5:30 Grandfather W. A. Talboys died of old age after a brief confinement to his bed for about a week. He was in his eighty-fourth year and enjoyed very good health up to the time of his last decline. He was born in Bristol, England, on Dec. 8, 1822, and came to London and from thence to Missouri where he remained five years. From that state he went to Osceola, Wis., where he remained many years

pastor of the M. E. church in revival meetings.

William Grant, Oscar Wilber and W. A. Masters went to Duluth Sunday afternoon.

The village is putting a new roof on the pumping station.

Captain James Lanyon, of the Monroe mine went to Duluth Saturday and returned the first of the week.

The United States Steel corporation has ordered all the people who live in the Clark location to move their houses to a new location south of the Clark office. The work is being done by two companies from Hibbing. The one company hauls large houses on an immense sleigh built for the purpose. They are able to move a large house in less than one day, a distance of several blocks.

HIBBING

Hibbing, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Tate arrived from Minneapolis Thursday for a visit to the parents of the latter, Mr. and Mrs. James Nicholson of First avenue.

O. W. Husted of St. Paul is looking after business in this section this week. He formerly resided in the village.

The Knights and Ladies of the Maccabees held a public installation of officers at Central hall Monday evening. In addition to the work done by the drill team and the refreshments served by the ladies was the address by State Commander I. N. Chellew of St. Paul, who was present and installed the officers of Iron King Tent. The officers for the Ladies of the Maccabees are: Commander, Mrs. Mary Orr; lieutenant commander, Mrs. G. E. Springer; record keeper, Mrs. Couples, finance keeper, Mrs. R. H. Mitchell, chaplain, Mrs. Ermesinger, sergeant, Mrs. J. D. Owens; mistress-at-arms, Mrs. H. J. Williams; sentinel, Mrs. James Nicholso . picket, Mrs. S. Dullin.

The officers of Iron King Tent No. 35, as installed, are: Commander, E. C. Hoel; lieutenant commander, William Williamson, chaplain, C. H. Springer; record keeper, M. Rogalsky, sergeant, Herman Williams, master-at-arms, James Dullin; first master of the guard, R. C. Wise; sentinel, G. F. Peterson.

Miss Mary Bryant has been visiting friends in Duluth the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Burr are visiting friends in Chicago, their old home, the past week.

The pastor of the Presbyterian church exchanged with Mrs. S. R. Kirby Wednesday afternoon.

Edward Ellis Carr, editor of the Christian Science Sentinel, Chicago, Ill., has been in the village several days this week lecturing on Christian Science. The gentleman is a fine talker and not a few of the people who have hitherto not attended Christian services have listened to his lectures.

S. P. Mitchell of the Oliver Iron Mining company has been looking after business in the Twin Cities for several days the past week.

W. A. Thomas came in from his homestead in the Bear River country Thursday and reported that the new school district in the town of French, of which he is clerk, had voted bonds to the extent of $25,000 for the erection of a new school house. The new structure will be a fine building and of sufficient size to make it a credit to the township. There were but two votes in opposition to plans as recommended by the county superintendent.

Robert F. Berdle has been in St. Paul for several days past, where he went to attend the wedding of a niece.

N. O. Martinson, a draughtsman employed at the Oliver mine office, had an experience one day this week that he does not care to have repeated. He was traveling over the Sellers property, when he fell into a test pit and fell ninety-one feet to the bottom, resulting in injuries that will make him a cripple for life. He has a crushed knee, both ankles sprained besides other minor injuries. He was taken to the Rood hospital for treatment.

Miss D. D. McEachin of North street is entertaining Miss Florence Clement of Minneapolis.

Mr. Power has been looking after business in Duluth and other points east and south the past few days.

Mrs. A. O. Heger and son Herman returned Tuesday evening from a visit of several weeks with relatives at Chicago, N. Dakota, Racine, Wisconsin and St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Mrs. D. D. Eckin entertained at cards at her home on North street Friday afternoon.

Miss Marjorie Smart, who has been spending her holiday vacation with her mother in this place, returned to her studies in Duluth Monday.

James Batchart is putting in a logging camp in the Bear River country.

Mrs. Hugh F. Dobson and daughters returned from a two weeks' visit to the family of her brother, William Auringer, at Cass Lake, Saturday evening.

Lars Brude came from his new township, in the Bear River country, with the county surveyor of Itasca county and his assistants, after they had completed the platting out of his townsite. The first enterprise to locate on the new townsite is the sawmill of Waechter & Amundson. J. P. Hayden, formerly business manager of the Hibbing Tribune, will commence the publication of the Bear River Journal at an early date. He returned from Minneapolis last week, where he purchased a newspaper plant, which he will have on the ground next week.

Mrs. E. E. Bersie, who has been very ill for several weeks, has so far recovered as to be able to sit up and receive a few callers.

D. D. McEachin was looking over the new town of Bovey the latter part of the week with the intention of making some investments for his firm in the new town. He reports the indications for the town as being the best.

Harvey Kane was in from Bovey over Sunday visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. Rogalsky. He is erecting a new store in that place in which he will put a stock of clothing and gents' furnishings as soon as it is completed.

The Odd Fellows and Rebekas had the annual installation of officers of those orders at K. of P. hall Tuesday evening. Following the installation ceremonies refreshments were served and a social time had. The new officers are: Rebekah Noble grand, Miss Ada Banx; vice grand, Miss Lila Polkinghorn; chaplain, John McDonnell secretary, Miss Hilma Hoppenen, treasurer, Mrs. Katherine Bell; financial secretary, Mrs. M. Orr; inside guard, Mrs. Olson; warden, Mrs. P. D. McDonald, right supporter, Mrs. Eliza Polkinghorn, left supporter, Mrs. F. A. Kirby. The officers of the Hibbing lodge of Odd Fellows are: Noble grand, Samuel Harris; vice grand, Carl Peterson; secretary, Eric Westlund; treasurer, J. D. Nelson.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jewett have been visiting the parents of the former, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Jewett, in this place, for several days past.

R. B. Porter of the firm of Porter Bros., who have a contract with the Oliver Mining company at the Burt mine, has been in the village the past week looking over the stripping operations at that mine. He has been looking after the interests of his company in the state of Washington for some time.

Messrs. J. A. Robinson, W. C. Northey and Walter Trenerry are attending the Masonic grand lodge at St. Paul this week as representatives of the local branch of the order.

The Modern Brotherhood of America will have open installation of officers at Central hall Monday evening. Following the installation ceremonies refreshments will be served and a social dance. Tucker's orchestra will furnish the music. District manager J. Gour of Minneapolis, this state, will be present and take part in the installation ceremonies.

Alex Keller, of the Family Liquor store, was called to Minneapolis the first of the week by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of a brother-in-law.

Mrs. Northey, mother of W. C. Northey and Mrs. John Trenerry, left Friday for Geonomowoc, Wis., where she will visit friends while enroute to her home at Crown Point, N. Y.

Misses Anne Boland and Ad Reynolds gave a pleasant surprise party on Miss Percy Reynolds at 323 Selles street, last Thursday evening. Following the refreshments at the home the young people adjourned to the small hall at the Power theater, where a social dance was held until an early hour of the morning.

George Lauerstein, who has been with William Klitz & Co. for some time past, left for his home at Chicago Saturday morning.

Dr. G. N. Butchart was among the Hibbing people at Duluth Tuesday, being called there on professional business.

Mesdames West and Bickford of Virginia were the guests of Mrs. Peter Wring this week.

C. L. Baker has resigned his position with E. J. Longyear and leaves for his home in Michigan in a few days.

Mrs. W. H. Latham received the sad news this week of the sudden death of her father at Wasecu, this state, where he had resided for many years.

Miss Anna Rooney of Superior returned to her home in that place Tuesday, after an extended visit with friends in this village.

The drill team of the Modern Brotherhood of America will give a dance at Close's hall Monday evening. Ross' orchestra will furnish the music.

The Hibbing Cornet Band (Flnn) will give a dance at the Power theater Saturday for the benefit of that body. Tucker's orchestra will provide the music for the occasion.

The Finnish Socialists will observe Sunday to commemorate the massacre of the Russian workingmen who made an appeal for bread to the czar one year ago. There will be a parade and speeches during the afternoon.

William Klitz returned to Milwaukee Tuesday after spending several weeks with his brother Jacob in looking after the business of the firm during the holiday trade.

Miss Lila Polkinghorn entertained about forty of the young people of the village at her home on Center street one evening the latter part of the week.

EVELETH

Eveleth, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—D. P. McIntyre is in Wadena this week to attend the marriage of a friend.

Capt. T. H. Davey was in St. Paul this week, a delegate to the meeting of Master Masons in session there.

J. A. Robb, who has been ill with an attack of quinsy, is able to be out.

R. H. Holdridge has the contract for redecorating Hotel McNeil and is at present busily engaged doing the dining room, which was most damaged from the fire of last month.

Mrs. Henry Lindsay left Monday morning to visit a month or six weeks with her parents at eBayer Dam, Wis.

Mayor Jesmore was in Duluth Thursday and Friday of this week.

O. W. Husted was over from Hibbing this week on business.

Solomon Sax left Thursday for a two weeks' trip to Chicago, Milwaukee and Bessemer.

Mrs. C. E. Bailey and son, Emerson, have returned from a month's visit in West Virginia.

The young people's cribbage club met last Saturday evening at Fayal hall with Miss Sara Bowers as hostess. The prizes were taken by Miss Mandeville and Mason Burt, and there were also present Misses Barrett, Alice Bowers, Cora Wren, Mae Trezona, Fern Mansell, Whitesell, Boulson and Long; Messrs. Butler of Stillwater, Van Slyke, Webb, Ross, Orton, Dormer, Hatch, Dilloway, Green, Kingston and Dr. Medlar.

Local enthusiasts are planning a series of dog races for Feb. 22.

Mayor Jesmore gave notice to property owners to clean the snow from the sidewalks, and in consequence the appearance of Eveleth's streets is much improved.

Tom Trezona gave an informal dancing party last Friday evening at Fayal hall and a number of younger high school people enjoyed a delightful evening.

Mrs. J. H. Hearding was in Duluth on a shopping trip Thursday.

The Afternoon Euchre club met last Friday with Mrs. H. B. Denton. Mrs. George McCormick won the most games and the most declares, but as the limit is three prizes to one member and Mrs. McCormack had already taken two, she was given the declare prize, a dainty dish. Mrs. Harry Sherman won the prize for most games on a cut with Mrs. W. H. Plummer. There were present, besides those mentioned, Mrs. W. E. Harwood, Mrs. Innear, Mrs. R. R. Trezona, Mrs. Nell McInnis, Mrs. Caroline Barrett, Mrs. Samuel Owens, Mrs. Josephine Sibbit, Mrs. Slater Bargh, Mrs. B. O. Greening, Mrs. Henry Lindsay, Mrs. A. Kingston, Mrs. K. M. Cornwall, Mrs. Frank Campbell, Mrs. F. W. Bullen, Mrs. W. J. Smith, Mrs. M. E. Nichols. The next meeting will be with Mrs. P. E. Dowling. Mrs. James Lawson was voted a member of the club to fill the vacancy caused by Mrs. Carl F. Stillman moving to Duluth.

Dr. J. V. Johnson received the appointment of commissioner of health for the city at the Tuesday evening meeting of the council. There were also appointed on the board of health William Murray, Solomon Sax and Joseph Thibault.

Mrs. Edward Skeel and Mrs. George Perham were visiting friends in St. Paul the past few weeks.

The Fayal band gave a concert at Walon Lahde hall last evening to a good sized audience, the following program being rendered:

Overture—Selected .....
Band.
Performance .....
Athletic Club.
Vocal Solo .....
Miss Hughes.
Original monologue .....
Mr. Frank Webb.
Vocal solo .....
Jessie Jenkins.
Chorus .....
Finnish Glee Club.
Selection .....
Fayal Band.
Duet .....
Jennie Mulligan and Louis Johnson.
Vocal solo .....
Emily Scott.
Piano solo .....
Pauline Rabinowitz.
Vocal solo .....
Jessie Jenkins.
Performance .....
Athletic Club.

J. V. Cox and Frank Manchester are to start a saloon in Virginia.

Judge Vivien Prince spent a couple of days in Duluth this week.

Sheriff Reeves visited friends here yesterday and today.

Some oil stored in a warehouse near the Drake & Stratton works became ignited and caused a spectacular fire of about an hour's duration. The oil spread out over the snow, but fortunately there were no buildings near, so the loss was confined to the amount of oil lost.

The Duluth & Iron Range granted the concession of the Business Men's association to allow the afternoon train to remain here an hour longer, leaving here at 3:30 instead of 2:30. Secretary Sax expressed himself as much pleased at the promptness with which Mr. Viele attended to this matter. The new order goes into effect Monda.

An alarm of fire Thursday evening proved to be a cvhimney fire at Hotel Eveleth.

At the annual meeting of the Fayal club held Tuesday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, B. O. Greening; vice-president, Edward Carrol; secretary, Mr. Rutherford, and treasurer, R. R. Trezona. The committees will be named at the next meeting of the club. It was decided to hold a whist and billiard tournament to begin soon.

T. J. McKeon, assistant city attorney from Duluth, was here Thursday evening to speak at a meeting of the Red Men's club.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Smith and daughter, Marcella, were in Duluth a couple of days this week.

Mrs. Samuel Owens and Mrs. Charles Jesmore gave a very pleasant sleigh ride party last Saturday evening, going out to the Bailey camps, where an enjoyable evening was followed by a substantial lunch: Mr. and Mrs. B. O. Greening, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lindsay, Mrs. Daniel Shea, Mrs. May Payne, Mrs. O. P. Johnson, Mrs. D. E. Springer, Mrs. Louis Larson, Mrs. J. C. Poole, Mrs. W. Goard, Mrs. William Irwin, Mrs. J. A. Robb, Mrs. Paul Kuehne, Mrs. T. H. Davey, Miss Elodie Johnson and Miss Ruth Jesmore.

The Epworth League gave a social at the residence of Mrs. Ray M. Dungan last evening.

A. J. Pillatrault, John Johnson and Andrew Lunn were in from the Mudlen district Monday.

Peter Pastoret, who for the past four years has operated a stage line between Virginia and here, has sold out to George Lenalle of Virginia, who will continue the business.

A most enjoyable time was had by the following party of young people Tuesday evening. They had a sleighride to Grand Rapids, followed by lunch at a cafe there, returning here about eleven. The following were present: Misses Skjer, Klang, Emily and Laura Scott, Olive Pfiffner, Ada McKenzie, Davey, B. Costlin and Edith Bagan; Messrs. Leo Shapiro, Edmonds, Walter Scott, William Doell, Edward Lloye, John Pasternacki, R. G. Dilloway, Joe Wilson and E. A. Stonson.

J. H. Hearding returned last Saturday from a trip to Iron Mountain, Mich.

IRON RIVER

Iron River, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—District Attorney Morris attended the adjourned meeting of the county board last Tuesday.

Attorney E. C. Alvord of Washburn was in this city last Monday on legal business.

Chairman Eben Olson of the town of Fort Wing was in this city last Monday.

Edward Hunter left last Monday evening for the Hot Springs, Ark., with intentions of remaining there the remainder of this winter.

John La Lond of Hurley was in this city last Sunday visiting with his brother here.

Attorney Lamereaux of Ashland was in this city last Wednesday on legal business.

C. S. Hobbs of this city, Mike Hopkins of the town of Orienta, Andrew Lauri of the town of Oulu, and George Barrie left Iron River for Washburn last Monday evening to attend the adjourned meeting of the county board held last Tuesday.

The Daughters of Rebekah lodge No. 192 installed officers at their regular meeting last Monday evening for the ensuing term. Rosetta O'Hara was the installing officer. The following are the officers duly installed: N. G., Hester L. Howe; V. G., Nettie Roix; R. S., Rosetta O'Hara; F. S., Alfred Johnson; treasurer, Mary Hostrawser; chaplain, May Loefkeval; conductor, Mrs. Ida Dodge; L. S. N. G., Mrs. James Tomlinson; R. S. V. G., Mrs. Harvy Ellerman; L. S. V. G., Mrs. G. A. Kiefer; P. G., Mrs. Bertha Rifkin.

Game Warden Lund made a trip through the northern part of this county the fore part of this week on official business.

Dr. George C. Taylor of the Taylor Institute was at the Head of the Lakes last Tuesday on business.

L. E. Baun of Superior spent last Sunday visiting with his old friends in this city.

Bert Peterson has been on the sick list for the last four or five days. He is able to be around again attending to business.

A. J. Kiefer was down to Lake Nebagamon the fore part of this week attending to business there.

Lewis Rifkin returned home from Chicago last Friday night, Jan. 12, after burying his father.

GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, Minn., Jan. 20.—In the case of the state vs. M. Callahan the jury returned a verdict of assault in the second degree after being out some four hours. Callahan was released on $6,000 bail pending a new trial, which was immediately granted by Judge Spooner upon the asking therefor.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. T. R. Prairtz, last Saturday, a girl. To Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Browne, on Sunday, a boy.

That the savings department in our public schools is a success may be judged by the deposits of the children for the first week of the new year. Last week the amount of the deposits was $60.69, making in all a total of over $462.75 since the establishment of this department.

Alton Bros. have purchased the dray line of Cole Southworth, running between Grand Rapids and Bovey.

The Grand Rapids band on Thrusday gave a concert at the high school auditorium to raise funds with which to promote the welfare of the organization. The concert was attended by a large and appreciative audience. The following program was presented:

March—"College Life" .....H. Frautzer
Selection—"Evening Idylls" .....Barnhouse
Trombone solo—"Holy City" .....Adams
William Campbell.
Cornet solo—"Annie Laurie" .....C. Riggs
Song—"Wait For the Turn of the Tide" .....
High School Male Quartet.
Violin solo .....Selected
Edwin Murphy.
Song—"Come, Smiling Spring" .....
High School Ladies' Quartet.
Baritone solo—"Rock of Ages" .Barnhouse
C. Wollenburg.
Waltz—"Signor" .....A. M. Laurens
Tuba solo—"Barbarossa" .....Barnhouse
William Nelson.
Members of the U. O. F. will give a colonial masquerade ball on the evening of Feb. 22, Washington's birthday, at the village hall.

Benjamin Johnson and family have removed to Bowstring, Itasca county, where he will make their future home upon a claim.

The Commercial club held an open meeting at the court house Thursday evening at which a number of questions important to citizens of Grand Rapids were discussed. The meeting was well attended. County division and the fixing of the county line was the principal subject under discussion.

Chairman Eben Olson of the town of Fort Wing was in this city last Monday.

Edward Hunter left last Monday evening for the Hot Springs, Ark., with intentions of remaining there the remainder of this winter.

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PARK RAPIDS

Park Rapids, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Born, to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Scott, Sunday, Jan. 14, a son.

The marriage of Miss Nellie Crawford and Hector McDonald occurred at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. A. A. Crawford of this place. Only the members of the bride's family were present. Rev. T. W. Milliker officiated. The young people left on the evening train for Grand Forks, N. D., where they will make their home.

Died, at the hospital in Bismarck, N. D., of blood poisoning, John A. Roberts, the eldest son of Joshua Roberts of this place. The young man had been teaching school near Wishek, N. D., and during a severe snow storm which occurred last Nov. 28 he became lost and was out all night in the cold and froze his feet. He was taken to the hospital and amputation was found necessary. He seemed to be doing nicely for a while, but blood poisoning set in, and he died from the effects Jan. 11. His remains were brought home for interment, accompanied by his brother, Henry Roberts. The funeral services were held at the home Saturday, Rev. E. A. Cooke officiating.

The infant child of Mrs. Herbert Shepard of Itasca died last Friday and was brought to Park Rapids Saturday for interment. Rev. E. A. Cooke held brief services at the grave.

Little Pearl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Barnes, died this week and was buried Tuesday.

Word was received this week from Edmonton, Alberta, Can., telling of the death of Mrs. Thomas Benham at the hospital in that place, Dec. 31, 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Benham were early settlers of this county, living near Park Rapids until about four years ago. She leaves a husband and four sons and one daughter to mourn her loss.

Sam Pierce this week bought the stock of groceries and shoes of I. S. McKinley, and will continue the business at McKinley's old stand.

Mrs. B. R. Bartlett of Hewitt is the guest at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Bartlett.

The Ladies' Work Circle of the Baptist church will be entertained next Thursday afternoon with Mesdames Eckert and Sheldon.

Mrs. I. B. Kenrey will entertain the Guild of the Episcopal church next Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Rice left Tuesday morning for a visit with friends in Minneapolis, Northfield and Riceville and Maynard, Iowa, for a while.

The Ladies' Library club will meet with Mrs. R. E. Davis next Wednesday, Jan. 24.

Charles Foster is attending a meeting of the county auditors of the state this week.

Leslie Shields went to Duluth Tuesday evening where he will visit Elner Mills.

Kendall Clark, who has been in the employment of the Enterprise much of the time for the past six years, expects to leave Park Rapids soon. He has secured a position in the job department of the Grand Forks Daily Times.

Mrs. T. J. Grover went to Riceville, Iowa, last week and will remain there for some time visiting with relatives.

A. J. Woodin, who has been in Park Rapids for the past several weeks, left Saturday morning for Minneapolis.

Russell White, a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. White of this place, has been suffering the past week with an attack of appendicitis.

A. R. Batcheller went to St. Paul Monday, having business with the state officials relative to timber matters.

United States Marshal Tufts was a visitor in Park Rapids this week, returning to the city Tuesday morning.

Mrs. Ed Loydahl and brother, William Reardon, went to Wadena Monday for a visit with friends at that place.

H. A. Connor returned from Duluth Monday, where he had been as a witness in a trial in which the Pine Tree Lumber company was interested.

William Taber and Dr. I. B. Kenney went to St. Paul Tuesday to attend the annual session of the Grand lodge, A. F. & A. M.

Rev. T. N. Swimerton of Akeley has been helping Rev. E. A. Cooke of the M. E. church this week in his special meetings in this place.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The committee appointed by the Commercial club recently to look after the matter of paving the main street this year, has been busy of late, corresponding with the officials of the various cities of the state in regard to the cost and the manner in which the paving at the various points seemed to suit and they stand the weather. Some very encouraging reports have been received and the property owners will soon have an opportunity to decide among themselves just what kind of paving they will want. The paving question has been one of utmost importance and a much debated one for the past three years and there is no question that something that will give a better and somewhat pleasanter appearance than the old iron ore road, full of humps and which has been in a disgraceful condition the past two summer seasons despite all the city authorities could do to make a road of it. The cost per year to maintain it has been in the neighborhood of $5,000 this for a period of ten years, making $20,000, or thereabouts, that has been put on the four blocks which runs through the business section, and the longer and the more it is repaired the worse it seems to get. It is estimated that the cost of paving, per lot, will be about $175 or $200. The business men of Eveleth are also up in arms over the condition of the main street, and the committee of the Commercial clubs of the two cities are working together for a better street in each place and it will be on the first Wednesday night of next month and at that meeting the committee will have something good to report.

Harry Leonard Logan, the 5-year-old son of Rev. and Mrs. Logan, Cleveland avenue, died of scarlet fever on Tuesday night and the funeral was a quiet one Wednesday night, on account of the disease of which the child died. The other child of the parents, a 2-year-old girl, has been very low with the fever and for a time her life was also dispaired of, but constant medical attention and a trained nurse being with her seemed to check the dreaded end. Rev. Logan is the pastor at the M. E. church here, and while not being a resident of the city for a very long time, has made a splendid impression as a man and has made hosts of friends who sympathize with him in his sorrow.

Miss Anna Anderson, who has been chief operator at the Mesaba Telephone company's Virginia exchange, has been granted an indefinite leave of absence, and she has gone to the home of her parents, north of Mountain Iron for no other purpose than to take care of her old mother, who is in very poor health, so that she may be a comfort her last days. The patrons of Miss Anderson's phone service of the range will miss her as she is a very painstaking and efficient operator. Miss Mildred Dixon has taken her place until she returns.

The physicians here have about stopped the spread of scarlet fever, which disease for a time took quite a start and there were several residences quarantined. Those homes were of S. A. Reid, F. B. Hobson, Rev. Neff, Rev. Logan, Mrs. Hayes and the latest to be placarded is the home of Rev. Podum, Central avenue. Had the spread continued a little longer the public schools would have closed for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. O'Rourke went to Duluth last Friday taking with them their little 3-year-old son, Edmund, who is suffering from hip joint trouble, and while in the city had the child at the hospital and treated. A plaster paris cast was placed over the child from the feet to the hips and in this condition he will continue for several weeks. He was brought home Monday.

Mrs. A. E. Bickford and Mrs. M. West went to Hibbing Sunday for a short visit with friends.

Miss Flo Guerin visited with Hibbing friends Thursday.

Charles Gronberg is again the chief of police of this city. He has been chief before under Mayor Eaton's former administration, and is considered "one of the finest." B. O. Wiggen, who was chief under City Clerk Thompson, when he was mayor, is also a patrolman, and William McLain, who served under Mayor Fay, is retained on the force. The two new members are Peter Llimas and Eli Maki. The new force took their oath of office Monday and donned the star and club. Virginians are certain that they have a good police force.

At the last meeting of the city council, F. J. Rinnert was elected as city assessor and the appointment meets with the public approval as the new assessor is an old resident and owns much property. Dr. C. W. Miller was elected as city health officer, he having served in like capacity under Mayor Eaton's former administration. Just what will be done as regards to the fire chief and fire company is not known, but it is expected that there will be no change in the chief, but that the fire hall will be equipped with new and better apparatus and that a fire team will be placed at headquarters. In fact the councilmen do not know just what will be done, although they recognize a change to meet the expanding conditions of the city in the fire fighting matter.

Matt Marit has gone to New York where he will enlist in the service of Uncle Sam and expects to be placed in the musician service in one of the army bands. His brother, John, has taken his place as clerk in the grocery department of the Virginia Mercantile company store.

Prof. C. G. Mayo has gone to South Dakota, where he will travel for a piano firm. He came here a few years ago and took to piano teaching and was very successful. Aside from that he was a good hand to take charge of minstrel and other public performances and was enthusiastic in lode work. His family will remain here until spring when they will join him in his new field.

Henry Hughes & Company, the general merchants, are this week closing out their dry goods stock and a professional auctioneer is here handing out the stock to the public at their own price. The grocery, furniture and hardware departments will be maintained as usual by the firm, but the dry goods department will not be maintained here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Stein are at Crystal Falls on a visit, having left here the fore part of the week.

E. M. Tredway, who served as chancellor commander of the local Knights of Pythias lodge last year, was on Tuesday evening, elected as the local delegate to the state grand lodge convention to be held in May.

The brick work on the erection of the Virginia Brewing company building at the south end of Silver lake, is completed, and the new 4-story structure certainly presents an imposing appearance. Work on the interior of the place is being pushed with all possible vigor so that the place will be completed as soon as possible. The bottling works and dweling for the "brewmaster" is being erected to the east of the main building.

Mr. and Mrs. John Chesser, David Beaudoin, Misses Sterle and Kate and Annie Michan, and Messrs. J. R. Krogdahl and Peter Matchefts were in attendance at district court the past ten days.

Miss Roule Bray, who has been employed as stenographer for the Virginia Lumber company, at this point and at Duluth the past year, has returned to the city and has accepted the keeping of the books at the City Meat market, and is general cashier.

Willson's orchestra played for a party given by the Royal Neighbors at Sparta Monday night, and the music was roundly applauded. The orchestra plays for the firemen's dance there on the 27th.

Conductor Bob Shaw had the misfortune to fall on a slippery walk near the Finch corner a few nights ago and sustained a fractured leg. He will be off his run on the Virginia-Ashawa cannon-ball for a few weeks.

Messrs. Dr. Lenont, C. T. Fairbairn and W. B. Shaver were in Duluth the fore part of the week attending and taking part in the bonspiel of the Northwestern curlers.

Andrew Hawkinson prepares to erect a fine residence on his lots in the Second addition, in block No. 73.

The cash register in the Bank saloon was tapped Wednesday by a lumberjack, who has left town and despite all the police could do, he has gotten away. But he is known and Virginia will be no longer a home for him.

A very daring day-light hold up was made on a Finnish miner Wednesday afternoon in front of Shenandling Brothers' store. It was along in the afternoon and the hold-up artist nearly made his attempt successful. Policeman McLain saw two men rolling on the walk and would not be sure that all was well and to make sure he hurried to the scene, finding the miner's empty pocket sticking out and as he approached the two, one started threw the money out into the street. He was nabbed and was placed where he could feel but not "touch." Judge Nelson took him as a shining example as the strong-arm man and at the suggestion of City Attorney Shea he was given the limit. Chief of Police Gronberg took him to Duluth Thursday morning and he will remain a county boarder for forty-three days.

Assistant County Attorney Poirier had legal business at Ely the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Trezona visited with Superintendent Charles Trezona at Ely over Sunday.

Michael Emlau and family have moved into their new house in the Second addition. This is the second home Mr. Emlau has built on the lots, the former one burning down last October after having lived therein only a few weeks.

Agent Burbanks of the Sand Lake Junction station was in the city a few hours Wednesday.

A mesquerade ball was given at the Opera house last Saturday night and it was quite well attended. It was the first of the season.

Arthur Talboys was in the city yesterday.

The cigar business of Arthur McGuirk, deceased, will be continued by Mrs. Annie McGuirk, his widow, as soon as necessary papers being made out this week and the business will be taken care of by her in the future.

The Royal Neighbors installed their officers last Thursday night.

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—At a recent meeting held by the directors of the First National Bank of Bemidji the following officers were elected: President, C. W. Hastings; vice president W. H. Roberts; cashier R. H. Schumaker; board of directors, C. W. Hastings, W. H. Roberts, P. J. Sheldon, F. P. Sheldon, C. E. Aikin.

The McConkey Mercantile company was incorporated during the week, with $10,000 capital. The incorporators are, J. A. McConkey, E. R. Dunham and J. F. Essler. The board of directors is composed of J. A. McConkey, J. F. Boss and G. E. Carson.

The Bemidji band gave its second indoor concert Wednesday evening. The following program was rendered, after which the Bemidji orchestra furnished music, and dancing was indulged in until a late hour.

March—Amaicizia .....Chambers
Grand Medley—Superior .....Dolbey
Vocal Solo .....Miss Gromoldby
Fantasia, on "Auld Lang Syne"...Dolbey
Quartette—Chas. Warfield, C. Learned, John Lucas, G. H. French.
Medley on popular airs—"Bits of Remicks Hits" .....Lampe
Vocal Solo .....Edwin Hanson
March—"Freaks of Blackville".....Dolbey
Cornet Duett—La Belle Creole.....Dolby
Messrs. Lymengeon and Nelson.
Prof. C. G. Mayo has gone to South Dakota, where he will travel for a piano firm. He came here a few years ago and took to piano teaching and was very successful. Aside from that he was a good hand to take charge of minstrel and other public performances and was enthusiastic in lode work. His family will remain here until spring when they will join him in his new field.

Indian War Dance .....H. Bollstedt
Saxophone Solo .....H. E. Anderson
March—"Overland Limited" T. E. Gutch

The petit jurors who will serve at the netx term of district court, beginning in this city March 15, have been drawn as follows: Knute Aakhus, Bemidji; Henry Sand, Cormant; C. J. Adams, Eckles; J. M. Barnett, Bemidji; John Engkoist, Black Duck; W. E. Arnold, Northome; Chas. Krohn, Port Hope; M. Larson, Nymore; Olof Lunden, Alaska; Severt Berg, Black Duck; W. W. Helmer, Liberty; A. P. Reeves, Hagali; A. P. Johnson, Battle; M. D. Titus, Bemidji; Comb Cyr, Port Hope; A. A. Matheny, Taylor; S. Dahlgard, Battle; D. Hoffman, Nymore; L. E. Gjermendbe, Cormant; Richard Oberg, Alaska; A. L. Levan, Northern; Andrew Jacobson, Port Hope; G. A. Leopold, Hagali; George B. Thompson, Hagali. Judge N. A. Spooner will preside at this term of court.

Harry Calvert left Wednesday morning for Wadena where he went to attend the marriage of his sister Miss Sadie Calvert which took place Wednesday evening.

Miss Ferne Spencer and Corporal Adam E. Otto will be married next Tuesday at the home of Miss Spencer's parents at Yola, Minn. Mr. and Mrs. Otto will be at home at the Markham hotel in this city on their return.

Mr. and Mrs. George Knott were given a surprise party Friday evening, the occasion being their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

The local lodges A. O. U. W. and Degree of Honor, held a joint installation at Odd Fellows' hall Monday night. G. A. Walker, of this city and Mrs. Baker, of Minneapolis, conducting the services. A supper was served after the installation and the remainder of the evening was spent in dancing. The following officers were installed.

A. O. U. W.—P. M. W., J. P. Lahr; M. W., A. Larson; foreman, Dan Backlund; overseer, Wm. Sawyer; guide, O. E. Bodeen; inside watch, J. Menden; outside watch, W. L. Preble; recorder, Wm. Ferris; financier, S. A. Cutter; receiver, E. J. Gould.

Degree of Honor—P. C., Mrs. S. A. Cutter; chief, Mrs. Mable Young; L. H., Mrs. H. F. Schmidt; C. C., Mrs. A. Larson; recorder, Mrs. G. A. Walker; financier, Mrs. J. P. Lahr; receiver, Miss Bernice Pendergast; usher, Mrs. W. L. Preble; inside watch, Mrs. Wm. Sawyer; outside watch, Mrs. E. G. Gould.

The city council held their regular meeting at the city hall Monday evening. The report of the committee on salaries was amended and accepted. It is as follows:

	Per Year.
Mayor	$150
Alderman at large	25
Aldermen	10
City Treasurer	375
Health commissioner	300
Members of board of health	5
	Per Month.
City Clerk	$40
City Attorney	40
Chief of Police	80
Patrolmen, each	65
Chief engineer and janitor	65
Assistant engineer and janitor	55
Street commissioner	50
Superintendent of water	20
Clerk of water board	10

The matter of issuing city bonds for $25,000 was laid over until the next meeting.

Mrs. W. N. Bowser and son left Tuesday for Duluth where they will visit a few days with friends.

Miss Louise Hilland left Monday for Moorhead to visit with relatives.

BROOKSTON

Brookston, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Jas. Gfroerer, who underwent an operation at a Minneapolis hospital, returned home Saturday, and has again assumed his duties as local station agent. He was accompanied by Mrs. Gfroerer and son, who have spent some time in the Twin Cities.

Miss Lilliam Saunders, who had been visiting with her sister, Mrs. J. E. Slaight, returned to her home in St. Paul Wednesday morning.

Supt. Seeley came up from Cloquet Tuesday to look after the Northern Lumber company's operations in this vicinity.

Marvin Nickerson of Bengal visited with Brookston friends Wednesday evening.

Frank Gfroerer, who spent two weeks here the guest of his brother, joined the Great Northern bridge crew the first of the week, and will be employed with them in the future.

Mrs. Rooney of Superior spent Wednesday with Mrs. H. C. Shur.

Byron Devine was a visitor to Duluth and Superior Tuesday.

W. Schneider has nearly completed his claim shanty.

Rev. Father Simon of Cloquet said mass to the local members of the Catholic church Friday.

Angus Batchelor was up from Superior Tuesday.

Mrs. C. Kaeble and little son were Duluth visitors Wednesday.

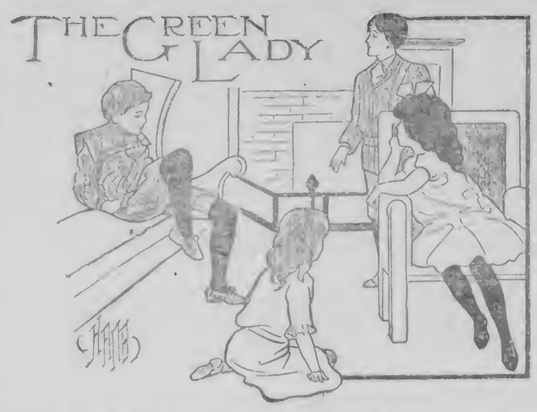
W. A. Epperson transacted business in Floodwood Monday.

H. C. Shur returned Tuesday morning from a short business visit to Cass Lake.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, Jan. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—A very pretty wedding took place in Cloquet Wednesday morning at the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, when Miss Ida Young was united in marriage to Daniel McCoy of Superior. The bride's gown was of white batiste trimmed with lace in bertha effect, and she carried bride's roses. She was attended by her cousin, Miss Gallipeau of Minneapolis, who wore a gown of figured organdie and carried pink roses. The groom was assisted by Mr. Bayard of Duluth. After the ceremony dinner was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs.

Our Young Folks Page



BY HELENA DAVIS.

Grace, May, Johnny and Paul sat round the fire and listened to the January blizzard without. It was night and just the time to tell stories. Paul began the evening's entertainment by telling in his best style a thrilling Indian tale, in which David Crockett prominently figured. Grace followed with a "child lost in the snow" sort of story that made her listeners turn pale and tremble. Then came little Johnny with his favorite yarn about an old man who lived in a hogshead and went in and out through the bunghole. When May's turn came she sat quite still a minute thinking; then she said: "I'll tell you a story founded on facts—a story our last cook, before this one, told me one day. And before beginning, I must tell you that the little Sniffle-Tiffle of the tale was the cook's own niece—so she declared."

Hereupon the three listeners said "Oh, my!" and sat up very straight and folded their hands in a listening attitude.

"Once upon a time," began May, "there was, in the streets of London, a little girl who begged for her daily bread. She was an orphan, and did not know where to find her dead parents' relatives. So she was obliged to live on what charitable people saw fit to give her in the form of alms. This little girl's name was Sniffle-Tiffle, a pet name her papa had given her before he went to the Boer War and was killed.

"One day as Sniffle-Tiffle was standing in front of a great market house a beautiful lady, all dressed in green velvet and green furs, drove by in a green carriage trimmed richly in gold and set with emeralds. On beholding Sniffle-Tiffle the beautiful lady spoke something to her liveried coachman, who quickly turned the horses about and drew up at the curb in front of the very window where Sniffle-Tiffle was standing looking longingly at some fine grapes displayed there. To Sniffle-Tiffle's surprise the beautiful lady leaned from her cushions and beckoned to her, saying as she did so: 'Come here, little Flaxen Hair. I wish to speak with thou.' Sniffle-Tiffle timidly approached the carriage and bowed her head most respectfully to the lady in green.

" 'I fain would take thou home with me if thou hast no other home,' said the lady in green, smiling, oh, so sweetly.

"Then Sniffle-Tiffle told the sad story of her life and the lady in green seemed very sympathetic indeed. 'Get thou into the coach with me,' she said gently. 'Thou shalt go to my home and find peace and plenty.'

"In another minute Sniffle-Tiffle was in the warm carriage, wrapped in soft furs and driving through the London streets like the wind. In about half an hour the carriage drew up to the curb in front of a magnificent mansion, and the lady bade Sniffle-Tiffle follow her. They alighted on the pavement and ran up the marble steps to the great front door, which was opened by a butler in livery. Inside Sniffle-Tiffle saw the greatest splendor everywhere. 'Now, run up stairs and enter the first room to your right,' commanded the lady in green, speaking to Sniffle-Tiffle. 'Thou wilt find connecting with the room—which is to be yours—a bath. Please go in and take a bath, comb your hair and then look in the large closet of your room and thou wilt find a complete wardrobe of clothes that will fit thee. Dress thyself and come down stairs. The butler will then tell thee thy duties in the house.' And upon saying this the lady in green turned on her dainty heel and walked into a glittering parlor. Sniffle-Tiffle began to feel a bit uncomfortable, but she obeyed her new protectress' orders and ran up stairs, entering the first room to her right. There she found a nice, large room, with everything needful to her comfort. Connecting were the bath and a large clothes closet. Sniffle-Tiffle took a delightful warm bath, combed her flaxen curls and then sought out a dainty pink frock and white, lace-trimmed apron from the closet so full of pretty clothes. She also found a varied assortment of shoes and selected a pair of bronze ones, with stockings to match.

"After she had completed her toilet Sniffle-Tiffle went below stairs to find the butler, grim and forbidding in aspect, awaiting her. 'Miss,' he said, in a hard tone, 'it will be your duty three times each day to go up to our mistress' apartment at the front end of the hall and call her to her meals. You shall approach within three paces of her door, then stop and call in a loud voice: Green Lady, Green Lady, come down to your breakfast, or dinner, or supper—as the case may be. And three times you must call to her. Then you shall sit on a stool that you will find provided for your comfort and keep a strict watch on the door from which the Green Lady issues. But under penalty of banishment—or worse—do not dare to go nearer that door than three paces. You may now go and call our mistress to dinner.'

"Sniffle-Tiffle, feeling a bit apprehensive, went upstairs, passed her own room and advanced to within three paces of the door leading into the apartment at the front. Raising her pretty voice, she called out: 'Green Lady, Green Lady, come down to your dinner! Green Lady, Green Lady, come down to your dinner! Green Lady, Green Lady, come down to your dinner!' Then she turned and sat down on a stool that was against the wall some feet from the door she had called out through.

"In a few minutes the door opened and forth walked the Green Lady, but the sight of her face almost frightened Sniffle-Tiffle into a loud cry, for it was no longer the beautiful, smiling face she had seen in the carriage, but a hideous old face wearing a diabolical expression. She bent her gaze on Sniffle-Tiffle and spoke in a grating, angry voice: "Do thou remain on that stool and keep thy eyes on that door and see that none approach it from this hall. After I have finished my meal thou shalt go below and refresh thyself with food and drink. See to it that thou durst not leave that stool nor move thy eyes from that door save for the appearance of some one. In such an event thou shalt clap thy hands and call: 'Green Lady, Green Lady, come up from thy dinner!' Then whisking round, the Green Lady hobbled down the hall like one drunk and disappeared in the great stairway.

"Poor Sniffle-Tiffle felt her heart quake with fear. She wondered what sort of place she had got lured into. As she sat there trembling she thought she heard a groan come from the room which the Green Lady had just left. Without thinking of possible consequences, she stole softly on tiptoe to the door, and, stooping down, peeped through the keyhole. What a sight met her eyes! She staggered back and held her hands together in agony. In that room were the corpses of a hundred children like herself. They were lying about on a shelf that ran around the room. Sniffle-Tiffle stepped back from the door and looked herself up and down. As she did so she was shocked to see a bloodspot on the white apron she wore. Quickly and cautiously she ran to her own room and grabbed a pair of scissors and cut the spot out. No sooner had she done so than two spots came beside the hole she had cut in the cloth. These she cut out also. Then appeared three spots to show where the cutting had been done. Frightened almost to death at this, poor Sniffle-Tiffle jerked the clothes off and redressed herself in the old garments she had worn on entering that awful house. She then crept from the room, down the hall and down the stairs toward the front door. Her heart was in her throat, fluttering like a caged wild bird. Suppose the butler should see her and stop her? Or, suppose that terrible witch—for now Sniffle-Tiffle knew the Green Lady was none other than a witch—should catch a glimpse of her? But she gained the hall door, turned the knob just as the butler came running from his seat in the rear. 'Hold—hold!' he cried in a voice that roared like thunder. But Sniffle-Tiffle knew there was no time for her to loose by faltering one minute, so, without looking around, she grasped firmly the door handle, gave it a quick jerk and was out on the steps just as the irate butler leaped into the open doorway. But such good luck was never before heard of. There, on the pavement in front of the mansion, stood a great, big, rosey-faced policeman. To him Sniffle-Tiffle ran and unfolded the story of the mysterious Green Lady and the hundred dead children upstairs.

" 'Why, you dear little waif!' roared the policeman, you look for all the world like me dear sister, what's no more—my dear sister Maggie O'Toole.'

" 'Why, that's my dear mother's name,' said Sniffle-Tiffle, looking up in the big policeman's face. 'And I'm thinking you must be my uncle Mike, who I've heard mamma talk of so much. He's a policeman.'

"Well, and so it turned out that the policeman was Sniffle-Tiffle's own uncle, and he took the little orphan to his own home, where they all welcomed her and gave her a place in their hearts."

"But what about the Green Lady?" asked Paul, eagerly.

"Yes; what did they do with her—and who were all the dead children?" asked Grace.

"Goodness, yes; tell us about the Green Lady," added little Johnny.

"I'm awfully sorry that I can't," said May, a bit embarrassed over the unfinished ending of her story, "but I asked cook to tell me the rest, and she only shook her head and said: 'Why, bless your heart, child, I came away then and never heard how it did come out. It's a livin' secret to this day.'

"And that is all I could ever get her to tell. But—of course, we can believe it or not—just to suit ourselves, you know. However, I think it starts out well, don't you kids!"

Whereupon the listeners all agreed that the "Green Lady" had a very good beginning, but a bad ending. "Just what such a wicked old witch deserved," remarked May, dryly.

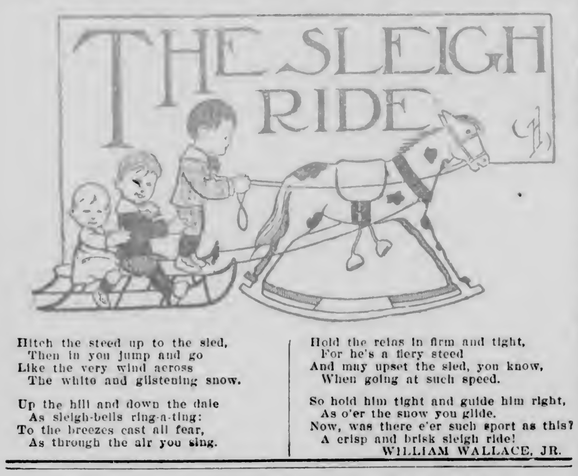


In a few minutes the door opened, and forth walked the Green Lady.

A Lesson in Painting a Picture.



First cut out the picture and paste carefully on a bit of smooth pasteboard. Then, with your watercolors, paint the sky a purplish-blue at the top, blending down toward the horizon line to a pale crimson and ending against the line of hills with a bright orange yellow to indicate a sunset. Paint the bodies and branches of the trees—where shaded—a warm brown, leaving the white spots to indicate the snow. Lay a dull, faint grey over the distant hills. Paint the house sides brick-red, leaving the roof white. Paint the evergreen trees a deep green, leaving a few white dashes to represent snow. Touch the hedge with blue-green and the front fence with sepia. The smoke should be a deep blue-gray. When done press between books, then mount on a red picture mat and hang on the wall of your den.



Hitch the steed up to the sled,
Then in you jump and go
Like the very wind across
The white and glistening snow.

Up the hill and down the dale
As sleigh-bells ding-a-ting:
To the breezes cast all fear,
As through the air you sing.

Hold the reins in firm and tight,
For he's a fiery steed
And may upset the sled, you know,
When going at such speed.

So hold him tight and guide him right,
As o'er the snow you glide.
Now, was there e'er such sport as this?
A crisp and brisk sleigh ride!

WILLIAM WALLACE, JR.

Little Biographies of Big Men.

Something About the Boyhoods of the Presidents of the United States

John Adams, second president of the United States, was born at Braintree, Mass., in October, 1735. Henry Adams, his great-grandfather, was the founder of the Adams family in America, and a pretty hard time he had struggling for existence by delving his living from a sterile soil and harrassed by hostile Indians. After his death the following inventory of his worldly possessions was made:

"A small tract of hill land (part of which was cleared for cultivation), a three-room house containing three beds, kitchen utensils, a silver spoon and a few old books; a barn in which were a cow and calf, several pigs and some fodder." This entire property was valued at about $350.

But to this small tract the Adams family added a few acres at a time, and by dint of ceaseless toil, strict economy and a judicious husbandry of the fruits of their industry they acquired a considerable estate, and when the father of the John Adams of our sketch died he left to his heirs property valued at about $6,700, a very comfortable fortune for those times.

It was the custom in those days for the father to give to the eldest son all the advantages of education that his means would allow. Thus, John Adams, being the eldest son, was given a thorough college education, graduating from Harvard College in 1755, ranking the fourteenth in a class of 24. But while he bore the reputation being a studious scholar, he was not compared with many less worthy school-fellows, for in that day one did not rank according to one's scholarship, but took precedence according to the standing of one's family, and the Adams family did not then enjoy a high social position.



JOHN ADAMS.

During his entire boyhood and youth John Adams was a hard and conscientious worker. He grew up in a most wholesome and vigorous environment, so characteristic of the early colonial days. While yet very young he framed a philosophy all his own, keeping to his standards in spite of opposition, a trait in his character which many called stubborn, but which was rather the following out of his honest convictions.

Although he possessed many fine traits, he also had his weak side, and none knew this better than did John Adams. In his diary he says: "Vanity, I am sensible, is my cardinal vice and cardinal folly." And in many ways he deplored the fact that he was endowed with too much conceit. As a boy he was never a pleasure-lover in the physical sense. He was studious, industrious, serious and rather inclined to distrust others. This last characteristic made him appear unsociable and caused him to make few friends. But, aside from his few shortcomings, John Adams was a most admirable boy, possessing a noble nature and an indomitable will, which carried him to success in later life.

MARY GRAHAM.

Conundrums

Why is the sand of the sea like strong drink?

Because they are both found at the bar.

When are household servants like vessels?

When being discharged.

What is it that you may shut up in a room, lock the doors to hold it, have a watchman to prevent its moving and which will, in spite of all this precaution, go out?

A grate fire.

When is a ship like a spool of thread?

When it has a hole in it.

Why are tailors and sleighs alike?

They are both cutters.

MAUDIE'S PARTY.

By V. R. Emanuel.

"Mother," said little Maudie, with a pout, "I'm sure that three helpings of dessert would do me no harm. Why, when I was staying for the summer at Aunt Eliza's, we all ate just what we wanted and were none the worse off."

"And you and Janet came home looking as yellow as two twenty-dollar bills on account of the bilious things you had been eating," answered her mother.

"Well, anyhow, we felt right enough inside," said Maudie. "How is it, I wonder, that the things that are nicest to eat are always those that we can't get. Pie is much nicer than bread, but there's much less of it in the world, and the grown-ups usually make a corner in it for themselves. When I grow up I shall eat anything I choose."

"Let me hear your imaginary bill of fare for dinner," said Maudie's mother.

"Well, I should begin with meat, just in the ordinary way," answered Maudie, "only it would be turkey. And no one would eat any part but the breast. Then there would be cranberry sauce, and molasses, and chocolate to drink, and bread and honey, and pie covered with condensed milk, and all kinds of nuts and fruit."

"And then the doctor," said her mother, smiling.

"Well, of course, if Janet made a pig of herself. But as long as we didn't overeat, why should we fall sick?"

"You shall try it and see."

"What?" exclaimed Maudie, jumping up from her chair, "do you really mean that, mother?"

"Yes," said her mother, plying her needles busily. "Experience is the only method by which anything can be learned. So you do not believe that all these rich foods would make you sick. On January 23, which is your birthday, you shall invite all your friends to a party, and you shall all make out your own bills of fare."

For many days after this conversation Maudie and Janet could hardly contain their excitement. Never before had such a wonderful thing been known to happen. They sent out invitations to five friends, Nellie and Esmeralda Bishop, Amarinth Joy, Hester Leroul and Magdalena Smith. In addition to these an invitation was extended to Amarinth's brother, Bud, who was only five years old, but as fat and greedy as a pig.

Now, you might imagine that the mothers of these children would have objected to their being gorged upon every imaginable delicacy, but strange to say, not a word of protest was made, although they held a secret meeting, at which Maudie's mother was present, to discuss the matter. You see, all the girls were just at that age when their rapid growth drove their appetites into erratic courses. Nellie and Esmeralda Bishop used to glide into the pantry and eat all the prunes; Amarinth Joy and Bud would sit upon the shelves of the storeroom and eat preserves by the jarful with nothing but mouths and fingers; Hester Leroul had driven a benevolent aunt into the poorhouse by her fondness for ice-cream, and Magdalena Smith had stopped growing upward and had begun to expand all round because she ate so much. So the mothers had resolved to show them the necessity of restraining their unbridled appetites.

You can't think how much quarreling there was before the bill of fare was fixed upon. Everybody wanted something different. Of course, there were some delicacies which were mutually agreed to be so delicious that everybody wanted them. For instance, sugar plums, and brown bread spread with thick cream and honey, with condensed milk on top. There had to be turkey, filled with the finest chestnut seasoning. But Amarinth wanted strawberry shortcake, which was out of season. Bud wanted cake spread with molasses; Hester wanted nothing but ice-cream, and Nellie and Esmerelda wanted the turkey stuffed with prunes. Finally the following bill of fare was unanimously agreed upon:

Turkey with Chestnut Filling.
Honey and Cranberry Sauce.
Onion Sauce with Prunes.
Omelet with Ice-cream.
Pumpkin Pie. Apple Pie. Peach Pie.
Custard Pie.
Honey and Cream. Condensed Milk.
Molasses.
Hot Mince Pie. Cold Mince Pie.
Sugar Plums. Nuts and Fruit.
Chocolate. Mixed Pie. Cocoa.

This bill of fare, set up and printed by Magdalena's uncle, was exhibited with pride to Maudie's mother, and it is reported upon trustworthy authority that when she read it an inscrutable smile played for an instant round her mouth. Somehow or other, news of the event leaked out and "The Squeedunk Herald," which was the local paper, wrote a three-column editorial, using the menu as the basis for an attack on the Republican administration. The dinner was to be at noon. Precisely upon the first stroke of the hour seven eager faces gazed around the festive board, not at one another, but at a massive turkey, literally oozing chestnuts, resting upon its back in a thick gravy. And, no doubt, its face would have been illuminated with a seraphic smile had it not terminated just where the neck joined the breast bone.

Very soon seven plates were filled with turkey and chestnut filling, around each plate were many little plates containing honey and cranberry sauce, onion sauce with prunes, and buttered pie, which took the place of bread. There was no conversation, the mouths of the diners being otherwise occupied. But hardly had they began to eat when "bang, boom, tum-ta-ra-ra, bang" was heard in the street outside. Magdalena, holding a spoon and a plate of ice-cream in one hand and a turkey bone in the other, ran to the window. The village band was playing a march in front of the house. And, oh! all the prominent citizens were assembled there—the mayor, the councilmen, the district attorney and a throng of small boys.

"Oh, dear, they have come to take us to prison," sighed Magdalena, gobbling down the ice-cream.

But this was not the case. A deputation entered the room, led by the Women's Guild and the Mother Dorcas Society and followed by the editor of "The Squeedunk Herald," and solemnly took up their positions on chairs, while the members of the Dorcas Society, assuming the function of waitresses, went round and round the tables in silence, handing the dishes to the girls as they were needed.

At first, so great was their surprise, none of the guests appeared to have much appetite; but soon, being reassured by Bud Joy, who was munching his third helping of turkey with grave unconcern, they fell to again. When the turkey had been demolished, the treasurer and honorary recording secretary of the Dorcas Society brought in an enormous dish of omelet, which steamed and bubbled in the center, but was frigid and cold around the edges, where it was hidden beneath great mountains of ice-cream. There was red ice-cream, flavored with strawberries; there was green ice-cream, flavored with pistachio; there was white ice-cream, flavored with vanilla; there was blue ice-cream, flavored with huckleberries; there was brown ice-cream, flavored with chocolate, and in the center of the table there was an immense pile of yellow ice-cream, labeled "Not to be eaten until the end of dinner."

Three-quarters of an hour after the commencement of the meal Janet laid down her knife and fork and gazed luquitingly up at the ceiling. A minute later Maudie said "Oh!" and laid down her own knife and fork. Then Nellie and Esmeralda Bishop smiled at each other, Hester pushed back her chair, Amarinth Joy built a large pyramid of cups and plates, and Bud, who was seated on a high chair, whispered in hoarse, baby tones, "Me want to get down."

All this while the band had been playing a series of brisk marches; but now, at a signal from the conductor, the music changed. It took on an eerie, wailing sound, and Magdalena, who was musical, knew that the piece was one of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words."

Then Maudie's mother brought in a pumpkin pie; Magdalena's aunt brought in a custard pie; Mrs. Bishop brought in an apple pie; Mrs. Joy brought in a peach pie, and Mrs. Leroul brought in honey, molasses and condensed milk.

"Now, dears," said Maudie's mother, "here is the dessert. Eat and enjoy yourselves."

Sadly and yearningly the guests looked at one another. Then, as if resolved not to be overcome, they took up their spoons and forks and set to work. Immediately the crowd outside set up a cheer. They were half way through when in came the sugar plums, and somebody set a huge tankard of steaming chocolate upon the table.

"Drink this nice chocolate, girls," said Mrs. Bishop.

Suddenly Bud burst into tears.

"Don't 'oo say koklat to me," he sobbed; "me want to get down."

They ran to him to lift him from his high chair. But their efforts were all in vain. Poor Bud had stuck between the projecting arms like a clam in his shell, and all attempts to set him on his feet only succeeded in dragging the chair around the room.

"Send for a carpenter," exclaimed Mrs. Joy, wringing her hands, "and, oh, Mrs. Bishop, where are my poor Bud's legs?"

Horrified at this speech, all clustered round the unfortunate youth. Mrs. Joy had spoken truly. All that could now be seen of him were a tiny head and two small feet, the space between them being filled by an immense, spherical, balloon-shaped body. And at the back—I blush to write it, but—his clothes had parted.

"I don't think I want any molasses," whimpered Amarinth, looking at her brother through her tears. "Girls, let us get down."

Hester Leroul's face was as white as chalk. Janet and Maudie, clasping one another's hands, bent over the table and concealed their faces. Magdalena Smith was holding her ribs. The Bishop girls were searching for their hats.

"Don't you feel well, dears?" asked Mrs. Bishop, tenderly. "Here is Dr. Jalap."

At these words the doctor entered with a bound. In his hand he carried an open case filled with all sorts of shiny knives and saws. His vest was fastened with pills, instead of buttons; he wore powders in his hair, fastened in little curl-papers, and his expression was like an ogre's. The band was playing the "Dead March in Saul."

"Stop, girls," he shouted, advancing to the table, while the guests, overcome with horror, paralyzed with fear, were unable to stir hand or foot. "Here," placing his hand upon the dish of yellow ice-cream, "here is a castor-oil cream for you."

Seizing a tablespoon, he filled it with a piece of the yellow mass, and, while, Maudie gazed at him with open mouth, he thrust it between her lips.

"Swallow it all!" he cried. "Don't lose a drop of it, or I'll—I'll—I'll——"

His voice grew fainter and fainter, and he began to fade away. Maudie turned her head, struggled, kicked and opened her eyes to find herself lying upon the sofa, while her mother's needles clicked busily at her crochet work.

"Oh, mother," she said, "I have had such a curious dream. I thought I gave a dinner party and we all ate till we were sick, and then Dr. Jalap came and—it was a dream, wasn't it?"

"I hope so, dear," answered her mother.

"And, mother, I think two helpings of dessert are quite enough, after all."



Precisely on the first stroke of the hour seven eager faces gazed upon the festive board.

How to Make a Peanut Frame.

Girls, did you ever see a photograph frame made of peanuts? Well, try making one for yourselves. And if you do you will not stop with one—you will probably make three or four for your own room as well as some for your friends as little gifts, for you will find them most unique and artistic.

Have a carpenter make a thin pinewood frame to fit a cabinet or panel photograph, building it with the proper groove in the back to admit of fitting in a glass and cardboard protection. Then get a bag of peanuts and a pot of good glue. With a small brush apply the glue to the frame and lay on the peanuts—in the shells, of course—taking pains to fit them snugly together. As you place them drop a little glue from the brush between the nuts to hold them securely together. After the frame is completely covered with the peanuts let it lie on the table till the glue is thoroughly hardened, then with a clean brush go over it very carefully with furniture varnish.

If the frame is hung against a panel of dark red or green burlap you have no idea how artistic the effect is.

Freddie's Candy Cane.

Little Freddie had a cane.
A candy cane had he;
He walked about the house with it,
'Twas a pretty sight to see



He leant upon this candy cane,
Red-striped and very neat,
And once or twice he took a bite,
And found it very sweet.

So sweet it was that Freddie smiled,
And gaily shook his head:
"I'll eat it up and then 'twill be
My staff of life," he said.

MAUD WALKER.



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